# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

CARTER

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# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

Floreen Ellen Carter

Volume One

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

FLOREEN ELLEN CARTER

PHELPS PUBLISHING COMPANY
LONDON ONTARIO
1984

LOVE YOUR COUNTRY, BELIEVE IN HER, HONOUR HER, WORK FOR HER, LIVE FOR HER, DIE FOR HER.

NEVER HAS ANY PEOPLE BEEN ENDOWED WITH A NOBLER BIRTHRIGHT OR BLESSED WITH PROSPECTS OF A FAIRER FUTURE.

LORD DUFFERIN

From The Ontario Readers Fourth Book for schoolchildren in 1935.

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Canadian Cataloguing in Publication Data

CARTER, Flowers Eller, 1910-

ISBN 0-920158-79-7

Two volumes

First Edition November 1st, 1984

First Edition, Second Printing, March 15th, 1985

First Edition, Third Printing, June 15th, 1985.

Michrofiche Edition, March 15th, 1985

Published by Phelps Publishing Company,
87 Bruce Street,
London, Ontario, N6C 1G7.

Produced by Personal Impressions,
Oakville, Ontario.

Filming by David Hallam Information Graphics,
London, Ontario.

Custom Bound by Turner Bookbinding,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Printed in Canada

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# INTRODUCTION

IN THE TRACING OF MY FAMILY HISTORY, IT BECAME OBVIOUS THAT MANY PARTS OF CANADA'S HISTORY WERE SLIPPING AWAY INTO THE PAST. I BECAME AWARE THAT PLACE NAMES WERE CHANGED FROM THE ORIGINAL ONE GIVEN, AND - IN SOME CASES, CHANGED A DOZEN TIMES. THE QUESTIONS OF WHY, HOW AND WHEN BECAME PARAMOUNT UNTIL ONE DAY THE THOUGHT SIZZLED UP TO.... HOW DARE 'THEY'....AND I FOUND MYSELF CAUGHT IN AN ATTEMPT TO CHRONICLE THE CHANGES FROM BEGINNING TO PRESENT.

REALIZATION CAME, THAT THE POSTMASTERS WERE IMPORTANT FACTORS IN THE STABILIZATION OF THE EARLY SETTLEMENTS. THE MAJORITY OF THESE MEN WERE THE ONLY PERSONS CAPABLE OF READING AND WRITING WITHIN A TEN OR TWENTY MILE RADIUS. A GREAT PERCENTAGE OF THE EARLY POSTMASTERS WERE ALSO THE FIRST SETTLERS INTO THEIR PARTICULAR BUSH AND BY THEIR EXAMPLE, COURAGE AND INDUSTRY WERE CHOSEN TO HOLD THE OFFICE OF POSTMASTER - AND IN TIME, GIVE THEIR NAME TO THE PLACE. BARRING DUPLICATION OF NAME, THE OFFICE ENCUMBENT HAD THE RIGHT TO NAME THE OFFICE. MANY OF THOSE NAMES WERE ASSUMED BY THE GROWING COMMUNITY AND ARE STILL IN USE TODAY.

ATTEMPTING TO ANSWER HYPOTHETICAL QUESTIONS OF THE FUTURE, I HAVE TRIED TO PUT THE PLACE NAMES OF YESTERDAY INTO FOCUS FOR THE 1980s. THE FORMAT IS, FIRST, THE ORIGINAL NAME ON THE LOCATION. IT IS DEDUCED BY LOGICALLY SIFTING THE WRITTEN RECORDS FOR THE PAST THREE HUNDRED YEARS. IN A FEW INSTANCES IT WAS NECESSARY TO MAKE A DECISION BETWEEN TWO NAMES USED AT THE SAME EARLY TIME. I TRUST I HAVE NOT BREACHED THE LINE OF REASON IN MAKING THE SELECTION AND THAT MY INSTINCT WAS SOUND. IN THESE EXAMPLES RELIANCE WAS ON THE ORIGINAL PATENTEE BEING THE LOGICAL FIRST OF THE TWO NAMES PRESENTED. HAVING ESTABLISHED THE NAME, IT BECAME IMPORTANT TO SORT THE STATUS OF THE PLACE. LIBERAL USE WAS GIVEN TO THE WORD "HAMLET", BECAUSE IT REPRESENTS THE SMALLEST GROUP USING A PLACE NAME. A SETTLEMENT IS MANY TIMES LARGER AND HERE, THE WORD IS USED TO DESCRIBE THE INITIAL INFLUX OF GROUPS - POLITICAL, AS THE UNITED EMPIRE LOYALISTS WERE - NATIONAL, AS THE ETHNIC GROUPS WHICH CAME FROM MANY LANDS - AND RELIGIOUS MOVEMENTS - OF MANY PERSUASIONS. THE WORDS, "VILLAGE, POLICE VILLAGE, TOWN, SEPARATED TOWN, CITY, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, TOWNSHIP, COUNTY AND REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY," ALL - DENOTE THE LEGAL ENTITY. TO SUPPORT THIS, ARE DATES OF INCORPORATION, DISSOLUTION, ANNEXATION, AMALGAMATION, ESTABLISHMENT, SURVEYS AND QUIETING ORDERS. THE LATTER SIMPLY BEING AN ORDER BY COURT, USUALLY EMANATING FROM THE MUNICIPAL BOARD, BUT CAN BE BROUGHT BY ANY INDIVIDUAL OR CORPORATION WITH AN INTEREST, TO RECTIFY OR RE-ESTABLISH A MUNICIPAL BOUNDARY.

BEARING IN MIND THAT SOME PLACES EXISTANT IN THE 1980s WILL NOT APPEAR ON MAPS OR COMPUTER SCREENS OF THE FUTURE, I HAVE TRIED TO FIX THE LOCATION OF EACH PLACE BY SUPPLYING TWO, THREE OR FOUR DISTANCES FROM EACH, TO A NEIGHBORING COMMUNITY. ALL THE EARLY YEARS ARE SHOWN IN MILES AND THE LATER IN KILOMETRES,(POINT TO POINT, REASONED ON THE MAP SCALE GIVEN). NO ATTEMPT WAS MADE TO CHANGE ONE TO THE OTHER FOR UNIFORMITY, SINCE THE CERTAINTY, OF WHICH MEASURE WILL SURVIVE IS NOT KNOWN.

THE POST OFFICE INFORMATION IS AS COMPLETE AS IS POSSIBLE, SHOWING THE FIRST WHOLE DATE (MONTH, DAY, YEAR) OF THE OFFICE OPENING. IN THE EARLY YEARS IT IS AT TIMES ONLY POSSIBLE TO SHOW THE YEAR. THE FIRST POSTMASTER'S NAME IS DERIVED FROM EARLY OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS AND CLOSINGS ARE BY OFFICIAL POST OFFICE RECORDS OR SUBSTANTIATED LISTS CONSIDERED HISTORICALLY CORRECT.

THE NEXT ITEM OF FORMAT IS A VARIED GROUP OF ENTRIES AND DEPENDS ENTIRELY ON HOW MANY TIMES THE PLACE WAS MENTIONED AND IN WHAT DETAIL IN GAZETTEERS, ATLASES, DIRECTORIES AND IN LOCAL, PROVINCIAL AND NATIONAL HISTORIES. IN THIS SECTION IT MAY SHOW THE RAILWAYS IN A STATION NAME AND MAY SHOW BY WHICH LINE SERVED, (THE RAILWAYS OF ONTARIO IN THE EARLY YEARS HAD THE NASTY HABIT OF PUTTING A STATION ON A FLAT CAR AND MOVING IT A FEW MILES DOWN THE TRACK, WHICH SAVED THEM MONEY, BUT THEY SCRAMBLED THE NAMESCAPE BY GIVING THE NEW LOCATION ANOTHER NAME AND ABANDONING THE OLD NAME. MANY STATION NAMES DISAPPEARED IN THIS FASHION AND ARE ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE TO TRACE). THE FIRST SETTLER IS SHOWN WITH ANY PERTINENT INFORMATION REGARDING THE SETTLEMENT, IF AVAILABLE THE NAME OF THE PERSON FOR WHOM THE PLACE WAS NAMED, INCLUDING TITLES DEGREES, ETC., DATE AND REASON FOR NAMING, AND FOR INTEREST, SOME LITTLE KNOWN LOCAL FACT OR HAPPENING OF THE PLACE.

UNLESS THE PLACE HAS ALREADY DISAPPEARED, THERE WILL BE A LINE STATING "PRESENT APPROVED NAME IS.." THE NAME FOLLOWING THOSE WORDS WILL BE IN EMPHASIZSED PRINT, AS ARE ALL ORIGINAL NAMES AND ANY NAME CHANGES, FOR EASE OF ASSIMILATION. AN APPROVED NAME IN USE IS ONE WHICH BEARS THE ACKNOWLEDGED APPROVAL OF A PARTICULAR BOARD - THREE OF WHICH HAVE EXERCISED CONTROL OF NAMING IN CANADA. THE EARLIEST YEARS WERE JUDGED, ACCEPTED AND DELETED BY THE GEOGRAPHIC BOARD OF CANADA BETWEEN THE YEARS OF 1897 AND 1906. FROM 1906 TO 1961 THE CANADIAN BOARD ON GEOGRAPHIC NAMES EXISTED, WITH THE SAME POWERS. AFTER 1961 AND TO DATE, THE CANADIAN PERMANENT COMMITTEE ON GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES HAS HAD THE FINAL DECISION ON NAMES IN CANADA. ONE OF THESE BOARDS WILL HAVE APPROVED, WITHIN THE CONFINES OF ABOVE STATED DATES, ALL ENTRIES LISTED AS APPROVED IN THIS BOOK.

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CERTAIN INSTITUTIONS AND INDIVIDUALS were very helpful to the author, in lending books and other items otherwise unobtainable, or bringing to my attention sources I might have overlooked.

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PERSONS WHO ASSISTED by the lending or identification of rare or unusual material, along with those who enjoyed the search with me, include:

Sandra ALSTON, Liz ANKER, Helen APLIN, Cindy AUSTIN, Jim AYERS, Roger BAIRD, Mr. BANNISTER; Clerk; London Township, Elinor BARR, Kirk BARRONS, Harvey BARTON, Monique BEAULIEU, Elizabeth BEGG, Elizabeth BLAIR, K. D. N. BOAL; Clerk, Township of Hungerford, R. F. BOUDIGNON,

Lorna BRAILSFORD, James BRENNAN, Ron BROWN, Ernie BUCHNER, Brendon CARON, David CARTER, E. J. CHARD, Lloyd CHISAMORE, Kathy CLARK, Ross CUMMING, John D'ARCY, Sarah DEARING, Susan DESCHAMPS, J. P. DEVLIN, Pearl DORAN, BRIAN DRISCOLL; Public Archives of Canada, Dorothy DUNCAN, George DUNCAN, Bonnie EMOND, Mary Lou EVANS, Joan FAWCETT,

D. FEATHERSTONE; Drumquin, Merri FERGUSSON, Diana FINK, Betty FRINIVASAGAM, Mrs. E. GERAGHTY, Jim GILLIES, Christine GOGGINS, J. GOLDMAN; Global T.V., Joseph GOUVEIA, G. L. GRAHAM; Clerk, Mountain Township correspondence, ART GRAY; Schomberg, K. GREENFIELD; Hamilton Library Special Collections,

Elizabeth HANCOCKS; U.E.L. Association, Lyn HARLOW; Ontario Archives, Florence HARLING; I.O.D.E.Association, Patricia HART; Nepean, Brian HENLEY, Mrs. HORD; Cattle's Crossing, Opal L. HOWEY, Elizabeth HULSE, Jim HUNT, R. A. ILLINGWORTH, GEORGE IRONSIDE, David JONES; Montreal, Gil KING, Judy KURAMOTO, Omar LAVALLEE, Fern R. LECOURS; Hemlo, Elaine LEVESQUE,

Sandra LOUENS, Douglas LOUGHEED, Sandra LOVET, Norman LOWE, Allan MACDONALD, Marianne MACKENZIE; Peterborough, Judy MARGLES, Loreen MCCURDY, IVAN MCCURDY, Kenneth MCKENZIE, John MEZAKS, Barbara MILLIKEN, Vivian MONTY; York University, Mr. MORRIS, CPR Public Relations, Toronto,

Sandra MORTON, Art MURDOCH; Ontario Archives, Captain T. W. MURRAY; Canadain Armed Forces Museum, Barbara NASH, Graham NOBLE, Peter OVERTON, Jan PATENAUDE; Statistics-Canada, Toronto, Ella PATTERSON,

Neil PATTERSON, Nancy Powell, W. M. PRENTICE, Brenda PRESLEY, JEAN AND LOU PRESLEY; Ottawa, Ken PRICE, Bev. D. RABBETS, Alex ROSS, Grace RYAN; Kleinburg, Jaffray RUTHERFORD; Leith, Nancy SADEK, Pam SADLER; Richard SCHOFIELD, Glenda SCHULTZ, MARJORIE SCRIVER, Barbara SEARGEANT, Graham SELLERS, Garry SHERLOCK,

Gordon SINCLAIR; CFRB Radio, Shirley SMITH; Toronto, Morris SORENSON, Valma STACEY, C. C. STRAHM, Joyce STRANG, Dorothy TEMPLIN, Dorothy THOMA, Frances THOMPSON, Wilda TODD, Gloria TROYER, Robert TAYLOR-VAISEY; Peterborough, Liana VAN der BELLEN, Brian WALL, GAVIN WATT; Officer Commanding King's Royal Yorkers,

Susan WATT, BARBARA WEATHERHEAD, Edwin WELCH, Charles WHEBELL, Shiela WILLIS, Shiela WILSON, Mrs. S. WILSON, Joan WINERLS, Tim WOOD, John WRAY and Robert ZSADANYI.

Sincere thanks to all of the above-mentioned persons and institutions is gratefully tendered by the author.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**AARON PROVINCIAL PARK**, Zealand Township, Kenora District. Located 15 miles east of Dryden and 7 miles northwest of Wabigoon. Reference: 7R.

**A TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Name changed, in 1974, to **ROWAT TOWNSHIP**, to honour G. K. Rowat, Mayor of Dryden. Located north of Highway #17. Map position: 46°41' 82°00'. References: V, 10F and R7.

**ABBEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°14' 83°41'. Reference: V.

**ABBOTSFORD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. This place was named for Abbotsford, the estate, from 1811-1832, of Sir Walter Scott, in Roxburghshire, Scotland. Map position: 49°07' 79°47'. References: V and 7R.

**ABBOTT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for the Honourable Sir John Abbott, Prime Minister of Canada from 1891-1892. Map position: [illegible]. References: V and [illegible].

**ABERARDER**, local name, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located 6 miles west of Forest and 18 miles east of Sarnia. Place named for Aberarder, Scotland, by early settler Alexander Hamilton in 1863. Post office named **ABERARDER** established April 1st, 1863. First Postmaster Duncan McBean. Office closed August 14th, 1914. **ABERARDER STATION**, a flag stop on Grand Trunk Railway between 1885 and 1895, now part of CNR. Present approved name is **ABERARDER**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°03' 82°06'. References: I, S, 2Z, 3N, 5L, 6T and V.

**ABERARDER STATION**, SEE: **ABERARDER**, Lambton County.

**ABERDEEN #1**, local name, Bentinck Township, Grey County. Located on Rocky Saugeen River, 27 miles south of Owen Sound, 3 miles from Doon Mills and four miles north of Durham. **ABERDEEN** post office opened in 1891. Earliest Postmaster shown is James W. Crawford. Office closed July 15th, 1918. Other name for this place **NEW ABERDEEN**. Present approved name is **ABERDEEN**. Map position 44°12' 80°52'. References: I, V, Z, 5L, 5P, 6T.

**ABERDEEN #2**, dispersed rural community, West Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 3 km southwest of Vankleek Hill, 6 km north of Lochinvar and 9 km northwest of Dalkeith. Present approved name is **ABERDEEN**. Map position: 45°30' 74°40'. References: B, 5L and V.

**ABERDEEN #3**, flag station, East Flamborough Township, Wentworth County. Located 3 miles northwest of Hamilton, on the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway and 2 1/2 miles from Dundas (1915). There is no further reference to this place. References: PP and 8J.

**ABERDEEN ADDITIONAL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Part of **McDONALD, MEREDITH** and **ABERDEEN ADDITIONAL MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIP**. Map position: 46°29' 83°52'. References: V.

**ABERDEEN CROSSING**, station, Algoma District. Located on the Bruce Mines and Algoma Railway. In operation only a few years. Last noted in 1908. Station name is obsolete. Reference: PP.

**ABERDEEN STATION**, station, Barton Township, Wentworth County. Located on Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway. Located 3 miles east of Hamilton City. Last noted in 1935. Station name is obsolete. Reference: PP.

**ABERDEEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°29' 83°47'. Reference: V.

**ABERDOUR**, hamlet, Saugeen Township, Bruce County. Located 1/4 mile from Grand Trunk station at Turnberry, 5 miles north of Paisley and 20 miles from Walkerton. **ABERDOUR** post office opened February 1st, 1875. First Postmaster Donald Christie. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Name given in honour of two settlers from Aberdour, Aberdeenshire, Scotland. Name last noted in 1915. Population 30 in 1926 and 20 in 1928. References: D, I, 5L, MM, 5P, 5T, 5U, 5V, 6T and 7D.

For references see Works Cited.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

ABERFELDY, local name, Brooke Township, Lambton County. Located on Sydenham River, 40 miles southeast of Sarnia, 6 miles south of Alvinston and 5 and a half miles from Inwood, also, on the Euphemia Town line. Lot 14, Concession 6, in Euphemia Township. ABERFELDY post office opened December 1st, 1877. First Postmaster John Grant. Office closed December 6th, 1968. Present approved name is ABERFELDY. Population 100 in 1886 and 30 in 1972. Map position 42°45' 81°56'. References: I, V, T, AA, 2Z, 5L, 6T and LL.

ABERFOYLE, local name, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located on Mill Creek, 7 miles southeast of Guelph, 54 miles from Toronto. Nearest station 4 miles at Schaw. First settled 1843 by George Shatz who built a sawmill and later a foundry. First storekeeper John McFarlane, who named the place for his hometown in Perthshire, Scotland. ABERFOYLE post office opened September 6th, 1851. First Postmaster S. Falconbridge. Post office closed in 1969. Present approved name is ABERFOYLE. Population 200 in 1896 and 112 in 1976. Map postion 43°28' 80°09'. References: 2H, I, 3J, 5L MM, 7R, S, U10, W, and Z.

ABERNETHY, dispersed rural community, Lindsay Township, Bruce County. Located 90 miles north of Walkerton, 30 miles from Wiarton, 9 miles west of Cape Chin, 9 miles north of Stokes Bay. The name ABERNETHY made one appearance on an atlas map in 1879. Post office opened as MILLER LAKE in 1889. First Postmaster John Wotherspoon. Office still open as of 1983. Name shown misspelled as MILLER LANE in 1892. Name changed to MILLER CREEK, and later became SADLER CORNERS on May 15th, 1910. Final change was back to MILLER LAKE on March 10th, 1917. The original Abernethy was named for a Village in Perthshire, Scotland. Present approved name is MILLER LAKE. Population 50 in 1892 and 53 in 1972. Map position: 45°06' 81°26'. Reference : J, SS, 6T, S, I, AA, 5L, O, V, F, 5T and 7D.

ABIGO TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for part of the Indian name of Lake Apisabigo. Map position: 48°30' 83°41'. References: V and 7R.

ABINGDON, settlement, Caistor Township, Lincoln County. Located 30 miles southwest of St. Catharines and 10 miles south of Winona. ABINGDON post office established December 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Andrew Wilson who named the office. Office closed September 1st, 1915. Present approved name is ABINGDON. Population 150 in 1875 and 16 in 1976. Map position: 43°05' 79°41'. References: A, I, 5L, 3W, NN, S, 6T and V.

ABINGER TOWNSHIP: [Map position: 45o00' 77o12'], Lennox and Addington County. Named for Sir James Scarlett, Baron of Abinger, Surrey, England, in 1859. Name changed to DENBIGH in 1864 [Map position: 45o08' 77o15']. On January 1st, 1966 incorporated as DENBY, ABINGER and ASHBY TOWNSHIP. Existing order P4769-67, dated May 29th, 1968. Population 664 in 1980. [Ashby Township Map position: 45°06' 77°27'.] References: P, 3B, V, NN, HH and M.

ABITIBI, Indian name for a dispersed rural community, Brower Township, Cochrane District. Located 9 miles from Cochrane and 4 miles southeast of Brower. Name is Cree for "half way" or "middle water" in reference to the lake's location between James Bay and Lake Timiskaming, also spelled ABBETIBI. Post office, spelled ABITIBI established April 1st, 1912. Mail delivered by railway 6 times weekly, in 1926. First Postmaster G. W. Young. Office closed on August 1st, 1946. ABITIBI STATION, on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line, at an altitude of 575 feet above sea level, and between the stations of Moreneps and Cochrane. Present approved name is ABITIBI. Map position: 49°02' 80°53'. References A, V, 5L, L2, SS and 6T.

ABITIBI CANYON, settlement, Pinard Township, Cochrane District. Located 72.7 kilometres northeast of Smooth Rock Falls.22 km southeast of Fowville and 27 km northwest of Island Falls. The place is named for a nearby canyon. Established in early 1930'S as a company town. Present approved name is ABITIBI CANYON. Population of 425 in 1976. Map position 49°52' 81°34'. References: 3B, 5L, R2, and V.

ABITIBI INDIAN RESERVE #70, on the south shore of Lake Abitibi, Cochrane District. Located on the eastern boundaries of Milligan and McCool Townships. Members of the Abitibi-Dominion Band share rights under Grand Council Treaty #9. No members of the band reside on the Reserve at present (1978).Map position 48°40' 80°00'. References: R1, R2, 5L, U, and V.

ABITIBI POWER AND PAPER COMPANY STATION, station, Thunder Bay District. Located southeast of Lake Nipigon. Canadian National Railway changed name to COVE INLET in May 1938. Present approved name is COVE INLET.

References: R1, R2, 5L, U and V.

ABITIBI PULP AND PAPER COMPANY STATION on CNR in Majorie Township, Algoma District. Name changed to ABITIBI PULP AND PAPER #9 then name changed to KISHBAUGH by CNR in November 1948. Reference: SS.

ABITIBI STATION, SEE: ABITIBI, Cochrane District.

ABIWIN, unincorporated community, south of Trottier Township, Rainy River District. Located 42 kilometres east of Atikokan, 115 miles west of Fort Arthur on Lake Superior and southwest of Lac des Mille Lacs. The opening of ABIWIN STATION was the reason for this settlement. Station is on the Canadian Northern Railway, main line, between Windigo and Kawene Stations. Altitude 1,440 feet above sea level. Present approved name is ABIWIN. Map position: 48°44' 91°04'. References: 3B, D, E, PP, W, 8J, R2 and Z.

ABIWIN STATION, SEE: ABIWIN, Rainy River District.

ABNEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°17' 82°24'. Reference: V.

ABOTOSSAWAY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 28, Algoma District.

ABOYNE, settlement, Nichol Township, Wellington County. Located on south bank of Grand River, Lots 6 & 7, Concession #1 of Nichol Township, 14 miles north of Guelph and 1 1/2 miles east of Elora. Settled in 1860. Post office named ABOYNE established 1883. First Postmaster J.T.Taylor. Office closed in 1889. A map of 1875 showed place as ALBAYNE, at the same geographic location. Only industry shown, a linseed oil mill (1908). Present approved name is ABOYNE. Population 80 in 1871 and 48 in 1971. Map position:(on an 1880 map) 43°45' 80°30'. References: 3B, D, E, PP, W, I, 5P, AA and Z.

ABRAHAM TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP #66, Algoma District.

ABREY TOWNSHIP #1 , Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named for G. S. Abrey, Ontario Land Surveyor. Map position: 49°42' 86°37'. References: 7R and V.

ABREY TOWNSHIP #2, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Reference: 7R.

ACACIA, SEE: OSTRANDER'S MILLS, Norfolk County.

ACADIA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1910. Map position: 47°11' 89°28'. References: V and 7R.

ACANTHUS, railway point, Deacon Township, Nipissing District. ACANTHUS STATION, now a flag station, named (in 1905) by A. J. Hills, Supervisor on Canadian Northern Railways. Present approved name is ACANTHUS. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 46°02' 78°24'. References: 6, 7, 8L.

ACHESON TOWNSHIP, SEE TOWNSHIP #113, Sudbury District.

ACHIGAN, railway point, Marne Township, Algoma District. Located on the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway, 1,114 feet above sea level and 41 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie, between Superior Junction and Bucyrus Station, 1915. Present approved name is ACHIGAN. Population of 1 in 1976. Map position: 46°53' 84°10'. References: 5L, S, U, and V.

ACHILL, hamlet, Adjala Township, Simcoe County. Located 7 miles West of Tottenham and 5 miles from Beeton. Post office named ACHILL , established on February 1st, 1905. First Postmaster Joseph Spencer. Office closed on May 1st, 1914. Both CNR and CPR have stations here named ACHILL STATION. Place named for the Irish Town of Achill. Present approved name is ACHILL. Population 75 in 1935 and 7 in 1971. Map position: 44°01' [illegible] References:JJ, D, PP,V and 5L.

**ACHRAY STATION**, station, Stratton Township, Nipissing South District. Place named by A. J. Hills, Superintendent of Canadian Northern Railway, in 1908. **ACHRAY STATION** name approved by C.G.N.B. in 1914. Present approved name is **ACHRAY**. Population 8 in 1961. Map position: 45°52' 77°45' References: B, D, V, and 8L.

ACME TIMBER COMPANY STATION, on CNR in northern Ontario. No location shown. Name changed to PINELAND TIMBER COMPANY STATION in January 1941. No recent reference to either name. Reference: SS.

ACOUCHICHING STATION, station, Sudbury District. On CNR, located south of Timmins and 30 miles north of Gogama, off Highway #144. Name was changed to CAMP METAGAMI in June 1959, later CAMP MATTAGAMI, and mainly serves a fishing camp. Present approved name is CAMP MATTAGAMI. Reference: SS.

**ACRES TOWNSHIP**, Cochrane District. Named for H. J. Acres of Ontario Hydro. Map position: 50°09' 82°22'. References: 7R and V.

ACTINOLITE, SEE: TROY #3, Hastings County.

ACTON, SEE: DANVILLE, Halton County.

ACTON CORNERS #1, dispersed rural community, Reach and Brock Township, Ontario County, laterBrock and Scugog Townships, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 7 miles north of Uxbridge. Named for, Abraham Acton, 1st settler in 1833. Known as STEVENSON'S CORNERS, for William Stevenson local resident to 1852. Post office established August 6th, 1852. First Postmaster L. Calhoun named office VICTORIA CORNERS. Office closed by 1930. Local name shown as RUDDYTOWN in 1892. Present approved name is VICTORIA CORNERS. Population 25 in 1893 and 65 in 1908. Map position: 44°11' 79°06' References: 7D, V, AA, EE, I, 5L, U10 and Alan Rayburn.

ACTON CORNERS #2, Oxford-on-Rideau Township, Grenville County. Located south of the Rideau River, on Highway 43, 4 miles south of Kemptville. First settlers were John and Abraham Acton in 1835 and place was named for them. ACTON CORNERS post office established October 1st, 1899. First Postmaster John W. Morrison. Office closed October 10th, 1914. Present approved name is **ACTON CORNERS**. Population 11 in 1976. Map position: 44°59' 75°43'. References: B, 5L, S, PP, V, 5U, 7H, 6T, and 7R.

**ACTON ISLAND**, located on Muskoka Lake, Muskoka District. Population 37 in 1971. Map position: 45°03' 79°36'. References: 3B and 9J.

ACTON WEST STATION, SEE: DANVILLE, Halton County.

ADAIR #1, a hoped-for hamlet, Albemarle Township, Bruce County. Laid out in 1856, on Hope Bay. It failed to develop and became a "Paper Town". (One that only existed on paper.) References: 7R and J. Winerls.

ADAIR #2, SEE: BIDDULPH, Huron County.

ADAIR TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District, Ontario. Named for Robin Adair. (Not clear if this is author E. R. Adair, writer of "The Military Reputation of Major-General James Wolfe", 1936 - Canadian Historical Association Report.) Map position: 49°07' 79°37'. References: V, 7R and Canada'a Soldiers.

ADAMS #1, Local name, Edwardsburg Township, Grenville County. Located 7 miles from Spencerville. Population 70 in 1875. Nearest post office at Shanley (1875). Reference: A.

ADAMS #2, SEE: ADAM'S MILLS, Grenville County.

ADAMS CORNERS, hamlet, Hope Township, Durham County. Located one mile from Perrytown in 1872 and one mile from Campbell's Crossing. Population 100 in 1875. No current references to this name. References: A and 7B.

ADAMSDALE, concentrated rural community, Neelon Township, Sudbury District. Located 6 km east of Sudbury, seven tenths of a mile east of Minnow Lake and 1.9 miles east of Brodie. Became Part of City of Sudbury in

Regional Municipality of Sudbury on January 1st, 1974. **ADAMSDALE** post office established June 1st, 1950. First Postmistress Mrs. C. Quenville. Office temporarily closed on January 31st, 1951 and permanently closed on May 1st, 1951. Present approved name is **ADAMSDALE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°30' 80°55'. References: U, V and 6T.

**ADAMS FERRIERS SURVEY**, local name, Waterloo Township, Waterloo County. Population 52 in 1956 . This is only reference to this name. Reference: 5E.

**ADAMS JUNCTION**, local name, Otto Township Timiskaming District. Located near Dane in 1978. Population not shown in 1976. References: U and 9J.

**ADAM'S MILLS**, concentrated rural community, Edwardsburg Township, Grenville County. Place named Adams for four local families bearing the name. Located 4 miles from Spencerville and 27 miles east of Brockville. First names suggested for the post office were **ADAMS** and **ADAMSVILLE** but both names in use. Post office named **VENTNOR** opened in 1865. The Postmaster in 1869 was John Gamble, likely the first appointed to the post. Post office not listed after 1931. Rural delivery of mail in 1933 served from Spencerville. Present approved name is **VENTNOR**. Population 200 in 1893 and 70 in 1971. Map position: 44°53' 75°31' References: B, 5L, I, A, T, V, S, AA, 3B, LL, SS, 4F, and 7B.

**ADAMSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named for A. R. Adamson, former M.P.P. Map position: 49°12' 88°38'. References: V and 7R.

**ADAMSTOWN**, SEE: **BENTINCK #2**, Bruce and Grey County.

**ADAMS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District, later Cochrane District. Named for Professor Michael Adams, of McGill University. Annexed by **CITY OF TIMMINS** on January 1st, 1973. Venue changed, to Cochrane District, from Timiskaming District by Bill 14, effective January 1st, 1974. Map position: 48°20' 81°16'. References: V and 7R.

**ADAMSVILLE #1**, post office, Etobicoke Township, York County. No specific location shown for this office. **ADAMSVILLE** Post office established February 6th, 1852 and closed March 31st, 1854. First and only Postmaster was Christopher Lindsay. When Postmaster resigned the post office was declared "no longer required". References: I, 3K, 2W, 3J, and 8Q.

**ADAMSVILLE #2**, dispersed rural community, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located on River Tay, 3 miles from Perth and 7 miles from the Rideau Canal. Place settled by Joshua Adams who had a carding factory and later in 1857, a partnership in a grist mill. In 1867 a Post office was opened under the name of **GLEN TAY**. First Postmaster Henry Mayberry. Office closed on May 22nd, 1899. Present approved name is **GLEN TAY**. Population 84 in 1971 and 120 in 1976. Map position: 44°53' 76°18' References: I, A, AA, Z, PP, 3B, 3Q, 5L, 1I and 7H.

**ADAMSVILLE #3**, dispersed rural community, Albemarle Township, Bruce County. Located 70 miles north of Walkerton and 9 miles from Wiarton. **ADAMSVILLE** Post Office opened in 1899 and was named for an early settler, Samuel Adams, who became the first Postmaster. Office closed January 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **ADAMSVILLE**. Population 20 in 1895 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 44°52' 81°10' References: I, S, U, Z, 7R, 3B, U12, V, 5T, 6T and 5L.

**ADAMSVILLE #4**, SEE: **DANVILLE**, Halton County.

**ADANAC #1**, SEE: **STONE TURTLE**, Parry Sound District.

**ADANAC #2**, dispersed rural community, Joan Township, Nipissing District. Located 3 km southeast of Bear Island, 4 km north of Wabi Kon and 22 km southwest of Temagami. Present approved name is **ADANAC**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°58' 80°01' References: U, V and 5L.

**ADANAC TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. The name of this Township is a joke, in that it is the

word "Canada", backwards. Map position: 49°30' 81°35'. References: V and 7R.

ADARE, SEE: BIDDULPH, Middlesex County.

ADASTRAL PARK, SEE: R.C.A.F. CLINTON, Huron County.

ADDIE LAKE STATION, station, Thunder Bay District. Located 60 miles southwest of Fort William on Lake Superior. This station is shown first on the Prince Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway, then on Canadian Northern Railway, (Duluth Section). Date of reference to this name is 1899. References: PP and U12.

ADDINGTON, hamlet, Kaladar Township, Lennox & Addington County. Present approved locality name is ADDINGTON, in 1974. Map position: 44°37' 77°09' References: B and V.

ADDINGTON COUNTY, Previously part of Mecklenburgh District. On July 16, 1792 by proclamation became Frontenac, Lennox and Addington County. Named for Lord Sidmouth (Henry Addington) a friend of Lieutenant Governor Simcoe. Renamed as County in Midland District in 1848. Present designation is LENNOX AND ADDINGTON COUNTY. Population 15,165 in 1852 and 24,151 in 1891. References: M, J, C, 2I, 2W, 1A and NN.

ADDISON, SEE: ADDISON CORNERS, Leeds County.

ADDISON CORNERS, concentrated rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County, formerly in Johnstown District, Canada West. Located 12 miles north west of Brockville, 4 miles east of Athens and on Highway #29. Post Office established 1845 under the name ADDISON. First Postmaster John Wood in 1851. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is ADDISON. Population 150 in 1857 and 98 in 1976. Map position: 44°40' 75°53' References: I, T, S, Z, EE, 3B, 5B, V, 6V 6M, 5L and 8P.

ADDISON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District, Ontario. Map position: 48°09' 83°41'. Reference: V.

ADELAIDE, settlement, Adelaide Township, Middlesex County, formerly in London District, Upper Canada. Located 25 miles west of London and 7 miles northwest of Strathroy. Post office established in 1832 named ADELAIDE. First Postmaster Thomas Radcliffe. Office closed July 1st, 1914. Recently designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is ADELAIDE. Population 150 in 1895 and 62 in 1976. Map position: 43°00' 81°42' References: G, I, S, 3B, 3H, V, 6T, 7X, 10A, 5L and 8P.

ADELAIDE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Middlesex County. Incorporated January 1st 1850, by Canadian Statute 1849, C81. First settled 1832 by retired military officers. Contains 44,322 acres. First settler John J. McKenzie who laid out first village. Population 3,000 in 1878 and 2,158 in 1980. Map position: 43°00' 81°40'. References: HH, M, 2W, V and 1K.

ADELARD, hamlet, Maria Township, Renfrew County. Located 4 miles from Bissett Creek and 6 miles from Stonecliffe. ADELARD post office established April 1913. First Postmaster L. P. Tourigny. Office closed July 11, 1921. ADELARD STATION on CPR, main line, at an altitude of 561 feet above sea level. This station still exists in 1974. Present approved name is ADELARD. Map position: 46°13' 78°02' References: L1, 6T and V.

ADELARD STATION, SEE: ADELARD, Renfrew County.

ADIK, SEE: OBAKAMI, Algoma District.

ADIRONTO, settlement, Montague Township, Lanark County. Located on the northeast area of Smiths Falls, 7 km southwest of Nolans Corners and 10 km northwest of Jasper. Name changed to ATIRONTO in 1971. Recently designated a suburban community. Present approved name is ATIRONTO. Population 413 in 1956 and 492 in 1976. Map position: 44°54' 76°00' References: 3B, V, 5A, 5E and 6M.

ADJALA, Adjala Township, Simcoe County. Located 39 miles from Barrie, 12 miles west of Bond Head and 12 miles northeast of Mono Mills. Post office established as ADJULA on July 6th, 1841. First Postmaster James Hart.

Office closed in 1855. It reopened 47 years later, on April 1st, 1902 under the same name "Adjula", (in Cardwell County) and was again closed on March 16th, 1903. No recent listings are shown for this place. Population not shown in 1976. References: I, G, 2W, 5B, 7Q and 8P.

**ADJALA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, formerly in Simcoe District, Canada West, now Simcoe County. Incorporated January 1st 1850 by Canadian statute 1849, C81. Contains 46,218 acres. First settled in 1830's by the Keenan family. Population 2,878 in 1880 and 3,703 in 1980. Map position: 44°03' 79°55'. References: HH, C, 2W, 3H, M, V and 2E.

**ADJUDA**, dispersed rural community, Caledon Township, Peel County. Located one and a quarter miles from Belfountain, 4 miles from Inglewood and 10 miles from Orangeville (1859). ADJUDA is a former name of FORKS OF THE CREDIT, also known as THE FORKS, or just FORKS, which had a station on the Orangeville & Elora Branch of CPR, and express office in conjunction with the station. Post Office opened 1884 and was named CREDIT FORKS. First Postmaster George G. Smith. Post Office closed May 1st, 1918. Present approved name is FORKS OF THE CREDIT. Map position: 43°48' 80°00'. References: 3C, S, PP, V, I and 6T.

**ADMASTON #1**, SEE: PATTERSON'S CORNERS #2, Renfrew County.

**ADMASTON #2**, SEE: ADMASTON STATION #1, Renfrew County.

**ADMASTON STATION #1**, Admaston Township, Renfrew County. Name changed to ADMASTON on May 1st, 1931. Admaston Station on CNR and still in operation in 1951. References: 6T and 8T.

**ADMASTON STATION #2**, station, Admaston Township, Renfrew County. Operated as a CPR station in 1951. Name changed to NORTHCOTE STATION. No date for change. References: SS and 8T.

**ADMASTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Renfrew County, formerly shown in Bathurst District Canada West. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canadian Statute 1849, C81. Population 685 in 1852 and 1,415 in 1980. Map position: 45°26' 76°50' References: HH, C, M, 2W and V.

**ADMIRAL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°20' 83°33'. Reference: V.

**ADOLPHE**, dispersed rural community, Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. Located 7 miles east of Glencoe, 30 miles southwest of London and 4 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Ekfrid Station. Post office opened under the name ADOLPHE in 1892, and changed to EKFRID in 1904. First Postmaster John J. Wrinn. Office closed February 1, 1914. Place name changed to EKFRID, October 1st, 1904. Present approved name is EKFRID. Population 150 in 1895 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 42°46' 81°36'. References: I, Z, 7J, B, 6T, 5L, V, S and MM.

**ADOLPHUSTOWN**, SEE: TOWN # 4, Lennox County.

**ADOLPHUS TOWN**, SEE: TOWN # 4, Lennox County.

**ADOLPHUSTOWN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Lennox and Addington County. Contains 11,459 acres. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P4765-67, dated June 10th, 1968. Settled in 1799. Population 718 in 1852 and 702 in 1980. Map position: 44°06' 77°01'. References: HH, M, 2W, V, 1A and 7W.

**ADRIAN**, SEE: BANKHEAD, Elgin and Middlesex County.

**ADRIAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. named for Adrian a Roman Emperor, but was more commonly called Hadrian, builder of Hadrian's Wall, in Britain. Lived A.D. 76 to 138. Map position: 48°27' 89°49'. References: V and 7R.

**ADVANCE**, hamlet, Gordon Township, Manitoulin District. Located 58 km from Gore Bay. ADVANCE post office established in 1910. Office closed April 30th, 1937. Mail distribution from Gore Bay R.R.1 after that date. Present approved name is ADVANCE. Map position: 45°52' 82°26'. References: 5L, U, V, V+ and 6T.

**AFTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1910. Named for the River Afton in England. Map position: 46°56' 80°22'. References: V and 7R.

**AGASSIZ TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Only suggestion noted for naming is "probably named after a Professor Agassiz, who toured Lake Superior, in 1848". Map position: 49°38' 81°10'. References: V and 7R.

**AGATE**, station, Kapuskasing Township, Algoma District. Located 3 miles from Elsas, 38 miles from Foleyet and 71 miles from Oba. Named by A. J. Hills, Superintendent on Canadian Northern Railway, for a contracting engineer named Agate, on (Hill's) tour of stations in 1908. **AGATE STATION** established this place. **AGATE** post office opened on August 27th, 1918. First Postmaster R.R.Campbell. Post office closed and moved 3 miles to Elsas in December, 1920. Present approved name is **AGATE**. Map position: 48°31' 82°58'. References: U, SS, V, 6T, and 8L.

**AGATE STATION**, SEE: AGATE, Algoma District.

**AGATE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1900. Map position: 49°38' 81°46'. References: V and 7R.

**AGAWA BAY**, dispersed rural community, 29 XVI Township, later Labelle Township Algoma District. Located 96 km from Sault Ste. Marie, on Highway #17, at mouth of the Agawa River on north shore of Lake Superior. This place is famous for the Ojibwa paintings, 37 pictographs, discovered in 1851 by H. R. Schoolcraft. The name means "bending shore". Present approved name is **AGAWA BAY**. Population 58 in 1951 and 20 in 1976. Map position: 47°21' 84°38' References: U, 5A, V, 5L and 7R.

**AGAWA STATION**, railway point, 28 XX Township , later Stoney Township, Algoma District. Located on the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway and in the Agawa Canyon, on the Agawa river, which was reported to have "good trout fishing" in 1908. Present approved name is **AGAWA STATION**. Map position: 47°40' 84°30'. References: U, PP, 2Y and V.

**AGENCY INDIAN RESERVE #1**, located north east of Fort Frances, Rainy River District. Population 78 in 1976. Map position: 48°38' 93°22'. References: V and 5L.

**AGERTON**, SEE: AUBURN #2, Halton County.

**AGINCOURT**, Scarborough Township, York County. Located 14 miles east of Toronto. Incorporated as Police Village February 7th, 1913, by County Bylaw #1101. Incorporation Dissolved February 22nd, 1957. Annexed to Scarborough Township by Ontario Municipal Board Order # PFM 5528-56. Effective date March 14th, 1957. Became part of Borough of Scarborough and part of Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto, Effective March 14th, 1957 and part of the Regional Municipality of York on January 1st, 1974 which in 1983 becamethe of City of Scarborough. Post office established as **AGINCOURT** in September of 1858. First Postmaster John Hill. **AGINCOURT** post office still exists in a local shopping plaza, in 1983. Originally named by Postmaster Hill for the French battlefield of 1415 to comply with the local representative's condition that the procured office must have a French name. Agincourt was the site of a British victory, but Mr. Thibideau allowed it was French, and a pretty name. There are two stations, one on CNR, the other on CPR, both named **AGINCOURT STATION**. Present approved name is **AGINCOURT**. Population 200 in 1895 and 1,738 in 1956. Map position: 43°47' 79°17'. References: B, I, F, DD, Z, 3W, V, 7R, 8H, 3R and 7L.

**AGINCOURT NORTH**, Scarborough Township, York Countyand on April 15th, 1954 became part of the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. This urban community became Part of Borough of Scarborough in the Regional Municipality of York, on January 1st, 1974, and Part of City of Scarborough in 1983. Present approved name is **AGINCOURT NORTH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°48' 79°16'. References: V and HH.

**AGINCOURT STATION**, SEE: AGINCOURT, York County.

**AGNEW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Named for John Agnew of the International Nickel Company. Map position: 51°10' 92°34' (1974). References: V and 7R.

**AGNONE**, station, White Township, Nipissing District. Station named **AGNONE STATION** operated near Pembroke in 1925. Post office named **LAKE TRAVERSE** established December 1928. First Postmaster J. N. Melville. Office closed by 1929. New post office named **LAKE TRAVERSE** opened July 8th, 1965. First Postmaster W.V. Rintoul. Office still in operation in 1983. Station name changed to **LAKE TRAVERSE** by CNR in January of 1929. Present approved name is **LAKE TRAVERSE**. Population 33 in 1941 and 38 in 1976. Map position: 45°57' 78°03' References: SS, B, U, 3B, 5L, F, 9F and V.

**AGONZON**, station, located northwest of White Lake in Thunder Bay District and 16 km south of Manitouwadge. Population not shown in 1978. Present approved name is **AGONZON STATION**. Map position: 48°59' 85°54' References: R2 and V.

**AGONZON STATION**, SEE: **AGONZON**, District of Thunder Bay.

**AGUONIE TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP # 27, RANGE 26**, Algoma District.

**AHMIC**, SEE: **AHMIC HARBOUR**, Parry Sound District.

**AHMIC HARBOUR**, Croft Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Magnetawan River, 32 miles northeast of Parry Sound and 30 miles west of Burk's Falls. Post office established as **AHMIC HARBOUR** in 1881. John Crosswell first Postmaster. Post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **AHMIC HARBOUR** which means "BEAVER". Population 200 in 1907 and 61 in 1976. Map position: 45°40' 79°47'. References: B, I, S, V, 5V, F, 5L and 7R.

**AHMIC LAKE**, hamlet, Croft Township, Parry Sound District. Located 20 miles northeast of Parry Sound and 20 miles west of Burk's Falls. **AHMIC LAKE** post office opened in 1878. First Postmaster John McCartney, to 1892. On June 15th, 1960, the post office status was changed to a summer post office. Office closed in 1980. Recently designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **AHMIC LAKE**. Population 50 in 1892 and 50 in 1907. Map position: 45°37' 79°43'. References: I, B, S, Z, V,5V, 5L and 6T.

**AHOLA**, Station, Bethune Township, Parry Sound District. Designated as a locality in 1962. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°35' 79°08'. References: 6S and 9J.

**AIKENSVILLE**, hamlet, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located 4 and 3/4 miles from Hespeler and 4 miles from Aberfoyle. Post office established as **AIKENSVILLE** on April, 1909. First Postmaster D. McCaig. Office closed August 31st, 1912. Present approved name is **AIKENSVILLE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°26' 80°14'. References: B, 5L and 6T.

**AILSA CRAIG**, Village, McGillivray Township, Middlesex County, formerly London District, Canada West. Located 121 miles west of Toronto and 24 miles north west of London. First settler, in 1835, David Craig. Place may have been known as **CRAIG'S** to 1858 when station was named **CRAIG'S STATION**, but the name, when suggested for the post office, was disallowed as one already existed. Post Office established on January 1st, 1861. First named **AILSA CRAIG**, after the existing station name. First Postmaster Thomas Atkinson. Office still in operation in 1983. David Craig, first settler in 1835, gave the land, in 1858, for the Grand Trunk station on the condition it be named **CRAIG'S STATION**, but another of that name existed at the time, so the station at this place was named **AILSA CRAIG STATION** after "the witches' rock" in the mouth of the Clyde River in Scotland. Incorporated as a Village on December 21st, 1874. At one time, pre-1874, Ailsa Craig had the largest cattle market, west of London. Present approved name is **AILSA CRAIG**. Population of 872 in 1886 and 701 in 1976. Map position: 43°08' 81°33'. References: B, I, M, T, Z, F, 3N, V, 6O, 7V, 5L and 7R.

**AILSA CRAIG STATION**, SEE: **AILSA CRAIG**, Middlesex County.

**AINLEYVILLE**, settlement, Grey Township, Huron County. Located on the Maitland River, 118 miles northwest of

Toronto and 30 miles east of Goderich. Settled in 1852 by William Ainley who laid out the town plot on his land and named it for himself. Post Office established as **AINLEYVILLE** on April 1st, 1856. First Postmaster William Grant. Post office named **DINGLE** to 1871 when the name was changed to **BRUSSELS**. Post office still in operation in 1983. **AINLEYVILLE STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway, later became **BRUSSELS STATION** on CNR. Brussels Incorporated as a Village in 1871. Present approved name is **BRUSSELS**. Population 1,204 in 1891 and 1,043 in 1976. Map position: 43°44' 81°15' References: F, 2S, F, EE, 7B, I, M, S, J, 2Y, 1G and 5L.

AINSLEYVILLE, SEE: AINLEYVILLE, Huron County.

AINSLIE WOOD, urban community, Barton Township, Wentworth County. In 1974 was made Part of City of Hamilton in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is AINSLIE WOOD. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°15' 79°56'. Reference: V.

AINSLIE WOOD EAST, urban community, Barton Township, Wentworth County. In 1974 was made Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is AINSLIE WOOD EAST. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°15' 79°55'. Reference: V.

AINSLIE WOOD NORTH, urban community, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County.In 1974 was made Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is AINSLIE WOOD NORTH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°16' 79°56'. Reference: V.

AINSLIE WOOD WEST, urban community, Barton Township, Wentworth County. In 1974 was made Part of City of Hamilton, in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is AINSLIE WOOD WEST. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°15' 79°56' Reference: V.

AIREY, hamlet, London District, Upper Canada, later Canada West, and subsequently Aldborough Township, Elgin County. Located 4 miles from Rodney and 30 miles southwest of St. Thomas. Laid out in 1830's. Post office established January 6th, 1829 named ALDBORO'. First Postmaster J. Currie. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Place name changed to **NEW GLASGOW** in 1872, but some sources showed it as **PORT GLASGOW** in same period. Present approved name is **NEW GLASGOW**. Population 50 in 1857 and 49 in 1976. Map position: 42°31' 81°38'. References: A, V, 7B, 5L, I, Z, 3S, 7B, 6T, 7X, VV and AA.

AIRIE, SEE: AIREY, Elgin County.

AIRLIE, hamlet, Tosorontio Township, Simcoe County. Located 8 miles from New Lowell and 23 miles northeast of Orangeville. AIRLIE STATION on the Grand Trunk Railway later became CNR operation. Post Office opened July 1st, 1869 named AIRLIE. First Postmaster George B. Lee. Office closed May 1st, 1914. A misspelling of the post office name appeared as ARLIE in 1897. Present approved name is AIRLIE. Population ranged between 75 and 100. Map position: 44°16' 80°01'. References: B, A, I, T, S, Z, U10, 6T, 5W and 5L.

AIRLIE STATION, SEE: AIRLIE, Simcoe County.

AIR LINE CROSSING STATION, station, Elgin County. Located on Michigan Central Rlwy from 1893 to 1899. No other references to this station. References: U10 and U12.

AIR LINE JUNCTION, urban community, Humberstone Township, Welland County, later Part of City of Welland, Regional Municipality of Niagara (January 1st,1970). Located on the Welland Canal, 3 miles south of Welland and 16 and a half miles west of Fort Erie. AIR LINE JUNCTION STATION on Grand Trunk Railway. The Wabash Railway crossed at this place forming the junction. Post Office named AIR LINE JUNCTION opened at this location in 1880. First Postmaster Thomas Roach. Office became a Sub post office of Welland and the name Air Line Junction disappeared from use. Place name changed to **WELLAND JUNCTION** in November 1910. Present approved name is **WELLAND JUNCTION**. Population 75 in 1885 and 1,206 in 1976. Map position: 42°57' 79°14'. References: I, S, Z, T, 6T, U, V, B, and HH.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**AIR LINE JUNCTION STATION,** SEE: **AIR LINE JUNCTION**, Welland County.

**AIRY,** SEE: **BELLWOOD #2**, Nipissing District.

**AIRY, TOWNSHIP OF**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Incorporated January 1st, 1962 by Ontario Municipal Board Order dated Oct 23rd, 1961. Population 912 in 1980. Map position: 45°31' 78°13'. References: HH, M and V.

**AITKEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for Alexander Aitken, Land Surveyor. Map position: 48°46' 81°58'. References: V and 7R.

**AJAX**, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Became Improvement District from November 1st, 1950 . Incorporated as a Town on January 1st, 1955. On October 15th, 1973, Amalgamated with Village of Pickering and Part of the Township of Pickering, as Town of Ajax, in Regional Municipality of Durham, Effective January 1st, 1974. Place is located 23 miles east of Toronto and started as a munitions factory (1939 to 1945.) It was named for the British Warship in 1941. Post office established named **AJAX** on March 2, 1942 and the Postmastership duty was performed by Defence Industry Limited. Office still open in 1983. Present approved name is **AJAX**. Population 4,168 in 1951 and 20,774 in 1976. Map position: 43°51' 79°02'. References: F, M, FF, 2Y, 3B, 5K and 5L.

**AJAX-PICKERING,** SEE: **CANTON #2**, Ontario County.

**AJAX STATION,** SEE: **DILCO**, Ontario County.

**AKIKSIBI,** SEE: **PORT STANLEY #1 #1**, Elgin County.

**AKRON STATION**, station, Irving Township, Algoma District. Located on Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. Express served through CNR or CPR in 1984. Present approved name is **AKRON STATION**. Map position: 48°55' 84°07'. References: U and V.

**ALANBURG,** SEE: **NEW HOLLAND**, Welland County.

**ALANEN TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 32, RANGE 28**, Algoma District.

**ALARIE TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 31, RANGE 19**, Algoma District.

**ALBA** SEE: **GREENWOOD #2**, Renfrew County.

**ALBAN**, hamlet, on border of Bigwood and Delamere Townships, in Sudbury District. Located 30 miles southeast of Sudbury , 3 1/4 miles east of Jamot and 2 miles west of Rutter. First settler Edouard Daoust in 1910. Post office established as **ALBAN** on April 1st, 1937. First Postmaster Rene Lacroix. Post office still in operation in 1983. Population 300 in 1978. Present approved name is **ALBAN**. Map position: 46°06' 80°37'. References: F, R2, 3B, 5L, V, F, 6T and 7R.

**ALBANEL TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 169**, Algoma District.

**ALBANY,** SEE: **ALBANY POST**, Cochrane District.

**ALBANY FORKS**, railway point, Franc Township, Algoma District. **ALBANY FORKS STATION** on CNR. Present approved name is **ALBANY FORKS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°07' 84°11'. References: U and V.

**ALBANY FORKS STATION,** SEE: **ALBANY FORKS**, Algoma District.

**ALBANY HOUSE,** SEE: **OSNABURGH HOUSE**,Patricia District.

**ALBANY POST**, trading post, located at the mouth of Albany River on James Bay. First trader Charles Bayly in

1675. As Hudson's Bay Post it became known as ALBANY then when fortified as FORT ALBANY. First post built in 1684 on Bayly Island at river's mouth. It was seized by the French in 1686 and renamed FORT STE. ANNE. In 1693 the English recaptured it and name changed back to FORT ALBANY. It has at times been called PORT ALBANY. Map position: 52°12' 81°40' for first fort. Second (modern location) map position: 52°14' 81°36'. Mail is flown in twice a year from Moosonee in December and June. Post office still open in 1983. Named for King James 2nd, Duke of Albany. Present approved name is FORT ALBANY. References: U, F, 2Y, V and 5K.

ALBAYNE, SEE: ABOYNE, Wellington County.

ALBEMARLE TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Bruce County. Officially Incorporated first Monday January 1870, by County Bylaw #31, passed June 1869. Named for Earl of Albemarle, father of Lord Bury. This Township has a temporary municipal affiliation with Amable, Eastnor and Lindsay. (1867) Population 898 in 1980. Map position: 44°50' 81°10'. References: HH, M, V and TT.

ALBERT #1, SEE: JONES SETTLEMENT #1, Hastings County.

ALBERT #2, SEE: ALBERT PORT, Huron County.

ALBERTON, SEE: ALBERT TOWN, Wentworth County.

ALBERTON, Township Municipality (made up of Geographic Townships of Crozier and Roddick). Located near the west limits of Fort Frances. Incorporated May 30th, 1891. Quieting order M545 dated January 5th, 1956. Area 25,301 acres. Present approved name is ALBERTON MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIP. Population 305 in 1927 and 678 in 1978. Map position: 48°35' 93°30'. References: R1, HH, 2P, M and V.

ALBERT PORT, settlement, Ashfield Township, Huron County. Located on shore of Lake Huron, at the mouth of Nine Mile River, 8 miles north of Goderich. Place laid out in 1842 by the Land Department for a town, but made little progress. Place sometimes known as ALBERT. Post office established as PORT ALBERT in 1851. First Postmaster Thomas Longhead. Office closed July 1, 1918. (SEE Sheppardton entry for Port Albert post office in 1932.) First settler William Hawkins, in 1837. Present approved name is PORT ALBERT. Population 350 1895 and 97 in 1976. Map position: 43°53' 81°43'. References: G, EE, I, Z, 3J, O, V, 1G, 5L, 7D, 6T and 8Q.

ALBERT TOWN, hamlet also known as ALBERTON VILLAGE, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County, later a dispersed rural community, Within the Town of Ancaster, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 13 miles southwest of Hamilton, 6 miles southeast of Lynden and 2 1/2 miles south of Jerseyville. First post office established as ALBERT TOWN, two words, on April 6th, 1852. First Postmaster James O'Neill. Office name changed to ALBERTON on May 1st, 1857. Post office still in operation in 1984. Present approved name is ALBERTON. Population 150 in 1909 and 96 in 1971. Map position: 43°11' 80°05'. References: I, 3L, 8Q, B, S, Z, U, 3B, 3M, V and 7R.

ALBERTVILLE, hamlet, Gosfield Township, Essex County. Located 31 miles from Windsor and 48 miles from Chatham. Post Office established October 6th, 1831 and named GOSFIELD for the Township. First Postmaster Peter Scratch. Office closed by 1870. Settled in early 1830s. Present approved name is ALBERTVILLE. Population 80 in 1857 and 69 in 1971. Map position: 42°04' 82°45'. References: EE, 3B, I, G, 3S, 7B and V.

ALBION #1, SEE: BOLTON HOLLOW, Peel County.

ALBION #2, SEE: ALLANDALE #2,Peel County.

ALBION FALLS, an urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is ALBION FALLS. Map position: 43°12' 79°49'. Reference: V.

ALBION HILLS, a local description of a large park area in Peel County. It is named for the Township, in which it is located. Present approved locality name is ALBION HILLS. Map position: 44°02' 80°04'. References: 3C and V.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**ALBION MILLS,** Barton Township, Wentworth County later Part of Town of Stoney Creek and City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 3 miles from Rymal and 7 miles from Hamilton. Post office named **MOUNT ALBION** opened November 6th, 1852. First Postmaster William Cook. Office closed April 1921. Place name had been **ALBIONVILLE,** (to 1892) but post office name of MOUNT ALBION gradually took over for the place name. First settled by the Davis family, who were Loyalists. Present approved name is **MOUNT ALBION.** Population 150 in 1893 and 80 in 1951. Map position: 43°12' 79°38' References: A, I, EE, 3E, 3K, U10, 6T and V.

**ALBION TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Peel County. Surveyed in 1819. Incorporated as a Township on January 1st, 1850 (Canadian Statute 1849, C81). Dissolved and Amalgamated January 1st, 1974 and Incorporated into **TOWN OF CALEDON** by Ontario Statute 1973, C60. Population 110 in 1821 and 5,078 in 1861. First settler William Downey. Map position: 43°55' 79°50'. References: HH, A, 2W, M, V, 1V.

**ALBIONVILLE,** SEE: ALBION MILLS, Wentworth County.

**ALBUNA,** hamlet, Gosfield Township, Essex County. Located 6 miles from Cottam, 8 miles from Leamington and 36 miles southeast of Sandwich. Post office **ALBUNA** established here in 1884. First Postmaster John Thompson. Office closed March 1st, 1914. Place name sometimes misspelled as ALBUMA. Present approved name is **ALBUNA.** Population 40 in 1895 and 47 in 1976. Map position: 42°08' 82°38'. References: I, S, DD, 3B, U10, WW, V, 6T, 5P and 5L.

**ALBUNE,** hamlet, Wolford Township, Grenville County and Kitley Township, Leeds County. Located on Irish Creek. 21 miles northwest of Brockville the County Seat and 7 miles south of Smiths Falls. In 1862 name changed to **JASPAR.** Alternate names in 1800's were MONTAGUE and WOLFORD at times spelled WOLLFORD. IRISH CREEK STATION operated on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, later CPR, when name changed to JASPER STATION. The Montreal Telegraph Company operated here. Post office established as IRISH CREEK on August 1st, 1863. First Postmaster G. Cross. Post office name changed to JASPER in 1864. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village November 15th, 1910, Bylaw #929. Amended November 19th, 1921, Bylaw #1132, to alter boundries. Dissolved May, 1963. Designated a concentrated rural comunity in 1980. Present approved name is **JASPER.** Population 750 in 1885, 300 in 1908 and 374 in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 75°56'. References: 9E, I, A, S, AA, 2Y, 3N, 7B, T, PP, 2R, 3B, 5A, 3R, O, 5U, 4F, V and 5V.

**ALBURY,** Ameliasburgh Township, Prince Edward County. Located on Bay of Quinte, 10 miles south of Belleville, 4 miles from Carrying Place, 4 miles from Rednersville and 24 miles north west of Picton. Post office opened as **ALBURY** on March 1st, 1862. First Postmaster Isaac Dempsey. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Local legend is place named by chance remark in Peck's Burying Ground, "they ALL BURY here". First settler was John Weese in 1783 and founder of the place was James Peck in 1800. Present approved name is **ALBURY.** Population 200 in 1895 and 109 in 1976. Map position: 44°05' 77°31' References: B, A, I, Z, 3B, U12, 3N, V, 7B, 7D, 6T, 1F, 5L and 7R.

**ALCONA #1,** station, Drayton Township, Kenora District. Located 3 1/2 miles from Superior Junction and 11 1/2 miles from Sioux Lookout. ALCONA STATION served on CNR. Post Office established as **ALCONA** on October 1st, 1916. First Postmistress Mrs. Sarah Morgan. Office closed March 31st, 1954. Present approved name is **ALCONA.** Population 22 in 1978. Map position: 50°04 91°45'. References: R2, V and 6T.

**ALCONA #2,** SEE: ALCONA BEACH, Simcoe County.

**ALCONA BEACH,** Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 miles south east of Craigvale , 6 miles southeast of Stroud and 10 miles southeast of Barrie. Post office established as **ALCONA BEACH** on August 3rd, 1925. First Postmaster N. Columbus. Office still in operation in 1973. Present approved name is **ALCONA BEACH.** Population in 1951 was 3, in 1976 shown as 861. Map position: 44°19' 79°32'. References: 5L, U, 3B, 9F, V, 6T and 7R.

**ALCONA TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°27' 82°09'. Reference: V.

**ALCORN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for George Oscar Alcorn, M.P.P. Map position: 48°09' 83°03'. References: V.

ALDBORO' POST OFFICE, SEE: AIREY, Elgin County.

ALDBOROUGH, SEE: AIREY, Elgin County.

ALDBOROUGH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Elgin County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, Canadian Statute 1849, C81. First settler was James Fleming in 1804. Population 1,226 in 1852 and 3,408 in 1980. Map position: 42°35' 81°41'. References: HH, M, 2W, V, VV.

ALDCREST SURVEY, SEE: ALDERCREST SURVEY, Wentworth County.

ALDEN STATION, railway point, 28 XXV Township, later Corbiere Township, Algoma District. A designated railway point in use in 1974. Present approved name is **ALDEN STATION**. Map position: 48°12' 84°33'. References: U and V.

ALDER, East Gwillimbury Township, York County presently within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 4 miles from Brown's Hill and 8 miles southeast of Jacksons Point, on Lake Simcoe. Post Office established as ALDER on March 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Charles Speck. Office closed on June 1st, 1913. Name given by Albert Watson. Present approved name is **ALDER**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°11' 79°23'. References: 7Q, PP, V, 6T and 5L.

ALDERCREST SURVEY, Glanford Township, Wentworth County. In 1974 became Part of the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 5 km north of Mount Hope, 7 km southwest of Hamilton and 17 km south of Waterdown. This name is not approved. Population 428 in 1961 and 500 in 1976. Map position: 43°12' 79°54'. References: 3B, 5A, 6M and 5L.

ALDERDALE, dispersed rural community, Chisholm Township, Nipissing District. Located 6 miles from Powassan, 9 km south of Astorville, 5 km west of Chiswick, 7 km northwest of Wasing and 48 km southeast of Mattawa. Post office established as ALDERDALE on April 1st, 1905. First Postmaster P.R.Owens. Office closed by 1972. First name chosen for the railroad station was **ALDERVALE STATION**, but the name was not approved. Once misspelled as **ALDERSDALE**. ALDERDALE STATION served by CNR. Present approved name is ALDERDALE. Population 55 in 1951 and 25 in 1976. Map position: 46°06' 79°15' References: 9F, 5L, S, DD, 3B, LL, SS, V and 7S.

ALDERDALE STATION, SEE: ALDERDALE, Nipissing District.

ALDERSHOT, SEE: BROWN'S WHARF #2, Wentworth County.

ALDERSHOT STATION, SEE: WATERDOWN STATION, Wentworth County.

ALDERSHOTT, SEE: BROWN'S WHARF, Wentworth County.

ALDERSLEA, hamlet, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located near Innisfil Park, on Lake Simcoe, 14 km southeast of Barrie. Present approved name is **ALDERSLEA**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 79°34' Reference: 5L and V.

ALDERSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for Major-General E. A. H. Alderson, the British officer who commanded the first Canadian Infantry Division in France, delivered by him, a mere six months, after declaration of the First World war. Map position: 49°15' 84°11'. References: V.

ALDERSVILLE, SEE: ALDERVILLE, Northumberland County.

ALDERVALE, SEE: ALDERDALE, Nipissing District.

ALDERVALE STATION, SEE: ALDERDALE, Nipissing District.

ALDERVILLE, dispersed rural community, Alnwyck Township (1848), later spelled Alnwick Township, Northumberland

County. Located 17 miles northeast of Cobourg and 10 miles southwest of Hastings. Post office established October 6th, 1841 named **ALNWYCK**, for the Township. Office closed in 1859 and Roseneath took over the territory. A new Post office was opened in the name of **ALDERVILLE** in 1860. First Postmaster at this location William Case, in 1851. Office closed September 15th, 1928. A misspelling for the place name appeared in 1848 as **ALDERSVILLE**. Present approved name is **ALDERVILLE**. Population 250 in 1895 and under 50 in 1976. Map position: 44°11' 78°03' References: A, I, S, Z, C, V, 4A, 6T, 5L, 7R, EE, 8P and 8Q.

**ALDERVILLE INDIAN RESERVE #37**, an Indian Settlement located east of Rice Lake, in Alnwick Township, Northumberland County. Population 262 in 1976. Map position: 44°10' 78°05'. References: G, V and 5L.

**ALDERWOOD**, urban community near Long Branch, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is **ALDERWOOD**. Map position: 43°36' 79°32'. References: U and V+.

**ALDINA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°22' 89°57'. References: V.

**ALDOUANE**, SEE: **ST. CHARLES**, Kent County.

**ALDRED BEACH**, Scugog Township, Durham County, later in Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Lake Scugog, 5 km west of Lakeside Beach and 10 km northeast of Port Perry. Present approved name is **ALDRED'S BEACH**. Population 41 in 1976. Map position: 44°10' 78°51'. References: 3B and 5L.

**ALERT**, settlement, Taylor Township, Cochrane District (shown in Timiskaming District in 1922 and 1930). Located 4 miles from Val Gagne and 3 1/2 miles from Shillington. Mail was delivered three times weekly from Monteith, when post office established as **ALERT** on January 5th, 1922. First Postmaster William Kelly. Office closed by 1964. Present approved name is **ALERT**. Map position: 48°36' 80°41' References: U, V and 6T.

**ALEXANDER**, Adjala Township, Simcoe County. Located on Twenty Four Mile Creek, 10 miles from Alliston Station, 14 miles from Shelburne, 35 miles south west of Barrie. Grist mill owner George Parker was responsible for getting the Post Office established on September 1st, 1867. It was named **ALEXANDER** for John Alexander, the pioneer who built the mill and became first Postmaster. Post Office name was changed by the Post Office Department, without explanation, to **SHELDON**. Name suggested by the local people was **NEWELL** to recognize Samuel Newell who owned the mill at one time. Office closed October 1st, 1915. A local name in early use, was **PIGTOWN**, for the number of those animals let to run about the village. The present name of the village remains as **SHELDON**. Population 40 in 1893. Map position: 44°05' 79°59' References: I, A, T, JJ, U10, 6T and V.

**ALEXANDER'S CORNER**, Carnarvon Township, Manitoulin District. Name changed to **MONUMENT CORNER** in 1974. Present approved name is **MONUMENT CORNER**. Map position: 45°43' 82°15'. References: V and V+.

**ALEXANDRA**, Shackleton Township, Cochrane District. Place named **FAUQUIER** for two Fauquier brothers who built a section of the CNR. Place name sometimes misspelled as **FANQUIER** and **FARQUIER**. Post office established as **FARQUIER** on January 17th,1910. First Postmaster G.A. McLeod in 1913. Office name corrected to **FAUQUIER** on November 1st, 1913. Office still in operation in 1983. Settled in 1912. Present approved name is **FAUQUIER**. Population 150 in 1926 and 620 in 1976. Map position: 49°19' 82°02'. References: F, MM, 2Y, 3B, V and 6T.

**ALEXANDRA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. This Township was named for Queen Alexandra. Map position: 49°23' 81°46'. References: V.

**ALEXANDRIA**, SEE: **PRIESTS' MILLS**, Glengarry County.

**ALEXO**, railroad point on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Station is now part of Town of Iroquois Falls, in Cochrane District. Present approved name is **ALEXO**. Map position: 48°40' 80°49' Reference: V.

**ALFORD**, SEE: **ALFORD JUNCTION**, Brant County.

**ALFORD JUNCTION**, hamlet, Brantford Township, Brant County. At times shown as **ALFORD**. Located 3 1/2 miles from

Harrisburg Station (1908) and 4 miles from Brantford. Post office opened as ALFORD JUNCTION on February 1st, 1906. First Postmaster John Summerhays. Office closed September 1st, 1913. ALFORD STATION on Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR Present approved name is ALFORD JUNCTION. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°11' 80°12'. References: S, DD, PP, LL, 6T, 7T and 6S.

ALFORD STATION, SEE: ALFORD JUNCTION, Brant County.

ALFRED, SEE: BRADYVILLE, Prescott County.

ALFRED CENTRE, hamlet, Alfred Township,Prescott County. A Post Office established as ALFRED CENTRE on June 1st, 1896. First Postmaster Josiah Smith. Office closed on February 1st, 1917. Religious parish name listed as ST. THOMAS d'ALFRED. Later, place named LAFRAMBOISE, which is now a local name. ALFRED CENTRE STATION located 8 miles north of Alfred Station. Approval of name denied by CPCGN in 1968. Name in 1926 was Alfred Centre Station. Present approved locality name is LAFRAMBOISE. Map position: 45°36' 75°55'. References: S, PP, SS, 7E, 6T, D, and L3.

ALFRED CENTRE STATION, SEE: ALFRED CENTRE, Prescott County.

ALFRED'S BEACH, Scugog Township, Durham County, later in Regional Municipality of Durham. Population in 1976 was 36. Reference: 3B.

ALFRED STATION, Alfred Township, Prescott County. Located on CPR, 12 miles southwest of L'Orignal and 3 miles from Alfred. Post office established as ALFRED STATION on March 1st, 1900. First Postmaster J.N.A. Parent. Office closed on March 31st, 1931. Place name approved by CPCGN. Present approved name is ALFRED STATION. Population 75 in 1926. No recent figures shown for place. Map position: 45°32' 74°53'. References: S, DD, MM, PP, LL, V, 7M, 6T and D.

ALFRED TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Ottawa District, later in Prescott County. Incorporated January 2nd, 1854 by County bylaw passed July 8th, 1853. First settled 1805. Until 1854, attached for Municipal representation to Longueuil Township. In 1980 Part of United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Population 584 in 1852 and 1,907 in 1980. Map position: 45°34' 74°53'. References: HH, C, 2W, 3H, M, V and 1X.

ALGOMA, SEE: MILLS IN ALGOMA, Algoma District.

ALGOMA, (DISTRICT OF), large District, north of Lake Huron, in the Province of Ontario. Also spelled as ALGONA. Named by Henry Rowe Schoolcraft, a North American Explorer, for the home of the Algonquin Indians. The territorial district of Algoma consists of the City of Sault Ste. Marie, the towns of: Blind River, Bruce Mines Ellot Lake and Thessalon, the villages of Hilton Beach and Iron Bridge, the Geographic Townships of: Abbott, Aberdeen, Aberdeen Additional, Abigo, Abotossaway, Abraham, Acton, Aguonie, Alenan, Alarie, Albanel, Alderson, Allenby, Allouez, Amik, Amundsen, Anderson, Andre, Archibald, Arnott, Ashley, Assad, Assef, Asselin, Atkinson, Avis, Awenge, Bailloquet, Barager, Barnes, Bayfield, Beange, Beaton, Beaudin, Beaudry, Beauparlant, Beebe, Behmann, Berst, Bird, Bolger, Boon, Bostwick, Bouck, Bourinot, Bracci, Bray, Breckinridge, Bridgeland, Bright, Bright Additional, Brimacombe, Broome, Broughton, Brule, Bruyere, Buchan, Buckles, Bullock, Butcher, Byng, Cadeau, Cannard, Carmody, Carney, Casson, Chabanel, Challener, Champlain, Chapais, Charbonneau, Chelsea, Chenard, Chesley, Chesley Additional, Cholette, Clouston, Cobden, Coderre, Common, Concobar, Conking, Cooper, Copenace, Corbiere, Corboy, Cowie, Cromlech, Cross, Cudney, Curtis, Cuthbertson, Dablon, Dagle, Dahl, Dambrossio, Daumont, Davieaux, Davin, Day, Deagle, Debassing, Del Villano, Dennis, Deroche, Derry, Desbiens, Doherty, Dolson, Doucett, Downer, Dowsley, Drew, Dulhut, Dumas, Duncan, Dunphy, Eaket, Ebbs, Echum, Elgie, Emiry, Ericson, Ermine, Esqyega, Esten, Ewen, Fabbro, Farquhar, Fenwick, Ferrier, Fiddler, Finan, Fisher, Flanders, Foch, Fontaine, Foucault, Foulds, Frances, Franchere, Franz, Frost, Gaiashk, Galbraith, Gapp, Gaudette, Gaudry, Gaunt, Gerow, Gervais, Gilbertson, Giles, Gillmor, Gisborn, Gladstone, Glasgow, Goodwillie, Gould, Gourlay, Grasett, Greenwood, Grenoble, Grootenboer, Groseilliers, Grossman, Grzela, Guindon, Gunterman, Hadley, Haig, Hallett, Hambleton, Handleman, Haughton, Havilland, Havrot, Hawkins, Hayward, Hembruff, Herrick, Hiawatha, Hilton, Hodgins, Hoffman, Home, Hook, Hotte, Hughes, Hughson, Hunt, Huotari, Hurlburt, Hynes, Irving, Isaac, Jackson, Jacobson, Jarvis, Jessiman, Jocelyn, Jogues, Johns, Johnson, Jollineau, Joubin, Juillette,

Kamachisitit, Kane, Kapuskasing, Kars, Keating, Keating Additional, Keesickquayash, Kehoe, Kildare, Killins, Kincaid, Kirkwell, Kirkwood, Knicely, Korah, Labelle, Labonte, Laforme, Laird, Lalibert, Lamming, Landriault, Lane, Larkin, LaRonde, Larson, Lascelles, Lastheels, Laughren, LaVerendrye, Lawlor, LeCaron, Leclaire, Lefebvre, Lefroy, Legrade, Legarde Additional, Legge, Leguerrier, Lehman, Leluk, Lendrum, Lerwick, Lessard, Levesque, Lewis, Ley, Lipton, Lizar, Loach, Lockyer, Long, Lougheed, Lunkie, Macaskill, Macdonald, Mack, Maeck, Magone, Makawa, Mandamin, Maness, Marjorie, Marne, Martel, Martin, Matthews, Maude, McAughey, McDowell, McEwing, McFarlan, McGiverin, McGowan, McIlveen, McKeough, McMahon, McMurray, McNie, McParland, Meath, Meen, Memaskwosh, Menard, Menzies, Mercier, Meredith, Michano, Mildred, Minnipuka, Miskokom, Monestime, Mons, Montgomery, Moorehouse, Morin, Morningstar, Mosambik, Musquash, Nadjiwon, Nagagami, Nahwegezhic, Nameigos, Naveau, Nebonaionquet, Nebotik, Newlands, Nicholas, Nicolet, Noganosh, Norberg, Nouvel, Nuttall, Odlum, Olinyk, Olsen, Opasatika, Oscar, Oshell, Otter, Palmer, Parke, Parkinson, Parrott, Patton, Pawis, Pearkes, Peever, Pelletier, Pennefather, Peterson, Piche, Pine, Plourde, Plummer, Plummer Additional, Poncet, Poulin, Prescott, Prince, Proctor, Puskuta, Quill, Raaflaub, Rabazo, Radisson, Raimbault,Recollet, Redden, Redsky, Reilly, Renwick, Restoule, Riggs, Rioux, Rix, Roche, Rollins, Root, Rose, Rowat, Roy, Royal, Runnalls, Running, Ruston, Ryan, Sagard, St. Germain, St. Joseph, St. Julien, Sampson, Saunders, Sayer, Scarfe, Scholfield, Scrivener, Shanly, Shawkence, Shedden, Shields, Shingwaukonce, Shulman, Simons, Simpson, Slater, Slievert, Smilsky, Snow, Spragge, Stefansson, Stone, Stoney, Strain, Strickland, Stiker, Sturgeon, Suganaqueb, Tabobondung, Talbott, Tarbutt, Tarbutt Additional, Tarentorous, Teasdale, Tedder, Templeton, Tennyson, Thessalon, Thompson, Thorp, Tiernan, Tilley, Tilson, Timbrell, Timmermans, Tolmonen, Tronsen, Tupper, Tweedle, Usnac, Vance, VanKoughnet, Varley, Vasiloff, Vibert, Viel, Villeneuve, Walls, Wagg, Wardle, Warpula, Waswa, Wawia, Way-White, Wells, Welsh, West, Whitman, Wicksteed, Winget, Winkler, Wiseman, Wishart, Wlasy, Woolrich, Worton and Yaremko, plus other areas. The Territorial District of Algoma forms the Provisional Judicial District of Algoma. Population 4,916 in 1861 and 118,378 in 1980. Map position for centre of district (19,320 square miles): 48°00' 84°00'. References: HH, 2Y, 9H, V, 7R, 3Z and V.

ALGOMA MILLS, SEE: MILLS IN ALGOMA, Algoma District.

ALGOMA STATION, SEE: MILLS IN ALGOMA, Algoma District.

ALGONA TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIPS OF NORTH ALGONA and SOUTH ALGONA.

ALGONQUIN, SEE: WRIGHTS' CORNERS #1, Grenville County.

ALGONQUIN NATIONAL PARK, Haliburton County, Nipissing District. Located between the Ottawa River and Georgian Bay, 141 miles north of Toronto and 105 miles west of Ottawa. The first settlers in the Distict were the Algonkin Indians, so the proper spelling of the name should have been ALGONKIN NATIONAL PARK. It was named Algonquin National Park at the suggestion of Alexander Kirkwood, who in 1885 had become concerned about the unbridled cutting of the area's largest pine trees. The Honourable T.B. Pardee, Commissioner of Crown Lands, for Ontario, arranged in 1892 for a Royal Commission to study the problem. In 1893 Parliament passed the Algonquin Park Act, which defined the region as a 'conservation area'. The park has an extent of some 70 miles north to south and 81 miles east to west. Its total land area is about 2900 square miles. The name was changed to ALGONQUIN PROVINCIAL PARK in 1893 and is the present approved name. Map position: 45°50' 78°30'. References: 2Y and 7R.

ALGONQUIN PARK, dispersed rural community, Canisbay Township, Nipissing District. Located 40 miles from Huntsville and 1.5 miles from Canoe Lake. This hamlet was established when the provincial park established. Post office established as ALGONQUIN PARK on September 1st, 1897. First Postmaster E. T. Marsh. Office name changed to MOWAT on May 1st, 1903. In 1926 the post office name was again changed, to CANOE LAKE. Office closed on September 21st, 1968. Present approved name is CANOE LAKE. Population 150 in 1913 and 25 in 1972. Map position: 45°34 78°44. References: B, DD, PP, F, and V.

ALGONQUIN PROVINCIAL PARK, SEE: ALGONQUIN NATIONAL PARK

ALGO STATION, railway point, Sudbury District, now Part of City of Sudbury within the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved name is ALGO STATION. Map position: 46°31' 80°59'. Reference: V.

ALICE, Alice Township, Renfrew County, Located 11 miles south west of Pembroke and near Wakaw. Post office established as ALICE in 1891. Postmaster in 1895 was Henry H Tabbert. Office closed by 1972. ALICE STATION (1915), on Canadian Northern Railway, at 498 feet above sea level. Present approved name is ALICE. Population 40 in 1895 and 58 in 1976. Map position: 45°45' 77°17'. References: 9F, I, S, 3B, L3, V, 9F, 6T and 5L.

ALICE STATION, SEE: ALICE, Renfrew County.

ALICE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Map position: 45°47' 77°14'. Reference: V.

ALICE & FRASER (MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIP OF), Renfrew County, Incorporated on First Monday of January, 1859, by County Bylaw passed January 29th, 1858. Population was 3,292 in 1980. Map position: 45°43' 77°24'. References: HH, M and V.

ALINAVILLE, East Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 7 miles from Woodstock and 1 1/4 miles from Strathallan Station (1892). Post office opened in 1865, and named STRATHALLAN. First Postmaster John Lappin. Office closed January 1st, 1899. Present approved name is STRATHALLAN. Population 150 in 1875 and 120 in 1885. Map position: 43°13' 80°49' References: A, 7B, I,3R, 4F, 7B, 7H and 6S.

ALLAN, hamlet, Madoc Township, Hastings County. Located 3 km south of Cooper, 5 km east of Keller Bridge and 13 km north of Madoc. Present approved name is ALLAN. No population shown to 1976. Map position: 44°37' 77°29'. References: B, 5L and V.

ALLANBANK, hamlet, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located on Crowe River, 22 miles from Trenton, 50 miles northeast of Cobourg and 5 miles south of Blairton. RYLSTONE post office established in 1865. First Postmaster D. Allan. Office closed June 1st, 1913. Alternate place names in use have been, ALLAN'S MILLS, ALLAN MILLS and ALLAN'S MILL. One misspelling of name appears as RYALSTON. Present approved name is RYLSTONE. Population 22 in 1908 and 25 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 77°42'. References: A, SS, I, T, 4F, 7B and 5L.

ALLANBURG, SEE: NEW HOLLAND, Welland County.

ALLANBURG JUNCTION, SEE: NEW HOLLAND, Welland County.

ALLANDALE #1, SEE: BARRIE STATION, Simcoe County.

ALLANDALE #2, hamlet, Albion Township, Peel County. Located near Caledon East. Post office established in 1877 as CENTREVILLE. There were two places with this name in Peel County. On October 1st, 1907 the place and post office were renamed ALBION for the Township. Postmistress Miss Mary Sullivan, in 1907. First name used at this geographic location was ALLANDALE, second place name was MILBURN MILLS which was changed to CENTREVILLE for the post office and lastly to Albion for the place and Post Office. A local name in use in the early 1800s was HELLTOWN. The post office closed on September 30th, 1958. All names listed above except Albion are obsolete. Present approved name is ALBION. Population shown as 41 in 1971. Map position: 43°54' 79°51'. References: 3C, SS, 7K, U, V, and 6T.

ALLANDALE #3, SEE: ALLANDALE MILLS, Peterborough County.

ALLANDALE MILLS, settlement, Otanabee Township, Peterborough County. Located on the Indian River, 9 miles from Peterboro and 1 1/2 miles from Keene Station. Plot laid out in 1850 by John Huston and named after Allandale in Cumberland, England. Post Office opened in 1860 named ALLANDALE MILLS. First Postmaster was Richard Short. In 1871 the post office name was changed to LANG. Post office closed October 30th, 1954. Present approved name is LANG. Population 160 in 1895 and 103 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 78°10' References: I, Z, PP, 3Y, 7B, 7A, 4A, A, T, S, U, Z, 3B, V and 6T.

ALLAN MILLS #1, SEE:ALLANS MILLS #1, Lanark County

**ALLAN MILLS #2**, hamlet, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 6 miles from Napanee and 17 miles from Tweed. Post Office established as **MARLBANK** in 1860. First Postmaster W. G. Allan. Office still in operation in 1983. Post office named **MARLBANK**, for the large deposits of marl in the area and the place took that name. Had a station on the Bay of Quinte Railway in 1908, known as **ALLANS**. Present approved name is **MARLBANK**. Population 400 in 1908, 600 in 1926 and 227 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 77°06' References: A, 5L, F, PP, 3B, I, 3Y, 7B and V.

**ALLAN MILLS #3**, dispersed rural community, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 3 km northeast of Stanwood, 9 km west of Spring Brook and 10 km south of Marmora. Present approved name is **ALLAN MILLS**. Population 25 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 77°43'. References: B, V and 5L.

**ALLAN PARK**, hamlet, Bentinck Township, Grey County. Located 13 miles from Walkerton, 33 miles south of Owen Sound and 4 miles east of Hanover. Post office opened as **ALLAN PARK** on January 1st, 1855. First Postmaster G.B.Allan. Office closed August 15th, 1922. Present approved name is **ALLAN PARK**. Population 200 in 1895 and 27 in 1976. Map position: 44°10' 80°56'. References: B, A, I, T, S, Z, AA, EE, MM, PP, 3B, 3R, U12, 3L, V, and 6T.

**ALLANS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Located 3 km southwest of Huckabones Corners, 2 km south of Slabtown and 18 km northwest of Cobden. Present approved name is **ALLANS CORNERS**. Map position: 45°41' 77°06'. References: V and 5L.

**ALLANS MILLS #1**, hamlet, North Burgess Township, Lanark County. Located on Grants Creek, 7 miles west of Perth. First settler, William Allan in early 1800s, built a sawmill and grist mill. Post office named **ALLAN'S MILLS** established in 1872. First Postmaster William Allan. Office closed February 7th, 1914. Present approved name is **ALLANS MILLS**. Population average 50 per year. Map position: 44°50' 76°19' References: I, T, S, PP, 3R, 6T, E and 7U.

**ALLAN'S MILLS #2**, SEE: **ALLANBANK**, Northumberland County.

**ALLAN'S SIDING**, station, Palmerston Township, Frontenac County. Station number 1057, on CPR. Located between Mississippi Station and Snow Road Station, in 1911. References: 10B.

**ALLANS STATION**, SEE: **ALLAN MILLS #2**, Hastings County.

**ALLANSVILLE #1**, hamlet, Stephenson Township, Victoria County. An early post and money order office, located 4 miles from Utterson Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Records show only in the years 1893 to 1899. The stage service was 3 times weekly. No modern references to this name. References: U10 and U12.

**ALLANSVILLE #2**, hamlet, Peel Township, Wellington County. Located 30 miles from Guelph, 18 miles from Waterloo and 20 miles from Elora. First sawmill built by Paul Willson in 1848. Place named **ALLANSVILLE**. Post office established in 1849 and named **PEEL** for the Township. First Postmaster George Allan. In 1852 the office name was changed to **ALLANSVILLE** to honour the Postmaster. On December 1st, 1857 the name of the post office and place were changed to **GLEN ALLAN**. Office closed April 29th, 1970. Present approved name is **GLEN ALLAN**. Population in 1893 was 400, in 1976 was 78. Map position: 43°39' 80°42'. References: I, 2H, EE, 8Q, 3B, W, 5P and V.

**ALLANSVILLE #3**, hamlet, Stephenson Township, Muskoka District. Entry noted only in the year 1879. Reference: 1L.

**ALLANSVILLE #4**, hamlet, Woolwich Township, Waterloo County. Located 14 miles from St. Jacobs by stage. Business occupants listed as Allan & Sutherland, grist mill owners, in 1853. Stage fare to St. Jacobs one shilling ten and a half pence. No further reference to this name noted. Reference: 7A.

**ALLAN TOWN**, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Postmaster James O'Neil. This listing appeared in 1853. No post office appears to have operated, but this name, discovered in official records, may have been a private

enterprise office. Reference: 2W.

**ALLAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Named for the Honorable George William Allan of Toronto. Map position: 46°54' 82°20'. References: V and 7R.

ALLAN WATER BRIDGE STATION, SEE: ALLENWATER, Thunder Bay District.

ALLARD MILL, post office, Township #71, Thunder Bay District. Located 4 miles north east of Mobert Post office opened as ALLARD MILL on July 27th, 1926. First Postmaster A. Allard. Post office closed on September 29th, 1926. No recent references to this post office. Reference: 6T.

ALLEN, post office, Wolfe Island Township, Frontenac County. Located on Wolfe Island, 13 miles south east of Kingston. The post office established as ALLEN in 1890 and first Postmaster was M.W.Wright. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Name not shown in recent records. Population under 100 in 1908 and not reported after that date. References: I, S, Z, AA, PP, U10 and 6T.

ALLENBY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for Brigadier General A. Allenby. Map position: 48°55' 82°44'. References: V and 7R.

ALLENDALE, SEE: BARRIE STATION, Simcoe County.

ALLENFORD, SEE: DRIFTWOOD CROSSING, Bruce County.

ALLEN SETTLEMENT, settlement, Madoc Township, Hastings County. Located 37 miles north of Belleville and 11 miles north east of Madoc. Post office opened as COOPER on July 1st, 1861. First Postmaster Robert Kinnear. In 1908 the place name was changed to Cooper. Office closed in 1924, reopened in 1925. Office closed permanently by 1971. Present approved name is COOPER. Population 100 in 1885 and 21 in 1971. Map position: 44°39' 77°28'. References: PP, I, S, Z, 3R, 3Z, 3N, V, 6M, 9F and 6T.

ALLEN'S MILLS, hamlet, Marysburgh Township, Prince Edward County, formerly Prince Edward District, Upper Canada. Located 3 miles from Picton. Post office established as ALLEN'S MILLS in 1832. First Postmaster A. Allen. Office closed July 6th, 1843. No recent references to this hamlet. References: I, C, 3S, 7X 10A and 8P.

ALLENSVILLE, hamlet, Stephenson Township, Muskoka District. Located 8 miles from Huntsville and 4 miles from Utterson. Post office opened as ALLENSVILLE November 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Allen McNicol. Post office named for the postmaster, sometimes misspelled as ALLANSVILLE. Office closed January 31st, 1957. Once shown misspelled as ALLERSVILLE on official map. Present approved name is ALLENSVILLE. Population 50 in 1895 and 36 in 1966. Map position: 45°15' 79°18'. References: I, Z, DD, 5A, V, 7B, 5X and 6T.

ALLEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°03' 80°45'. References: V.

ALLENWATER, station, Thunder Bay District. Located 83 miles from Sioux Lookout and 78 miles from Superior Junction. Name sometimes spelled ALLEN WATER,as two words. ALLANWATER BRIDGE STATION on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, later on CNR, at mileage 55.7. Post office established as ALLENWATER on April 1st, 1917. First Postmaster Orson J. Gastmieler. Name changed to ALLANWATER in September 1928. Office closed by 1980. Altitude is 1,351 feet above sea level. Population 6 in 1961 and 35 in 1976. Present approved name is ALLANWATER. Map position: 50°14' 90°12'. References: SS, U, 3B, L2, LL, 5A, V, 6T and 5L.

ALLENWATER STATION, SEE: ALLENWATER, Thunder Bay District.

ALLENWOOD, hamlet, Flos Township, Simcoe County. Located 22 miles northwest of Barrie and six miles west of Elmvale (near Tiny Township border). Place named for first settlers Thomas ALLEN and William WOOD. Post office established as ALLENWOOD on September 1st, 1873. First Postmaster John G. Dickinson. Office closed November 1967. Present approved name is ALLENWOOD. Population 50 in 1895 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 79°57'. References: I, T, S, Z, JJ, 3B, V, 2E, 5Y, 7R and 5L.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

ALLENWOOD BEACH, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located on Nottasaga Bay, 7 km northeast of Wasaga Beach, and 10 km southwest of Elmdale. Population 41 in 1971 and 53 in 1976. Map position: 44°34' 80°00'. References: B, 3B, 5L and V.

ALLERSVILLE, appeared once on Department of Transport map of 1972. In Town of Huntsville, Muskoka District. References: B.

ALLIANCE, SEE: TATE CORNERS, Middlesex County.

ALLIMIL, a railway point, in Tecumseth Township, Simcoe County. Present approved name is ALLIMIL. Map position: 44°06 79°47'. References: V.

ALLISON, urban community, now Part of City of Hamilton. Present approved name is ALLISON. Map position: 43°12' 79°53'. References: V.

ALLISONVILLE, Hillier Township, Prince Edward County. Located 12 miles west of Picton and 5 miles north of Wellington. Early settlers were Franklin and Philip Ainsworth, in the 1830's. Place named for Reverend Cyrus Allison. Post office established as ALLISONVILLE on September 6th, 1851. First Postmaster J.W. Allison. Office closed December 8th, 1927. Present approved name is ALLISONVILLE. Population 150 in 1848 and 50 in 1933. Map position: 44°02' 77°22'. References: 3J, I, 5B, T, S, E, Z, EE, PP, 6T, 5L and 8Q.

ALLISTON, Town, in both Essa and Tecumseth Geographic Townships, Simcoe County. Located 24 miles south west of Barrie and 58 miles north west of Toronto. Post office established as ALLISTON on September 30th, 1859. First Postmaster George Fletcher. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler William Fletcher in 1821, who named the place for his native place in Yorkshire, England. Incorporated as a village June 18th,1874 and Proclaimed a town on the first Monday of January 1891. Present approved name is ALLISTON. Population in 1895 was 1,371 and in 1978 was 4,155. Map position: 44°09' 79°52'. References: I, M, F, U, 5C, 3X, 5L and 7R.

ALLOA, SEE: TROUGHTON'S CORNERS, Peel County.

ALLOA POST OFFICE, SEE: TROUGHTON'S CORNERS, Peel County.

ALLOUEZ TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 31, Range 20, Algoma District.

ALLSAW, hamlet, Minden Township, Haliburton County. Located 9 miles north of Minden and 8 miles west of Haliburton. Post office opened as ALLSAW in 1885. First Postmaster George Hope. Office closed March 14, 1942. Present approved name is ALLSAW. Population about 20. Map position: 44°59' 78°36'. References: B, I, F, S, Z, V, 6T and 5L.

ALMA #1, SEE: PINE RIVER #1, Bruce County.

ALMA #2, SEE: McCRAE'S CORNERS, Wellington County.

ALMA #3, station, on the Midland Division of the Grand Trunk Railway, in Simcoe County. Located 20 miles east of Midland. It was not a post office. Noted only in 1892 and 1895. References: Z and AA.

ALMA HEIGHTS, hamlet, Lefroy Township, Algoma District. Located near Bruce Mines Station on CPR, 37 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie. Post office established as ALMA HEIGHTS on May 19th, 1902. First Postmaster Samuel Rowe. Post office closed December 29th, 1905.No further reference to this post office. References: S, PP, 7P and 7T.

ALMASKS CORNERS, SEE: JUNCTIONVILLE, Norfolk County.

ALMA STATION, SEE: ALMA #3, Simcoe County.

**ALMA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°04' 80°35'. References: V.

**ALMIRA**, settlement, Markham Township, York County. Located 24 miles north east of Toronto, 5 miles north of Unionville and 6 miles from Stouffville. Post office established as **ALMIRA** on January 1st, 1857. First Postmaster Benjamin Bowman. Office closed April 1st, 1915. This place was annexed as Part of the Town of Markham on January 1st, 1971. Present approved name is **ALMIRA**. Population in 1886 was 100, in 1908 was 70. No recent figures reported. Map position: 43°56' 79°20'. References: A, I, T, S, EE, PP, U12, 3G, 3M, V, 6T and 7R.

**ALMONDS**, settlement, Whitby Township, Ontario County. Population in 1951 was 95. No other reference to this name. Reference: 3B.

**ALMONTE**, SEE: **SHEPHERD'S FALLS**, Lanark County.

**ALNWICK**, SEE: **ALDERVILLE**, Northumberland County.

**ALNWICK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Northumberland County, which was Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P5249-68 dated May 29th, 1968. Population was 836 in 1852 and 782 in 1980. Surveyed in 1826 & 1835. Map position: 44°11' 78°04'. References: HH, 3H, M, 2W, A and V.

**ALNWYCK**, SEE: **ALDERVILLE**, Northumberland County.

**ALONA BAY**, hamlet, Algoma District. Noted in 1978 publication. No other references. Reference: U.

**ALPHA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Surveyed in 1925. Map position: 50°18' 86°39'. References: V and 7R.

**ALPINE**, Harvey Township, Peterborough County. Also known as **ALPINE VILLAGE**. Located 7 km northeast of Bobcaygeon, 10 km northwest of Buckhorn, on Pigeon Lake, between Point Pleasant and Nogies Creek. Present approved name is **ALPINE BEACH**. Population 58 in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 78°28'. References: 3B and 5L.

**ALPINE VILLAGE**, SEE: **ALPINE**, Peterborough County.

**ALPORT**, hamlet, Muskoka Township, Muskoka District. Located 4 miles west of Bracebridge and 20 miles from Washago. Place name later spelled **ALPORTE**. The post office establishedas **ALPORT** on December 1st, 1863. First Postmaster J. B. Browning. Office closed September 20th, 1924. Present approved name is **ALPORT**. Population 150 in 1895and 60 in 1908. Became Part of Town of Bracebridge, District of Muskoka, in 1972. Map position: 45°01' 79°21'. References: A, I, PP, U12, 3O, V and 6T.

**ALSACE**, hamlet, Gurd Township, Parry Sound District. Located 5 miles south of Nipissing, 29 miles north of Magnetewan and 11 miles south west of Powassan. Post office opened as **ALSACE** in 1880, First Postmaster Philip Straus. Office closed on September 1st, 1915. The stage fare to Commanda, $.25, to Rye, $.50, and to Mecunoma cost $.75 in 1892. Parish name **ST. JEAN L'EVANGELISTE**. Present approved name is **ALSACE**. Population 50 in 1899, no recent listings noted. Map position: 46°03' 79°33'. References: 3R, I, T, S, AA, U12, SS, V, 6T, 5P and 5L.

**ALSFELDT**, SEE: **FRANKFORT #2**, Grey County.

**ALSFELDT STATION**, SEE: **FRANKFORT #2**, Grey County.

**ALSOPS BEACH**, just north of Beaverton, on Lake Simcoe. Located one km north of Beaverton, 14 km northwest of Cannington and 11 km west of Argyle. Present approved name is **ALSOPS BEACH**. Map position: 44°26' 79°09'. Reference: 5L.

**ALTA TOWNSHIP**, shown in Simcoe District in 1835, as an unsettled area. Mail for the area settlers in 1835 was

directed to Penetanguishene post office. Simcoe District later became County of Simcoe by Canadian Statue, 1849, C.78, Schedule B, effective January 1st, 1850. No further note of this Township. References: 3H.

**ALTA VISTA**, urban community, now Part of City of Ottawa in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **ALTA VISTA**. Map position: 45°23' 75°40'. References: U and V.

**ALTHORPE**, hamlet, South Sherbrooke Township, Lanark County. Located 20 miles south west of Perth and 6 miles from Maberley Station. The post office established as **ALTHORPE** in 1877. Postmaster in 1881, A. H. Norris but not documented as first postmaster. Office closed June 19th, 1915. Present approved name is **ALTHORPE**. Population 28 in 1885 and 50 in 1907. No recent figures shown. Map position: 44°46' 76°28'. References: I, S, Z, 3R, V, 6T, 5V and 5L.

**ALTON #1**, SEE: **WILLIAMSTOWN #3**, Peel County.

**ALTON #2**, Part of City of Burlington, in the Regional Municipality of Halton in 1974. Present approved name is **ALTON**. Map position: 43°24' 79°49'. References: V.

**ALTONA**, Village, presently in Town of Pickering, Durham County, formerly in Pickering Township, Ontario County, originally in Home District, Canada West. Located on Duffin's Creek, 20 miles northwest of Whitby, 3 miles east of Stouffville, and 31 miles east of Toronto. Post office opened as **ALTONA** on June 1st, 1853. Joseph Monkhouse first Postmaster. Office closed September 16, 1916. Daniel Barkey was one of the first settlers. Present approved name is **ALTONA**. Population about 200 in 1857, and 193 in 1971. Map position: 43°58' 79°12'. References: B, I, T, Z, EE, 3B, 2W, 5K, 6T and 7R.

**ALTON EAST**, station, Caledon Township, Peel County. Had Dominion Express office in 1899. Located in Police Village of **ALTON**, on CPR. Map position: 43°52' 80°04'. References: U10, U12. (SEE: Williamstown, Peel County.)

**ALTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°02' 82°01'. References: V.

**ALTONVILLE**, hamlet, Ashfield Township, Huron District, Canada West, later Ashfield Township, Huron County. Located 3 1/2 miles southwest of Lucknow, 19 miles northeast of Goderich. Post office opened in 1855 and named **BELFAST**. First Postmaster shown as Alex McDonagh. Office closed by 1967. Present approved name is **BELFAST**. Population 150 in 1875 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 43°55' 81°33'. References: A, B, I, Z, MM, 3U and 5L.

**ALVA**, railway point, 24-XII Township now Dablon Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is **ALVA**. Map position: 47°02' 84°02'. References: U and V.

**ALVANLEY**, Derby Township, Grey County, formerly Wellington District, Canada West. Located 9 miles west of Owen Sound, 14 miles east of Southampton. Post office opened as **ALVANLEY** on March 1st, 1864, James Webster first Postmaster. Office closed by 1897. Present approved name is **ALVANLEY**. Population 40 in 1892, and 25 in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 81°07'. References: B, I, Z, AA, 3B, U12, 3Ø, 6S and 5L.

**ALVINSTON**, SEE: **GARDINERS' MILLS**, Lambton County.

**AMABEL TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Bruce County. Incorporation effective January 1st, 1861, by County Bylaw #12, passed on September 26, 1860. Named for sister of Lord Bury, who had bought land, via treaty, from Indians in 1855. Population 2,830 in 1980. Map position: 44°40' 81°13'. References: HH, M, V and TT.

**AMABLE-du-FOND**, railway station, Calvin Township, Nipissing District. Located on main line of Canadian Northern Railroad. Altitude 1,008 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **AMABLE-du-FOND**. Map position: 46°18' 78°52'. References: L3, V.

**AMANDA**, Parry Sound District. Changed to **AMANDA ISLAND** in July of 1953. Located in South Channel, Georgian Bay. In 1974 renamed **STEVENSON ISLAND** and (in same geographic position), **STAR ISLAND**. Map position: 45°14' 80°09'. References: U, V, SS.

**AMANDA ISLAND,** SEE: **AMANDA**, Parry Sound District.

**AMARANTH,** SEE: **AMARANTH STATION**, Wellington County.

**AMARANTH STATION,** railway station, Amaranth Township, Wellington County, and after January 24th, 1881, in Dufferin County. Located 8 miles west of Orangeville and 56 miles northwest of Toronto, on the Canadian Pacific Railway. Post office established as **AMARANTH STATION** on May 1st, 1874. Archibald Lamb first Postmaster. Office closed March 9,1951. Present approved name is **AMARANTH STATION**. Population 25 in 1885, in 1908, of 50. Map position: 43°54' 80°14'. References: A, I, T, S, PP, 3R, 7B, 5Y, 6S.

AMARANTH TOWNSHIP, Simcoe District,(1846) Wellington County, 1852, after 1881 Simcoe District boundaries changed and Amaranth Township Incorporated into County of Dufferin (Ontario Statute 1881, C.9). Surveyed in 1822. Named for the Amaranth plant. In 1848 only post office in the Township was Mono Mills. Population 500 in 1852, and 2,505 in 1980. Map position: 44°00' 80°15'. References: C, HH, 7R, 2W, V.

AMBA SEE: AMBO, Parry Sound District.

AMBER, hamlet, Markham Township, York County. Located at present intersection of Highway #8 and Steeles Avenue, 14 miles northeast of Toronto, 5 miles from Unionville and 3 miles from Markham. Post office established as **AMBER** in 1892. Only Postmaster shown William Hood. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Population in 1895 was 25, no recent figures shown. No recent references to this hamlet. Map position: 43°48' 79°21'. References: I, Z, PP, 5U, 6T and 6S.

AMBERLEY, SEE: ASHFIELD, on Huron and Bruce County line.

AMBLESIDE, settlement, Carrick Township, Bruce County. Located 12 miles south of Walkerton, 3 miles southwest of Mildmay Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **AMBLESIDE** in 1869. Earliest Postmaster shown as M.H. Hartman. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Name given from Amble on the northeast coast of England. Present approved name is **AMBLESIDE**. Population 50 in 1895 and 75 in 1913. Map position: 44°01' 81°12'. References: B, I, S, DD, 6T, 7R, 6S and 4G.

AMBO, community, McDougall Township, Parry Sound District. Located 4 miles from Carling and 7 miles from Parry Sound. Post office established as **AMBO** in May of 1910. First Postmaster Hy Healy. Name changed to **NOBEL** on August 1st, 1913. Office still in operation in 1983. Name at times misspelled as **AMBA**. Present approved name is **NOBEL**. Population 300 in 1941, and 520 in 1980. References: B, U, F, 5L, 3B and 6T.

AMBROSE, post office, Charlotteville Township, later North Walsingham Township, Norfolk County. Located at the intersection of 8th Concession Road at Number 18 Side Road. First name suggested for the post office was **ST. CUTHBERT** but post office opened as **AMBROSE** in 1908. Postmaster not shown. Office closed March of 1919. The present place name suggested to post office by J.W. Hutchison. No recent references to this post office. References: RR, 6T.

AMBUOY, dispersed rural community, Cartwright Township, Durham County, later Scugog Township, Ontario County now in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 50 miles northwest of Cobourg, and 4 miles north of Burketon. In 1873 place name changed to **CADMUS**, Post office opened as **AMBUOY** on August 1st, 1871. First Postmaster George Workman. Office closed April 1st, 1915. Named by John Hughes, after the ancient Greek, Cadmus, who introduced the Greek alphabet. The original name of Ambuoy was given by a Mr. McNorton. Present approved name is **CADMUS**. Population 25 in 1893, and 34 in 1976. Map position: 44°07' 78°47'. References: 7D, V, 6T, 5V, 5X, 5L, U10, 3B, B, A, S and Z.

AMELIASBURGH, SEE: **TOWN #7**, Prince Edward County.

AMELIASBURGH TOWNSHIP, Prince Edward County. Incorporated January 1,1850 (Canada Statute 1849, C81). The main post office was Ways Mills. Named for the seventh daughter of King George III. The first settlers were the

Weese Family. Surveyed by Louis Kotte. First white child born was John Bleeker. Population in 1952 was 3,286, in 1980 was 4,925. Map position: 44°04' 77°26'. References: HH, 2W, 3H, M, V, 1F.

**AMERONTO**, locality, Brantford Township, Brant County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Falkland and 4 1/4 miles from Paris. Post office opened as **AMERONTO** on July 15th, 1909. First Postmaster Alfred Potruff. Office closed July 1st, 1913. No recent references to this locality. Map position: 43°09' 80°24'. References: B, 6S and 6T.

**AMERY**, hamlet, Limerick Township, Hastings County. Located 4 miles southeast of St. Ola, 5 miles from Steenburg and 8 miles west of Ormsby. Post office opened on July 1st, 1928 as a summer office. Postmaster Mr. German Baragar. Office closed 1928. Post office reopened June 24th, 1931 under the name **RESTHOLME**. Postmistress Mrs. Baker. Post office permanently closed September 15th, 1931. Present approved name is **AMERY**. Map position: 44°51' 77°36'. No recent references to this hamlet. References: SS, T and 6T.

**AMERY TOWNSHIP**, Cochrane District. Named for the Honorable L. C. Amery of Britain. Map position: 50°17' 82°45'. References: V.

**AMES #1**, summer post office, Medora Township, Muskoka District. Located 2 3/4 miles from Minett and 1 mile north of Craigie Lea. Office established as **AMES** on June 25th, 1930. Frank Ames was first Postmaster. Office permanently closed in 1931 season. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

**AMES #2**, railway stati on, McMillian Township, Cochrane District. Located on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line. Altitude 772 feet above sea level. Name later changed to **AMESON**. No date noted for change. Present approved name is **AMESON**. Map position: 49°49' 84°34'. References: L2, SS, U and V.

**AMESDALE**, SEE: **FREDA**, Kenora District.

**AMESON**, SEE: **AMES #2**, Cochrane District.

**AMES SURVEY**, Amabel Township, Bruce County. Located 1 km south of Wiarton, 11 km north of Hepworth and 12 km west of Oliphant. Name not approved. Population 108 in 1956 and 75 in 1976. Map position: 44°43' 81°09'. References: 3B, 5E, 6M and 5L.

**AMES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Surveyed in 1902. Named for A. E. Ames of Toronto. Map position: 48°39' 90°39'. Reference: V.

**AMETHYST**, SEE: **SIBLEY**, Thunder Bay District.

**AMETHYST HARBOUR**, dispersed rural comunity, MacGregor Township, Thunder Bay District. Located near Silver Harbour and 20 miles northeast of Thunder Bay. Named by A.J. Hills of Ottawa, Superintendent of Canadian Northern Railway.Present approved name is **AMETHYST HARBOUR**. Map position 48°32' 88°52'. References: U, V, 5L and 7R.

**AMHERST**, Village, Township of Hamilton, Northumberland County ,formerly in Upper Canada. Located 72 miles east of Toronto and 103 miles west of Kingston. Post office established in 1819, as **HAMILTON**, named for the Township. James Bethune first Postmaster. In 1822 post office name changed to **COBOURG** to commemorate the marriage of Princess Charlotte to Prince Leopold of Saxe-Coburg, Germany. The extra 'o' in the present name was a clerical error when registering the document. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious parish name ST. MICHEL. Incorporated as a Police Village in 1837 and amended in 1846, as a Town, by Act 12, Victoria, Cap 81, on May 30th, 1849. Early local name **BUCKVILLE** for 1808 settler Elijah Buck. Nicknamed **HARDSCRABBLE** to denote the difficult times. Population 3,871 in 1852 and 11,264 in 1980. Present approved name is **COBOURG**. Map position: 43°58' 78°10'. References: V, B, I, M, C, G, F, 7R, 3H and 8O.

**AMHERSTBURG**, SEE: **MALDEN FORT**, Essex County.

**AMHERST ISLAND**, SEE: **KAOUNESGO**, Lennox and Addington County.

AMHERST ISLAND (TOWNSHIP OF), Geographic Township, Lennox and Addington County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, Quieting Order P4766-67, dated May 29th, 1968. In 1878 there were only two villages on the island, Stella, with Captain Polly as Postmaster, and Emerald, with Colonel John Hitchins, Postmaster. The island area is 14,015 acres. Population 1,287 in 1852 and 364 in 1980. Map position: 44°08' 76°43'. References: HH, M, 2W, V and 1A.

AMHERST POINTE, dispersed rural community, Malden Township, Essex County. Located 6 km south of Amherstburg, 8 km southwest of Busy Bee Corners and 17 km west of Harrow. Present approved name is AMHERST POINTE. Population 392 in 1971 and 479 in 1976. Map position: 42°03' 83°07. References: 3B, V, 6M and 5L.

AMHERST TOWNSHIP, Newcastle District, Canada West. Only post office in Township, in 1848, was Cobourg. References: C.

AMHERST VIEW, dispersed rural community, Ernestown Township, Lennox and Addington County, Ontario. Located 7 miles west of Kingston, on Highway #33. Post office established as AMHERST VIEW on November 1965. No listing shown for the Postmaster. Office still on operation in 1973. Place named for the location as it faces the view of Amherst Island. Present approved name is AMHERST VIEW. Population 2,045 in 1972. Map position: 44°13' 76°38'. References: O, V, 5K, 5L, B and 7R.

AMHERST VIEW SUBDIVISION, Ernestown Township, Lennox and Addington County, Ontario. Population 115 in 1956 and 5,295 in 1976. Reference: 3B, 5E.

AMIENS, SEE: HICKORY CORNERS, Middlesex County.

AMIGARI, SEE: FORT ERIE FORT, Welland County.

AMIGARI DOWNS, urban community, within Town of Fort Erie, Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is AMIGARI DOWNS. Map Position: 42°56' 78°57'. Reference: V+.

AMIGO BEACH, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located on Lake Couchiching, 2 km south of Cumberland Beach and 10 km north of Orillia. Present approved name is AMIGO BEACH. Map position: 44°42' 79°24'. References: B, V and 5L.

AMIK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named with the Indian word meaning "BEAVER". Map position: 48°30' 83°48'. Reference: V.

AMULREE, hamlet, Perth County, Huron District, Canada West, later a dispersed rural community North Easthope Township, Perth County. Located 11 miles northeast of Stratford and 3 1/2 miles from Shakespeare. Post office opened as AMULREE on January 1st, 1864, First Postmaster A. Dallas. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Present approved name is AMULREE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°25' 80°50'. References: B, I, DD, 3Q, V and 6T.

AMUNDSEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for the Arctic explorer Roald Amundsen. Map position: 48°39' 82°55'. Reference: V.

AMWRI, railway point, later an unincorporated community in Thunder Bay District. Located west of White Lake. A named place with no population. Present approved name is AMWRI. Map position: 48°50' 85°51'. References: R2 and V.

AMYOT, station and dispersed rural community, Township #63, later McGowan Township, Algoma District. Located 20 miles east of White River and 50 miles from Missanbie. AMYOT STATION on C.P.R. main line at an altitude 1,382 feet above sea level. Post office opened as AMYOT on August 1911. First Postmaster J. Kropp. Office closed July 1st, 1946. Present approved name is AMYOT. Population 25 in 1893 and 8 in 1972. Map position 48°29' 84°57'. References: Z, PP, L1, U10, O, 6T, V and 5L.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**AMYOT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for Dr. W. Amyot of Toronto. Map position: 47°22' 81°19'. Reference: V.

ANCASTER, SEE: **WILSON'S MILLS**, Wentworth County.

ANCASTER HEIGHTS, urban community, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Now within Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **ANCASTER HEIGHTS**. Population in 1956 at 399. Map position: 43°14' 79°58'. References: 5E and V.

ANCASTER STATION, suburban community, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Now in Town of Ancaster, within Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Reference: B.

ANCASTER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, organized in 1792. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canadian Statutes, 1849, C 81, later dissolved, by Ontario Statutes, 1973, C 74. Part annexed by **TOWN OF ANCASTER**, and Part by **TOWN OF DUNDAS**, effective January 1st, 1974. Consists of 44,000 acres of land. Map position: 43°12' 80°00'. References: HH, 3E, 2W, 3H, M and V.

ANCLIFF, railway point, McTavish Township, Thunder Bay District. Present approved name is **ANCLIFF**. Map position: 48°43' 88°35'. References: U and V.

ANCONA POINT, dispersed rural community, Verulam Township, Victoria County. Located on Sturgeon Lake, near Lindsay, 4 km northwest of Kenhill Beach and 12 km southeast of Fenelon Falls. Present approved name is **ANCONA POINT**. Map position: 44°30' 78°37'. References: B, U, V and 5L.

ANCONA STATION, station, Verulam Township, Victoria County. Located 4 miles from Bobcaygeon and on the Lindsay and Bobcaygeon branch of the C.P.R. Present approved name is **ANCONA STATION**. Map position: 44°30' 78°37'. References: PP, V.

ANDBEG, SEE: **DEER LAKE STATION**, Peterborough County, Parry Sound District.

ANDERDON, hamlet, Anderdon Township, Essex County. Located 16 miles south of Sandwich and 4 1/2 miles north of Amherstburg. Post office named **ANDERDON** opened December 1st, 1873. First Postmaster John S.Smith. Office name changed to **GORDON** in 1874 . Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **GORDON**. Population 100 in 1892 and 200 in 1908. Map position: 42°07' 83°07. References: I, 5Y, G, PP, V, 6T and 7R.

ANDERDON (TOWNSHIP OF), Township, Western District, Canada West, later Essex County. Incorporated January 1,1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C-81. Originally a Wyandottes Indian Reserve prior to 1837. Population in 1852 at 1,199, 1980 at 5,188. Map position: 42°09' 83°05'. References: HH, 7R, C, M, 2W and V.

ANDERSON #1, hamlet, Blanshard Township, Perth County. Located 21 miles west of Stratford and 2 miles from St. Mary's. Post office opened as **ANDERSON** on July 1st, 1867. First Postmaster Humphrey White. Office closed on December 1, 1914. Present approved name is **ANDERSON**. Population at 100 in 1893 and 9 in 1976. Map position: 43°18' 81°14'. References: A, I, DD, U10, 3Q, 6T, 5L and 7R.

ANDERSON #2, SEE: **LENOX #2**, Lennox County.

ANDERSON #3, dispersed rural community, Merritt Township, Sudbury District. Located 4 km southeast of Espanola, 14 km north of Whitefish Falls and 17 km northeast of Lee Valley. Name changed to **ANDERSON LAKE** in January of 1918. Present approved name is **ANDERSON LAKE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°14' 81°43'. References: SS, U, V and 5L.

ANDERSON LAKE, SEE: **ANDERSON #3** , Sudbury District.

ANDERSON PARK, SEE: **BORDEN**, Simcoe County.

ANDERSON'S MILLS, hamlet, Hinchinbrooke Township, Frontenac County, Ontario. Located on Bob's Lake, 41 miles from Kingston, 2 miles west of Parham Station, and 22 miles from Harrowsmith. Post office opened and named PARHAM, on June 1,1862. First Postmaster T.A. Grant. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler William Bertrim. Present approved name is PARHAM. Population 80 in 1893 and 171 in 1976. Map position: 44°39' 76°43'. References: PP, I, MM, 3B, U10, F, 5L, 3N, 6E, 7B, V.

ANDERSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for William Anderson, M.P.P. in 1871. Map position: 46°40' 84°02'. Reference: V and 7R.

ANDERTON, SEE: ANDERDON, Essex County.

ANDRE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP #31, RANGE 24, Algoma District.

ANDREWSBURG, hamlet, Yonge Township, Johnstown District, Canada West, later in Front of Escott Township, Leeds County. Located 16 miles from Brockville and 32 miles from Kingston. ESCOTT post office opened July 6th, 1848. First Postmaster Thomas Vanston. Office closed December 1, 1913. In the 1870's also known as SPRINGFIELD. ESCOTT, the post office name, was assumed as the hamlet name. Designated as a dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is ESCOTT. Population 150 in 1857 and 68 in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 75°56'. References: B,, I, C, Z, EE, 2W, 3B, V and 6T.

ANDREWSVILLE, hamlet, Montague Township, Lanark County. Located 12 miles northeast of Smith's Falls, and 28 miles east of Perth. First settler Rufus Andrews who located in 1843 on the north shore of Rideau River, where he built a shingle mill. The village grew around it. Post office opened in 1890, named ANDREWSVILLE for Rufus Andrews, first settler. Postmaster not listed. Office closed October 1, 1913. Present approved name is ANDREWSVILLE. Map position: 44°57' 75°49'. References: B, I, E, V, 6T, 7U, 5L and 7R.

ANGE GARDIEN, Longueuil Township, Prescott County. Population in 1976 at 69. Reference: 3B.

ANGEL VALLEY, SEE: KUMMER SETTLEMENT, York County.

ANGLER, station, Township #77, later McCoy Township, Thunder Bay District. Post office opened as ANGLER in 1906. Postmaster's name not shown. Office closed November 9, 1946. Present approved name is ANGLER. Map position: 48°47' 86°26'. References: V, 6T.

ANGLESEA, hamlet, Anglesea Township, Addington County, Canada West, later a concentrated rural community in Angelsea Township, Lennox and Addington County and again later, Barrie Township, Frontenac County. Located 45 miles north of Napanee and 38 miles from Erinsville. Post office opened in 1859 as CLOYNE. First Postmaster Eli Clark. Office still in operation in 1983. This area was settled by a timbering crews. Present approved name is CLOYNE. Population 40 in 1885 and 138 in 1976. Map position: 44°49' 77°11'. References: I, T, 3R, 3X, F, V and 7B.

ANGLESEA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Lennox and Addington County. Sometimes misspelled as ANGELSEY Township, located in Midland District, Canada West. Settled in 1830's. In 1852 surveyed at 67,200 acres, all uninhabited. Population in 1976 at 29. Map position: 44°50' 77°16'. References: V, 3B, C, 3H and 2W.

ANGLIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Surveyed in 1887. Named for the Honorable T. W. Anglin of New Brunswick. Map position: 45°54' 78°20'. References: V and 7R.

ANGLING LAKE #1, post office, east of Big Trout Lake, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 24 km northeast of Big Trout Lake and 95 km north of Kingfisher Lake. ANGLING LAKE office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is ANGLING LAKE. Population 166 in 1978. Map position: 53°50' 89°31'. References: R3, F, V and 5L.

ANGLING LAKE #2, Indian Reservation, Patricia Portion, Kenora District. Located on Angling Lake, 22 km

northeast of Big Trout Lake and 70 km northwest of Kasabonika. Map position: 53°55' 89°33'. Reference: 5L.

ANGUS, police village, Essa Township, Simcoe County. Formerly in Simcoe District, Canada West. Located at meeting of Nottawasaga and Pine rivers, 12 miles northwest of Barrie and 4 miles north of Camp Borden. ANGUS STATION served by CNR. Post office opened as ANGUS, on August 1st, 1856. First Postmaster J. B. Carter. Office still in operation in 1983. Named for Angus Morrison, M.P. for North Simcoe riding. Incorporated as Police Village effective date January 29th, 1920, by County Bylaw #1332. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Original village site owned by Jonas TarBush. Present approved name is ANGUS. Population 6,500 in 1881 and 3,494 in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 79°53'. References: B, I, 2T, JJ, 2Y, 3M, F, 2E, 5L and 7L.

ANGUS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Named for the Angus brothers who surveyed the North Bay area. Map position 46°51' 79°27'. Reference: V and 7R.

ANITA, unincorporated community, Thunder Bay District. Located 46 km west of Thunder Bay. A named place with no population. Map position: 49°30' 88°30'. Reference: R2.

ANJIGAMI, railway point, 28-XXII Township, later Nebonaionquet Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is ANJIGAMI. Map position: 47°53' 84°32'. References: U, V.

ANKERINE MINE, hamlet in an unorganized township, Timmins area, Cochrane District. Sometimes misspelled as ANKERITE MINE. Population 136 in 1961 and 136 in 1971. References: 3B and 5A.

ANNABLE SETTLEMENT, dispersed rural community, Winchester Township, Dundas County. Located 1 km northeast of Winchester, 10 km west of Chesterville and 11 km southeast of Vernon. Named for early settlers Joshua and Adolphous Annable. Present approved name is ANNABLE SETTLEMENT. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°06' 75°21'. References: V, 5L and 7R.

ANNAN, SEE: SPEEDIE, Grey County.

ANNEX, railway point, Blackwell Township, Thunder Bay District. A station on the Canadian National Railway main line. Located 87 km west of Thunder Bay. A named place with no population. Present approved name is ANNEX. Map position: 48°37' 90°00'. References: R2, L3 and V.

ANNWOOD, SEE: ANWOOD, Hastings County.

ANOMA LEA, dispersed rural community, Rear of Yonge and Escott Townships, Leeds County. Located 2 km northeast of Athens, 4 km southwest of Addison and 11 km east of Chantry. Present approved name is ANOMA LEA. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°38' 75°55'. References: V and 5L.

ANSLEYS, Midland District, Canada West, later Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Located 14 miles northeast of Kingston and 4 1/2 miles northeast of Sunbury. Post office established July 1st, 1854 as BATTERSEA, which was named for a section of London City, England. First Postmaster Cornelius Vanluven. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler in 1820, Daniel Ansley. Alternate place names were ROCKVILLE and VAN LUVEN'S MILLS, in the late 1830's. Present approved name is BATTERSEA. Population 200 in 1886 and 163 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 76°23'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 3L, V, 6E, F, 5L, 7R and 7D.

ANSNORVELDT, on lot 27, Concession 3, King Township, York County, later within Regional Municipality of York. Located 4 km southeast of Bradford, 3 km southwest of Holland Landing and 6 km northeast of Newmarket.Settlement established 1930 by Dutch. John Snore, leader of the group, named the place after his daughter, Ann-Snore-*veldt,(* meaning land or country). Post office established as ANSNORVELDT on December 13, 1948. First Postmaster, Lieuwe Boonstra. Office closed October 1, 1949. Present approved name is ANSNORVELDT. Population 120 in 1941 and 197 in 1976. Map position: 44°05' 79°33'. References: B, 3G, D, 3B, 6T and 5L.

ANSON, a station on the Grand Trunk Railway and Central Ontario Railway in Rawdon Township, Hastings County.

Post office opened January 1st, 1888. First Postmaster Alex McMullen. Office closed December 1, 1913. Also known as ANSON JUNCTION in 1880's. Named for settler Anson Cummings. Present approved name is ANSON. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 77°35'. References: I, Z, 6T, 5L and 7R.

ANSON JUNCTION, SEE: ANSON, Hastings County.

ANSON, HINDON and MINDEN (UNITED TOWNSHIPS OF), Geographic Township, Haliburton County, later in the Provisional County of Haliburton, now in Haliburton County. Incorporated January 1st, 1945. Quieting Order M7416, dated June 1st, 1959. Surveyed and open for settlement in 1858. Named for General George Anson. A Mr. Barton was one of the first settlers in the Township operating a sawmill north of Minden in the early years. Population 2,349 in 1980. Map position 44°57' 78°50'. References HH, M and V.

ANSONIA, hamlet, Lefroy Township, Algoma District. Located 58 miles from Sault Ste. Marie, 6 miles north of Thessalon and 60 miles west of Algoma Mills. Post office opened 1880 and closed February 19th, 1915. First Postmaster J. H. Lawlor in 1886. Present approved name is ANSONIA. Population 25 in 1899 and 42 in 1971. Map position: 46°19' 83°37'. References: T, S, Z, I, 3R, V, 6V, 7E, 6T, 5L, 5S and 9F.

ANSON'S FOLLY, SEE: JACINTO, Cochrane District.

ANSONVILLE, SEE: JACINTO, Cochrane District.

ANSTICE, SEE: POOLE #2, Sudbury District.

ANSTIGO, SEE: POOLE #2, Sudbury District.

ANSTRUTHER LAKE, Summer Post Office, Anstruther Township, Peterborough County, later in Hastings County. Located 10 km southwest of Apsley, 12 km northeast of Jack Lake and 11 km east of Catchacoma. Post office opened as ANSTRUTHER LAKE on July 3rd, 1967. First Postmistress Dorothy Copland. Office closed on August 30th, 1969. Present approved name is ANSTRUTHER LAKE. Map position: 44°44' 78°12'. References: U, V, 5L, 4Z, 4W and 4Y.

ANSTRUTHER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Peterborough County. Settled in early 1860s. Named for Sir Michael Anstruther, British M. P. Map position: 44°48' 78°13'. References: V and 7R.

ANTEN MILLS, SEE: HENDRIE, Simcoe County.

ANTEN MILLS STATION, SEE: HENDRIE, Simcoe County.

ANTHONY #1, hamlet, Currie Township, Cochrane District, Located 10 km west of Matheson, 10 km southeast of Val Gagne and 25 km south of Iroquois Falls. Present approved name is ANTHONY. Population 35 in 1976. Map position: 48°32' 80°34'. References: U, 3B, V and 5L.

ANTHONY #2, post office, Taylor Township, Nippissing District. Located 6 miles from Matheson. Post office named ANTHONY opened May 20th,1913. First Postmaster Charles Anthony. Office closed March 1, 1951. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

ANTIOCH, settlement, Sinclair Township, later shown in Lake of Bays Township, Muskoka District, formerly in Nipissing District. Located 40 miles northeast of Bracebridge, 16 miles northeast of Huntsville and 10 miles from Grassmere. Post office named ANTIOCH established in 1882. Earliest Postmaster O. E. Garnett in 1885. Office closed October 13th, 1923. Present approved name is ANTIOCH. Population 100 in 1892 and 100 in 1899. Map position: 45°26' 79°00'. References: I, T, S, Z, AA, PP, 5U, 3R, V, 5T, 6T, 5P and 5S.

ANTOINE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°30' 78°57'. References: V.

ANTOINE PROVINCIAL PARK, Mattawan Township, Nippising District. Located 5 miles from Mattawa. Area 22 acres.

Map position: 46°21' 78°44'. References: R7.

ANTRIM, SEE: HOWARD'S CORNERS, Carleton County.

ANTRIM PORT, Western District, Upper Canada (1835), Bothwell Electoral District (1872), Howard Township, Elgin County (1886) and Howard Township, Kent County, (1976). Other name, PORT ANTRIM, in Western District, Canada West (1848). Located on Highway #3, 22 miles southeast of Chatham, 16 miles south of Thamesville and 4 miles south of Ridgetown, which was the nearest railway point having both the Lake Erie & Detroit and Michigan Central Railway passing through. Post office opened in Kent County, Upper Canada, on October 6th, 1831 under the name HOWARD. First Postmaster J. Wheatley. In 1851 post office name changed to MORPETH as the result of a whiskey brawl, in which the two proponents, one supporting the name Morpeth and the other Jamestown, fought; the Morpeth side stole the whiskey of the Jamestown side, and won the day for the innocent bystander, Lord Morpeth. Office still in operation in 1983. Local names were THE RED STORE, JAMESVILLE and LEE'S CORNER, the latter for Edward Lee, the first store keeper (1826). Present approved name is MORPETH. Population 550 in 1892, 218 in 1972 and 305 in 1976. Map position: 42°23' 81°51'. References: C, G, 3S, 7X, I, T, S, AA, O, 7B, 7A, PP and V.

ANTRIM TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°56' 81°39'. References: V.

ANWOOD, settlement, Newcastle District, Upper Canada, in 1853 shown in Victoria County, Canada West, now Murray Township, Northumberland County. Located 12 miles west of Belleville, 71 miles east of Kingston, and 34 miles east of Cobourg on CNR and CPR. Station name (CNR) TRENTON JUNCTION situated on present Highways #2 and #33 where the Trent River enters the Bay of Quinte. Post office established 1826 as RIVER TRENT. First Postmaster S. Hawley. Office name changed to PORT TRENT in 1831, in Sydney Township, Hastings County and to TRENT PORT in 1841, and finally to TRENTON in 1853. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name in use to 1835. Alternate name spelled ANNWOOD to 1846. In 1846 place names in use were TRENT and TRENT TOWN. Trenton, which had assumed the post office name, Incorporated as a Village in 1853. Proclaimed a Town in 1880, and a Separated Town (from Hastings County), in 1884. Became part of CITY OF TRENTON, Erected by Ontario Municipal Board Order, on July 1st, 1980. Religious Parish name STE. PIERRE aux LIENS in 1915. Land was purchased from James Smith, first patentee, by Bishop Strachan, who laid it out in town lots, and named the place Anwood in 1803. Present approved name is TRENTON. Population 300 in 1846, 8,323 in 1948 and 14,848 in 1980. Map position: 44°06' 77°35'. References: 1E, I, 7X, C, 8P, G, B, M, P, T, S, EE, MM, HH, 2T, F, 2Y, 5C, SS, 5K, 7L, 7V and V.

APPANEE, Midland District, Upper Canada, later Canada West subsequently in Richmond and North Fredericksburg Townships, in Lennox and Addington County. Located 26 miles west of Kingston, 25 miles from Belleville and 7 miles up the Napanee River from Bay of Quinte, on CNR, at Highways #2 and #41. Post office opened in 1820 as NAPANEE MILLS. "Mills" portion of name soon dropped from use. First Postmaster Allan McPherson. Office still in operation in 1983. APPANEE was the 1826 Indian name for present NAPANEE, (which was named for the river; another source states that Napanee means 'flour'. The grist mill which was established here supplied the Indians with flour, hence the name). In 1857, by Canada Statute, C114, an Act to divide the Township of Fredericksburgh into two municipalities, one portion of which was amalgamated by Napanee. Settled 1785, as mill site, and named APPANEA FALLS. Established as Police Village September 26th, 1850, Incorporated as Village, by Act 12, VIC., cap 81, and by Proclamation September 28th, 1854, effective date January 1st, 1855, and as Town on December 1st, 1864. In 1892, Napanee was the terminus of the Napanee, Toronto and Quinte Railway, and a station on Grand Trunk Railway. Parish name, ST. PATRICE, in 1915. Local name for this place THE NAPANEE. This place was once famous for its manufacture of plug hats. Present approved name is NAPANEE. Population 500 in 1846 and 4,698 in 1980. Map position: 44°15' 76°57'. References: B, I, G, M, AA, C, HH, 2T, 2W, 2Y, 3S, SS, 5K, 6D, 6E, PP, ZZ, 7X, 9F, F, 9G, 7V and V.

APPELO, dispersed rural community, Markstay Township, Sudbury District. Located 5 miles from Ruel and 16 1/2 miles from LaForest. Post office established as APPELO (in Algoma District),on March 19th, 1923 and closed July 31st, 1937. First Postmaster Peter Scott. Present approved name is APPELO. Map position: 47°12' 81°24'. References: V, 6T and 5L.

APPENEA SEE: APANEE, Lennox County.

APPIN, hamlet, London District, Canada West, later Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. Located 5 miles northeast of Glencoe, 4 1/4 miles from Mayfair and 25 miles southwest of London. Post office opened named APPIN on June 1st, 1861, First Postmaster J. D. R. McLean. Office still in operation in 1983. The area was surveyed prior to 1850, and the surveyor, Peter McLean, named it for his birthplace in Scotland. First settler was probably Dr. D. S. McKellar, who likely sold land to Great West Railway, which established the station, named EKFRID CENTRE, reason for the prosperity of the place. Present approved name is APPIN. Population 200 in 1886 and 175 in 1978. Map position: 42°48' 81°39'. References: B, I, T, F, S, Z, U, U12, 3N, V, 5L and 7R.

APPIN CROSSING, a station at the junction of Michigan Central Railway and Grand Trunk Railway, in Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. Located 23 miles southwest of London. Name changed to APPIN JUNCTION in 1893 by Michigan Central Railway, which CPR changed to NORTH APPIN in 1908. Present approved name is NORTH APPIN STATION. Population 25 in 1893 and 10 in 1908. Map position: 42°49' 81°39'. References: S, U10, PP, U12, SS and V.

APPIN JUNCTION, SEE: APPIN CROSSING, Middlesex County.

APPLEBY, hamlet, Gore District, Canada West, later Nelson Township, Halton County, and most recently in Town of Burlington, Halton Region. Located 4 miles from Burlington, 11 miles south of Milton and 4 miles from Bronte Station. Name somtimes misspelled APPELBY. Post office named APPLEBY opened on March 1st, 1857. First Postmaster T. Atkinson. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is APPLEBY. Population 150 in 1875 and 99 in 1980. Map position: 43°23' 79°46'. References: B, A, I, S, U, DD, U12, 3M, V, 6T and 6S.

APPLEBY CORNERS, post office, Appleby Township, Nipissing District, later shown in Appleby and Dunnet Townships, Sudbury District. Located 43 miles west of North Bay and 37 miles east of Sudbury. Post office established as APPLEBY CORNERS on February 1st, 1904. First Postmaster J. L. Lamarche. Office closed July 21st, 1917. Status changed to a dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is APPLEBY CORNERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°24' 80°25'. References: S, PP, V, V+, 6T, 7J and 7T.

APPLEBY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' 80°29'. References: V.

APPLEDORE, settlement, Chatham Township, Bothwell Electoral District, later shown in Kent County. Located 10 miles north of Chatham and 2 1/2 miles west of Eberts on the Pere Marquette Railway. Post office opened as APPLEDORE in 1875. First Postmaster O. B. Arnold. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is APPLEDORE. Population 200 in 1885 and 200 in 1908. Map position: 42°31' 82°09'. References: J, I, S, Z, AA, PP, 3R, U12, V, 5T, 6T, XX, 5L and 6S.

APPLEGARTH'S MILL. Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Located on Burlington Bay and 15 miles from Bronte. This is not a post office. Name later changed to BURLINGTON HEIGHTS. References: The Story of Bronte Heights, by Philip Brimacombe, Hamilton O.G.S. and Dorothy Reid.

APPLE HILL, Police Village, Kenyon Township, Glengarry County. Located 11 miles west of Alexandria, on CPR, 5 miles from Martintown and 16 miles north of Cornwall. Sometimes erroneously spelled as APLE HILL. Post office opened as APPLE HILL in 1882. First Postmaster A. Kennedy. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Police Village by County bylaw #1810, effective date, October 26th, 1916. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Name originated because Sandy Kennedy's apple orchard was located on 'high ground'. Present approved name is APPLE HILL. Population 300 in 1892 and 394 in 1978. Map position: 45°13' 74°46'. References: B, I, F, P, T, S, Z, AA, U, DD, MM, 2Y, 5L, 3R, U12, V, F, 7R, 9F and 7L.

APPLETON, SEE: APPLE TREE FALLS, Lanark County.

APPLETON FALLS, SEE: APPLE TREE FALLS, Lanark County.

APPLE TREE FALLS, concentrated rural community, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Ramsay Township, Lanark

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**APPLE TREE FALLS**, concentrated rural community, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Ramsay Township, Lanark County. Located 3 miles Ashton and midway between Almonte and Carlton Place. Post office opened as **APPLETON** on July 1st, 1857. First Postmaster Albert Teskey. Office closed by 1971. Place known as **TESKEYVILLE** for some years. It gradually assumed the post office name of Appleton. Early settlers were Joseph and James Teskey in 1820. Present approved name is **APPLETON**. Population 300 in 1875 and 153 in 1978. Map position: 45°11' 76°08'. References: D, A, EE, I, F, Z, U, 2Y, 3M, 3V, V, 7U, 9F, 5L and 7R.

**APPLEWOOD ACRES #1**, urban community, Toronto Township, Peel County. Located near Port Credit, now part of City of Mississauga, within Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is **APPLEWOOD ACRES**. Population 1,168 in 1956 and 1,168 in 1978. Map position: 43°36' 79°35'. References: U, 5E, 3C and V.

**APPLEWOOD ACRES #2**, urban community, which is part of City of Ottawa, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **APPLEWOOD ACRES**. Map position: 45°23' 75°40'. References: V.

**APPLEWOOD HEIGHTS**, concentrated rural community, Toronto Township, Peel County. Part of the City of Mississauga, within Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is **APPLEWOOD HEIGHTS**. Map position: 43°37' 79°36'. References: 3C and V.

**APPLEWOOD HILLS**, urban community, Toronto Township, Peel County. Now part of City of Mississauga, within Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is **APPLEWOOD HILLS**. Map position: 43°36' 79°35. References: 3C and V.

**APSLEY**, concentrated rural community, Anstruther Township, Peterborough County, formerly in Colborne District, Canada West. Place at one time shown in both Anstruther and Burleigh Townships. Located on Eel's Creek, 40 miles northeast of Peterborough, 30 miles northeast of Lakefield and 20 miles Coe Hill Station, on Canada Central Railway, later Central Ontario Railway and Grand Trunk Railway, finally on CNR. Post office opened as **APSLEY** in 1865. First Postmaster Charles Vizard. (Also first settler and first builder of a sawmill.) Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **APLSLEY**. Population 125 in 1871 and 298 in 1978. Map position: 44°45' 78°06'. References: B, I, DD, 3B, 2M, 3R, V, 6M, F, S, 5L and 7R.

**APTO**, dispersed rural community, Flos Township, Simcoe County, formerly in Simcoe District, Canada West. Located 10 miles from Barrie and 3 miles east of Phelpston Station, on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **APTO** on November 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Malcom Stewart. Office closed July 1st, 1912. Founded 1856 by soldier Dennis Gallagher who named the post office for a town in Spain. Present approved name is **APTO**. Population 30 in 1857 and 150 in 1899. Map position: 44°31' 79°48. References: A, I, Z, EE, JJ, 3U, 3V, V, 7B, 6T and 5L.

**AQUEDUCT**, at times shown as **THE AQUADUCT**, hamlet, Crowland Township, later Crowland and Thorold Townships, Niagara District, later in Welland County. Located 40 miles southeast of Hamilton on the CPR, Michigan Central and the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railways. Post office opened as **MERRITTSVILLE**, August 6th, 1849. First Postmaster Thomas Burgar who named it in honour of William Hamilton Merritt. Alternate name in use for place was **MERRITTSBURG** in 1840's. Post office name changed to **WELLAND**, for the river, in 1858. Office still in operation in 1983. Originally named for the Aquaduct which carried canal water over the river. Became the County Seat in 1855, and Incorporated as the Village of Welland, on July 24th, 1858. Proclaimed a Town January 1st, 1878 and Incorporated as a City, July 1st, 1917. Welland amalgamated the community of **HUMBERSTONE**, in 1952 and was itself annexed into the City of Welland, within Regional Municipality of Niagara, on January 1st, 1970. Present approved name is **WELLAND**. Population 731 in 1861 and 44,749 in 1979. Map position: 42°59' 79°15'. References: I, G, C, EE, 2W, 3D, 5B, 3U, 3W, 7B, 8Q, 8P, B, M, P, N, T, S, U, AA, Z, DD, MM, HH, 2T, F, 2Y, GG, 3R, 5U, 3Y, 5K, 4F, 2D, 6S, PP, 5L, F, 3D, 5T, 5V and 5P.

**ARAGON**, post office, Westbrook Township, Algoma District, later in Sudbury District. Located 7 miles from Coyne, 66 miles from Sudbury and 15 miles from Gogama. Post office opened as **ARAGON** on October 13th, 1923. First Postmaster W. B. Plaunt. Office closed July 3rd, 1930. No recent references to this office. Map position: 47°00' 81°00' (approximately). References: 6T and 9F.

For references see Works Cited.

Glen Cairn, 12 km northwest of Barr Haven and 12 km southeast of Bells Corners. Present approved name is **ARBEATHA PARK**. Map position: 45°19' 79°49'. References: V and 5L.

ARBOR GREEN, SEE: **ERIN MILLS**, Peel County.

ARBOR VITAE, dispersed rural community, Sutherland Township, Rainy River District. Located 9 miles from Pinewood and 16 miles from Stratton. Post office open as **ARBO VITAE** on November 1st, 1921. First Postmaster Nicholas T. Gerhard. Office closed November 1st, 1960. Mail address now Pinewood RR #1. Present approved name is **ARBOR VITAE**. Population 55 in 1927 and 60 in 1978. Map position: 48°54' 94°18'. References: R2, U, 2P, LL, 5E, V, 6T and 5L.

**ARBUTUS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°33' 82°09'. References: V

ARCHER #1, dispersed rural community, Williamsburg Township, Dundas County. Located 20 miles west of Cornwall, 4 miles from Aultsville and 9 miles from Boucks Hill. Post office opened as **ARCHER** in 1883. First Postmaster R. S. Weagant. Office closed November 11th, 1914. Present approved name is **ARCHER**. Population 50 in 1892 and 15 in 1976. Map position: 44°59' 75°06'. References: B, I, S, Z, AA, U12, DD, 3R, V, 6T, 7P, 5P and 5L.

ARCHER #2, hamlet, later a concentrated rural community, Cartier Township, Algoma District. Located 57 km northwest of Sudbury, on Highway 114 and 140 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie. Post office established as **CARTIER** in 1888. First Postmaster W. S. Browning. Office still in operation in 1983. **CARTIER STATION** on CPR main line, at an altitude od 1,378 feet above sea level and located between the stations of Windy Lake and Onaping. Name changed from Archer to Cartier for Sir George Ettienne Cartier, one of the Fathers of Confederation, in 1885. Present approved name is **CARTIER**. Population 150 in 1895 and 673 in 1976. Map position: 48°42' 81°33'. References: I, F, R2, S, Z, 3B, L1, V, 6Z, 5L, 8K, 5S and 7R.

**ARCHIBALD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°56' 84°18'. References: V.

ARCHVILLE, a southeastern suburb of Ottawa, from which it is separated by the Rideau Canal, in Nepean Township, Carleton County. Located 1 mile from Ottawa. Post office opened as **ARCHVILLE** in 1883. First Postmistress Eleanor Bray. Office name changed to **OTTAWA EAST**, in 1890. Became sub-post office of Ottawa in 1913. No further reference to the post office name. Present approved place name is **OTTAWA EAST**, an urban community. Population 741 in 1891 and 900 in 1907. Map position: 46°16' 75°46'. References: I, S, HH, 5C, UU, 3R, U, DD, Z and PP.

ARDAGH, settlement, Pringle Township, Parry Sound District. Located 26 miles from Trout Creek, on the Pickerel River and 20 miles south of Callander. Post office opened as **ARDAGH** in 1885. First Postmaster Joseph Driver. Office closed in 1891. No recent references to this place. References: I, Z, 9F, AA and PP.

**ARDAGH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for William Ardagh, M. P. P., in 1871. Map position: 51°20' 81°11'. References: V and 7R.

ARDBEG SEE: **DEER LAKE STATION**, Peterborough and Parry Sound District.

ARDEN, SEE: **CLEAR VALLEY**, Frontenac County.

ARDENDALE, SEE: **CLEAR VALLEY**, Frontenac County.

**ARDEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°22' 81°55'. References: V.

ARDOCH, dispersed rural community, Midland District, Canada West, later Clarendon & Miller Township, Frontenac County, (prior to 1899 shown in Addington County). Located 60 miles northwest of Kingston and 16 miles southwest of Clarendon Station. Post Office established as **ARDOCH** in 1865. First Postmaster F. W. Bucher. Office still in operation in 1983. Name misspelled as **ARDOCK** in 1913. Parish name **ST. KILIAN** in 1915. Present approved name is **ARDOCH**. Map position: 44°56' 76°55'. Population 100 in 1886 and 43 in 1976. References: B, I,

approved name is **ARDOCH**. Map position: 44°56' 76°55'. Population 100 in 1886 and 43 in 1976. References: B, I, T, S, Z, DD, MM, 3B, 3R, 3O, V, 4F, 7B, F, 6T, 5P, 5S, 9F and 7R.

**ARDTREA**, dispersed rural community, Simcoe District, Canada West, later Orillia Township and still later in North Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 35 miles east of Barrie and 5 miles from Orillia. Post office opened as **ARDTREA**, on June 1st, 1864 and closed June 30th, 1918. First Postmaster W. W. Blair, who named the place for his native place in Ireland. Present approved name is **ARDTREA**. Population 200 in 1885 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 79°25'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, PP, JJ, 3B, 3R, 3O, V, 4F, 7B, 6T, 5P, 5L, 7R, 5S and 6S.

**ARGENTILE**, SEE: **PORT COBALT**, Timiskaming District.

**ARGENTITE**, station, in Bucke Township, Nipissing District, later Timiskaming District. Located 7 miles south of New Liskeard and 106 miles north of North Bay on Lake Nipissing on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post Office opened August 15th, 1907. First Postmaster R. J. Morin. Office closed October 8th, 1908. Present approved name is **ARGENTITE**. Population 56 in 1951 and 65 in 1956. Map position: 47°30' 79°41'. References: S, PP, 3B, 5E, 6T and 7K.

**ARGOLIS**, railway point, Hayward Township, Algoma District. Located 30 miles from Elsas and 44 miles from Oba. Post office opened January 11th, 1923. First Postmaster James P. Arnold. Office closed August 31st, 1929. **ARGOLIS STATION** on Canadian Northern Railway, and named by A. J. Hills, Superintendent of Canadian Northern Railway. Present approved name is **ARGOLIS**. Population 1 in 1976. Map position: 48°42' 83°27'. References: U, V, 6T, 5L and 8L.

**ARGON**, unincorporated community, Thunder Bay District. Located 11 km west of Raith. Population 0. Map position: 48°53' 90°07' References: R2.

**ARGONAUGHT**, post office, Gauthier Township, Timiskaming District. It became Part of Improvement District of Gauthier, Order #B-3337, on April 28th, 1945. Located 18 miles northwest of Dane and 14 miles northwest of Larder Lake post office. Post office established as **ARGONAUGHT**, on March 18th, 1925. First Postmaster A. J. Collins. Office closed August 30th, 1930. A new office opened on this site September 11th, 1939 named **DOBIE**. Office still in operation in 1983. The Station name is **WEST DOBIE** on Nipissing Central Railway. Now designated as dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is **DOBIE**. Population 188 in 1941 and 177 in 1976. Map position: 48°08' 79°49'. References: U, SS, V, V+, F, 6T and 3B.

**ARGYLE**, SEE: **SCOTSVILLE**, Victoria County.

**ARGYLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°04' 80°51'. References:V.

**ARIADNE**, post office, Niagara District, Canada West, Located on lot 15, Broken Front Concession, Clinton Township, Lincoln County, later in Regional Municipality of Niagara and located on the shore of Lake Ontario, situated northeast of Beamsville. Office opened as **ARIADNE**, on October 1st, 1863 and closed when first Postmaster John Hill, left the place on February 1st, 1868. He used the office for free franking for his insurance business. Further maintenance of the office not considered necessary. Misspelling of this name **ARLADNE**. No recent references to this office. References: I, 3D, 3O and 3Q.

**ARIEL**, station, Laurier Township, Parry Sound District. Located 4 miles north of South River, 11 miles south of Trout Creek and 18 miles north of Burks Falls. Post Office opened as **ARIEL**, on August 1st, 1898. First Postmaster William C. Moir. Office closed April 15th, 1909. No recent references to this place. Map position: 45°21' 80°21'. References: S, PP, 5U, 7G and 6T.

**ARISS**, dispersed rural community, Guelph Township, Wellington County. Located 10 km northwest of Guelph, 14 km south of Fergus and 8 km southeast of Zuber Corners. **ARISS STATION** on the CPR. Post office named **ARISS** established on June 15, 1908. First Postmistress Mrs. Joseph House. Office still in operation in 1983. Population 25 in 1913 and 25 in 1926. Present approved name is **ARISS**. Map position: 43°35' 80°22'. References:

B, DD, 4Y, MM, V, F, 5L, 6S and Elizabeth Begg, present Postmaster.

ARKELL, dispersed rural community, Wellington District, Canada West, later Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located 5 miles southeast of Guelph, 52 miles from Toronto and 1 mile west of Farnham Station on the CPR. Post office opened as **ARKELL**, on May 1st, 1863. First Postmaster H. Willoughby. Office still in operation in 1983. Place named for the first settler, Thomas Arkell, who came to Canada in 1830. Present approved name is **ARKELL**. Population 100 in 1886 and 191 in 1978. Map position: 43°32' 80°10'. References: B, I, S, Z, U, DD, 3R, U12, 3N, W, F, V, 7D, 2H, 5L, 6S and 7R.

ARKLAN, dispersed rural community and post office in Lanark Township Lanark County. Located 15 miles from Almonte on the Transcontinental line of the CPR, 5 km southeast of Middleville, 8 km north of Lanark and 7 km west of Boyds. Post office opened as ARKLAN in 1907. First Postmaster Thomas Young. Office closed July 15th, 1914. Present approved name is **AKLAN**. Map position: 45°05' 76°21'. References: S, PP, V, 6T and 5L.

ARKONA, SEE: **EASTMAN'S CORNERS**, Lambton County.

ARKWOOD STATION, railway point, Chatham Township, Kent County. Located on the CPR mainline, (Montreal to Detroit) 6 miles east of Chatham. Nearest post office is named Louisville. Present approved name is **ARKWOOD STATION**. Population 50 in 1893 and 30 in 1933. Map position: 42°29' 82°07'. References: S, PP, LL, U10 and V.

ARKWRIGHT, concentrated rural community, Bruce County, Canada West, later Arran Township, Bruce County. Located 8 miles from Port Elgin, 22 1/2 miles from Owen Sound, 30 miles north of Walkerton and 5 miles southwest of Tara. Post office established as **ARKWRIGHT**, on September 1st, 1857. First Postmaster J. Faulkner. Office closed October 1st, 1915. Place was named by Surveyor Rankin, for a place in England. Present approved name is **ARKWRIGHT**. Population 65 in 1885 and 42 in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 81°14'. References: B, J, A, I, S, Z, EE, DD, 3R, 3M, 3V, V, 5L, 7B, 6T, 7R and 6S.

ARLADNE, SEE: **ARIADNE**, Lincoln County.

ARLIE, SEE: **AIRLIE**, Simcoe County.

ARLINGTON, dispersed rural community, Simcoe District, Canada West, later Adjala Township, Cardwell Electoral District, finally Simcoe County. Located 50 miles from Toronto, 30 miles southwest of Barrie and 7 miles northwest of Beeton. Post office opened in **SISTERVILLE** as **ARLINGTON** post office, on June 1st, 1854 and named to honour Lord Arlington, Minister of the Crown. First Postmaster John Ferguson. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Population 90 in 1875 and 90 in 1908. Present approved name is **ARLINGTON**. Map position: 44°08' 79°55'. References: B, A, I, T, S, Z, E, PP, JJ, U10, 3R, 3L, V, 5U, 4F, 6T, 5T, 7M, 5P, 4A, 8Q and 6S.

ARLINGTON PLACE, suburban community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Map position: 45°19' 75°46'. References: V.

ARLINGTON WOODS, suburban community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **ARLINGTON WOODS**. Map position: 45°19' 75°48'. References: V and 5L.

ARMADALE, SEE: **WALL'S CORNER**, York County.

ARMAGH, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1910. Named for County Armagh in Ireland. Map position: 47°02' 80°22'. References: V and 7R.

ARMBRO HEIGHTS, urban community, a sub-division of Brampton, Peel County, later in Regional Municipality of Peel. Named for the developers. Map position: 43°40' 79°45'. References: 3C and V.

ARMITAGE #1, hamlet later urban community, now part of Town of Newmarket, formerly in King and Whitchurch Townships, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 2 1/2 miles from Newmarket, the nearest station on the Toronto and North Bay Division of the Grand Trunk Railway and 34 miles north of Toronto. Settled soon after

1800 by Seth Armitage, leader of the Hicksite Society of Friends from Pennsylvania. Post office named ARMITAGE, for the founder, open October 1st, 1904. First Postmistress M.J. McMain. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is **ARMITAGE**. Population 111 in 1951 and 54 in 1972. Map position: 44°02' 79°29'. References: 7D, PP, 3B, O, 3G, V, 7R, 9F and 6S.

**ARMITAGE #2**, post office, Newcastle District, Canada West, later Hope Township, Durham County. Post office opened September 30th, 1859. First Postmaster J.W. Stevenson. Office closed by September 1st, 1861. Office closed on his resignation. References: I, 3Z, 3N, 3X, 3Y and 8X.

**ARMITAGE #3**, dispersed rural community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **ARMITAGE**. Map position: 45°09' 76°00'. References: V.

**ARMOUR AND GRAHAM**, SEE: MENZIES SPUR.

**ARMOUR HEIGHTS**, a suburb of Toronto, in Borough of North York, Metropolitan Toronto. Map position: 43°05' 79°26'. References: U and V.

**ARMOUR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Incorporated January 1st, 1885. Quieting Order M3224, dated April 5th, 1957. Population 806 in 1980. Area 40,655 acres in 1879. Map position: 45°37' 79°20'. References: HH, 1M, M and V.

**ARMOW**, SEE: REEKIE, Bruce County.

**ARMS**, railway point and unincorporated community, with no population, District of Thunder Bay. Located 52 km southest of Longlac (Long Lake) and near Caramat. ARMS STATION on Canadian Northern Railway and named for an engineer on the line. Map position: 49°34' 86°00'. References: R2, U, L3, V and 8L.

**ARMSTRONG**, settlement, Thunder Bay District. Located 130 miles north of Thunder Bay, 16 miles northwest of Lake Nippissing and 125 km from Savant Lake. Post office opened November 20th 1916. First Postmaster Patrick G. Flanigan. Office still open 1983. Started as a divisional point for the railway on the mainline of the CNR, a junction with Grand Trunk Pacific Railway. The community was named for a railway engineer by the name of Hector Armstrong in 1910. Present approved name is ARMSTRONG. Population 274 in 1941 and 342 in 1978. Map position: 50°18' 89°02'. References: F, R2, U, 3B, 2Y, L2, LL, 5L, V, 7R and 6T.

**ARMSTRONG'S CORNERS**, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located 4 miles from Perth. Present approved name is ARMSTRONG'S CORNERS. Population 22 in 1875 and 30 in 1976. Map position: 44°56' 76°18' References: A, 3B and 5L.

**ARMSTRONG'S FALLS**, hamlet, McKellar Township, Victoria County, later in Parry Sound District. Located 65 miles from Bracebridge and 16 miles from Parry Sound. Post Office named McKELLAR for the Township, opened May 1st, 1870. First Postmaster Samuel Armstrong, for whom settlement is also named. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **McKELLAR**. Population 150 in 1886 and 131 in 1972. Map position: 45°30' 79°55'. References: 7B, I, C, 3B, O, V and 5W.

**ARMSTRONG'S MILLS #1**, SEE: UNIONVILLE,#5, Wellington County.

**ARMSTRONG'S MILLS #2**, hamlet, Winchester Township, Dundas County, now in the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry. Located on the Petite Nation River, 30 miles northwest of Cornwall the County Seat, 8 miles east of Winchester and 18 miles north of Morrisburg. Post office named WINCHESTER opened in 1845. First Postmaster Robert H Rose. (this post office is located 7 miles from the Winchester Post Office, which was previously West Winchester.) In 1876 the office name was changed to CHESTERVILLE, for Chester T. Casselman. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name changed to CHESTERVILLE for the post office eventually. Village Incorporated June19th, 1889. Originally named for an early settler, Thomas Armstrong, who built the first mill. Present approved name is **CHESTERVILLE**. Population 775 in1891 and 1,413 in 1980. Map position: 45°06' 75°14'.

References: I, D, 2W, EE, 7B, M, HH, AA, 2T, 2Y, 5K, V, 7V, 5L and 7D.

ARMSTRONG TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated January 1st, 1921. Quieting Order P6715, datedMarch 31st, 1953. Map position: 47°43' 79°49'. References: HH, V and M.

ARNE PRIOR, SEE: ARNPRIOR, Renfrew County.

ARNER, dispersed rural community, Colchester South Township and Gosfield South Township, formerly shown in Gosfield Township, Essex County. Located 28 miles from Sandwich, 9 miles from Essex and 8 miles from Kingsville. Post Office established in 1885. First PostmasterRichard Eede. Office closed November 1st, 1949. ARNER STATION on Michigan Central Railway and on Lake Erie & Detroit Railway. Place named for Richard Eede's mother's maiden name, Arner. Present approved name is ARNER. Population 100 in 1893 and 39 in 1976. Map position: 42°02' 82°49'. References: B, I, S, Z, DD, U10, WW, V, 6T, 5L and 7B.

ARNERSVILLE, dispersed rural community, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Located 24 miles southeast of St. Thomas the County Seat, 12 miles east of Aylmer and 8 km from Port Burwell. Post office established as LAKEVIEW in 1894. First Postmaster Joseph Hobbs. Office closed August 14th, 1914. Present approved name is LAKEVIEW. Population 20 in 1893 and 16 in 1976. Map position: 42°40' 80°53'. References: B, I, AA, Z, PP, O, U10, V, 6T, 5P, 5L and 7D.

ARNLEIGH HEIGHTS, Markham Township, York County. Population 162 in 1961 and 174 in 1966. References: 5A.

ARNOLD'S, dispersed rural community, Blenheim Township, Oxford County, later shown in Brant County. Located 2 miles from Princeton, 7 miles from Woodstock and 38 miles from Hamilton. Post Office established in 1855 named GOBLE'S. First Postmaster William L. Goble. Office closed May 1st, 1940. GOBLE'S STATION on Great Western Railway became ARNOLD'S STATION , on Grand Trunk Railway and is presently on CPR. Settled in 1850 by William Goble, who was also the first Postmaster. Present approved name is GOBLES. Population 50 in 1875 and 59 in 1976. Map position: 43°09' 80°34'. References: I, B, A, T, S, EE, MM, PP, 3B, V, 7B, 6T, 4A and 7D.

ARNOLD STATION, SEE: ARNOLD'S, Oxford County.

ARNOLD TOWNSHIP,Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 79°49'. References: V.

ARNOTT,, SEE: GALES CORNERS , Grey County.

ARNOTT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°38' 84°34'. References: V.

ARNPRIOR, Town, McNab Township, Renfrew County, formerly in Bathurst District, Canada West. Located 36 miles west of Ottawa, 50 miles south of Pembroke and 9 miles northwest of Fitzroy, also where the Ottawa and Madawaska Rivers meet, on the CNR, CPR, (which were formerly the Ottawa and Brockville Railway and the Grand Trunk Railway) and on Highways #7 and #29. Postoffice established July 6th, 1841, named ARNPRIOR. First Postmaster Isaac Gregory. Office still in operation in 1983. Named, in 1823, by George and Andrew Buchanan for native place in Scotland. Early spelling, ARNE PRIOR. Incorporated Village of Arnprior, June 9th, 1862, Proclaimed a Town on first Monday of January 1893. First settler Dan McLachlin, who laid out the town lots. Religious parish name ST. CHRYSTOME. Present approved name is ARNPRIOR. Population 2,147 in 1886 and 6,059 in 1979. Map position: 45°26' 76°21'. References: I, M, G, T, N, 2Y, EE, DD, 5L and 8P.

ARNSTEIN, hamlet, Mills, later East Mills Township, Parry Sound District. Located 35 miles northwest of Trout Creek. Post office established in 1887. First Postmaster William Brunne, who named the place for a village in Germany. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is ARNSTEIN. Population 25 in 1893 and 90 in 1976. Map position: 45°55' 79°56'. References: B, I, Z, U10, 5L, 6S and V.

AROLAND, dispersed rural community, Danford Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on the Kawashkagma River,

12 miles from Nakina and 42 miles from Tashota. In 1978, had no legal status as a Reserve or Settlement. The Bands, Long Lake #58, Long Lake #77, Port Hope and Whitesand, all have members residing here, but 40% are non-status Indians. Post Office established April 15th, 1936 as AROLAND. First Postmaster Allkistair Riach. Office closed on November 15th, 1944. Office reopened in 1972 and still in operation in 1983. Population 300 in 1978. Map position: 50°14' 86°59'. References: R2, V, 6T, 7R and 5L.

AROLAND INDIAN RESERVE #83, located south of Aroland, Danford Township, Thunder Bay District. Population 279 in 1976. Map position: 50°13' 87°00'. References: V and 5L.

AROS, settlement, Bexley Township, Victoria County. Located 26 miles northwest of Lindsay and 4 miles southeast of Victoria Road. Post Office established in 1866. First Postmaster Charles McInnis, who operated from a front room of the VanSittart log mansion. Mr. McInnis also named the office for his Scotch birthplace. Office closed in 1884. Population about 20 in the 1800s. This place is not shown on recent maps. References: A, I, Z, U10, U12, 7B and 8E.

ARPIN, dispersed rural community, Pyne Township, Cochrane District and was formerly shown in Timiskaming District. Located 3 miles south of Noreembega. Post Office established December 27th, 1927. First Postmaster Stanislas Tremblay. Office closed August 31st, 1961. Local unofficial name for the place is PYNE. Present approved name is ARPIN. Population 3 in 1941 and 53 in 1951. Map position: 48°56' 80°43'. References: U, 3B, V, 6T, 7R and 5L.

ARRAN, concentrated rural community, Arran Township, Bruce County. Located 28 miles north of Walkerton the County Seat, one mile north of Tara and "midway on the main road between Saugeen and Owen Sound" (1857). Post office established as ARRAN, for the Township, on February 1st, 1852. First Postmaster George Gould. In 1859 the post office name was changed to INVERMAY. Office closed March 1st, 1912. The place name had been known as WEXFORD IN 1857. Present approved name is INVERMAY. Population 300 in 1893 and 123 in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 81°09'. References: I, 3K, EE, B, S, MM, 3B, V, 5L and 6T.

ARRAN, TOWNSHIP OF, in Bruce County. Incorporated January 1st, 1854 by County Bylaw #7, passed September 1st, 1853. First house was built by Surveyor George Gould, in the late 1840s. Population 149 in 1852 and 1,518 in 1980. References: HH, M, 2W and TT.

ARRANVALE, settlement, Arran Township, Bruce County. Status recently changed to dispersed rural community. Present approved name is ARRANVALE. Population 11 in 1966 and 11 in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 81°09'. References: D, 5L, V and 6S.

ARROWHEAD PROVINCIAL PARK, Chaffey Township, Muskoka District, later within Town of Huntsville. Located 4 miles north of Huntsville. Organized as a park in 1965, having once been a hunting ground for the Ojibwa Tribes then a lumbering area, and finally as a failed farming area. Full circle to nature. Map position: 45°23' 79°12'. References: R7.

ARTEMESIA, SEE: FLESHER'S CORNERS, Grey County.

ARTEMESIA TOWNSHIP, Simcoe District, later Grey County. Has 70,000 acres. Incorporated on First Monday, January, 1851 (source: History of the County of Grey, page 81). First settler Elias Grey. Originally known as ARTEMISIA named for a character in heathen mythology...name changed through clerical error. Settled in early 1830s. Population 755 in 1852 and 2,006 in 1980. Map position: 44°17' 80°32'. References: C, HH, 2W, 3H, M, V and 2K.

ARTHUR, Village, Wellington District, Canada West, later on border of West Luther and Arthur Townships, Wellington County. Located 72 miles northwest of Toronto, 25 miles northwest of Guelph and had a station named ARTHUR on the Ontario & Quebec Railway, later, the 'T' branch of the CPR. Post office opened October 6th, 1847. First Postmaster was T. A. Young. Office still in operation in 1983. It was named for Prince Arthur, Duke of Wellington, donor of name not documented. Site was laid out by John Silverthorne. John Shaw was the first Patentee. Incorporated as Village December 9th, 1871. Religious parish name ST. JEAN l'EVANGELIST. Present

approved name is **ARTHUR**. Population 50 in 1853, 1,257 in 1886, 937 in 1941 and 1,674 in 1980. Map position: 43°50' 80°32'. References: B, I, M, T, S, Z, HH, FF, 3R, 3B, 7A, 5L, 8Q, 8P, 7R and SS.

ARTHUR, TOWNSHIP OF, Wellington District, later Wellington County. Has 65,943 acres. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canadian Statute, 1849. Surveyed in 1841 to 1842 by John McDonald. First settler was John Shaw in 1840, lot 15 on Owen Sound Road. Township named for Arthur, Duke of Wellington. Population 1,000 in 1852, 4,376 in 1872 and 1,966 in 1980. References: HH, C, 2W, W, M, 2G and 2H.

ARVA, SEE: **ST. JOHNS #1**, Middlesex County.

ASCALON, SEE: **PORTAGE LAKE**, Nipissing District.

ASH, Hamlet, Trafalgar Township, Halton County, later Part of **TOWN OF OAKVILLE**. Located 6 miles from Milton and a station on the Hamilton and Allandale division of Grand Trunk Railway. Alternate name was **ZIMMERMAN STATION** in 1895. Post office opened in 1881. First Postmaster A. Bowman. Office closed March 30, 1929. Present approved name is **ASH**. Population 25 in 1892 and 74 in 1980. Map position: 43°26' 79°49'. References: I, Z, AA, U, PP, 3R, 5U, 6T and 6S.

ASHBRIDGE'S BAY, near the mouth of the Don River, York Township and County. Settled in 1790s by the widow Sarah Ashbridge and her 2 sons and 3 daughters. Later, they began clearing the 300 acres granted to Widow Ashbridge in 1799, which extended east from the Don north from the Bluffs, to Midland Avenue (in present-day Toronto and extending halfway through the Township of Scarborough). References: J and 8C.

ASHBURN #1, SEE: **BUTLER'S CORNERS**, Ontario County.

ASHBURN #2, Hamlet, Nelson Township, Halton County. A station on Grand Trunk Railway. 3 miles from Palermo and 6 miles from Guelph. Population 25. Not listed after 1913. References: DD.

ASHBURNHAM, SEE: **SCOTCH VILLAGE**, Peterborough County.

ASHBURNHAM HILL, in area of present day Ottawa, Carleton County. This name applied to a section of **UPPER TOWN** in 1879. References: UU.

ASHBURTON, Station, Field Township, Nipissing District. On Canadian Northern Railway, at an altitude of 756 feet above sea level. Named by A. J. Hills, Supervisor on same railway. Still an operational point in 1974. Map position: 46°31' 80°01'. References: U, L3, V and 8L.

ASHBY LAKE, SEE: **FERGUSON CORNERS**, Lennox and Addington County.

ASHBY MILLS, dispersed rural community, Belmont and Methuen Townships, Peterborough County. Present approved name is **ASHBY MILLS**. Map position: 44°28' 77°49'. References: B, V and 5L.

ASHBY TOWNSHIP, SEE: **ABINGER TOWNSHIP**, Addington County.

ASHDAD, Post office, Bagot Township, Renfrew County. Located 16 miles from Arnprior and 10 miles from South Renfrew. On Central Canada Railway, later Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office established in 1880, as ASHDAD, with first Postmaster William Felletor. Present approved name is **ASHDAD**. Population in 1895 was 100 and in 1908 at 200. Map position: 45°21' 76°45'. References: I, T, Z, PP, V, 5U and 5L.

ASHDALE, hamlet, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later in City of Nepean, within the Regional Municipality of **OTTAWA-CARLETON**. Designated a concentrated rural community in 1976. Present approved name is **ASHDALE**. Population 51 in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 75°42'. References: 3B, V, V+ and 5L.

ASHDOD STATION, station, Bagot Township, Renfrew County. Located on the Kingston and Pembroke Division of CPR. Station number 1074, between Calabogie Station and Old Ashdod Siding, in 1911. References: 10 B.

**ASHDOWN,** SEE: **JUNCTION #2**, Muskoka District.

**ASHFIELD,** Post office, Huron District, Canada West, later on town line of Huron and Bruce Counties and Ashfield and Huron Townships. Located 4 miles from Lurgan and 22 miles from Goderich, and at junction of highways #21 and #86. Named for the Township. Post office established April 1st, 1854. First Postmaster James De Cantillon. Post office name changed to **AMBERLEY** in 1866, when new Postmaster Alexander Fraser wanted to honour Lord Amberley of Scotland. The place gradually assumed the name of the second post office, which permanently closed on February 1st,1916. Present approved name is **AMBERLEY.** Population 150 in 1895 and 21 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 81°43'. References: I, EE, 2W, B, Z, 2U, V, 4F, 5L, 7B, 1G, 6T6S and 7D.

**ASHFIELD TOWNSHIP,** Huron District, Canada West, later Huron County. Incorporated January 1st,1850 by Canadian Statute, 1849, C81. Population 266 in 1842 and 1,895 in 1980. Map position: 43°55' 81°38'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, G and V.

**ASHGROVE,** hamlet, Gore District, Canada West, later Esquesing Township, Halton County and lastly in **TOWN OF HALTON HILLS** in Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 10 miles from Milton, 4 miles southeast of Georgetown and 2 miles from Stewarttown. Post office established February 6th, 1852 and first Postmaster John Hunter. Office closed March 15th,1913. Named for a large stand of black ash trees in the area. Population 30 in 1895 and 55 in 1971. Present approved name is **ASHGROVE.** Map position: 43°36' 79°53'. References: A, I, Z, 3B, V, 1B, 6M, 6T, 7A, 8Q and 6S.

**ASHLEY,** post office, Derby Township, Grey County. Located 5 miles from Owen Sound and one mile from Rockford. Post office established 1868 and first Postmaster George Follis. Office closed October 31st, 1916. Population 50 in 1895 and 32 in 1899. Place has not been listed for a number of years. Name officially deleted from records in May of 1945. References: A, I, S, Z, PP, U10, U12, 7B, 6T and 4G.

**ASHLEY TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 56**, Algoma District.

**ASHMORE TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named for Lieutenant Colonel T. Ashmore Kidd, Speaker of Ontario Legislature, 1930 to 1935. Map position: 49°42' 86°52'. References: V and 7R.

**ASHPORT #1,** post office, Simcoe District, Canada West, later Grey County. This office opened 1860. There is no other mention of this place until **ASHPORT STATION** name was changed to **MACKEY STATION** in 1950. No Population shown in records. Map position: 46°09' 77°46'. (SEE Ashport, York County.) References: I, and SS.

**ASHPORT #2,** post office, York County. Office opened in 1860 and first Postmaster was William Lambert. Office went out of operation in the same year. (SEE Ashport, Grey County.) References: 3Y.

**ASHTON,** SEE: **SUMNER'S CORNERS**, Carleton County.

**ASHTON STATION,** dispersed rural community, Beckwith Township, Lanark County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located one mile from Ashton and 25 miles from Ottawa, on Central Canada Railway, later CPR and is at mile 2762. Post Office established December 1st, 1908 as **ASHTON STATION** and first Postmaster was Hiram Switzer. Office closed on October 21st, 1921. Present approved name is **ASHTON STATION.** Map position: 45°10' 76°13'. References: V, 6T, UU and 5L

**ASHTOWN,** SEE: **SUMNER'S CORNERS**, Carleton County.

**ASHWORTH #1,** SEE: **STANLEYDALE #1**, Muskoka District.

**ASHWORTH #2,** hamlet, Home District, Canada West, later Scott Township, Ontario County. Located 6 miles from Uxbridge. Post Office established January 1st,1862 and first Postmaster was T. Tomlinson. Office closed in 1876. Population not shown in recent records. References: A, I, 3G, 3N and 7B

ASINKA, SEE: FRENCH #1, Sudbury District.

ASKIN, hamlet, Westminster Township, Middlesex County. Located one mile south of London. Post Office established in 1876 and George Shaw only Postmaster shown. Office name changed to LONDON SOUTH in 1901 and George Shaw continued as Postmaster. Population in 1885 was 25. On July 1st,1897, the place was annexed by LONDON and not shown separately thereafter. References: I, Z, 3R, 5S, 7F, 5T, 5V, 5P and 5S.

ASKIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Surveyed in parts 1881, 1885 and 1908. Named for John Askin, Windsor. Map position: 46°56' 79°41'. References: V and 7R.

ASMUSSEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Named for N. Asmussen, M.P.P. Map position: 48°49' 91°51'. References: V and 7R.

ASPDIN, settlement, Stisted Township, Muskoka District, later TOWN OF HUNTSVILLE, District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 8 miles from Utterson and 9 miles from Huntsville. Post office opened as ASPDIN, on January 1st, 1874 and was named for the first Postmaster, James Aspdin. Office closed by 1970. Misspellings of the name include ASPIN and ASPIDIN. First settler Richard Clark in 1860. Present approved name is ASPDIN. Population 100 in 1895 and 31 in 1972. Map position: 45°18' 79°22'. References: I, Z, U10, 5Y, Q, U12, V, 7R and 6S.

ASPHODEL, hamlet, Colborne District, Upper Canada, later Asphodel Township, Peterborough County. Located 7 miles from Norwood, 6 miles from Hastings and 23 miles from Peterborough. Post Office, named ASPHODEL for the Township, established January 6th,1832. First Postmaster Thomas Walker. In 1860 the name of the post office was changed to WESTWOOD. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is WESTWOOD. Population 100 in 1857 and 77 in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 78°04'. References: B, I, V, 2M, 3Z, 3S, 7X, 3B, 7B, 5L and PP.

ASPHODEL, TOWNSHIP OF, Colborne District,Upper Canada then Northumberland County and finally Peterborough County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canadian Statute, 1849, C81. First settler Richard Birdsall May 16th, 1820. Population in 1821 at 30 and 1,780 in 1980. Has 36,873 acres and was surveyed by Richard Birdsall prior to his settlement. Map position: 44°21' 78°00'. References: HH, C, 2M, 2W, 3H, M and V.

ASPIDIN, SEE: ASPDIN , Muskoka District.

ASPIN, SEE: ASPDIN , Muskoka District.

ASQUITH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1909. Named for Prime Minister Herbert Henry Asquith, Earl of Oxford, of Great Britain. Map position: 47°33' 81°19'. References: V and 7R.

ASSAD TOWNSHIP, SEE: T TOWNSHIP, Algoma District.

ASSEF TOWNSHIP, SEE: P TOWNSHIP, Algoma District.

ASSELIN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 30, Range 19, Algoma District.

ASSELSTINE, SEE: ASSELSTINE'S MILLS, Lennox County.

ASSELSTINE'S MILLS, dispersed rural community, Ernestown Township, Lenox County (1895), later Lennox & Addington County. Located 13 miles east of Napanee and 3 miles north of Ernestown. Daily stage to Odessa and Ernestown in 1895. Post office established 1887 and named ASSELSTINE for first Postmaster Michael Asselstine. Office closed March 15th, 1913. Population 35 in 1875 and 50 in 1895. Present approved name is ASSELSTINE. Map position: 44°14' 76°44'. References: 7B, I, S, U10, A, Z, V, 6T and 5L.

ASSIGINACK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Incorporated January 1st, 1871. Quieting Order, M1461, dated November 13th, 1956. This is the first white settlement on Manitoulin Island. Population 708 in 1978 and 869 in 1980. Map position: 45°42' 81°53'. References: R1, HH, M, and V.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**ASSOMPTION DE LA STE. VIERGE,** SEE: **ERINSVILLE**, Addington County.

**ASTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 47°11' 80°04'. References: V.

ASTORVILLE, SEE: NASBONSING, Nipissing District.

ASTORVILLE STATION, railway point, East Ferris Township, Nipissing District. Started as a logging point in 1880. Location: west of Astorville. Not a post office. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°11' 79°18'. References: v and 7R.

ASTRA, SEE: R.C.A.F.,TRENTON, Hastings County.

ASYLUM #1, SEE: LONDON ASYLUM STATION, Middlesex County.

ASYLUM #2, Station, in unsurveyed Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 14 miles from St. Anthony Mine and 24 miles from Allan Water (a CNR station). Name changed to BUCKE when Post Office established January of 1920. First Postmaster David Wright. Post office name changed to SAVANT LAKE on October 1st, 1927. Office still in operation in 1983. CNR station, formerly on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, named BUCKE STATION changed to conform with the post office name as SAVANT LAKE STATION. This place was an early section depot for the railway. Present approved name is SAVANT LAKE. Population 1941 was 104 and in 1980 was 186. Map position: 50°30' 90°40'. References: SS, L2, 6T, R2, U and 3B.

ATABARA, SEE: ATBARA, Thunder Bay District.

ATBARA, a station, located at mile 1843 of the Canadian Pacific Railway, east of Linkooping, Thunder Bay District. References: 8K.

ATHA ROAD, dispersed rural community, Ontario County, Canada West, later Pickering Township, Durham County, now in Town of Pickering, Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 5 miles from Stouffville, 16 miles northwest of Whitby and 4 miles from Claremont. Post office opened September 1st, 1863 as ATHA ROAD and through usage became ATHA; it was later listed as ATHA ROAD STATION; First Postmaster W. Calhoun. Office closed February 1st, 1916. Present approved name is ATHA ROAD. Population 50 in 1875 and 59 in 1971. Map position: 43°56' 79°10'. References: B, S, A, I, T, Z, PP, 3B, U10, 3R, U12, 3N, V, 7B, 6T, 3G, 4A and 6S.

ATHA ROAD STATION, SEE: ATHA ROAD, Ontario County.

ATHENA, SEE: ATHENS, Ontario County.

ATHENS #1, hamlet, Scott Township, Ontario County. Located 2 miles northeast of Uxbridge. Post office established January 1st, 1862, named ATHENA, changed to ATHENS. First Postmaster R. Bingham. Office closed in 1877. No recent references to this place. References: AA, 3N, 7B, 4A, I and Z.

ATHENS #2, SEE: DIXON'S CORNERS #2, Leeds County.

ATHERLEY, SEE: ATHERLEY JUNCTION, Ontario County.

ATHERLEY JUNCTION, Home District, Canada West, later Mara Township, Ontario County, later Simcoe County, (Ontario County dissolved January 1st, 1974 by Ontario Statute 1971, c.78, s.134) and now Part of Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 3 miles from Orillia, 88 miles north of Toronto and 64 miles from Whitby; railways at the Junction included Midland, North & North Western, Great North Western, Grand Trunk Railway and CNR. Post office opened July 6th, 1851 as ATHERLY. First Postmaster W.C. McMillan. Office closed September 2nd, 1961. Name sometimes misspelled as ATTERLEY. Present approved name is ATHERLEY. Population 350 in 1895 and 313 in 1980. Map position: 44°36' 79°22'. References: S, PP, U10, U12, B, I, T, S, Z, U, EE, DD, PP, 3J, 3R, 7B, V, SS, 5L, 8Q, 6T, 7R, 6S and 3G.

ATHERTON, SEE: JUNCTIONVILLE, Norfolk County.

ATHERTONS CORNERS, SEE: JUNCTIONVILLE, Norfolk County.

ATHLONE, dispersed rural community, Simcoe District, Canada West, in 1880s shown in Cardwell Electoral District, presently in Adjula Township, Simcoe County. Located 18 miles from Bradford, 30 miles south of Barrie and 5 miles west of Tottenham. Place named ATHLONE by Irish settlers for town in West Meath, Ireland. Post office named ATHLONE opened March 6th, 1853. First Postmaster Joseph Kidd. Office closed January 1st, 1951. Present approved name is ATHLONE. Population 100 in 1886 and 36 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 79°53'. References: B, A,J, I, T, JJ, 3K, V, 5L, 6S, and 6T.

ATHLONE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for the Earl of Athlone, Governor General of Canada, 1940. Map position: 47°02' 81°46'. References: V and 7R.

ATHOL #1, dispersed rural community, Athol Township, Prince Edward County. Present approved name is ATHOL. Map position: 43°55' 77°14'. References: V, B and 5L.

ATHOL #2, dispersed rural community, Eastern District, Canada West, later Kenyon Township, Glengarry County. Located 84 miles from Montreal, 20 miles from Alexandria and 30 miles from Corn wall, on Indian Lands. Post office opened as ATHOLE July 6th, 1851. First Postmaster was James McDonnell. Office closed November 19th, 1919. Present approved name is ATHOL. Population 150 in 1875 and 59 in 1951. Map position: 45°19' 74°53'. References: B, A, I, T, EE, PP, 2W, 3J, Z, 3B, 3R, 2W, V, 7B, 6T, 4A, 2B, 8Q and 7R.

ATHOL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Prince Edward County, Canada West. Formerly part of Fifth Town, surveyed in 1823 ans subdivided in 1835. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P4748-67 dated May 31st, 1968. First post office in the Township named Bloomfield. First settler Colonel Henry Young, United Empire Loyalist. Township named by Mr. Charles Bockus, M.P., for John Murray, 4th Duke of Athol, Perthshire, Scotland. Map position: 45°55' 77°10'. References: HH, C, D, M, V, 1F and 7R.

ATIKAMEG TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named with the Indian name meaning White Fish. Map position: 48°41' 85°31'. References: V and 7R.

ATIKOKAN, urban community, Freeborn & Schwenger Townships, Rainy River District. Located 90 miles east of Fort Francis, 141 miles west of Port Arthur and 138 miles West of Fort William at a divisional point of the Port Arthur and Winnipeg divisions of the Canadian Northern Railway, now CNR, which laid out the townsite. Post office opened October 1st, 1902. First Postmaster William Felton. Post office still in operation in 1983. First settlers Mr. and Mrs. Tom Rawn arrived in 1899. Place name is said to come from the Ojibway word for 'bone of caribou', although some say it comes from either of the Indian words AKKHOKA or ATTIKOKA, which mean 'One who is good at doing anything' : e.g. shooting, fishing, rowing, swimming. Present approved name is ATIKOKAN. Population 150 in 1913 and 6,240 in 1978. Map position: 48°45' 91°35'. References: 5K, 7P, V, 6M, 7R, F, U, DD, S, PP, 2P and L3.

ATIKOKAN IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, in Rainy River District. Name is Ojibway word. Incorporated as Improvement District March 31st, 1945 which decision was revoked at midnight December 31st, 1953, when a Change of Status from an Improvement District to a Municipal Township, by Ontario Municipal Board Order M1308, which took effect on September 17th, 1953. Present approved name is MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIP OF ATIKOKAN. Population 5,668 in 1976. Map position: 48°45' 91°37'. References: R1, M, HH and 5L.

ATIKOKAN (MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIP of), in Rainy River District. Formerly an Improvement District. Errected into a Township, January 1st, 1954. On January 1st, 1964, the Northern Part of the Township was removed from the municipal area and transfered to the non-status of an unorganized territory. References: V, HH and 7R.

ATIKUP, dispersed rural community, west of North Caribou Lake, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 52°46' 90°47'. References: V.

**ATIKWA LAKE**, an unorganized area, Kenora District. Population 71 in 1956. References: 5E.

**ATIRONTO**, SEE: **ADIRONTO**, Lanark County.

**ATKIN**, hamlet, Euphemia Township, Lambton County. Located 40 miles southeast of Sarnia and 4 1/2 miles from Inwood Station. Post office opened as **ATKIN**, on January 1st, 1898. First Postmaster Clarence E. Atkin for whom the town was named. Office closed August 1st, 1913. Other local names have been **FROGMORE** and **SUNNYSIDE**. Present approved name is **ATKIN**. Population 100 in 1913 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 42°43' 81°55'. References: 2Z, 1H, 5U, 7G, S, DD, MM, PP, 7D and 6T.

**ATKIN'S LAKE**, settlement in Grenville County, Johnstown District, Canada West. Mail to be sent to post office at Beverly (in Leeds County). This place seems to have existed between the years 1835 and 1848. No recent references shown. References: C and 3H.

**ATKINSON**, post office later a dispersed rural community , Pittsburg Township, Frontenac County. Located on the Rideau Canal, 16 miles northeast of Kingston, 4 miles from Washburn and 6 miles from Gananoque Junction. Post office established 1891. First Postmaster James Atkinson. Office closed January 15th, 1930. Present approved name is **ATKINSON**. Population 50 in 1895 and 30 in 1908. in 1974. Map position: 44°23' 76°17'. References: I, D, S, Z, PP, U12, V, 6T, 7D and 5L.

**ATKINSON TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP #61**, Algoma District.

**ATLANTIC & NORTH WEST JUNCTION**, station, no Township shown, Renfrew County. Appeared only between the years 1893 and 1899. Earlier date as a CNR station and later as a CPR station. Not noted after latter date. References: U10 and U12.

**ATOKAS, RIVER AUX**, River, runs into Lake Ontario, west of York, and into the river Humber. It was generally called **ETOBREAKE** (1799) and is presently known as **ETOBICOKE CREEK**. References: 7W.

**ATTAWAPISKAT**, dispersed rural community, Kenora District, Patricia Portion, on the site of an old Hudson Bay Post. Located northwest of Fort Albany, on the west side of James Bay. This is a Cree Indian Settlement. Post office established as **ATTAWAPISKAT**, on November 20th, 1961. First Postmaster Norman G. Simpson. Post office still in operation in 1983. Mail delivery is by air, twice yearly, from Moosonee, in December and June. Present approved name is **ATTAWAPISKAT**. Population 439 in 1961 and 800 in 1978. Map position: 52°56' 82°24'. References: F, R2, 2Y, 5A, V, 6T and 5L.

**ATTAWAPISKAT INDIAN RESERVE # 91**, on the Ekwan river, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Name approved. Map position: 53°34' 84°24'. References: V and 5L.

**ATTAWAPISKAT INDIAN RESERVE # 91A**, on the north shore of the Attawapiskat river, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Population 705 in 1976. Name approved. Map position: 52°56' 82°25'. References: V and 5L.

**ATTERCLIFFE**, SEE: **CAISTOR**, Lincoln County.

**ATTERCLIFFE STATION**, dispersed rural community, Moulton Township, Monck Electoral District, later Canborough Township, Haldimand County. Became Part of the **TOWN OF DUNNVILLE** in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk by April 1st, 1974. Located 17 miles east of Cayuga and 5 miles north of Dunnville. Post office opened 1874. First Postmaster Nelson Hodges. Office closed June 15th, 1931. **ATTERCLIFFE STATION** on the Canada Southern Railway was taken over by the Michigan Central Railway. The Wabash Railway station named **DILTZ**, was later taken over by Grand Trunk Railway. Both stations were taken over later by the CNR, and are now closed. Dr. John Kirk gave the place its name about 1873, for the town of Attercliffe, England. First settled in 1842 by Samuel Hodges, father of the first postmaster. Present approved name is **ATTERCLIFFE**. Population 200 in 1893 and 71 in 1971. Map position :42°58' 79°36'. References : B, I, T, U10, 5T, 5V, V, 6M, 6T, 7R, S, 3B, U12 and PP.

ATTERLEY, SEE: **ATHERLEY JUNCTION**, Ontario and Simcoe County.

**ATTLEE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°09' 81°01'. References: V.

ATWOOD, SEE: **NEWRY STATION**, Perth County.

ATWOOD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Incorporated May 20th, 1902, being founded 2 years previously. Located 92.8 km west of Fort Frances. The **MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIP OF ATWOOD**, appears to include the Townships of Atwood, Curran and Part of the Wild Land Reserve (an area of 29,604 acres) seems to have come into existence just prior to 1927 and of which this Geographic Township forms a part. A Quieting Order was issued # M548, dated December 13th, 1955. Population 425 in 1927 and 304 in 1980. Map position: 48°43' 94°33'. References: R1, HH, 2P, M, and V.

AUBIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for A. O. Aubin, M.P.P. in 1905. Located about 22 miles from Cochrane and 27 miles from Timmins. Map position: 48°56' 81°32'. References: V and 7R.

AUBREY FALLS, Wollaston Township, Algoma District. Located near Thessalon. Date of the reference 1978. References: U.

AUBREY STATION, Hong Kong Township, Sudbury District. A station, on CPR, near Ramsay and about 3 miles from Woman River Station. Present approved name is **AUBREY STATION**. Map position: 47°30' 82°34'. References: U, V and 22.6.

AUBREY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Located west of Dryden and named for Aubrey White, a Deputy Minister of the Department of Lands and Forests. Township was surveyed in 1897. Map position: 49°46' 93°04'. References: 7R and V.

AUBURN #1, SEE: **MANCHESTER #1**, Huron County.

AUBURN #2, hamlet, Trafalgar Township, Halton County. Located on Sixteen Mile Creek, one quarter mile from Hornby Station on CPR, 5 miles east from Milton, 10 miles from Oakville, 7 miles from Streetsville, on Concession #11, Lot #8, on northeast corner of 7th line, of Trafalgar Township. **AUBRURN STATION** on the Credit Valley line of CPR. In 1869 had a builder and blacksmith. Post office established in 1891 named **AGERTON**. First Postmaster J. H. Saunders. Office closed July 1st, 1898. On January 1st, 1974 became a dispersed rural community and Part of the Town of Milton, within the Regional Municipality of Halton. In 1937 the Canadian Champion, a newspaper printed in Milton, noted the place was then being called **MILLIONAIRE'S CORNERS**. Present approved name is **AGERTON**. Population 51 in 1893 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°33' 79°48'. References: A, Z, PP, 7G, 8I, U10, 7G, V, I, U12, B and 1B.

AUBURN MILLS, station, Peterborough County. Located 7 miles south of Lakefield and 2 miles north of Peterborough. **AUBURN MILLS STATION** on the Midland division of Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Settled in 1860s. A mill of 3 stories was built here in 1862 to 1863 made of stone and wood and which used water and steam to operate. Designated as an urban community in 1976. Present approved name is **AUBURN MILLS**. Population 25 in 1893. Now Part of City of Peterborough. Map position: 44°19' 78°19'. References: S, Z, PP, U10, V and 2M.

AUBURN MILLS STATION, SEE: **AUBURN MILLS**, Peterborogh County.

AUDEN, SEE: **MINATAREE**, Thunder Bay District.

AUDEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1907. Named for A. Auden, a former principal of Upper Canada College. Map position: 49°54' 84°22'. References: V and 7R.

AUDLEY, SEE: **BROWN'S CORNERS #1**, Ontario County.

AUGHRIM, community, Western District, Canada West, later Brooke Township, Lambton County, sometimes shown in Bothwell Electoral County,(Brooke Township later Euphemia Township). Located 35 miles southeast of Sarnia and 6 miles south of Alvinston. Post office established September 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Andrew Bell. Exercising his perogative as a new Postmaster, Mr. Bell named the place for his home town of Aughrim in Ireland. Office closed June 1st, 1913. In one of the post office moves the location was named LOWER AUGHRIM. Present approved name is AUGHRIM. Population 75 in 1895 and 20 in 1899. Map position: 42°45' 81°53'. References: 1H, I, T, S, Z, U12, 3L, V, 7B, 6T, 8Q and 6S.

AUGSBURG, dispersed rural community, Bathust District, Canada West, later Gratton Township, which become South Algona Township, Renfrew County. Located 30 miles southwest of Pembroke, on the east border of the Township. Post office established 1893. First Postmaster John Wodtke. Office closed February 17th, 1915. Name given to place by early German settlers for their birthplace. Present approved name is AUGSBURG. Population 50 in 1895 and 33 in 1976. Map position: 44°43' 75°31'. References: 7D, B, I, Z, V, 6T, 5L and 7R.

AUGUSTA, post office, Johnstown District, Upper Canada, later Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located on St. Lawrence River, at the head of the St. Lawrence Rapids, 12 miles from Brockville, 72 miles from Kingston and 130 miles from Montreal. Surveyed as a townsite in 1810. Early names NEW OSWEGATCHIE and ROYAL TOWNSHIP #6. Post Office established 1789 to 1815. First Postmaster John Jones. During hostilities the post office was moved 3 miles east and name changed to FORT WELLINGTON until 1817 when named PRESCOTT. First settler in 1780 was Ephraim Jones. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village by Upper Canada Statutes, March 6th, 1834. Became Town by Act 12, Vic, cap. 81, on May 30th, 1849 , Effective date January 1st, 1850, and a Separated Town ( from the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville) on December 3rd, 1868. Known for a short period as JOHNSTOWN in 1797, but became Prescott in 1860 as a place name. The Prescott and Bytown Railway established in 1854. Now has stations of CNR and CPR , both named PRESCOTT STATION. Major Edward Jessup, United Empire Loyalist, named the place for the then Governor-in-Chief of Canada, Robert Prescott. Religious Parish name ST. MARC in 1915. Present approved name is PRESCOTT. Population 2,566 in 1861 and 4,844 in 1979. Map position: 44°45 75°48'. References: A, I, 7X, NN, 8O, C, 3H, G, M, N, 7B, 2U, 2Y, GG, SS, 6O and Gavin K. Watt, The Loyalist Gazette (June 1984).

AUGUSTA TOWN HALL, dispersed rural community, Augusta Township, Grenville County, formerly Johnstown District, Canada West. Located 6 miles from Prescott, 14 miles northeast of Brockville and 45 miles from Ottawa. Post office established April 1st, 1853, named CHARLEVILLE, for first Postmaster Charles Lane. Office closed May 9th, 1914. The place gradually assumed the name of the post office. Present approved name is CHARLEVILLE. Population 100 in 1857 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 75°37'. References: 7B, B, A, I, T, U, Z, EE, 3B, 3K, V, 6T and 5L.

AUGUSTA, TOWNSHIP OF, SEE: TOWNSHIP #7 , Grenville County.

AUGUSTA EAST, TOWNSHIP OF, Johnstown District, Canada West. An early small township to which mail was directed between 1835 and 1848 for the settlement of Prescott, misspelled Prescot. This area became Part of the United Counties of Leeds & Grenville. References: C and 3H.

AUGUSTA NORTH TOWNSHIP, Johnstown District, Canada West. The main post office for the area was named North Augusta, in 1848. Eventually became Part of the United Counties of Leeds & Grenville. References: C.

AUGUSTA WEST TOWNSHIP, Johnstown District, Canada West. Post office name in 1835 was BROCKVILLE, in 1848 shown as Maitland. When Johnstown District re-named it became Part of United Counties of Leeds and Grenville. References: C and 3H.

AUGUSTON, hamlet, Melancthon Township, Grey County, later shown in Dufferin County. Located 22 miles north west of Orangeville and 6 miles north of Shelburne. Post office established in 1885. First Postmaster William August, for whom the post office is named. Office closed on February 6th, 1905. Population 150 in 1895 and 10 in 1899. Place has not been noted since 1908. References: I, Z, PP, U10, U12, 5S and 7S.

AULD, station, Anderdon Township, Essex County. Located 5 miles from Amhertsburg and near Harrow. Post office

established May 1st, 1906. First Postmaster Alexander Mayville. Office closed May 31st, 1948. In the early 1900s, AULD STATION was on the Amherst Branch of the Michigan Central Railway. Present approved name is AULD. No population shown for the place. Map position: 42°07' 83°02'. References: S, PP, V, 7T, 6T and 6S.

AULD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Surveyed in 1903. Named for John A Auld, a former M.P.P. of Essex County. Map position: 47°33' 80°04'. References: 7R and V.

AULTSVILLE #1, SEE: CHARLESVILLE #1, Stormont County.

AULTSVILLE #2, SEE: INGLESIDE #3, Stormont County.

AUNOR MINE, hamlet, Tisdale Township, Cochrane District. Near Timmins. Population 29 in 1971. References: 3B.

AURA, hamlet, Tisdale Township, Nipissing District. Located on Aura Lake, 7 miles from Porcupine, 68 miles south of Cochrane, and on Highway #67. Post Office established as AURA on December 1st, 1910. First Postmaster Dayton Ostrosser. The post office soon assumed the name AURA LAKE, for the location. On March 1st, 1912 office name changed to SCHUMACHER. Office still in operation in 1983. Place known as AURA LEE for a time. In 1912 the community name was changed to SCHUMACHER, designated to be in the new area of Cochrane District but still in Tisdale Township. Aura and Aura Lake were both named for the lake. Schumacher, now an urban community, was named for a mine which became Part of the City of Timmins. AURA LAKE STATION name changed to SCHUMACHER STATION in 1912. The stations, on Ontario Northland Railway and also on Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway are both known as TIMMINS STATION. Present approved name is SCHUMACHER. Population 200 in 1913 and 3,017 in 1976 when annexed by Timmins. References: DD, SS, 6T, U, MM, F, 3B, 2Y, 5K and 7V.

AURA LAKE, SEE: AURA , Nipissing District.

AURA LEE, SEE: AURA , Nipissing District.

AURORA, SEE: MACHELL'S CORNERS, York County.

AURORA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1904. Name is Indian, meaning "The dead are dancing"....."and we think the ghosts are happy. It is a pleasant thought." Map position: 48°50' 80°45'. References: V, 7R and 9H.

AUSTIN, SEE: AUSTIN SPUR , Sudbury District.

AUSTIN SPUR, station and concentrated rural community, Neelon Township, Sudbury District. Name changed to AUSTIN in October, 1974 from CPR information. Now designated as Part of Town of Nickel Centre, Map position: 46°29' 80°51'. References: SS and V.

AUX CLAIES LAKE, now Lake Simcoe, but previous to Aux Claies, the Indian names were SINION or SHINIONG, and the earliest French name was OUENTARONK LAKE. References: 7W.

AUX COCHES, SEE: BREWSTER'S MILLS, Lambton and Huron Counties.

AVENING, concentrated rural community, Simcoe District, Canada West, later, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located on the Mad River, 3 miles from Creemore, 8 miles from Stayner and 25 miles west of Barrie. Post office established as AVENING on February 1st, 1863. First Postmaster W. H. Thornbury, named the office for his father's native town in England. Office closed by 1971. AVENING STATION on North and North Western Railway, which became Grand Trunk Railway and later CNR. Settlement founded by Frederick C. Thornbury in 1860. Present approved name is AVENING. Population 250 in 1895 and 64 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 80°04'. References: I, T, Z, DD, JJ, 3R, 3N, V, 7B, 2E, 5L and 6S.

AVERILL'S MILLS, SEE: AVERY'S MILLS , Norfolk County.

**AVERY POINT**, Compact rural community, Carden Township, Victoria County. Located 18 miles from Orillia. Settled in the early 1800s by Scots group of families. A small farming area on a peninsula into Dalrymple Lake, now has a summer cottage area. Present approved name is **AVERY POINT**. Population not listed. Map position: 44°40' 79°07'. References: B, V, 5L and 7R.

**AVERY'S MILLS**, Talbot District, Upper Canada, later Townsend Township, Norfolk County and most recently in City of Nanticoke, in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 17 miles from Brantford, 47 miles from St. Thomas, on Nanticoke Creek. Post office established, as **WATERFORD**, in 1826. First Postmaster J. W. Powell. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler Jacob Slaght in 1812. Named by Mr. Kellogg, a teacher. Founded as a result of the U. E. L. settlement in Canada and group brought the name with them from the U.S. **WATERFORD STATION** on the Michigan Central Railway . Incorporated as Village in 1878 and as a Town in 1960. Amalgamated and Incorporated into the City of Nanticoke. on April 1st, 1974. Present approved name is **WATERFORD**. Population 500 in 1851 and 2,421 in 1972. Map position: 42°56' 80°17'. References: 1N, I, C, HH, 2T, RR, O, 5K, 1D, PP, 7X, 7V and 6S.

**AVERY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Named for Frederick H. Avery, former M.P.P. for Lincoln County. Map position: 49°41' 92°21'. References: V and 7R.

**AVIEMOOR**, Post office, Pearkes Township, Algoma District. Located 13 miles from Hoban and 10 miles from Missanabie. Post office established March, 1912. First Postmaster J. G. Leggat. Office closed September 4th, 1914. No further mention of this office. References: 6T.

**AVIS TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **L TOWNSHIP**, Algoma District.

**AVON**, dispersed rural community, North Dorchester Township, Middlesex County and South Dorchester Township, Elgin County. Formerly in London District, Canada West. Located 22 miles from London, 11 miles from Ingersoll and 26 miles from St. Thomas. Post office established July 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Daniel Miles. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Population 50 in 1857 and 88 in 1976. Present approved name is **AVON**. Map position: 42°54' 80°56'. References: I, EE, 3B, 3L, V, 6T, 5L, 8Q and 6S.

**AVONBANK**, Dispersed rural community, Huron District, Canada West, later Downie Township, Perth County. Located 4 miles north of St. Mary's, 11 miles south west of Stratford and 5 miles west of St. Paul's Station, 6 miles south west of Sebringville. Post office opened January 1st, 1856. First Postmaster James Muir. Office closed December 13TH, 1913. Early name was spelled as **AVON BANK**. Named for location on the bank of the Avon River. Present approved name is **AVONBANK**. Population 200 in 1885 and 200 in 1908. Map position: 43°20' 81°08'. References: A, I, Z, PP, 3R, 6T, 1W, 4A and 8U.

**AVONDALE #1**, Charlottenburg Township, Grenville County. Designated as a locality. Map position: 45°13' 74°41'. References: B and V.

**AVONDALE, #2**, Chinguacousy Township, Peel County. An area within the Bramalea Housing development. Now Part of City of Brampton, in Regional Municipality of Peel, after annexation in 1974. References: 3C.

**AVONMORE**, SEE: **HOUGH MILLS**, Stormont County.

**AVONROY**, Hamlet, Sombra Township, Bothwell Electoral District, later Lambton County. Located 20 miles south of Sarnia, 7 miles south of Brigden,and on South half of Lot 15, Concession 16, Sombra Township. Post office opened May 1st, 1882. First Postmaster Peter Grant. Office closed August 1st, 1912. Spelling of the name was shortened to **AVONRY** , by the time the office closed under that name. Peter Grant named the office for the fact that the name means "yellow water" (Avonroy) and the banks of Bear Creek overflowed covering the Grant Farms on either side with its yellow water, hence the name. The other motive Mr. Grant had for use of the name was the name of the farm in the Parish of Abernethy, Morayshire, Scotland, where he was born and spent his young days. Present approved name is **AVONRY**. Population 100 in 1885 and 50 in 1899. Map position: 42°45' 82°21'. References: I, T, S, Z, 2Z, 3R, 6T, 5L, 7D and 6S.

AVONRY, SEE: AVONROY , Lambton County.

AVONTON, dispersed rural community, Huron District, Canada West, later Downie Township, Perth County. Located on River Avon, 6 miles south west of Stratford, 5 miles from Sebringville and 6 miles from St. Paul's Station. Post office opened November 1st, 1863. First Postmaster A. Shiells. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Population 110 in 1885 and 57 in 1976. Present approved name is AVONTON. Map position: 43°21' 81°05'. References: A, I, S, Z, DD, 3B, 3R, 3O, V, 7B, 6T, 5L and 6S.

AVON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District.Map position: 49°46' 81°34'. Reference V.

AWENGE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Name is an Indian word, meaning "in the water". Since 1912 Awenge has been Part of the City of Sault Ste. Marie, as Township was amalgamated as part of Incorporation in that year. Map position: 46°31' 84°26'. References: HH, V and 7R.

AWERES, station, Aweres Township, Algoma District. Located 12 miles north of Sault Ste. Marie and on the Algoma Central Railway. There is no post office here. References: S.

AWERES TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Located 19.3 km north of Sault Ste. Marie. The name is Indian, meaning "Thunder". Map position: 46°39' 84°14'. References: R1, V and 7R.

AWREY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township Sudbury District. Named for Nicholas Awrey, Member of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, representing Wentworth South Riding, in 1890. Map position: 46°30' 80°37'. References: V, 7R and 9F.

AXE LAKE, hamlet, Monteith Township, Parry Sound District.Designated a dispersed rural community in 1976. Located 10 miles from Rosseau, 36 miles east of Parry Sound, 10 miles southwest of Sprucedale and 23 miles north of Gravenhurst. Post office established in 1881. First Postmaster James McPherson. Office closed December 1st, 1928. Present approved name is AXE LAKE. Population 40 in 1895 and 60 in 1908. Map position: 45°24' 79°32'. References: I, S, Z, PP, U10, 3R, V, 5V, 6T and 5L.

AYLEN, Station, Clara Township, Renfrew County. AYLEN STATION on CPR, at Mile 2615, on Main line. Altitude 730 feet above sea level. Located near Bissett and Mattawa stations . Had a Dominion Express office in 1899. Present approved name is AYLEN. Population 25, in 1899. Map position: 46°13' 78°13'. References: U, L1, U12, V and 8K.

AYLEN LAKE, hamlet, Dickens Township, Nipissing South District, formerly shown in Renfrew South District. Located 16 miles north west of Barry's Bay and 12 miles north east of Madawaska,on Front Lot of Concession 7, Township of Dickens. AYLEN LAKE STATION at an altitude of 1,077 feet above sea level, on the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway, later CPR, also had a Canada Atlantic Telegraph office. Station name changed to CAMERONS prior to 1915. Summer post office established as AYLEN LAKE on July 11th, 1955. First Postmaster William R. White. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is AYLEN LAKE. Map position: 45°36' 77°52'. References: B, U12, SS, V, 6T, 5L and L3.

AYLESWORTH #1, SEE: AYLSWORTH , Algoma District.

AYLESWORTH #2, Concentrated rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Present approved name is AYLESWORTH. Map position: 44°17' 76°32'. References: V and 5L.

AYLMER, SEE: TROY, #4, Elgin County.

AYLMER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for Lord Aylmer, Inspector-General of the Militia of Canada, 1904 to 1907. Map position: 46°51' 80°45'. References: 7R and V.

AYLMER WEST, SEE: TROY, #4, Elgin County.

**AYLSWORTH**, dispersed rural community, Aylworth Township, Rainy River District. Located 6 miles from Emo and 41 miles east of Rainy River. Post office established July 1st, 1899. First Postmaster Charles Larson. Office closed October, 1924. Place shown misspelled as AYLESWORTH on several documents. Present approved name is **AYLSWORTH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°33' 93°49'. References: V, 5U, 7H, 5L, S, PP and 6T.

**AYLSWORTH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Surveyed by W. R. Aylsworth, Ontario Land Surveyor, and named to honour him. Aylsworth Township is included in the Municipality of Emo, along with the Townships of Lash and Carpenter. Settlement of Township began in 1870s with advent of railroad building in area. Map position: 48°32' 93°45'. References: V, 7R and HH.

**AYR**, SEE: MUDGE HOLLOW #2, Waterloo County.

**AYR SIDING**, Railway point, Dumfries Township, Waterloo County. Located between Dumfries Station and Wolverton Station, which is 5 miles west, on the Credit Valley Line of CPR, formerly Grand Trunk Railway. Population in 1893 and 1899 at 20. No recent references to this railway point. References: U10, U12, U (1894) and AA.

**AYTON**, Police Village, Normanby Township, Grey County, formerly in Simcoe District, Canada West. Located 35 miles south west of Owen Sound, 9 miles north of Harriston and 8 miles from Orchard. Settled by German immigrants in 1854, surveyed by Provincial Land Surveyor Quintin Johnstone in 1855. He also surveyed 200 acres as a town plot and it was named, THE TOWN PLOT OF AYTON, and filed as such in the Crown Lands Department in Toronto. Thomas Robertson, a lawyer and later a Judge in Hamilton, was offered the water site on condition that he supply a grist mill for the settlers, which he did, some years after the original survey. Incorporated as a Police Village by County bylaw #848, November 23rd, 1915. Police Village status still in effect as January 20th, 1983. Post office established March 1st, 1857. First Postmaster Joseph Dixon. Office still in operation in 1983. First settlers William Butcher and Henry McMahon. Stratford and Huron Railway station erected in 1880, Georgian Bay & Lake Erie Railway there in 1896, later the Grand Trunk Railway shown, but CNR now serves area. A Parish name shown in 1915 was St. PIERRE.Present approved name is AYTON. Population 400 in 1886 and 450 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 80°56'. References: B, I, F, T, S, Z, 3M, V, 7B, 2K, 5L, 6S and 7L.

**AZEN**, Railway point, Dana Township, Nipissing District. AZEN STATION on Canada Northern Railway at an altitude 761 feet above sea level. Present approved name is AZEN. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°38' 80°15'. References: U, L3 and V.

**AZILDA**, SEE: ST.AZILDA, Algoma District.

**AZOFF**, concentrated rural community, Cayuga Township, Haldimand County, formerly Niagara District, Canada West. Located 6 miles north east of Cayuga and 20 miles from Brantford. Place was named CANFIELD for a railroad builder, Alfred Canfield. Post office established as CANFIELD September 1st, 1854. First Postmaster William Lawrence. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village, by County Bylaw #464. Dissolved, April 1st, 1974 to become Part of Town of Haldimand in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk, effective April 1st, 1974. The station had business from the Buffalo and Goderich Railway and the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, both later part of Grand Trunk, and the Canada Southern Railway (in 1885), later Michigan Central Railway. Name sometimes misspelled as CANEFIELD. Present approved name is CANFIELD. Population 50 in 1857 and 152 in 1971, after 1976 figures included with Haldimand. Map position: 42°58' 79°45'. References: Z, AA, 1C, B, I, T, S, EE, 3B, 3R, 3L, V, 7B, 8Q and 7D.

B TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Name changed to OSHELL TOWNSHIP for M. J. Oshell, Mayor of Powassan, in 1973. Map position: 46°46' 82°00'. References: V and 7R.

BABENOCH, dispersed rural community, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located 17 km southeast of Guelph and 10 km northwest of Freelton. Founded 1828 by pioneers from Invershire, Scotland. First settler was Peter Grant. Name changed to BADEOCH in 1974. Present approved name is BADENOCH, (1974). Population 57 in 1966 and 4 in 1976. Map position: 43°28' 80°06'. References: V, 6M, D, 2H and 5L.

BABICH SURVEY, in Stoney Creek area. Population in 1971 was 49. References: 3B.

BABY POINT, SEE: TEIAIGON, York County.

BABY'S POINT, settlement, Sombra Township, Lambton County, at times shown in Bothwell Electoral District. Located 7 miles northwest of Wallaceburg and 40 km from Port Sarnia. Post office opened as BABY'S POINT, on August 6th, 1852. First Postmaster W. Henderson. Office closed April 30th, 1890. First settler Francis Baby in 1815 for whom the place was named. Present approved name is BABYS POINT. Population 50 in 1875 and 25 in 1893. Map position: 42°38' 82°30'. References: I, T, 2Y, 7B, 5T, and V.

BABYSVILLE, SEE: THE FORKS #1, Kent County.

BADDOW, SEE: EAD'S SETTLEMENT, Victoria County.

BADEN, Police Village, Wellington District, Canada West, later Wilmot Township, Waterloo County. Located 10 miles southwest of Kitchener, 17 miles from Stratford and 72 miles from Toronto. Post office opened September 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Jacob Beck. Office still in operation in 1983. BADEN STATION on Grand Trunk Railway and later on CNR. Incorporated as Police Village by County bylaw #585, effective date December 18th, 1907. Dissolved and reverted to Township of Wilmot, January 1st, 1973 (Bill 167, 1972). Place founded by Joseph Beck and named for his home town in Germany. Sir Adam Beck, founder of Ontario Hydro System born here. Present approved name is BADEN. Population 150 in 1857 and 1,041 in 1978. Map position: 43°24' 80°39'. References: B, I, F, P, T, S, Z, U, EE, DD, 2Y, 3R, U12, 3L, 2F, 5K, V, 7B, 5L, 4A, 8Q, 6S, 7R and 7D.

BADENOCH #1, SEE: BABENOCH, Bruce County.

BADENOCH #2, post office, Carrick Township, Bruce County. Located on Spring Creek, 12 miles southeast of Walkerton and 4 miles from Mildmay. Post office opened as BADENOCH in 1899. First postmaster August Kleist. Office closed June 1st, 1902. No recent references to this office. Population 25 in 1893. References: I, Z, PP, 9K and 7P.

BADER, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for Group Captain Douglas Bader, a World War 2, English flying ace. Map position: 48°09' 83°57'. References: V and 7R.

BADGELEY'S, Prince Edward County, a stop on the water-route between Trenton and Picton. Not a post office. Deseronto Navigation Co. offered daily trips between Trenton and Picton from 1893 to 1899. References: U10 and U12.

BADGER CORNERS, dispersed rural community, McDougall Township, Parry Sound District. Present approved name is a BADGER CORNERS. Population 123 in 1961. Map position: 45°24' 80°02'. References: 5A, V+, 6M and 5L.

BADGEROS, SEE: BADJEROS, Grey County.

BADGEROW'S POND, hamlet, Located at Con. 3, lot 16, Scarborough Township, York County. References: 8H.

BADGEROW TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Named for George W. Badgerow, M. P. P., York East, 1879 to 1883. Map position: 46°30' 80°06'. References: V.

BADIEROS, SEE: BADJEROS, Grey County.

BADJEROS, hamlet, Osprey Township, Grey County. Located 8 miles north of Dundalk and 40 miles east of Owen Sound. Post office opened 1875 and still in operation in 1979. First Postmaster H. McQuarrrie. Place named after Philip Badjero between 1865 and 1875 as he owned the four corners on which the hamlet stands. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name also shown as BADGEROS in 1879 and 1908 and BADIEROS in 1888. Present approved name is BADJEROS. Population 100 in 1886 and 41 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 80°17'. References: B, I, F, T, S, Z, D, DD, 3B, U10, V, 5L, 6S, 5S and 7D.

BAGNALL, dispersed rural community, Dover Township, Kent County. Present approved name is BAGNALL. Map position: 42°21' 82°22'. References: V and 5L.

BAGOT, settlement, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Bagot Township, Renfrew County. Located 10 miles from Renfrew and 19 miles from Arnprior. Post office opened as BAGOT VILLAGE, February 6th, 1848. First Postmaster John Holliday. In 1889 changed to SPRINGTOWN post office. Name for the Village changed to BAGOT SOUTH which, in 1872, changed to SPRINGTOWN. Population 40 in 1885 and 50 in 1892. Map position: 45°20' 76°40'. References: I, D, A, T, Z, EE, PP, 2W, 3R, V, 7B, 8Q, 8P, B, S, U, AA, SS, 7B and 5T.

BAGOT SOUTH, SEE: BAGOT, Renfrew County.

BAGOT TOWNSHIP, Township, Bathurst District, Renfrew County. Incorporated First Monday of January, 1851 by County Bylaw passed October 3rd, 1850. Name changed to BAGOT AND BLYTHFIELD TOWNSHIP when it joined with BLITHFIELD TOWNSHIP, a Geographic Township, formerly BLITHEFIELD TOWNSHIP. Post office name BAGOT (1848). Population 724 (BAGOT) and 200 (BLITHFIELD) in 1852 and 1,078 in 1980. Map position: 45°14' 76°46'. References: C, HH, V, M and 2W.

BAGOT VILLAGE, SEE: BAGOT, Renfrew County.

BAGSHOT, post office, Champagne Township, Algoma District. Located 13 miles from Coyne and 13 miles from Gogama. Post office opened February 16th, 1921. First Postmaster W.H. Bromley. Office closed September 1st, 1923. Map position: 47°33' 81°37'. References: 6T.

BAHNSEN, station, Cartier Township, Algoma District, later Nipissing District. Located 30 miles west of Sudbury and 5 miles east of Cartier. Post office opened as PINE in 1907. First Postmaster B.B. Bahnsen for whom the place was named. Office closed February 1st, 1927. BAHNSEN STATION on the Cartier Division of CPR, station number 4536, and located between the stations of Windy Lake and Cartier, in 1911. Population 13 in 1907. References: PP, S, DD, L1, 7J, 10B and 6T.

BAIE du DORE, unincorporated community, Bruce Township, Bruce County. Located 10 miles from Kincardine, on Lake Huron shore by the bay of the same name, and place named Port Bruce is shown as directly south. Nearest post office is shown as Malta. Present approved name is BAIE du DORE. Population 0 in 1974. Map position: 44°20' 81°31'. References: A, D and 5L.

BAILEY CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Sudbury District. Part of Town of Nickle Centre. Map position: 46°37' 80°49'. References: V.

BAILEY'S CORNERS, settlement, Lake & Marmora Townships, Hastings County. Located 10 miles north of Marmora and 35 miles northwest of Belleville. Post office named SHANICK opened 1864. First Postmaster James Bailey for whom the place was named. Office closed March 31st, 1898 and reopened under the name SHANNICK. It closed permanently on May 31st, 1931. Settlement name changed to SHANICK in 1872. Population 150 in 1875 and 10 in 1893. References: 7B, B, I, A, T, S, AA, 5P, Z, U10, 3R, 4F, 7G, 7M, PP and 6T.

BAILIEBORO, SEE: BLOOMFIELD #4, Peterborough County.

BAILLOQUET TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 30, Range 24, Algoma District.

**BAILLOQUET TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 30, Range 24,** Algoma District.

**BAINESVILLE,** Enniskillen Township, Lambton County. Located just west of Marthaville. In 1880 it existed at Lot 7, Concession 13. No other record. References: 1H.

**BAINSVILLE #1,** hamlet and post office, Lancaster Township, Glengarry County. Located 19 miles northeast of Cornwall, 12 miles southeast of Alexandria; Bainsville had a station on the Grand Trunk Railway and is situated beside the St. Lawrence River. Post office opened 1884. First Postmaster was Duncan D. McCuaig. The post office is still in operation in 1983. Place named for the McBain family who settled the place in 1862. Present approved name is **BAINSVILLE.** Population 25 in 1885 and 51 in 1978. Map position: 45°11' 74°25'. References: I, F, S, Z, U, D, DD, 3R, U12, V, 5L, 5P and 5L.

**BAINSVILLE #2,** Toronto Township, Peel County, now Part of City of Mississauga in Regional Municipality of Peel. Population was 30 in 1971 and 27 in 1976. References: 3B.

**BAINSVILLE STATION,** Lancaster Township, Glengarry County. Situated on Grand Trunk Railway at Lot 16, Concession 1. References: 2B.

**BAIN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°55' 86°27'. References: V.

**BAIRD,** urban community, Oliver & McIntyre Townships, Thunder Bay District. Now Part of the City of Thunder Bay. Located 5 miles from Marilla. Post office opened January, 1913. First Postmaster Richard Ross. Office closed temporarily March 2nd, 1963. Population was 8 in 1941 and 55 in 1951. Map position: 48°25' 89°25'. References: U, 3B, LL, V and 6T.

**BAIRDS,** station, Southwold Township, Elgin County. Located 9 miles west of St. Thomas. **BAIRDS STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway. Population of 50 in 1893. Map position: 42°46' 81°20'. References: S, Z, PP, U10, V, 10B and 6S.

**BAIRDS STATION,** East Missouri Township, Oxford County. Station #1839 located between the stations of Lakeside and Uniondale in 1911. Reference: 10B.

**BAIRD TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Kenora District, Map position: 50°59' 93°59'. References: V.

**BAKER HILL,** hamlet, Whitchurch Township, York County. Located on Highway #48, at Lot 8, Concession 7. Place developed around the Baptist church that stood there. References: 3G.

**BAKER'S BRICKWORKS SIDING,** station, Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located on Montreal and Ottawa Division of CPR. Station #3415, between the station of Plantagenet and Pendleton, in 1911. References: 10 B.

**BAKER'S CORNERS #1,** settlement, Canada West, later in Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located 16 miles from Dickinson's Landing. No recent references to this settlement. Population about 80 in 1857. References: EE.

**BAKER'S CORNERS #2,** SEE: **THE CORNERS #2,** Russell County.

**BAKERS SUBDIVISION,** subdivision, Asphrodel Township, Peterborough County. Population was 78 in 1971 and 34 in 1976. References: 3B and 6M.

**BAKERSVILLE,** Gore District, Canada West, later Flamborough Township, Wentworth County. Located 4 miles from Hamilton on the Grand Trunk Railway (Great West Division, T branch). Post office opened September 1st, 1865. First Postmaster John Baker from which the place derived its name. Office closed in 1869. Population was 65 in 1956 and 86 in 1971. References: I, Z, D, DD, 3B, 5E, 3P, 4F, 7B and 6M.

**BAKER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°49' 91°49'. References: V.

**BALA,** SEE: **MUSQUOSH FALLS,** Muskoka District.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

BALACLAVA #1, Sydenham Township, Grey County. Located 14 miles from Owen Sound, 14 miles from Meaford and 1 mile from Leith. Post office opened as BALACLAVA in 1889. First Postmaster W. H. Hunt. Office closed November 30th, 1961. Place named for Russian Crimean Village of Balaklava in 1850's. First Innkeeper Elijah Moulton. Present approved name is BALACLAVA. Population 20 in 1893 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 44°41' 80°47'. References: I, Z, D, DD, MM, V, 5L, 7R and U10.

BALACLAVA #2, SEE: BALACLAVA MILLS, Renfrew County.

BALACLAVA #3, a small village in Township of East Zorra and South Easthope and Countries of Oxford & Perth, Canada West. Located 8 miles from Stratford and 14 miles from Woodstock, in 1857. No other references to this place. References: EE.

BALACLAVA MILLS, dispersed rural community, shown in Canada West, later in Bratton Township, Renfrew County. Located on Highway #513, 80 miles from Perth, 78 miles from Ottawa and 16 miles southeast of Renfrew. Believed named for Russian Crimean Village near which a battle was fought. Present approved name is BALACLAVA. Map position: 45°23' 76°57'. References: EE, 7R, B, 5L and V.

BALA ISLAND, station, Muskoka Township, Muskoka District. Located 2 miles from Bala in 1908. Station on Canadian Northern Ontario Railway, McKenzie and Mann system. References: PP.

BALAKLAVA, hamlet, Carrick Township, Bruce County, formerly in Canada West. Located 40 miles from Southampton, 42 miles from Elora and 50 miles from Guelph. Post office opened as GLEN LYON, February 1st, 1856. First Postmaster John Shannon. Office closed June 1st, 1872, when Postmaster (William Hay) resigned and officially closed in 1873. No further mention of this place noted. References: EE, 7B, I, A, 3U, 3Y, 4F, 5X, 4A and 8U.

BALANTRA, hamlet, Sheffield Township, Lennox & Addington County. Located 20 miles north east of Napanee. Date of this reference 1875. No recent reference to this hamlet. Reference: A.

BALA PARK, dispersed rural community, Wood Township, Muskoka District, later within District Municipality of MUSKOKA. Located a half mile from Torrance and one and a half miles from Bala. Post Office established August 1st, 1911. First Postmaster William E. Ham. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BALA PARK. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°01' 79°35'. References: B, F, 6T, 6S and 5L.

BALA ROAD, hamlet, Medora Township, Muskoka District, later within District Municipality of MUSKOKA. Shown as post office in 1952 and railway point in 1974, neither fully documented. Map position: 45°02' 79°38'. References: V and 6S.

BALDERSON, SEE: BALDERSON'S CORNERS, Lanark County.

BALDERSON'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Bathurst District, Canada West, later on Bathurst and Drummond Township line, Lanark County. Located 6 miles from Perth and 5 miles from Prestonvale. Settled by Sargeant John Balderson in 1816, on Lot 1, Conc.8, in Drummond Township. Known as Balderson's Corners to 1820 when name registered as CLARKSVILLE. This name fell into disuse. Post office established as BALDERSON, to honour first settler, in September 1858. First Postmaster A. McDonald. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BALDERSON. Population 100 in 1885 and 75 in 1976. Map position: 44°57' 76°20'. References: I, 3B, 3R, U12, 3W, V, 7U, 5L and 1I.

BALDOON, SEE: BALDOON SETTLEMENT, Kent County.

BALDOON ROAD, SEE: BALDOON SETTLEMENT, Kent County.

BALDOON SETTLEMENT, dispersed rural community, Dover East Township, Kent County. Located 10 miles from Wallaceburg and 10 miles from Chatham. Founded in 1804 by Lord Selkirk and named for a Village in the Highlands of Scotland. In the 1812 war the settlement was ravaged by American invaders who carried off all the livestock

which had been supplied for the settlers by Lord Selkirk. In 1818, the property was sold to John McNab. Post office named **BALDOON** opened in 1875. Postmaster Alfred Bishop. Office closed March 1st, 1915. **BALDOON STATION** on CPR, formerly Erie and Huron Railway. Present approved name is **BALDOON**. Population 60 in 1885 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 42°30' 82°21'. References: 2U, 2Y, I, MM, 3R, U12, 5L V, 6O, 6T, 5V, 7V, 6S and 5L.

**BALDWIN**, #1, dispersed rural community, Georgina Township, York County, later within Regional Municipality of **YORK**. Located 4 miles from Sutton West and 50 miles north east of Toronto, on the Black river. Post office established as **BALDWIN**. First Postmaster T. H. Morton. Office still in operation in 1983. Railway name **BALDWIN'S CROSSING**, on Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Settled about 1819. Present approved name is **BALDWIN**. Population 300 in 1895 and 100 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 79°21'. References: I, S, 3G, Z, 3B, 3R, V, 5L, 6S, 7R and 4Q.

**BALDWIN** #2, dispersed rural community, Midland District, Canada West, later Camden Township, Addington, now Lennox and Addington County. Located 15 miles from Napanee and 5 miles from Tamworth. Named for James Baldwin, who married the daughter of the first settler, who was Captain Fred York of the Light Horse. Post office named **BALDWIN** established on August 1st, 1857. First Postmaster George Paul. Office closed 1871. Another name used for this site appears as **ROSEGROVE-BALDWIN**, which may have been the hamlet name of post office location. A new Post office opened at this place named **INGLE** in 1893. First Postmaster of that office H. M. York. Office closed September 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **INGLE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 77°02'. References: I, EE, 3M, 3V, 3Y, 4F, 6T, V, S, Z, PP, 7D, 4A and 7B.

**BALDWIN'S BRIDGE**, dispersed rural community, Mountain Township, Dundas County. Present approved name is **BALDWIN'S BRIDGE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°00' 75°25'. References: V and 5L.

**BALDWIN'S CREEK**, hamlet, Clarke Township, Durham County. Near Newcastle Station, which is on Grand Trunk Railway. Name changed to **WILMOT'S CREEK** in 1908. Government fish breeding carried on at this place. Population not shown in 1976. References: 1P and PP.

**BALDWIN'S CROSSING**, SEE: **BALDWIN**, #1, York County.

**BALDWIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, District of Sudbury. Incorporated December 30th, 1927, by Judge's Declaration of Incorporation, of same date. Located 64 km west of Sudbury. Named for Provincial Land Surveyor F. A. Baldwin, in 1860s. Population 659 in 1977. Map position: 46°20' 81°45'. References: R1, HH, M, 7R and V.

**BALFOUR**, settlement, Marysburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 16 miles east of Picton. Post office established in 1862. First Postmaster George A. McLaughlin. Office closed January 8th, 1913. Population 60 in 1899 and 450 in 1908. Present approved name is **BALFOUR**. Map position: 43°56' 76°58'. References: I, T, Z, PP, U12, V, 6T and 5P.

**BALFOUR BEACH**, concentrated rural community, Georgina Township, York County, later within the Regional Municipality of **YORK**. Present approved name is **BALFOUR BEACH**. Map position: 44°16' 79°30'. References: U, 5L and V.

**BALFOUR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District, later in the Regional Municipality of **SUDBURY**. Incorporated July 16th, 1890. Dissolved and Annexed, Part by Town of **WALDEN**, and Part by Town of **RAYSIDE-BALFOUR**, effective January 1st, 1973, by Ontario Statute, 1972. C 104. Map position: 46°35' 81°16'. References: V, HH and M.

**BALKAM**, railway point, Bonis Township, Cochrane District. **BALKAM STATION** on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, main line. Altitude 938 feet above sea level. Map position: 48°55' 79°46'. References: L2 and V.

**BALLANDS**, suburban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, now within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Name changed to **BELLANDS** in 1977. Map position: 45°20' 75°48'. References: V and V+.

**BALLANTRAE**, settlement, Home District, Canada West, later shown in Whitchurch Township, York County (1850)

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

Ontario County (1974) now Part of Town of WHITCHURCH-STOUFFVILLE, Regional Municipality of York. Located 7 miles from Stouffville, 8 miles from Aurora and 10 miles from Newmarket. Post office named for Ballantrae in Ireland, established September 1st, 1858. First Postmaster James DeGreer. Office closed November 28th, 1947. Map of 1860 shows spelling as BALLINTRAE. Population 700 in 1895 and 165 in 1979. Present approved name is BALLANTRAE. Map position: 44°02' 79°18'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, U, 5A, 3W, 3Y, V, 7B, 6T, 6S, and 8X.

BALLANTYNE'S, SEE: PITTSBURG, Frontenac County.

BALLANTYNE'S STATION, SEE: PITTSBURG, Frontenac County.

BALLANTYNE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Surveyed in 1879. Named for the Honorable Thomas Ballantyne, M. P. P. in 1891. Map position: 45°57' 79°10'. References: 7R and V.

BALLAVIELLEN, Police Village, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Located 12 miles northeast of Cornwall the County Seat and 4 miles northwest of Lancaster Station on CPR. Post office established April 2nd, 1833. First Postmaster Donald McNicol. Name changed to WILLIAMSTOWN prior to 1935. Office still in operation in 1983. WILLIAMSTOWN Incorporated as a Police Village January 1935 by County Bylaw #2498. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order #M7328-Application February 12th, 1974 for dissolution. Dissolution approved May 28th, 1974. Becomes Part of TOWNSHIP OF CHARLOTTENBURGH, effective date December 31st, 1974. This settlement started on the Raisin River, and was founded in 1778 by United Empire Loyalists led by Sir John Johnson. First church was built in 1787. Religious parish name for this place NATIVITY OF BLESSED VIRGIN. The name WILLIAMSTOWN was given in honour of the father of Sir John Johnson, William Johnson. The Gaelic word BALLAVIELLEN means MILLTOWN in English. Present approved name is WILLIAMSTOWN. Population 200 in 1846 and 336 in 1976. Map position: 45°00' 74°35'. References: B, I, G, S, 2Y, 3S, SS, 7V, 9L, V and 5L.

BALLENTYNE CROSSING, SEE: PITTSBURG, Frontenac County.

BALLINAFAD, hamlet, on Township line between Esquesing and Erin Townships, in both Wellington and Halton Counties,formerly in Home and Wellington Districts in Canada West. Now, Part in Town of Halton Hills, and Part in Erin Township, Wellington County. Located 42 miles from Toronto, 5 miles from Georgetown and 9 miles from Hillsburg. Post office established October 6th, 1842. First Postmaster Thomas C. Stephens. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler in 1821 Mr. Roszel. The name BALLINAFAD is Gaelic, meaning "Village of Bricks". Present approved name is BALLINAFAD. Population 100 in 1857 and 120 in 1971. Map position: 43°42' 80°01'. References: B, I, Z, EE, 3B, U12, V, 1B, 2H, 5L, 8P, 7R, 6S and 7D.

BALLINTRAE, SEE: BALLANTRAE, York County.

BALLINVILLA, hamlet, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Located on the Ottawa river, 6 miles south west of Ottawa and 3 miles north of Bell's Station. Post office established 1881. First Postmaster T. W. Kenny. Office closed in 1892. Population 300 in 1885.No recent references to this hamlet. References: I, Z, 3R and 5V.

BALL LAKE, settlement, Patricia Portion, Kenora District. Located north east of Sandy Lake. Population 95 in 1961. Map position: 50°18' 94°00'. References: U, 5A and 9J.

BALLSVILLE #1, settlement, Oneida Township, Haldimand County, formerly in Canada West. Located 23 miles from Hamilton, 10 miles west of Cayuga and 2 miles from Hagersville. Post office opened in 1855 named ONEIDA, for the Township. First Postmaster J. T. Muchmore. Office closed June 1st, 1913. BALLSVILLE STATION on the Hamilton & Northwestern Railway in 1886, Grand Trunk 1907 later, on CNR. Present approved name is ONEIDA. Population 200 in 1875 and 190 in 1951. References: S, PP, G, A, T, AA, EE, 3B, 3U, SS, I and 6T.

BALLSVILLE #2, settlement, Tuscarora Township, Brant County. Map position: 42°59' 80°02'. Reference: 6S.

BALLSVILLE TOWNSHIP, in Gore District, Canada West. Only post office in Township, named Seneca, in 1848. References: C.

References: C.

BALLYBAY, also shown as BALLIEBAY and as BALLIETAY, dispersed rural community, McKillop Township, Huron County. Located 28 miles southeast of Goderich the County Seat and 5 miles north of the Grand Trunk Railway at Seaforth. Post office established, named WINTHROP, March 1st, 1868. First Postmaster Alexander Murchie. Office closed July 1st, 1915. Present approved name is WINTHROP. Population 125 in 1892 and 62 in 1976. Map position: 43°38' 81°21'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, 3B, 3Q, 6T, V and 5L.

BALLYCANOE, dispersed rural community, Front of Yonge Township, Leeds County. Settled 1820 to 1822. Present approved name is BALLYCANOE. Map position: 44°32' 75°54'. References: NN, 5L and V.

BALLYCROY, hamlet, Adjala Township, sometimes shown in Cardwell Electoral District, later Simcoe County. Located 3 miles from Palgrave, 35 miles south of Barrie, 5 miles from Athlone and 6 miles from Tottenham. Postoffice established January 1st, 1856 and named for hometown of Irish settlers in 1820, (Ballycroy, Mayo County, Ireland.) First Postmaster Peter Small. Office closed March 31st, 1952. Settled in 1819, by Samuel Beatty, who built a sawmill, which burned in 1875. Present approved name is BALLYCROY. Population 150 in 1875 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 43°58' 79°52'. References: B, I, E, D, Z, EE, JJ, 3R, V, 7B, 6T, 5L, 8U, 7R and 6S.

BALLYDOWN BEACH, dispersed rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Location details: Lefroy is 3 and 1/2 miles north west, Gilford 3 and 1/4 miles south west and DeGrassi Point, 3 miles west, by road. Summer Post Office established August 6th, 1942. First Postmaster W. C. Ingram. Office closed by 1971. Present approved name is BALLYDOWN BEACH. Population 382 in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 79°32'. References: B, 6T, U, 3B, 5L, 9F and V.

BALLYDUFF, SEE: MANVERS #1, Durham County.

BALLY DUFF JAMES, SEE: MANVERS #1, Durham County.

BALLY JAMES DUFF, SEE: MANVERS #1, Durham County.

BALLYMORE, SEE: BALLYMOTE, Middlesex County.

BALLYMOTE, dispersed rural community, London District, Canada West, later London Township, Middlesex County. Located 7 miles north of London, 5 miles south west of Thorndale and 3 1/2 miles from Arva. Post office established June 1st, 1861. First Postmaster J. W. O'Brien. Office closed July 1st, 1914. Name misspelled as BALLYMORE at times. Present approved name is BALLYMOTE. Population 30 in 1895 and 79 in 1976. Map position: 43°04' 81°14'. References: A, I, DD, 3Z, 3N, U12, V, 5L, 6S and B.

BALLYNAHINCH, dispersed rural community, Midland District, Canada West, later Kingston Township, Frontenac County.Located 9 miles from Kingston and 1 and 1/2 miles from Glenvale Station. Named for the birthplace, in Ireland, of the first settlers. BALLYNAHINCH STATION on Kingston and Pembroke Railway in 1885 and CPR in 1926. Post office opened 1858. First Postmaster Robert Gibson. Post office name changed to GLENVALE in 1863, as the place was in a glen between two hills. The new name was suggested by one John Carruthers. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Place name still Ballynahinch and name in use up to 1872 but gradually disappeared as Post Office name used. Present approved name is GLENVALE. Population 150 in 1875 and 100 in 1907. Map position: 44°19' 76°37'. References: I, 3W, 7B, A, S, PP, 3R, V and 6T.

BALLYSHEEN, hamlet, Baxter Township, Muskoka District. Located 4 miles from Honey Harbour and 18 miles from Penetanguishene. Summer post office established July 1st, 1917. First Postmaster James H. Drummond. Office closed December 1918. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

BALM BEACH, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 and 1/4 miles from Perkinfield and near Penetang. Summer Post Office established July 16th, 1931. First Postmaster Leslie Spring. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BALM BEACH. Population 46 in 1951 and 412 in 1976. Map

position: 44°42' 80°00'. References: B, F, U, 3B, 5E, 5L, 5E, V, 6T and 6S.

BALMER LAKE, Balmer Township, Kenora District. Population 51 in 1966 and 63 in 1971. Map position: 51°05' 93°44'. References: 3B, 5A, 6M and 9J.

BALMER'S ISLAND, hamlet, Bathurst District, Canada West, later McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located 8 miles from Arnprior, 2 miles from Glasgow and 50 miles southeast of Pembroke. Post office named BALMER'S ISLAND opened in 1865. First Postmaster James Mills. Office closed June 18th, 1913. Name sometimes misspelled as BALMER ISLAND and was changed to STEWARTVILLE in 1872. First settlers were the Robertsons, McCoys and McNabs in 1823. Present approved name is STEWARTVILLE. Population 150 in 1885 and 35 in 1976. Map position: 45°25' 76°30. References: A, I, SS, 7B, 1J, B, S, AA, 3B, 3R, 6T, PP and 9I.

BALMERTON, SEE: BALMERTOWN, Kenora District.

BALMERTOWN, community, Balmer Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 100 miles from Red Lake Road, 90 miles east of Kenora and 110 miles north of the Trans Canada Highway. Post office named BALMERTOWN established March 1st, 1948. First Postmaster George Morrison. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BALMERTOWN. Population 604 in 1956 and 1,253 in 1976. Map position: 51°04' 93°44'. References: V, 3B, 5A, O, 5E, 6T, 6V, U, F, 6M, 7R and 5L.

BALMERTOWN IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, Kenora District. Incorporated by Ontario Municipal Board order C-2679 dated August 11th, 1950, all of the unorganized Township of Balmer and Part of the unorganized Townships of Dome, Bateman and McDonough Incorporated as the Improvement District of Balmertown effective October 2nd, 1950. Present approved name is BALMERTOWN IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT. Population 1,796 in 1972 and 1,918 in 1980. Map position: 51°04' 93°41'. References: M, HH, 2U, 2T, R1, V and P.

BALMER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Named for Mr. Balmer Niely, an official of McIntyre-Porcupine Gold Mines, Timmins. Map position: 51°04' 93°41'. References: V and 7R.

BALMORAL, dispersed rural community, Walpole and Rainham Townships, Haldimand County, formerly in Talbot District, Canada West, and most recently Part of Town of HALDIMAND. Located one mile from Nelles Corners (1875) and 6 miles southwest of Cayuga. Post office established, named BALMORAL, on July 6th, 1851. First Postmaster John Heaseman. Office closed January 31st, 1922. Place named, when still in the bush, after Balmoral Castle, England. Present approved name is BALMORAL. Population 120 in 1857 and 50 in 1899. Map position: 42°55', 79°58'. References: A, B, I, Z, EE, 2W, 3J, V, 1C, 6T, 6S and 7D.

BALMORAL FARM, Located on Lawrence Avenue, between Keele and Dufferin (in present day Toronto), in 1856 was owned by Sandford Fleming. The place failed as a community and was taken over by his son, Colonel Fred A. Fleming in 1881. He changed the name to PARK FARM, and bred Hereford Cattle. References: 8S.

BALMORAL PARK, suburban community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Population included in Collins Bay totals for 1961 and 1966 census. Present approved name is BALMORAL PARK. Map position: 44°15' 76°36'. References: V and 5A.

BALMY BEACH #1, hamlet, York Township, York County. Located on shore of Lake Ontario, 100 yards from the eastern limits of the City of Toronto and lying just south of the Town of East Toronto (1900). Summer Post Office established here June 18, 1900, named BALMY BEACH.. First Postmaster J. McP. Ross [sic]. Office closed, (at 2244 Queen Street East, Toronto) on August 4th, 1964. The Grand Trunk Railway Station that served this place was named YORK. Population 3,000 in summer and 1,500 in winter, 1905. References: S, U, PP, 7M, 7J, 6T and 7D.

BALMY BEACH #2, dispersed rural community, Sarawak Township, Grey County. Present approved name is BALMY BEACH. Map position: 44°37' 80°56'. References: B, V, 5L and 6S.

BALSAM, SEE: MOUNT ZION #1, Ontario County.

**BALSAM CREEK**, dispersed rural community, Phelps Township, Nipissing District. Location to Redbridge is 3 miles south west and to Songis is 4 miles south east. Post Office named **BALSAM CREEK** established April 1st, 1939. First Postmistress Mrs. Grace Deneau. Office closed November 11th, 1964. Population 144 in 1941 and 130 in 1976. Map position: 46°25' 79°12'. References: U, 3B, 5A, O, 5E, V, 6M, 5L and 6t.

BALSAM FALLS TOWNSHIP, Johnstown District, Canada West. the only post office name for the area was **FENELON FALLS** (1848). References: C.

BALSAM GROVE #1, hamlet, Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Located 18 miles north of Lindsay and 6 miles west of Fenelon Falls. Named for the Lake one mile north of location. Post Office named **BALSAM GROVE** established in 1887. First Postmaster John Copp. Office closed June 1st, 1914. No recent references to this hamlet. Population30 in 1895. Map position: 44°32' 78°50'. References: I, S, Z, AA, PP, U10, 6T, 5T, 5S, 7D and 9J.

**BALSAM GROVE #2**, urban community, Part of City of Kingston, Frontenac County. Map position: 44°15' 76°32'. References:V.

BALSAM HILL, dispersed rural community, Admaston Township, Renfrew County. Located 9 miles from Renfrew and 40 miles south of Pembroke. Post Office established 1887. First Postmaster Peter G. Campbell. Office closed March 7th, 1914. Present approved name is **BALSAM HILL**. Map position: 45°29' 76°49'. References: I, S, Z, DD, MM, PP, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 5S.

BALSAM LAKE, hamlet Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Located 20 miles north west of Lindsay, 4 miles south of Victoria Road and one mile fron Aross. This place also known as **LONG POINT**, Post Office named **BALSAM LAKE** opened 1879. First Postmaster John Cunningham. Office closed January 1st, 1915. No recent references to this hamlet. Population 50 in 1895 and under 60 in 1906. Map position: 44°32' 78°55'. References: I, T, S, Z, U, PP, U10, 3R, 2L, 6T, 5V, 5S and 9J.

BALSOVER, SEE: **ONNACOME**, Victoria County.

BALTIC, dispersed rural community, Kenyon Township, Glengarry County. Located on the Scotch River, 2 miles from Greenfield. Post office opened as **BALTIE'S CORNERS**, in 1881. First Postmaster D. A. McCuaig. Office closed in 1882. The Post Office Department issued two openings, under different names for this office. The second was **BATTIE'S CORNERS**. Name later shortened to **BALTIC'S**. Present approved name is **BALTIC'S CORNERS**. Population 50 in 1885 and 1892. Map position: 45°20' 74°47'. References: B, I, V, 5L, 5V, 5L, Z, AA, I, 3R, 5P and 5S.

**BALTIC TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°23' 83°41'. References: V.

BALTIE'S CORNERS, SEE: **BALTIC**, Glengarry County.

BALTIC'S, SEE: **BALTIC**, Glengarry County.

BALTIC'S CORNERS, SEE: **BALTIC**, Glengarry County.

BALTIMORE, dispersed rural community, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County, formerly Newcastle District, Canada West. Located 5 miles north of Cobourg. Post office named **BALTIMORE** established November 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Robert Harstone. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BALTIMORE**. Population 300 in 1886 and 142 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 78°09'. References: B, I, T, 3J, V and 5L.

BALVENIE, dispersed rural community, Griffith Township, Renfrew County. Located 40 miles south east of Pembroke, near Ashdad. Post office named **BALVENIE** established 1891. First Postmaster John Holly. Office closed June 8th, 1940. Had stage twice weekly to Strain's Corners in 1899. Present approved name is **BALVENIE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°04' 77°16'. References: I, S, U12, 5U, V, 6T and 5L.

BAMBERG, SEE: **WEIMAR**, Waterloo County.

**BAMFORD**, station, Cramahe Township, Northumberland County. Located near Brighton on CNR. Map position: 44°01' 77°47'. References: U and V.

**BANBURY**, dispersed rural community, Monteith Township, Parry Sound District. Located near Bear Lake, 40 miles north of Bracebridge, 12 miles south west of Emsdale and 5 miles from Sprucedale. Post office named **BANBURY** established in 1885. First Postmaster James Barry. Office closed December 16th, 1909. Present approved name is **BANBURY**. Population 30 in 1899 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 45°27' 79°32'. References: I, Z, PP, 5L, V, 6T, 5P and 5L.

**BANCROFT**, SEE: **THE BRANCH #1**, Hastings County.

**BANCROFT STATION**, SEE: **MUD CREEK #2**, Hastings County.

**BANDA #1**, settlement, Mulmur Township, Simcoe County, later Dufferin County. Located 28 miles southwest of Barrie, 30 miles north of Orangeville and 2 1/2 miles west of Glencairn. Post office named **BANDA** opened in 1860. First Postmaster John Cleminger, who named the place by choosing a Pacific Island name from a school map. Office had a number of site moves before closing October 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **BANDA**. Population 250 in 1895 and 30 in 1908. Map position: 44°17' 80°04'. References: I, S, Z, PP, JJ, 6T, 5L and 3Y.

**BANDA, #2**, Station on CPR, east of Oskondiga Station, Thunder Bay District, in 1903. No further mention of this place. References: 8G.

**BANDON #1**, SEE: **HARTFORD #2**, Huron County.

**BANDON #2**, dispersed rural community, Mulmur Township, Dufferin County. Map position: 47°17' 80°04'. References: V.

**BANGOR**, hamlet, Pickering Township, Ontario County, formerly Home District, Canada West. Located 13 miles from Whitby and 6 miles from Frenchman's Bay. Post office opened August 1st, 1861. First Postmaster Isaac Turner. Office closed 1873. Population 100 in 1875. No recent references to this hamlet. References: A, I, 3Z, 3N, 7B and 4A.

**BANGOR LODGE**, locality, Monck Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Bracebridge. Map position: 45°02' 79°23'. References: V and 9J.

**BANGOR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Hastings County. Named for the Welsh town of Bangor. Map position: 45°22' 77°45'. References: V.

**BANGOR, WICKLOW AND McCLURE TOWNSHIP**, Hastings County. Incorporated January 1st, 1872. Quieting Order P 5441-68, dated May 31st, 1968, on application of 3 Townships to settle Boundary. In 1858, Part of North Hastings County, by Canada Statute, C14. On December 8th, 1870, errected as the United Townships of Bangor, Herschel, McClure, Monteagle and Wicklow, by Bylaw #243. On June 13th, 1874, Separated Monteagle from above by Bylaw #283 and Separated Herschel from above group and attached it to Monteagle leaving Bangor, Wicklow and McClure as a unit. Surveyed in 1858 by Provincial Land Surveyor J.S. Peterson. Area in acres 139,059. Population 891 in 1980. References: HH, M and HH1.

**BANKFIELD**, SEE: **KENWELL**, Thunder Bay District.

**BANKHEAD**, locality, Westminster Township, Middlesex County, formerly London District, Canada West. Located 2 miles from London. Place name shown as **ADRIAN** before post office opened as **O'DELL** in 1882. First Postmaster W. L. O'Dell. Office closed March 8th, 1913. Present approved name is **BANKHEAD**. Population 50 in 1892 and 40 in 1895. Map position: 42°50' 81°07'. References: AA, V, 6T, 6S, B, T, Z, 5T and 5P.

**BANKS**, dispersed rural community, Collingwood Township, Grey County. Located 24 miles east of Owen Sound, 8

miles west of Collingwood. Post office established in 1876. First Postmaster William Johnston. Office closed March 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **BANKS**. Population 50 in 1895 and 10 in 1976. Map position: 44°29' 80°21'. References: I, S, DD, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 4O.

**BANKS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Surveyed in 1907. Named for William Banks, Jr., Toronto Globe Reported. Map position: 47°33' 80°20'. References: V and 7R.

**BANK STREET**, post office, City of Ottawa, Carleton District. Post office established February 1st, 1898. Postmaster Alfred H. Jarvis. Office still in operation as a sub-office of Ottawa. References: 5U and 7G.

**BANK STREET SOUTH**, post office, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Post office established July 1st, 1901. First Postmaster H. Moreland. Office still in operation as a sub-office of Ottawa. References: 7N.

**BANNECK**, post office, in Bathurst District Canada West, later in Renfrew County. This post office opened in 1865. That is all the information known on it. National Postal Museum have no record of this office. References: I.

**BANNER**, SEE: **SPEARMAN'S CORNERS**, Oxford County.

**BANNERMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Prime Minister of Great Britain and Ireland. Map position: 49°54' 83°48'. References: V and 7R.

**BANNING**, Railway point, in unsurveyed township Rainy River District. Located 17 and 1/2 miles from Atikokan and 3 and 1/2 miles from Calm Lake. **BANNING STATION** on Canadian Northern Railway, altitude 1,264 feet above sea level. Post office opened as **BANNING**, June 10th, 1909. First Postmaster E. C. Tripp. Office closed November 20th, 1918. Present approved name is **BANNING**. Population 30 in 1926 and 8 in 1978. Map position: 48°44' 91°59'. References: R2, DD, L3, V and 6T.

**BANNISTER'S CORNERS**, Hamlet, at corners of Tay, Tiny, Medonte and Flos Townships, Simcoe County. Named for pioneer settler John Bannister. Located 12 miles southeast of Midland and 6 miles north of Elmvale. Post office established as **WAVERLEY**, on October 1st, 1858. First Postmaster Alexander Kettle who named it for Sir Walter Scott's novels published in 1814. Office closed by 1972. Place was known as **WAVERLEY CORNERS**, which with use has been shortened to Waverley. Present approved name is **WAVERLEY**. Population 150 in 1875 and 183 in 1976. Map position: 44°38' 79°49'. References: I, A, JJ, 3B, 3B3, 3X and 9J.

**BANNOCK**, SEE: **RANNOCH**, Perth County.

**BANNOCKBURN**, SEE: **MUMBY'S MILLS**, Hastings County.

**BANNOCKBURN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Surveyed in 1911 and named for Bannockburn Battleground, in Scotland. Map position: 47°59' 80°51'. References: V and 7R.

**BANTING TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Surveyed in 1909. Named for Dr. Frederick Banting, Canadian discoverer of insulin. Map position: 47°11' 79°57'. References: V and 7R.

**BAPTISTE**, Concentrated rural community, Herschel Township, Hastings County. Located 6 miles from Beechmount and 12 miles from Madoc. Post office established July 1912. First Postmaster Neil Bowan. Office closed by 1971. **BAPTISTE STATION** on Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, then CNR. Place settled as a logging camp. Named for Chief Baptiste Dafou who wore a silver medal given him by the British for service rendered on their behalf. Present approved name is **BAPTISTE**. Population 50 in 1908 and 72 in 1972. Map position: 46°06' 77°59'. References: PP, S, DD, O, 6T, 5L, V, 7R and 7D.

**BAPTISTE CREEK STATION**, station, West Tilbury Township, Essex County. A station on Great Western Railroad. Located 79 miles from London and 4 miles from Stoney Point. Map position: 42°18' 82°27'. References: A, 7B and 9J.

BARAGER TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 29, Range 19, Algoma District.

BARB SEE: EAST HAWKESBURY, Prescott County.

BARBADOES, Johnstown District, Canada West, later North Elmsley Township, Lanark County. Located 7 miles east of Perth, 6 miles southwest of Smith Falls and 40 miles from Brockville.PIKE'S FALLS STATION on the CPR (P branch) and the Brockville & Ottawa Railway. Post office opened as PORT ELMSLEY, July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Robert Garry. Office closed May 31st, 1922. Graphite mined and milled here in 1870.Place name changed to PIKE FALLS also spelled as PIKE'S FALLS then name became PORT ELMSLEY. Present approved name is PORT ELMSLEY. Population 150 in 1892 and 79 in 1976. Map position: 44°53' 76°07'. References: B, I, T, S, U, AA, EE, 2W, 3K, 2Y, 1T, 7B, 7A, PP, 6T, 7U, G and C.

BARBARA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°47' 88°05'. References: V.

BARBERS BAY, dispersed rural community, Tisdale Township, Cochrane District. Located 19 miles from South Porcupine. On CPR, CNR and the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Now a Part of City of Timmins. Present approved name is BARBERS BAY. Map position: 48°37' 80°54'. References: U, LL and V.

BARBER'S BEACH, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Present approved name is BARBER'S BEACH. Population 192 in 1956 and 128 in 1976. Map position: 43°25' 81°16'. References: 3B, 5E, V+, 6M and 5L.

BARBER'S CREEK, hamlet, Newcastle District, Upper Canada, later Canada West, presently in Darlington Township, Durham County. Named for Augustus Barber. Located 43 miles from York, 10 miles east of Oshawa and 29 miles from Cobourg. DARLINGTON STATION on the Grand Trunk Railway later BOWMANVILLE STATION on CNR, and on the CPR. Post office opened in 1826 as DARLINGTON. First Postmaster was James Black. Post office name changed to BOWMANVILLE. Office still in operation in 1983. Named Bowmanville for Charles Bowman, who owned all the town lots. He was never a resident and died in Italy in 1848. This hamlet first settled in 1792 as Barber's Creek and later known as PORT DARLINGTON, DARLINGTON PORT and DARLINGTON MILLS. Incorporated as DARLINGTON VILLAGE in 1853. Incorporated as BOWMANVILLE by Act 20 Vic. cap 89, on January 1st, 1856. On January 1st, 1974 amalgamated with Village of Newcastle, Clarke Township and Darlington Township, to form Town of Newcastle in Regional Municipality of Durham. Religious Parish name ST. JOSEPH. Present approved name is BOWMANVILLE. Population 118 in 1829, 50 in 1893 and 8,687 in 1972. Map position: 43°53' 78°44'. References: F, 1P, B, I, K, S, Z, PP, 3G, 3S, NN, V, 7X, 8Q, EE, C, G, HH, 2T, 5B, SS, V, 7B, 7V, 7D, 7R and V+.

BARBER'S MILLS, Toronto Township, Peel County. Located south of Streetville. Barber brothers had wool mills in 1834. Name changed to BARBERTOWN. Present name in local use is CREDITVALE. References: 3C.

BARBERTOWN, SEE: BARBER'S MILLS, Peel County.

BARBER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Timiskaming District. Named for John R. Barber, Halton M.P.P., 1903. Map position: 47°38' 80°13'. References: V and 7R .

BARBOUR, station, Algoma District. Located between Fire River Station, Hayward Township, and Dishnish Station, Legge Township, on CNR mainline. References: L3.

BARCLAY #1, station and post office, District of Algoma, later Zealand Township, Rainy River District, and most recently, shown in Kenora District. Located 7 miles west of Wabigoon and 87 miles east of Rat Portage. BARCLAY STATION on the CPR. Post office named BARCLAY opened 1891. First Postmaster F. Stone. Office closed January 1947. Station name changed to BARCLAY SIDING then in 1911 became BEDWORTH STATION. It was Incorporated with the Corporation of the Improvement District of Barclay in 1963, which then became Part of Barclay Township, on January 1st, 1977 by Municipal Board Order M7521, dated March 25th, 1976. Present approved name is BARCLAY STATION. Population 50 in 1893, 15 in 1908 and 1,099 in 1980. Map position: 49°47' 92°43'. References: I, AA, S, Z, PP, 2T, L1, U10, 6T, U, SS, V, 7B, R1, M, and HH.

BARCLAY #2, settlement, Mariposa Township, Victoria County. Located 7 miles northwest of Lindsay and 1 1/2 miles from Cambray. Post office opened 1880. First Postmaster John S. Cruess. Office closed in 1883. No recent references to this settlement. References: I, Z, PP, U10, U12 and 5V.

BARCLAY #3, SEE: VICTORIA #4, Simcoe County.

BARCLAY IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, SEE: BARCLAY #1, Kenora District.

BARCLAY SIDING, SEE: BARCLAY #1, Kenora District.

BARCLAY STATION, SEE: BARCLAY #1, Kenora District.

BARCLAY TOWNSHIP, SEE: BARCLAY #1, Kenora District.

BARCOVAN BEACH, concentrated rural community, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Present approved name is **BARCOVAN BEACH**. Population 90 in 1956 and 44 in 1976. Map position: 44°01' 77°38'. References: 3B, 5A, 5E, V, 6M, and 5L.

BARDOLPH, settlement, Fredericksburg Township, later Adolphustown Township, Lennox County, later Lennox & Addington County. Located on Seeley Creek, 3 miles from Deseronto and 9 miles southwest of Napanee, the County Seat. Post office named BARDOLPH opened in 1882. First Postmaster H.B. Seeley. Office closed by 1915. Present approved name is **BARDOLPH**. Population 100 in 1892 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°09' 77°03'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, AA, PP, U10, 3R, V, and 7D.

BARDSVILLE, settlement, Monck Township, Muskoka District. Located 20 miles northwest of Bracebridge and 5 miles west of Falkenburg. Post office opened 1872. First Postmaster Charles Bard for whom place and post office named. Office closed May 15th, 1928. Present approved name is **BARDSVILLE**. Population 25 in 1893 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 45°06' 79°26'. References: A, T, B, I, S, Z, PP, U10, V, 6T, 5L, 6S, 5V and 4L.

BAREHEAD, unincorporated community, Manitouwadge Improvement District, Thunder Bay District. **BAREHEAD STATION** on CNR. Located 10 km south of Manitouwadge. No population shown. Map position: 49°04' 85°54'. References: R2 and V.

BARIL, SEE: BARIL LAKE, Thunder Bay District.

BARIL LAKE, Indian settlement, Thunder Bay District. Located on the old Dawson Route, 85 miles west of Port Arthur and 65 km east of Atikokan. **BARIL LAKE STATION** , a flag stop on CNR also has Hudson Bay General Store. Summer post office named **OWAKONZE** established September 1st, 1922. First Postmaster Wilfred L. Childs. Office closed August 16th, 1969. Station name changed to **OWAKONZE STATION** prior to 1928. Present approved name is **OWAKONZE**. Population 73 in 1951 and 2 in 1978. Map position: 48°44' 90°50'. References: SS, Z, RD, U, 3B, 9F and 6T.

BARILLA PARK, concentrated rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Present approved name is **BARILLA PARK**. Map position: 44°27' 79°30'. References: B, V and 5L.

BARKER'S SETTLEMENT, settlement, Brock Township, Ontario County. Located 2 miles east of Highway #12, 30 miles north of Whitby the County Seat, 2 miles east of Blackwater and 8 miles south of Cannington. Place also known as **BETHEL CORNERS**. Post office named **PINEDALE** opened October 1st, 1871. First Postmaster John Barker. Office closed February 15th, 1913. Place name changed to **PINEDALE** about 1871 and was misspelled as **PIMDALE** (1875). Present approved name is **PINEDALE**. Population 200 in 1892 and 30 in 1908. Map position: 44°15' 79°00'. References: 3G, I, S, AA, 3G, 6T, PP, 5Y, 9I and A.

BARKERTON, South Himsworth Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Trout Creek, 50 miles northeast of Parry Sound, 26 miles south of North Bay and 29 miles north of Burk's Falls. Prior to the opening of the post office, the hamlet name was **MELBOURNE**. Post office named **BARKERTON** opened 1887. First Postmaster Neil McEachen. Office

name changed to TROUT CREEK. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1890 the names of station and place were also changed to TROUT CREEK. Parish name SACRE COEUR DE JESUS. On January 1st, 1913 Incorporated as TOWN OF TROUT CREEK. Present approved name is TROUT CREEK. Population 30 in 1893 and 656 in 1980. Map position: 45°59' 79°22'. References: I, Z, 5S, B, M, S, AA, HH, 2T, 2Y, U10, SS, PP and 9I.

BARKER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Cochrane District.Surveyed in 1909. Named for the Honorable Samuel Barker, M. P. P., for Hamilton. Map position: 49°30' 83°10'. References: V and 7R.

BARK LAKE, locality, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Jones Township, Renfrew County. Located 44 miles west of Eganville, 70 miles southwest of Pembroke and 53 miles west of Cobden. Post office opened as BARK LAKE in 1864. First Postmaster R. Skuse, Senior. Office active to 1939 but closed by 1942. Population 25 in 1885 and 50 in 1893. Map position: 45°30' 77°45'. References: B, I, 7Q, U10, 3R, AA, Z and V.

BARKWAY, hamlet, Draper Township, later Ryde Township, Muskoka District, now in Town of Gravenhust in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 14 miles east of Gravenhurst, 17 miles southeast of Bracebridge and 20 miles from Washago. Post office opened 1879. First Postmaster Samuel McCord. Office closed May 21st, 1957. Present approved name is BARKWAY. Population 40 in 1895 and 24 in 1972. Map position: 44°54' 79°11'. References: B, I, S, Z, DD, O, U12, 6T and 6S.

BARLOCHAN, dispersed rural community, Wood Township, later Muskoka Lakes Township, Muskoka District and presently within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 2 miles from Walker's Point and 16 1/2 miles from Gravenhurst. Post office named BARLOCHAN opened as a summer office on June 22nd, 1914. First Postmaster Charles Smith. Office closed October 1st, 1955. Present approved name is BARLOCHAN. Population 24 in 1966 and 51 in 1971. Map position: 45°02' 79°29'. References: B, 3B, V, 6M, 6T, 5L and 6S.

BARLOW TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Named for Dr. A. E. Barlow. Map position: 50°02' 85°50'. References: V.

BARNESDALE #1, hamlet, Niagara District, later Louth Township, Lincoln County. Now Part of City of St. Catharines. Map position: 43°11' 79°17'. References: U, V and 6S.

BARNESDALE #2, SEE: GORDON BAY #1, Parry Sound District.

BARNES TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 28, RANGE 19, Algoma District.

BARNETT, hamlet, Wellington District, Canada West, later Nichol Township, Wellington County. Located 9 miles southeast of Guelph, 4 miles southeast of Fergus and 5 miles from Ponsonby. Post office established December 1st, 1854. First Postmaster James Elmslie. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Known as ENNETTYVILLE in 1892 and ENNOT VILLE from 1895 to 1980. At times misspelled as ENNOTVALE. Population 100 in 1871 and 43 in 1976. Present approved name is ENNOTVILLE. Map position: 43°39' 80°20'. References: A, I, Z, AA, EE, W, 3L, 7B, 8Q, 3B, V and 6T.

BARNET TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1907. Named for a well-known lumberman of the area Alexander Barnet. Map position: 48°25' 80°04'. References: V and 7R.

BARNHART, Carpenter Township, Rainy River District. Located near Emo. Post office opened July 1st, 1906. First Postmaster Jacob Schalmehorn. Office closed by 1942. Present approved name is BARNHART. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°44' 93°48'. References: S, 9F,PP, V, 7T and 5L.

BARNSTOWN, urban community, now Part of City of Hamilton, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Map position: 43°12' 79°53'. References: V.

BARNWELL, station, Rainy River District. Located on Lake of the Woods, 3 miles west of Vermillion and 52 miles east of Rat Portage. BARNWELL STATION on CPR. Date of the reference 1908. No recent references to this station. References: PP.

east of Rat Portage. BARNWELL STATION on CPR. Date of the reference 1908. No recent references to this station. References: PP.

BARNWELL STATION, SEE: BARNWELL, Rainy River District.

BAR POINT, dispersed rural community, Malden Township, Essex County. Located 2 km northwest of Willow Beach, 5km south of Amherstburg and 15 km west of Harrow. Present approved name is BAR POINT. Population 37 in 1966 and 180 in 1976. Map position: 42°03' 83°05'. References: B, 3B, V, 6M and 5L.

BARRACK HILL, SEE: RICHMOND LANDING, Carlton County.

BARRETT #1, hamlet, Himsworth Township, Parry Sound District. Located 6 miles from Trout Creek and 56 miles northeast of Rosseau. Post office opened 1880. First Postmaster was James Corkey. Office closed in 1895. Population 20 in 1893 and 200 in 1908. No recent references to this hamlet. References: 9F, 5T, 5V, 5P, 5S, I, T, Z, PP, U10 and 3R.

BARRETT #2, settlement, Camden Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located near Napanee. Post office opened November 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Dennis Barrett. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Post office and settlement both named for the first Postmaster. Present approved name is BARRETT. Map position: 44°22' 77°00'. References: S, PP, V, 6T, 7M and 7D.

BARRETT CHUTE, dispersed rural community, Blithfield Township, Renfrew County. Located 30 miles southwest of Arnprior. First settler William Barrett in 1838. Present approved name is BARRETT CHUTE. Population 37 in 1971. Map position: 45°15' 76°46'. References: U, 3B, V, 5L and 7R.

BARRETTS, station, South Himsworth Township, Parry Sound District. Located south of Powassan Station and north of Dunbar Falls Station. BARRETTS STATION on the North and Northwestern Railway.(1888) Map position: 46°05' 79°22'. References: 6Z and 9J.

BARRETT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Kenora District. Named for T. B. Barrett, M. P. (1945) Map position: 50°01' 91°25'. References: V.

BARRETTVILLE, settlement, North Colchester Township, Essex County. Located 8 miles from Essex on the mainline of the Michigan Central Railway with a port at Kingsville on Lake Erie. Post office established March 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Willard Warner. Office closed August 1st, 1914. Present approved name is BARRETTVILLE. Map position: 42°06' 82°51'. References: S, PP, 6T, 7Q, 5L and 6S.

BARR HAVEN, suburban community, Nepean Township, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is BARR HAVEN. Population 823 in 1971 and 1,740 in 1976. Map position: 45°17' 75°45'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

BARRIE #1, SEE: BARRY, Simcoe County.

BARRIE #2, settlement, Midland District. Nearest post office named Napanee, Richmond Township, Lennox (later, & Addington) County, in 1848. No recent references to this settlement. Reference: C.

BARRIEFIELD, military community, Midland District, Canada West, later Pittsburg Township, Frontenac County. Located 1 mile east of Kingston, 42 miles from Philipville and 18 miles from Gananoque. Grand Trunk Railway station in Kingston. Post office opened in 1876. First Postmaster John Ryan. Office closed December 1st, 1959. Place named to honour Commodore Robert Barrie in 1828. Name was also spelled BARRYFIELD. Present approved name is BARRIEFIELD. Population 200 in 1886 and 220 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 76°28'. References: F, C, T, S, Z, EE, DD, 3B, NN, 5V, V, 5L, G, B, I, 6T and 7R.

BARRIE HEIGHTS, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Located one km north of Trenton, 10 km south of Frankford and 15 km west of Belleville. Present spelling of name is BARRY HEIGHTS but name is not approved.

**BARRIE HILL**, post office, Eramosa Township, Wellington County. Post office opened May 1st, 1908. First Postmaster George Wood. Post office closed April 23, 1912. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

**BARRIE ISLAND**, Algoma District, later Barrie Township, subsequently Barrie Island Township, Manitoulin District. Located in Bayfield Sound, in the north channel of Georgeian Bay, 240 miles northwest of Owen Sound and 10 miles from Gore Bay. Post office opened 1862 and is still in operation. First Postmaster Peter Archdekin. Population 105 in 1884 and 118 in 1972. Map position: 45°56' 82°37'. References: B, I, R1, T, S, Z, O, V, V+, 6M, 5P and 5S.

**BARRIE ISLAND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, District of Manitoulin, Incorporated November 12th, 1927 by Judge's Declaration of Incorporation, dated November 12th, 1927. Population 97 in 1980. Map position: 45°56' 82°38'. References: HH, M and V.

**BARRIE LAKE**, railway point, Dumfries Township, later North Dumfries Township, Waterloo County. Located near Galt and now within Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Named **ORRS LAKE**, which was changed to **ORR'S LAKE** prior to 1956. Status changed to dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is **ORRS LAKE**. Population 113 in 1956 and 88 in 1980. Map position: 43°22' 80°22'. References: 9J, U, 5E and V+.

**BARRIER FALLS**, village, Springer Township, Nipissing District. Located 24 miles east of North Bay, 2 miles north of Lake Nipissing and 270 miles northwest of Ottawa. Post office opened as **STURGEON FALLS** in 1882, and was named for the river. First Postmaster J.D. Cockburn. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as village April 16th, 1895.First settled in 1880 when railway constructed. **STURGEON FALLS STATION** on CPR, at mile 2519. Present approved name is **STURGEON FALLS**. Population 700 in 1892 and 6,199 in 1980. Map position: 46°22' 79°55'. References: I, M, R1, S, HH, AA, 2T, F, 5K, 6D, PP, 5P and 7V.

**BARRIE STATION**, Simcoe District, Canada West, later Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located at junction of highways 11 and 27, 1 mile from Barrie and 63 miles from Toronto. **ALLANDALE STATION**, on Grand Trunk railway, later on CNR. Place named for the Honourable G.W. Allan. Settled in 1854. First resident, John Boon. Post office named **ALLANDALE**, sometimes **ALLENDALE**, established September 30th, 1859. First Postmaster B. Sheridan. Allandale status changed to sub-post office of Barrie, July 1st, 1939. Incorporated as a Village in 1892, a Town on December 15th, 1896 and amalgamated by Barrie in 1897. Population 800 in 1886 and 1,500 in 1908. Map position: 44°23' 79°41'. References: I, T, Z, PP, HH, 2T, JJ, 2U, 2E, 6T, BA, 6S, 3X and 7B.

**BARRIE TERRACE**, suburban community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 6 km northeast of Barrie, 10 km southeast of Midhurst and 15 km east of Minesing. Name not approved. Population 38 in 1966 and 67 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 79°38'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

**BARRIE, TOWNSHIP OF**, Geographic Township, Frontenac County. Established 1822. Incorporated June 16th, 1864. Quieting Order N9363-65, dated August 22nd, 1967. In 1852, had 66,800 acres, all uninhabited. Population 616 in 1980. Map position: 44°53' 77°07'. References: HH, 7R, M, 2W and V.

**BARRIE WEST**, suburban community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Population 304 in 1976. References: 3B.

**BARRITTS' RAPIDS**, SEE: **MARLBOROUGH SETTLEMENT**, Carleton-County.

**BAR RIVER**, dispersed rural community, Laird Township, Algoma District. Located 18 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie and four miles from Echo Bay. Post office opened 1881. First Postmaster John Evoy. Office closed by 1972. Station on CPR, 16 miles from Garden River station. Present approved name is **BAR RIVER**. Population 30 in 1892 and 42 in 1976. Map position: 46°26' 84°02'. References: I, S, Z, AA, 3B, U10, 9F, V, 5V and 5L.

**BARROW BAY**, dispersed rural community, Eastnor Township, Bruce County. Located on Georgian Bay, 58 miles north of Walkerton, on the Cedar River, 18 miles north of Wiarton and 2 miles from Lion's Head. Present approved name is **BARROW BAY**. Population 100 in 1895 and 60 in 1971. Map position: 44°57' 81°13'. References: I, S, Z, DD, 5L, 3B, V and 7R.

BARRS CORNERS, post office, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Located 30 miles northwest of Barrie the County Seat and 7 miles northwest of Orillia on the North & Northwestern Division of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established, named WARMINSTER, in 1868. First Postmaster William G. Deacon, who named the place for his hometown in England. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is WARMINSTER. Population 200 in 1892 and 129 in 1976. Map position: 44°38' 79°33'. References: B, I, AA, JJ, 3B, 4F, 6T, V and 5L.

BARR'S SETTLEMENT, dispersed rural community, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Westmeath Township, subsequently Bromley Township, Renfrew County. Located 12 miles southeast of Pembroke, and 5 miles from Admaston. Post office established April 6th, 1848 and named BROMLEY, for the Township. First Postmaster J. Robertson. Post office closed January 18th, 1911. This settlement was originally named for four brothers. Map position: 45°32' 76°53'. References: 7D, PP, G, I, 8Q, S, V, 6T and 5L.

BARR TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District, surveyed 1907 and named for John Barr MPP for Dufferin County. Map position: 47°27' 79°57'. References: V and 7R.

BARRY, hamlet, Vespra and Innisfil Townships, Simcoe County, formerly Simcoe District, Upper Canada. Located 64 miles north of Toronto, 18 miles southeast of Hillsdale and 31 miles from Collingwood; noted at Highways #11, #26, #27, #90 and #400. Early local name NINE MILE PORTAGE. Post office established October 6th, 1832 under the name BARRIE. Post office named for (British) Commodore Barrie, naval officer in charge of Canada, stationed at Kingston. First Postmaster Sydney M. Sanford. Office still in operation in 1983. Place founded by Captain Oliver, Royal Navy, who purchased land and surveyed in 1812. He named the place BARRY for Captain Robert Barry who commanded the 15th Regiment of York. First settler Alexander Walker in 1834. Became Provisional Regional Seat in 1837, became official County Seat in 1852, Proclaimed Town with no Municipal Status on January 1st, 1851 by Act 13 and 14, vic. 64, and by Proclamation of September 27th, 1850. Proclaimed Town with Village Powers, January 1st, 1854. Proclaimed TOWN OF BARRIE August 6th, 1870 (note: Council of Town of Barrie elected for 1870). Incorporated as CITY OF BARRIE, January 1st, 1959. TOLLENDALE and KEMPENFELDT absorbed and ALLENDALE and PENETANG amalgamated in 1897. Ontario, Simcoe & Huron Railway arrived in 1853, later it became the Northern Raiload, then CNR. Population 1,007 in 1851 and 34,389 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 79°40'. References: B, I, F, EE, M, S, JJ, 2Y, 3S, 5L, 9F, V, 7B, 2E, 6S, 7D and E.

BARRYDOWNE, urban community, Part of CITY OF SUDBURY, within the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Map position: 46°31' 80°56'. References: V.

BARRYFIELD, SEE: BARRIEFIELD, Frontenac County.

BARRY HEIGHTS, SEE: BARRIE HEIGHTS, Northumberland County.

BARRYMERE, dispersed rural community, Bangor Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is BARRYMERE. Map position: 45°23' 77°40'. References: 5L and V.

BARRY'S BAY, SEE: BARRY'S CAMP ON THE BAY, Renfrew County.

BARRY'S CAMP ON THE BAY, Village, Sherwood Township, Renfrew County. Located 14 miles from Killaloe Station, 32 miles west of Eganville, on Barry's Bay and on CNR formerly Ottawa-Arnprior & Parry Sound Railway, at Junctions of Highways #60 and #62. Post office opened as BARRY'S BAY in 1876. First Postmaster William Martin. Office still in operation in 1983. Settled by Polish immigrants in 1870 and named for Barry family. Incorporated as Village December 31st, 1932 and detached from Sherwood Township in 1933. Present approved name is BARRYS BAY. Population 150 in 1895 and 1,350 in 1979. Map position: 45°29' 77°41'. References: B, M, I, N, S, Z, 2T, 2Y, HH, 5K, V, 5L, 5P and 7R.

BARRYVALE, dispersed rural community, Bagot Township, Renfrew County. Located 60 miles southeast of Pembroke, on the Madawaska River. Post office established 1889 and named for Patrick Barry, first Postmaster. Office closed before 1972. Station name CALABOGIE on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway in 1893. Present approved name is CALABOGIE. Population 225 in 1895. Map position: 45°17' 76°44'. References: I, 7R, S, Z, PP, U10, B, 5L and 5T.

5T.

**BARTLETT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Timiskaming District. Surveyed in 1910. Map position: 48°09' 81°19'. References: V.

**BARTON**, settlement, Gore District, Canada West, later Barton Township, Wentworth County, subsequently Part of City of Hamilton, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 4 miles from Hamilton in 1846, 2 1/2 miles east of Hamilton in 1895, and on Great Western Railway later Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway. Post office named **BARTONVILLE** opened May 1st, 1857. First Postmaster John McDonald. Post office closed September 2nd, 1950. Both Barton and Bartonville named for Town of Barton, Lincolnshire, England. Settled 1792. Annexed by Hamilton January 1st, 1960. Population 200 in 1857 and 250 in 1926. Map position: 43°14' 79°48'. References: G, I, C, A, S, Z, EE, MM, 3M, V, 6T and 7R.

**BARTON'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, presently in Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton, formerly Dalhousie District, Canada West. Located 17 miles from Bytown, 4 miles from Manotick and 2 1/2 miles from Manotick Station. Post office established in Russell County as **BARTON'S CORNERS**, on July 6th, 1847. First Postmaster J. Monaghan. Post office name changed to **SOUTH GLOUCESTER** in 1852. Office closed December 12th, 1914. Settled in 1840's. Religious Parish name **NOTRE DAME de la VISITATION**. No recent references to this hamlet. Population 200 in 1892 and 358 in 1976. Map position: 45°17' 75°34'. References: I, C, 2W, AA, DD, 3B, SS, 6T, 7A, 9J, 8Q and 8P.

**BARTON HEIGHTS SURVEY**, urban community, Barton Township, Wentworth County. Population 86 in 1956. Map position: 43°13' 79°48'. References: 5E and 9J.

**BARTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Wentworth County. Map position: 43°14' 79°52'. References: V.

**BARTON TOWNSHIP**, Wentworth County, later in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, dissolved and annexed by **CITY OF HAMILTON**, effective date January 1st, 1960, by Ontario Municipal Board Order M7855, dated May 14th, 1959. First settled in 1815 by Jacob and William Rymal. Surveyed in 1791 by Augustus Jones, Provincial Land Surveyor. Named for town of Barton, Lincolnshire, England. Contains 14,800 acres. Population 1,735 in 1852. Map position: 43°14' 79°48'. References: HH, 3E, 2W, 9J, M, 7R and 2I.

**BARTONVILLE**, SEE: BARTON, Wentworth County.

**BARWICK**, hamlet, Barwick and Roseberry Townships, Rainy River District, formerly shown as Algoma District. Located 180 miles from Rat Portage, 32 miles west of Fort Francis and on north shore of Rainy River. Post office opened as **BARWICK** in 1891. First Postmaster James A. Tierney. Office still in operation in 1983. **BARWICK STATION** on Canadian Northern Railway, later Canadian National Railway. This community is the hub of the Municipal Township of Chapple, surrounded by the Townships of Barwick, Dobie, Mather, Potts, Richardson, Roseberry, Shenston and Tait. Present approved name is **BARWICK**. Population 25 in 1893 and 60 in 1976. Map position: 48°39' 93°59'. References: I, S, Z, 2P, 3B, L3, U10, V, 5L and 7R.

**BARWICK STATION**, SEE: BARWICK, Rainy River District.

**BARWICK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Rainy River District. Map position: 48°39' 93°55'. References: V.

**BASE BORDEN**, SEE: BORDEN, Simcoe County.

**BASIN DEPOT**, dispersed rural community, Guthrie Township, Nipissing District. Shown in 1897 misspelled as **BASIS DEPOT**. Located on The Little Bonnechere River, 50 miles northwest of Pembroke, 63 miles northwest of Cobden and 15 miles from Bonnechere. Post office established 1880. First Postmaster A. Barnett. Office closed November 1st, 1920. Present approved name is **BASIN DEPOT**. Population 50 in 1892 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 45°43' 77°47'. References: AA, PP, J, V, 6T, 5V, Z, I and 5L.

**BASINGSTOKE**, Caistor and South Grimsby Township, Lincoln County.Located 24 miles southwest of St. Catharines, 4 miles from Grassie's Corners and 8 miles south of Grimsby. Post Office named **BASINGSTOKE** established in 1883. First Postmaster James Heaslip. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **BASINGSTOKE.** Population 50 in 1893 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 43°06' 79°37'. References: I, S, Z, DD, MM, U10, 6T, 5P,6S and 5S.

BASIN MINES,dispersed rual community, Street Township, Sudbury District. BASIN MINES STATION on CNR at mileage 128.3 on the Alderdale Subdivision. Name submitted by the General Manager of the railway for this flagstop. Present approved name is **BASIN MINES.** Map position: 46°37' 84°40'. References: U. V and 5L.

BASIS DEPOT, SEE: BASIN DEPOT, Nipissing District.

BASKIN'S BEACH, beach, Torbolton Township, Carleton County. Present approved name is BASKINS BEACH. Map position: 45°29' 76°01'. References: 5L.

BASS CREEK, dispersed rural community, Bidwell Township, Manitoulin District, sometimes shown in Algoma District. Located 7 miles from Lily Lake and 12 miles from Manitouwaning. post Office named Bass Creek established October 1st, 1912. First Postmaster Rderick McKay. Office closed April 14, 1933. Present approved name is **BASS CREEK.** Map position: 45°48' 82°01'. References: U, 5L, V and 6T.

BASS LAKE #1, railway point, Rolph Township, Renfrew County. Located 31 miles northwest of Pembroke and 63 miles east of Mattawa. BASS LAKE STATION on CPR main line, at an altitude of 588 feet above sae level, between the stations of Moorlake and Wylie, and at the point of mile 2650. Present approved name is BASS LAKE. Population 25 in 1893 and 25 in 1899. Map position: 46°06' 77°36'. References: Z, PP, L1, U10, V, U12, S, 6Z and 8K.

BASS LAKE #2, hamlet, Oro (later Orillia) Township, Simcoe County. Population 54 in 1966 and 44 in 1976. References: 3B and 6M.

BASS LAKE ESTATES, small settlement, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Name is not approved. Population 264 in 1976. Map position: 44°37' 79°30'. References: 5L.

BASS LAKE PARK, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Present approved name is BASS LAKE PARK. Population 44 in 1976. Map position: 44°38' 79°29'. References: 5L and V.

BASS LAKE SUBDIVISION, SEE: BASS LAKE ESTATES, Simcoe County.

BASS PARK, SEE: BASS LAKE PARK, Simcoe County.

BASSWOOD #1, post office, Huron County. This office opened in 1887. No further reference to office. References: I.

BASSWOOD #2, post office, Humberstone Township, Welland County. Post office established June 1st, 1880 named BASSWOOD. First Postmaster Samuel McCullough. Office closed January 30th, 1882. No further reference to this office. References: I and 5V.

BASSWOOD PARK, hamlet, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Only one map reference (1974). References: B.

BASTARD, SEE: STEVENSTOWN, Leeds County.

BASTARD CENTRE, Bastard Township, Leeds County. Located 15 miles from Irish Creek, 25 miles northwest of Brockville and 3 miles from Philipsville. Post office named CHANTRY established July 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Samuel Chant. Office closed March 31st, 1970. Present approved name is CHANTRY. Map position: 44°40' 76°06'. References: A, B, T, Z, 3R, V, 7B, 5V, 5X, 5P, 5L and 9F.

**BASTARD TOWNSHIP**, Johnstown District, later just in Leeds County, later the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville. Incorporated with South Burgess Township on January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P6181-68, dated September 4th, 1968. Population 3,448 in 1852 and 2,358 in 1980. First settler Abel Stevens who was there before survey in 1796. Township of Bastard is named for an old Devonshire Family. Map position: 44°40' 76°38'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, V and 7R.

BASTARD TOWNSHIP SEE: BASTARD and SOUTH BURGESS TOWNSHIP, Leeds County.

BASTEDO TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District.Named for Samuel T. Bastedo, Post Office Official. Map position: 46°35' 79°58'. References: V and 7R.

BATAWA, concentrated rural community, Sidney Township, lot A, concession 4, Hastings County. Located on Highway #33, on Trent River, six miles north of Trenton and 2 1/2 miles south of Frankford. Named for Czechoslovakian Bata Shoe Company in 1939. Post office opened July 7th, 1943. First Postmaster James A. Stickle. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BATAWA. Population 631 in 1951 and 484 in 1976. Map position: 44°10' 77°36'. References: B, 3B, 2Y, 5K, V, 6T and 5L.

BATCHAWANA, SEE: BATCHEWANA, Algoma District.

BATCHAWANA BAY, SEE: BATCHEWANA. Algoma District.

BATCHAWANA STATION, railway point, Tronsen Township, formerly Township 26-XIV, Algoma District. Located on Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. Present approved name is BATCHEWANA STATION. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°11' 84°17'. References: PP, V+ and V.

BATCHEWANA, post office, Fisher Township, Algoma District. Located one mile south of Highway #17, 23 miles from Goulais Bay and 35 miles northwest of Sault Ste. Marie. Post office opened November 1st, 1865. First Postmaster Robert McKay. Name changed to BATCHAWANA BAY, July 1st, 1968. Office still in operation in 1983. Spelling used in 1910's was BATCHAWANA. Present approved name is BATCHAWANA BAY. Population 25 in 1913 and 141 in 1976. Map position: 46°56' 84°36'. References: I, 7B, 7R, 3B, 3P, SS, 6T, V and 5L.

BATEMAN, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Named for G. C. Bateman, Secretary of the Ontario Mining Institute. Map position: 51°10' 93°41'. References: V and 7R.

BATES CORNERS, hamlet, Winchester Township, Dundas County. First settler on site in 1836, Benjamin Bates. Located 18 miles from Morrisburg and 16 miles from Osgoode. Post office named WEST WINCHESTER, (for the location in the township) opened January 1st, 1855. First Postmaster William Bow. Post office name changed to WINCHESTER in 1890. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Village June 23rd, 1887 by County Bylaw. WINCHESTER STATION served by CPR in 1908. Religious Parish name ST.EDOUARD. Present approved name is WINCHESTER. Population 1,000 in 1892 and 1,745 in 1976. Map position: 45°06' 75°21'. References: A, 2A, I, EE, 3L, 7B, U, AA, D, PP and SS.

BATH, SEE: TOWN #2, Lennox County.

BATHESDA, SEE: BETHESDA #1, York County.

BATH ROAD, post office, City of Kingston, Frontenac County. Located 2 miles from Cataraqui. Post office established January 1912. Status changed to sub-post office of Kingston, November 1st, 1933. No further reference to this office. References: U and 6T.

BATHURST, railway point, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Named for the Township. Located 7 miles west of Perth. BATHURST STATION on CPR, name later changed to WEMYSS STATION. Redesignated as dispersed rural community in 1974. Post office named for the Township as BATHURST, but confusion with office in New Brunswick, caused name to be changed to WEMYSS, for Lord Wemyss. Office established in 1887. First Postmaster R. Ritchie.

Office closed by August 1st, 1967. Present approved name is WEMYSS. Population 100 in 1892 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 44°52' 76°23'. References: Z, PP, V, I, AA, 5T, 9F and 3B.

BATHURST STATION, SEE: BATHURST, Lanark County.

BATHURST STREET, post office, City of Toronto, County of York. Post office established 1888. First Postmaster Follis Johnston. Status changed to city office in 1900. No further reference to this office. References: 5U, 5S and 5T.

BATHURST TOWNSHIP, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Lanark County. Named for Earl of Bathurst, Secretary of State for the Colonies. First settled 1816. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P475S-67, dated May 17th, 1968. Population 2,868 in 1852 and 2,413 in 1980. First settlers were Scotch immigrants and discharged military personnel. Map position: 44°54' 76°24'. References: C, HH, 3H, M, 2W, V and 1I.

BATTEAU, SEE: BATTEAUX, Simcoe County.

BATTEAUX, dispersed rural community, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 miles from Collingwood, 1 1/4 miles from Nottawa and 29 miles west of Barrie. Post office opened as BATTEAUX, in 1880 but name spelling changed by the influence of the family of William Bourchier,to BATTEAU. William Bourchier was the first postmaster and one of the earliest settlers. Place originally named, in 1812 war, for boat anchorage, (Batteau is 'boat'in French.) Office closed October 22nd, 1928. The original name was restored to use in the 1960s. In the 1860's, a single reference indicates place name known as WARRINGTON. Present approved name is BATTEAUX. Population 120 in 1875 and 43 in 1966. Map position: 44°28' 80°11'. References: A, I, S, JJ, 5A, 7B, 5V, 6T, 7R and 5L.

BATTERSBY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 81°46'. References: V.

BATTERSEA, SEE: ANSLEYS, Frontenac County.

BATTIE'S CORNERS, SEE: BALTIC, Glengarry County.

BATTLE HALL, hamlet, Dalton Township, Victoria County. Located on Black River, 16 miles southeast of Washago, 45 miles north of Lindsay. Post office opened as BATTLE HALL in 1887. First Postmaster Alfred Cooper. Office name changed in 1891 to RAGGED RAPIDS. Office closed August 8th, 1916. Had station on CNR, previously Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is RAGGED RAPIDS. Population 30 in 1895 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°51' 79°30'. References: I, 5S, 5T, Z, SS, 6T, PP and V.

BAUSHENE, hamlet, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Also known as BASHENE. Located 19 miles from Orillia, 31 miles northeast of Barrie and 14 miles from Midland. One source shows that a post office opened under the name WABASHENE in 1840, but failed in a few years. No official documentation to support this. Post office opened as WABAUSHENE, on January 1st, 1868. First Postmaster William Hall. Office still in operation in 1983. Later spelling WAUBASHENE, and sometimes misspelled as WABASHOE. First settler Michael Labette in 1833. An early spelling for this Indian name was WAU-BAU-SHINE, meaning "rocky shore". WABAUSHENE STATION was on Grand Trunk Railway in 1892, later CNR. Present approved name is WAUBAUSHENE. Population 50 in 1875, 1,200 in 1926 and 820 in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 79°42'. References: I, 3Q, A, S, AA, MM, 2R, JJ, 2E, PP, 7V and 9J.

BAWITING, or PAWITING, Indian name, (meaning 'Bounding Waters'), town, Tarentorus Township, Algoma District. Located 375 miles from Penetanguishene, 250 miles northwest of Collingwood and 400 miles from Toronto. First known as SAULT de GASTON, for a French King, Louis XIII. Renamed STE. MARIE du SAULT by Jesuit Missionaries, in 1650 (Saint Mary of the Rapids). In 1671 St Lusson took possession of territory for the French Crown. In 1750 Chevalier de Repentigny constructed a fort which was captured, in 1762, by the British. The Northwest Company established a post in 1783. First house built by Charles Ermatinger in 1814. Post office opened as SAULT STE. MARIE on October 6th, 1846. First Postmaster Joseph Wilson. Office still in operation in 1983. CPR and Algoma Central & Hudson Bay Railways arrived in 1887. Incorporated as a Town in April 23rd, 1887 under the name SAULT. STE. MARIE. Became a Municipality with Township powers and erected partly to form Town of Steelton, and partly

to form Township of Korah, on April 26th, 1904. Incorporated as a City in April 16th, 1912. Amalgamated **STEELTON** and **TANGONA** in 1918. Also known as **SAULT CANAL, ST. MARY'S STRAIT** and former Mississauga Indian names include **PAUWATING, BAWATING** and **BOWEETING.** Present approved name is **SAULT STE. MARIE.** Population 300 in 1851, 879 in 1871, 25,794 in 1948 and 80,219 in 1979. Map position: 46°31' 84°20'. References: I, M, R1, N, HH, 2T, 2Y, 5B, 2U, 5C, SS, 5K, PP, 7V, 6T, 7B and 8P.

**BAWK,** railway point, Goulet Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 25 km north of Long Lac. **BAWK STATION** on the main line of CNR. Present approved name is **BAWK.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°58' 86°40'. References: R2, U and V.

**BAXTER,** SEE: COB COY, Simcoe County.

**BAXTER CORNERS,** dispersed rural community, North Gower Township, Carleton County, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 5 km southeast of Richmond, 9 km southwest of Manotick and 11 km northeast of North Gower. Present approved name is BAXTER'S CORNERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 75°47'. References: B, V and 5L.

**BAXTER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Muskoka District, later Part of the Township Municipality of Georgian Bay (January 1st, 1971) and later in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Named for the honourable Jack Baxter M.D. and M.P.P. Map position: 44°53' 79°45'. References: V and 7R.

**BAY BEACH,** settlement, Bertie Township, Welland County, later Part of Town of Fort Erie, in Regional Municipality of Niagara. Name changed to BAY BEACH PARK , which name is approved. Population 24 in 1951 and 70 in 1956. Map position: 42°52' 79°05'. References: 5E, HH, V and V+.

**BAY BEACH PARK,** SEE: BAY BEACH, Welland County.

**BAY CENTRE,** settlement, North Fredericksburg Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 4 miles from Hay Bay and 4 miles from Gretna. Post office established November 1st, 1909. First Postmaster John Brown. Office closed July 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **BAY CENTRE.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°10' 76°58'. References: V and 6T.

**BAY COLONY ESTATES SUBDIVISION,** suburban community, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Established 1966. Population 109 in 1971. References: 3B and 6M.

**BAYFIELD #1,** police village, Goderich and Stanley Townships, Huron County. Located 12 miles south of Goderich, 9 miles southwest of Clinton and 52 miles from London. Post office established in Huron District, Canada West, October 6th, 1847. First Postmaster Donald Fraser. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was the second settlement in Huron District, Upper Canada, laid out in 1829. Incorporated as Village December 4th, 1875, Bylaw #12-1875, and confirmed by Statutes of Ontario, 1875-6, c-40. Village dissolved to Police Village January 1st, 1927, by Ontario Statute c100. Incorporated (2nd time), as Village January 1st, 1965 by OMB Order N.7484-64, dated December 9th, 1964, Amended January 28th, 1965. Named for H.W. Bayfield, Provincial Land Surveyor, in early 1800's. Place first settled in 1832. Present approved name is **BAYFIELD.** Population 800 in 1886 and 549 in 1980. Map position: 43°34' 81°42'. References: I, F, M, T, U, V, 1G, 8Q, 8P, 7R and 6S.

**BAYFIELD #2,** dispersed rural community, Harrison Township, Parry Sound District. Located one half km east of Georgian Inlet, 8km north of Pointe au Baril and 11 km northwest of Pointe au Baril Station. Present approved name is **BAYFIELD.** Population 20 in 1972. Map position: 45°37' 80°30'. References: U, O, V and 5L.

**BAYFIELD TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for Admiral H. W. Bayfield, Naval Surveyor. Map position: 49°00' 84°55'. References: V.

**BAYHAM,** SEE: BIG OTTER CREEK, Elgin County.

**BAYHAM, TOWNSHIP OF,** Elgin County. Settled in 1811. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849,

c81. First settled 1812. Population 5,092 in 1852 and 4,085 in 1960. Map position: 42°45' 80°47'. References: HH, M, 2W, V and VV.

BAYLON, post office, Russell County. Postmaster H. Lauzon. Only mentioned in the years 1913 and 1926. No other mention of this office. References: DD and MM.

BAYLY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Named for Edward Bayly, former assistant to the Attorney General of Ontario. Map position: 47°54' 79°42'. References: V and 7R.

BAYNES TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for the Baynes family of Toronto. Map position: 47°11' 81°37'. References: V and 7R.

BAY OF QUINTE, SEE: SINGLETON'S CREEK, Hastings County.

BAYRIDGE, suburban community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 2km northwest of Queens Acres, 5 km southwest of Amherstview and 10 km northeast of Kingston. Present approved name BAYRIDGE. Map position: 44°14' 76°36'. References: V and 5L.

BAY RIDGES, suburban post office, within the Town of Pickering, Durham County, later within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Post office name changed to AJAX-BAY RIDGES, a sub-post office, on January 1st, 1965. References: B, U and 6T.

BAYSHORE, suburban community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located on the Ottawa River, 1 km northeast of Lakeview Park, 7 km northeast of Bells Corners and 16 km northeast of Kanata. Present approved name is BAYSHORE. Map position: 45°21' 75°49'. References: 5L and V.

BAYSHORE ESTATES, settlement, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 km east of Painswick, 6 km southeast of Barrie and 10 km west of Sandycove Acres. Present approved name is BAYSHORE ESTATES. Population 804 in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 79°37'. References: 3B and 5L.

BAYSHORE VILLAGE, hamlet, Mara Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 km southeast of Southview Cove, 5 km southwest of Joyland Beach and 15 km southeast of Orillia. Present approved name is BAYSHORE VILLAGE. Map position: 44°33' 79°17' References: 5L and 9K.

BAYSIDE, SEE: RHINEBECK, Hastings County.

BAYSVILLE, hamlet, McLean Township, Muskoka District, now in Lake of Bays Township, in District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 16 miles from Dorset, 8 miles from Maple Ridge and 5 miles from Menomonee. Post office opened on April 1st, 1874. First Postmaster William H. Brown, who was granted the land in 1871, and sub-divided his property for the townsite. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious Parish name ST. GEORGE. Present approved name is BAYSVILLE. Population 140 in 1885 and 240 in 1976. Map position: 45°09' 79°07'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, 3R, U12, SS, 6Q, 5Y, 6S and 5L.

BAYSWATER #1, dispersed rural community, Allen Township, Sudbury District. Located 8 km north of Hartley Bay, 10 km southwest of Rutter and 17 km northeast of Bigwood. Present approved name is BAYSWATER. Map position: 46°05' 80°45'. References: U, V and 5L.

BAYSWATER #2, settlement, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Located in area north of Carlington, west of Chad and south of Bayswater Street. It is a historical name in the Ottawa area. Post office established July 1st, 1907. First Postmaster Andrew Sabourin. Bayswater, Manchesterville, Hintonburg and Mechanicsville amalgamated to form suburb, of Ottawa, named HINTONBURG. Amalgamated by HINTONBURGH VILLAGE, in 1907, which in turn was amalgamated by Ottawa, December 16th, 1907. References: Z, HH, S, D, PP, and 7K.

BAYSWATER STATION, station, Servos and Laura Townships, Sudbury District. Located on Canadian Northern Railway,

221.9 miles from Toronto. Name suggested by R.M. Horne-Payne, Director of Canadian Northern Railway and named by A.J. Hills, Superintendent, about 1908. Located between Porlock Station and Pickerel River Station. References: 8L and 8J.

**BAYVIEW #1**, alternately spelled **BAY VIEW**, dispersed rural community, Ernestown Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 1 km northeast of Nicholsons Point, 4 km southwest of Amherstview and 15 km west of Kingston. Present approved name is **BAYVIEW**. Population 107 in 1956. Map position: 44°13' 76°40'. References: B, U, 5E, V and 5L.

**BAYVIEW #2**, dispersed rural community, St. Vincent Township, Grey County. Located six miles from Meaford, 14 miles north and northeast to Owen Sound and 11 miles from Morley. Post office established 1873. First Postmaster Whitney Wait. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **BAYVIEW**. Population 27 in 1875 and 33 in 1899. Map position: 44°36' 80°42'. References: B, A, S, I, U12, 5L, V, 6S, 4L and 6T.

**BAYVIEW #3**, summer resort, located on north side of Hamilton Bay, 2 miles from Hamilton, with which it had a ferry connection, in 1895. Presently designated in Town of Dundas, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. References: B and Z.

**BAYVIEW #4**, urban community, Part of Borough of North York, later in City of North York, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Map position: 43°47' 79°23'. References: V and HH.

**BAYVIEW #5**, urban community, Part of City of Burlington, in Regional Municipality of Halton. Map position: 43°18' 79°52'. References: V and HH.

**BAYVIEW ACRES**, suburban community, Markham Township, York County. Population 111 in 1951 and 144 in 1966. References: 3B and 5A.

**BAYVIEW BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 km north of Shore Acres, 5 km south of Lefroy and 14 km north of Bradford. Present approved name is **BAYVIEW BEACH**. Map position: 44°14' 79°32'. References: 5L, V and U.

**BAYVIEW JUNCTION**, railway junction, East Flamboro Township, Wentworth County. According to the Postmaster at Willow Cove Post office, this place consists of nothing more than a CNR station, dated October 14th, 1949. References: 7D.

**BAYVIEW PARK #1**, dispersed rural community, Georgian Bay Township, Muskoka District, later within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 1 km south of Honey Harbour, 11 km north of Port Severn and 14 km northeast of Midland. Present approved name is **BAYVIEW PARK**. Map position: 44°51' 79°49'. References: B, V and 5L.

**BAYVIEW PARK #2**, settlement, Sidney Township, Hastings County. Population 282 in 1976. References: 3B.

**BAYVIEW POINT**, dispersed rural community, Sarawak Township, Grey County. Map position: 44°37' 80°36'. References: V.

**BAYWOOD PARK**, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, later Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 km west of Eight Mile Point, 2 km northwest of Hawkestone and 10 km south of Orillia. Present approved name is **BAYWOOD PARK**. Map position: 44°31' 79°26'. References: B, V and 5L.

**BAZETT TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP #8-#3, Sudbury District.

**BEACHBURG**, SEE: SOUTHWEST MEATH, Renfrew County.

**BEACHER** SEE: BECHER, Lambton County.

**BEACHES**, Urban Community, Part of City of Toronto. Map position: 43°40' 79°17'. References: V.

BEACHGROVE, navigation stop, Simcoe County. On the Muskoka and Georgian Bay Navigation Route, daily trips to Gravenhurst. Noted between the years 1893 and 1899. References: U10 and U12.

BEACH O'PINES, hamlet, McGillivray Township, Middlesex County. Located 2 km southeast of Grand Bend, 13 km northeast of Port Franks and 25 km southwest of Exeter. Name not approved. Population 22 in 1976. Map position: 43°17' 81°46'. References: 5L and 9K.

BEACH PARK, summer post office, Nelson Township, Halton County. Located 1/2 mile from Hamilton Beach and 7 miles from Hamilton. Post office opened September 1st, 1913. First Postmistress Emily Beckett. Office closed December 1st, 1918. No further mention of this place. References: 6T.

BEACH ROAD, settlement, East Flamborough Township, Wentworth County. Located 6 miles from the City of Hamilton, on Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Population 25 in 1893 and 1899. References: PP, U10, U12 and 9K.

BEACHVIEW, station, Wentworth County. On the North and Northwestern line of Grand Trunk Railway, in 1907. It is not a post office. No further mention of this station. References: S.

BEACHVILLE, SEE: BEACHVILLE REGION, Oxford County.

BEACHVILLE REGION, Brock District, Canada West, later in West Oxford and North Oxford Townships, Oxford County. Located on the Thames River, at Highway #2, also 26 miles from London and 4 1/2 miles west of Woodstock. Post office opened as BEACHVILLE, July 6th, 1832. First Postmaster William Merigold. Office still in operation in 1983. BEACHVILLE STATION on the Great Western Railway, later GTR, and on the Credit Valley Line of the CPR. Incorporated as Village January 1st, 1962. First settler John Carroll of New Jersey, USA, in 1784. Originally named for the grist mill owner, Andrew Beach. On January 1st, 1975, Beachville was amalgamated with the Township of West Oxford to form The Township of South-West Oxford. Present approved name is BEACHVILLE. Population 600 in 1857 and 988 in 1976. Map position: 43°05' 80°49'. References: B, I, F, C, G, Z, EE, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3S, U12, V, 7B, 7X, 5L, 5K, 7R and 6S.

BEACHWOOD, SEE: BEECHWOOD #1, Huron County.

BEACON HEIGHTS, suburban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 1 km east of Beaconwood, 2 km southeast of Beacon Hill North and 7 km east of Rockcliffe Park. Present approved name is BEACON HEIGHTS. Map position: 45°27' 75°38'. References: V and 5L.

BEACON HILL NORTH, suburban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 1 km northeast of Rothwell Village, 2 km northwest of Beacon Hill South and 6 km northwest of Blackburn. Present approved name is BEACON HILL NORTH. Map position: 45°27' 75°36'. References: V, 5L and 9K.

BEACON HILL SOUTH, suburban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 4 km northeast of Blackburn, 7 km southwest of Orleans and 6 km southeast of Rockcliffe Park. Present approved name is BEACON HILL SOUTH. Map position: 45°27' 75°35'. References: V, 5L and 9K.

BEACONSFIELD, dispersed rural community, actually on Township line but shown in North Norwich Township, later, East Oxford Township, Oxford County. Located 12 miles southeast of Woodstock, 3 miles northeast of Burgessville and four miles north of Norwich. Post office opened in 1877. First Postmaster William H. Case. Office closed March 15th, 1913. Present approved name is BEACONSFIELD. Population 25 in 1893 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 43°04' 80°36'. References: I, S, Z, MM, U10, 3R, U12, 6T, 5L, 6S and 4P.

BEACONWOOD, suburban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 7km north of Stonehenge Project, 10 km northeast of Blackburn and 15 km southwest of Queenswood Heights. Present approved name is BEACONWOOD. Map position: 45°27' 75°36'. References: V, 5L and 9K.

BEALES MILLS, near Charlston Lake, rear of Yonge and Escott Townships, Leeds County, formerly in New France. In 1974, designated a dispersed rural community located 1 mile from Charleston Village (1890), 7 km south of Athens and 7 km northwest of McIntosh Mills. Present approved name is BEALES MILLS. Population 27 in 1971 and same in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 75°58'. References: B, E, 3B, V and 5L.

BEALTON, SEE: CENTREVILLE #12, Norfolk County.

BEAMSVILLE, SEE: THE HARBOUR, Lincoln County.

BEAMSVILLE FIELD POST OFFICE, post office, Lincoln County. This post office served by Canadian Postal Corps. from Beamsville, June 1918. References: 6T.

BEAMSVILLE QUARRIES, this is the first name for STONETON, Clinton Township, Lincoln County. Located 3 miles from Beamsville and 12 miles west (in 1879, correct spelling with "e") of St. Catherines. The Post office opened in 1879 to 1884 for the use of the Gibson Quarries. Only Postmaster David Scott. Office closed 1885 and no other mention of this place. References: I, T, S, AA, 3D and 5V.

BEAMSVILLE STATION, Clinton Township, Lincoln County. A station on CNR not used for any intensive purpose in 1978. References: 7B.

BEANGE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP # 156, Algoma District.

BEAR BROOK, dispersed rural community, Ottawa District, Canada West, later Cumberland Township, Russell County and presently within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 50 miles southwest of L'Orignal, 18 miles southeast of Ottawa and 2 miles from Bearbrook Station. Post office named BEAR BROOK opened 1856. First Postmaster John Walsh. Office closed September 12th, 1919. Named for Bear Brook, which runs through the community. First settler Lemuel Calvin. Present approved name is BEARBROOK. Population 150 in 1857 and 59 in 1976. Map position: 45°23' 75°29'. References: I, S, Z, EE, 3U, 3Y, 1Y, 5L and 7R.

BEAR BROOK STATION, SEE: VARS, Russell County.

BEAR CAVE, dispersed rural community, Cardwell Township, Muskoka District, later Muskoka Lakes Township within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 25 miles east of Parry Sound, 9 miles from Rosseau and 28 miles from Bracebridge. Post office opened as BEAR CAVE in 1887. First Postmaster Henry Bishton. Office closed October 22nd, 1957. Settled in 1870. Anglican log church still standing. Present approved name is BEAR CAVE. Population 100 in 1892 and 30 in 1903. Map position: 45°19' 79°36'. References: I, S, Z, AA, PP, V, 6T, 5L, 5S, 6S and 7R.

BEAR CREEK #1, SEE: ELK CITY, Timiskaming District.

BEAR CREEK #2, hamlet, Moore Township, Lambton County, formerly in Western District, Canada West. Located 19 miles from Sarnia, 2 miles from Brigden, on lot 7, concession 6, Moore Township. Post office opened as BIRKHALL on August 1st, 1858. First Postmaster Charles Stuart. Office closed January 31st, 1892. Settled in 1800, a Chippewa Indian settlement. No recent note of this place. References: A, I, 2Z, 1H, 3W and 7B.

BEARDMORE, hamlet, Summers Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on Highway #11 and CNR, 116 miles northeast of Port Arthur, 1 mile west of Empire and 16 miles east of Macdiarmid. Post office opened July 6th, 1936. First Postmaster E.C. Noble. Office still in operation in 1983. Redesignated as a concentrated rural community in 1974. Settled as a CNR flagstop named BEARDMORE STATION, in 1920. Gold discovered here in 1930. Named for the Beardmore family, settlers of 1932. Names in use in 1930's were WEST BEARDMORE MINES and BUFFALO BEARDMORE MINES. Present approved name is BEARDMORE. Population 998 in 1956, 1,043 in 1966 and 655 in 1976. Map position: 49°36' 87°57'. References: 9F, 2R, 3B, 2U, 2Y, 5E, 5S, 5K, V, 6T, 5L and 7R.

BEARDMORE TOWNSHIP #1, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1900. Named for W. D. Beardmore of

Beardmore Company, of Toronto. Map position: 49°30' 81°58'. References: V and 7R.

BEARDMORE TOWNSHIP #2, Thunder Bay District. Located 78.4 km north of Nipigon and 84.8 km west of Geraldton. Incorporated as an Improvement District, April 30th, 1945, then Change of Status from an Improvement District to a Township, by Ontario Municipal Board Order M7583, dated September 9th, 1975. Effective date January 1st, 1976. Population 634 in 1978 and 587 in 1980. Map position: 49°36' 87°57'. References: R1, M, HH and 2T.

BEAR ISLAND, dispersed rural community, Joan Township, Nipissing District. Located 18 miles from Temagami and 2 miles from Temagami Park. Summer post office opened as BEAR ISLAND on June 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Guy O'Brien. Status changed in February 1912, to regular post office. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BEAR ISLAND. Population 99 in 1941 and 110 in 1976. Map position: 46°58' 80°05'. References: 3B, V, 6T and 5L.

BEAR ISLAND INDIAN RESERVE #1, Lake Temagami, Joan Township, Nipissing District. Population 111 in 1976. Map position: 46°59' 80°03'. References: V and 5L.

BEAR ISLAND INDIAN RESERVE #2, Lake Temagami, Phyllis Township, Nipissing District. Official Status of Reserve received in 1971, under the Robinson Huron Treaty. Population 100 in 1978. Map position: 46°58 80°05'. References: R3.

BEAR LAKE, SEE: JARLSBERG, Parry Sound District.

BEAR LINE, SEE: BURKE, Kent County.

BEAR PASS, railway point, Halkirk Township, Rainy River District. Located 66 miles west of Atikokan, 78 miles east of Rainy River, on Rainy Lake and 25 miles east of Fort Francis. Post office opened September 1st, 1920. First Postmaster P.A. Blow. Office closed March 31st, 1932. BEAR PASS STATION on Canadian Northern Railway at an altitude 1,153 feet above sea level. Present approved name is BEARS PASS. Population 30 in 1913 and 1926. Map position: 48°44' 92°57'. References: DD, SS, V, 2P, L3 and 6T.

BEAR POINT, concentrated rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 km northeast of Big Bay Point, 4 km north of Sandycove Acres and 12 km east of Barrie. Present approved name is BEAR POINT. Population 33 in 1971. Map position: 44°24' 79°33'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

BEARSKIN LAKE, post office, northwest of Big Trout Lake, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 74 km east of Big Trout, 80 km east of Sachigo Lake and 109 km north of Weagamow. Post office opened June 6th, 1961. Postmaster Norman Graham Simpson. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BEARSKIN LAKE. Population 4 in 1972. Map position: 53°55' 90°58'. References: 5L, 6T, O, U and V.

BEARSKIN LAKE INDIAN RESERVATION #1, Kenora District. Located 373 km northeast of Red Lake. Cree is the language used. The band lives on this reserve under Grand Council Treaty #9. Post office name BEARSKIN LAKE, which is located in the Hudson Bay Store. Office still in operation in 1973. Population 273 in 1978. Map position: 53°55' 90°30'. References: R3.

BEARSKIN LAKE INDIAN RESERVATION #2, Kenora District. Located 80 km northeast of Muskrat Lake. Population 270 in 1976. Map position: 53°55' 90°54'. References: 5L.

BEARS PASS, SEE: BEAR PASS, Rainy River District.

BEAR VALLEY, dispersed rural community, Pringle Township, Parry Sound District. Located 7 miles east of Golden Valey, 6 1/2 miles southwest of Carr and 7 miles west of Commanda. Post office took its name from the community and opened July 30th, 1936. First Postmistress Minnie Hamilton. Office closed by 1971. Present approved name is BEAR VALLEY. Population 66 in 1941 and 64 in 1972. Map position: 45°58' 79°43'. References: B, 6T, 3B, O, 5L, V, 9F and 6S.

**BEASLEY**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth in 1974. Map position: 43°16' 79°52'. References: V.

**BEATHTON**, post office, East Whitby Township, Ontario County. Located 2 1/4 miles from Columbus, 5 1/2 miles from Taunton and 10 1/4 miles from Oshawa. Post office established July 1910. First Postmaster Luke Robinson. Office closed May 1st, 1914. No further record of this office. References: 6T.

**BEATON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for the prominent Beaton family of Pickering. Map position: 49°00' 84°44'. References: V and 7R.

**BEATRICE**, dispersed rural community, Watt Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Huntsville, within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 10 miles north of Bracebridge and 5 miles north of Falkenburg. Post office established October 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Richard Lance. Office closed June 30th, 1928. Present approved name is **BEATRICE**. Population 250 in 1892 and 86 in 1951. Map position: 45°10' 79°22'. References: B, I, Z, 3B, V, 5X, 6T and 6S.

**BEATTY #1**, station, Trafalgar Township, Halton County. Located between Milton and Hornby Stations on the Credit Valley Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, then became CPR and is presently on Go-Train Service Route. The station was built on 1872, had a single track for years, and had an express office with a population of 15, in 1893. The three acres of land, (Lot 12, 4th Line, West half,) for the station were donated by W. C. Beatty. (This is the same Mr Beatty who was the First Postmaster, in 1853, for the nearby place of Omagh.) Mr. Beatty supplied the station so the local people would have a way to get their produce and milk to market. As a thank you, the station was given his name. The station building was torn down sometime before 1920. Details for this entry were kindly supplied by Ella Patterson and her family who reside on the Century Farm, 'Cedar Hedge Farm' from which the above mentioned three acres were were taken for the station. References: U10 and E. Patterson.

**BEATTY #2**, dispersed rural community, Palmerston Township, Frontenac County. Located 5 km southwest of Lavant Station, 9 km northeast of Ompah and 32 km west of Lanark. Present approved name is **BEATTY**. Map position: 45°02' 76°45'. References: B, V and 5L.

**BEATTY'S**, station, Christie Township, Parry Sound District. Located 12 miles east of Parry Sound and 2 miles west of Maple Lake. **BEATTY STATION** on the Parry Sound & Ottawa division Of the Grand Trunk Railway. No further mention of this station. References: PP.

**BEATTY'S LANDING**, concentrated rural community, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Named for Mr. Beatty, early settler who kept boats at this place. Also known for a time as **PERCY LANDING**. Name changed to **PERCY BOOM** prior to 1957. Present approved name is **PERCY BOOM**. Population 69 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 77°48'. References: B, 3B, 5N and V.

**BEATTY STATION #1**, SEE: **BEATTY #1**, Halton County.

**BEATTY STATION #2**, SEE: **BEATTY'S**, Parry Sound District.

**BEATTY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for Walter Beatty, M. P. P. for Leeds County. Map position: 48°35' 80°21'. References: V and 7R.

**BEAUCAGE**, dispersed rural community, Beaucage Township, Nipissing District. A station on CPR mainline, at mile 2532 on the track. Altitude 668 feet above sea level. Located within the Indian Reserve on the north shore of Lake Nipissing, west of North Bay. Present approved name is **BEAUCAGE**. Population 25 in 1893 and 15 in 1908. Map position: 46°21' 79°39'. References: S, Z, PP, L1, U10, V, 8K and 5L.

**BEAUCAGE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°25' 79°41'. References: V.

**BEAUCHAMP TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Named for Thomas de Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick.

Map position: 47°43' 79°57'. References: V and 7R.

BEAUDETTE, station, Rainy River District, on the Canadian Northern Railway. Located 2 miles from Rainy River, 288 miles west of Port Arthur, on Lake Superior and 151 miles east of Winnipeg, Manitoba. This place documented once in 1908. References: PP.

BEAUDIN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 27, Range 19, Algoma District.

BEAUDRY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 26, Range 19, Algoma District.

BEAUMARIS, SEE: TONDERN ISLAND, Muskoka District.

BEAUMONDE HEIGHTS, urban community, Part of Borough of Etobicoke, later the City of Etobicoke, within the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Now in City of Etobicoke. Present approved name is BEAUMONDE HEIGHTS. Map position: 43°45' 79°34'. References: HH and V.

BEAUMONT, SEE: BEAUMONT VILLAGE, Simcoe County.

BEAUMONT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named after Admiral Beaumont. Surveyed in 1888. Map position: 47°02' 81°08'. References: V and 7R.

BEAUMONT VILLAGE, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 miles from Lefroy. Post office established as LENNOX on April 1st, 1872. First Postmaster Isaac Lennox for whom the place was named. Office closed in 1881. Place name later became LENNOX. No recent reference to this place. References: I, A, 7B, 2E and 5X.

BEAUPARLANT TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 25, RANGE 19, Algoma District

BEAUTIFUL VALLEY, SEE: WADINEEDNON, Grey County.

BEAVER #1, hamlet, East Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 22 miles southeast of L'Orignal, 5 miles from Dalkeith station and 6 miles north of Glen Robinson. Post office opened 1880. First Postmaster Robert Rasard. Post office name changed to STE.ANNE DE PRESCOTT in 1885. Post office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Police Village October 10th, 1918 Bylaw #768. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order M79457, April 23rd, 1980 Notice, June 2nd, 1980 hearing, July 16th, 1980 Decision, effective date, December 31st, 1979. Reverted to the Township of East Hawkesbury. Present approved name is STE-ANNE-de-PRESCOTT. Population 100 in 1893 and 53 in 1971. Map position: 45°27' 74°28'. References: I, 3R, 5V, S, P, 3B, U10, 9L, 9F and 9J.

BEAVER #2, station, 28 XVI Township, later Labonte Township, Algoma District. Located 76 miles from Goudreau, 93 miles from Franz and 102 from Sault Ste. Marie. Post office opened as FRATER, September 4th, 1922. First Postmistress S. Atkinson. Office closed April 30th, 1924. Several closings, last opening, as Winter office on February 21st, 1949. Office closed by 1971. FRATER STATION on CPR mainline, formerly Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway, and is east of Rossland Station and west of Hawk Lake Station. Present approved name is FRATER. Population 25 in 1893 and 1 in 1972. Map position: 47°20' 84°33'. References: U10, V, 6Z, U, O and 6T.

BEAVER CREEK, SEE: JELLY'S RAPIDS, Hastings County.

BEAVERDALE #1, SEE: ERSKINE, Grey County.

BEAVERDALE #2, concentrated rural community, Waterloo Township, Waterloo County. Located near Cambridge. Population 57 in 1956 and 82 in 1971. References: 3B, 5A, 5E and 6M.

BEAVERDAM, settlement, Niagara District, Canada West, later Thorold Township, Lincoln County, now Part of Town of Thorold, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 10 miles west of Queenston. Nearest Post office in 1835 was named Thorald, later spelled Thorold. This place was the site of a battle in the 1812-1814

War in which British and Indian troops of 440 men overpowered 600 Americans, in defence of Canada. Often called **BEAVERDAMS.** Present approved name is **BEAVERDAM.** Population 173 in 1941 and 206 in 1966. Map position: 43°06' 79°13'. References: 2Y, 3H, 3B, 5A, 5E, V, 6S and 6O.

**BEAVER HILLS,** SEE: **BEAVER MILLS,** Rainy River District.

**BEAVER HOUSE,** dispersed rural community, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located west of Winnummin Lake, 60 air miles south of Big Trout Lake and 110 air miles north of Central Patricia. Post office opened as **BIG BEAVER HOUSE** on July 6th, 1961. Postmaster Norman Graham Simpson. Office name changed to **BEAVER HOUSE** July 1st, 1965. Office closed temporarily July 31st, 1965, name changed back to **BIG BEAVER HOUSE** and reopened. Office closed November 1st, 1965. Present approved name is **BEAVER HOUSE.** Map position: 52°57' 89°53'. References: 6T, F, U, V and 5L.

**BEAVER LAKE,** railway point, McVittie and McGarry Townships, Timiskaming District. Located between Larder Lake station and Cheminis. **BEAVER LAKE STATION** on the Englehart, Swastika and Noranda Division of Ontario Northland Railway. Present approved name is **BEAVER LAKE.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°08' 79°39'. References: U and V.

**BEAVER MEADOW,** dispersed rural community, Dawn and Sombra Townships, Lambton County, formerly in Electoral District of Bothwell County. Located 9 miles from Michigan Central Railway at Brigden Station and 20 miles southeast of Sarnia. Post office established as **BEAVER MEADOW** on February 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Delbert Young. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Named by, Joseph Wilkins, first English settler. Present approved name is **BEAVER MEADOW.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°43' 82°14'. References: 7D, S, PP, 2Z, V, 6T, 7Q, 5L, 7R, 6S and 1H.

**BEAVER MILLS,** hamlet, Atwood Township, Rainy River District, formerly Section 4, Township 4, Range 25, Algoma District. Located first in Keewatin District before boundary changed and it became the furthest west, organized community, in Ontario. In 1900 name changed to **BOUCHERVILLE.** Post office opened as **RAINY RIVER** in 1886. First Postmaster William Cameron. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name changed to **RAINY RIVER,** named for Lake of Rain, which in French is Lac la Pluie, on February 1st, 1902. Incorporated as Town January 1st, 1904. In 1905, completely destroyed by fire, but with the spirit of the North, built again. Situated on CNR, 70 miles from Kenora, 60 miles west of Fort Francis, on Rainy River and a divisional point on Canadian Northern Railway and Canadian National Railway. First settlers were trappers, followed by lumbermen in the 1870's. Present approved name is **RAINY RIVER.** Population 2,500 in 1908 and 1,191 in 1978. Map position: 48°43' 94°34'. References: 2Y, SS, 5U, 7P, I, S, 2P, 5U, 7J, 7Q, 6T, M, N, AA, MM, 5K, V+, PP, 7V, L3 and R1.

**BEAVER MINE,** settlement, Gillies Township, Algoma District. Located on Silver Creek, 5 miles from Stanley Station on CPR, 25 miles west of Port Arthur and 11 miles from Murillo. Post office established as **BEAVER MINE** in 1899. First Postmaster Thomas Hooper. Office closed April 19th, 1902. Present approved name is **BEAVER MINES.** Population 125 in 1892 and 125 in 1908. Map position: (Tp.) 48°16' 89°42'. References: I, Z, AA, PP, 5T, 7P, 9J and 9F.

**BEAVER RIVER,** SEE: **MILLTOWN #2,** Ontario County.

**BEAVERS,** Name changed to **LOCK #25,** in 1924. Canal name not designated. References: SS.

**BEAVERS CORNER,** dispersed rural community, Tuscarora Township, Brant County, and later Part of Town of Haldimand. Located 2 km north of Six Nations Corner, 5 km southeast of Middleport and 12 km southwest of Mount Hope. Present approved name is **BEAVERS CORNER.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°04' 80°01'. References: V and 5L.

**BEAVERSTONE,** boat landing, Humbolt Township Algoma District. Located on the Muskoka and Georgian Bay Navigation Route, as **BEAVERSTONE BOAT LANDING** in the year 1893. It was not a post office. No recent references to this landing. References: U10.

BEAVERSTONE BAY, dispersed rural community, Humbolt Township, Manitoulin District. Located southeast of Espanola. Present approved name is **BEAVERSTONE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°00' 81°09'. References: B, 5L and V.

BEAVERTON, SEE: **MILLTOWN #2**, Ontario County.

BEAVERTON EAST, SEE: **MILLTOWN #2**, Ontario County.

BEAVER VALLEY, dispersed rural community, Artemesia Township, Grey County. Present approved name is**BEAVER VALLEY**. Map position: 44°17' 80°32'. References: V.

BECHER, at times spelled BEACHER, dispersed rural community, Sombra Township, Lambton County, at times shown in Bothwell County, Electoral District. Located 25 miles south of Sarnia, 5 miles north of Wallaceburg, 7 miles from Port Lambton and on lot 18, concession 1, of Sombra Township. Named for Henry C. R. Becher, a London landowner, Lawyer and political agent of Sir John A Macdonald, Prime Minister. Post office opened as BECHER, on November 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Daniel Shepley. Office closed January 15th, 1970. Present approved name is **BECHER**. Population 35 in 1895 and 15 in 1976. Map position: 42°39' 82°22'. References: B, I, Z, MM, 2Z, LL, 1H, 6T, 5L, V, 5X and 6S.

BECK, dispersed rural community, MacGregor Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 7 km south of Amethyst Harbour, 10 km southwest of Loon and 18 southwest of Pearl. Present approved name is **BECK**. Map position: 48°37' 88°54'. References: V and 5L.

BECKER, railway point, Wicksteed Township, Algoma District. Located 2 miles southeast of Cree, 4 miles west of Shekak and 10 miles southeast of Hornepayne. BECKER STATION on CNR. Present approved name is **BECKER**. Map position: 49°13' 84°42'. References: V.

BECKETT'S BRIDGE #1, SEE: **ELIGH'S**, Grenville County.

BECKETT'S BRIDGE #2, dispersed rural community, Wainfleet Township, Welland County, later within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 3 km north of Chambers Corners, 6 km north of Wainfleet and 11 km west of Welland. Present approved name is **BECKETT'S BRIDGE**. Map position: 42°58' 79°22'. References: U and 5L.

BECKETTS CREEK, dispersed rural community, Cumberland Township, Carleton District, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa- Carleton. Located 2 km east of Cumberland, 7 km southeast of Rockland and 8 km north of French Hill. Population 77 in 1976. Present approved name is **BECKETTS CREEK**. Map position: 45°31' 75°22'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

BECKETTS LANDING, SEE: **ELIGH'S**, Grenville County.

BECKETTS MILLS, dispersed rural community, Pelham Township, Welland County, at times shown in Monck County Electoral District. Most recently Part of Town of Pelham, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 11 1/4 miles from Port Robinson and 9 miles northwest of Welland. Post office opened as EFFINGHAM. September 1st, 1867. First Postmaster George Redpath. Office closed November 30th, 1914. Name Effingham given by George Redpath for the daughter of the then Gov. Gen. of Canada. Beckett's Mills was named for Samuel Beckett from Penna., U.S.A. in 1793. Between those two names it had been known as REYNOLDSVILLE. Present approved name is **EFFINGHAM**. Population 50 in 1875 and 150 in 1926. Map position: 43°04' 79°18'. References: V, I, S, Z, 3D, 3Q, 7B, 6T and 8B.

BECKETT TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 9 F**, Sudbury District.

BECKSTEAD, dispersed rural community, Williamsburgh Township, Dundas County. Located 20 miles northwest of Cornwall and 5 miles from Chesterville. Post office opened as BECKSTEAD in 1883. First Postmaster, for whom office is named, O. G. Beckstead. Office closed September 24th, 1913. Present approved name is **BECKSTEAD**. Population 50 in 1895 and 28 in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 75°11'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, V, 6T, 5P and 5L.

**BECK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1904. Map position: 48°56' 81°16'. References: V and 7R.

**BECKWITH**, railway point, Beckwith Township, Lanark County. Located 4 miles north of Carleton Junction and 41 miles from Brockville. **BECKWITH STATION** on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, later CPR. Present approved name is **BECKWITH**. Population 50 in 1893. Map position: 45°05' 76°06'. References: S, Z, PP, U10, V and 7B.

**BECKWITH TOWNSHIP**, in Bathurst District, Canada West, later Lanark County. Named in honour of Sir Sidney Beckwith. First settler in 1817, Mr. McNaughton. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P4774 67, dated May 17th, 1968. Survey completed in 1816. Population 2,548 in 1852 and 2,672 in 1980. Map position: 45°05' 76°05'. References: C, HH, 3H, M, 2W, V and 1I.

**BEDELL**, SEE: **KEMPTVILLE JUNCTION**, Grenville County.

**BEDELL STATION**, SEE: **KEMPTVILLE JUNCTION**, Grenville County.

**BEDFORD**, SEE: **SANGSTER**, Frontenac County.

**BEDFORD COPPER MINES**, located in Midland District, Canada West, in 1848. Nearest Post office shown in Newboro. No further mention of this place. References: C.

**BEDFORD FERRY**, located in Prince Edward District, Canada West. Nearest Post office, at Northport, in 1848. References: C.

**BEDFORD MILLS #1**, SEE: **BUTTERMILK FALLS #2**, Frontenac County.

**BEDFORD MILLS #2**, SEE: **THE ISTHMUS**, Leeds County.

**BEDFORD PARK**, urban community, York Township, York County. Located 6 miles north of Toronto (1913), on the Metropolitan Electric Railway, 3 miles from the North Toronto Station (1908) and 2 minutes run by street railway to Toronto (1908). Post office opened as **BEDFORD PARK** in 1890. First Postmaster John Pearl. Office still in operation as a sub-post office of Toronto in 1973. Place was Annexed by the Incorporated Town of North Toronto in 1890, which in turn was annexed by the City of Toronto in 1912. Became Part of Borough of North York later City of North York, within Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is **BEDFORD PARK**. Population 250in 1892 and 300 in 1908. Map position: 43°44' 79°25'. References: I, S, Z, AA, DD, PP and V.

**BEDFORD STATION**, SEE: **PICCADILLY #2**, Frontenac & Addington Counties.

**BEDFORD TOWNSHIP**, Midland District, Canada West, later in Frontenac County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canadian Statute 1849, C81. Area 70,000 acres. Population 600 in 1852 and 745 in 1980. Map position: 44°37' 76°31'. References: HH, M, 2W, YY and V.

**BEDWELL ROAD**. This Post office opened 1891 in Middlesex County. There is little else to show for the name. It appears not to have been put in active operation and does not seem to have been closed at any date. No further reference to this office. References: I.

**BEDWORTH**, SEE: **BARCLAY #1**, Kenora District.

**BEEBE TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **H TOWNSHIP**, Algoma District.

**BEECH CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Barrie Township, Frontenac County. Located 5 km southeast of Plevna, 6 km northwest of Fernleigh and 13 km southwest of Bon Echo. Present approved name is **BEECH CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°57' 77°04'. References: V and 5L.

BEECH LANE, settlement, Houghton Township, Norfolk County. Located on little Otter Creek, 30 miles southwest of Simcoe, 12 miles south of Courtland and 14 miles from Tillsonburg. Post office opened as BEECH LANE, in 1883. First Postmaster, Albert Cameron. Office closed July 31st, 1924. Place was named for a lane of beech trees by Nathan Mensel and A. Cameron, the Postmaster. Present approved name is BEECH LANE. Population 40 in 1892 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 42°40' 84°41'. References: I, DD, MM, PP, 6T, 5P, 6S and 7D.

BEECHMOUNT, dispersed rural community, on boundry of Herschel and Faraday Townships, Hastings County. Located 70 miles northwest of Belleville, 5 miles from Bancroft, 4 miles Baptiste and 20 miles northwest of Rathbun. Post office opened as BEECHMOUNT in 1887. First Postmaster Frederick B. Lacey. Office closed December 1st, 1915. Present approved name is BEECHMOUNT. Population 130 in 1895 and 50 in 1956. Map position: 45°04' 77°58'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 5E, V, 6T, 5L and 5S.

BEECHWOOD #1, dispersed rural community, McKillop Township, Huron County. Located 3 miles east of Winthrop, 6 miles northwest of Seaforth and 27 miles southeast of Goderich. Post office opened as BEECHWOOD in 1877. First Postmaster John Reedy. Office closed on April 30th, 1924. In 1914 the name was spelled as BEACHWOOD. Present approved name is BEECHWOOD. Population 20 in 1893 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 43°33' 81°18'. References: I, Z, MM, PP, V, 3R, 5L, 6S and 4P.

BEECHWOOD #2, hamlet, Howard Township, Kent County. Located 16 miles northeast of Chatham, at the intersection of Highways #21 and #401. Present approved name is BEECHWOOD. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°28' 81°54'. References: 5L and 7R.

BEEHIVE CORNERS, SEE: BEEHIVE HOTEL, Lambton County.

BEEHIVE HOTEL, dispersed rural community, Sarnia Township, Lambton County. Located at the intersection of Plank Road and Second Concession Road, in 1873, 5 miles from Sarnia and 2 miles north of Logierait. Place known as BEEHIVE CORNER, also called THE BEEHIVE. Post office opened as COLE'S CORNERS, December 1st, 1875. First Postmaster W. Cole. Office name changed to LUCASVILLE, May 1st, 1888. In 1890, name changed to LUCAS, with George Lucas as Postmaster. Office closed September 30th, 1911. Present approved name is LUCASVILLE. Population 75 in 1875 and 63 in 1976. Map position: 42°56' 82°21'. References: 1H, 3B, AA, I, 2Z, 6T, A, 3R and 7B.

BEEMER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed 1910. Named for Dr. B. Beemer, of Toronto. Map position: 48°04' 81°25'. References: V and 7R.

BEETON, SEE: CLARKSVILLE #1, Simcoe County.

BEETON JUNCTION, station, Simcoe County. Located 1 1/2 miles north of Beeton, the nearest Post office. BEETON STATION is at the Junction, of the Hamilton and Allandale Branch, with the Beeton and Collingwood Branch , on Grand Trunk Railway. Population 10 in 1893. No recent references to this station. References: S, Z, PP and U10.

BEFORD, concentrated rural community, Carrick Township, Bruce County. Located 2 1/2 miles east of the Grand Trunk Railway at Mildmay and 5 miles southeast of Walkerton. Post office opened as DEEMERTON in 1881. First Postmaster Peter LaFrance. Office closed April 13th, 1927. The original name DIEMERTON, intended for the Post office name, came from John, Joseph, Anthony, Louis and Andrew Diemerton -families of the area. The Post office name was misspelled on opening. Present approved name is DEEMERTON. Population 100 in 1885 and 30 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 81°05'. References: B, I, S, V, 5V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

BEGGSBORO, hamlet, McMurrich Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Rainy Lake River, 40 miles north of Bracebridge and 9 miles west of Emsdale. Post office opened in 1876, and was named for A. Begg, who was the first Postmaster and also first settler. Office closed in 1891. Present approved name is BEGGSBORO. Population 50in 1892 and 10 in 1908. Map position: 45°31' 79°26'. References: I, Z, AA, PP, 1M, U10, 3R and 9J.

BEGIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Surveyed in 1938 and named for Romeo Begin, M. P.

P. for Russell County, in the same year. Map position: 48°32' 90°21'. References: V and 7R.

BEHMANN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP #24,RANGE 19, Algoma District.

BEIMAN'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Normanby Township, Grey County. Located 2 km west of Lauderbach, 4 km north of Clifford and 20 km south of Hanover. Name changed to BIEMANSVILLE, and in 1952 changed to BIEMAN'S CORNERS. Present approved name is BIEMAN'S CORNERS. Map position: 44°00' 80°59'. References: V, 6S and 5L.

BEILHARTZ TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 23, RANGE 19, Sudbury District.

BEKANON, railway point, Henvey Township, Parry Sound District. Located 2 km north of Still River, 8 km northeast of Britt and 14 km east of Key Harbour. Present approved name is BEKANON. Population 35 in 1976. Map position: 45°51' 80°33'. References: 3B, V, 5L and 6S.

BEL AIR BEACH, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 km north of Highland Point, 4 km northwest of Penatanguishene and 9 km southwest of Lafontaine. Name changed to PETAGUISHENE BEACH by 1974. Present approved name is PETAGUISHENE BEACH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°48' 79°57'. References: V.

BELAIR BRIDGE, dispersed rural community, in Township Municipality of Jaffray and Melick, Kenora District. Located 3 km northest of Pelletier Bridge, 12 km northeast of Kenora and 17 km south of Redditt. Name changed to LAJEUNESSE BRIDGE, which is the approved name, also. Population not shown in 1977. Map position: 49°50' 94°21'. References: V+.

BEL AIR HEIGHTS, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is BEL AIR HEIGHTS. Map position: 45°21' 75°45'. References: V.

BEL AIR PARK, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is BEL AIR PARK. Map position: 45°22' 75°46'. References: V.

BELANGERS CORNER, dispersed rural community, Admaston and Bagot Townships, Renfrew County. Located 2 km west of Hurds Lake, 6 km southeast of Ferguslea and 8 km southwest of Renfrew. Present approved name is BELANGERS CORNER. Population not shown in 1977. Map position: 45°24' 76°43'. References: V and 5L.

BELANGER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Named for A. Belanger, Member of the Legislative Assembly for Prescott, 1934 to 1937. Map position: 50°59' 92°52'. References: V anf 7R.

BELFAST, SEE: ALTONVILLE, Huron County.

BELFAST TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Surveyed in 1910. Named for the City of Belfast, Ireland. Map position: 47°00' 80°15'. References: V and 7R.

BELFORD, dispersed rural community, Home District, Canada West, later in Markham Township, York County, subsequently Pickering Township, Ontario County and finally, Part of Town of Pickering, within Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 23 miles northeast of Toronto, 3 1/2 miles from Markham and 16 1/2 miles from Whitby. Post office established as BELFORD July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Jacob Dafoe. Office closed 1889. Present approved name is BELFORD. Population 200 in 1875. Map position: 43°53' 79°10'. References: A, I, Z, PP, 3G, 3K, 7B, V and 6S.

BELFORD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for F. B. Belford, M. P. P. for Northumberland East, 1923. Map position: 48°39' 82°20'. References: V and 7R.

BELFORT, railway point, Sudbury District. A station on Canadian Northern Railway mainline; altitude 1,023 feet above sea level. Name changed to HAGARTY, in 1916 for a Toronto family by A.J. Hills, Supervisor on the Canadian Northern Railway. Now Part of Valley East, within Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved

name is HAGARTY. Map position: 46°40' 80°50'. References: L3, SS, HH, 8L and V.

BELFOUNTAIN, SEE: TUBTOWN, Peel County.

BELGRAVE, concentrated rural community, Huron District, Canada West, later Wawanosh and Morris Townships, Huron County. Located 22 miles northeast of Goderich, on Lake Huron and Buffalo Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, and 6 miles south of Wingham, Post office opened as BELGRAVE, on December 1st, 1865. First Postmaster Simon Armstrong. Office still in operation in 1983. Names submitted for Post office were BORNHOLM, ROSEHALL and BELGRAVE. Named for Belgrave Post Office in Leicestershire, England, by Simon Armstrong. Settled in 1851 by Irish from County Fermanagh, Ireland. Present approved name is BELGRAVE. Population 250 in 1892 and 204 in 1976. Map position: 43°49' 81°22'. References: B, I, Z, AA, 3B, 3P, V, 7B, 1G, 5L, 7D, 7R and 6S.

BELHAVEN, SEE: PLUG MOUNT, York County.

BELHAVEN EWART , post office, listed in Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Population 600 in 1875. No further reference to this office. Reference: A.

BELL, SEE: WHITCHURST, Leeds County.

BELLAMY #1, settlement, Scarborough Township, York County. Located 6 miles east of Toronto. Records indicate a recently established post office in 1891. It apparently operated a very short period of time; discontinued sometime before 1894. Population 75 in 1892. Last noted entry to name in 1908. No further reference to this place. References: Z, AA and PP.

BELLAMY #2, SEE: BELLAMY'S HILL, Leeds County.

BELLAMY MILLS, SEE: BELLAMY'S HILL, Leeds County.

BELLAMY'S, SEE: LUTHERVILLE, Leeds County.

BELLAMY'S HILL, hamlet, Kitley Township, Leeds County. Located 10 miles from Brockville, 14 km northeast of Philipsville, 12 km northwest of Athens and 8 km southeast of Newboyne. Settled in 1798, by Abel Stevens. Settlement named BELLAMY. Known as BELLAMY'S MILLS to 1870. Mill closed in 1890 and totally burned in 1955. BELLAMY'S STATION on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, later on CPR. Present approved name is BELLAMYS MILL. Population 50 in 1893 and 30 in 1955. Map position: 44°43' 76°01'. References: PP, U10, V, 7B, E, O and 5L.

BELLAMY'S MILLS, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Ramsay Township, Lanark County. Located on Indian River 11 miles from Almonte, 22 miles from Perth and 7 miles from Carleton Junction. Named for first settler Edward Bellamy who built the mills. Post office applied for on August 17th, 1847 and office established as BELLAMY'S MILLS on May 16th, 1848. First Postmaster John Bowes. Office name changed to CLIFTON in early 1858, then name changed to CLAYTON by September 1858. Office (Clayton) still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is CLAYTON. Population 120 in 1885 and 94 in 1972. Map position: 45°11' 76°20'. References: I, EE, 7D, 7A, 7U, 8Q, B, V, 5L, 7O, 7B and Z.

BELLAMY STATION, SEE: BELLAMY'S HILL, Leeds County.

BELLAMYVILLE, settlement, Johnstown District, Canada West, later Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 15 miles north of Brockville, 72 from Kingston and 5 miles northeast of Bellamy's. Settled in early 1820 by Daniel Dunham, who built the first mill. The Bellamy Brothers, Edward, Samuel, Hiram and Chauncey arrived later in 1820. Post office opened as NORTH AUGUSTA on July 5th, 1840. First Postmaster James Ross. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as police village, named NORTH AUGUSTA, November 28th, 1894 by County Bylaw #715, and a second time on November 19th, 1910 by County Bylaw #932, same name. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is NORTH AUGUSTA. Population 600 in 1892 and 241 in 1976. Map position: 44°46' 75°44. References: C, I, 2O, B, G, T, S, EE, 3B, 5V, 3S, PP, 7X, 8P, V, 9L and 7L.

**BELLANDS,** SEE: **BALLANDS**, Carleton County.

**BELL CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 2 km northeast of Balderson, 6 km southeast of Fallbrook and 9 km south of Lanark. Present approved name is **BELLS CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°56' 76°21'. References: V and 5L.

**BELLCOTT**, post office, Beckwith Township, Lanark County. Located 10 miles from Smiths Falls and 4 miles from Franktown Station on Carleton to Brockville Branch of CPR. Post office established on January 3rd, 1910. First Postmaster Thomas A. Brown. Office closed May 16th, 1912. No further refernece to this office. References: 67.

**BELLCREFT,** SEE: **BELLECROFT**, Essex County.

**BELL CROSSING,** SEE: **WHITCHURST**, Leeds County.

**BELLE AIR**, concentrated rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 km south of Alcona Beach, 6 km west of Island Grove and 8 km southeast of Stroud. Name changed to **BELLE AIR BEACH** (date not shown). Present approved name is **BELLE AIR BEACH**. Population 103 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 79°32'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

**BELLE AIR BEACH,** SEE: **BELLE AIR**, Simcoe County.

**BELLECROFT**, Colchester South Township, Essex County. Located on Lake Erie, 5 km northwest of Colchester, 6 km southwest of Harrow and 16 km southeast of Amherstburg. Name is not approved, but the one in use, and mapped, is **BELLCREFT**. Population 53 in 1956 and 212 in 1976. Map position: 42°01' 82°58'. References: 5L, V and 9K.

**BELLE eau CLAIRE BEACH**, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located on Nottawasaga Bay, 3 km east of Cove Bay, 10 km southeast of Penetanguishene and 14 km southwest of Midland. Present approved name is **BELLE eau CLAIRE BEACH**. Map position: 44°44' 80°03'. References: 5L and 9K.

**BELLEEK**, settlement, Bowman Township, Cochrane District. Present approved name is **BELLEEK**. Map position: 48°32' 80°26'. References: U and V.

**BELLE EWART,** SEE: **BELL EWART**, Simcoe County.

**BELLE RIVER,** SEE: **ROCHESTER** Essex County.

**BELLE VALLEE,** SEE: **FALARDEAU**, Timiskaming District.

**BELLEVILLE,** SEE: **SINGLETONS' CREEK**, Hastings County.

**BELLEVILLE C. H. P. D.**, military post office, Thurlo Township, Hastings County. This active office formerly known **CANADIAN HOME POSTAL DEPOT** is a unit of the Canadian Forces and is located at Canadian Forces Base Trenton. One of the responsibilities of this unit is the handling and despatch of mails destined for Canadian Forces personnel serving overseas. This unit is not designated as a Canada Post Office, therefor the term Postmaster does not apply. References: F and Captain T. W. Murray, Acting Commanding Officer, Astra.

**BELLEVILLE M. P. O.**, military post office, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Only active military post office in Ontario. Reference: F and Captain K Zelle.

**BELEVILLE HARBOUR,** SEE: **BELLEVILLE STATION**, Hastings County.

**BELLEVILLE JUNCTION,** SEE: **BELLEVILLE STATION**, Hastings County.

**BELLEVILLE STATION**, station and post office, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Located outside of Bellevile in 1886, but long since overgrown by Belleville. A station on the Grand Trunk Railway, also known as **BELLEVILLE**

**JUNCTION** and **BELLEVILLE HARBOUR**. Post office opened as **BELLEVILLE STATION** in 1886. First Postmaster William G. Henderson. Office closed May 13th, 1942. Name is obsolete. Population 105 in 1941 and 95 in 1951. References: S, Z, I, AA, PP, 3B, 5S, 5T and 6T.

**BELLEVUE #1**, railway point, Van Koughnet Township, Algoma District. Located 19 miles from Sault Ste. Marie. **BELLEVUE STATION** on the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. Present approved name is **BELLEVUE**. Population 149 in 1971 and 109 in 1976. Map position: 46°42' 84°13'. References: U, PP, V, 6M and 5L.

BELLEVUE #2, post office, Verulam Township, Victoria County. Located 11 miles northeast of Lindsay. Office opened in 1881 as BELLEVUE. First Postmaster was Thomas L. Davis. Office closed before 1887. No further reference to this office. References: I, T, Z, 5V and 5P.

BELLEVUE STATION, post office, Fenwick Township, Algoma West. Located 18 miles from Sault Ste. Marie, 6 miles from Goulais River and 11 miles from Searchmont. Post office established Oct 1st, 1922. First Postmaster Felix Roy. Office closed April 1st, 1951. Present approved name is **BELLEVUE STATION**. Map position: 46°45' 84°25'. References: V and 6T.

BELL EWART, urban community, Simcoe District, Canada West later in Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located on Lake Simcoe, 14 miles southeast of Barrie, 1 mile east of Lefroy. **BELL EWART STATION** on the Ontario, Simcoe and Huron Railway, later on the Grand Trunk and Northern Railways. In 1853, a man named James Bell Ewart, owned the property. Local story says he called it the **EWART ESTATE**, and the place was also known, locally, as **PORT OF BELL EWART**, apparently since steamers called there at one time. Post office opened October 1st, 1855. First Postmaster Edward Drake. Office still in operation in 1983. Population 500 in 1857 and 409 in 1976. Present approved name is **BELL EWART**. Map position: 44°16' 79°33'. References: B, I, Z, EE, JJ, V, 7B, 5L, 8U, 7D and 6S.

BELLFOUNTAIN, SEE: **TUBTOWN**, Peel County.

BELLHECK, dispersed rural community, Sheffield Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 3 km northeast of Tamworth, 10 km northwest of Enterpise and 12 km north of Croydon. Present approved name is **BELLHECK**. Map position:44°31' 76°58'. References: V and 5L.

BELLINGHAM, SEE: **BELL'S CHUTE**, Algoma District.

BELL MILL, hamlet, Tuckersmith Township, Huron District,later Huron County. Located 49 miles from London and 12 miles from Goderich. **TUCKERSMITH** post office, named for the Township, established October 5th, 1841. First Postmaster Richard Thwaites. Office closed 1852. No reference after 1852. References: I, G, 2W, 8P and 1G.

BELLOW'S LANDING, SEE: **RICHMOND LANDING**,Carleton County.

BELLOW'S POINT, SEE: **RICHMOND LANDING**, Carleton County.

BELLOWSTON, hamlet, Westmeath Township, Renfrew County. Located 80 miles from Ottawa, 95 miles from Perth and 10 miles from Pembroke. Post office established as **BELLOWSTON**, on May 6th, 1832, in Bathurst District, Upper Canada. First Postmaster Caleb Strong Bellows, also first settler. Office still in operation in 1983. Status changed to concentrated rural community by 1974. Present approved name is **WESTMEATH**. Population 130 in 1885, 317 in 1976. Map position: 45°49' 76°53'. References: EE, 7B, B, I, G, U, 3B, 3R, 3S, 7B, 7X and 9J.

BELL RAPIDS, dispersed rural community, Bangor Township, Hastings County. Located on the Madawaska River, near Barry's Bay, 3 miles south west of Pembroke. Post office established as **BELL RAPIDS**, on April 1st, 1905. First Postmaster John Hicks. Office closed April 7th, 1964. Present approved name is **BELL RAPIDS**. Population 150 in 1908 and 28 in 1976. Map position: 45°23' 77°48'. References: B, PP, 3B, V, 7S, 5L and 6T.

BELLROCK, SEE: **THE DEPOT #2**, Frontenac County.

**BELL'S CHUTE**, hamlet, Parkinson Township, Algoma District. Located 4 miles from the mouth of the Little White River, 20 miles north of Dean Lake. Named **BELL'S FALLS** by the lumbermen who worked the area. Post office established as **BELLINGHAM**, May 1st, 1895. First Postmaster Donald Bell, who was also first settler. Office closed May 1st, 1926. Present approved name is **BELLINGHAM**. Population 25 in 1893 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 46°24' 83°17'. References: 7D, S, Z, AA, PP, U10, 6T and 5L.

**BELL'S CORNERS #1**, SEE: **CORNERS #4**, Carleton County.

**BELL'S CORNERS #2**, hamlet, Huron District, Canada West, later South Easthope Township, Perth County. Located 9 miles from Wilmot, 7 miles east of Stratford and 82 miles from Toronto. Post office opened as **BELL'S CORNERS-WILMOT**, on March 6th, 1849 and first Postmaster David Bell, who also founded the place. **WILMOT** portion of name not always used. Post office re-named in 1853 and called **SHAKESPEARE**. Office still in operation in 1983. **SHAKESPEARE STATION** on the Grand Trunk Railway station, later on CNR line. Present approved name is **SHAKESPEARE**. Population 500 in 1857 and 606 in 1976. Map position: 43°22' 80°49'. References: I, C, 1W, 8Q, 8P, B, AA, 3B, 3R, 7V and 9J.

**BELL'S CORNERS #3**, Police Village, Eastern District, Canada West, later Williamsburg Township, Dundas County. Located 6 miles northwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Morrisburg, 34 miles west of Cornwall and 98 miles from Montreal, Quebec. Post office opened February 6th, 1941. First Postmaster Walter Bell. Name changed to **WILLIAMSBURG NORTH** from 1841-1842; it then became **NORTH WILLIAMSBURG**. Office still in operation in 1983 Incorporated as a Police Village January 24th, 1907, Bylaw #1465. Police Village status still in operation as of January 20th, 1983. Name changed to **WILLIAMSBURG** June 1st, 1907. Settled in 1830 on the site of an ancient mound where aboriginal artifacts have been discovered. This place was originally named by the Postmaster and later to honour Prince William Henry (William IV). Present approved name is **WILLIAMSBURG**. Population 300 in 1875 and 442 in 1976. Map position: 44°58' 75°15'. References: A, S, AA, EE, 7K, G, 8P, U, F, 9L, 2Y, 9J and 7L.

**BELLS CORNERS, #4**, SEE: **BELL CORNERS**, Lanark County.

**BELL'S CORNERS, #5**, concentrated rural community, which at the same time, was named **EVANSVILLE**, West Luther Township, Wellington County. Located 36 miles northwest of Guelph and 8 miles east of Mount Forest. Post office opened under the name **CONN**, August 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Robert William Conn, for whom the office is named. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CONN**. Population 40 in 1893 and 87 in 1976. Map position: 44°00' 80°34'. References: 2H, 'G.H. Duncan', I, S, U10, 5Y, 5L, 9J and 7D.

**BELL'S CORNERS, #6**, station, Nepean Township, Carleton County, presently within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. **BELL'S CORNERS STATION** at mile 2777, on CPR, east of Britannia station, (1903). Present approved name is **BELLS CORNERS**. Map position: 45°20' 75°48'. References: V and 8K.

**BELL'S CORNERS-WILMOT**, SEE: **BELL'S CORNERS #2**, Perth County.

**BELL'S CROSSING**, SEE: **WHITCHURST**, Leeds County.

**BELLS CROSSING STATION**, SEE: **WHITCHURST**, Leeds County.

**BELLS FALLS**, SEE: **BELL'S CHUTE**, Algoma District.

**BELLS JUNCTION**, railway point, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **BELLS JUNCTION**. Map position: 45°20' 75°50'. References: V.

**BELLTOWN**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa. Present approved name is **BELLTOWN**. Map position: 45°21' 75°48'. References: V.

**BELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named for Dr. Robert Bell, Geologist, responsible for

naming 3,000 features in the Canadian North. Map position: 49°55' 85°26'. References: V and 7R.

BELLVIEW, SEE: BIG SPRINGS, Hastings County.

BELLWOOD #1, concentrated rural community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 8 km west of Craid Henry, 12 east of Kanata and 13 northeast of Hazeldean. Present approved name is BELLWOOD. Map position: 45°19' 75°50'. References: V, V+ and 5L.

BELLWOOD #2, dispersed rural community, Airy Township, Nipissing District. Located 1.3 miles from Whitney, 13 miles from Egan Estate, 12km west of L'Amble and 14 km east of Rock Lake. Name changed to AIRY,for the Township, in 1924. Post office established as AIRY March 1st, 1925. First Postmaster B.Y. McBride. Office closed January 31st, 1935. Present approved name is BELLWOOD. Map position: 45°30' 78°16'. References: SS, V, 5L, U, and 6T.

BELLWOOD ACRES, in Town of Newcastle, Regional Municipality of Durham. Population figures included with Newcastle for the years 1971 and 1976. References: 3B.

BELMAR, station, Marmora Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is BELMAR. Map position: 44°27' 77°42'. References: V.

BELMEADE, dispersed rural community, Osgoode Township, Russell County (later Carleton County) and Mountain Township, Dundas County, on boundry lines. Later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 10 miles from Osgoode and on the Caistor River, 20 miles south of Ottawa City . Post Office established as BELMEADE, on July 1st, 1905. First Postmaster J. D. McPhail. Office closed October 19th, 1912. Present approved name is BELMEADE. Map position: 45°08' 75°30'. References: B, S, PP, V, 6T, 7S, 5L and 9J.

BELMONT, SEE: KETTLE CREEK, Middlesex County.

BELMONT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Colborne District, Canada West, later Peterborough County.Population 174 in 1847 and 500 in 1852. Had 70,000 acres. Map position: 44°30' 77°54'. References: V.

BELMONT AND METHUEN, UNITED TOWNSHIP OF, Incorporated January 1st, 1855. Quieting Order P5436-68, dated September 30th, 1968. Population 2,120 in 1980. Map position: 44°35' 77°56'. References: HH, M and 9J.

BELMORE, dispersed rural community, Culross, Carrick, Howick and Turnberry Townships, Bruce and Huron Counties. Located 16 miles south of Walkerton and 6 1/2 miles north of Wroxeter. Post office opened as BELMORE, on September 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Francis .W. Irwin (misspelled on first official list as F.W. Irvine). Place laid out and named by W. Irwin, first settler, in 1850's. Present approved name is BELMORE. Population 130 in 1857 and 96 in 1976. Map position: 43°58' 81°11'. References: B, I, Z, 5E, 3B, V, 5L, 6S, 3M, EE, TT, 1G and 3U.

BELTON, dispersed rural community, West Nissouri Township, Middlesex County. Located 14 miles northeast of London and 5 miles south of St. Mary's. Post office opened as BELTONin 1877. First Postmaster John Morden. Office closed by 1970. Station name KELLEYS then, KELLEYS SIDING, then KELLEYS STATION, on Toronto and London Branch of Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is BELTON. Population 20 in 1895 and 22 in 1976. Map position: 43°10' 81°08'. References: B, I, Z, 3R, V, 5L, 6S, PP, 9F and 4P.

BELWOOD, SEE: SKENESVILLE, Wellington Township.

BEMAN'S CORNERS, hamlet, originally in both East Gwillimbury and Whitchurch Townships, Home District, Upper Canada then in Canada West, and later Whitchurch Township, Ontario then shown in York County. Now, in Town of Newmarket, within Regional Municipality of York. Located on the Holland River, 34 miles north of Toronto, on Highway #9, east of Yonge Street. Founded in 1800 by Timothy Rogers, a Quaker. Post office established as NEWMARKET, 1823. First Postmaster W.B. Robinson. Office still in operation in 1983. NEWMARKET STATION served by

Grand Trunk Railway, the Metropolitan Electric Railway and later CNR served the town. Incorporated as a Village, January 1st, 1858, by Act 20, Vic., cap. 102. Proclaimed a Town, December 1st, 1890. Telephones in use in 1896 numbered 8. On January 1st, 1971, Part of, East Gwillimbury Township, King Township, and Whitchurch Township, Amalgamated to form TOWN OF NEWMARKET, in York Region. Present approved name is NEWMARKET. Population 600 in 1846, 2,000 in 1858, 4,026 in 1948 and 24,795 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 79°23'. References: B, I, G, M, C, U, HH, 2T, Y, 2Y, 3G, 2J, 5K, 7B, 7X, 7V and V.

BEN ALLAN, railway point, Keppel Township, Grey County. Located 4 miles from Owen Sound. Post office established as BEN ALLLAN on October 14th, 1904 and named for early settler. First Postmaster Robert Henderson. Office closed January 1st, 1914. BEN ALLAN STATION on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is BENALLEN Map position: 44°37' 80°59'. References: S, DD, PP, V, 7J, 6T, 6S and 7D.

BENDALE, SEE: BENLOMOND, York County.

BEN DALE, SEE: BENLOMOND, York County.

BENEDICKSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Named for William M. Benedickson, Minister of Parliment for Kenora-Rainy River in 1945. Map position: 50°01' 91°41'. References: V and 7R.

BENIAH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for the Honourable Beniah Bowman, MPP for Manitoulin Island in the 1920s. Map position: 49°23' 81°23'. References: V and 7R.

BENJEBURG, hamlet noted on Tremaine map of 1859, a meeting place and Sunday School in the 1850's on Gibson Lake. The property was donated by Benjamin Rowley. Located in Peel County. No recent reference to this hamlet. Reference : 3C.

BENLOCK SETTLEMENT, settlement, Haldimand Township, Northumberland County. Settled by Benjamin Ewing in 1798. No recent reference to this settlement. Reference: 1D.

BENLOMOND #1, hamlet, Scarborough Township, York County. Located concession 1, lots 22 & 23, 12 miles northeast of Toronto and 3 miles north of Scarborough Junction. The original name of this post office was BENLOMOND, opened 1878, name suggested by James Thomson, for his birthplace in Scotland. There was difficulty in mail going to the Norway post office, which had a place almost adjoining, named Benlomond, (not a post office), hence the name was changed to BENDALE in 1881. First Postmaster William Forfar. Office closed November 2nd, 1914. Modern location for Bendale post office, 3262 Lawrence Avenue East, Scarborough, which office established September 1st, 1956 and is still in operation in 1973. The hamlet has long since been absorbed into the area. Population 30 in 1885 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 43°46' 79°14'. References: I, K1, 8H, T, Z, MM, 3R, V, 6T, 5V, 5P, 6S and 7D.

BENLOMOND #2, hamlet, adjoining Norway post office. Note: In 1907 both Norway post office and Benlomond settlement were amalgamated by the Town of East Toronto. No further mention of this place. References: Z and 7D.

BENMILLER, concentrated rural community, Huron District, Canada West later, Colborne Township, Huron County. Located on Maitland River, 6 miles east of Godrich and 3 miles from Colborne. Named for first settler, Benjamin Miller and his two brothers Daniel and Joseph, in 1832. Post office established as BENMILLER May 1st, 1855. First Postmaster Ross Robertson. Office closed July 1st, 1918. Present approved name is BENMILLER. Population 150 in 1893 and 61 in 1976. Map position: 43°44' 81°37'. References: A, S, I, Z, PP, 3B, U10, V, 7B, 1G, 7R, 6T, 5L, 6S and 7D.

BENNER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named for surveyor, F.J. Benner. Located west of Savant Lake. Map position: 50°33' 90°29'. References: V and 7R.

BENNETT, post office, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Post office opened as BENNETT on July 1st, 1863. First Postmaster C. H. Bennett, for whom office named. Office closed 1864.

No recent mention of this office. References: I and 3N.

BENNETT'S CORNERS, SEE: BISBEY'S CORNERS, Middlesxe County.

BENNETT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Surveyed 1895. Named for W.H. Bennett, MP, for Simcoe, 1896 to 1911. Map position: 48°49' 92°13'. References: V and 7R.

BEN NEVIS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Named for a mountain in Scotland. On January 1st, 1974, Ben Nevis Township was transferred, (along with other Townships), to Cochrane District, by an Act to ammend the Territorial Division Act, by Bill 14. Map position: 48°20' 79°42'. References: V and 7R.

BENNEWEIS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for John Benneweis, MPPfor Perth South . Map position: 47°33' 81°49'. References: V and 7R.

BENNIE'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Bathurst District, Canada West later Ramsey Township, Lanark County. Located north of Perth and 5 miles northwest of Almonte. Post office opened July 1st, 1853. First Postmaster John Bennie for whom office is named. Office closed August 23rd, 1913. Founded by James Bennie, a Lanark Society settler in 1821, for whom the place is named. Present approved name is BENNIES CORNERS. Population 75 in 1851 and 60 in 1908. Map position: 45°15' 76°16'. References: I, E, Z, EE, PP, 2N, 3K, V, 6T, 7U and 5L.

BENNINGTON, dispersed rural community, West Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 7 km northwest of Embro, 17 km southeast of St. Marys and 20 northwest of Woodstock. Post office opened May 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Robert Heron. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Named after Benson Pelton, a farmer. BENNINGTON STATION on St. Mary's Division of CPR. Station number 1836, between the station of Embro and McConkey, in 1911. Present approved name is BENNINGTON. Population 30 in 1835 and 12 in 1976. Map position: 43°12' 80°57'. References: A, I, S, Z, MM, 3R, V, 7B, 6T, 5Y, 7D, 5L, 10B and 6S.

BENNSVILLE, dispersed rural community, Burford Township, Brant County. Located 12 miles northwest of Brantford, 3 miles west of Paris and 4 miles west of Paris Station. Post office established as FALKLAND, June 1st, 1862. First Postmaster M. Stally. Office closed January 1st, 1914. The place retained the name BENSVILLE, until 1872. Present approved name is FALKLAND. Population 60 in 1893 and 91 in 1976. Map position: 43°10' 80°26'. References: Z, 7B, I, S, AA, PP, U10, 3N, V, and 6T.

BENNY, SEE: PULP SIDING, Sudbury District.

BENOIT, dispersed rural community, Cambridge Township, Russel County. Located 6 km west of Casselman, 11 km northeast of Emburn and 9 km southeast of Limoges. Post office established on May 1st, 1908. First Postmaster Samuel Lalonde. Office closed April 18th, 1917. Population 76 in 1956 and 14 in 1976. Present approved name is BENOIT. Map position: 45°18' 75°10'. References: MM, 5A, 5E, V and 5L.

BENOIT MILLS, hamlet, Bonfield Township, Algoma District, later shown in Nipissing District. Located 5 miles from Callendar. Post office opened as BENOIT in 1888. First Postmaster Edouard Benoit, for whom the place was named. Office closed in 1892. Known also as BENOIT'S MILLS. Present approved name is BENOIT. Population 25 in 1893 and 40 in 1908. References: I, S, Z, AA, PP, U10 and 5T.

BENOIT'S MILLS, SEE: BENOIT MILLS, Nipissing District.

BENOIT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District (Part of Timiskaming District until the passing of Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974, when it was transfered to Cochrane District). Benoit Township is half in the Municipal Township of Black River-Matheson. Named for A. Benoit, pioneer of Northern Ontario. Map position: 48°20' 80°13'. References: V and 7R.

BENPATH, SEE: BENTPATH, Lambton County.

BENSFORT, settlement, Colborne District, Canada West, later South Monaghan Township, Northumberland County, (to January 1974 when South Monaghan Township annexed by Peterborough County). Located 22 miles north of Cobourg and 9 miles east of Millbrook. Post office opened as BENSFORT, on December 1st, 1860. First Postmaster James W. McBain. Office closed September 1st, 1913. First settler Thomas Armstrong. Named for Bensfort, Ireland. Present approved name is BENSFORT CORNERS. Population 100 in 1886 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 44°11' 78°16'. References: DD, I, S, Z, MM, T, 3N, V, 6T, 7R, 7D and 5L.

BENSFORT BRIDGE, South Monaghan Township, Peterborough County. Located 4 km north of Bensfort Corners, 6 km southeast of Crystal Springs and 13 km southeast of Peterborough. Present approved name is BENSFORT BRIDGE. Map position: 44°11' 78°16'. References: B and 5L.

BENSFORT CORNERS, SEE: BENSFORT, Northumberland County.

BENSVILLE, SEE: BENNSVILLE, Brant County.

BENTINCK #1, hamlet, Wellington District, Canada West, later Bentinck Township, Grey County. First settler Archibald Hunter, in 1842. Located 17 miles from Walkerton, 16 miles from Mount Forest, 56 miles from Guelph and at the Junction of Highways #4 & #6. Post office established as BENTINCK on October 6th, 1847, named for the Township. First Postmaster M.C. Scrofield. In 1857 office name changed to DURHAM. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Town of Durham on March 2nd, 1872. Place named by George Jackson, after his English birthplace, Durham. DURHAM STATION operated by CPR and Georgian Bay and Lake Erie Railways later known as Grand Trunk Railway and which is now CNR. Present approved name is DURHAM. Population 600 in 1857 and 2,465 in 1980. Map position: 44°15' 80°52'. References: I, 2Y, 8Q, 8P, 6S, F, M, S, EE, HH, 5B, V, 7B, 2P and 7A.

BENTINCK #2, post office, on boundaries of Bentinck and Brant Townships, Grey and Bruce Counties. Located 92 miles west of Toronto, on the Saugeen River, 40 miles east of Owen Sound and 5 miles from Walkerton. Post office opened September 1st, 1856, named HANOVER, for the Province of Hanover in Germany . First Postmaster A. Z. Gottwalls. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village, January 25th, 1899, and as a Town, December 26th, 1904. Local names included BUCK'S BRIDGE, BUCK'S CROSSING, (named for Innkeeper and first settler, in 1848, Abraham Buck), ADAMSTOWN and SLABTOWN. Present approved name is HANOVER. Population 1,200 in 1880 and 5,907 in 1980. Map position: 44°09' 81°02'. References: TT, 2Y, I, M, S, EE, HH, 2T, 3M, 3U, V, 5K, 2K, 7R and 7D.

BENTINCK #3, dispersed rural community, Bentinck Township, Grey County. Located 3 miles from Aberdeen and 5 miles from Edge Hill. Post office opened as BENTINCK on January 18th, 1911. First Postmaster S. Rutherbough. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is BENTINCK. Map position: 44°15' 80°52'. References: B, 5L and 6T.

BENTINCK TOWNSHIP, Wellington District, Canada West, later shown in Grey County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canadian Statute 1849, C81. Named for Lord George Bentinck. Surveyed in 1850. Population 1,272 in 1852 and 2,987 in 1980. Had an area of 76,662 acres. Map position: 44°13' 80°55'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, V and 2K.

BENTLEY, dispersed rural community, Harwich Township, Kent County. Located 5 miles from Harwich, 22 miles southeast of Chatham and 5 miles east of Blenhein. First settler James Guilford. Post office opened July 1st, 1867, named GUILFORD, for the first settler. First Postmaster Samuel Bentley. Later in 1867 the office name was changed to GUILDS. In 1878 name changed again, to BENTLEY. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is GUILDS. Population 100 in 1892 and 60 in 1976. Map position: 42°21' 81°55'. References: A, I, PP, 3Q, 7B, S, AA, Z, DD, 3B, U10, XX, V, 6T and 7D.

BENTLEY'S CORNERS, SEE: HOWELL'S HOLLOW, Ontario County.

BENTONVILLE, Cambridge Township, Russell County. Located 24 miles from Dickinson Landing. Post office opened July 1st, 1873 as BENTONVILLE. First Postmaster John Benton for whom place and office was named. Office closed

1878. No recent mention of place or office. References: A, I and 5Y.

BENTPATH, dispersed rural community, Dawn Township, Lambton County , at times shown in the Electoral District of Bothwell. Located 8 miles north of Dresden, 4 miles southwest of Edy's Mills and 30 miles southeast of Sarnia. Post office opened April 1st, 1887. First Postmaster John McLachlin. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Named for Scottish Path. Present approved name is BENTPATH. Population 20 in 1895 and 20 in 1976. Map position: 42°42' 82°11'. References: V, 6T, 5L, 6S, B, I, Z, PP, 2Z, 5T, 7R and S.

BENT RIVER, SEE: BENT RIVERDALE, Muskoka District.

BENT RIVERDALE, dispersed rural community, Watt Township, later in Muskoka Lakes Township, Muskoka and Parry Sound District, which later became District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 15 miles from Utterson and 24 miles north of Gravenhurst. Post office opened May 16th, 1903 as BENT RIVER. First Postmistress Mrs. James Young. Office closed in 1967. Present approved name is BENT RIVER. Population 123 in 1941 and 88 in 1971. Map position: 45°13' 79°32'. References: B, S, PP, 3B, V, 6M, 7Q, 5L, 7R and 6S.

BENYAN, post office, Lambton County. Office opening date and Postmaster's name not supplied. Office closed September 30th, 1911. No record in Postal History Museum. References: 6T. SEE: Bunyan entry.

BERESFORD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1896. Named for Lord Charles Beresford, Commander of the Condor, 1900. Map position: 47°02' 81°01'. References: V and 7R.

BERFORD LAKE, hamlet, Albemarle Township, Bruce County. Population 62 in 1976. References: 3B.

BERGEYTOWN, SEE: BERGEYVILLE, Waterloo County.

BERGEYVILLE, hamlet, Wellington District, Canada West, later in Waterloo Township, Waterloo County, now Part of City of Cambridge. . Located 9 miles from Guelph, 31 miles from Hamilton and 4 miles from Preston. Place named for Michael Bergey, early settler. Post office established as NEW HOPE, on May 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Conrad Nahrgang. Office name changed in 1858 to HESPELER, for leading citizen Jacob Hespeler. Incorporated as a Village in 1859 and a Town in 1901. Incorporated into the City of Cambridge on january 1st, 1973. Present approved name is HESPELER. Population 100 in 1846 and 6,101 in 1972. Map position: 43°26' 80°19'. References: I, C, EE, 2W, 8Q, C2, Z, HH, 2T,O and V.

BERGLAND, dispersed rural community, McCrossen and Tovell Township, Rainy River District. Located 50 miles northwest of Fort Francis and 20 miles southwest of Rainy River. Post office established as BERGLAND, on May 1st, 1907. First Postmaster Peter L. Tofte. Office closed in 1971. Present approved name is BERGLAND. Population 128 in 1927 and 41 in 1972. Map position: 48°57' 94°23'. References: R1, 2P, O, V, 7K, 5L and 7R.

BERIEDALE, dispersed rural community, Armour Township, Parry Sound District. Present approved name is BERIEDALE. Map position: 45°40' 79°23'. References: V.

BERIVE, SEE: BERVIE, Bruce County.

BERKELEY, SEE: HOLLAND #1, Grey County.

BERKSHIRE VILLAGE, urban community, Part of the City of London, Middlesex County. Present approved name is BERKSHIRE VILLAGE. Map position: 42°57' 81°17'. References: V+.

BERLETS CORNER, locality, Wilmot Township, Waterloo County. Located 5 km southeast of Wellesley, 17 km west of Kitchener and 9 km north of New Hamburg. Ocassionally misspelled as BERLETT'S CORNERS. Now within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Present approved name is BERLETTS CORNER. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°28' 80°43'. References: V+, 6S, B, V and 5L.

BERLETT'S, SEE: BERLET'S CORNERS, Waterloo County.

BERLIN, SEE: SAND HILLS, Waterloo County.

BERNE, SEE: DRYSDALEVILLE, Huron County.

BERNHARDT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Surveyed in 1907. Named for Sarah Bernhardt, world famous actress. Map position: 48°14' 80°04'. References: V.

BERNIE SEE: BERVIE, Bruce County.

BERNIER TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 9 E, Sudbury District.

BERNST TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 55, Algoma District.

BERRIEDALE, hamlet, Armour Township, Parry Sound District. Located 5 miles from Burke Falls and 32 miles north of Aultsville. Post office opened as BERRIEDALE in 1881. First Postmaster John Young. Office closed September 20th, 1921. Present approved name is BERRIEDALE. Population 50 in 1895 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 45°40' 79°19'. References: I, Z, T, MM, 3R, 5V, 5P, 6T and 5L.

BERRISFIELD, urban community, now Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is BERRISFIELD. Map position: 43°13' 79°50'. References: V.

BERRYLAND, hamlet, Blanshard Township, Perth County. Located 3 miles southeast of Kirkton. Post office established October 1st, 1908. First Postmaster Isaac H. Bailey. Office closed December 1st, 1914. No further references to this place. References: 6T.

BERRYTON, dispersed rural community, Leeds Township, later shown in Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Post office opened as BERRYTON in 1882. First Postmaster James Berry, for whom office named. Office closed February 1st, 1913. Name sometimes misspelled as BERRYTOWN. Place was named for several Berry families in the area, particularly, John Berry Senior, John Berry Junior, George H. Berry and William Berry. Present approved name is BERRYTON. Population 25 in 1893 and 125 in 1903. Map position: 44°28' 76°12'. References: I, Z, PP, U10, V, 6T, 5P and 5L.

BERRYS, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located on the south shore of the Ottawa River, 8 km southeast of Dunrobin Shore and 11 km northeast of Harwood Plains. Present approved name is BERRYS. Map position: 45°26' 75°56'. References: V and 5L.

BERRY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for R. N. Berry, M. P. P. for Haldimand in the 1920s. Map position: 48°50' 79°50'. References: V and 7R.

BERRYTOWN, SEE: BERRYTON, Leeds County.

BERTHAVILLE, settlement, Kirkpatrick Township, Nipissing District. Located 6 miles from the Transcontinental line of CPR at Verner Station. Post office opened April 24, 1903. First Postmaster Alphonse Legendre. Office closed June 18th, 1912. No recent references to this name. References: S, PP, 6T and 7Q.

BERTIE, SEE: RIDGEWAY, Welland County.

BERTIE BAY, settlement, Bertie Township, Welland County. Name changed to CRESCENT PARK, which is a concentrated rural community, and then changed to CRESCENT BEACH. Now Part of Town of Fort Erie, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is CRESCENT PARK. Map position: 42°53' 78°58'. References: V, HH and 6S.

BERTIE TOWNSHIP, Niagara District, Canada West, later Welland County, now in Regional Municipality of Niagara. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, dissolved and amalgamated with TOWN OF FORT ERIE, effective date January 1st,

1970, Ontario Statutes 1968-69, C106. First settled in 1784 by United Empire Loyalists. It had an area of 38,390 acres. Population 2,737 in 1852. Map position: 42°55' 97°01'. References: C, 3H, M, 2W, V, 10E and 2D.

BERTRAM, station, Gill Township, Cochrane District. Located on Grand Trunk Railway mainline, altitude 746 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **BERTRAM**. Map position: 49°48' 84°25'. References: L2 and V.

BERTRAM TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Named for John Bertram, lumber company executive. Map position: 46°12' 79°59'. References: V and 7R.

BERTRAND, railway point, Township 70, Thunder Bay District. Located 27 km west of White River. Present approved name is **BERTRAND**. Population 63 in 1951, not shown in 1978. Also known as **BERTRANDS**. Map position: 48°41' 85°35'. References: R2, 3B and V.

BERTRANDS, SEE: BERTRAND, Thunder Bay District.

BERTRAND TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named, in 1945, for the Honourable E. O. Bertrand, Postmaster General. Map position: 50°07' 90°13'. References: V.

BERVIE, hamlet, Kincardine Township, Bruce County. Place named for Bervie Creek, (named for a town in Kincardineshire, Scotland). Located 8 miles west of Kincardine and 20 miles west of Walkerton. Post office opened as **BERVIE** October 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Nichol McIntyre, also the first settler in 1849. Office closed March 14th, 1969. Name misspelled as **BERIVE**. Present approved name is **BERVIE**. Population 200 in 1880's and 92 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 81°30'. References: I, S, Z, T, 3B, 3K, TT, 5L, 7R, 7D and 6S.

BERWICK, SEE: COCKBURN'S CORNERS, Stormont County.

BERYLVALE, dispersed rural community, Hanna Township, Cochrane District. Located 13 km southeast of Cochrane, 15 km northwest of Potter and 21 km southwest of Moreneba. Post office established as **BERYLVALE**, on August 9th, 1938. First Postmaster O. T. Folkins. Office closed December 1st, 1959. Present approved name is **BERYLVALE**. Map position: 48°57' 81°00'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

BESSBOROUGH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for the Earl of Bessborough, Governor General of Canada in 1931. Map position: 50°48' 81°35'. References: V and 7R.

BESSEMER, dispersed rural community, Mayo Township, Hastings County. Located 12 miles east of Bancroft, 13 km south of Fort Stewart and 18 km northwest of Weslemkoon. Named for Henry Bessemer founder of the process of turning cast iron into steel. Post office established as **BESSEMER**, on April 1st, 1906. First Postmaster Harry L. Bingham. Office closed by 1916. Present approved name is **BESSEMER**. Map position: 45°03' 77°38'. References: B, 7T, V, 5L, 9F and 7R.

BESSEMER JUNCTION, railway point, Dungannon Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is **BESSEMER JUNCTION**. Map position: 45°02' 77°44'. References: V.

BESSERS, steamboat landing, Russell County, on Ottawa River Navigation Route, between Montreal, Quebec and Ottawa. It was a daily service in 1893. Not noted since. References: U10.

BESSETT'S BAY, named for first settler Peter Bessett, farmer (still living October 20th, 1905). Located near Brightside, in Darling Township, Lanark County. References: 7D.

BEST, railway point, Emily Township, Victoria County. Present approved name is **BEST**. Map position: 44°18' 78°26'. References: V.

BESTEL, dispersed rural community, Haultain Township, Timiskaming District. Located 5 miles northeast of Gowganda and 29 miles from Elk Lake. Post office established as **BESTEL** on July 1st, 1924. First Postmaster Murray D. Kennedy. Office name changed to **O'BRIEN**, February 1st, 1932. Office closed September 30th, 1970.

Present approved name is **O'BRIEN**. Population 231 in 1956 and 65 in 1972. Map position: 47°41' 80°44'. References: SS, 6T, O, 5E, V and 22-6.

BESTS, SEE: LAKEVALE, Peterborough County.

BESTS STATION, SEE: LAKEVALE, Peterborough County.

BEST TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Surveyed in 1871. Named for Dr. Charles Herbert Best, associate of Sir Frederick Grant Banting, (the Canadian physician, who isolated insulin as a treatment for diabetes in 1923). Map position: 47°11' 79°45'. References: V and 7R.

BETHANY #1, dispersed rural community, North Fredericksburgh Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 3 km southeast of Deseronto, 7 km north of Gosport and 10 km southwest of Napanee. Present approved name is **BETHANY**. Map position: 44°11' 77°01'. References: V and 5L.

BETHANY #2, concentrated rural community, Newcastle District, Canada West, later in Manvers Township, Victoria County. Located 35 miles northwest of Cobourg, 31 miles northwest of Port Hope and 6 miles west of Millbrook. Post office opened as BETHANY, on September 1859. First Postmaster F. Bleakly. Office still in operation in 1983. BETHANY STATION on Grand Trunk Railway, later CPR. Named from the Bible by Mr. McAllister. Present approved name is **BETHANY**. Population 600 in 1893 and 314 in 1976. Map position: 44°11' 78°34'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, MM, 3B, U10, 3X, V, 5L and 7R.

BETHANY JUNCTION, railway point, Cavan Township, Victoria County, later Durham County. The Junction was renamed **DRANOEL** (Leonard spelled backwards), by the CPR in 1920. Present approved name is **DRANOEL**. Map position: 44°10' 78°32'. References: 2Y, V and 8E.

BETHEL #1, dispersed rural community, Humberstone Township, Welland County. Now Part of City of Port Colborne, within Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is BETHEL. Population 64 in 1961 and 49 in 1966. Map position: 42°56' 79°12'. References: B, 3B, 5A, V and 6S.

BETHEL #2, dispersed rural community, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 7 miles north of Picton, 4 km south of Demorestville, 6 km west of Elmbark and 9 km north of Bloomfield. Post office opened as BETHEL in 1886. First Postmaster R. H. Robinson. Office closed December 23rd, 1912. Present approved name is **BETHEL**. Population 40 in 1908 and 60 in 1951. Map position: 44°07' 77°08'. References: I, U10, PP, 3B, V, 5L, 6F and 5S.

BETHEL #3, dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 2 km southwest of Augusta, 5 km east of Maitland and 6 km north of Brockville. Population 25 in 1976. Present approved name is BETHEL. Map position: 44°39' 75°41'. References: B, 3B, V and 5L.

BETHEL #4, dispersed rural community, Fullarton Township, Perth County. Located 13 miles northwest of Stratford and 4 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Mitchell Station . Post office opened as MUNRO in 1889. First Postmaster William Munro for whom place was named. Office closed May 1st, 1954. Place name became MUNRO in 1887. Present approved name is MUNRO. Population 25 in 1892, 12 in 1908 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 43°25' 81°15'. References: B, 7D, I, S, AA, PP, MM, 6T and V.

BETHEL CORNERS, SEE: BARKER'S SETTLEMENT, Ontario County.

BETHEL GROVE, hamlet, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Located 6 miles from Port Hope and midway between Rice Lake and Lake Ontario. Post office established as BETHEL GROVE on July 1st, 1901. First Postmaster William Lauder. Office closed February 1st, 1914. No recent mention of this place. References: PP, 6T and 7N.

BETHESDA #1, dispersed rural community, Whitchurch Township, York County, later in Town of Whitchurch-

Stouffville, within Regional Municipality of York. Located 25 miles north of Toronto and 6 miles northeast of Stouffville. Post office established as BETHESDA on April 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Hezekiah Pretty. Office closed February 28th, 1929. Named for a church noted in the Scriptures. Name misspelled as BATHESDA. Present approved name is BETHESDA. Map position: 43°58' 79°21'. References: S, MM, V, 3B, 5Y, 6T, 6S and 7D.

BETHESDA #2, dispersed rural community, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 5 km west of Roblin Mills, 6 km south of Solmesville and 9 km east of Big Island. Present approved name is BETHESDA. Population 16 in 1976. Map position: 44°07' 77°08'. References: V and 5L.

BETHESDA #3, dispersed rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 km north of Cookstown, 6 km southeast of Thornton and 7 km southwest of Churchill. Present approved name is BETHESDA. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 79°41'. References: 5L and V.

BETHLEHEM, hamlet, Mornington Township, Perth County. Located on Smith Creek, 24 miles northeast of Stratford, on the Guelph and Goderich line of the CPR, and 7 miles northeast of Millbank. Post office established as HESSON in 1883. First Postmaster William F. Mack. Office closed August 14th, 1914. BETHLEHEM STATION name changed to HESSON ROAD STATION in 1936. Present approved name is HESSON. Population 50 in 1893 and 108 in 1976. Map position: 43°38' 80°48'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, U10, SS, V, 6T and 5P.

BETHNAL, railway point, Carter Township, Sudbury District. Located 34 miles from Coyne and 53 miles from Foleyet. Post office established as BETHNAL September 1st, 1920. First Postmaster J. T. Greer. Office closed November 15th, 1926. Station on both CPR and CNR. Station name changed to BETHNAL SPRINGS, (on CNR,) in November 1931. Present approved name is BETHNAL. Map position: 47°47' 81°49'. References: LL, SS, V and 6T.

BETHNAL SPRINGS, SEE: BETHNAL, Sudbury District.

BETHUNE BUSH, dispersed rural community, Winchester Township, Dundas County. Located 2 km northwest of Dunbar, 5 km northeast of Winchester Springs and 9 km south of Chesterville. Present approved name is BETHUNE BUSH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°04' 75°15'. References: V and 5L.

BETHUNE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Area of 45,238 acres. Surveyed 1877. Named for James Bethune, M.P.P. for Stormont, 1872. Map position: 45°34' 79°07' References: 1M, 7R and V.

BEULAH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed 1910. Named for promised land of Beulah, in Pilgrim's Progress. Present approved name is BEULAH TOWNSHIP. Map position: 47°17' 81°25'. References: 7R and V.

BEVAN HEIGHTS, suburban community, Niagara Township, Lincoln County. Population 38 in 1961 and 70 in 1966. References: 5A.

BEVERIDGE'S BAY, hamlet, Johnstown District, Canada West, later North Elmsley Township, Lanark County. Located 2 miles from mouth of River Tay and 7 miles from Town of Perth. Post office opened as BEVERIDGES BAY in 1885. First Postmaster A. Dudgeon. Office closed September 1st, 1886. Present approved name is BEVERIDGE LOCKS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°52' 76°07'. References: I, 3R, 5P, 5L, V, and B.

BEVERIDGE LOCKS, SEE: BEVERIDGE'S BAY, Lanark County.

BEVERLEY, SEE: STEVENSON, Leeds County.

BEVERLEY ACRES, urban community, York Township, York County. Located 3 km from Richmond Hill. Post office established as BEVERLEY ACRES on December 12th, 1956. First Postmaster F. J. Elphinstone. Status changed to Sub-post office of Richmond Hill, on November 4th, 1957. Now Part of Town of Richmond Hill, in Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is BEVERLEY ACRES. Map position: 43°53' 79°25'. References: U, V and 6T.

**BEVERLEY HILLS #1**, dispersed rural community, North Gwillimbury Township, later Georgina Township, York County, subsequently within the Regional Municipality of York, when amalgamated on January 1st, 1971. Located 10 miles north of Newmarket, at the foot of Cook's Bay. Present approved name is **BEVERLEY HILLS**. Population 111 in 1956 and 172 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 79°29'. References: 3G, 3B, 5E, V, 7R and 5L.

**BEVERLEY HILLS #2**, urban community, York Township, York County, later Part of Borough of North York, in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto, now City of North York. Located 3 km northwest of Downsview, 13 km from Toronto. Post office established as **BEVERLEY HILLS** on March 12th, 1951. First Postmaster Irving Bain. Office status changed to sub-post office #1, of Downsview on April 18th, 1955. Present approved name is **BEVERLEY HILLS**. Population 111 in 1978. Map position: 43°43' 79°31'. References: V, 6S, U and 6T.

**BEVERLEY ISLES**, hamlet, Gwillimbury North Township, later Georgina Township, York County, now within Regional Municipality of York. Located 4 km southwest of Jersey, 5 km north of Queensville and 12 km northeast of Bradford. Present approved name is **BEVERLEY ISLES**. Population 79 in 1961 and 165in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 79°28'. References: 3B, 5A, V+, 6M and 5L.

**BEVERLEY TOWNSHIP**, Gore District, Halton County (1850) later Wentworth County (1853). Incorporated January 1st, 1850, Canada Statutes 1849 c81, dissolved Ontario Statutes 1973-c74, and annexed by Township of Flamborough effective date January 1st, 1974. Formed in 1798, and the name is a combination of Beaver and Lea, literally, a 'beaver meadow'. Name spelling changed to **BEVERLY TOWNSHIP** in 1850 . Had an area of 70,260 acres. Population 617 in 1824 and 5,629 in 1852. Map position: 43°18' 80°09'. References: 3H, M, 2I, 3E, 2W and V.

**BEVERLY**, SEE: FORT GWILLIMBURY, York County.

**BEVIN LAKE**, railway point, located 32 km from Sudbury. Has (1978) express for CNR and CPR, both of which service this station. References: U.

**BEVIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1875. Named for the Right Honourable Ernest Bevin, Cabinet Minister in British Parliament (World War 2). Map position: 46°14' 81°07'. References: 7R and V.

**BEWDLEY**, hamlet, Newcastle District, Canada West, later in Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Located 15 miles northwest of Cobourg, 4 miles from Garden Hill, on Highway #28 and 20 miles south of Peterborough. Post office opened as **BEWDLEY** on January 1st, 1857. First Postmaster John Sidey. Office still in operation in 1983. Became a Police Village in April 1948, by County Bylaw. Ontario Municipal Board notice on July 21st, 1976, resulted in Dissolution Hearing, October 7th, 1976. OMB Order, October 7th, 1976, #M7670, Effective date, November 10th, 1976. First settler Nelly Grant, a United Empire Loyalist widow, in 1800. Place named by William Banks, for his native town in England. Present approved name is **BEWDLEY**. Map position: 44°05' 78°19'. References: I, T, 4, 2Y, 3M, 5L, 7R, 9L and 7D.

**BEXLEY**, SEE: PEEL SETTLEMENT, Victoria County.

**BEXLEY TOWNSHIP**, Colborne District, later in Victoria County . Surveyed in 1830s. Incorporated January 1st, 1861, by County Bylaw #161, passed June 29th, 1860. First settler Admiral Van Sittart in 1834. Named for Baron Bexley, the Right Honourable Nicholas Vansittart. Had an area of 26,600 acres. Population 98 in 1852 and 794 in 1980. Map position: 44°38' 78°53'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, 7R, 2L and V.

**BICKFORD**, SEE: WATSON, Lambton County.

**BICKLE**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named for J. P. Bickle, President of McIntyre Gold Mines. Map position: 49°53' 86°37'. References: V and 7R.

**BICKNELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1907. Named for the Bicknell family of Toronto. Map position: 50°02' 85°13'. References: V.

**BICROFT IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT**, in the Provisional County of Haliburton, now County of Haliburton. By Ontario

Municipal Board Order M-6766 dated December 24th, 1957, Part of the Township of Cardiff Incorporated as **IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BICROFT**, effective January 1st, 1958. As follows: (1) Township of Cardiff was dissolved by OMB Order M 4498, dated June 7th, 1956 and area was declared to be **CARDIFF IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT** effective June 11th, 1956;
(2) By OMB Order M6767 dated Dec. 10th, 1957. Improvement District of Cardiff erected into **TOWNSHIP OF CARDIFF** effective Midnight December 31st, 1957;
(3) Then Part of the Township of Cardiff Incorporated as Improvement District of Bicroft while the remainder continues as the Corporation of the Township of Cardiff effective January 1st, 1958.
Improvement District of Bicroft, Haliburton County gained Township status December 1st, 1982. Previous boundries were retained. Population 671 in 1980 and 663 in 1982. Map position: 44°58' 78°03'. References: HH, V, 9M and M.

**BICROFT MINES**, railway point on CNR, (1978) in Hastings County. Located 8 km from Bancroft. References: U.

**BIDDOLPH**, post office, Lennox and Addington County. Post office closed March 18th, 1914, according to Official Post Office listing. Examination of listings for 1913, 1914 and 1915 show no reference to this office. References: 6T and 9F.

**BIDDULPH**, settlement, London District, Canada West, on border of McGillivray and Biddulph Townships, now Biddulph Township, Middlesex County. Located 3 miles from Mooresville, 23 miles from London and 36 miles from Goderich. Post office opened June 1st, 1854 as **BIDDULPH**. First Postmaster John Cooney. Office name changed to **ADARE** in 1857, and at times shown as **ADAIR**. Office closed 1888. Population 50 in 1857 and 200 in 1899. No recent references to place or office. References: C, HH, M, 2W and 1K.

**BIDDULPH TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Huron County, later (1862) Middlesex County. Surveyed in 1830. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, Canada Statutes 1849, C81. First settlers, James and Adam Hodgins. Population 2,081 in 1852 and 3,000 in 1878. Had an area of 39,000 acres in 1878. Map position: 43°13' and 81°23'. References: C, HH, 7R, M, 2W and 1K.

**BIDWELL**, dispersed rural community, Bidwell Township, Manitoulin District. Located on Manitou Lake, 2 km southeast of Bass Lake and 17 km northwest of Manitowaning. Present approved name is **BIDWELL**. Map position: 45°48' 81°59. References: B, V and 5L.

**BIDWELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Manitoulin District. Surveyed in 1864. Named for Speaker of the House of Commons, the Honourable Marshall Spring Bidwell. Map position: 45°49' 82°02'. References: V and 7R.

**BIEMAN'S CORNERS**, SEE: **BEIMAN'S CORNERS**, Grey County.

**BIEMANSVILLE**, SEE: **BEIMAN'S CORNERS**, Grey County.

**BIG BAY #1**, hamlet, Keppel Township, Grey County. Located 20 miles north of Owen Sound, 13 miles northeast of Wiarton and 7 km northeast of Lake Charles. Post office established as **NORTH KEPPEL** on July 1st, 1863. First Postmaster David Dewar. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is **BIG BAY**. Population 120 in 1875 and 25 in 1976. Map position: 44°47' 80°57'. References: 5L, B, A, S, 3B, 3N and V.

**BIG BAY #2**, SEE: **WINDSOR BAY**, Ontario County.

**BIG BAY POINT**, SEE: **POINT ENDEAVOUR**, Simcoe County.

**BIG BEAVER HOUSE**, SEE: **BEAVER HOUSE**, Kenora District.

**BIG CEDAR POINT**, concentrated rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Nantyre and 2 miles from Bell Ewart. Post office established as **BIG CEDAR POINT** on July 1st, 1913. First Postmaster John Houston. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BIG CEDAR POINT**. Population 5 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 79°32'. References: V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

BIG CHUTE, dispersed rural community, Georgian Bay Township, Muskoka District. Now within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on Severn River, 10 km north of Port Severn, 16 km southwest of Bala A marine railway was built here in 1920 as part of the Trent Canal System. Present approved name is BIG CHUTE. Map position: 44°53' 79°41'. References: B, V, 5L and 7R.

BIG COW, SEE: NOTAWASAGA BAY, Simcoe County.

BIG CREEK, settlement. Talbot District, Canada West, later in Walsingham Township, Norfolk County. The nearest Post office in 1835 was Vittoria and later Port Rowan, in 1848. It is not clear whether this place became part of the early Port Royal settlement on Big Creek. The place name is not in use after 1877. References: C, 3H, 5L and B.

BIGELOW, dispersed rural community, Lorrain Township, Timiskaming District. Located 5 miles from Paradis Bay, 4 km north of Lorrain Valley and 16 miles from Haileybury. Post office established as BIGELOW on December 3rd, 1917. First Postmistress Miss Susie Bigelow, for whom office is named. On September 18th, 1922 Post office name changed to LORRAIN VALLEY. Office closed October 31st, 1944. Granddaughter of first postmistress confirms that they had to paddle the five miles to Paradis for mail before the Bigelow office opened. Present approved name is BIGELOW. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°18' 79°31'. References: V, 6T, LL, 5L and Sheila Willis.

BIGELOW TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1857. Named for a Toronto lawyer, Gordon Bigelow. Map position: 46°30' 81°53'. References: V.

BIG FALLS, post office, Freeborn Township, Rainy River District. Located 23 miles south of Flanders, 20 miles west of Kawene and 6 miles south of Atikokan, latter of which is served by stage in winter and boat in summer (1926) . Post Office established as BIG FALLS March 1st, 1926. First Postmaster Frank Schieder. Office closed June 30th, 1927. No recent note of this office. References: 2P and 6T.

BIG FORK, dispersed rural community, first shown in Algoma District, later Woodyatt Township, Rainy River District. Located 140 miles southeast of Kenora and 160 miles east of Rat Portage. Post office opened as BIG FORK in 1883 (originally listed as opening in Keewatin, then Ontario boundaries changed). First Postmaster, R. M. Park. Office closed October 31st, 1936. Present approved name is BIG FORK. population 20 in 1895 and 50 in 1933. Map position: 48°31' 93°40'. References: I, S, Z, LL, V, 6T, 5L and 5S.

BIGGAR TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Nipissing District. Surveyed in 1882. Named for James Lyons Biggar, father of Henry Percival Biggar, Historian. Map position: 45°52' 78°55'. References: V and 7R.

BIG GRASSY RIVER #35, Indian Reserve, in the District of Rainy River. Located on the eastern part of Lake of the Woods. Reserve belongs to Big Grassy Band #35. Ojibway is the language spoken on the Reserve. Population 263 in 1978. Map position: 49°04' 94°19' References: R3.

BIG GRASSY RIVER INDIAN RESERVE #35G, Grassy River, Rainy River District. Population 182 in 1976. Map position: 49°03' 94°20'. References: V and 5L.

BIGGS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Named for the Honourable Frank C. Biggs, Minister of Highways, 1920. Map position: 47°58' 82°40'. References: 7R and V.

BIG HOOK, farming settlement, Algoma District, later shown in Rainy River District. Located on Rainy River and 6 1/2 miles from Devlin Crossing on CNR. Population 100 in 1908. No recent mention of this place. References: PP.

BIG ISLAND #1, settlement, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located on Big Island, in the Bay of Quinte and 13 miles north of Picton. The island is 5 miles long and has an area of 4,938 acres. Samuel Peck and Samuel Shaw were the first settlers. Post office opened as BIG ISLAND in 1892. First Postmaster George P.

Cole. Office closed November 1911. The place name is not approved. Population 190 in 1951 and 226 in 1976. Map position: 44°07' 77°14'. References: I, Z, S, 3B, 3H, 6T, 1F and 5L.

BIG ISLAND #2, Indian Reserve, in the District of Kenora. This reserve, #31D, belongs to the Big Island Band, and at present (1978), is not inhabited. Map position: 49°07' 94°38'. References: V and 5L.

BIG ISLAND #3, Indian Reserve in the District of Kenora. This reserve, #31E, belongs to the Big Island Band, and at present (1978), is not inhabited. Map position: 49°07' 94°37'. References: V and 5L.

BIG ISLAND #4, Indian Reserve, in the District of Kenora. This reserve, #31F, belongs to the Big Island Band, and at present (1978), is not inhabited. Map position: 49°10' 94°39'. References: V and 5L.

BIG ISLAND #5, Indian Reserve, in the District of Kenora. Located at Northwest Point on Big Island. This reserve, #37, belongs to the Big Island Band, and at present (1978), is not inhabited. Map position: 49°10' 94°46'. References: V and 5L.

BIG ISLAND MAINLAND RESERVE #93, Indian Reserve, in District of Rainy River. Population 185. Ojibway is the language spoken. Map position: 49°05' 94°20'. References: V and 5L.

BIG LAKE #1, dispersed rural community, Sandfield Township, Manitoulin District. Located 21 miles west of Manitowaning and 30 miles southeast of Gore Bay. Post office opened as BIG LAKE in 1881. First Postmaster W. J. Burrows. Office closed 1969. Present approved name is BIG LAKE. Population 1,000 in 1885 and 17 in 1972. Map position: 45°45' 82°03'. References: B, Z, I, O, 3R, 5L, V, 5V and 7R.

BIG LAKE #2, dispersed rural community, located at the junction of Attawapiskat and Missica Rivers, in Kenora District. Located 162 km northeast of Webequie and 176 km southwest of Ogoki. Present approved name is BIG LAKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 53°03' 84°54'. References: V and 5L.

BIG OTTER CREEK, London District, Canada West, later Bayham Township, Elgin County. Located 20 miles from Ingersoll, 11 miles from Port Burwell and 20 miles from St. Thomas. Post office opened as BAYHAM in 1829. Named for the township. First Postmaster Josuha Defield. Office closed by 1971. First settler Caleb Cook in 1816. Place name changed to RICHMOND, also known as RICHMOND VILLAGE, then to BAYHAM. Present approved name is BAYHAM. Population 250 in 1851 and 132 in 1972. Map position: 42°46' 80°51'. References: C, G, 9F, A, EE, VV, I, PP, O, 5U and 7X.

BIG POINT, settlement, East Dover Township, Kent County. Located 10 miles west of Chatham and 6 km southeast of Mitchell Bay. Post office opened as BIG POINT in 1883. First Postmaster Joseph Cheff. Office closed on June 1st, 1916. New Post office opened as GRANDE POINTE on July 1st, 1964. First Postmaster of this office Joseph Wilfred Benoit. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name changed to DUBUQUE, for local resident who owned the hotel and grocery shop, in 1903, and again to GRANDE POINT in July 1964. Present approved name is GRANDE POINTE. Population 100 in 1895 and 73 in 1976. Map position: 42°26' 82°22'. References: I, S, Z, 3R, SS, V, 6T, 5P, 6S, 3B and 7D.

BIG RIVER, hamlet, Lindsay Township, Bruce County. Located 26 miles northwest of Wiarton, 75 miles north of Walkerton and 26 miles from Lion's Head. Post office established as STOKES BAY in 1879. First Postmaster John Gibson. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is STOKES BAY. Population 10 in 1893 and 123 in 1976. Map position: 45°00' 81°22'. References: I, T, S, AA, MM, 3B, U10, 5V and 9J.

BIGSBY, station, Rainy River District. Located at mile 1734, east of Tache (1903) and Raleigh stations and 21 miles west of Ignace (1908). BIGSBY STATION served by CPR. Population not shown. No recent references to this station. References: PP, 8G, 8K and LL.

BIG SPRINGS, dispersed rural community, Rawdon Township, Hastings County. Station, named CENTRAL ONTARIO JUNCTION located at the crossing of the CPR and Central Ontario Railway, 27 miles north of Belleville and 2 miles from Springbrook. Place name changed to BELLVIEW November 1st, 1900 for hotel owner John Bell and to

**BONARLAW** on November 1st, 1920 for the Canadian born Prime Minister of Great Britain Andrew Bonar Law. The name **COPAC STATION** was used for a short period of time in 1917. Post office opened as **BIG SPRINGS** in 1883. First Postmaster Jessie Neil. Office closed by 1971. Present approved name is **BONARLAW**. Population 20 in 1893 and 29 in 1972. Map position: 44°26' 77°37'. References: I, Z, FP, SS, 7M, 5P, S, 6T, U10, O, V, 5L, 7R and 7D.

**BIG TROUT LAKE,** SEE: TROUT LAKE #3, Kenora District.

**BIG TROUT LAKE INDIAN RESERVE #84,** in Kenora District. Located 442 km northeast of Sioux Lookout. Reserve belongs to Big Trout Lake Band under Grand Council Treaty #9. Three languages are spoken, including, Cree, Ojibway and Saulteaux. Population 632 in 1970. Present approved name is **BIG TROUT LAKE**. Map position: 53°50' 90°00' References: V, R3 and 5L.

**BIG TROUT LAKE INDIAN RESERVE,** in Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 20 km southwest of Angling Lake, 74 km east of Bearskin Lake and 92 km west of Kasabonika. Population 821 in 1976. Map position: 53°49' 89°50'. References: 5L.

**BIGWIN,** SEE: BIGWIN ISLAND, Muskoka District.

**BIGWIN ISLAND,** dispersed rural community, Lake of Bays Township, Muskoka District, now within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 2 miles from Port Cunnington and 20 miles from Huntsville. Summer post office established as **BIGWIN ISLAND**, on May 1st, 1920. First Postmaster John W. McKee. Post office name changed to **BIGWIN** February 9th, 1950. Office closed August 1967. Place named for Chief John Bigwin who had a trading post here in 1870. Place name changed to **BIGWIN** March 1950. Present approved name is **BIGWIN**. Map position: 45°15' 79°02'. References: 1L, SS, 6T, B, SS, V, 5L, 7R and 6S.

**BIGWOOD,** SEE: BOBS, Sudbury District.

**BIGWOOD TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1882. Named for a local lumberman W. E. Bigwood. Map position: 46°03' 80°37'. References:7R and V.

**BILLINGS,** dispersed rural community, Billings Township, Manitoulin District. Located 1 km north of Bowsers Corners, 5 km northwest of West Bay and 8 km southeast of Kagawong. Present approved name is BILLINGS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°51' 82°13'. References: V and 5L.

**BILLINGS BRIDGE,** SEE: FARMER'S BRIDGE, Carleton County.

**BILLINGS TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Surveyed in 1864. named for Elkanah Billings, Paleontologist of Geographic Survey of Canada, 1856. Incorporated April 1st, 1884. uieting Order M1460, dated December 18th, 1956. First settled in 1872. Population 361 in 1974 and 384 in 1980. Map position: 45°50' 82°11'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**BILL'S CORNERS,** hamlet, Charlotteville Township, Norfolk County, later shown in Municipal Township of Delhi, now within Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Population 23 in 1961 and 80 in 1971. References: 3B, 5A, 6M and 9G.

**BINBROOK,** SEE: HALL'S CORNERS #1, Wentworth County.

**BINBROOK TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Niagara District, Canada West, later Wentworth County, now in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. The 1799 name was BLOCK Township. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, dissolved Ontario Statutes 1973, C74, and amalgamated with the Township of Glanford as the Township of Glanbrook effective January 1st, 1974. Township was organized in 1792 and named after a village in Lincolnshire, England. First Post office in Township opened at Stoney Creek in 1848. Composed of 28,000 acres in 1852. Population 1,737 in 1852. Map position: 43°08' 79°48'. References: C, 3E, 2W, M and V.

**BINGHAM CHUTE,** hamlet, Himsworth South Township, in District of Parry Sound. Population 41 in 1976. Map

position: 46°05' 79°24'. References: 3P, HH and 9J.

BINGHAM ROAD, SEE: GIFFORD, Haldimand County.

BINGLE, SEE: BUNGLE, Cochrane District.

BINKHAM, dispersed rural community, Erin Township, Wellington County. Located 24 miles northeast of Guelph and 4 miles northwest of Erin. Post office opened as BINKHAM in 1879. First Postmaster William Vansbrough. Office closed by 1913. Named for a place in England by Mrs. George Hurd from Summersetshire, England. Present approved name is BINKHAM. Population 13 in 1893 and 40 in 1895. Map position: 43°49' 80°06'. References: I, S, Z, U10, 3R, V, 5V, 5L and 7D.

BIOTA, railway point, Joynt Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 82 miles northwest of Port Arthur at the head of Lake Superior and east of Savanne Station (1903). BIOTA STATION served by CPR, at mile 1830. Present approved name is BIOTA. Map position: 49°00' 90°23'. References: S, PP, V and 9I.

BIRCH, station, Township 63, now McGowan Township, Algoma District. Date of this reference 1974. Present approved name is BIRCH. Map position: 48°28' 85°03'. References: V.

BIRCHARDTOWN, concentrated rural community, Home District, Canada West, later East Gwillimbury Township, York County. Located 40 miles northeast of Toronto and 12 miles east of Newmarket. Post office opened as NEWLAND on October 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Amos Tool. Office name changed to MOUNT ALBERT in 1864 as did the place name. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Police Village in 1969. Mount Albert Police Village status dissolved by Legislation Bill 102, 1970 effective date January 1st, 1971. Annexed to East Gwillimbury in 1971 and now shown within the Regional Municipality of York. MOUNT ALBERT STATION on the Midland Division of the Grand Trunk Railway and the Midland Railway, in 1895. Present approved name is MOUNT ALBERT. Population 350 in 1878, 700 in 1907, and 665 in 1972. Map position: 44°08' 79°19'. References: I, EE, 2W, 3K, T, P, S, AA, O, 3G, 2J and V.

BIRCH CLIFF, urban community, Scarborough Township, York County. Located 1 1/2 miles from Scarborough Junction, 7 miles from Toronto, at Lot 31, concession A, Scarborough Township. Post office opened as BIRCH CLIFF, in 1906. The post office records for this place were lost in a fire in Ottawa. The confimation for this place exsists soley in a photograph of the store clearly showing "Mitchell's General Store" with a sign below showing "Birchcliffe Post Office". Speaking with the Mitchell family confirms the post office was open before their son was born in 1907. Named by Arthur Mitchell, first Postmaster, for the birch trees which stood on his property. Office status changed to sub-post office of Toronto, April 1st, 1925. Map position: 43°41' 79°16'. References: DD, MM, K3, V, 6T, 8H and Scarborough Historical Society.

BIRCH CLIFF HEIGHTS, Scarborough Township, York County. Located 3/4 of a mile from Birch Cliff, 3/4 of a mile from the Scarborough Bluffs, on lots 30-32, concession D and 5/8 of a mile from Scarborough Junction. Post office established March 10th, 1924. First Postmaster C.S. Wilson. Office closed September 25th, 1926. Name sometime spelled BIRCHCLIFFE HEIGHTS. No recent references to this township. References: 6T, 8H and Scarborough Hist. Soc.

BIRCH HAVEN, urban community, Part of City of North Bay, Nipissing District. Present approved name is BIRCH HAVEN. Map position: 46°19' 79°28'. References: V+, HH and 9I.

BIRCH ISLAND, SEE: OGAMIKAN, Algoma District.

BIRCHMOUNT PARK, urban community, at lots 29-31, concession D, Scarborough Township, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto, then Part of the Borough of Scarborough, and now inCity of Scarborough. Present approved name is BIRCHMOUNT PARK. Map position: 43°43' 79°16'. References: V and 8H.

BIRCH POINT, dispersed rural community, Verulam Township, later in Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Located 12 km southeast of Fenlon Falls, 5 km southwest of Bobcaygeon and 22 km northeast of Lindsay. Present approved

name is BIRCH POINT. Map position: 44°31' 78°36'. References: B, 3B, V and 5L.

BIRCHTON, Suburb of Ottawa in 1879. Name changed to RICHMOND ROAD VILLAGE, for the Richmond Township. Located in Carleton County. References: UU.

BIRCH TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 9 D, Sudbury District.

BIRCHWOOD, urban community, which is Part of the City of Mississauga, within Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is BIRCHWOOD. Map position: 43°31' 79°38'. References: 3C and V.

BIRDELL, dispersed rural community, Proton Township, Grey County. Located 5 miles from Dundalk and 3 miles from Proton Station. Post office established as BIRDELL on March 1st, 1902. First Postmaster Henry Bird, for whom the office is named. Office closed December 23rd, 1912. Present approved name is BIRDELL. Map position: 44°10' 80°00'. References: PP, V, 6T, 7P, 5L and 7D.

BIRDSALLS, dispersed rural community, Asphodel Township, Peterborough County. Located 18 miles east of Peterborough, 1 mile south of Birdsall's Station and 6 miles east of Hastings. Post office opened as BIRDSALLS in 1883. First Postmaster James Bryce. Office closed May 1966. Present approved name is BIRDSALLS. Population 25 in 1895 and 125 in 1908. Map position: 44°17' 78°03'. References: I, T, S, Z, DD, PP, V, 5P, 5L and 6T.

BIRDSALLS STATION, railway point, Asphodel Township, Peterborough County. BIRDSALLS STATION on Midland Railway in 1886 and Grand Trunk Railway in 1907. Present approved name is BIRDSALLS STATION. Map position: 44°16' 78°04'. Reference: V.

BIRDSALL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Named for Provincial Land Surveyor, Richard Birdsall. Map position: 50°55' 81°48'. References: V and 7R.

BIRDS CREEK, concentrated rural community, Herschel Township, Hastings County. Located 120 miles north of Picton, 4 miles from Bancroft and 80 miles north of Belleville. Post office opened as BIRD'S CREEK in 1885. First Postmaster John Murphy. Office closed by 1971. The creek was named by Mr. Bird, Superintendant of Hastings Road Construction; the post office was named for the creek. Present approved name is BIRDS CREEK. Population 13 in 1976. Map position: 45°06' 77°53'. References: I, S, PP, FF, 5S, V, 7D and 5L.

BIRDTOWN, hamlet, Talbot District, Upper Canada, later Woodhouse Township, Norfolk County. Situated on the four corners of Townsend, Windham, Charlotteville and Woodhouse Townships, now in Town of Simcoe, Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located on River Lynn, 3 miles northwest of Port Dover on Grand Trunk and Wabash Railway, 70 miles southwest of Toronto and 17 miles from Port Rowan. In 1829, there were two small villages, the one on the north being called BIRDTOWN and the one on the south being called CULVER. When a post office was suggested for this place, the name suggested by James Kirkpatrick, store-owner in the north section, was WELLINGTON VILLAGE. The south section named Culver suggested the name Simcoe. The name SIMCOE was chosen for the post office because the name Wellington was already in use in a small place near Picton, Ontario, Prince Edward County. Post office named SIMCOE opened 1829. First Postmaster Duncan Campbell. Office still in operation in 1983. Places combined and name changed to SIMCOE, to honour John Graves Simcoe. Indian name for SIMCOE was SHAIN-E-ONG. Name BIRDTOWN was given for William Bird, storekeeper (1794 to 1817), the south half was named for Aaron Culver, mill owner and first settler. In 1817 known as THERESEVILLE. From a land deed. (It is not clear which half , this name applied to.) First settlers John Axford and Arron Culver. Incorporated as Town with Village Powers, January 1st, 1851, by Act 13 & 14, Vic., Cap. 64, on September 27th, 1850. Proclaimed a Town January 7th, 1878. Present approved name is SIMCOE. Population 1,452 in 1852 and 14,149 in 1980. Map position: 42°50' 80°18'. References: B, RR, I, G, M, EE, K, T, S, HH, 3S, 5K, 7A, PP, 1N and 9J.

BIRD TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 26, RANGE 26, Algoma District.

BIRGE MILLS, dispersed rural community, Eramosa Township, Wellington County. Located 2 km east of Speedsode, 10 km southeast of Fergus and 18 km southwest of Erin. Present approved name is BIRGE MILLS. Population 15 in

1976. Map position: 43°40' 80°15'. References: V, 5L and 6S.

BIRKENDALE, dispersed rural community, Franklin Township, Muskoka District, later Lake of Bays Township, Muskoka District and finally as District Municipality of Muskoka. Post office established as BIRKENDALE on May 1st, 1900. First Postmistress Miss J.M. Robson. Office closed September 1st, 1964. Place named for two families who quarreled over whether it should be 'Birk' or 'Dale'. Present approved name is BIRKENDALE. Population 50 in 1926 and 17 in 1972. Map position: 45°17' 78°58'. References: B, 7M, S, MM, O, 5L, 6T, 7R and 7D.

BIRKETT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Named for Member of The Legislative Assembly, the Honourable Thomas Birkett, 1900 to 1904. Map position: 51°04' 92°27'. References: V.

BIRKHALL, SEE: BEAR CREEK #2, Lambton County.

BIRMINGHAM, dispersed rural community, Midland District, Canada West, later in Pittsburg Township, Frontenac County. Located 12 miles fom Kingston and 5 miles from Ballentyne Station. Post office established as BIRMINGHAM on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster James Bermingham (Birmingham). Office named changed to JOYCEVILLE in 1901. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name changed to JOYCEVILLE in 1901, "on account of so many Joyces living here" (Postmaster 1909).Present approved name is JOYCEVILLE. Population 200 in 1857 and 220 in 1908. Map position: 44°22' 76°20'. References: I, T, SS, 7B, 8, Z, V and 7D.

BIRNAM, settlement, Warwick Township, Lambton County. Located 30 miles east of Sarnia, 7 miles north of Watford. Post office opened as BIRNAM on September 1st, 1874. First Postmaster John Thomas. Office closed February 1st, 1915. Post office located on Lot 18, concession 5, north of Egremont Road. Present approved name is BIRNAM. Population 150 in 1895 and 25 in 1933. Map position: 43°03' 81°53'. References: I, T, 2Z, Z, 1H, LL, 5V and 6S.

BIRNHAVEN, urban community, Scarborough Township, York County. Located 2 1/2 miles northwest of Cliffcrest and 1 1/2 miles west of Scarborough. Post office established as BIRNHAVEN on July 16th, 1951. First Postmaster Eric A. Birnie. Status changed to that of a sub-post office of Scarborough on September 22nd, 1958. Present approved name is BIRNHAVEN. Map position: 43°45' 79°14'. References: V, 6T and 6S.

BIRR, dispersed rural community, London District, Canada West, later London Township, Middlesex County. Located 8 miles from London and 7 miles southeast of Lucan. Post office established as BIRR in 1857. First Postmaster Charles Minchin. Office closed January 1919. Place was named for the earliest settler, John Griffin's, hometown in Ireland. Present approved name is BIRR. Population 200 in 1895 and 100 in 1976. Map position: 43°07' 81°20'. References: I, Z, V, 7B, 6T, 5L, 7R and V.

BISAILLON, SEE: BISSILLON, Nipissing District.

BISBY'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, McGillivray Township, Middlesex County, formerly London District, Canada West. Located 5 miles north of Ailsa Craig, 24 miles northwest of London and 5 miles west of Clandeboye Station on the Lake Huron and Buffalo Railway. Post office named BRINSLEY opened 1864. First Postmaster William Macklin. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Settled in 1847. Named for James Bisby, merchant. Name changed to BENNETT'S CORNERS for John Bennett, merchant, then changed to MACLIN'S CORNERS, for William Maclin, general merchant. Present approved name is BRINSLEY. Population 400 in 1895 and 24 in 1976. Map position: 43°12' 81°32'. References: 7D, A, I, T, Z, V, 6T, 5L, 7D and 4B.

BISCO, SEE: BISCOTASING, Sudbury District.

BISCO STATION, SEE: BISCOTASING, Sudbury District.

BISCOTASING, dispersed rural community, Margaret Township, Sudbury District. Located 90 miles from Sudbury and 179 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie. BISCO STATION served by CPR and railroad name sometimes just shown as BISCO, is located between the stations of Ramsay and Metagama on the track. Post office opened as BISCOTASING

in 1885. First Postmaster W. C. Simpson. Office still in operation in 1983. Place settled as railway town in 1880. In 1913 a forest fire swept the place and it had to be rebuilt from scratch. Present approved name is **BISCOTASING**. Population 150 in 1895 and 45 in 1976. Map position: 47°17' 82°06'. References: I, S, Z, MM, V, 6Z, 5P, 5L and 7R.

**BISCOTASI TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1921. Named for large Indian-named Lake Biscotasi. Map position: 47°22' 82°01'. References: 7R and V.

**BISHOP CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Barrie Township, Frontenac County and Anglesea Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 5 km southeast of Cloyne, 6 km northwest of Northbrook and 6 km southwest of Myers Cave. First settler in 1826 Francis Beausoliel, also a tavern keeper. Present approved name is BISHOP CORNERS. Map position: 44°47' 77°10'. References: B, V, 7R and 5L.

**BISHOP CREEK**, post office, Renfrew County. Office open 1881. There is no further record of the office. References: I.

**BISHOPGATE**, SEE: BISHOP'S GATE, Brant County.

**BISHOP'S GATE**, dispersed rural community, Burford Township, later Brantford Township, Brant County. Located 1 mile from Burford and 7 miles from Brantford. Present approved name is **BISHOPGATE**. Population 50 in 1893 and 99 in 1976. Map position: 43°06' 80°25'. References: B, PP, 3B, U10, V and 5L.

**BISHOP'S MILLS**, concentrated rural community, Oxford Township, now Oxford-on-Rideau Township, Grenville County, originally in Johnstown District, Canada West. Located 25 miles northeast of Brockville, 7 miles southwest of Oxford Station and 15 miles north of Prescott. Post office opened as **BISHOP'S MILLS** on January 6th, 1853. First Postmaster H. A. Bishop. Office closed by 1972. Mills built by Ira and Chauncey Bishop on Kemptville Creek. First settler was N. McCallister, a tanner, in 1840. Present approved name is **BISHOP MILLS**. Population 150 in 1893 and 97 in 1976. Map position: 44°52' 75°42'. References: I, Z, 3B, 2W, 3K, V, 7D, 7R and 5L.

**BISHOP TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Established in 1884. Named for William H. Bishop, Member of the Legislative Assebly. Map position: 45°48' 78°42'. References: V and 7R.

**BISLEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District, later Cochrane District. Township venue changed by Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974. Surveyed in 1907. Named for Bisley, England. Map position: 48°20' 79°57'. References: V and 10E.

**BISMARCK #1**, Village, Aldborough Township, Elgin County. Located 25 miles west of St. Thomas and 7 miles west of Dutton Station. Post office opened as **WEST LORNE** in 1873. First Postmaster Duncan McKillop. Post office name changed to **WEST CLAYTON**, **DUTTON** and **LORNE** and finally reverted to the original name **WEST LORNE**, all these changes taking place in 1873. Office still in operation in 1983. Settled in 1872 and early maps show it as **BISMARCK-LORNE**. Village named **WEST LORNE** in 1903 for one of the titles of the Duke of Argyle. **WEST LORNE** Incorporated as Village on December 21st, 1907. The station, now **WEST LORNE STATION** was known as **BISMARCK STATION** on Michigan Central Railway and Pere Marquette Railway was at one time known as **DUTTON STATION** (Do not confuse with Dutton Station, 7 miles distant, which later dropped the word 'station' and became Dutton). Present approved name is **WEST LORNE**. Population 800 in 1886 and 1,171 in 1976. Map position: 42°36' 81°36'. References: A, I, VV, M, T, S, U, 5K, 9J, 4L, 7B and SS.

**BISMARCK #2**, dispersed rural community, Gainsborough Township, Lincoln County (1895), later shown in Monck Electoral District, now in West Lincoln Township, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara, (January 1st, 1970). Located 10 miles south of Beamsville, 12 miles north of Dunnville and 3 miles from St. Ann's. Post office established as **BISMARK** on March 1st, 1872. First Postmaster Christian Trumm. Office closed January 8th, 1931. Present approved name is **BISMARCK**. Population 60 in 1892 and 64 in 1976. Map position: 43°03' 79°30'. References: AA, 5P, V, 7B, 5X, 6T, 5L and 7R.

**BISSETT**, post office, Maria Township Renfrew County. Located 60 miles northwest of Pembroke, 30 miles east of

Mattawa and on CPR mainline at mile 2622. Post office opened as **BISSETT CREEK** in 1883. First Postmaster X.W. Bernier. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name changed to **BISSETT CREEK**, for "Old Bissett", an early pioneer. Present approved name is **BISSETT CREEK**. Population 200 in 1886 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 46°13' 78°04'. References: 8V, I, T, Z, L1, V, 5P, 5L and 7R.

BISSETT CREEK, SEE: BISSETT, Renfrew County.

BISSILLION, settlement, Blezard Township, Sudbury District. Located 2 miles east of Blezard Valley, 5 miles south of Hanmer and 11 km from Sudbury. Post office established as VAL CARON on November 29th, 1944. First Postmaster Clarence Bissillon. Office still in operation in 1983. The Post Office Department turned down the the first suggested name BISSILLON giving as a reason that it was "too hard to spell", although the name was the first Postmaster's name and his request conformed with the rightful precedent of Postmasters, to self-name their office. The post office decided the office name would be VAL CARON, to honour the first missionary in the district who was Rev, Father Hormisdas Caron. Present approved name is VAL CARON. Population 153 in 1951 and 4,036 in 1971. (1976 population included in Town of Valley East, in Regional Municipality of Sudbury.) Map position: 46°37' 81°01'. References: U, 3B, 5A, 6T, 9I and 7D.

BLACK, flag stop, Township 83, Thunder Bay District. Located 135 1/2 miles east of Port Arthur, on Highway #17, 9 miles east of Schreiber and 11 6/10 miles west of Jackfish. Post office opened as TERRACE BAY on February 1st, 1947. First Postmaster William C. Cavanaugh. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as an Improvement District September 1st, 1947 and as a Township July 1st, 1959 by Ontario Municipal Board Order M8058-58 dated March 31st, 1959. BLACK STATION later TERRACE BAY STATION, on CPR mainline. This place has one of the world's largest paper mills. Name changed to TERRACE CREEK and then TERRACE BAY in September 1946. Present approved name is **TERRACE BAY**. Population 1,114 in 1951 and 2,239 in 1980. Map position: 48°46' 87°10'. References: L1, SS, V, R1, M, HH, 2U, 3B, SS and 6T.

BLACK BANK, SEE: BRITANNIA #4, Dufferin County.

BLACK BAY, SEE: CHARTRANDS, Renfrew County.

BLACK BRIDGE, SEE: MUSKOKAVILLE, Muskoka District.

BLACKBURN, SEE: DAGGVILLE, Carleton County.

BLACKBURN HAMLET, SEE: DAGG'S SETTLEMENT, Carleton County.

BLACKBURN STATION, station, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. Station on the mainline of the CPR at mile 2801. Located 8 miles east of Ottawa in Carleton County and 4 miles south of Blackburn in 1915. References: S, L1 and 8K.

BLACKBURN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 22, RANGE 19, Sudbury District.

BLACK CORNERS #1, dispersed rural community, Beckwith Township, Lanark County. Located on CPR and 5 km southeast of Carleton Place, 10 km west of Prospect and 8 km northwest of Franktown. Named for early settler John Black and also spelled as BLACK'S CORNERS. Present approved name is BLACKS CORNERS. Population 60 in 1908 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 45°06' 76°06'. References: DD, V, MM, PP, 7U and 5L.

BLACK CORNERS #2, Flamborough East, later Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, now in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Population 87 in 1966 and 59 in 1971. Reference: 6M.

BLACK CREEK #1, SEE: CARDWELL #2, Prince Edward County.

BLACK CREEK #2, SEE: NIAGARA RIVER #1, Welland County.

BLACK CREEK #3, hamlet, Canada West, later Downie Township, now shown in Ellice Township, Perth County. Located

4 miles northwest of Stratford and 92 miles from Toronto. Post office opened as **SEBRINGVILLE**, on September 6th, 1852. First Postmaster P.A. Sebring, built the first saw mill. Office still in operation in 1983. **SEBRINGVILLE STATION** on the Buffalo and Goderich line of the Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **SEBRINGVILLE**. Population 100 in 1893 and 549 in 1976. Map position: 43°24' 81°04'. References: EE, U10, 1W, I, G, U, AA, [illegible], 9I, 7A and PP.

**BLACK CREEK #4,** SEE: **LITTLE GERMANY #1**, Waterloo County.

**BLACK CREEK #5,** settlement, Taylor Township, Cochrane District. Located 3 miles east of Homer Siding and 6 miles southeast of Val Gagne. Post office opened as **BLACK CREEK**, on July 25th, 1927. First Postmaster Wilbrod Lessard. Office closed July 31st, 1933. Present approved name is **BLACK CREEK**. Map position: 48°37' 80°33'. References: V and 6T.

**BLACK CREEK #6,** SEE: **BLACK CREEK SETTLEMENT**, Lambton County.

**BLACK CREEK #7,** hamlet, Marysburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 5 km southwest of Waupoos, 6 km northeast of Milford and 9 km southwest of Picton. Present approved name is **BLACK CREEK**. Population 120 in 1976. Map position: 43°58' 77°02'. References: 5L.

**BLACK CREEK SETTLEMENT**, settlement, Enniskillen Township, Lambton County. Located 21 miles southeast of Sarnia, 9 miles south of Petrolea (1872) and 160 miles west of Toronto. Post office established as **OIL SPRINGS** April 1st, 1859. First Postmaster John Bartley. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Village on December 16th, 1864. The first North American commercial oil well was established here by James M. Williams in 1857; the first flowing well was opened in 1861 by John Shaw. Present approved name is **OIL SPRINGS**. Population 500 in 1886 and 633 in 1979. Map position: 42°47' 82°07'. References: IH, 2Y, I, M, 2U, 2Z, 3X, 6D, 7V and V.

**BLACK CREEK VILLAGE**, post office, York Township, York County. Summer post office established August 1st, 1966 and made a full post office in December of 1966. Postmaster duties are carried on by the staff of this Historic village. Office still in operation in 1983. Located in Metropolitan Toronto area, formerly Part of Borough of North York, now within City of North York. Present approved name is **BLACK CREEK VILLAGE**. Map position: 43°46' 79°30'. References: F, U, V, 6T and 9J.

**BLACKDALE SURVEY**, suburban area, Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, later Part of Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Name is not approved. Population 170 in 1971 and 89 in 1976. Map position: 43°20' 79°55'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

**BLACK DIAMOND MINES**, post office, Renfrew County. This post office notice of closing was circulated terminating the existence of this office on August 31st, 1965. No record of opening discovered. Post office announced further delivery of mail by rural Route delivery via Calabogie R.R.#3. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

**BLACK DONALD**, dispersed rural community, Brougham Township, Renfrew County. Located on east shore of Black Donald Lake, 50 miles southeast of Pembroke. Post office established as **BLACK DONALD** on August 1st, 1896. First Postmaster John Moore. Office closed January 29th, 1944. Mine site flooded in 1967 to make way for an Ontario Power Dam. Present approved name is **BLACK DONALD**. Population 200 in 1918 and 62 in 1956. Map position: 45°14' 76°55'. References: E, S, V, 7E, 6T, 5L & 7R.

**BLACK DONALD MINES**, Village, Brougham Township, Renfrew County. Located 12 miles south of Mount Patrick, 15 miles southwest of Calabogie and 17 miles southwest of Matawatchan. Post office established as **BLACK DONALD MINES**, on February 1st, 1944. First Postmaster John Bell Wilson. Office closed March 12th, 1965. Present approved name is **BLACK DONALD MINES**. Population 110 in 1941 and 100 in 1951. Map position: 45°13' 76°55'. References: V, 6T, 3B and U.

**BLACKFORD**, quay, Muskoka Township, Simcoe County. Located on the route of the Muskoka and Georgian Bay Navigation lake passage. Active in 1893. References: U10.

BLACK HAWK, hamlet, Mather Township, Rainy River District. Located on Pine River, 5 1/2 miles from Stratton Station on the Ontario Division of Canadian Northern Railway, 11 miles (rail) from Barwick and 38 miles from Rainy River. Post Office established as BLACK HAWK on February 1st, 1904. First Postmaster George W. Hughes, who named the office after Black Hawk Creek, which was named for a Sioux Indian Chief. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BLACK HAWK. Population 13 in 1908 and 97 in 1927 and 79 in 1956. Map position: 48°48' 93°59'. References: DD, PP, 2P, 5E, V, 5L, 6V and 7J.

BLACK HEATH, hamlet, Gore District, Canada West, later in Binbrook Township, Wentworth County, and now on border of Seneca and Binbrook Townships and Haldimand and Wentworth Counties, Within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 9
miles from Caledonia, 5 miles from York and 17 miles south of Hamilton. Post office established as BLACK HEATH on December 1st, 1865. First Postmaster J. Goodbrand. Office closed by 1972. Settled in the early 1860s. Name spelling changed to BLACKHEATH, one word, on December 16th, 1949. Named for Blackheath, England. Present approved name is BLACKHEATH. Population 50 in 1895 and 44 in 1971. Map position: 43°04' 79°59'. References: I, MM, S, Z, 5E, 3O, V, 3B, 6T, and 6S.

BLACK HORSE #1, hamlet, on Albion and Tecumseth Township line, in Simcoe and Peel Counties, now within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 3 miles east of Palgrave, on #9 Highway, and near Tottenham. Named for a team of horses belonging to a local farmer. Present approved name is BLACK HORSE. Map position: 43°59' 79°58'. References: F, 3C, SS and V+.

BLACK HORSE #2, SEE: BLACK HORSE CORNERS VILLAGE, Bruce County.

BLACK HORSE CORNER #1 , dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Thorold, in Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is BLACK HORSE CORNER. Map position: 43°05' 79°12'. Reference: V.

BLACK HORSE CORNER #2, hamlet, North Dumfries Township, Waterloo County. Located 5 miles west of Galt and 2 miles south of Doon. Settled in 1843. In 1875, the hotel burned down, " a great loss to the community." No recent references to this hamlet. Reference: E.

BLACK HORSE CORNERS, SEE: BLACK HORSE CORNERS VILLAGE, Bruce County.

BLACK HORSE CORNERS VILLAGE, hamlet, Kinloss Township, Bruce County, Located on Silver Lake, 7 miles from Auburn, 17 miles from Walkerton and 12 miles from Kincardine. Known locally as BLACK HORSE. Post office established as KINLOSS, on June 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Thomas Hodgins. Office closed November 6th, 1926. Settled in 1850. Present approved name is KINLOSS. Population 150 in 1892 and 60 in 1976. Map position: 44°06' 81°25'. References: A, Z, TT, I, AA, PP, 3B, 3L, V, 7B, 6T and 8.

BLACK RAPIDS, dispersed rural community, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Lansdowne Township, and most recently Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 9 miles northwest of Lansdowne, 5 km southeast of Sweets Corners and 6 km southeast of Lyndhurst. Present approved name is BLACK RAPIDS. Population 19 in 1976. Map position: 44°31' 76°05'. References: A, B, 7R, C, V and 5L.

BLACK RIVER #1, SEE: CARDWELL #2, Prince Edward County.

BLACK RIVER #2, dispersed rural community, Cornwall Township, Stormont County. Located 3 km southeast of Harrisons Corners, 7 km north of Long Sault and 9 km northwest of Rosedale Terrace. BLACK RIVER STATION on the Ottawa and New York Railway. Present approved name is BLACK RIVER. Map position: 45°05' 74°52'. References: B, S, U, V and 5L.

BLACK RIVER #3, station, Township 84, Friske Township, Algoma District later Thunder Bay District. Located 138 miles northeast of Port Arthur, on main line of CPR. Had Dominion Express office in 1893. Located east of Schreiber Station. Present approved name is BLACK RIVER. Population 10 in 1903. Map position: 48°41' 87°14'. References: U10, PP, S, AA, Z, 9J and 8G.

BLACK RIVER BRIDGE, SEE: CARDWELL #2, Prince Edward County.

BLACK RIVER-MATHESON, Township and Town, Kingham Township, Cochrane District later Municipal Township of Black River-Matheson. Map position: 48°22' 80°20'. References: V.

BLACK RIVER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Incorporated with Matheson Township January 1st, 1969 and Amalgamated to form the TOWNSHIP OF BLACK RIVER-MATHESON which also includes Ramore, Holtyre and Val Gagne. Population 3,269 in 1977 and 3,463 in 1980. Map position: 48°27' 80°20'. References: R1, and HH.

BLACK ROAD, station, Foley Township, Parry Sound District. BLACK ROAD STATION on Sudbury Division of CPR, station number 4258. Located between the stations of Clark and Dockmure, in 1911. Present approved name is **BLACK ROAD**. Map position: 45°16' 79°53'. References: B, V and 6S.

BLACK ROCK, terminal, Willoughby Township, Welland County. Located at the International Bridge, on the Niagara River, 1 3/4 miles north of Fort Erie and 7 miles from Chippawa. On the Buffalo and Goderich Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Visible and operating in the period between 1878 and 1895. No recent references to this terminal. References: Z, AA and 2D.

BLACKS, station, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 16 miles from Deseronto, on the Bay of Quinte Railway, and on the Deseronto Navigation Company Route between Trenton and Picton. Noted between the years 1892 and 1908. No recent references to this station. References: Z, AA, PP and U10.

BLACK'S CORNERS #1, railway point, Amaranth Township, Dufferin County, formerly Wellington County. Located 13 miles northwest of Orangeville, 6 miles south of Shelburne and 2 miles from Crombie's Station on Toronto, Bruce and Grey Railway, later CPR. Post office established as BLACK'S CORNERS in 1878. First Postmaster Samuel Black. Office name changed to CROMBIE, on February 1st, 1912. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **BLACKS CORNERS**. Population 30 in 1895 and 55 in 1956. Map position: 44°00' 80°14'. References: I, T, S, 5E, Z, 6T, 4P, SS, V and 6S.

BLACK'S CORNERS #2, SEE: BLACK CORNERS, Lanark County.

BLACKS CORNERS #3, dispersed rural community, East Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, later Within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 1 km north of Millgrove, 3 km southwest of Flamborough Centre and 5 km northwest of Waterdown. Present approved name is BLACKS CORNERS. Population 87 in 1961 and 30 in 1976. Map position: 43°20' 79°57'. References: 3B, 5A, V, 5L and 6S.

BLACK'S HILL, Home District, Canada West. Nearest post office at Pickering.(1848) No other note of place.References: C.

BLACK'S STATION, Township 82, Thunder Bay District. Located on the north shore of Lake Superior, at Mile 2050, on Main Line of CPR, and east of Jack Fish. (1903). References: 8K.

BLACKSTOCK, SEE: TOOLEY'S CORNERS, Durham County.

BLACKSTOCK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District, later Cochrane District. Township status changed by Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974. Surveyed in 1903. Named for the Blackstock family of Toronto. Map position: 48°20' 80°52'. References: V and 7R.

BLACKSTONE, station, Conger Township, Parry Sound District. BLACKSTONE STATION on CPR. Name changed to BRIGNALL STATION. Located near MacTier. Present approved name is BRIGNALL. Map position: 45015' 79°50'. References: U, SS, V and 6S.

BLACKSTONE LAKE, dispersed rural community, Conger Township, Parry Sound District. On CNR. Post office BLACKSTONE LAKE opened on June 16th, 1908. First Postmaster Philip J. Harrison. Office closed November 21st,

1929. Present approved name is **BLACKSTONE LAKE**. Map position: 45°15' 79°52'. References: B, DD, MM, V, 6T, 6S, 5L and Nat. Postal Museum.

BLACK STURGEON LAKE, in unorganized area, in Thunder Bay District. Population 38 in 1941 and 126 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

BLACK STURGEON RIVER, station, Lyon Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 8 km west of Red Rock, 13 miles from Nepigon and 13 miles from Dorion. Post office established as EVERARD, September 1st, 1911. First Postmaster B. B. Caldwell. Office closed December 15th, 1950. Name changed to EVERARD, March 1st, 1931, and it was redesignated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **EVERARD**. Map position: 48°54' 88°21'. References: 5L, R2, U, SS, V and 6T.

BLACK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Surveyed 1902 and 1912. Named for William D. Black, Member of the Legislative Assembly. Black Township, fomerly in Timiskaming District, now in (Municipal Township of Black River-Matheson) Cochrane District. Township venue changed by Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974. Map position: 48°20' 80°20'. References: V and 7R.

BLACKWATER #1, SEE: BLACKWATER JUNCTION #2, Durham Cy.

BLACKWATER #2, station, Thunder Bay District. On Canadian Northern Railway. Main line. Altitude 976 feet above sea level. (1915). No recent references to this station. References: L3.

BLACKWATER JUNCTION #1, SEE: WICK JUNCTION, Victoria Cy.

BLACKWATER JUNCTION #2, dispersed rural community, Brock Township, Ontario County, later shown in Durham County and now in Regional Municipality of Durham. Located at the junction of two railway lines, Midland Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway and the Toronto and Nipissing Railway, later CNR. Situated 38 miles north of Whitby, 20 miles west of Lindsay and 3 miles from Sunderland. A stage ran to Pinedale and Layton, Tuesdays and Fridays, the fare 10 cents, in 1892. Post office established as BLACKWATER, in 1887 and was named for the creek which passes through the place, by Mr. Darling, a banker who owned the site of the village, Postmaster Joseph Ruddy. Office closed by 1971. Present approved name is BLACKWATER. Population 50 in 1892 and 80 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 79°03'. References:I, S, Z, 3B, AA, DD, V, 5T and 5L.

BLACKWELL, SEE: BLACKWELL STATION, Lambton County.

BLACKWELL STATION, dispersed rural community, Sarnia Township, Lambton County. Located 6 miles east of Sarnia, on the Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR, on lot 34 concession 9 of Sarnia Township. Post office opened January 1st, 1888 as BLACKWELL STATION to honour Thomas E. Blackwell, General Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway in Canada. During the course of operation the name was shortened to BLACKWELL (1908). First Postmaster Peter Wellington. Office closed October 15th, 1912. Present approved name is BLACKWELL. Population 50 in 1893 and 154 in 1976. Map position: 43°01' 82°19'. References: B, 2Z, S, Z, 1H, U10, V, 7R, 5L and 6S.

BLACKWELL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Established in 1945. Named for Leslie E. Blackwell, M. P. P. for Toronto-Eglinton. Map position: 48°38' 89°57'. References: V.

BLAIN TOWNSHIP , Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Surveyed in 1889. Named for Richard Blain, M. P. for Peel from 1900 to 1917. Map position: 47°59' 80°13'. References: V.

BLAIR, SEE: SHINGLEBRIDGE, Waterloo County.

BLAIR COURT, suburban community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. A condominium garden home located near City Centre. Present approved name is **BLAIR COURT**. Map position: 45°25' 75°36'. References: V, D and 5L.

**BLAIRHAMPTON**, dispersed rural community, Minden Township, Victoria County, later in Anson, Hindon and Minden Township, Haliburton County. Located 10 miles north of Minden, 7 miles north of Gelert and 60 miles northeast of Lindsay. Post office opened as **BLAIRHAMPTON** in 1884. First Postmaster William Blair, who was also the first settler, and after whom the place was named. Post office closed December 27th, 1947. Population 50 in 1895 and 57 in 1956. Present approved name is **BLAIRHAMPTON**. Map position: 45°02' 78°39'. References: B, I, S, Z, 5E, V, 5P, 6T, 5L and 7R.

**BLAIRS LANDING**, dispersed rural community, Muskoka District, later Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Located 10 km from Nobel, 9 miles northwest of Parry Sound, on lot 13, concession 'D' and on the Parry Sound & Ottawa division of the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **CARLING** in 1879. First Postmaster Robert Blair. Office closed June 1st, 1936 and reopened as a Summer office which closed 1969. Present approved name is **CARLING**. Population 20 in 1893 and 2 in 1976. Map position: 45°24' 80°10'. References: Z, PP, I, U, S, O, V, 5V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**BLAIRS SETTLEMENT**, dispersed rural community, North Crosby Township, Leeds County. Located 5 km southeast of Salem, 5 km south of Westport, 6 km north of Bedford Mills and 8 km southwest of Newboro. Present approved name is **BLAIRS SETTLEMENT**. Map position: 44°38' 76°24'. References: V and 5L.

**BLAIRTON**, SEE: **BLAIRTOWN**, Peterborough County.

**BLAIRTON STATION**, railway point, Belmont Township, Peterborough County. Located one mile from Blairton. Present approved name is **BLAIRTON STATION**. Map position: 44°26' 77°48'. References: V and 7L.

**BLAIRTOWN**, dispersed rural community, Belmont Township, Peterborough County. Located 36 miles east of Peterborough, 12 miles north of Campbellford, and one mile from Blairton Station on CPR and Michigan Central Railway. Post office opened as **BLAIRTOWN** August 1st, 1867. First Postmaster Roger Bates. Office closed October 26th, 1929. Place named **BLAIR TOWN** by an early Scotch settler Charles Hayes in 1824 explorations for iron ore. Present approved name is **BLAIRTON**. Population 500 in 1869 and 66 in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 77°46'. References: B, E, I, S, 3B, Z, 3R, 3Q, V, 6T, 5L and 7R.

**BLAIR TOWNSHIP** , Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Established in 1866. Named for the Honourable A. J. Ferguson-Blair, Member of the Legislative Assembly, 1848 to 1860. Map position: 45°56' 80°18'. References: V.

**BLAKE**, SEE: **DRYSDALEVILLE**, Huron County.

**BLAKELEY**, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton, within Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **BLAKELEY**. Map position: 43°14' 79°50'. References: V.

**BLAKELEY'S CORNERS**, settlement, Talbot District, Canada West, then in Houghton Township, changed to Middleton Township, Norfolk County, and now in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 20 miles southwest of Simcoe and 6 miles east of Tilsonburg. Post office established as **GUYSBORO** on September 1st, 1856. First Postmaster S.K. Garnham. Office closed August 1st, 1915. Guysborough was named for the town of Guysborough in Nova Scotia and the name was given by an early settler, Edward Weeks, from that place. Present approved name is **GUYSBOROUGH**. Population 200 in 1886 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 42°46' 80°42'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 3M, 6T, 9J and 7D.

**BLAKELOCK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1900. Named for Thomas A. Blakelock, M. P. P. for Halton in the 1930s. Map position: 49°30' 80°12'. References: V and 7R.

**BLAKENAY**, SEE: **NORWAY PINE FALLS**, Lanark County.

**BLAKENEY**, SEE: **NORWAY PINE FALLS**, Lanark County.

**BLAKE STATION**, concentrated rural community, Georgina Township, York County and Scott Townships, Ontario County , now within Regional Municipality of York and within Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 45 miles north

of Toronto, 48 miles south of Baldwin and on the CNR. Post office opened as **BROWN HILL**, named after the first Postmaster John Brown in 1886. Post office name was assumed by the place. Present approved name is **BROWN HILL**. Population 150 in 1893 and 82 in 1976. Map position: 43°13' 79°20'. References: 3G, I, S, U10, V, 5L and 6S.

**BLAKESTON**, hamlet, Talbot District, Canada West, later Windham Township, Norfolk County, subsequently Delhi Municipal Township, in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 10 miles northwest of Simcoe, 2 1/2 miles northwest of Windham and 9 miles west of Waterford. Post office opened as **BLAKESTON** May 1st, 1863. First Postmaster H.E. Ford. Office changed name to **TEETERVILLE** in 1864. Office still in operation in 1983. Place named **TEETERVILLE** for George Teeter who bought area in 1853. Present approved name is **TEETERVILLE**. Population 362 in 1877 and 221 in 1972. Map position: 42°56' 80°26'. References: I, 3N, B, S, AA, O, RR, 1N and 9I.

**BLAKE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Established in 1872. Named for the Honourable Edward Blake, Ontario Premier from 1871 to 1872. Now Part of Neebing Township (1984). Map position: 48°13' 89°23'. References: V and 7R.

**BLALOCK**, unincorporated community, 23 km east of Atikokan on the railway line, in Rainy River District. Present approved name is **BLALOCK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°45' 91°19'. References: R2, V and 9I.

**BLAMEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for General Sir Thomas Blamey, Commander in Chief of the Australian Forces in World War 2. Map position: 47°38' 82°40'. References: V.

**BLANCHARDS HILL**, dispersed rural community, South Elmsley and Kitley Townships, Leeds County. Located 5 km west of Motts Mills, 6 km south of Lombardy and 12 km northeast of Portland. Present approved name is **BLANCHARDS HILL**. Map position: 44°47' 76°06'. References: V and 5L.

**BLANCHARDS LANDING**, dispersed rural community, Bonfield Township, Nipissing South District. Located 1 km northeast of Rutherglen, 5 km northeast of Bonfield, 5 km north of Great Desert and 25 km southwest of Mattawa. Present approved name is **BLANCHARDS LANDING**. Map position: 46°17' 79°02'. References: B, V and 5L.

**BLANCHE**, SEE: **OGAMING**, Cochrane District.

**BLANCHARD TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **BLANSHARD TOWNSHIP**, Perth County.

**BLANDFORD STATION**, railway point, Blandford Township, Canada West, later Blandford-Blenheim Township, Oxford County. Located 9 miles northeast of Woodstock on the Credit Valley Railway,(1886) later CPR (1895). Post office opened as **BLANDFORD STATION** in 1883. First Postmaster Austin Ballard. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Place named for the Township. Present approved name is **BLANDFORD STATION**. Population 275 in 1885 and 10 in 1926. Map position: 43°13' 80°38'. References: I, T, S, Z, DD, MM, PP, V, 3R, 6T, 5P and 6S.

**BLANDFORD TOWNSHIP**, Brock District, Canada West, later Oxford County. Surveys started in 1793. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1974, C57. Blandford Amalgamated with Township of Blenheim as **TOWNSHIP OF BLANDFORD-BLENHEIM**. Effective date January 1st, 1975. Population 1,356 in 1852 and 6,822 in 1980. Surveyed by Augustus Jones in 1793. First Grant of Crown Lands in 1828 to Abraham A, Nelles. First settlement January 19th, 1832 by Mahlon Burwell. First lot sold to Edward Towell in 1836. Township named by Governor John Graves Simcoe for Duke of Marlborough, Marquis of Blandford, by Governor John Graves Simcoe. Map position: 43°14' 80°40'. References: HH, C, 3H, M, 2W, 7R and V.

**BLANDFORD-BLENHEIM TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **BLANDFORD TOWNSHIP**, Oxford County.

**BLAND GARDENS ADDITION**, community, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Population 100 in 1956. No recent reference to this place. References: 5E.

**BLANSHARD**, SEE: **LITTLE FALLS**, Perth County.

**BLANSHARD TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Huron District, Canada West, later in Perth County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Area of 49,259 acres. First settler David Cathcart in 1844. Often misspelled as **BLANSHARD TOWNSHIP**. Population 317 in 1845, 2,786 in 1851 and 2,003 in 1960. Map position: 43°17' 81°15'. References: C, HH, M, V and 1W.

**BLAND'S HILL**, hill, Toronto Gore Township, Canada West, later Peel County. Named for John Bland a road builder. After 1930 the name went out of use. References: 3C.

**BLANTYRE**, dispersed rural community, Euphrasia Township, Grey County. Located 9 miles south of Meaford, 22 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 10 miles from St. Vincent. Post office opened as **BLANTYRE** on February 1st, 1863. First Postmaster J. Paterson. Office closed November 16th, 1922. Present approved name is **BLANTYRE**. Population 300 in 1886 and 70 in 1926. Map position: 44°30' 80°38'. References: I, T, S, Z, MM, 3N, V, 7B, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**BLANTYRE PARK**, local name, Lot 35, Concession 'A', Scarborough Township, York County. References: 8H.

**BLAYNEY**, locality, Charlotteville Township, later Delhi Municipal Township, Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 7 miles from Delhi, and southeast of Simcoe, at the intersection of the 9th Concession Road and 9th Side Road. Post office opened as **BLAYNEY** February 1st, 1900. First Postmaster A.E. Michener. Office closed March 1919. Present approved name is **BLAYNEY**. Population 10 in both 1913 and 1926. Map position: 42°47' 80°27'. References: B, 7M, S, DD, MM, PP, RR, 6T and 6S.

**BLENHEIM**, SEE: **RONDEAU #1**, Kent County.

**BLENHEIM EAST TOWNSHIP**, Township, Gore District, Canada West. Nearest post office in Paris, (1848). References: C.

**BLENHEIM JUNCTION**, railway point, Harwich Township, Kent County. On the Lake Erie and Detroit River Railway and on the Pere Marquette Railway. Located one mile from Blenheim. Present approved name is **BLENHEIM JUNCTION**. Map position: 42°20' 82°01'. References: PP, U10 and V.

**BLENHEIM POST OFFICE**, Brock District, Canada West. This post office is recorded as having been opened in 1841. There is no location known for the office. In Blenheim Township and in Oxford County there were only two settled places, one being Burford and the other Canning. Neither of these had a previous name of Blenheim. This listing has no connection with the Blenheim, in Kent County, formerly named Rondeau Harbour. References: I.

**BLENHEIM WEST TOWNSHIP**, Township, Gore District, Canada West. Nearest post office was Princeton in 1848. References: C.

**BLENHEIM TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Oxford County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute, 1974, C57. Amalgamated with Township of Blandford as **TOWNSHIP OF BLANDFORD-BLENHEIM**, Effective date January 1st, 1975. First settler Colonel Thomas Hornor in 1790s. He built a sawmill in 1795. The post office department directed mail for the Township of Blenheim in Oxford County to be sent to the Burford Post Office in 1835, to be collected there by the owners. Population 4,994 in 1852.Map position: 43°15' 80°33'. References: HH, 3H, M, 2W and 6D.

**BLESSINGTON**, dispersed rural community, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County, formerly in Victoria District, Canada West. Located 11 miles northest of Belleville and 5 miles north of Shannonville Station on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post Office established as **BLESSINGTON** on December 1st, 1856. First Postmaster John Hayes. Office closed December 15th, 1915. Present approved name is **BLESSINGTON**. Population 50 in 1895 and 36 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 77°16'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, 3M, V, 6T, 5L and 5s.

**BLETCHER'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Hope Township, Durham County, later Northumberland County. Settled by William Bletcher who was hotelkeeper and owner of stage line from Peterborough to Cobourg. Population about 125 in

1851. Name of place changed to **DALE**, when post office established in 1874. First Postmaster D. Vandervoort. Office closed February 27th, 1909. Present approved name is **DALE**. Population 25 in 1885 and 63 in 1976. Map position: 43°59' 78°17'. References: 5B, I, S, Z, 3B, 5N, 3R, V, 6T and 4N.

BLETCHER'S TAVERN, SEE: **BLETCHER'S CORNERS**, Durham County.

BLEWETT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1911. Named for Canadian poet and writer Jean McKishnie Blewett who died in 1934. Map position: 47°17' 81°31'. References: V.

BLEZARDS, dispersed rural community, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 16 miles southeast of Peterborough. Station named **BLEZARD STATION**, on Grand Trunk Railway. Population 20 in 1893. Present approved name is **BLEZARD**. Map position: 44°18' 78°06'. References: Z, PP, U10, V and 5L

BLEZARD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1883. Incorporated February 1st, 1906. Dissolved and Amalgamated with Township of Capreol and Hanmer as **TOWNSHIP OF VALLEY EAST**, Effective date, January 1st, 1969; later Erected into **TOWN OF VALLEY EAST**, by Ontario Statute 1972, C 104, and Effective date, January 1st, 1973 in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Map position: 46°35' 81°01'. References: HH, M, 7R, V and 9J.

BLEZARD VALLEY, concentrated rural community, Blezard Township, Nipissing later Sudbury District and most recently Part of Town of Valley East. Located 11 km from Chelmsford and 14 km from Sudbury. Nearest station is Azilda on the main line of CPR and 7 miles distant. Post office named for the Township and for the valley location, established September 18th, 1899. First Postmaster Joseph A. Brunet. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BLEZARD VALLEY**. Population 15 in 1913 and 1,090 in 1966. Map position: 46°37' 81°03'. References: S, U, DD, MM, PP, 5A, V, and 7H.

BLIND RIVER, SEE: **PENEBAWABIKONG**, Algoma District.

BLINK BONNIE, hamlet, Blenheim Township, Oxford County. Located 2 km east of Plattsville, 5 km north of Bright and 6 km west of Ratho. Present approved name is **BLINK BONNIE**. Map position: 43°18' 80°39'. References: 5L and 9K.

BLISS TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP #36**, Sudbury District.

BLITHEFIELD TOWNSHIP, SEE: **BAGOT TOWNSHIP**, Renfrew County.

BLITHFIELD TOWNSHIP #1, Geographic Township, Renfrew County, formerly in Bathurst District, Canada West. Population 200 in 1852. Name shown spelled as **BLITHEFIELD TOWNSHIP** in 1848 and also as **BLYTHEFIELD TOWNSHIP**. Map position: 45°14' 76°46'. References: 10E, 2W, C and V.

BLITHFIELD TOWNSHIP #2, SEE: **BAGOT TOWNSHIP**, Renfrew County.

BLIZZARD MINE, post office, Blizzard Township, Nipissing District. Post office opened as **BLIZZARD MINE**, on March 1st, 1891. First Postmaster R. McEwan. Office closed December 1st, 1891. No other references to this office on record. References: I.

BLOCK TOWNSHIP, SEE: **BINBROOK TOWNSHIP**, Wentworth County.

BLOND RIVER, hamlet, Long Township, Algoma District, later in the Township Municipality of The North Shore. **BLOND RIVER STATION** on main line of CPR. Situated between the stations of Algoma Mills and Ansonia. (1886) No recent references to this place. References: 6Z and 7L.

BLOOMFIELD #1, SEE: **BULL'S MILLS**, Prince Edward County.

BLOOMFIELD #2, SEE: **CENTREVILLE #5**, Northumberland County.

**BLOOMFIELD #3**, hamlet, Raleigh Township, Kent County. Population 75 in 1951 and 193 in 1956. References: 3D and 5E.

**BLOOMFIELD #4**, hamlet, Newcastle District, Canada West, later South Monaghan Township, Northumberland, later Peterborough County. Located 20 miles northwest of Cobourg, 14 miles north of Port Hope and 7 miles from the Millbrook Station on Grand Trunk Railway and Michigan Central Railway. Established a number of years (to 1860s) when conflict of similar names with place in Prince Edward County forced change to **BAILIEBORO**. Name suggested by Mr. James Aiken for his birthplace in Ireland. First settler was Michael Graham in 1817. Post Office established as **BAILIEBORO**, August 1st, 1861. First Postmaster James Fitzgerald. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BAILIEBORO**. Population 200 in 1885 and 172 in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 78°21'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3B, U12, 3M, V, 5L and 4A.

**BLOOMINGDALE**, concentrated rural community, Waterloo Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 5 miles northeast of Berlin (later Kitchener) and 3 miles northwest of Breslau. Post Office established as **BLOOMINGDALE** on October 1st, 1861. First Postmaster J.G. Moyer. Office closed October 1st, 1918. A new post office named **BLOOMINDALE** was established on March 18th, 1963. First Postmaster for this office was Gordon Ed. Westfall. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BLOOMINGDALE**. Population 200 in 1893 and 313 in 1976. Map position: 43°31' 80°27'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3N, V, 4F, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**BLOOMINGTON #1**, dispersed rural community, Roxborough Township, Stormont County. Located 5 km west of Dominionville, 6 km southwest of Maxville, 7 km east of Moose Creek and 8 km north of Monkland. Present approved name is **BLOOMINGTON**. Map position: 45°16' 74°43'. References: V and 5L.

**BLOOMINGTON #2**, dispersed rural community, Home District, Canada West, later in Whitchurch Township, York County and most recently Part of Town of Whitchurch-Stouffville in Regional Municipality of York. Located 32 miles northeast of Toronto, 3 miles north of Stouffville and 8 miles north of Markham. Post Office established as **BLOOMINGTON** July 1st, 1863. First Postmaster S. Patterson. Office closed May 1st, 1920. Present approved name is **BLOOMINGTON**. Population 75 in 1893 and 84 in 1966. Map position: 44°00' 79°16'. References: I, B, T, S, Z, U10, 5A, 3N, V, 6T and 7D.

**BLOOMSBURG**, dispersed rural community, Talbot District, Canada West, later in Townsend Township, Norfolk County and most recently Part of City of Nanticoke, Haldimand-Norfolk County. Located 5 miles north of Simcoe, 4 miles south of Waterford on the Michigan Central Railway, formerly the Canada Central Railway and 10 miles from Windham. Place settled before 1802 and named by the United Empire Loyalist settlers who saw no reason to change the name of their place, even though it was located 500 miles north in Canada, from its original site in Pennsylvania. Post office established as **BLOOMSBURG** September 1st, 1853. First Postmaster M. Kitchen. Office closed February 1st, 1914. At times misspelled as **BLOOMSBURY**. Present approved name is **BLOOMSBURG**. Population 200 in 1893 and 89 in 1979. Map position: 42°53' 80°18'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3B, U10, Mrs. Hord, 3K, V, 6T and 7D.

**BLOOMVILLE**, SEE: **GORDONIERS**, Lennox County.

**BLOORDALE GARDENS**, urban community, Part of Borough of Etobicoke, later City of Etobicoke, within the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is **BLOORDALE GARDENS**. Map position: 43°38' 79°34'. References: V.

**BLOSSOM PARK**, suburban community, Gloucester Township, Russell County, later Carleton County and now Within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located one mile from Glouscerster and 5 miles from Billings Bridge. Post Office established as **BLOSSOM PARK** March 26th, 1956. First Postmaster Fernand Leroux. Office still in operation in 1973. Present approved name is **BLOSSOM PARK**. Map position: 45°21' 75°37'. References: B, U, V, 6T and 5L.

**BLOUNT #1**, railway point, Blount Township, now Part of Glackmeyer Municipal Township, Cochrane District.

Present approved name is **BLOUNT**. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 49°16' 81°02'. References: V.

**BLOUNT #2**, dispersed rural community, Mono Township, Dufferin County. Located 6 miles north of Orangeville. Post Office established as **BLOUNT** in 1888. First Postmaster William Woods. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **BLOUNT**. Population 25 in 1893. Map position: 43°58' 80°02'. References: I, S, PP, U10, V, 5L, 6T and 5S.

**BLOUNT #3**, post office, Blount Township, Timiskaming District. Located 3 miles south of Gardiner and 3 miles north of Clute. Post Office established as **BLOUNT** on November 1st, 1927. First Postmaster W. E. King. Office closed November 30th, 1933. Mail delivered three times weekly from the railway. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

**BLOUNT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Township subdivided in 1909. Named for A. B. Blount, Clerk of the Senate, 1917. Map position: 49°15' 80°58'. References: V and 7R.

**BLUE CHURCH**, SEE: **BLUE CHURCH ROAD**, Grenville County.

**BLUE CHURCH ROAD**, dispersed rural community, Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 4 1/2 miles from Prescott at the junction of the Grand Trunk Railway with the main line of CPR. Post office established as **BLUE CHURCH ROAD** on June 15th, 1906. First Postmaster J. Fretwell. Office closed December 23rd, 1913. This place is the site of Barbara Heck's church which founded Methodism in Canada in 1809. Name changed to **BLUE CHURCH** by 1974. Present approved name is **BLUE CHURCH**. Population 64 in 1956 and 21 in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 75°33'. References: S, PP, 5E, V, 6T, 7R, 7T and 5L.

**BLUEJAY STATION**, station, Friske Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on Schreiber Division of CPR. Station number 4698, between the stations of Black and Terrace bay Pit, in 1911. References: 10B.

**BLUE LAKE**, settlement, South Dumfries Township, Brant County. Located 3 miles from Paris and 3 miles from Southern Division of Grand Trunk Railway at St. George Station. Post office established as **BLUE LAKE** on November 16th, 1903. First Postmaster J. D. McDonald. Office closed May 15th, 1918. The place connected to Paris by Electric Railway in 1907. Present approved name is **BLUE LAKE**. Map position: 43°14' 80°20'. References: S, PP, 6T, 7Q and 6S.

**BLUE MOUNTAIN**, dispersed rural community, Methuen Township, now in Belmont and Methuen Townships, Peterborough County. Located 26 miles from Lakefield, 3 km northwest of MacDonald Bay, 7 km southwest of Nephton and 14 km southeast of Apsley. Present approved name is **BLUE MOUNTAIN**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 77°57'. References: U, V, 6V and 5L.

**BLUE POINT**, hamlet, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located 3 km northeast of Highland Glen, 7 km southwest of Errol and 12 km west of Forest. Name not approved. Population 54 in 1971 and 68 in 1976. Map position: 43°05' 82°08'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

**BLUE SPRINGS**, dispersed rural community, Nassagaweya Township, Halton County, later Part of Town of Milton, in Regional Municipality of Halton. Located on Sixth Line at Concession 32, South of present (1984) Highway #7. Present approved name is **BLUE SPRINGS**. Map position: 43°37' 80°05'. References: V, 6S and R, Zsadanyi, Town of Milton Planning Dept.

**BLUE TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Rainy River District. Surveyed in 1876. Located 9.6 km northeast of Rainy River, 83.2 km west of Fort Frances. Founded and Incorporated, January 1st, 1913. Quieting Order M547, dated January 5th, 1956.Named for Archibald Blue, Director of Mines and Census Commissioner. Population 183 in 1927, 103 in 1978 and 113 in 1980. Map position: 48°47' 94°28'. References: R1, HH, 2P, 7R, M and V.

**BLUEVALE #1**, concentrated rural community, Turnberry and Morris Townships, Huron County. Located 33 miles northeast of Goderich, 5 miles southeast of Wingham and 30 miles from both Kincardine and Palmerston. Post office established as **BLUEVALE** in 1859. First Postmaster John Messer. Office still in operation in 1983. Place

named for a Suburb of Glasgow, Scotland by Margaret Hood wife of the first settler Alexander Duncan in 1853. The village was founded by the Leech brothers as they were in charge of building the mill for Mr. Duncan in 1856. Nearby Bluevale Station was on the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, later Great Western Railway. Present approved name is **BLUEVALE**. Population 300 in 1893 and 204 in 1976. Map position: 43°51' 81°15'. References: 7D, I, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3Y, V, 1G, 5L, 6S and 8X.

**BLUEVALE #2**, station, Morris Township, Huron County. Located west of Bluevale in Turnberry Township. **BLUEVALE STATION**, originally on the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, later Great Western Railway and finally CNR. Present approved name is **BLUEVALE**. Map position: 43°51' 81°16'. References: V and 1G.

**BLUEWATER**, suburb of Sarnia, Sarnia Township, Lambton County. Located 2.6 miles from Sarnia and 3.5 miles from Corunna. A wartime housing development, east (of the Polymer Plant) from Highway 40. Erected 1942 to 1945. Post office established as **BLUEWATER**, on August 22nd, 1944. First Postmaster Herbert Stones. Office closed February 1st, 1963. Office name changed to **SARNIA-BLUEWATER** for a time. No recent references to this suburb. References: U, 2Z, 1H and 6T.

**BLUEWATER BEACH #1**, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located Lot 24, Con. 4 of Tiny Township, also 5.7 miles from Wyevale and 2.7 miles from Wymbolwood Beach. Post office established as **BLUEWATER BEACH** on July 3rd, 1950. First Postmistress Mrs. Iva L. Webb. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BLUEWATER BEACH**. Map position: 44°37' 80°00'. References: B, U, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**BLUEWATER BEACH #2**, hamlet, Goderich Township, Huron County. Population 16 in 1971 and 32 in 1976. References: 3B.

**BLUFF POINT SIDING**, station, Bagot Township, Renfrew County. Located on Kingston and Pembroke Division of CPR. Station number 1072, between the stations of Barryvale and Calabogie, in 1911. References: 10B.

**BLYTH**, SEE: **DRUMMOND #4**, Huron County.

**BLYTHE**, SEE: **DRUMMOND #4**, Huron County.

**BLYTHEFIELD TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **BLITHFIELD TOWNSHIP**, Renfrew County.

**BLYTHESWOOD**, dispersed rural community, Mersea Township, Essex County, formerly in Western District, Canada West. Located 30 miles southeast of Sandwich, 9 miles south of Comber and 5 miles north of Leamington. Post office established as **BLYTHESWOOD** on September 1st, 1858. First Postmaster Donald Cameron. Office still in operation in 1983. Station named **BLYTHESWOOD STATION**, on the Leamington and St. Clair Railway, later on the Michigan Central Railway. Present approved name is **BLYTHESWOOD**. Population 50 in 1893 and 183 in 1976. Map position: 42°07' 82°36'. References: I, S, Z, AA, 3B, U10, 3W, V, 5L and 6S.

**BLYTH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Named for John Blyth, M. M. P. for Grey South. Subdivided by Ontario Land Surveyor R. Code in 1888. Map position: 46°30' 79°34'. References: V and 7R.

**BOAKVIEW #1**, hamlet, Burpee Township, Parry Sound District. Located 17 miles from Parry Sound and 7 miles from Lorimer Lake. Post office named **BOAKVIEW** established February 1st, 1910. First Postmaster G. W. Boake. Office closed on November 29th, 1947. Present approved name is **BOAKVIEW**. Population 30 in 1913. Map position: 45°34' 80°02'. References: F, U, DD, V and 6T.

**BOAKVIEW #2**, post office, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located on Lake Simcoe and 9 miles from Grand Trunk Station at Barrie. Post office established as **PENINSULAR PARK** in 1887. First Postmaster A. R. Bingham. Office closed by 1906. Re-designated as a concentrated rural community in 1974. Present approved name is **PENINSULAR PARK**. Population 50 in 1908 and 64 in 1971. Map position: 44°23' 79°33'. References: I, B, AA, 5T, 3B, 7K, 1P and V.

**BOAKVIEW MILLS**, SEE: **BOAKVIEW STATION #1**, Parry Sound District.

**BOAKVIEW STATION #1**, railway point, East Burpee Township, Parry Sound District. Located between the stations Boakview Mills and Deer Lake. Boakview Mills being 6/10ths of a mile and Deer Lake 5 1/2 miles distant. Station is on Canadian Northern Railway. No recent references to this railway point. References: B, 8J and L1.

**BOAKVIEW STATION #2**, SEE: **POINT ENDEAVOUR**, Simcoe County.

**BOBCAYGEON**, settlement, Colborne District, Canada West, later in Verulam Township Victoria County. Located 20 miles northeast of Lindsay and 11 miles east of Fenelon Falls on the Grand Trunk Railway. Laid out in 1834 by Thomas Need, founder of the place, who bought the land from the first Patentee Mr. Boulton in 1833. Mossom Boyd bought out Mr. Need's mill and built the first locks in 1839. Post office established as **BOBCAYGEON** on April 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Mossum Boyd. Office still in operation in 1984. Mississaga Indian name for the place **SHE SHE BAH TE GWA YOUNG**. Parish name **ST. JOSEPH**. Incorporated as Village of Bobcaygeon on June 17th, 1876. Present approved name is **BOBCAYGEON**. Population 200 in 1857, a total of 1,000 in 1886 and 1,562 in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 78°33'. References: I, M, C, T, Z, EE, 5N, SS, V, 5L and 7D.

**BOBCAYGEON MINES OR MILLS**, only a smudged postmark of 1893. There was no post office in either name in existence at that time. No other reference to these names. References: I.

**BOBCAYGEON TURN**, dispersed rural community, Harvey Township, Peterborough County. Name changed to **FLYNN'S TURN**. Present approved name is **FLYNN'S TURN**. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 44°37' 78°24'. References: V.

**BOBS**, dispersed rural community, Bigwood Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Located 9 miles from Rutter, 20 miles from Byng Inlet and 3 km from Highway 69. Post office opened as **BIGWOOD** on July 1st, 1911. First Postmaster Fred Thompson. Office closed January 1st, 1965. Place name changed to **FRENCH** in 1918, then to **BIGWOOD** in 1926. Place first settled by Mennonites and was first noted as an Indian settlement on the Old Dawson Route. Present approved name is **BIGWOOD**. Population 80 in 1961 and 54 in 1972. Map position: 46°02' 80°36'. References: SS, 6T, V, R1, 3B, Z, MM and 5L.

**BOB'S LAKE #1**, dispersed rural community, Bedford Township, Frontenac County. Located 5 miles from Tichborne and 7 miles from Burridge. Post Office established as **BOBS LAKE** April 1st, 1912. First Postmaster John Steele. Office closed September 30th, 1964. Present approved name is **BOBS LAKE**. Map position: 44°39' 76°35'. References: B, U, V, 6T and 5L.

**BOB'S LAKE #2**, settlement, Whitney Township, Cochrane District. Population 87 in 1951. References: 3B.

**BODMIN**, hamlet, Huron District, Canada West, later shown Morris Township, Huron County. Located 24 miles from Goderich. Post office established as **BODMIN** in 1855. First Postmaster William Harris, who built the first mills and got the post office established. Office closed 1866. The place was named for the Postmaster's native place in England. Population 25 in 1857. No recent mention of this place or office. References: I, EE, 3U, 7D, 3Y and 4A.

**BOGART**, SEE: **BOGART'S MILLS**, Hastings County.

**BOGART'S MILLS**, dispersed rural community, Victoria District, Canada West, later shown in Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Founded by Abraham L. Bogart in 1853 and named for his mills. Located 15 miles from Madoc, 5 miles from Tweed and 28 miles northeast of Belleville. Post office named **BOGART** established September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster James McIntosh. Office closed March 31st, 1931. Present approved name is **BOGART**. Population 100 in 1895 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 44°30' 77°15'. References: 1E, I, E, S, Z, 3B, 3Z, 3N, V, 6T, 5L and 7R.

**BOGART TOWN**, later **BOGARTTOWN**, dispersed rural community, Home District, Canada West, King then Whitchurch Township, York County and most recently Part of Town of Newmarket, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 2 miles from Newmarket, on the 3rd Line. Settled by John Bogart, a Quaker, on Lot 31 Con 2, in 1805.

The school is now a Museum. Post office established as **BOGARTTOWN**, June 1st, 1898. First Postmaster Fred Brillinger. Office closed October 1st, 1900. Annexed to Newmarket January 1st, 1971. Present approved name is **BOGARTTOWN**, one word. Population 10 dwellings in 1846, 50 persons in 1893 and 100 in 1926. Map position: 44°03' 79°26'. References: G, C, DD, MM, U10, V, 3G, 7G, 7M, 7R and 6S.

**BOGIES BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Colborne Township, Huron County. Located 4 km north of Sunset Beach, 5 km south of Sheppardton and 7 km west of Nile. Present approved name is **BOGIES BEACH**. Map position: 43°49' 81°43'. References: B, 5L, V and 6S.

**BOGNOR**, SEE: **SYDENHAM MILLS**, Grey County.

**BOGTOWN**, dispersed rural community, Gloucester Township, Russell County, later within the Regional Municipaliy of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 10 miles east of Ottawa and 3 miles from Manotick. Post office opened 1886, as **LIME BANK**, two words. First Postmaster Francis Hardy. Office closed March 19th, 1913. Place name changed to **LIME BANK**, in 1886, for the discovery of lime in the area and also the building of a lime kiln. Present approved name is **LIMEBANK**, one word. Population 30 in 1892 and 102 in 1956. Map position: 45°15' 75°40'. References: I, S, AA, 5E, 6T, V and 7D.

**BOICE'S CORNERS**, concentrated rural community, Victoria District, Canada West, later in Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Located 8 miles north of Lindsay, 8 miles from Fenelon Falls and 4 miles from Midland Railway, (later CNR) at Cambray Station. Place named **CAMERON** for John Cameron M.P.,for Victoria County, in the 1857 to 1861; and this name was given to the Post Office when established in 1860. First Postmaster James Brysen. Office still in operation in 1983. The settler family name of Boice gradually disappeared and the post office name took over as the place name. The railway stop known as **CAMERON STATION**, was served by the Victoria Railway in 1881. Present approved name is **CAMERON**. Population 60 in 1885 and 193 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 78°46'. References: 7D, I, S, U10, 3R, 2L, 3Y, 5U, V, 5L, 8E and 5S.

**BOIGHTOWN**, hamlet, near the post office of Bradford, West Gwillimbury Township, Simcoe County. Map position: (Bradford's) 44°07' 79°34'. This place only noted between the years 1892 and 1895. No recent references to this hamlet. References: Z, AA and 9J.

**BOILER BEACH**, settlement, Huron Township, Bruce County. Located 3 km south of Kincardine, 8 km east of Millarton and 12 km northwest of Ripley. Name not approved. Population 105 in 1971 and 169 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 81°40'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

**BOIS BLANC ISLAND**, island, Western District, Canada West, later shown in Detroit River opposite Amherstburg. A long narrow island, which had a lighthouse on its south point, to 1908. Population one family. (The lighthousekeeper and his or her family.) No recent references to this island. References: C and PP.

**BOIS BRULE**, station, Revell Township, Kenora District. On CPR, located west of Tache Station. The name Metis Indians use to describe themselves...is the name of the station. Straight English translation is "WOOD BURN". Map position: 49°35' 92°10'. References: 9J and E. Barr.

**BOISSENEAU'S**, SEE: **KLOCK'S MILLS**, Nipissing District.

**BOLAND'S BAY**, dispersed rural community, MacLennan Township, Sudbury District, later Part of Town of Nickel Centre, Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Located 3 km from Skead. Name changed to **BOWLAND'S BAY**, June 1926. Changed back to **BOLAND'S BAY**, in 1977. Present approved name is **BOLANDS BAY**. Population 43 in 1951 and 73 in 1956. Map position: 46°39' 80°46'. References: SS, V+, U, 3B, 5E, V and 6M.

**BOLCKOW**, station, Bader Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Located on CPR. being east of Dalton station, 50 miles north of Sault Ste. Marie, 38 miles from Chapleau and 22 miles from Missanabie. Altitude at 1,375 feet above sea level. Post office established as **BOLKOW**, August 9th, 1916. First Postmistress Mrs. W. Girard. Office closed October 1st, 1951. Present approved name is **BOLKOW**. Population 10 in 1893. Map position: 48°07' 83°55'. References: Z, AA, L1, S, LL, U10, V, 6T. and 8G.

BOLGER, dispersed rural community, Burton Township, Parry Sound District. Located 3 miles from Ardbeg, 9 km southwest of Wahwashkesh and 11 km east of Whitestone. Post office established as **BOLGER BRIDGE**, August 1st, 1910. First Postmaster Thomas Brownell. Office had a number of openings and closings, finally closing by 1971. Present approved name is **BOLGER**. Map position: 45°41' 80°08'. References: B, U, V, 5L, 6S, 9F and 6T.

BOLGER BRIDGE, SEE: BOLGER, Parry Sound District.

BOLGER TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 155, Algoma District.

BOLINGBROKE, dispersed rural community, Bathurst District, Canada West, later South Sherbrooke Township, Lanark County. Located 20 miles southwest of Perth, 7 miles south of Maberly on Ontario & Quebec Railway later CPR. Post office established as **BOLINGBROKE** on October 2nd, 1865. First Postmaster John Korry. Office closed August 30th, 1930. First settler, John Korry who hired George Korry as his miller for the four mills he built. Present approved name is **BOLINGBROKE**. Population 80 in 1885 and 25 in 1913. Map position: 44°46' 76°31'. References: I, S, Z, DD, 3P, V, 5L and 5S.

BOLINGBROKE STATION, railway point, South Sherbrooke Township, Lanark County. Located 1 1/2 miles northwest of Bolingbroke. On CPR. Present approved name is **BOLINGBROKE STATION**. Map position: 44°46' 76°33'. References: V and 7R.

BOLKOW, SEE: BOLCKOW, Algoma District.

BOLSOVER, SEE: ONNACOME, Victoria County.

BOLTON #1, SEE: BOLTON HOLLOW, Peel County.

BOLTON #2: this small place only appears once, in 1848, as being near the post office at Brockville, Johnstown District, Canada West, (later Leeds County). Map position: (Brockville's) 44°35' 75°41'. References: C.

BOLTON BROOK SIDING, SEE: BOLTON CREEK, Frontenac County.

BOLTON CREEK, station, Frontenac County. Located 53 miles north of Kingston. On the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Has telegraph station and express office, but no post office in 1892. Name changed to **BOLTON BROOK SIDING**, by 1915, when operated by CPR. The station names on either side are OSO Station and CLARENDON Station. No recent references to this station. References: S, Z, AA, U10, 8J and L.

BOLTON HOLLOW, hamlet, Home District, later Albion Township, Peel or sometimes Cardwell County and finally Part of Town of Caledon, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Other name in the 1820s was **BOLTON MILLS**. Located 26 miles northwest of Toronto, 18 miles north of Brampton and 23 miles south of Orangeville. Post office named **ALBION** for the Township was established on October 6th, 1832. First Postmaster George Bolton. In 1892 the office name was changed to **BOLTON**. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler Thomas Bolton in 1818, on the banks of the Humber River. Incorporated as a Village June 3rd, 1872, named **BOLTON**. Has station on Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway, later CPR. The Townships of Albion, and Caledon, Villages of Bolton and Caledon East were Amalgamated as Town of Albion, January 1st, 1974. The **TOWN OF ALBION** name was changed to Town of Caledon, January 1st, 1974. Population 700 in 1886 and 2,649 in 1972. Present approved name is **BOLTON**. Map position: 43°53' 79°44'. References: 3G, 3C, 1V, C, A, I, AA, T, 7B, 3S, 7X, M, S, HH and V.

BOLTON MILLS, SEE: BOLTON HOLLOW, Peel County.

BOLTON'S CORNERS #1, SEE: POINTE au CARDINAL, Grenville County.

BOLTON'S CORNERS #2, dispersed rural community, Wellington District, Canada West, later Minto Township, Wellington County. Located 35 miles northwest of Guelph, 5 miles northeast of Palmerston Station on the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, later the Grand Trunk Railway, 25 1/2 miles from Elora and 3 miles from

Harriston. Post office established December 1st, 1865 as **COTSWOLD**. First Postmaster Peter McKenzie. Office closed April 17th, 1914. Present approved name is **COTSWOLD**. Population 175 in 1875 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 43°52' 80°47'. References: SS, I, S, Z, PP, MM, 3P, 7B, 6T and 6S.

**BOLTON'S CORNERS #3**, concentrated rural community, Edwardsburgh Township, Grenville County. Located 38 miles west of Cornwall, 5 miles north of Cardinal and 9 miles from Prescott. Post office established 1874 and named for the local M.P. as **BROUSEVILLE**. First Postmaster William Anderson. Office closed May 27th, 1913. The first place name was given for the number of founding settlers who were named Bolton. Present approved name is **BROUSEVILLE**. Population 50 in 1893 and 56 in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 75°25'. References: I, S, PP, 3B, U10, V, 6T, 5V, 5L, 7R 5S and 9F.

**BOLTON STATION**, (1877) station, Albion Township, Peel County. Located southwest of Bolton Hollow. References: 3G.

**BOMANTON**, hamlet, Newcastle District, Canada West, later Haldimand Township, Northumberland County. Located 12 miles northeast of Cobourg, 4 miles east of Harwood on CPR and Midland Railways and 70 miles from Toronto. Post Office established on the farm of Mr. Bowman March 1st, 1857 and named **BOMANTON**. First Postmaster William Campbell. The office was named for Mr. Bowman who settled in 1845. Office closed February 1st, 1914. The place, named **BOWMANTON** for the first settler Mr. Bowman, was regularly misspelled as **BOMANTON** and is now the accepted spelling of the name. Population 40 in 1893 and 100 in 1908. References: 7D, I, T, S, Z, PP, U10, 3M, 7B, 6T and EE.

**BOMBY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 73**, Thunder Bay District.

**BOMFORD**, SEE: **ROMFORD STATION**, Nipissing District.

**BOMPAS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. This township was surveyed in 1889. Named for the first Bishop pf Athabaska, William Carpenter Bompas, (b.1834,d.1906). Map position: 48°09' 80°20'. References: V and 7R.

**BON ACCORD**, hamlet, Nichol Township, Wellington County. "Bon Accord" is the motto of Aberdeen, Scotland. This place noted only in the year 1906. No recent references shown. References: 2H.

**BON AIR**, dispersed rural community, Hennesy Township, later shown in Mowat Township, Parry Sound District. Located 2 miles from Bigwood, 1 km south of French River and 5 km northeast of Pickerel. Summer Post Office established as **BON AIR** July 1st, 1914. First Postmaster W. A. Elder. Office closed by 1964. Present approved name is **BON AIR**. Map position: 46°01' 80°34'. References: B, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**BONARLAW**, SEE: **BIG SPRINGS**, Hastings County.

**BONAR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for Andrew Bonar Law, Canadian born British Prime Minister in 1921. Map position: 48°22' 83°05'. References: V.

**BONA VISTA**, dispersed rural community, Bigwin Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on Lake of Bays, 4 km northwest of Bigwin, 8 km north of Nith Grove and 14 km southeast of Huntsville. Present approved name is **BONA VISTA**. Map position: 45°16' 79°04'. References: U, V and 5L.

**BOND HEAD #1**, SEE: **RAGG CORNER**, Durham County.

**BOND HEAD #2**, concentrated rural community, Simcoe District, Canada West, later on Town Line of Tecumseth and West Gwillimbury Townships, Simcoe County. Located 27 miles from Barrie, 6 miles southwest of Bradford on the North & Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway and 40 miles from Toronto. Post office established August 6th, 1832 and named **BOND HEAD** by first Postmaster Joel Flesher Robinson, for Sir Francis Bond Head.

Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BOND HEAD**. Population 250 in 1857, 400 in 1886 and 562 in 1976. Map position: 44°05' 79°41'. References: I, G, T, S, Z, EE, JJ, 5B, 3S, V, 5L and 6S.

BOND HEAD HARBOUR, SEE: RAGG CORNER, Durham County.

BOND HEAD HARBOUR CO. SEE: RAGG CORNER, Durham County.

BOND HEAD PORT, SEE: RAGG CORNER, Durham County.

BONDI VILLAGE, concentrated rural community, within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 1 km northeast of Lumina, 5 km south of Dwight, 5 km east of Britannia and 4 km west of Birkendale. Present approved name is **BONDI VILLAGE**. Map position: 45°18' 79°01'. References: V and 5L.

BOND'S LAKE, nursery, Home District, Canada West, later Whitchurch Township, York County. Settled in 1800 by William Bond, who planted the nursery. It became a popular picnic area in late 1800s and early 1900s. Located 22 miles north of Toronto, on the east side of Yonge Street, North of Gormley Sideroad. Nearest post office in 1848 was Richmond Hill. Annexed to Richmond Hill when York Region was established January 1st, 1974. References: C, U, PP, 3G and 2J.

BOND TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Subdivided in 1903 by Provincial Land Surveyor J. H. Shaw. Named for the Rev. G. J. Bond, Editor of the Christian Guardian in the early 1900s. Map position: 48°30' 80°44'. References: V and 7R.

BON ECHO, SEE: MASSANOGA, Frontenac and Addington Counties.

BONE PARK FARM, SEE: BOW PARK FARM, Brant County.

BONFIELD, Town, Bonfield Township, Nipissing District, later Nipissing South District. Located 20 miles east of North Bay, 2 miles south of the Trans-Canada Highway (#17) on Lake Nosbosing and on the CPR mainline at an altitude of 782 feet above sea-level. Post office opened prior to 1896. First Postmaster listed J. Cahill. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Town in 1905 and annexed to **TOWNSHIP OF BONFIELD** January 1st, 1975. This place was first settled in 1880's by lumbermen who took the free land grants for farms. The CPR mainline arrived in 1882 and the station, at mile 2562, was named **CALLANDER**, which is now the name of a place a few miles to the west. In 1896 the name Bonfield was adopted for both the post office and the station. The Town was named Bonfield for the Surveyor of the townsite, Joseph Bonfield; an alternate theory holds that it was named for James Bonfield, the M.P. for Renfrew County. Parish name **STE. PHILOMENE**. Present approved name is **BONFIELD**. Population 403 in 1901 and 722 in 1976. Map position: 46°14' 79°09'. References: B, F, S, MM, HH, 2T, 3B, L1, SS, 2Y, 5K, V, 5L, 8K, 7R and 7D.

BONFIELD STATION, SEE: CALENDER, Nipissing District.

BONFIELD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Divided in 1881 by Ontario Land Surveyor Thomas Byrone. Incorporated January 1st, 1887. Quieting Order M1381, dated June 21st, 1954. On January 1st, 1975, Town and Township of Bonfield Amalgamated to form **TOWNSHIP OF BONFIELD**. Population 900 in 1974 and 1,961 in 1980. Map position: 46°14' 79°07'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

BONGARD, dispersed rural community, North Marysburgh Township, Prince Edward County. Located 1 km southeast of Bongards Corners, 8 km southwest of Cressy and 15 km northeast of Picton. Present approved name is **BONGARD**. Population 19 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 76°57'. References: V and 5L.

BONGARD CORNERS, hamlet, North Marysburgh Township, Prince Edward County. Located 1 km southwest of Bongard, 6 km southeast of Cressy and 17 km northeast of Picton. Present approved name is **BONGARD CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 76°56'. References: 5L and V.

**BONGARD'S CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Prince Edward District, Canada West, later North Marysburgh Township, Prince Edward County. Located east of Picton, 18 miles from Napanee, 2 miles south of Adolphustown (on the opposite shore of the Bay of Quinte), 3 miles from Prinyer and 7 miles from Waupoos East. Post office established as **BONGARD'S CORNERS** January 25th, 1848. First Postmaster John Bongard. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Name changed to **CRESSY EAST** on December 1st, 1913, in same year known as **LAKESIDE**, on March 1st, 1914 name changed back to **BONGARD'S CORNERS**, and March 31st, 1914 name again changed to **CRESSY**. Present approved name is **CRESSY**. Population 200 in 1875 and 25 in 1893. Map position: 44°03' 76°56'. References: A, I, U10, SS, V, 6T, 5L and 8Q.

**BONHEUR**, railway point, Algoma District, later Thunder Bay District. Located 135 miles northwest of Port Arthur and on CPR main line, at mile 1778, between the stations Falcon and Martin, (1888). Altitude 1,530 feet above sea level. Post office established August 1st, 1897. First Postmaster Denis W. McTigue. Office closed December 31st, 1928. Named for Rosa Bonheur, the French artist (1822 to 1899) who wore trousers and smoked cigarettes. First mail carried by horse drawn stage coach. Present approved name is **BONHEUR**. Population 20 in 1893. Map position: 49°19' 91°20'. References: R2, S, Z, Elinor Barr, PP, L1, U10, V, 7F, 6T, 6Z and 8G.

**BONIE NEW DUNDEE**, urban community, Wilmot Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 10 miles southwest of Berlin, 6 miles north of the CPR at Ayr and 6 miles south of Petersburg. Post office opened as **NEW DUNDEE** on April 6th, 1852. First Postmaster F.G. Miller. Founded by John Miller who settled in 1830. The original name came from the classic City on the Firth of Tay, Scotland. Name changed to **NEW DUNDEE** shortly thereafter.Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **NEW DUNDEE**. Population 100 in 1853, 300 in 1856 and 741 in 1976. Map position: 43°21' 80°31'. References: B, I, T, S, U, AA, 2W, 2Y, 3K, 7A, 8Q, V and 7D.

**BONINVILLE**, concentrated rural community, Rayside Township, Algoma District, later Part of Town of Rayside-Balfour. Located on the Snake River, 7 miles from Chelmsford, 16 miles from Sudbury and 3 miles from CPR station of Azilda. Post office established as **BONINVILLE** on October 1st, 1905. First Postmaster Gideon Bonin. Office closed December 14th, 1935. Settled by the four Bonin brothers in early 1900s and named for them. Present approved name is **BONINVILLE**. Population 30 in 1908 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 46°36' 81°05'. References: 6T, S, U, MM, PP, V and 7S.

**BONIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for David Bonis, M.P.P. in 1929 for Perth South. Map position: 48°56' 79°50'. References: V.

**BONNECHERE**, dispersed rural community, Richards Township, Renfrew County. Located 30 mlies southwest of Pembroke, 36 miles from Eganville and one mile from the mouth of the Bonnechere River, from which it is named. Post office established as **BONNECHERE** in 1879. First Postmaster Daniel McDonald. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is **BONNECHERE**. Population 100 in 1885 and 70 in 1908. Map position: 45°39' 77°34'. References: 7D, B, I, T, S, Z, PP, 3R, V, 5V and 5L.

**BONNECHERE POINT**, post office, Horton Township, Renfrew County. Post office opened October 2nd, 1865. Only Postmaster Robert Ferguson. Office closed March 1st, 1868 when he resigned, as no suitable person could be found to accept the office. (SEE: Castleford, Renfrew County, 1872.) No recent references to this office. References: I, 3P, 3Q and 7B.

**BONNEVILLE**, hamlet, Rayside Township, Algoma District. Located 7 miles from Chelmsford and 16 miles from Sudbury. Population 25 in 1913 and 93 in 1971. References: DD and 3B.

**BONNIE BRAE**, settlement, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Population 27 in 1971. References: 3B.

**BONNIE DOON**, summer settlement, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located on Lot 27, Front Concession, on Lake Huron, also 3 km north of Camlachie, 3 km northeast of Errol and 5 km southwest of Blue Point. Name not approved. Spelling of name changed in 1971 to **BONNIE DOONE**. Population 17 in 1971 and 54 in 1976. Map position: 43°04' 82°08'. References: 1H, 3B and 5L.

BONNIE NEW DUNDEE, SEE: BONIE NEW DUNDEE, Waterloo County.

BONNINGTON, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is BONNINGTON. Map position: 43°14' 79°53'. References: V.

BON SECOURS BEACH, urban community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 1/2 miles north of Alcona, 2 miles south of Glenwood and 9/10th of a mile southeast of Stroud. Post office established as GOODFELLOW BEACH, July 8th, 1948. First Postmaster Basil P. Roberts. Office appears open in 1983. Present approved names are GOODFELLOW BEACH and at the same time, with the same map position, BON SECOURS BEACH. Population 614 in 1971 and 787 in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 79°32'. References: B, SS, V, 5L, U and 6T.

BONSVILLE, dispersed rural community, Brock District, Canada West, later Blandford-Blenheim, Township, Oxford County. Located 3 miles from Bright Station , 18 miles northeast of Woodstock, 4 miles from Plattsville and 38 miles from Hamilton. Post office established October 6th, 1851 and named CHESTERFIELD. First Postmaster George Baird. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Other railway name for Bonsville was PLATTSVILLE STATION, being a station of the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway. Bonsville as a place name was retained to the mid-1870s. Present approved name is CHESTERVILLE. Population 100 in 1857 and 1,336 in 1979. Map position: 43°18' 80°40'. References: 7B, A, B, I, N, T, S, Z, 3J, 5U, V, 7B, 6T, 5L, 8Q, 6S and EE.

BONVILLE, SEE: McPHAIL CORNERS, Stormont County.

BOOKTON, dispersed rural community, Talbot District, Canada West, later Windham Township, Norfolk County and most recently is within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 18 miles northwest of Simcoe, 4 miles north of Hawtrey on Michigan Central Railway and Grand Trunk Railway and 8 miles southeast of Norwich. Post Office established as BOOKTON in 1864. First Postmaster P. N. McIntosh who served the position for 42 years. Office closed June 1st, 1914. First settler Conrad Book and place is named for him. The schoolhouse on his property was named the Book School. Present approved name is BOOKTON. Population 80 in 1875 and 18 in 1976. Map position: 42°57' 80°30'. References: A, I, S, Z, MM, V, 1D, 6T, 1N, 5L and 4B.

BOON, SEE: KIMCLARK, Algoma District.

BOON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 123, Algoma District.

BOOTH, dispersed rural community, East Ferris Township, Nipissing District. Located 4 km east of Callander, 17.5 km southeast of North Bay and 13 km north of Powassan. Present approved name is BOOTH. Map position: 46°12' 79°20'. References: V and 5L.

BOOTH, station, Thunder Bay District. Located on the north shore of Lake Superior. On Canadian Northern Railway, between the stations of Commee and Nipigon, with an altitude of 637 feet above sea level (1915). Map position: 48°16' 88°22'(approx.). No recent references to this station. References:L3.

BOOTH CROSSING, junction, Parry Sound District. This is the meeting of two lines the Canadian Northern Railway and the Nipissing and Nosbonsing Railway. The junction is between the Powassan Station and the Callander Station. Altitude at 742.6 feet above sea level. References: 8J and L1.

BOOTH LANDING, quay, Chisholm Township, Nipissing South District. A landing. Map position: 46°08' 79°13'. References: B and 9J.

BOOTH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Surveyed in 1892. Named for J. R. Booth, lumber king and railway promoter of Ottawa. Map position: 49°05' 88°22'. References: V and 7R.

BOOTHVILLE, dispersed rural community, Egremont Township, Grey County. Located 19 km east of Durham, 60 miles south of Owen Sound and 11 miles from Proton Station on the Toronto and Owen Sound Railway, later CPR. Post Office established March 1st, 1896. First Postmistress Mrs. Mary A. Booth. Office closed January 8th, 1913. Present approved name is BOOTHVILLE. Map position: 44°09' 80°37'. References: S, PP, 5U, B, V, 6T, 7E, 5L and

6S.

BORDELEAU TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 12 H, Sudbury District.

BORDEN, Village, Tosorontio Township, Simcoe County. CAMP BORDON post office established May 22nd, 1916. Office closed January 6th, 1919; BASE BORDEN, post office established December 21st, 1920; CAMP BORDEN FIELD OFFICE, post office established May 1916; CAMP BORDEN MILITARY POST OFFICE, name shortened to CAMP BORDEN June 2nd, 1953; RCAF STATION BORDEN, located 3 km southwest of Angus, 16 km north of Alliston and 14.5 km northwest of Cookston, post office established May 23rd, 1952, name changed to ANDERSON PARK January 1967. BORDEN CANADIAN FORCES BASE, Military Reserve, Population 6,901. BORDEN post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BORDEN**. Map position: 44°16' 79°53'. References: F, U, SS, V, V+, 5L, 7R, 6T and 6S.

BORDEN CANADIAN FORCES BASE, SEE: BORDEN, Simcoe County.

BORDEN FARM, suburban community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 9.5 km northwest of Elizabeth Park, 9.5 km northwest of Cedardale and 28 km northeast of Glen Cairn. Present approved name is **BORDEN FARM**. Map position: 45°21' 75°44'. References: V and 5L.

BORDENWOOD, dispersed rural community, Kennebec Township, Frontenac County. Located 10 miles from Arden, 5 miles from Dead Creek, 4.5 km north of Elm Tree and 47 km from Tichborne. Post office opened as BORDENWOOD on October 1st, 1913. First Postmaster Frank Peterson. Office closed July 1st, 1958. Present approved name is **BORDENWOOD**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°43' 47°03'. References: B, U, V, 6T and 5L.

BORDEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1905. Named for Sir Frederick William Borden, M.P.P. and Minister of the Militia in the early 1900s. Map position: 47°54' 83°11'. References: V and 7R.

BORELIA, SEE: CRANDALL'S CORNERS, Ontario County.

BORELIA HILL, SEE: CRANDALL'S CORNERS, Ontario County.

BORNHOLM, dispersed rural community, Huron District, Canada West, later Logan Township, Perth County. Located 5 miles from Mitchell, 5 miles north of Moncton and 18 miles northwest of Stratford. Post office opened as BORNHOLM on July 1st, 1863. First Postmaster Mr. T. Hegarty. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BORNHOLM**. Population 100 in 1895 and 71 in 1976. Map position: 43°32, 81°09'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3N, 1W, 5L and 7R.

BORNISH, dispersed rural community, East Williams Township, later West Williams Township, Middlesex County. Located 28 miles northwest of London and 5 miles south of Park Hill. Post office established as BORNISH on January 1st, 1874. First Postmaster John Doyle. Office closed October 1st, 1901. Present approved name is **BORNISH**. Population 25 in 1885 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 43°06' 81°41'. References: B, I, T, Z, PP, 3R, V, 7N, 5Y, 5L and 6S.

BORROMEE, settlement, Cumberland Township, Russell County, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 30 miles west of L'Orignal, 6 miles from Blackburn Station on CPR and 11 miles east of Ottawa. Post office established as BORROMEE in 1886. First Postmaster Trefle Vachon. Named after Sir Charles Borromee. Office closed February 17th, 1915. Name sometimes misspelled as BORTOMEE. Present approved name is **BORROMEE**. Population 40 in 1895 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 45°27' 75°29'. References: B, PP, I, Z, 5T, 6T, 5S and V.

BORUPS, flag station, Melgund Township, Kenora District. On spur from CPR, half mile from Borups Corners and 5 km south of Dyment Station. Present approved name is BORUPS. References: U and 5L.

BORUPS CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Melgund Township, Kenora District. Located 4.5 km south of Dyment, 45 km southeast of Dryden and 53 km northwest of Ignace. Present approved name is BORUPS CORNERS. Map position:

49°35' 92°20'. References: U, V and 5L.

BOSANQUET, SEE: EASTMAN'S CORNERS, Lambton County.

BOSANQUET TOWNSHIP, Lambton County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Surveyed in 1835. Named in honour of Charles Bosanquet, first governor of the Canada Company. First settler, Asa Townsend, arrived in 1821. Population 1,093 in 1852 and 3,131 in 1971. Map position: 43°10' 81°53'. References: HH, 1H, 2W, 3H, M, 7R and V.

BOSCHINK, SEE: BOSHINK, Peterborough County.

BOSCUNG, SEE: BOSKUNG, Victoria County.

BOSHINK, summer post office, Dummer Township, Peterborough County. Located on Bottum's Line, daily route between Lakefield and Burleigh Falls, 2 miles from Clarina and 2 miles from Mount Julian. Summer post office opened as BOSCHINK on July 1st, 1915. First Postmaster Andrew Davidson. Office closed by 1926. No recent references to this office. References: U10 and 6T.

BOSKUNG, dispersed rural community, Stanhope Township, Haliburton County. Located 14 miles north of Minden, 65 miles from Lindsay and 21 miles north of Gelert Station on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as BOSCUNG in 1879. First Postmaster Joseph Beatty. Office name changed to BOSKUNG. At times name misspelled as BOSCUNA. Present approved name is BOSKUNG. Population 10 in 1893, 99 in 1951 and 4 in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 78°45'. References: B, S, I, Z, PP, 3B, U10, V, 5B, 5L, 6T and 5S.

BOSTON #1, dispersed rural community, Talbot District, Canada West, later Townsend Township, Norfolk County, and finally Part of City of Nanticoke, within Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 14 miles north of Simcoe, 5 miles north of Waterford Station on Michigan Central Railway and 13 miles from Port Dover. Post office established as BOSTON on May 6th, 1852. First Postmaster David Morgan. Post office name changed to SHAWMUT, on September 1st, 1894 and reverted to Boston in 1896. Office closed February 1st, 1916. Place named for Boston, Mass., USA. Place retained the name Boston after the post office closed. Present approved name is BOSTON. Population 300 in 1886 and 166 in 1971. Map position: 42°59' 80°15'. References: B, I, T, Z, EE, 3B, 3K, 2W, V, 6T, 7R, 6S and 7E.

BOSTON #2, SEE: CASLOR'S CORNERS, Peel County.

BOSTON #3, hamlet, Brantford Township, Brant County. Settled in 1831. First settler James McMichael, saddler and harness maker, who named the place for Boston, Mass., USA. This man was a forebear of the McMichael's, who have the famous Canadiana Collection of Group of Seven Paintings, in Kleinburg. No recent references to this hamlet. Reference: 1T, The McMichael Collection and Grace Ryan.

BOSTON #4, dispersed rural community, Stephen Township, later McGillivray Township, Middlesex County. Located 36 miles south of Goderich and 7 miles north of Parkhill. Post office established as GREENWAY in 1879. First Postmaster W.J. Wilson. Office closed March 1st, 1914. Post office was named for the Honourable Thomas Greenway who was the South Huron M.P. in 1879. The first settler, James L. Wilson, was the father of the first Postmaster. Present approved name is GREENWAY. Population 25 in 1893 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 43°14' 81°43'. References: B, I, AA, PP, U10, 3R, V, 1G, 6T, 5V and 5P.

BOSTON CREEK, dispersed rural community, Boston Township, later Pacaud Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Located southwest of Dane, on the Ontario Northland Railway, and Highway #564, 24 miles from Englehart. Post office named BOSTON CREEK opened January 1st, 1916. First Postmaster S. Bateman. Office closed by 1971. Present approved name is BOSTON CREEK. Population 150 in 1926 and 53 in 1966. Map position: 48°00' 79°56'. References: U, MM, LL, 5A, V, 6T, 5L, 9F and Pearl Doran.

BOSTON MILLS, SEE: CASLOR'S CORNERS, Peel County.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

BOSTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Surveyed in 1887. Named for Robert Boston, M. P. in the 1890s, for South Middlesex. Map position: 48°04' 79°57'. References: V and 7R.

BOSTWICK TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 31, RANGE 23, Algoma District.

BOSWORTH, dispersed rural community, Wellington District, Canada West, later Maryborough & Peel Townships, Wellington County. Located 20 miles northwest of Guelph, 3 miles north of Drayton on the Great Western and Buffalo, later Grand Trunk, Railway, and on the Conestoga River. At one time shown on the Peel and Maryborough Township boundary in Wellington County. Post office opened as BOSWORTH in 1862. First Postmaster Martin Schneider. Office closed November 1st, 1914. First settler John Harrington in 1830. This place disappeared until 1974 when one tree was built. Present approved name is BOSWORTH. Population 100 in 1888 and 20 in 1895. Map position: 43°47' 80°39'. References: A, I, T, Z, 4A, U10, V, 6T, 5L, 7R and 6S.

BOTANY, dispersed rural community, in Western District, Canada West, later Howard Township, Kent County. Located 14 miles northeast of Chatham, 8 miles from Algonsburg, 3 miles south of Thamesville, on the Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, now CNR. Post office opened as BOTANY in 1865. First Postmaster C. McBrayne. Office closed November 15th, 1928. First settlers were the McBrayne's in the 1830's. Present approved name is BOTANY. Population 100 in 1881 and 200 in 1885. Map position: 42°23' 81°59'. References: A, I, J, PP, 3R, 11, V, 7B, 7M, 5L and 5S.

BOTHA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for South African Statesman, General Louis Botha. Map position: 46°56' 81°17'. References: V and 7R.

BOTHWELL (P.O.), SEE: MORAVIA, Kent County.

BOTHWELL, Town, Zone Township, Kent County, formerly Western District, Canada West. Located 157 miles southwest of Toronto, 22 miles northeast of Chatham and 8 miles from Florence. Post office opened as BOTHWELL in 1856 and took over the Moravia Territory on opening. Office opened September 1st, 1856. First Postmaster H. D. Munro. Office still in operation in 1983. Place was surveyed, laid out and advertised in 1854 by owner George Brown (also owner of the Toronto Globe newspaper), who named the place for the Town of Bothwell in Scotland. Settled in 1855 and 2 years later had six trains daily at the Great Western Railway Station. Incorporated as a Town, August 15th, 1866. In 1867 a population of 3,000 people appeared as the result of the discovery of oil. Present approved name is BOTHWELL. Population 700 in 1960 and 899 in 1976. Map position: 42°38' 81°52'. References: I, M, S, Z, AA, 2Y, 11, 3M, 3U, 5K, 7B, 5L, 6X and 7S.

BOTHWELL CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Sydenham Township, Grey County. Located 3 miles from Owen Sound, 5 km south of Leith and 14 km north of Chatsworth. Post office opened as BOTHWELL CORNERS on November 13th, 1905. First Postmaster Thomas H. Cole. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Present approved name is BOTHWELL'S CORNERS. Population 99 in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 80°53'. References: PP, 6T, 7S, 5L, 6S and V.

BOTHWELL DISTRICT. This area redistributed in the 1930s to Kent and Lambton Counties, from which it came. In 1867, as a result of Confederation, Upper Canada (Ontario) was allowed a number more seats in the Senate, and instituted Electoral Districts to generate those seats in the House. The object was to equalize numbers with the seats held by Lower Canada (Quebec). Bothwell was one of those Electoral Districts. Changing Electoral boundaries have obliterated these old districts. Population 20,701 in 1871 and 25,595 in 1891. References: NN, 8 and 21.

BOTHWELL STATION, railway point, Zone Township, Kent County. Map position: 42°39' 81°54'. References: V.

BOTULF STATION, station, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located on Toronto Division of CPR. Station number 1264, between the stations of Otonabee and Peterborough, in 1911. References: 10D.

BOUCHER, station, Panet Township, Sudbury District. Present approved name is BOUCHER. Map position: 47°52' 83°29'. References: V.

For references see Works Cited.

BOUCHER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Established in 1945. Named for Russell Boucher, M.P. for Carleton County. Map position: 50°17' 90°37'. References: V and 7R.

BOUCHERVILLE, SEE: BEAVER MILLS, Rainy River District.

BOUCHIER'S MILLS, SEE: BOURCHIER'S MILLS, York County.

BOUCKHILL, dispersed rural community, Williamsburgh Township, Dundas County. Located 8 miles north of Morrisburg, 33 miles west of Cornwall and 21 miles east of Prescott. Post office established as BOURCK'S HILL on April 1st, 1874. Office name spelling corrected to BOUCK'S HILL. First Postmaster Henry W. Ford. Office closed November 1st, 1918. First settler David E. Bouck for whom the place is named. Present approved name is BOUCKS HILL. Population 50 in 1895 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 44°59' 75°13'. References: V, B, S, I, Z, PP, 3R, 6T, 5V, 5Y, 5L and 7D.

BOUCK'S HILL, SEE: BOUCKHILL, Dundas County.

BOUCK TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 150, Algoma District.

BOULTER, dispersed rural community, Carlow Township, Hastings County. Located 30 miles north of Bellville and 23 miles from York River. Post office opened as BOULTER on October 1st, 1869. First Postmaster Robert Grant. Office still in operation in 1983. BOULTER STATION is on Canadian Northern Railway. Place named for Dr. G.H. Boulter. Present approved name is BOULTER. Population 80 in 1892 and 30 in 1976. Map position: 45°13' 77°38'. References: I, S, Z, PP, 3B, MM, 5W, 5L and 7R.

BOULTER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Established in 1881. Named for Dr. Henry Boulter, M.P.P., for North Hastings from 1867 to 1879. Map position: 46°07' 79°03'. References: V and 7R.

BOULTON DITCH, Monck County, a station on Buffalo and Goderich Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Located 45 1/2 miles from Brantford in 1872. No further reference to this place. References: 7B.

BOUNSALL TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 9 C, Sudbury District.

BOURASSA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for Henri Bourassa, M.P. in the early 1920s. Map position:49°46' 81°23'. References: V and 7R.

BOURCHIER'S MILLS, hamlet, Home District, Canada West, formerly Upper Canada, later Georgina Township, York County. Located 10 miles from Bell Ewart, 26 miles form Newmarket and 50 miles from Toronto. Post office established as GEORGINA, October 6th, 1831. First Postmaster James O'Brien Bourchier. Office name changed to SUTTON WEST in 1885. Office still in operation in 1983. Local names SUTTON MILLS and SUTTON. First settler in 1822 was Captain Bouchier, who commanded Fort Penatanguishene, during the 1812-1814 war. Sutton was named for a Parish in Yorkshire, England and was Incorporated as a Village in 1890. Incorporated into the Township of Georgina, January 1st, 1971, and is now within Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is SUTTON WEST. Population 686 in 1891 and 3,655 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 79°22'. References: 8A, C, 2J, I, A, EE, 3S, SS, 7B, 7X, HH, 2T, 3B, U10, 2Y, 5K, 7V, 5P and 9J.

BOURCHIER'S POINT, Georgina Township, York County. Located 1 1/2 miles north of Sutton, 55 north of Toronto and at the Terminus of the Toronto and Nipissing Railway. The place is named for Mr. John Mills Jackson who settled on the south shore of Lake Simcoe in 1812. Summer post office opened as JACKSON'S POINT August 1st, 1902. First Postmaster Wilfrid Norton. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is JACKSONS POINT. Population 25 in 1893 and 80 in 1966. Map position: 44°20' 79°22'. References: 3G, B, S, AA, DD, 3G, 5A, 2J, V, 7P and 7V.

BOURDAGES CORNER. Algoma District. Located 3 km northwest of Bellevue, 5 km east of Goulais Bay and 24 km north of Sault Ste. Marie. Present approved name is BOURDAGES CORNER. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°44' 84°18'. References: 5L and 9J.

**BOURDEAU**, dispersed rural community, Ryerson and McMurrich Townships, Parry Sound District. Located 40 miles northeast of Parry Sound and 50 miles north of Gravenhurst, 2 miles from Whitehall Station, on the North and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, and 5 miles from Sprucedale. Post office established as **BOURDEAU** in 1879. First Postmaster Gustavus Hamilton. Office closed January 1st, 1967. Present approved name is **BOURDEAU**. Population 60 in 1893 and 75 in 1908. Map position: 45°30' 79°33'. References: I, Z, U10, V, 5V, 5L, 6S and 6T.

**BOURGET**, SEE: THE BROOK, Russell County.

**BOURINOT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Surveyed in 1919. Named for Sir John Bourinot, Canadian Historian of the 1800s. Map position: 49°07' 82°55'. References: V and 7R.

**BOURKES**, dispersed rural community, Benoit Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Located 7 miles from Sesikinika Lake and 12 miles from Clay Belt. Post office opened as **BOURCKES** on February 16th, 1914. First Postmaster David Baker. Office closed October 31st, 1969. Present approved name is **BOURKES**. Population 149 in 1951 and 51 in 1976. Map position: 48°17' 80°14'. References: U, 3B, V, 6T and 5L.

**BOURKS HILL**, SEE: BOUCKS HILL, Dundas County.

**BOURK'S STATION**, Oso Township, Addington County, later Frontenac County. Located 51 miles north of Kingston, 4 miles from Sharbot Lake and on the Kingston & Pembroke Railway, later CPR. Post office opened as **BOURK'S STATION** on November 1st, 1878. First Postmaster Solomon C. Bourk. Office name changed to **OSO STATION**, in 1883. Office closed December 24th, 1952. Place name changed to **OSO**, and designated as a dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is **OSO**. Population 150 in 1892, 200 in 1913 and 22 in 1979. Map position: 44°49' 76°41'. References: I, S, 5L, 5T, PP, 5V, 6T and V.

**BOWEETING**, SEE: BAWITING, Algoma District.

**BOWELL**, post office, Landsdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 20 miles west of Brockville. Post office established 1895. First Postmaster Robert Leeder. Office closed August 1st, 1913. No recent reference to this office. References: I, S, PP, 5U and 6T.

**BOWELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1857. Named for Sir Mackenzie Bowell. Prime Minister of Canada in 1894. Map position: 46°46' 81°07'. References: V.

**BOWEN**, SEE: CULBERTSON'S WHARF, Hastings and Lennox County.

**BOWEN CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Dungannon Township, Hastings County. Located 4 km north of Egan Creek, 7.5 km east of Bronson and 14 km west of Hartsmere. Present approved name is **BOWEN CORNER**. Map position: 45°04' 77°42'. References: B, V and 5L.

**BOWEN**, station, Cavell Township, Sudbury District. Population not shown in 1974. Present approved name is **BOWEN**. Map position: 47°29' 82°27'. References: V.

**BOWERMAN'S**, dispersed rural community, Hallowell Township, Prince Edward County. Located 2 km south of Allisonville, 5 km east of Melville and 7 km north of Wellington. Present approved name is **BOWERMANS**. Map position: 44°01' 77°22'. References: V and 5L.

**BOWERMAN'S HOLLOW**, concentrated rural community, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Also shown as **BOWERMAN'S SETTLEMENT**. Located 35 miles southwest Barrie and 5 miles west of Creemore on the North and Northwestern railway, Later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **DUNEDIN** in 1866. First Postmaster John J. Carruthers. Named by the first Postmaster the name means "Edward's Fortress". Office closed June 8th, 1917. Present

approved name is **DUNEDIN**. Population 350 in 1886 and 85 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 81°10'. References: I, T, 7M, Z, JJ, 3B, V, 6T, SS, 2Y and PP.

**BOWERMAN'S SETTLEMENT,** SEE: **BOWERMAN'S HOLLOW**, Simcoe County.

**BOWER'S BEACH**, hamlet, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 km southeast of Collingwood, 8 km northeast of Stayner and 11 km west of Jack Lake. Present name is not approved. Population 211 in 1971 and 294 in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 80°09'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

**BOWER'S MILLS**, hamlet, Camden East Township, Addington, later shown in Lennox and Addington County. Located on the Napanee River, five miles northeast of Napanee the County Seat, 2 km southwest of Newburgh and 8 km east of Selby. Post office established as **NAPANEE MILLS** in 1866. First Postmaster H. M. Wright. Office name changed to **STRATHCONA** on June 1st, 1900 for Lord Strathcona. Office closed June 8th, 1917. This place was originally named for John Bower who built the first saw mills and was the first settler. It had the name of **YANKEE MILLS** for a period of seven years before the post office opened. Present approved name is **STRATHCONA**. Population 100 in 1875 and 105 in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 76°54'. References: 2Y, I, AA, A, 7M, 4E, B, 3B, 6T, 5L and 7B.

**BOWERMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Named for T. Bowerman, M.P.P. of Prince Edward-Lennox in 1934. Map position: 50°59' 92°45'. References: V and 7R.

**BOWER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Established in 1885. Named for the Parish of Bower in Caithness, Scotland. Map position: 45°44' 78°26'. References: V and 7R.

**BOWESVILLE**, hamlet, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. Located 8 miles south of Ottawa and 2 miles south of Gloucester. Post office opened as **BOWESVILLE** in 1885. First Postmaster J. Gamble. Office closed April 1st, 1928. **BOWESVILLE STATION** on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa branch of CPR, 8 km from Manotick Station, (1978). Present approved name is **BOWESVILLE**. Population 48 in 1893 and 50 in 1926. References: I, S, Z, MM, U10, 6T and 5P.

**BOWKER**, dispersed rural community, McTavish Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 4 km southwest of Dunnet, 8 km northeast of Pearl and 37 km southwest of Red Rock. Present approved name is **BOWKER**. Map position: 48°44' 88°38'. References: U, V and 5L.

**BOW LAKE**, hamlet, Faraday Township, Hastings County. Located 3 miles northeast of Paudash and 3 miles southeast of Monck Road. Population 107 in 1961 and 38 in 1976. References: B, 3B, 5A and 6M.

**BOWLANDS BAY,** SEE: **BOLAND'S BAY**, Sudbury District.

**BOWLING GREEN**, dispersed rural community, Amaranth Township, Dufferin County, formerly in Wellington County. Located 12 miles northwest of Orangeville the County Seat, 4.5 miles north of Waldemar Station and 5 miles west of Laurel. Post office opened as **BOWLING GREEN** on January 1st, 1870. First Postmaster William B. Jelly. Office closed December 15th, 1915. The first name suggested for the place was **JELLYVILLE**, for the Postmaster, and **CONNERVILLE** was suggested by the other early settler, Mr. Conner. The matter was settled by a Mr. Mole donating a jug of whiskey for the two men to share if he was allowed to name the office. He gave the name **BOWLING GREEN** for a "pretty place" he had visited in the United States. Present approved name is **BOWLING GREEN**. Population 100 in 1886 and 50 in 1913. Map position: 43°56' 80°16'. References: I, T, Z, DD, MM, V, 6T, 5L, 5W, 6S and 7D.

**BOWLKER RIDGE**, suburban community, Neebing Township, Thunder Bay District. Population 224 in 1961 and 205 in 1966. References: 5A.

**BOWMANTON,** SEE: **BOMANTON**, Northumberland County.

**BOWMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for the Bowman family of Waterloo. Map position: 48°30' 80°29. References: V and 7R.

BOWMANVILLE, SEE: BARBER'S CREEK, Durham County.

BOWMORE, SEE: CORNERS #3, Simcoe County.

**BOWOOD**, dispersed rural community, London District, Canada West, later Lobo Township, Middlesex County. Located 20 miles northwest of London and 3 1/2 miles south of Ailsa Craig. Post office established as **BOWOOD** on January 1st, 1862. First Postmaster A. Bell. Office closed July 9th, 1913. Present approved name is **BOWOOD**. Population 15 in 1893 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 43°05' 81°32'. References: A, I, S, Z, MM, PP, U10, 3N, V, 6T, 7N, 5L and 6S.

**BOW PARK FARM**, post office, Brantford Township, Brant County. Located 4 miles from Brantford, 2 1/4 miles from Cainsville and 1 1/2 miles from Echo Place. Post office established as **BOW PARK FARM** on April 1st 1913. First Postmaster J.J. Nairn. Office closed February 3rd, 1925. On official post office listing was made to correct an error listing for **BONE PARK FARM**, a post office, established March 27th, 1913. No further reference to this office after closing date. References: 6T.

**BOWSERS CORNERS**, local name, Billings Township, Manitoulin District. Located 1 km south of Billings, 5 km northwest of West Bay and 8 km southeast of Kagawong. Present approved name is **BOWSERS CORNER**. Map position: 45°50' 82°13'. References: B, V+ and 5L.

**BOWYER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for P. H. Bowyer, M.P.P. for East Kent, 1905. Map position: 48°56' 80°13'. References: V and 7R.

**BOX ALDER**, dispersed rural community, Devlin Geographic Township, Rainy River District, formerly Section 9, Township 5, Range 29 east, in Algoma District. Located 3 miles from Devlin Station on CNR and 4 miles north of Big Fish post office on Rainy River. Post office established as **BOX ALDER** on July 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Charles W. Hughes, who also named the place for the Box Alder trees on the banks of the river, nearby. Office closed May 9th, 1914. Present approved name is **BOX ALDER**. Map position: 48°34' 93°41'. References: S, PP, V, 6T, 7M, 5L and 7D.

**BOXALL**, hamlet, Southwold Township, Elgin County. Located one mile from Lake Erie, 10 miles southwest of St. Thomas and 4 miles northwest of Port Stanley. Post office opened as **BOXALL** in December of 1892 and was named for the first Postmaster, Harry Boxall. Office closed May 23rd, 1910. Present approved name is **BOXALL**. Population 25 in 1895. Map position: 42°39' 81°20'. References: I, S, Z, PP, 6T and 7D.

BOX GROVE, SEE: SPARTA #2, York County.

**BOYCE**, station, Nipissing District. Located on the Northern Ontario Railway and 1 mile south of Boyce's Lake. Noted in 1908, only. References: PP.

**BOYCE'S LAKE**, station, Nipissing District. Located north of Boyce Station and south of Redwater Station, on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Noted in 1908, only. References: PP.

**BOYCE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1907. Named for A. C. Boyce, M.P. for Sault Ste. Marie. Map position: 49°55' 85°13' References: V and 7R.

BOYD #1, SEE: DOUGLAS STATION, Renfrew County.

BOYD #2, SEE: BOYD SETTLEMENT, Lanark County.

BOYDS, SEE: BOYD SETTLEMENT, Lanark County.

**BOYD SETTLEMENT**, dispersed rural community, Lanark Township, Lanark County. Located 7 miles southwest of Carleton Place, 2.5 miles southeast of Halpenny and 5 miles northeast of Ferguson Falls. Named **BOYD** for the first settlers, a Boyd family who arrived in the 1820's. At times known as **BOYD'S SETTLEMENT**. Present approved name is **BOYDS**. Population 76 in 1951 and 5 in 1976. Map position: 45°06' 76°15'. References: V, B, 5L and 7R.

**BOYD'S SETTLEMENT**, SEE: **BOYD SETTLEMENT**, Lanark County.

**BOYD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Established in 1883. Named for the Honourable John Alexander Boyd, Chancellor of Ontario and President of the Ontario High Court of Justice, 1880. Map position: 46°07' 78°39'. References: V and 7R.

**BOYLE #1**, dispersed rural community, Gainsborough Township, Lincoln County, now West Lincoln Township in Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 15 miles southwest of St. Catharines, 3 miles from Perry Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 10 miles from Welland. Post office opened as **BOYLE** in 1887. First Postmaster George Putman. Office closed August 31st, 1912. Present approved name is **BOYLE**. Population 25 in 1893 and 107 in 1976. Map position: 43°01' 79°25'. References: B, I, S, Z, U10, V, 6T, 5T and 5L.

**BOYLE #2**, hamlet, Trafalgar Township, Halton County. Located 3 miles southeast of Milton the County Seat. This office is not listed as to opening and closing dates but does show in 1907 as having as Postmaster Richard Dolby. He is properly listed as Postmaster at the office named "Boyne." It may be a clear case of misspelling the office name. References: S.

**BOYLE'S BRIDGE**, named for James Boyle, a settler in Darling Township, Lanark County in 1905. No recent references to this place. References: 7D.

**BOYLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1923. Map position: 49°54' 82°22'. References: V and 7R.

**BOYNE**, dispersed rural community, Gore District, Canada West, later Trafalgar Township, Halton County, now Part of the **TOWN OF MILTON**, within Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 3 miles from Milton, on 16 Mile Creek and 5 miles from Bronte. Post office opened as **BOYNE** on March 1st, 1862. First Postmaster E. McLernan. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Local name **THE BOYNE**. First settled in 1819. Edward McLernan was the first resident in the village and the first names suggested for the post office were "McLARNANVILLE" or "McLARNEN'S CORNERS".The spellings should probably be **McLERNANVILLE** and **McLERNAN'S CORNERS**. The person who suggested the name **THE BOYNE**, was John White,M.P. Present approved name is **BOYNE**. Population 10 in 1893 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 43°29' 79°50'. References: A, I, Z, MM, PP, U10, V, 7B, 6T, 6S and 9A.

**BOYNE MILLS**, hamlet, Wellington County, later Dufferin County. Located 6 miles from Grand Trunk Railway Station at Everett. Population 10 in 1893. No recent references to this hamlet. References: S and U10.

**BOYS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Named for W. A. Boys, Former M. P. Map position: 49°44' 94°50'. References: V and 7R.

**BRACCI TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 22, RANGE 14**, Algoma District.

**BRACEBRIDGE**, SEE: **NORTH MILLS**, Muskoka District.

**BRACKENRIG**, dispersed rural community, Watt Township, Muskoka District, later within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 13 miles northwest of Bracebridge and 4 miles from Port Carling. Post office established as **BRACKENRIG** in 1876. First Postmaster John Davidson. Office closed December 1st, 1945. First settler Benjamin Hardcastle in 1860's. Present approved name is **BRACKENRIG**. Population 52 in 1885 and 55 in 1951. Map position: 45°07' 79°31'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3R, V, 5V, 6T, 5L, 7R and 6S.

**BRACKIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for Robert L. Brackin, M.P.P. for Kent West,

1920s. Map position: 48°20' 83°49'. References: V and 7R.

BRACONDALE, hamlet, York Township, York County. Located 4 miles northwest of Toronto, 2 miles from Toronto Junction and 1/2 mile west of Bathurst, which was a suburb of Toronto. Post office opened as BRACONDALE in 1883. First Postmaster Frank Turner. Office status changed to Toronto sub-office #36, in 1909. Station name BATHURST STREET JUNCTION STATION on Grand Trunk Railway in 1909. This place later absorbed by Toronto. Population 250 in 1893 and 400 in 1907. References: I, T, S, Z, AA, U10, SS and 5P.

BRADBURN SUBDIVISION #1, subdivision, Dereham Township, later Southwest Oxford Township, Oxford County. Population 74 in 1961 and 103 in 1971. References: 3B and 5A.

BRADBURN SUBDIVISION #2, subdivision, West Gwillimbury Township, Simcoe County. Population 181 in 1966 and 124 in 1971. References: 6M.

BRADBURN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1904. Named for Thomas E. Bradburn, M.P.P. for West Peterborough, 1900. Map position: 49°07' 81°34'. References: V and 7R.

BRADENS, station, Northumberland County, on the CB & M Railway. This station appeared in use in 1895. No recent references. Reference: Z.

BRADENS BAY, dispersed rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 km northeast of Oro Station, 3 km southwest of Simcoeside and 5 km east of Guthrie. Present approved name is BRADENS BAY. Map position: 44°28' 79°30. References: V and 5L.

BRADETTE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed 1900. Established 1945. Named for Joseph A. Bradette, M.P. for Cochrane District, 1940. Map position: 49°30' 79°36'. References: V and 7R.

BRADFORD, SEE: MILLOY'S, Simcoe County.

BRADFORD MARSH, hamlet, Gwillimbury West Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 km northwest of Ansnorveldt, 4 km south of Bradford and 9 west of Bond Head. Name not approved. Population 199 in 1961 and 117 in 1976. Map position: 44°05' 79°33'. References: 3B, 5A, 6M and 5L.

BRADLEY #1, dispersed rural community, Greenock Township, Bruce County. Located 14 miles northwest of Walkerton and 6 miles from Paisley. Post office opened as BRADLEY in 1884. First Postmaster Alex MacDonald. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Listed as BRODLEY on 1885 map. Present approved name is BRADLEY. Population 100 in 1893 and 50 in 1895. Map position: 44°15' 81°18'. References: S, Z, U10, 6T, 5P, 6S, V and 5L.

BRADLEY #2, SEE: TREADWELL MINE, Sudbury District.

BRADLEY #3, dispersed rural community, Phelps Township, Nipissing District. Located 11 km east of Feronia, 3 km southeast of Balsam Creek, 17 km north of Bonfield and 30 km south of Eldee. Post office opened as BRADLEY on October 13th, 1925. First Postmaster Charles Durbin. Name changed to SONGIS August 1st, 1927. Office closed March 31st, 1964. Present approved name is SONGIS. Population 50 in 1941 and 11 in 1976. Map position: 46°22' 79°12' References: SS, 6T, V, U and 3B.

BRADLEY #4, dispersed rural community, Dover Township, Kent County. Located 4 km north of Jeanettes Creek, 5 km west of Bagnall and 15 km south of Mitchell Bay. Present approved name is BRADLEY. Map position: 42°20' 82°25'. References: B and 5L.

BRADLEY #5, SEE: PLATINUM, Algoma District.

BRADLEY #6, locality, South Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 5 1/2 miles from Pendleton Station on CPR. Post office opened as BRADLEY CREEK on December 15th, 1905. First Postmaster Alfred Bradley. Office closed August 21st, 1929. Original name suggested for the post office was BRADLEY. Named for first Postmaster.

Present approved name is **BRADLEY**. Map position: 45°25' 75°01'. References: S, PP, V, 7S, 6T and 7D.

BRADLEY CREEK, SEE: BRADLEY, Prescott County.

BRADLEY HOLLOW, settled by the Bradley family in 1878, Haldimand Township, Northumberland County. This is the only reference to this place. Reference: 10.

BRADLEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1923. Named for John C. Bradley, M.P.P. for Renfrew North, 1930s. Map position: 50°02' 82°22'. References: V and 7R.

BRADLO, post office, Kendall Township, Cochrane District. Located 4 1/2 miles from Jogues and 6 3/4 miles south of Hearst. Post office established as BRADLO on January 3rd, 1936. First Postmaster Paul Svos. Office closed August 11th, 1944. No recent references to this office. References: U and 6T.

BRADSHAW #1, dispersed rural community, Sombra Township, Lambton County. Located 2 miles from Petrolia, 20 miles southeast of Sarnia and 5 miles south of Michigan Central Railway at Brigden Station. Post office opened as BRADSHAW on October 1st, 1874. First Postmaster William Bradshaw for whom the office is named. Office closed December 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **BRADSHAW**. Population 100 in 1893 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 42°45' 82°16'. References: T, 2Z, S, Z, MM, PP, 1H, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

BRADSHAW #2, dispersed rural communtiy, Bedford Township, Frontenac County. Located 3 km northeast of Ticheborne, 6 km southeast of Camp Oconto, and 9 km west of Burridge. Present approved name is **BRADSHAW**. Map position: 44°41 76°39'. References: V.

BRADSHAW TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°30' 91°49'. References: V.

BRADY, dispersed rural community, Hindon Township, later Anson, Hindon and Minden Township Haliburton County. Located 3 km west of Hindon Hall, 8 km southwest of Buttermilk Falls and 10 south of Pine Springs. Present approved name is **BRADY LAKE**. Map position: 45°03' 78°50'. References: V+ and 5L.

BRADY LAKE, SEE: BRADY, Haliburton County.

BRADYVILLE, hamlet, Alfred Township, Prescott County, formerly Ottawa District, Canada West. Located 10 miles soutwest of L'Orignal, 7 miles south of Montibello 3 miles from Alfred Station, also on Highway #17, 42 miles east of Ottawa. Post office opened 1842 and named ALFRED for the Township. This place was named for Thomas Brady, first Postmaster and first pioneer who built a hotel in the early 1800's. Post office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village June 22nd, 1916, and as a Village January 1st, 1952, both named Alfred. Station name ALFRED STATION, on the CPR at mile 2836, east of Caledonia Springs Station (1903). Parish name ST. VICTOR. Local name CARRIER'S CORNERS, an early name, associated with Alfred in 1908. Present approved name is **ALFRED**. Population 500 in 1895 and 1,105 in 1976. Map position: 45°33' 74°53'. References: I, 2T, M, T, S, Z, MM, HH, 2Y, 3R, SS, V, 5K, 7B, 5L, D and 8K.

BRAEDALE, urban community, Grantham Township, Lincoln County, later Part of City of St. Catharines, within Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 2 1/2 miles from St Catherines, 12 from miles from Fonthill and 6 miles from Jordan. Post office opened as BRAEDALE on December 1st, 1949. First Postmaster Henry H. Miller. Post office status changed to sub-post office #8, of St Catharines, on June 7th, 1954. Present approved name is **BRAEDALE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°08' 79°15'. References: B, 6S, V, U and 6T.

BRAEHEID SURVEY. Flamborough East Township, Wentworth County. Population 124 in 1961 and 139 in 1966. References: 5A and 6M.

BRAE LAKE, hamlet, Machar Township, Parry Sound District. Located 7 km northwest of South River, 14 km north of Sundridge and 17 km southeast of Commanda. Name spelled as BRAIE LAKE between 1907 and 1914. Post office opened as BRAE LAKE in 1884. First Postmaster James N. Guess. Office closed as BRAI LAKE on May 1st, 1914. Name spelling changed to BRAY LAKE, in 1972 and designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name

is **BRAY LAKE**. Population 25 in 1893 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°53' 79°26. References: I, Z, U10 and 5P.

**BRAEMAR**, dispersed rural community, West Zorra and East Zorra Townships, Oxford County, formerly in Brock District, Canada West. Located 8 miles from Woodstock and 3 1/2 miles from South Zorra. Post office established as **BRAEMAR** on January 1st, 1862. First Postmaster J. Forbes Jr. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **BRAEMAR**. Population 75 in 1893 and 40 in 1976. Map position: 43°11' 80°51'. References: A, I, Z, U10, 3N, V, 7B, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**BRAEMAR PARK**, urban community, Part of **CITY OF OTTAWA**, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Map position: 45°22' 75°45'. References: V.

**BRAESIDE**, Village, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located 50 miles southeast of Pembroke, 3 miles northwest of Arnprior and 2 1/2 miles from CPR at Sand Point Station. Post office opened as **BRAESIDE** in 1872. First Postmaster John Gillis. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Braeside Village on December 31st, 1921. Surveyed and named by W.J. McDonald, Deputy Land Surveyor (1886). Present approved name is **BRAESIDE**. Population 300 in 1893 and 538 in 1976. Map position: 45°28' 76°24'. References: I, M, S, Z, HH, 2T, 2Y, U10, V, 5L and 8K.

**BRAGG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. 'Surveyed in 1930. Named for William H, Bragg, M.P.P. Map position: 49°23' 80°23'. References: V and 7R.

**BRAID STATION**, station, Burk Township, Kenora District. Located on Fort William Division of CPR. Station number 5061, between the stations of Bonheur and Ignace, in 1911. References: 10B

**BRAIE LAKE**, SEE: **BRAE LAKE**, Parry Sound District.

**BRAIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for Canon William John Brain of the Anglican Church of Canada. (after 1920.) Map position: 50°48' 82°00'. References: V and 7R.

**BRAITHWAITE TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 9 B**, Sudbury District.

**BRAMALEA**, urban community, Chinguacousy Township, Peel County. Located 2 miles east of Brampton, 4 miles north of Highway #401 and 25 miles northwest of Toronto, on Highway #7. The origin of the name Bramalea was the combination of the parts of two names, BRAmpton and MAlton, and the word 'LEA', which means meadow. This development started in 1958 and by 1978 the population count had reached 45,000. Post office opened as **BRAMALEA** on February 12th, 1962. First Postmaster Irwin Wallen. Office status changed to Sub-post office of Brampton on annexation in January, 1974. **NORTHGATE** is an area within the Bramalea Developement. On January 1st, 1974, Bramalea was annexed to **BRAMPTON** and now forms Part of the Regional Municipality of Peel.Present approved name is **BRAMALEA**. Map position: 43°44' 79°43'. References: B, 3G, 3C, V, 6T and 7R.

**BRAMALEA CITY CENTRE**, an area in the Bramalea Development, and which at the present time forms a Part of the City of Brampton, within Regional Municipality of Peel. References: 3C.

**BRAMALEA WOODS**, or **BRAMALEA WOOD**, an area in the Bramalea Development, designated as an urban community, and shown as Part of the City of Brampton, within Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is **BRAMALEA WOODS**. Map position: 43°43' 79°44'. References: 3C and V.

**BRAMLEY**, railway point, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 8 miles southeast Barrie, and 1 mile south of Craigvale. **BRAMLEY STATION**, on Northern and North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **BRAMLEY** on September 1st, 1869. First Postmaster James Black Jr. Office closed May 1st, 1897. Present approved name is **BRAMLEY**. Population 50 in 1885 and 60 in 1895. Map position: 44°19' 79°36'. References: I, Z, V, 7F, 5V, 5W, and 6S.

**BRAMPTON**, SEE: **BUFFY'S CORNERS**, Peel County.

**BRAMPTON MUNICIPALITY**, includes the community of Bramalea, in 1984. Reference: F.

**BRAMSHOT**, Orillia Township, Simcoe County, in the Cumberland Beach area. Population 121 in 1971. References: 3B and 6M.

**BRANCHTON**, concentrated rural community, North Dumfries Township, Waterloo County, formerly Wellington District, Canada West and now within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 18 miles southeast of Berlin (later Kitchener), 6 miles from Galt and 25 miles from Hamilton. Post office established as **BRANCHTON** on August 6th, 1852. First Postmaster P. Marshall. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BRANCHTON**. Population 210 in 1893 and 236 in 1976. Map position: 43°18' 80°15'. References: I, S, EE, 3B, U10, 2W, 2F, V, 7A, 5L and 6S.

**BRANDENBURGH**, SEE: **WILSON'S CORNERS**, Leeds County.

**BRANDER**, post office, Shackleton Township, Timiskaming District. Located 1 miles from Gregoires Mills, 2 1/2 miles from Strickland and 5 miles from Fauquier. Mail received 3 times weekly from railway. Post office opened as **BRANDER** on February 7th, 1925. First Postmaster J.A. Critchley. Office closed April 29th, 1930. No further reference to this office. Reference: 6T.

**BRANDY CREEK**, hamlet, Windham Township, Norfolk County. Located on Big Creek, 9 miles northwest of Simcoe and 2 miles from Windham. Post office opened as **BRANDY CREEK** on August 1st, 1869. First Postmaster E.R. Crombie. Office closed March 1st, 1913. **BRANDY CREEK STATION** on the Port Dover and Port Huron Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. This place last noted in 1952. Population 100 in 1885 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 42°54' 80°28'. References: A, T, S, PP, 3R, 6T, 5W and 6S.

**BRANDY POINT**, dispersed rural community, Fullarton Township, Perth County. Located 2 km northeast of Munro, 5 km southwest of Mitchell and 9 km east of Staffa. Present approved name is **BRANDY POINT**. Map position: 43°26' 81°14'. References: V and 5L.

**BRANNAN**, SEE: **GARDNER'S MILLS**, Lambton County.

**BRANT**, SEE: **ELGIN #4**, Brant County.

**BRANT COUNTY**, Geographic County. On January 1st, 1852 the Counties of Wentworth, Halton and Brant were united for Municipal, Judicial and other purposes by Canada Statutes 1851, C5, as the United Counties of Wentworth, Halton and Brant. By Proclamation, dated January 22nd, 1853, Brant County was dis-united from the United Counties of Wentworth, Halton and Brant, and effective on the date, January 22nd, 1853, by Ontario Statutes 1946, C98, the Township of Tuscarora was withdrawn from the County of Brant for Municipal purposes, but remained within the County of Brant for Judicial purposes. Area of the County 421 square miles. It was formed in 1852 and in 1871 had a population of 32,259. In 1980 the population is 98,768. County named for Joseph Brant, the Mohawk Indian Chief. The County of Brant consists of: the City of Brantford, the Town of Paris, The townships of: Brantford, Burford, Oakland, Onondaga, South Dumfries and Tuscarora...except that the Township of Tuscarora continues to be withdrawn from and does not form part of the County of Brant for municipal purposes. Map position: 43°10' 80°20'. References: M, HH, 2Y, 5C, 5K and V.

**BRANTFORD**, SEE: **KANDOUCHO**, Brant County.

BRANTFORD---Amalgamation of **GRAND VIEW** post office. This was a post office from 1895-1907. Absorbed in 1907.

**BRANTFORD AIRPORT**, post office, Brantford Township, Brant County. Located 4 miles from Brantford 3 km from Burford and 2 1/2 miles from Mount Vernon. This was originally a company town, owned by Massey-Harris Corporation, near Brantford. It's satellite status was approved by a Brantford City Council decision on January 1st, 1947. Post office opened as **BRANTFORD AIRPORT** on May 28th, 1947. First Postmaster Sperry DeWitt Dunn. Office closed March 1st, 1954. No further reference to this office. References: U, 6V and 6T.

BRANTFORD, CITY OF, SEE: KANDOUCHO, Brant County.

BRANTFORD JUNCTION, station, North Norwich Township, Oxford County. Located at the crossing of the Georgian Bay & Lake Erie Railway and Grand Trunk Railway, 1 mile south of Norwich, and 26 miles northeast of Port Dover. Name changed to NORWICH JUNCTION in 1907. Sometime after January 16th, 1939, the name was changed by the railway to NORWICH EAST, to reduce confusion with two other places named Norwich. No recent references to this station. Population 10 in 1893. Map position: 42°58' 80°36'. References: S, Z, U10, PP and V.

BRANTFORD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Brant County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Population 6,410 in 1852, 4.000 in 1875 and 9,309 in 1980. First settler Isaac Fairchild Sr. Map position: 43°10' 80°18'. References: HH, M, 2W, V, 1T and Opal Howey.

BRANTFORD-TRANQUILITY, SEE: TRANQUILITY, Haldimand County.

BRANT HILLS, urban community, Part of the CITY OF BURLINGTON, within the Regional Municipality of Halton. Map position: 43°22' 79°50'. References: V+.

BRANT HOUSE, railway point, Nelson Township, Halton County. Located 1 mile from Burlington, on the North and North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, now CNR. No recent references to this railway point. Population 25 in 1893. References: S, Z and U10.

BRANTON LYONS, hamlet, Mersea Township, Essex County. Located on Lake Erie, 1 km south of Willhelm, 2 km South of Leamington and 10 km east of Kingsville. Map position: 42°02' 82°38'. References: B.

BRANT'S FORD, SEE: KANDOUCHO, Brant County.

BRANT'S VILLAGE, SEE: KANDOUCHO, Brant County.

BRANT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Bruce County. Surveyed in 1848. Incorporated January 1st, 1854 by County Bylaw, passed September 21st, 1853. This Township is in Bruce County. First settler William Johnston in 1849. Open for settlement in 1851. Population 620 in 1852 and 3,330 in 1980. Map position: 44°12' 81°08'. References: HH, M, 2W, 7R and TT.

BRAUND PORT, locality, Part of the City of Peterborough, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Present approved name is BRAUND PORT. Map position: 44°16' 78°20'. References: V+.

BRAWNY, railway point, Barron Township, Nipissing District. Station named by A.J. Hills, Superintendent of Canadian Northern Railway. Present approved name is BRAWNY. Map position: 45°54' 77°57'. References: U, V and BL.

BRAY, station, Osgoode Township, Carleton County, now within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is BRAY. Map position: 45°11' 75°38'. References: V.

BRAY LAKE, SEE: BRAE LAKE, Parry Sound District.

BRAY'S CROSSING, hamlet, Osgoode Township, Carleton County, now within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 20 miles south of Ottawa and 3 miles from CPR at Osgoode Station. Post office established as BRAY'S CROSSING in 1884. First Postmaster C. Bray. Office closed January 8th, 1913. Population 15 in 1893 and 40 in 1895. No recent references to this hamlet.References: I, Z, 6T and U10.

BRAY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 31, RANGE 18, Algoma District.

BREADALBANE, dispersed rural community, Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located 35 miles north of Cornwall the County Seat, 15 miles north of Alexandria and 2 miles northeast of Lochiel. Post office established

November 1st, 1862. First Postmaster P.M. Stewart. Office closed June 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **BREADALBANE**. Population 25 in 1885 and 17 in 1976. Map position: 45°28' 74°36'. References: I, S, Z, 3R, 3N, V, 6T, 5L and 5S.

BREADNER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1891. Named for Lloyd Samuel Breadner, first Air Chief Marshall of Canada, in 1945. Map position: 47°07' 81°54'. References: V and 7R.

BREAULT, Dymond Township, Timiskaming District. Located 2 km north of New Liskeard, 6 km south of Hanbury and 9 km east of Hillview. Population 80 in 1971 and 332 in 1976. Name not approved. Map position: 47°32' 79°40'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

BREBEUF TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1911. Named for Jean Brebeuf, Huron Missionary, 1649. Map position: 47°17' 81°37'. References: V and 7R.

BREBOUF, SEE: **MARTYR'S HILL**, Simcoe County.

BRECHIN, SEE: **GREEN VALLEY #2**, Ontario County.

BRECHIN BEACH, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Ontario, later Simcoe County. Located 3 km southwest of Brechin, 4 km southeast of Lagoon City and adjacent to Brechin Point. Present approved name is **BRECHIN BEACH**. Map position: 44°32' 79°12'. References: B, V, 5L and 6S.

BRECHIN POINT, Mara Township, Simcoe County. Located adjacent to Brechin Beach, 3 km southeast of Lagoon City and 7 km northwest of Gamebridge. Present approved name is **BRECHIN POINT**. Map position: 44°32' 79°12. References: B, V and 5L.

BRECHIN STATION, Mara Township, Ontario County. Located 1 mile west of Brechin. Station on Midland Railway, in 1877 and still located at Brechin in 1980. Served by CNR. References: 1R and 5L.

BRECKINRIDGE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for David Breckenridge Read, Mayor of Toronto, late 1850s. Map position: 48°52' 84°43'. References: V and 7R.

BRECON, hamlet, London Township, Middlesex County. Located on Siddall's Creek, 4 miles from Ilderton, 16 miles northwest of London and 7 miles east of Ailsa Craig. **BRECON STATION** on London, Huron & Buffalo Railway, Great West Railway and Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened September 1st, 1865 as **DENFIELD**. First Postmaster Benjamin W. Rosser. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **DENFIELD**. Population 120 in 1893 and 82 in 1971. Map position: 43°07' 81°26'. References: B, I, T, Z, U10, 3P, V, 7B and 6S.

BREDINS, railway point, Northumberland County. Located 9 miles from Grand Trunk Railway station at Cobourg. No recent references to this railway point. Population 25 in 1893. References: S, PP and U10.

BREEZE COMMUNITY, hamlet, Brighton Township, Northumberland County. Population 49 in 1961 and 52 in 1972. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

BREEZY BRAE, local name for a hill, near Port Credit, in Peel County, now in Mississauga City, Regional Municipality of Peel. References: 3C.

BREITHAUPT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Established in 1945. Named for L. O. Breithaupt, M. P. for Waterloo North. Map position: 50°01' 92°37'. References: V and 7R.

BREMNER, railway point, Township #70, Thunder Bay District. **BREMNER STATION** is located on CPR, at mile 2143, east of Dennison Station and 16 km west of White River. Present approved name is **BREMNER**. Population 25 in 1893 and 15 in 1908. Map position: 48°40' 85°29'. References: R2, S, Z, PP, U10, V and 8K.

BRENNAN'S CORNERS, SEE: **WILLSON'S CORNERS**, Leeds County.

**BRENNANVILLE,** SEE: **WILLSON'S CORNERS**, Leeds County.

**BRENNEN #1,** hamlet, McCraney Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Located on Rainy Lake. Named for Mr. Brennen, owner of Brennen and Son Lumber Dealers of Hamilton. The station named **BRENNEN STATION**, and served by Canada Atlantic Railway and Grand Trunk Railway, 1905. Post office established as **BRENNEN** on March 1st, 1899. First Postmaster W.H.Stinson. Office closed October 2nd, 1926. Population 300 in 1905 and 15 in 1926. No recent references to this hamlet. References: S, MM, PP, 7H, 6T and 7D.

**BRENNEN #2,** station on the Maniwaki Branch of CPR, 54 miles northeast of Ottawa in 1908. No recent references to this station. References: PP.

**BRENNEN HARBOUR,** post office, Shedden Township, Algoma District. Located 2 miles from Spanish Station on the Soo Line of CPR. Post office opened as **BRENNEN HARBOUR** on July 9th, 1906. First Postmaster John J. McGeary. Present approved name is **BRENNEN HARBOUR**. Map position: 46°11' 82°23'. References: S, PP, 7T and 5L.

**BRENT,** dispersed rural community, Deacon Geographic Township, Nipissing South District, later Deacon and Lister Townships, Renfrew County. Located 34 miles from Foss Mill and 75 miles from Pembroke. Post office established as **BRENT** on November 14th, 1927. First Postmaster J.H. Thompson. Mail is delivered 12 times per week. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was named for a house called Brentwood, which was owned by R.M. Horne-Pane. Present approved name is **BRENT**. Population 114 in 1951 and 27 in 1976. Map position: 46°02' 78°29'. References: B, 3B, 5E, V, 6T, 8L and 5L.

**BRENTHA,** dispersed rural community, Dack Township, Timiskaming District. Located 5 1/2 miles from Heaslip. Nearest station New Liskard, on Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post office established as **BRENTHA** on March 15th, 1905. First Postmaster Albert Quittenlon. Office closed January 31st, 1958. Present approved name is **BRENTHA**. Population 40 in 1908. Map position: 47°47' 79°54'. References: 7S, S, PP, V, 5L and 6T.

**BRENTWOOD #1,** SEE: **WIGGIN'S CROSSING** Simcoe County.

**BRENTWOOD #2,** station, Rainy River District. Located 50 miles from Fort Francis, on CNR, has telegraph and express office. Population 50 in 1913 and 50 in 1926. No recent references to this station. References: DD and MM.

**BRENTWOOD SURVEY,** Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County, now within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Population 258 in 1956. References: 5E.

**BRESLAU,** SEE: **CHICOPEE MILLS**, Waterloo County.

**BRESLAW,** SEE: **CHICOPEE MILLS**, Waterloo County.

**BRETHOUR,** post office, Brethour Township, Timiskaming District. Located north of Thwaites and 4 1/2 miles from Pearson. Post office established as **BRETHOUR** on March 1st, 1912. First Postmaster E.C.Jones. Office closed in 1973. Present approved name is **BRETHOUR**. Map position: 47°44' 79°34'. References: U, 22-6, V, 6T and 5L.

**BRETHOUR TOWNSHIP,** Timiskaming District. Subdivided in 1887. Incorporated October 18th, 1917, by Judge's Declaration of Incorporation, dated October 18th, 1917. Located in District of Timiskaming. Settled with the advent of Railway, in early 20th century. Named for H. W. Brethour, of Brantford. Population 210 in 1977 and 177 in 1980. Map position: 47°42' 79°28'. References: R1, HH, 7R and M.

**BREWER LAKE,** dispersed rural community, Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Located 2 km northeast of Maple Hill, 9 km east of Milburn and 12 km southwest of Seeleys Bay. Present approved name is **BREWER LAKE**. Map position: 44°24' 76°20'. References: B, V and 5L.

**BREWERS MILLS,** dispersed rural community, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County, formerly Midland District, Canada West. Located 15 miles northeast of kingston and 12 miles north of Gananoque. Post office opened as

**BREWERS MILLS** on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Robert Anglen (Anglin). Office closed by 1973. Brewer's Mills was named for Erin Brewer, the contractor for the Brewer locks in 1826. The locks are located on the Rideau Canal, on Highway #15. Religious Parish name **ST. BARNABE**. Other name for the place **UPPER BREWER'S MILLS**. Present approved name is **BREWERS MILLS**. Population 100 in 1886 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 44°25' 76°19'. References: B, I, C, S, Z, 3J, 3H, 2W, SS, V, 5L, PP, 5S, 8Q and 7D.

BREWSTER, SEE: PORT BLAKE, Huron County.

BREWSTER MILLS, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County and in Stephen Township, Huron County. In 1832, the land for Brewster's Mills was purchased from the Canada Company, for a mill site. The Mill was destroyed by rioters, who were threatened with the flooding of their farms, by the operation of the mill. Located 1 mile from Port Franks, 12 miles from Parkhill, 45 miles from Sarnia and 33 miles from Goderich. In 1845, the place was known to French settlers as **AUX CROCHES**, and an alternate spelling **EAUX CROCHES**, on the Huron County side, there was a place called **WEBSTERVILLE**, all of which came together under the name **GRAND BEND**, when the post office opened on April 1st, 1872. First Postmaster John Ironside. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village of Grand Bend on June 24th, 1951. Present approved name is **GRAND BEND**. Population 200 in 1866 and 716 in 1980. Map position: 43°19' 81°45'. References: 1H, 2Y, B, M, I, T, HH, 2T, 2Z, 5K, V, 1G and 5P.

BREWSTER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Surveyed 1908. Named for William S. Brewster, M. P. for Brant South, 1908. Map position: 47°27' 80°35'. References: V and 7R.

BRIARGREEN, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 1 km east of Leslie Park, 2 km northwest of Craig Henry and 4 km southwest of Ryan Farm. Present approved name is **BRIARGREEN**. Map position: 45°20' 75°47'. References: V.

BRIARS PARK, concentrated rural community, Georgina Township, York County, later within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 6 km from Sutton 1 1/4 miles from Jackson's Point and 3 1/2 miles from Sutton West. Present approved name is **BRIARS PARK**. Map position: 44°20' 79°20'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

BRICE HILL, SEE: BRYCE HILL, Grey County.

BRICKLEY, dispersed rural community, Percy Township, Northumberland County. Located 32 miles northeast of Coburg and 4 1/2 south of Hastings. Post office opened as **BRICKLEY** in 1888. First Postmaster Thomas O'Reilly. Office closed February 15th, 1915. Place was named for an early farmer, Mr. John Brickley. Present approved name is **BRICKLEY**. Population 50 in 1892 and 8 in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 77°56'. References: I, 7D, T, Z, AA, V, 6T, 5V and 5L.

BRICK SPUR STATION, station, McKim Township, Nipissing District. Located on Webbwood Division of CPR. Station number 4301, between the stations of Sudbury and Copper Cliff, in 1911. References: 10B.

BRIDGEBURG VILLAGE, SEE: FORT ERIE FORT, Welland County.

BRIDGEBURG TOWN, SEE: FORT ERIE FORT, Welland County.

BRIDGE END #1, hamlet, Harwich Township, Kent County. Located 5 miles from Chatham. Post office established as **BRIDGE END** on October 1st, 1863. First Postmistress Ann Warner. Office closed 1867. In 1885 it reopened on the same site and was named **LUNDY**. This office remained open for four years to 1889 when it closed. Population 20 in 1893. There is no further reference to this place. References: Z, I, U10, 3D, 4A, AA and XX.

BRIDGE END #2, dispersed rural community, Lancaster Township, Glengarry County. Located 28 miles northeast of Cornwall and 2 miles from CPR at Dalhousie Station. Post office established as**BRIDGE END** in 1878. First Postmaster W.C. McGillis. Office closed April 1st, 1899. Present approved name is **BRIDGE END**. Population 100 in 1885 and 50 in 1895. Map position: 45°16' 74°26'. References: I, Z, 3R, U10, 5V, 7H, V and 5L.

**BRIDGEFORD**, post office, Glengarry County. Office closed February 11th, 1914. No further mention of this office. References: 6T.

**BRIDGE ISLAND**, Leeds County. Fortified and Garrisoned in 1814 to protect the supply line from Lower Canada. Between 1812 and 1814, Bridge Island was the rendezvous for boats. References: 6D.

**BRIDGEN**, SEE: **BRIGDEN**, Lambton County.

**BRIDGENORTH**, urban community, Colborne District, Canada West, later Smith Township, Peterborough County. Located 6 miles northwest of Peterborough. Post office established as **BRIDGENORTH** on January 1st, 1854. First Posmaster Marcus S. Dean. Office still in operation in 1983. At times misspelled as **BRIDGEWORTH**. Present approved name is **BRIDGENORTH**. Population 150 in 1875. Map position: 42°23' 78°23'. References: I, T, Z, PP, 3E, 2M, 3K, 5K, 4F, V, 5L, 8Q, 5S and A. (SEE NORTH BRIDGE entry, page 847.)

**BRIDGEPORT #1**, Louth Township, Lincoln County, and most recently, Part of Town of Lincoln, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 5 miles west of St. Catharines. Post office established under the name **JORDAN STATION**, in 1876. First Postmaster David G. Smith. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was settled by United Empire Loyalists in 1775.Incorporated as a Police Village June 1st, 1915, effective June 5th, 1915, by County By-law #568. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Statute 1968-69,C106. Became Part of Town of Beamsville which changed on the same date to Town of Lincoln, in Regional Municipality of Niagara, effective January 1st, 1970. Present approved name is **JORDAN STATION**. Population 200 in 1892, 600 in 1905 and 317 in 1972. Map position: 43°10' 79°22'. References: I, T, S, AA, 2Y, O, V, 7D and 7L.

**BRIDGEPORT #2**, SEE: **SCHUMACKER'S MILLS**, Wellington County.

**BRIDGE RIVER**, station, Algoma District. Located 104 miles northwest of Port Arthur. Population 10 in 1893. This station located between the stations of English River and Carlstadt, on the CPR. No recent note of this station. References: Z, U10 and 6Z.

**BRIDGES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Named for the Honourable Hedgeley F. G. Bridges, Minister of Fisheries, 1940s. Map position: 49°50' 93°40'. References: V and 7R.

**BRIDGETOWN**, SEE: **SEYMOUR**, Northumberland County.

**BRIDGEVIEW #1**, SEE: **ELIGH'S**, Grenville County.

**BRIDGEVIEW #2**, urban community, Part of City of Windsor. Present approved name is **BRIDGEVIEW**. Map position: 42°17' 83°03'. References: V+.

**BRIDGEVIEW SURVEY**, dispersed rural community, Flamborugh West Township, formerly Flamborough East Township, Wentworth County, later Part of Town of Dundas. Post office established as **BRIDGEVIEW SURVEY** on December 7th, 1938. First Postmistress Mrs. May Berryman. Office closed April 1st 1965. Located 8 km from Hamilton. Present approved name is **BRIDGEVIEW SURVEY**. Population 185 in 1961 and 162 in 1971. Map position: 43°18' 79°54'. References: U, 3B, 5A, 5E, V and 6M.

**BRIDGEWATER #1**, post office, Victoria District, Canada West, later Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Located 3 miles north of Belleville, on the Moira River and 13 miles from Stirling. Canifton is designated as a dispersed rural community. Post office established as **BRIDGEWATER** on January 6th, 1853. First Postmaster Jesse F. Byam. On the December list for 1854, the name of the post office was changed to **CANIFTON**, by Jonas Canniff, the new Postmaster. Settled in 1806 by John Canniff. Present approved name is **CANNIFTON**. Office still in operation in 1983. Population 1000 in 1877 and 387 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 77°23'. References: 8Q, I, 3K, 7A, B, S, Z, 5L, V and 1E.

**BRIDGEWATER #2**, SEE: **TROY #3**. Hastings County.

BRIDGEWATER #3, known as FORT WELLAND, in 1799, in Niagara District, Canada West. Post office named BRIDGEWATER in 1835. Fort Welland changed to FORT CHIPPEWA. Fort Chippewa was a fortification in 1791 enlarged in 1814-1815 and later abandoned. Post office, named CHIPPEWA, opened in 1801, Niagara District, Upper Canada, later Stamford Township, Welland County, and most recently, in the CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. First Postmaster Robert Mecklem. Located 110 miles from York (later Toronto), 12 miles northeast of Welland and 5 1/2 miles from Niagara Falls. First settler Thomas Cummings. Has station on Michigan Central Railway. There is an electric railway connecting Chippewa (1908) with Niagara Falls. CHIPPAWA Incorporated as a Village by Act 12, vic.cap.81, and Proclamation of September 29th, 1849, effective that date. Recently designated as an urban community. Present approved name is CHIPPAWA. Population 1,200 in 1857 and 3,877 in 1972. Map position: 43°04' 79°03'. References: C, 3H, 7W, 6O, K, EE, I, T, Z, 2T, HH, 3D, 2Y, U10, V, 7V, 7X and 6S.

BRIDGEWATER #4, dispersed rural community, Goderich Township, Huron County. Located 9 miles southeast of Goderich and 4 miles northwest of Clinton. Post office established March 1st, 1855 as HOLMESVILLE. First Postmaster William Holmes from Kilkenny, Ireland, in 1832 and the place is named for him. Office closed May 27th, 1929. First settler James Johnson in 1830 or '31. Present approved name is HOLMESVILLE. Population 100 in 1886 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 43°39' 81°36'. References: 1W, I, Z, 3B, 3L, V, 1G and 6T.

BRIDGEWATER MILLS, SEE: CANBY MILLS, Welland County.

BRIDGEWORTH, SEE: BRIDGENORTH, Peterborough County.

BRIDGLAND TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Established in 1877. Named for J. W. Bridgland, Superintendent of Roads, Upper Canada, 1856 to 1879. Map position: 46°25' 83°31'. References: V and 7R.

BRIENT, railway point, Algoma District. BRIENT STATION located southeast of Wawa and a station on the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway, one mile from Michipicoten. Present approved name is BRIENT. Map position: 47°58' 84°53'. References: U, PP and V.

BRIER HILL, dispersed rural community, South Crosby and Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne Townships, Leeds County. Located 4 km east of Lyndhurst, 5 km north of Sweets Corners and 6 km west of Jones Falls. Present approved name is BRIER HILL. Map position: 44°33' 76°10'. References: V and 5L.

BRIGDEN, Village, Moore Township, Lambton County. Located 15 miles southeast of Sarnia, on Bear Creek and on Michigan Central Railway. Founded in 1873 and surveyed by Nathaniel Boswell. Named for a Railway Construction Engineer. Mr Boswell laid out the Townsite. Post office established as BRIGDEN on September 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Austin A. Smith. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village December 18th, 1903 by County Bylaw #186. On December 11th, 1926 County Bylaw 71-167, increased the area of Brigden. January 24th, 1975, Order to dissolve the Police Village of Brigden. Hearing held March 18th, 1975. Application to dissolve approved by Ontario Municipal Board Order #M74218, effective June 30th, 1975. Present approved name is BRIGDEN. Population 750 in 1892 and 548 in 1976. Map position: 42°49' 82°17'. References: A, I, P, T, Z, AA, B, 1H, 2Y, 2Z, V, 5L, 7R, 6S and 9L.

BRIGG'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Flos Township, Simcoe County. Located 18 miles northwest of Barrie the County Seat, 8 miles northeast of Stayner and 4 miles from Phelpston Station on the GTR. Post office opened as NEW FLOS in 1889. First Postmaster Robert Briggs, for whose family, being the first settlers, the place was named. Office closed August 1st, 1928. Place name was changed to NEW FLOS in 1889 to honour Lady Maitland's dog. Present approved name is NEW FLOS. Population 120 in 1895 and 200 in 1926. Map position: 44°28' 79°57'. References: B, S, I, AA, MM, JJ, 5T, PP, 6T and V.

BRIGGS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Surveyed in 1908. Named for Rev. W. Briggs, of the Methodist Church, 1908. Briggs Township was incorporated into the Improvement District of Temagami on January 1st, 1968. Map position: 47°02' 79°57'. References: V and 7R.

BRIGHAM'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Dereham Township, Oxford County. Located 24 miles southwest of

Woodstock and 4 1/2 miles west of Tilsonburgh, a station on the Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established 1881 and named DELMER. First Postmaster Thompson C. Wilcox. Office closed October 1st, 1914. Present approved name is DELMER. Population 70 in 1875 and 75 in 1907. Map position: 42°52' 80°48'. References: A, Z, PP, I, S, DD, V, 6T, 5V and 6S.

BRIGHT, SEE: PLATTSVILLE STATION #2, Oxford County.

BRIGHT ADDITIONAL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Part of Day and Bright Additional Township, Algoma District. Established in 1870s. Named for British Statesman John Bright. It is united with Day Township for Municipal purposes. Map position: 46°14' 83°22'. References: V and 7R.

BRIGHTON #1, SEE: BRIGHT-ON-CREEK, Northumberland County.

BRIGHTON #2, SEE: TOWN PLOT, Oxford County.

BRIGHTON BEACH #1, SEE: MORTON PARK, York County.

BRIGHTON BEACH #2, Flamborough East Township, Wentworth County. Population 139 in 1956. References: 5E.

BRIGHT-ON-CREEK, hamlet, Newcastle District (1802), in Upper Canada, later Brighton Township, Northumberland County. Located 26 miles from Cobourg, 91 miles east of Toronto and 1 1/2 miles north of Lake Ontario. Place known locally as SINGLETON'S CORNERS. Name changed to BRIGHTON in 1831 for the post office. First official Postmaster D. Sandford. Office still in operation in 1983. Place Incorporated as Village January 1st, 1859, under the name BRIGHTON. First settler, Obediah Simpson, a United Empire Loyalist. Religious Parish name ST. AGNES. BRIGHTON STATION is on CNR and CPR and is located at the junction of Highway #2 and #30. Present approved name is BRIGHTON. Population 1,500 in 1857 and 3,179 in 1980. Map position: 44°02' 77°44', References: F, B, I, M, C, EE, Z, HH, 2T, 2Y, SS, V, 7X, 5L and S.

BRIGHTON HARBOUR, SEE: FREEMAN'S POINT, Northumberland County.

BRIGHTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Northumberland County. Settled in 1796. Contains 46,719 acres. Incorporated January 1st, 1852. Quieting Order P5251-68, dated May 29th, 1968. Established in 1851 by an Act of Parliament (of portions of Murray and Cramahe Townships). Population 3,725 in 1852 and 3,184 in 1980. Map position: 44°07' 77°45'. References: HH, M, 2W, 7R, V and 10

BRIGHTS' GROVE, SEE: HENRY JONE'S SETTLEMENT, Lambton County.

BRIGHTSIDE, SEE: LAROCQUE'S CORNERS, LANARK County.

BRIGHT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Established in 1870s. Named for John Bright, British Statesman. Map position: 46°14' 83°16'. References: V and 7R.

BRIGNALL, SEE: BLACKSTONE, Parry Sound District.

BRIGSTOCKE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Surveyed in 1909. Named for a mining engineer and geologist, M. R. Brigstocke, 1909. Map position: 47°17' 79°57'. References: V and 7R.

BRIMACOMBE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 30, RANGE 18, Algoma District.

BRIMLEY, urban community, Part of the BOROUGH OF SCARBOROUGH, formerly Scarborough Township, York County, now in City of Scarborough, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located 1 1/2 miles from Scarborough Junction, 1 1/2 from Birnhaven and 1 1/4 miles from Iondale Heights. Post office opened as BRIMLEY on January 15th, 1955. First Postmaster Harvey Howard Nash. On June 13th, 1955, this office was made a sub-post office of Scarborough. Present approved name is BRIMLEY. Map position: 43°44' 79°15'. References: U, V and 6T.

BRIMSTONE, dispersed rural community, Caledon Township, Peel County, later Part of TOWN OF CALEDON, Regional Municipality of Peel.Present approved name is BRIMSTONE. Population 33 in 1971. Map position: 43°48' 80°00'. References: 3G, 3B, V and 6S.

BRINKA, railway point, Kenora District. BRINKA STATION on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway mainline located east of Minaki Station. Altitude 1,133 feet above sea-level. Present approved name is BRINKA. Map position: 50°00' 94°18'. References: L2, V, V+ and 5L.

BRINKLOW, railway point, Limerick Township, Hastings County. BRINKLOW STATION on the Central Ontario Railway. Located 17 miles from Bancroft. Present approved name is BRINKLOW. Map position: 44°54' 77°42'. References: U, PP and V.

BRINKMANS CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Lindsay Township, Bruce County. Located 90 miles north of Walkerton and 35 miles north of Wiarton. Post office opened as BRINKMAN'S CORNERS on January 1st, 1899. First Postmaster Joseph Brinkman. Office closed June 29th, 1946. Present approved name is BRINKMAN'S CORNERS. Map position: 45°09' 81°23'. References: S. PP. V. 7H, 6T and 5L.

BRINKWATER, post office listing in Hastings County. The office opened 1867. There is no further reference to this office. References: I.

BRINKWORTH, settlement, Rawdon Township, Hastings County. Located 6 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Stirling Station and 20 miles from Belleville. Post office opened as BRINKWORTH on July 1st, 1861. First Postmaster Alexander Fullerton. Office closed March 1st, 1864. Re-opened August 1st, 1867. Closed on October 1st, 1884. Present approved name is BRINKWORTH. Population 100 in 1875 and 10 in 1893. Map position: 44°18' 77°38'. References: A, I, PP, U10, 3W, V, 9F and 7B.

BRINLOOK, SEE: BROOKLIN #2, Ontario County.

BRINSLEY, SEE: BISBEY'S CORNERS, Middlesex County.

BRINSTON, SEE: BRINSTON'S CORNERS, Dundas County.

BRINSTON'S CORNERS, concentrated rural community, Matilda Township, Dundas County. Located 8 miles from Iroquois and 40 miles from Cornwall. Post office opened as BRINSTON'S CORNERS on July 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Charles Lock. Name changed to BRINSTON in 1909. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BRINSTON. Population 100 in 1893 and 145 in 1976. Map position: 44°56' 75°21'. References: A, I, Z, S, U10, SS, V, 5Y, 5L and 2A.

BRISBANE, dispersed rural community, Erin Township, Wellington County. Located 16 miles northeast of Guelph and 2 1/2 miles south of Erin. Post office established as BRISBANE on September 1st, 1869. First Postmaster William Boomer. Office closed February 1st, 1915. Present approved name is BRISBANE. Population 100 in 1893 and 49 in 1976. Map position: 43°44' 80°04'. References: I, S, Z, U10, 3Q, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

BRISSON, dispersed rural community, Russell Township, Russell County. Located 5 km northwest of Embrun, 6 km east of Russell and 8 km southeast of Vars. Post office opened as BRISSON on September 1st, 1907. First Postmaster Parfait Brisson, for whom the place is named. Office closed February 1st, 1918. Present approved name is BRISSON. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 75°20'. References: B, 7K, DD, V, 6T and 5L.

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP #1, this place later named TOWNSHIP OF DARLINGTON (1799), presently in Durham County. References: J, 3G, and 7W.

BRISTOL TOWNSHIP #2, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1899. Became Part of City of Timmins on January 1st, 1973. Named for Edmund Bristol, former M.P.P. Map position: 48°25' 81°31'. References: V and 7R.

**BRISTOW'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Brock District, Upper Canada, Woolwich Township, Waterloo County, Canada West, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 10 miles north of Wellington and 12 miles north of Berlin, later Kitchener. Post office established August 6th, 1849 as **WEST WOOLICH**. First Postmaster Edward Bristow. Office name changed to **ELMIRA** in 1867 and still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village in 1887 and a Town in 1922, both named Elmira, which was Incorporated into Township of Woolwich, January 1st, 1973. This place was settled in 1835 by John and Edward Bristow (brothers). The present place name **ELMIRA** is copied from the Elmira in New York State and was changed in 1886. Present approved name is **ELMIRA**. Population 1,000 in 1886 and 7,043 in 1976. Map position: 43°36' 80°33'. References: F, I, 8Q, 8P, T, S, HH, 2S, 2T, 3B, 2Y, 2F, V, 7B and 7V.

**BRITAINVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Campbell Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Located 15 miles south of Gore Bay. Post office established as **BRITANVILLE** in 1892. Spelling corrected to **BRITAINVILLE** in later listings. First Postmaster William McCormick. Post office closed December 31st, 1936. Present approved name is **BRITAINVILLE**. Population 90 in 1895 and 18 in 1976. Map position: 45°44' 82°24'. References: B, I, R2, S, Z, V, 6T and 5L.

**BRITANNIA #1**, SEE: GARDNER'S, Peel County.

**BRITANNIA #2**, SEE: BRITANNIAVILLE, Carleton County.

**BRITANNIA #3**, settlement, Lake of Bays Township, later Franklin Township, Muskoka District, now within the District Municpality of Muskoka. Located 3 miles from Portage, 26 km from Huntsville and 5 miles from Dwight. Summer post office opened as **LAKE OF BAYS**, June 1st, 1910. First Postmaster Charles A. Wilber. Office name changed to **KINGSWAY** May 1st, 1915. Office still operating as Kingsway, in settlement of Britannia, in 1973. Present approved name is **BRITANNIA**. Map position: 45°18' 79°04'. References: V, 5L, U, 6T and B.

**BRITANNIA #4**, dispersed rural community, Mulmur Township, Dufferin County, formerly shown in Simcoe County. Located 25 miles north of Orangeville, 9 miles south of Grand Trunk Railway at Creemore Station and 10 miles north of Shelburne. Post office established 1868 under the name **BLACK BANK**. First Postmaster H. Heitman. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Black Bank was named for a small Village in Ireland. Present approved name is **BLACK BANK**. Population 200 in 1895, 150 in 1908 and 15 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 80°09'. References: Z, S, I, V, 7B, 5P, 5L, 6S and 7D.

**BRITANNIA BAY**, SEE: BRITANNIAVILLE, Carleton County.

**BRITANNIA HEIGHTS**, urban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later Part of City of Ottawa, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 3/4 of a mile from Britannia Bay. Post office established as **BRITANNIA HEIGHTS** on May 16th, 1912. First Postmaster George Lark. On March 24th, 1960, this post office was made a sub-post office of Ottawa, and July 1st, 1960, was closed. Present approved name is **BRITANNIA HEIGHTS**. Map position: 45°21' 75°48'. References: U, V and 6T.

**BRITANNIA ROAD**, SEE: SEELY, Muskoka District.

**BRITANNIA STATION**, SEE: BRITANNIAVILLE, Carleton County.

**BRITANNIAVILLE**, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Located 6 miles southwest of Ottawa. First settler, John LeBreton in 1818, when the place was called Britanniaville. When the Brookville and Ottawa Railway went through the hamlet, the station was named **BRITANNIA STATION** . The extension of the Ottawa Electric Railway to the Village, led that company to give a higher sounding name than Britannia, so they had their cars lettered with the name **BRITANNIA-ON-THE-BAY**. The post office opened under the name **BRITANNIA BAY** in 1890 and changed to **BRITANNIA HEIGHTS**, March 31st 1958. First Postmistress Mrs. C. Hand. Office closed February 1st, 1964. Present approved name is **BRITANNIA BAY**. Map position: 45°22' 75°48'. References: I, Z, 5T, 6T, V, 8K, G, U10 and DD.

**BRITANNIA WOODS**, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Map position: 45°21'

75°48'. References: V.

BRITISH NIAGARA, SEE: LENOX #1, Lincoln County.

BRITON, dispersed rural community, Elma Township, Perth County. Located 23 miles north of Stratford and 5 miles south of Listowel. Post office established as BRITTON in 1882. First Postmaster Joseph Freeman. Office closed by 1970. Present approved name is BRITTON. Population 70 in 1893 and 35 in 1976. Map position: 43°41' 80°56'. References: I, Z, 3B, V, 5L, 6S, U10 and 5P.

BRITT, SEE: BYNG INLET NORTH, Parry Sound District.

BRITT, station, Henvey Township, Parry Sound District. This station is located in the community of Byng Inlet North. Map position: 45°47' 80°32'. Reference:6S.

BRITTANNIA ROAD, SEE: SEELY, Muskoka District.

BRITTON, SEE: BRITON, Perth County.

BRITTON STATION, SEE: BRITON. Perth County.

BRITTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Surveyed in 1904. Named for the Honourable B. M. Britton, former Justice of the High Court of Ontario. Map position: 49°56' 82°53'. References: V and 7R.

BROADBENT, dispersed rural community, McKellar Township, Parry Sound District. Located 20 miles northeast of Parry Sound and 8 miles from Edgington Station on the Ottawa Arnprior and Parry Sound Railway. Post office established as BROADBENT in 1879. First Postmaster Thomas Patterson. Office closed November 14th, 1964. Present approved name is BROADBENT. Population 150 in 1895 and 21 in 1976. Map position: 45°27' 79°50'. References: B, I, Z, V, 5T, 5V, 5L, 6T and 6S.

BROADCREEK, also spelled BROAD CREEK, hamlet, Sherbrooke Township, Monck Electoral County, later Haldimand County and most recently, in the Town of Dunnville, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 5 miles southeast of Dunnville (1907), 21 miles southeast of Cayuga and 8 miles from Canfield Junction. Post office opened July 18th, 1846 under the name PORT MAITLAND. First Postmaster Joshua Manly. Office closed July 1st, 1976. This place was settled prior to 1812; during the war of 1812-1814, it was a Naval Station. General Brock met his Indian Allies here, before the 'Battle of Queenston Heights'. Named PORT MAITLAND in 1830 for Governor Sir Peregine Maitland. Local names for this place included RIVER MOUTH and THE POINT. Another name for the hamlet was MAITLAND (1857). Designated as a dispersed rural community, the place is near the mouth of the Grand River on Lake Erie. PORT MAITLAND STATION on the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is PORT MAITLAND. Population 50 in 1846 and 115 in 1971; in 1976 the population was included in the new designation of the Town of Dunnville. Map position: 42°52' 79°34'. References: EE, 7B, B, G, PP, S, AA, 2W, F, 3B, 2Y, 7B, 7V, 8Q, 8P and V.

BROADCROFT, SEE: DORION LANDING, Thunder Bay District.

BROADHAGEN, SEE: BRODHAGEN, Perth County.

BROCK, hamlet, Home District, Upper Canada, later Brock Township, Ontario County, now within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Beaver River, 5 miles from Manilla and on the Toronto & Nipissing Railways, at Highways #7 and #12. Post office established as BROCK on August 6th, 1836. First Postmaster William Bagshaw. In 1868, the post office name was changed to SUNDERLAND, for the English Town of the same name. Office still in operation in 1983. Alternate names for this place were JONES' CORNER, occasionally misspelled as JONES' CORNERS and in 1866 the name was changed to JONES CORNERS. In 1871 the railway reached the Village and the station was known as SUNDERLAND STATION. First settler, Mr. McFadyen, who built the first mill. Place became the Police Village of Sunderland in 1900. Incorporation dissolved in January, 1974, and became Part of the Township of Brock, Regional Municipality of Durham. This place is now designated as a settlement, 1974.

Present approved name is **SUNDERLAND**. Population 500 in 1886 and 769 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 79°04'. References: A, I, 3S, 7B, 7X, 8E, 3G, 2Y, S, 3B, 5K and 9J.

**BROCK BEACH,** SEE: BROCKS BEACH, Simcoe County.

**BROCK GARDENS,** dispersed rural community, Flamborough West Township, Wentworth County, later within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 1 km noorthwest of Greensville, 6 km southwest of Rocky Gardens and 10 km southeast of Waterdown. Population 78 in 1961 and 163 in 1976. Present approved name is **BROCK GARDENS**. Map position: 43°17' 80°00'. References: 3B, 5A, V and 5L.

**BROCKLEY,** settlement, Westminster Township, Middlesex County. Located 1 km south of London, 4 km east of White Oak and 6 km north of Glanworth. Name misspelled as BROKLEY. Present approved name is **BROCKLEY**. Population 96 in 1951 and 92 in 1976. Map position: 42°55' 81°12'. References: V, 3B, 5A, 5E, 5L and 6S.

**BROCK ROAD #1,** SEE: JACKSON'S CORNERS #3, Ontario County.

**BROCK ROAD #2,** dispersed rural community, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Name changed to **HAMILTON CORNER**, in 1977. Map position: 43°31' 80°12'. References: B, V and V+.

**BROCK'S BEACH,** concentrated rural community, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located 4 miles from Oakview, 4 miles from Stayner and 6 miles from Collingwood. Summer post office established as BROCKS BEACH on June 6th, 1934. First Postmaster Mrs. Ella A. Lambert. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **BROCKS BEACH**. Population 43 in 1951 and 447 in 1971. Map position: 44°27' 80°06'. References: U, 3B, 5E, V, 6T and 6S.

**BROCK'S CREEK,** London District, Canada West, later Aldborough Township, Elgin County. Located 25 miles southwest of St. Thomas and 3 1/2 miles southeast of Michigan Central Railway at West Lorne Station. Post office opened as BROCK'S CREEK in 1855. First Postmaster D. McKillop. Office closed in 1857, but the name was retained by the place. In 1863, a second post office was opened on the same site and named EAGLE, for the member of that species who yearly built a nest in Mr. Archibald Graham's largest Chestnut tree and lived in it, well protected by the villagers, for many years. Office closed October 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **EAGLE**. Population 200 in 1895 and 132 in 1976. Map position: 42°34' 81°34'. References: I, EE, 3B, Z, 3N, V, 7B, 6T and 7D.

**BROCKSDEN,** dispersed rural community, North Easthope Township, Perth County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Shakespeare Station and 10 miles east of Stratford. Post office opened as BROCKSDEN on March 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Robert J. Paterson. Office closed August 1st, 1913. First settler was 'nicknamed' BROCK THE BADGER from which this place, and the post office, took the name. Present approved name is BROCKSDEN. Map position: 43°23' 80°53'. References: B, S, PP, V, 6T, 7M, 5L and 6S.

**BROCK THE BADGER,** SEE: BROCKSDEN, Perth County.

**BROCKTON,** SEE: BROCKTON VILLAGE, York County.

**BROCKTON VILLAGE,** York Township, York County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Toronto (1875). Post office opened as LIPPINCOTT in 1855. First Postmaster Thomas Larkin. Office name changed to BROCKTON for the Village, in 1866. Became a sub-post office of Toronto West on the 31st of March, 1915. Post Office closed June 25, 1961. Incorporated as Village of Brockton in 1881. Annexed by Toronto March 25th, 1884. Streets in Toronto named Lippincott and Brockton commemorate this small village but it was long ago absorbed by the city of Toronto. Population 786 in 1881. References: A, I, T, EE, HH, 2T, 2J, 6T, 7B and 3U.

**BROCK TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Ontario County, formely Home District, Canada West. Named for Sir Isaac Brock, Major-General of the Upper Canada Forces. This Township was surveyed in 1817, and settled in 1818. The original Incorporation of this Township took place January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. It was amalgamated with the Village of BEAVERTON, Village of CANNINGTON and Township of THORAH, to form the TOWNSHIP OF BROCK, within the Regional Municipality of Durham, January 1st, 1974. Population 1,330 in 1840 and 9,109 in



For references see Works Cited.

1980. Has an area of 67,200 acres. First settler Philip St. John, who in 1821, was known locally as, the King of Brock. Map position: 44°17' 79°54'. References: C, W2, HH, 3G, 2W, 3H, M, 1R and V.

BROCKVILLE, SEE: BUELL'S BAY, Leeds County.

BROCKVILLE DISTRICT, with a population of 12,000 in 1871 and 15,655 in 1891. This was an Electoral District created to allow Ontario seats alloted by Confederation. It was made up of parts of Leeds and Grenville Counties. District disappeared with redistribution. References: J and 2I.

BRODDYTOWN, settled in 1820 by the four Broddy brothers. By 1829, the name had been changed to SALEM and was located in Peel County. In 1830, it had assumed the name of EASTERN BRAMPTON. It has since been absorbed by the City of Brampton. References: 3C.

BRODERICK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Named for David Broderick of Midland. Map position: 49°48' 94°57'. References: V and 7R.

BRODER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District, now part of City of Sudbury, Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Township was subdivided in 1886. Named for Alexander Broder, M.P. for Dundas, 1875 to 1883. Map position: 46°25' 81°01'. References: V and 7R.

BRODHAGEN, dispersed rural community, Logan Township, Perth County. Located 20 miles northwest of Stratford, 6 miles north of Dublin Station, 4 miles from Bornholm and 9 miles from Mitchell. Post office established as BRODHAGEN on October 1st, 1863. First Postmaster C. Brodhagen, who was probably the first settler (Charles Brodhagen), who built the first sawmill. Office closed August 15th, 1918. Office reopened on August 13th, 1928 and is still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BRODHAGEN. Population 50 in 1893 and 165 in 1976. Map position: 43°33' 81°12'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3O, 7B, V, 6T, 1W, 5L and 4A.

BRODIE #1, hamlet, Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located 40 miles northeast of Cornwall and 2 1/2 miles from Canada Atlantic Railway at Dalkeith Station. Post office opened as BRODIE in 1884. First Postmaster John A. Smith. Office closed April 1st, 1915. Place named after a family who immigrated here in 1815. Present approved name is BRODIE. Population 40 in 1893 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 45°25' 74°33'. References: B, I, Z, MM, U10, 5T, 6T, 5P and 5L.

BRODIE #2, urban community, on Lot 9, Concession 3M 131, McKim Township, Nipissing, later shown in Sudbury District. Located 1 3/4 miles from Sudbury and 1 1/4 miles from Minnow Lake. Post office opened as BRODIE on March 1st, 1945. First Postmaster Peter Symons. Office closed May 15th, 1956. Place is now Part of the City of Sudbury, Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved name is BRODIE. Map position: 46°29 80°59'. References: V and 6T.

BROKLEY, SEE: BROCKLEY, Middlesex County.

BROMLEY, SEE: BARR'S SETTLEMENT, Renfrew County.

BROMLEY LINE, settlement, Westmeath Township, Renfrew County. Located 10 miles southeast of Pembroke, and 16 miles from the Transcontinental line of the CPR, at Graham's Station. Post office opened as BROMLEY LINE in 1903. First Postmaster John E. Bromley, for whom both the office and place are named. Office closed June 10th, 1922. Present approved name is BROMLEY LINE. Population 59 in 1941 and 100 in 1951. Map position: 45°50' 76°50'. References: B, S, PP, 3B, 5U, V and 6T.

BROMLEY TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Bathurst District, Canada West, later shown Renfrew County. Divided from Ross Township in 1843 and settled that same year. Incorporated January 1st, 1851. Township was named for Gov. Gen. Sir Charles Bagot's home, " Bagot's Bromley." Population 687 in 1852 and total now 1,214 in 1980. References: C, HH, M, 7R and 2W.

**BROMPTON CAMP #49**, lumber camp, location not shown. Name was changed, to **CAMP #49**, in May of 1953. This station shown on CNR line. References: SS.

**BRONSON**, dispersed rural community, Dungannon Township, Hastings County. Located 77 miles north of Belleville and 51 miles north of Madoc and 16 miles from Central Ontario Railway at Ormsby Station. Post office opened as **BRONSON** on April 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Frederick Mullett. Office closed January 30th, 1926. Place named for Mr. Bronson, partner in Bronson & Weston Lumber Merchants. Present approved name is **BRONSON**. Population 100 in 1886 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 45°04' 77°47'. References: I, T, S, Z, PP, V, 5Y, 6T and 5L.

**BRONSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Surveyed in 1888. Named for Erskine H. Bronson, M.P.P. for Ottawa, 1888. Map position: 46°02' 77°46'. References: V and 7S.

**BRONTE**, SEE: **TWELVE MILE CREEK VILLAGE**, Halton County.

**BRONTE STATION**, railway point, Part of Town of Oakville, within the Regional Municipality of Halton. Present approved name is **BRONTE STATION**. Map position: 43°25' 79°44'. References: V.

**BROOK**, SEE: **BROOKHOLM**, Grey County.

**BROOKDALE**, SEE: **BROOKSDALE**, Oxford County.

**BROOKE #1**, hamlet, Western District, Canada West, later shown in Brooke Township, Lambton County. Located 3 miles from Watford. Post office established as **BROOKE** on July 6th, 1851 and was named for the Township. First Postmaster Archibald McGregor. Office closed January 1st, 1862. No further reference to this office. References: A, I, C, EE, ZZ, 1H, 3J and 8Q.

**BROOKE #2**, dispersed rural community, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 11 miles west of Perth and 2 miles from CPR at Bathurst Station. Post office established as **BROOKE** in 1882. First Postmaster B. McKeracher. Office closed April 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **BROOKE**. Population 50 in 1895 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 44°51' 76°26'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, V, 6T, 5P and 5L.

**BROOKE #3**, SEE: **BROOKHOLM**, Grey County.

**BROOKE MILLS**, SEE: **GARDNER'S MILLS**, Lambton County.

**BROOKE TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township in Lambton County. Surveyed in 1832 by Provincial Land Surveyor Stanley Smith. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. This place settled in the early 1830's and mail for the Township of Brooke was directed to the post office at Raleigh (later Chatham), in 1835. Named for the Earl of Warwick's English Estate. Population 347 in 1850 and 1,976 in 1980. Map position: 42°52' 81°55'. References: HH, 1H, 3H, M, 2N and V.

**BROOKFIELD**, dispersed rural community, Crowland Township, Welland County, later Humberstone Township and most recently, Part of the City of Port Colborne and City of Niagara Falls, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 4 miles east of Port Robinson, 6 miles southeast of Welland. **BROOKFIELD STATION** on the Michigan Central Railway, later Canada Southern Railway, then on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **BROOKFIELD STATION** in 1876. First Postmaster Emanuel Winter Brookfield, for whom the office is named. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **BROOKFIELD**. Population 25 in 1885, 200 in 1907 and 250 in 1926. Map position: 42°57' 79°10'. References: MM, Z, I, S, 3R, V, 6S, 6T and 4D.

**BROOKFIELD STATION**, SEE: **BROOKFIELD**, Welland County.

**BROOKFIELD SUBDIVISION**, Korah Township, Algoma District. Population 383 in 1956. References: 5E.

**BROOKHOLM**, urban community, Sarawak Township, later Part of **CITY OF OWEN SOUND**, Grey County. Located 1 mile

west of Owen Sound. Post office opened as BROOKHOLM in 1879. First Postmaster George W. David. Office status changed to a sub-post office of Owen Sound, on September 14th, 1951, and this office closed on February 1st, 1952. This place was formerly an Indian Village. The local name for the place was BROOKE , or BROOK, which was given in honour of Sir James Brooke, Rajah of Sarawak, on the Island of Borneo. Present approved name is BROOKHOLM. Population 300 in 1885 and 574 in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 80°57'. References: I, S, Z, U, 3R, V, 2K, 5V, 5P, 2Y, 7D and 6T.

BROOKLIN #1, SEE: WINCHESTER #1, (Whitby Township) Ontario County.

BROOKLIN #2, hamlet, Whitby Township, Ontario County. Located at the corner of Anderson Street and 5th Concession Road. BROOKLIN STATION name changed to BRINLOOK STATION, in November 1920 by CNR. Date of most recent reference is 1952. Whitby Township became Part of Town of Whitby in the Regional Municipality of Durham in 1974. Map position: 43°56' 78°58'. References: SS, 3G and 6S.

BROOKLYN, urban community, Part of the Town of Smiths Falls, Lanark County. Present approved name is BROOKLYN. Map position: 44°54' 76°01'. References: V.

BROOKMEDE, SEE: ERIN MILLS, Peel County.

BROOKSDALE, dispersed rural community, West Zorra Township, Oxford County, formerly in Brock District, Canada West. Located 17 miles northwest of Woodstock and 8 miles from CPR at Embro Station. Post office opened as BROOKSDALE on September 30th, 1859. First Postmaster John Innis. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Name sometimes misspelled as BROOKDALE. Present approved name is BROOKSDALE. Population 100 in 1886 and 60 in 1926. Map position: 43°14' 80°56'. References: A, B, I, S, Z, MM, 3X, V, 6T and 5L.

BROOKSDALE SUBDIVISION, Dorchester North Township, Middlesex County. Population 175 in 1956. References: 5E.

BROOKSIDE, dispersed rural community, Haldimand Township, Northumberland County. Located 4 1/2 miles from Cobourg. Post office established as BROOKSIDE on September 1st, 1900. First Postmaster A. Burns. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is BROOKSIDE. Map position: 43°59' 78°05'. References: B, PP, V, 6T, 7M and 5L.

BROOKS LANDING, dispersed rural community, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Located on lot 41, concession 7, 2 1/2 miles from Franklin Park and 17 miles from Nobel. Post office opened called BROOKS LANDING, as a summer post office on July 2nd, 1955. First Postmaster George Edward Brooks. Office closed September 2nd, 1969. Present approved name is BROOKS LANDING. Population 20 in 1972. Map position: 45°26' 80°20'. References: B, U, O, V, 6T and 5L.

BROOKS MILL, SEE: KELLS LANDING, Muskoka District.

BROOKVILLE #1, Carleton County. Post office opened 1879. Although listed in Ontario there is no supporting documentation for this office. Several post offices, appear in both New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, with this name. A listing in New Brunswick shows area as Carleton County, also. Reference: I.

BROOKVILLE #2, SEE: NASSAGAWEYA, Halton County.

BROOME TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 29, RANGE18, Algoma District.

BROTHERSTON, concentrated rural community, Wallace Township, Perth County. Located at the Junction of CNR, 35 miles north of Stratford and 5 miles from Palmerston. Post office opened as BROTHERSTON in 1884. First Postmaster Mr. Montezuma Brothers. Office closed June 18th, 1928. The name first applied for was BROTHERSTOWN but the post office adjusted the spelling on the cancellation hammer. Present approved name is BROTHERSTON. Population 20 in 1893. Map position: 43°49' 80°57'. References: I, Z, U10, V, 6T, 5L, 7R and 6S.

BROTHERSTOWN #1, SEE: BROTHERSTON, Perth County.

**BROTHERSTOWN #2**, hamlet, Eramosa Township, Wellington County. Located 8 miles east of Guelph and 41 miles from Toronto. Name was changed by William Wetherald, from Brotherstown to **ROCKWOOD**, in 1848, and was given for the rocky, wooded area in which it is situated. Post office opened as **ROCKWOOD**, in December 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Robert Passmore. Office still in operation in 1983. **ROCKWOOD STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway, later on CNR. This place became a Police Village on June 26th, 1906, by County Bylaw #657. Police Village status remains in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is **ROCKWOOD**. Population 650 in 1895 and 959 in 1976. Map position: 43°37' 80°08'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, 2Y, W, 3K, 5K, 9L, 9J and 7L.

**BROTHERS TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 72**, Thunder Bay District.

**BROUGH**, hamlet, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 2 miles from London, now Part of the City of London. Post office established as **BROUGH**, on July 1st, 1904. First Postmaster Charles Walter. Place name changed April 1st, 1906, to **BROUGHDALE** and named for Archdeacon Brough. Post office closed October 1st, 1949. Present approved name is **BROUGHDALE**. Population 213 in 1951 and 1,542 in 1980. Map position: 43°01' 81°16'. References: PP, S, 7J, 7T, B, S, U, 3B, 5E, V, 7D, 6T and 6S.

**BROUGHAM**, SEE: **HOWELL'S HOLLOW**, Ontario County.

**BROUGHAM TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township in Renfrew County. Established in 1851. Incorporated from and after December 31st, 1861, by County Bylaw passed June 27th, 1861.Named for Lord Brougham and Vaux, Lord Chancellor of England. Population 438 in 1852 and 168 in 1980. Map position: 45°18' 56°58'. References: HH, 7R, M, 2W and V.

**BROUGHDALE**, SEE: **BROUGH**, Middlesex County.

**BROUGHTON EAST**, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **BROUGHTON EAST**. Map position: 43°11' 79°51'. References: V.

**BROUGHTON TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 62**, Algoma District.

**BROUGHTON WEST**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **BROUGHTON WEST**. Map position: 43°11' 79°52'. Reference: V.

**BROULAN PROPERTY**, urban community, included in City of Timmins, Cochrane District. Population 28 in 1971; in 1976, population included in that of Timmins. Map position: 48°28' 81°20'. References: 3B and 7J.

**BROUSEVILLE**, SEE: **BOLTON'S CORNERS #3**, Grenville County.

**BROWER**, dispersed rural community, Brower Township, Nipissing District, later listed in Cochrane District. Located 9 miles from Cochrane and 40 miles from Lowbush. Post office established as **BROWER** on November 1st, 1917. First Postmaster Thomas B. Skidmore. Office closed November 1st, 1967. Present approved name is **BROWER**. Population 50 in 1978. Map position: 49°01' 80°50'. References: R2, V, 6T and 5L.

**BROWER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed in 1904. Named for Charles A. Brower, M.P.P. for East Elgin, 1894 to 1914. Map position: 49°00' 80°53'. References: V and 7R.

**BROWN CORNERS**, settlement, Cramahe Township, Northumberland County. Located 3 km southeast of Castleton, 8 km northwest of Colborne and 10 km east of Centreton. Name changed to **GREENLEYS CORNERS** in 1974, when status changed to a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **GREENLEYS CORNERS**. Map position: 44°05' 77°55'. References: B, 5L and V.

**BROWN HILL**, SEE: **BLAKE STATION**, York County.

BROWN HOUSE, dispersed rural community, Lancaster and Charlottenburgh Townships, Glengarry County. Located 3 km southwest of Pine Hill, 5 km northwest of Glen Gordon and 6 km southeast of Green Valley. . Present approved name is **BROWN HOUSE CORNER**. Population 27 in 1971. Map position: 45°13' 74°34'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

BROWN HOUSE CORNER, SEE: BROWN HOUSE, Glengarry County.

BROWNING ISLAND, dispersed rural community, Muskoka Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Bracebridge, in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 9 miles from Bracebridge. Post office opened as BROWNING ISLAND on July 1st, 1915. First Postmaster C.W. Archer. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is **BROWNING ISLAND**. Map position: 45°00' 79°25'. References: B, U, V and 6T.

BROWNING TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1896. Named for Crown Attorney A. G. Browning. Map position: 47°22' 81°06'. References: V and 7R.

BROWNRIDGE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Named for Dr. Fergus B. Brownridge, former M. P. P. for Stormont. Map position: 49°50' 92°38'. References: V and 7R.

BROWNRIGG, railway point, Homuth Township, Cochrane District. Population 3 in 1972. Map position: 49°41' 81°31'. References: U, O and V.

BROWN'S, quay, Prescott County. Located on the daily route of the Ottawa Navigation Company, between Montreal, P.Q. and Ottawa. This place is mentioned in 1893. There is no further reference. Reference: U10.

BROWNS BRAE, dispersed rural community, Ridout Township, Ontario County, later Muskoka District, now in Lake of Bays Township within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 37 km from Bracebridge and 18 miles from Huntsville. Post office established May 26th, 1902. First Postmaster Duncan Brown, for whom the place was named. Office closed April 1st, 1961. Present approved name is **BROWN'S BRAE**. Map position: 45°13' 79°02'. References: B, 7P, S, DD, V, 5L, 6T and 6S.

BROWN'S CORNERS #1, dispersed rural community, Home District, Canada West, later Pickering Township, Ontario County, and now in the Town of Ajax, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 5 miles northwest of Whitby the County Seat, north of Highway #2 and 6 miles north of Lake Ontario. Post office opened as BROWN'S CORNERS April 1st, 1853. First Postmaster A. W. Brown. The post office name was changed to AUDLEY in 1857. Office closed October 1st, 1914. The earliest noted settlers names in the area were Orvis, Puckrin and McLaren. Part of the Township of Pickering was annexed to the TOWN OF AJAX on January 1st, 1974. Present approved name is **AUDLEY**. Population 300 in 1857, 32 in 1899 and 10 in 1971. Map position: 43°54' 79°01'. References: I, 3K, B, S, EE, 3B, U12, V, 6T, 7R and 7B.

BROWN'S CORNERS #2, railway point, Markham, later Scarborough Township, York later Scarborough County, Part of the Borough of Scarborough and now in City of Scarborough. Located 2 miles northwest of the Agincourt Station. It has a station on the CPR line called BROWN'S CORNERS and is also located at the 4th Concession Road, at Markham Road, Scarborough Township. BROWNS CORNERS post office opened in 1888. First Postmaster David Brown. Office closed July 15th, 1918. Another post office existed here which opened in 1865 and was called Malvern. This post office moved to Malvern about 1 1/4 miles south of Brown's Corners. Mr. David Brown was the first Postmaster of Malvern, until it was moved, whereupon another post office was created which he named Brown's Corners, of which he was also first Postmaster. BROWNS CORNERS STATION served by CPR. Present approved name is **BROWNS CORNERS**. Population 60 in 1875 and 60 in 1926. Map position: 43°48' 79°15'. References: I, Z, 3G, 6T, 8H, V and 6S.

BROWN'S CORNERS #3, SEE: BROWNSVILLE #3, York County.

BROWN'S CORNERS #4, hamlet, established in the 1850's, in Warwick Township, Lambton County. Located 28 miles east of Sarnia and 40 miles from London. Post office opened September 1st, 1854 as WATFORD. First Postmaster Richard Browne. Office named for Watford in England and still in operation in 1983. Watford was Incorporated as a Village on June 25th, 1873. Present approved name is **WATFORD**. Population 1,650 in 1886 and 1,433 in 1980. Map

position: 42°57' 81°53'. References: 1H, 2Y, I, M, T, S, EE, HH, 2Y, NN, 5K, 8Q and 9J.

**BROWN'S CORNERS #5**, hamlet, Markham Township, York County, formerly in Home District, Canada West. Located on Woodbine Avenue, north of Highway #7 and 18 miles from Toronto. Post office opened May 6th, 1851 and named **BUTTONVILLE**. First Postmaster William Morrison. Office closed December 1st, 1914. The hamlet long ago assumed the name of the post office which was given to honour Major John Button an United Empire Loyalist, who settled after the War of 1812-1814 as the first settler. Most recently the place is designated as a concentrated rural community, and forms Part of the Town of Markham, within the Regional Municipality of York. It also has a small airport nearby known as Buttonville Airport. Present approved name is **BUTTONVILLE**. Population 200 in 1886 and 141 in 1966. Map position: 43°52' 79°22'. References: 7B, A, I, Z, 3G, 3J, 5A, V, 6T, 8Q, 6S and 4D.

**BROWNS CORNERS #6**, SEE: LANCASTERVILLE, Northumberland County.

**BROWNS LINE**, urban community, Etobicoke Township, York County. Until recently Part of Borough of Etobicoke now, in City of Etobicoke. Located 1 mile from Long Branch and 2 1/2 miles from New Toronto. Post office established as **BROWNS LINE**, on September 3rd, 1935. First Postmistress Mrs. Muriel Salter. Office closed March 12th, 1951. It reopened as a sub-post office of Toronto, September 19th, 1951, and was permanently closed July 1st, 1958. Present approved name is **BROWNS LINE**. Map position: 43°36' 79°32'. References: U, V, V+, 6T and 6S.

**BROWN'S MILLS #1**, SEE: WOLF PACK, Peel County.

**BROWN'S MILLS #2**, hamlet, North Easthope Township, Perth County. Located on the Nith Riverand 10 miles from Shakespeare, 14 miles northeast of Stratford the County Seat. Post office established as **NITHBURG** on April 6th, 1852. First Postmaster James Brown. Office closed July 12th, 1913. The first Postmaster served a term of fifty seven years in office. He died May 12th, 1909. First Settler John Brown and his family in January of 1840, on Lots 18 and 19. Present approved name is **NITHBURG**. Population 90 in 1886 and 83 in 1976. Map position: 43°28' 80°49'. References: B, I, A, T, S, 7D, EE, 3B, 3K, 6T, 8Q, V and 5L.

**BROWN'S NURSERIES**, post office, Pelham Township, Welland County. Located 3 miles from Fenwick and 7 miles from Welland. Post office established as **BROWNS NURSERIES** on January 1st, 1897. First Postmaster Charles Fisher Jr. Office closed May 12th, 1910. This office was for the exclusive use of Brown's Nurseries. Population 100 in 1913 and 71 in 1951. No recent references to this office. References: S, DD, 3B, 3D, 7F, 6T and 8B.

**BROWN STONE**, settlement, first shown in Canada West, later South Walsingham Township, Norfolk County, now within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located on Big Creek, 6 miles northwest of Port Rowan, 20 miles southwest of Simcoe the County Seat, and 18.5 miles from Tillsonburg. Post office opened June 1st, 1862 as **PLEASANT HILL**. First Postmaster J. D. Morgan. Name of office changed to **WALSINGHAM CENTRE** in 1877, and revised to **WALSINGHAM** on May 1st, 1914. Office still in operation in 1983. Place was laid out in 1863 by the first settler, Stephen Brown, on Lot 13, Concession 5 & 6, and named Brown Stone. Present approved name is **WALSINGHAM**. Population 250 in 1875, 400 in 1926 and 222 in 1976. Map position: 42°41' 80°32'. References: I, A, 3N, 4F, 7B, S, RR, SS, 6T, 7V, 3B and B.

**BROWNSVILLE #1**, SEE: DEAN SETTLEMENT, Oxford County.

**BROWNSVILLE #2**, hamlet, Home District, Canada West, later King Township, York County. Located on the 9th Concession, and on the Townline between King and Tecumseth, and 1 mile from Lloydtown. Post office opened August 1st, 1862, and was named **SCHOMBERG** for the Duke of Schomberg, who was killed in the Battle of the Boyne. Office still in operation in 1983. Became Police Village November 27th, 1903, by County Bylaw # 900. Dissolved by Bill 102-1970, effective date January 1st, 1971 and became Part of Township of King, within the Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is **SCHOMBERG**. Population 500 in 1886 and 507 in 1983. Map position: 44°00' 79°41'. References: C, EE, 2Y, 3G, 2J, 7B, I, P, S, 3B, 9J, 7V and 9L.

**BROWNSVILLE #3**. This place was listed on an 1860 map at the present Highway #7 and Islington Avenue, in Town of Vaughan, Regional Municipality of York. In 1860 the name was changed to **BROWN'S CORNERS**. No record of any further references and mentioned here for interest only. Reference: 3G.

BROWNSVILLE #4, railway point, Dereham Township, Oxford County. Present approved name is BROWNSVILLE. Population 310 in 1976. Map position: 42°51' 80°50'. Reference: V.

BROWNSVILLE #5, SEE: BROWSVILLE, Durham County.

BROWN'S WHARF #1 , hamlet, North Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 17 miles from L'Orignal, 80 miles from Montreal and 6 miles from Plantagenet Springs. Post office opened as TREADWELL June 1st, 1857. First Postmaster W. Lendrum. Office closed July 16th, 1918. This place was named for Charles P. Treadwell, millowner. TREADWELL STATION on Canadian Northern Railway, mainline, at an altitude of 169 feet above mean sea level. Present approved name is TREADWELL. Population 100 in 1892 and 47 in 1976. Map position: 45°36' 75°00'. References: Z, I, S, U, AA, EE, DD, 3B, L3, 3M, 6T and 9J.

BROWN'S WHARF #2, urban community, East Flamborough Township, Wentworth County. Located 5 miles northeast of Hamilton and 3 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Waterdown Station. Formerly in Gore District Canada West, and most recently Part of the CITY OF BURLINGTON, within the Regional Municipality of Halton. First settler David Fonger, in 1783. In 1841, Colonel Brown built a wharf, which is the origin of the first name. Post office opened in December 1st, 1856, under the name ALDERSHOTT, which through usage became ALDERSHOT. First Postmaster Alexander Brown, who named the office. Office status changed to Sub-office of Burlington on October 29th, 1956. In 1958, Aldershot was annexed to the TOWN OF BURLINGTON. Present approved name is ALDERSHOT. Population 200 in 1895 and 2,459 in 1956. Map position: 43°18' 79°51'. References: B, I, T, Z, EE, The Burlington Post 11/08/1980, 3V, V, 7B, 6T, 7R, 6S and 7D.

BROWNTON, SEE: BROWNTOWN, Peterborough County.

BROWNTOWN, hamlet, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. BROWNTON STATION. located on the Peterborough and Belleville branch of the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as BYERSVILLE June 1st, 1908. Name changed on May 1st, 1912 to BROWNTON. Office closed on November 30th, 1923. Byersville as a location name still commonly used (1931) and it is a known terminal point for the Peterborough Bus Service. No recent references to this place. References: 3R, 9F, SS and 6T

BROWN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Established in 1866. Named for George Brown, Father of Confederation and owner of the Globe newspaper in Toronto. Map position: 45°48' 80°14'. References: V and 7R.

BROWNVILLE, station, Grey County. Located 9 miles from Flesherton Station. BROWNSVILLE STATION on CPR. Population 10 in 1893. No recent reference to this place. Reference: U10.

BROWSVILLE, Clarke Township, Durham County. In 1976, population included in Town of Newcastle, Regional Municipality of Durham. This place is also shown misspelled as BROWNSVILLE. Population 95 in 1961 and 167 in 1971. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

BRUCE #1, post office, Bruce Township, Bruce County. Office established on April 30th, 1853. First Postmaster Peter Sinclair. Office closed on July 1st, 1860 on the opening of the Tiverton Office, which took over the territory. No further refernce to this office. References: I and 7D.

BRUCE #2, SEE: ST. ANDREWS #4, Bruce County.

BRUCE BEACH, Huron Township, Bruce County. Located 6 km from Kincardine. Population 87 in 1971. Map position: 44°07' 81°43'. References: U, 6M and 6S.

BRUCE COUNTY, By Canada Statute 1849, C96, the District of Huron was divided into three Counties Huron, Perth and Bruce, effective January 1st, 1850. By proclamation December 31st, 1852, Perth County was disunited from the United Counties of Huron, Perth and Bruce, effective January 1st, 1853. By Proclamation November 23rd, 1866, the Union of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce was dissolved effective January 1st, 1867. Surveyed

1846-47 by Rankin and Burford, first settlers in 1848. Named for James Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, Governor-General of British North America. Area 1,650 square miles. The County of Bruce consists of: the towns of Chesley, Kincardine, Port Elgin, Southampton, Walkerton and Wiarton, the villages of: Hepworth, Lion's Head, Lucknow, Mildmay, Paisley, Ripley, Tara, Teeswater and Tiverton, the townships of: Albemarle, Amabel, Arran, Brant, Bruce, Carrick, Culross, Eastnor, Elderslie, Greenock, Huron, Kincardine, Kinloss, lindsay, St. Edmunds and Saugeen. The Indian Reservation at Cape Croker shall, for Judicial purposes, be deemed part of the Township of Albemarle. The Indian Reserve at Chief's Point and the Saugeen indian Reserve north of the mouth of the Saugeen River shall for Judicial purposes, be deemed part of the Township of Amabel. Population 27,499 in 1861 and 58,213 in 1980. Map position: 44°30' 81°15'. References: M, HH, J, 2R, 2Y, 3Z and V.

**BRUCEDALE**, dispersed rural community, Eramosa Township, Wellington County. Located 5 km from Rockwood, 2.5 km southwest of Everton and 4.5 km northeast of Eramosa. Population 36 in 1976. Present approved name is **BRUCEDALE**. Map position: 43°39' 80°11'. References: B, U, 3B, V and 5L.

**BRUCE FARM**, SEE: BRUCELAN, Carleton County.

**BRUCEFIELD**, Tuckersmith Township, Huron County. Located 18 miles southeast of Goderich, 6 miles south of Clinton and 42 miles from London. Post office established August 6th, 1851, as **BRUCEFIELD**. First Postmaster Donald McMillan. Office still in operation in 1983. Village was named, by Mr. McCowan, in honour of Major Bruce, brother-in-law of the Earl of Elgin. **BRUCEFIELD STATION** on the Lake Huron and Buffalo Railway, later on Grand Trunk Railway, now on CNR. First settler Peter McMullen, in 1836. Present approved name is **BRUCEFIELD**. Population 200 in 1857 and 189 in 1976. Map position: 43°31' 81°31'. References: I, Z, EE, 3B, 3J, V, 8Q, 6S, 16 and 5L.

**BRUCE GENERATING STATION**, Bruce Township, Bruce County. Located on Douglas point, 2 km from Ferrier, 15 km southwest of Port Elgin and 24 km northeast of Kincardine, (1978). References: U.

**BRUCE LAKE**, railway point, northwest of Perrault Falls, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 5 km east of Snake Falls, 37 km southeast of Balmertown, 180 km from Dryden and 412 km from Winnipeg, Manitoba. Present approved name is **BRUCE LAKE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 50°48' 93°24'. References: U, V and 5L.

**BRUCELAN**, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 1 km southwest of Qualicum Park, 14 km northwest of Barr Haven and 16 km northeast of Glen Cairn Name changed to **BRUCE FARM**, in 1974. Present approved name is **BRUCE FARM**. Map position: 45°20' 75°48'. References: V, 5L and 6S.

**BRUCE MINES**, SEE: OLD BRUCE, Algoma District.

**BRUCES**, dispersed rural community, South Dumfries Township, Brant County. Located 3 km north of St. George, 4.5 km northwest of Grand River Park and 13 km north of Brantford. Present approved name is **BRUCES**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°16' 80°16'. References: V and 5L.

**BRUCE STATION**, concentrated rural community, Plummer Township, later Plummer Additional Township, Algoma District. Located 2 1/2 miles from Bruce Mines and 4 miles from Cloudslee. Post office established as **BRUCE STATION** on March 1st, 1914. First Postmaster Carl Beilhartz. Office closed April 31st (yes, checked.) 1969. Station on CPR, named **BRUCE STATION**, being between Portlock and Nestorville stations. Present approved name is **BRUCE STATION**. Population 45 in 1941 and 61 in 1976. Map position: 46°19' 83°46'. References: 3B, V, 6T and 5L.

**BRUCETON**, hamlet, Lyndoch and Raglan Municipal Township, later Lyndoch Township, Renfrew County. Located 39 km from Barrys Bay, 3 miles from Hardwood Lake and 3 1/2 miles from Ruby Mines. Post office established as **BRUCETON** on October 17th, 1921. First Postmaster Thomas Bruce for whom the post office is named. Office closed May 1st, 1966. Present approved name is **BRUCETON**. Map position: 45°13' 77°23'. References: B, 6T, U, 3B, V and 5L.

**BRUCE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Bruce County. Surveyed in 1851. Incorporated January 1st, 1856. Named for

James Bruce, Governor General of Canada, (1847 to 1854), the 8th Earl of Elgin and Kincardine. Population 100 in 1852, 3,598 in 1880 and 1,816 in 1980. Map position: 44°18' 81°25'. References: HH, M, 2W, History of Cy of Bruce, 7R, TT and V.

BRUDENELL, SEE: PAYETTES CORNERS, Renfrew County.

BRUDENELL AND LYNDOCH TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Renfrew County. Brudenell Township formed a Municipal Union with the townships of Radcliffe, Raglan, and Lyndoch, in 1860. Brudenell remains the Senior Township in the Union. October 17th, 1878, County of Renfrew Bylaw #275 passed, to Separate Radcliffe and Raglan Townships from Brudenell and Lyndoch Townships. Lyndoch remains the only Township still united with Brudenell in 1984. References: 9G, HH, M, V and 7R.

BRUDENELL'S CORNERS, SEE: PAYETTES CORNERS, Renfrew County.

BRUDENELL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Established in 1857. Incorporated December 1st, 1860, by County By-Law passed October 5th, 1860. Named for James Thomas Brudenell, 7th Earl of Cardigan, who led the charge of the Light Brigade at Balaclava, in 1854. The Charge of the Light Brigade was made famous by Tennyson's poem of the same title. This is the Senior Township of the Municipal Township of Brudenell and Lyndoch Township (which SEE). Population 827 in 1908. Map position: 45°25' 77°25'. References: 9G, M, HH, 7R and V.

BRULE, station. Located 190 miles northwest of Port Arthur, Rainy River District. BRULE STATION on CPR, at mile 1722 (1903), between Wabigoon and Tache Stations (1888). Population 15 in 1893. No recent references to this station. References: 8K, S, Z, PP, U10, 6Z and 8G.

BRULE LAKE STATION, station, Hunter Township, Nipissing District. Located 75 miles southeast of North Bay, at the approximate centre of Algonquin National Park. Post office opened as BRULE LAKE STATION, on May 1st, 1899. First Postmaster Charles H. Sheppard. Office closed July 29th, 1955. First white trapper was James Sawyer. The Indians gave the place the name BRULE LAKE, because the lake had a sediment, which left a burned taste in their cooking. "Brule" means burned. The station originally on the Canada Atlantic Railway then Parry Sound and Ottawa Railway, later on Grand Trunk Railway. Now served by CPR (1908). Present approved name is BRULE LAKE. Population 100 in 1908 and 10 in 1913. References: 4D, S, DD, PP, 7H and 6T.

BRULE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 26, RANGE 12, Algoma District.

BRULEVILLE, concentrated rural community, Part of the City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Map position: 43°13' 79°52'. Reference: V.

BRUMFIELD, dispersed rural community, Stafford Township, Renfrew County. Located 2 km west of Pembroke, 13 km northeast of Alice and 14 km southeast of Petawawa. Local name BRUM'S. Population 776 in 1956 and 481 in 1966. Present approved name is BRUMSFIELD. Map position: 45°49' 77°08'. References: 5A, 5E, V and 5L.

BRUM'S, SEE: BRUMFIELD, Renfrew County.

BRUNEL, station, Algoma District. Located 22 miles northwest of Chapleau and 358 miles east of Port Arthur. BRUNEL STATION situated on CPR mainline, at mile 2268, east of Windermere Station, and at an altitude of 1,407 above sea level. Population 10 in 1893. No recent references to this station. References: S, Z, PP, L1, U10 and 8G.

BRUNEL TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Muskoka District. Incorporated January 1st, 1877. Area 41,206 acres in 1879. Named for I. K. Brunel, English engineer, whose son was Superintendent of Northern Railway from 1853 to 1856. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1970, C32, and amalgamated January 1st, 1971, into TOWN OF HUNTSVILLE, in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Map position: 45°16' 79°10'. References: HH, M, 1L and V.

BRUNETVILLE #1, post office, Hanmer Township, Nipissing District. Located 18 miles from Sudbury. Post office

established September 1st, 1909. First Postmaster J. A. Brunet. Office closed April 20th, 1929. Office reopened as KAPUSKASING-BRUNETVILLE on July 29th, 1963. No recent references to this post office. Population 40 in 1913 and 40 in 1926. References: DD, MM, 6V and 6T.

BRUNETVILLE #2, SEE: BRUNETTVILLE, Cochrane District.

BRUNETTVILLE, suburb north of Kapuskasing, Cochrane District. This is a residential area for French-Canadian mill and bush workers located 4 miles from Hanmer and 4 miles from Blezard Valley. Post office named BRUNETVILLE, was opened February 11th, 1952, and was named for the founding family of Brunet. First Postmaster Conrad Leonard. Now Part of Town of Kapuskasing. Present approved name is BRUNETTVILLE. Population 440 in 1941 and 1,550 in 1980. Map position: 49°25' 82°25'. References: U, 2Y, 3B, SS, 5K, V, 6V and 6T.

BRUNNER, Ellice Township, Perth County. Located 12 miles north of Stratford and 4 miles from Topping. Post office opened 1867, and named for Pioneer settler Jacob Brunner, who was the first Postmaster. Office still in operation in 1984. Two local names in 1877 were NEW BRUNNER and OLD BRUNNER. Present approved name is BRUNNER. Population 50 in 1893 and 97 in 1976. Map position: 43°31' 80°55'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, V, 7B, 5L, 7R and 6S.

BRUNSWICK #1, dispersed rural community, Manvers Township, Durham County, now in Victoria County. Located 30 miles northwest of Cobourg, 2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Bethany Station, and 8 miles northwest of Millbrook. Post office established as BRUNSWICK on September 1st, 1858. First Postmaster S. R. Beamish. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Present approved name is BRUNSWICK. Population 75 in 1893 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°12' 78°35'. References: I, S, Z, PP, U10, 3W, 6T and 5L.

BRUNSWICK #2, station, Byng Geographic Township, Algoma District. BRUNSWICK STATION located on Canadian Northern Railway mainline. Altitude 1,033 feet above sea level, 1915. No recent references to this station. Map position: 48°58' 83°23'. References: L3 and 9J.

BRUNSWICK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1911. Named for the Royal House of Brunswick. Map position: 47°38' 81°31'. References: V and 7R.

BRUSSELS, SEE: AINLEYVILLE, Huron County.

BRUTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Surveyed in 1862. Named for the home town, in Somersetshire, England, of the original Robinson Carusoe, Alexander Selkirk. Map position: 45°14' 78°14'. Reference: V.

BRUTUS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. May have been named for the legendary first king of Britain, a Trojan. Map position: 48°16' 83°26'. Reference: V.

BRUYERE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 25, RANGE 26, Algoma District.

BRYANSTON, SEE: GOODWOOD #2, Middlesex County.

BRYANT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named for Professor J. E. Bryant, Ontario academic of the 1880s. Map position: 48°45' 85°31'. References: V and 7R.

BRYCE HILL, hamlet, Proton Township, Grey County. Located 8 miles from the Toronto & Owen Sound Railway, later CPR, at Dundalk Station. Post office established as BRICE HILL on October 1st, 1899. First Postmaster Albert J. Orr. Office closed as BRYCE HILL on February 15th, 1913, although no official name change noted.. This place was named after a farmer, Mr. Bryce. The place name was sometimes misspelled as BRICE HILL. No recent mention of this place. Population 55 in 1951. References: 7D, 6T, S, PP, 3B, 5U and 7H.

BRYCE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Subdivided in 1889. Named for Rev. George Bryce, author on the subjects of Manitoba and the North West. Map position: 47°43' 80°04'. References:V, S and 7R.

**BUCHAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for General Buchan. Map position: 48°46' 82°43'. References: V and 7R.

BUCHANAN #1, hamlet, Buchanan Township, Renfrew County. Located 30 miles northwest of Pembroke. Post office opened as BUCHANAN in 1895. First Postmaster James I. Walker. Office closed January 16th, 1917. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, PP, 5U and 6T.

BUCHANAN #2, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Map position: 43°14' 79°54'. Reference: V.

BUCHANAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Named for George Buchanan who was killed while rafting timber in 1837. Map position: 46°00' 77°24'. References: V and 7R.

BUCHANAN TOWNSHIP, SEE: ROLPH, BUCHANAN, WYLIE and McKAY TOWNSHIP, Renfrew County.

BUCKE, SEE: ASYLUM #2, Thunder Bay District.

BUCKE STATION, SEE: LONDON ASYLUM STATION, Middlesex County.

BUCKE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Established in 1885. Incorporated January 20th, 1902. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order R3478-70, dated December 1st, 1970. Amalgamated with the **TOWN OF HAILEYBURY**, January 1st, 1971. Map position: 47°27' 79°42'. References: HH, M, 7R and V.

BUCKHAM BAY, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 2 km northwest of Constance Bay, 9 km northeast of Fitzroy Harbour and 20 km northeast of Arnprior. Present approved name is **BUCKHAM'S BAY**. Map position: 45°30' 76°06'. References: V and 5L.

BUCKHORN #1, SEE: HALL'S BRIDGE, Peterborough County.

BUCKHORN #2, concentrated rural community, Raleigh and Harwich Townships, Kent County, formerly shown in Western District, Canada West. Located 34 1/2 miles from Leamington, 4 miles from Rondeau and 11 miles southeast of Chatham. Post office established as **BUCKHORN** on September 1st, 1859. First Postmaster H. McPherson. Office name changed to CEDAR SPRINGS, in 1885. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CEDAR SPRINGS**. Population 200 in 1886 and 281 in 1976. Map position: 42°17' 82°02'. References: I, T, 7B, 3X, S, Z, V, 5L and 6S.

BUCK LAKE, dispersed rural community, Loughborough Township, Frontenac County. Located 22 miles north of Kingston and 13 miles from Bay of Quinte Railway at Sydenham Station. Post office established as **BUCK LAKE** on July 1st, 1896. First Postmaster James Thomas. Status of office changed on January 31st, 1924, to that of a summer office. By July 1940, it was closed. Present approved name is **BUCK LAKE**. Population 60 in 1908. Map position: 44°32' 76°27'. References: S, U, PP, 5U, V, 7E, 6T and 5L.

BUCK LAKE COMMUNITY, SEE: CLEAR VALLEY, Frontenac County.

BUCKLAND TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for Caleb E. Buckland, M.P.P. for Wellington South in 1919. Map position: 48°08' 83°41'. References: V and 7R.

BUCKLES TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 144 , Algoma District.

BUCKLEY, SEE: MAYBURN, Addington & Frontenac County.

BUCK'S BRIDGE, SEE: BENTINCK #2, Bruce & Grey County.

BUCK'S CORNERS, hamlet, Bertie Township, Welland County. Located 4 miles from Bertie Station on Grand Trunk

Railway. Nearest post office in Ridgeway. Population 10 in 1893. No recent references to this place. References: Z and U10.

BUCK'S CROSSING, SEE: BENTINCK #2, Bruce & Grey County.

BUCKSHOT #1, hamlet, Clarendon Township, Frontenac County. Located 2 1/4 miles from Gemley and 7 miles from Ardoch. Population 35 in 1875. No recent reference to this place. References: A and 7B.

BUCKSHOT #2, SEE: BUCKSHOT MILLS, Frontenac County.

BUCKSHOT MILLS, concentrated rural community, Clarendon Township, Frontenac County. Located 75 miles north of Kingston and 17 miles west of Levant, on Buckshot Creek. Post office established as BUCKSHOT which derives its name from an Algonquin Indian resident, on June 1st, 1872. First Postmaster Elisha Playfair. In 1877 the post office name was changed to PLEVNA. Office still in operation in 1983. The original Village was surveyed and laid out, by John Morris, Provincial Land Surveyor in 1877, and the survey was filed on June 13th, 1877 under the name VILLAGE OF BUCKSHOT in the County Registry Office. Named Plevna for the Battle of Plevna in the Balkans. Present approved name is PLEVNA. Population 200 in 1893 and 105 in 1976. Map position: 44°58' 76°59'. References: I, 5X, B, T, S, 3B, U10, PP and V.

BUCKSKIN, railway point, Matchedesh Township, Simcoe County. Located one km south of Severn Falls and 11 km northeast of Port Severn. Post office opened as BUCKSKIN on January 15th, 1913. First Postmaster John Ritchie. Office closed April 20th, 1917. BUCKSKIN STATION on CPR. Present approved name is BUCKSKIN. Map position: 44°52' 79°36'. References: B, 6S, U, V and 6T.

BUCKSKIN STATION, SEE: BUCKSKIN, Simcoe County.

BUCK'S TOWN, hamlet, Albion Township, Peel County, later within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located on the Humber River, 6 1/2 miles from Bolton, 27 miles north of Brampton and 6 miles south of Tottenham. Post office opened October 1st, 1869, as PALGRAVE. First Postmaster R.H. Matson. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was named for an early hunter and tavernkeeper, Mr. Buck, and later for either Sir Francis Palgrave, English historian or Francis Turner Palgrave, English poet. It became Police Village of Palgrave on January 27th, 1910, by Bylaw #507. Dissolved, becomes Part of Town of Caledon, effective January 1st, 1974. Present approved name is PALGRAVE. Population 290 in 1892 and 234 in 1980. Map position: 43°57' 79°50'. References: 3G, 3C, 1V, I, P, S, U, AA, 1V, 5W, V and 9L.

BUCKVILLE, SEE: AMHERST, Northumberland County.

BUCYRUS, railway point, Marne Geographic Township, Algoma District. Located 10 km northwest of Achigan, 13 km west of Jones Landing and 32 km east of Batchawana Bay. BUCYRUS STATION on CPR. Present approved name is BUCYRUS. Map position: 46°55' 84°13'. References: U, V and 5L.

BUDA, station, Goldie Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 44 miles northwest of Port Arthur and 75 km west of Thunder Bay. BUDA STATION is at mile 1868 on the CPR, between the stations of Nordland and Finmark. Present approved name is BUDA. Population 12 in 1893. Map position: 48°40' 89°49'. References: R2, S, Z, PP, U10, V, 6Z and 8K.

BUDD MILLS, dispersed rural community, North Algona and Wilberforce Townships, Renfrew County. Located on the Pembroke Southern Railway, 4 1/2 miles from Golden Lake. Post office established as BUDD MILLS on March 1st, 1903. First Postmaster J. W. Budd, for whom the place was named and whom also owned the sawmill. Office closed May 22nd, 1945. Present approved name is BUDD MILLS. Map position: 45°38' 77°15'. References: B, 7Q, S, U, V, 6T and 5L.

BUDDS MILLS, flag station, Simcoe County, on the North and North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Located 10 miles northwest of Barrie. Not a post office. Population 20 in 1893. No further references after 1907. References: S, Z and U10.

**BUELL'S BAY**, Johnstown District, Upper Canada, later Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County and most recently shown in the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville, and being County Seat of these. Located on the St. Lawrence River, on the Grand Trunk Railway and the CPR, 200 miles from Toronto and 125 miles from Montreal. First settler Mr. William Buell, in 1785. Post office operating from 1789, under the name **ELIZABETHTOWN**, but not listed until 1811, when the place was surveyed as a Village. It had several names, including **WILLIAMSTOWN** and **CHARLESTOWN**. There was so much discussion about the naming of the place that surrounding areas began to call the place **SNARLINGTON**. First Postmaster of Elizabethtown, was Charles Jones, in 1811. Office name changed to **BROCKVILLE** in 1832. Office still in operation in 1984. The name Elizabethtown was given to honour the daughter of King George III. Parish name **ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER**. In 1812, Major General Isaac Brock, named the place for himself as **BROCKVILLE**. Incorporated as a Police Village January 28th, 1832. Incorporated as a Town, January 1st, 1850, by Act 12, Vic.Cap 81, on May 30th, 1849. Proclaimed a Separated Town November 7th, 1859 and Incorporated as a City April 1st, 1962. In the early years, in the township state, the local name was **ROYAL TOWNSHIP #8**. Present approved name is **BROCKVILLE**. Population 3,216 in 1851, 7,600 in 1886 and 20,013 in 1979. Map position: 44°35' 75°41'. References: I, 7X, 8O, T, B, M, HH, FF, 2T, 3D, GG, 2Y, SS, 5K, V, 7V, 5L, 7D and Gavin Watt.

**BUENA VISTA PARK**, urban community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 8 km from Washago. Population 74 in 1961 and 83 in 1966. Present approved name is **BUENA VISTA PARK**. Map position: 44°42' 79°24'. References: B, 5A, V, 5L and 6S.

**BUFFALO ANKERITE**, settlement, Delora Township, Cochrane District. Population 134 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**BUFFALO BEARDMORE MINES**, station on the CNR, Thunder Bay District. Name changed to **WEST BEARDMORE**, May 1938. In June of 1940, the name was changed to **MOUNT REGIS**. Reference: SS.

**BUFFALO HEIGHTS**, concentrated rural community, Part of Town of Fort Erie, Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is **BUFFALO HEIGHTS**. Map position: 42°53' 78°59'. Reference: V.

**BUFFALO HEIGHTS SUBDIVISION**, Bertie Township, Welland County, later in Town of Fort Erie, Regional Municipality of Niagara. Population 49 in 1961 and 93 in 1966. Reference: 5A.

**BUFFALO ROCK**, dispersed rural community, Hebert Township, Nipissing District. Located south of Maidens. Present approved name is **BUFFALO ROCK**. Map position: 47°01' 79°22'. Reference: V.

**BUFFY'S CORNERS**, Home District, Canada West, later Chinguacousy Township, Peel County, and most recently Part of the City of Brampton, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 34 miles from Toronto and 90 miles from Barrie. Post office opened October 6th, 1832 and named **CHINGUACOUSY**. First Postmaster W. Johnston. In 1851 the post office name was changed again, by John Elliot, the first settler in 1821, who in 1851, named it for his birthplace **BRAMPTON**, in Cumberland, England. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as the Village of Brampton, by Act 12, Vic. Cap 81, and Proclamation of September 17th 1852, effective date January 1st, 1853. Incorporated as a Town December 15th, 1873. On January 1st 1969, Part of Chinguacousy Township was amalgamated by Brampton. Incorporated into the **CITY OF BRAMPTON**, which was formed January 1st, 1974. On the same date, Brampton amalgamated with the Township of Toronto-Gore, and annexed Part of Chinguacousy Township, and Part of Town of Mississauga to form the City of Brampton. Settled in 1821. Surveyed in 1834. Population 2,900 in 1886 and 104,528 in 1979. Local name for this place is **FLOWERTOWN**, as it boasts world famous flower nurseries. Present approved name is **BRAMPTON**. Map position: 43°41' 79°46'. References: 3C, I, G, 3S, 7X, 8P, M, P, C, S, HH, 2T, 5K, 2Y, 3G, V, 6O, 1V, 5L, 6S and 7D.

**BULGER**, Bromley Township, later Wilberforce and Bromley Townships, Renfrew County. Located 20 miles southeast of Pembroke and 7 miles southwest of CPR station at Cobden. Post office established as **BULGER**, in 1878. First Postmaster Timothy Germon. Office closed December 1st, 1915. Named for the first settler Daniel Bulger, farmer. Name changed to **BULGERS CORNERS**, and was designated a dispersed rural community, in 1970's. Present approved name is **BULGER'S CORNERS**. Population 10 in 1893 and 83 in 1951. Map position: 45°36' 77°01'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3R, V, 5P, 6T, 7D and 5L.

For references see Works Cited.

BULGERS CORNERS, SEE: BULGER, Renfrew County.

BULLBROOK TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 9 A, Sudbury District.

BULLER, dispersed rural community, Lutterworth Township, Haliburton County. Located 35 miles north of Lindsay and 8 miles from Kinmount. Post office established as BULLER on April 16th, 1900. First Postmaster John Gillespie. Office closed October 22nd, 1929. Present approved name is BULLER. Population 9 in 1976. References: B, S, PP, V, 7M, 6T and 5L.

BULLER SIDING, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is BULLER SIDING, in 1974. Map position: 44°27' 72°23'. Reference: V.

BULLER STATION, railway point, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is BULLER STATION, in 1974. Map position: 44°27' 77°22'. Reference: V.

BULLER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Named for Sir. Redvers Buller, Boer War hero. Map position: 50°01' 93°22'. References: V and 7R.

BULLOCK, dispersed rural community, Lanark Township, Lanark County. Located 3 km southeast of Brightside, 4 km northwest of Hopetown and 20 km north of McDonalds Corners. Present approved name is BULLOCK. Map position: 45°06' 76°28'. References: V and 5L.

BULLOCK'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, West Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, later within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located on Mordens Creek, 1/2 mile from Dundas, 7 miles west of Hamilton, at the junction of Highway #8 and Brock Road. This was the earliest settlement, 'on the mountain'. Post office established as BULLOCK'S CORNERS in 1873. First Postmaster William J. Mordan, later corrected to Morden. Office closed May 20th, 1901. In 1872 an official listing showed the post office named GREENSVILLE in the village of BULLOCKS CORNERS, but the latter showed no interuption of service or name change. First settler Jacob Cochenour, in 1795. Place is named for William Bullock who came from Pennsylvania in 1833. His son, William Bullock Jr., was the second Postmaster for this place. Present approved name is BULLOCKS CORNERS. Population 150 in 1893 and 171 in 1976. Map position: 43°17' 79°58'. References: A, B, I, Z, DD, 2Y, U10, V, 7N, 5L, 7R, 5S, 4M, 7B and SS.

BULLOCK TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 28, RANGE 18, Algoma District.

BULL'S MILLS, hamlet, Hallowell Township, Prince Edward County. Located on Bull Creek 5 miles west of Picton, in the geographic centre of Hallowell Township. First clearing was made by Thomas Bowerman. Post office established on July 6th, 1832, and named BLOOMFIELD. First Postmaster John Thirkell. Office still in operation in 1983. Cornelias White was an early settler in the 1800's. On September 1st, 1833, there appeared an article in the Hallowell Free Press naming this place "WHITESVILLE, for the want of a better name", and presumably to honour Cornelias White. As a result of the article a public meeting was held, and the place was named BLOOMFIELD in 1833, for Captain A. Bloomfield. Incorporated as a Village, December 6th, 1906. Present approved name is BLOOMFIELD. Population 600 in 1895 and 756 in 1976. Map position: 43°59' 77°14'. References: B, I, Z, 2S, 3S, 5K, V, 1F, 7X, 5L and 7R.

BULLTOWN #1, SEE: LOSKY, York County.

BULLTOWN #2, dispersed rural community, Bentinck Township, Grey County. Located 1 1/2 miles south of Saugeen River, 3 miles west of Grand Trunk Railway at Durham, 15 miles north of Mount Forest and 30 miles south of Owen Sound, the County Seat. Post office established as VICKERS in 1887. First Postmaster John W. Vickers for whom the office was named. Office closed November 1st, 1913. Bulltown, the former name was given for an early settler named Bull, who surveyed 8 or 10 acres of his farm on the Durham Road front as the town site. Present approved name is VICKERS. Population 40 in 1892. Map position: 44°10' 80°52'. References: I, S, 7B, 5T, AA, 6T, PP and V.

**BULLY HOLLOW,** SEE: **WOLF PACK**, Peel County.

**BULLY'S ACRE,** SEE: **GIMBY'S CORNERS**, Simcoe County.

**BULMER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named for C. F. Bulmer, Executive Council Clerk for the Ontario Legislature in 1943. Map position: 50°27' 90°13'. References: V and 7R.

**BUMBURY**, hamlet, Ameliasburg Township, Prince Edwards County. Located on Rollin's Lake, 20 miles northwest of Picton and 6 miles from Belleville. Post office opened as **BUMBURY** in 1880. First Postmaster R. T. Howell. Office closed 1884. The post office listing shows the name as **BUNBERRY** and another misspelling is **BUNBURY**. No recent references to this place. References: I, T, Z, PP and 9F.

**BUMMER'S ROOST,** SEE: **MECUNOMA**, Parry Sound District.

**BUNCRANA**, post office, Brantford Township, Brant County. Office opened May 1st, 1861. First Postmaster John Hunter, who resigned and the office was closed September 30th, 1863. Post office having been opened at nearby Burtch, made the further maintenance of this office unnecessary. No recent references to this name. References: I, 3Z and 3N.

**BUNESAN**, dispersed rural community, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 30 miles south of Owen Sound and 5 miles from Goderich, Buffalo & Lake Erie Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway at Durham Station. Post office established as **BUNESAN** in 1874. First Postmaster Dugald McInnes who named the place for his hometown in Scotland. Office closed September 1st, 1913. An 1895 listing showed spelling as **BUNNESSAN**. Present approved name is **BUNESSAN**. Population 50 in 1895 and 3 in 1908. Map position: 44°12' 80°43'. References: I, S, Z, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**BUNGLE**, station, Marathon Township, Cochrane District. In August, 1916, the name was changed to **BINGLE**. Located on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway mainline, at an altitude 971 feet above sealevel, near Lowbush. Present approved name is **BINGLE**. Map position: 48°57' 80°24'. References: L2, SS, U and V.

**BUNKER HILL #1**, dispersed rural community, Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located 5 km west of Lunenburg, 7 km northwest of Ingleside and 10 km south of Newington. Present approved name is **BUNKER HILL**. Map position: 45°03' 75°02'. References: B, 5L and V.

**BUNKER HILL #2**, local name. Located at Lot 23, Concession D, Scarborough Township, York County, now Scarborough City, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Reference: 8H.

**BUNYAN**, dispersed rural community, Sarnia Township, Lambton County. Located 6 miles east of Sarnia and 3 1/2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Mandaumin Station. Post office established as **BUNYAN** in 1874. First Postmaster Ebenezer Watson. Office closed September 30th, 1911. Place was named for John Bunyan, author of Pilgrim's Progress. Present approved name is **BUNYAN**. Population 30 in 1893 and 30 in 1895. Map position: 42°56' 81°16'. References: 2Z, S, Z, 1H, U10, V, 5L, 7R and 6S.

**BURCHELL LAKE,** SEE: **NORTH COLDSTREAM**, Thunder Bay District.

**BUR CREEK**, dispersed rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 3 miles from Elginfield and 3 miles from Cataraqui. Post office opened as **BUR CREEK** on April 1st, 1912. First Postmaster Henry MacRow. Name spelling changed to **BURR CREEK** by 1913. Office closed November 18th, 1913. Present approved name is **BUR CREEK**. Map position: 44°18' 76°33'. References: B, V, 6T and 5L.

**BURDITT LAKE**, dispersed rural community, Benn Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Located 5 km northwest of Mandomin, 23 km northeast of Dearlock and 45 km northwest of Fort Frances. Present approved name is **BURDITT LAKE**. Map position: 48°55' 93°48'. References: V and 5L.

BURFORD GORE, SEE: OAKLAND TOWNSHIP, Brant County.

BURFORD POINT, Himsworth North Township, Parry Sound District. Population 55 in 1971. References: 3B and 6M.

BURFORD TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Brant County, formerly in Brock District, Canada West. Surveyed in 1793. Named for Town of Burford, Oxfordshire, England. First Township post office established in 1820 by Colonel Bowen. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849, C81. First Township Council meeting held in 1850. First Patentee John Symington. Separated from County of Oxford and Incorporated with County of Brant in 1852. Population 550 in 1817, 4,133 in 1852 and 5,487 in 1980. Map position: 43°05' 80°30'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and V.

BURGESS, hamlet, Lanark Township, Lanark County, formerly Bathurst District, Canada West. Post office opened 1865 named **HAMLET**. First Postmaster John Byrne. In 1879, office name changed to **STANLEYVILLE** to honour Michael Stanley, an Irish settler. In 1902, the place name was changed to **MICAVILLE** and in 1912, the name reverted to **STANLEYVILLE**, taking the name of the post office. This town grew when corundum was discovered. Corundum is an industrial abrasive harder than anything except the diamond. In pure form it appears as the ruby and sapphire. In 1917, a cheaper synthetic carborundum was discovered which led to the closing of the mine. Present approved name is **STANLEYVILLE**. Population 150 in 1892 and 70 in 1976. Map position: 44°48' 76°19'. References: G, SS, I, A, 6T, PP, 3B, AA, 7M and 9J.

BURGESS MINES, post settlement, Carlow Township, Hastings County, later designated a dispersed rural community. Located on the York Branch River, 30 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Barrys Bay Station, near the northern end of Kaminiskeg Lake on which a steamboat shuttled during navigation season (1908). Post office established as **BURGESS MINES** on March 1st, 1905. First Postmaster Wilson Mackie. Office closed October 29, 1916. Present approved name is **BURGESS MINES**. Population 200 in 1908. Map position: 45°16' 77°42'. References: PP, V, 6T, 7S and 5L.

BURGESS SUBDIVISION, East Zorra Township, Oxford County, later East Zorra-Tavistock Township, Oxford County. Located 1 km northeast of Woodstock, 2 km south of Perrys Lane and 5 km east of Golspie. Present name not approved. Population 68 in 1961 and 122 in 1976. References: 3B, 5A, 6M and 5L.

BURGESS TOWNSHIP, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Lanark County. Settled in 1816 by Scotch families and dis-banded Military. Named for Earl of Burgess. This Township later split into **BURGESS NORTH** Township, Lanark County and **BURGESS SOUTH** Township, (with Bastard Township,) in Leeds County. References: C, 1I, M and S.Parsons.

BURGESSVILLE, SEE: SNYDER'S CORNERS, Oxford County.

BURGOYNE, SEE: STARK'S CORNERS, Bruce County.

BURKE, hamlet, East Dover Township, Kent County. Located 10 miles northwest of Chatham and 1 mile from the line of the Chatham and Wallaceburg Electric Railway. The post office opened September 1st, 1898, as **BEAR LINE**. First Postmaster Daniel H. Winters. Office closed by 1972. **BURKE STATION** name changed to **BEAR LINE STATION** then in March of 1927, to **TOWN HALL STATION**. Designated as a dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is **BEAR LINE**. Population 25 in 1913. Map position: 42°27' 82°17'. References: S, DD, 9F, MM, PP, SS, V, 7G, 5L and 6S.

BURKE SETTLEMENT, dispersed rural community, Oso Township, Frontenac County. Located 3 km southwest of Clarendon Station, 6 km northwest of Oso and 10 km southeast of Mississippi Station. Present approved name is **BURKE SETTLEMENT**. Map position: 44°51' 76°44'. References: V and 5L.

BURKE'S FALLS, SEE: BURK'S FALLS Parry Sound District.

BURKE'S HEADQUARTERS, post office, Algoma District. Office opened February 1st, 1885 as **BURK'S HEAD QUARTERS**.

First Postmaster Marvin Burk. Office closed June 1st, 1885. Located on CPR railway and no other location shown. Reference: I.

BURKETON, station and concentrated rural community, Darlington Township, Durham County. Located west of Highway #47, 43 miles northwest of Cobourg, 10 miles north of Bowmanville and 4 miles from Blackstock. Post office established as BURKETON STATION in 1885. First Postmaster M. E. Quigley. Office closed by 1971. The station named BURKETON JUNCTION and BURKETON STATION served by CPR and shown on the border of Cartwright and Darlington Townships. Present approved name is BURKETON STATION. Population 100 in 1895 and 153 in 1971. In 1976 population included in the Town of Newcastle, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Map position: 44°03' 78°47'. References: B, I, S, Z, MM, PP, 3B, 9F, V, 5T and 5S.

BURKETOWN, hamlet, Durham County. Located at the junction of the Bobcaygeon, Lindsay & Pontypool Railway, and CPR. The flag station had a telegraph office in 1908. Population 100 in 1908. No recent reference to this hamlet. Reference: PP.

BURKHOLME, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Map position: 43°14' 79°51'. Reference: V.

BURK'S CORNERS. To 1911, owned by George Burk, a farm property, at the present northeast corner of Pharmacy and Sheppard Avenues, in Scarborough Township, York County. It shows on the Mile's map of Ontario County, 1879. Reference: 8H.

BURK'S FALLS, Village, Part of Armour Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Located 4 miles north of Bracebridge, on the Magnetawan River, at Highway #20, and is 25 miles north of Huntsville. This place was named for the first settler, also the first Postmaster David F. Burk. Post office opened as BURK'S FALLS in 1879. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Village of Burks Falls April 7th, 1890. BURKS FALLS STATION served by the North and North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway,and recently by CNR. Parish name ST. PATRICE. Place name has been misspelled as BURKE'S FALLS. Present approved name is BURKS FALLS. Population 300 in 1886 and 868 in 1980. Map position: 45°37' 79°24'. References: I, M, T, S, Z, MM, HH, 2Y, SS, 5L, 5K, V and 6S.

BURK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Surveyed in 1898. Named for D. F. Burk of Port Arthur. Map position: 49°20' 91°18'. References: V and 7R.

BURLEIGH, post office, on Eel River, Burleigh Township, Peterborough County. Located 37 miles from Coboconk, 36 miles northeast of Peterborough, 4 miles south of Apsley and 28 miles northeast of Lakefield. Post office established as BURLEIGH on August 1st, 1873. First Postmaster John McDonald. Office closed July 31st, 1924. Present approved name is BURLEIGH. Population 30 in 1893 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°40' 78°09'. References: A, I, T, S, Z, PP, 5N, 5V, 5Y, 6T and 9J.

BURLEIGH FALLS, dispersed rural community, Harvey and Burleigh Townships, Peterborough County. Located 20 miles northeast of Peterborough the County Seat and 11 miles north of Lakefield. Post office opened as BURLEIGH FALLS in 1864 and was named for the Township. First Postmaster James Golborne. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BURLEIGH FALLS. Population 25 in 1895, 30 in 1913 and 179 in 1980. Map position: 44°33' 78°13'. References: B, I, S, Z, U, DD, PP, 5E, V, 6T, 5L, 7R and 4F.

BURLEIGH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township within the Municipal Township of Burleigh and Anstruther, Peterborough County, formerly being in the Midland District of Canada West. Named for Lord (William Cecil) Burleigh, English Statesman. Area of 74,108 acres. First settler Giles Stone, in 1861. Population 600 in 1852 and 994 in 1975. Map position: 44°40' 78°09'. References: C, 2M, 2W and V.

BURLEIGH AND ANSTRUTHER TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, located in the County of Peterborough. Incorporated January 1st, 1865. Quieting Order P5437-68, dated August 22nd, 1968. Population 1,170 in 1980. References: HH and M.

**BURLINGTON,** SEE: **WELLINGTON SQUARE**, Halton County.

**BURLINGTON BAY #1,** Gore District, Canada West later in Barton Township, Wentworth County. Early, known as **KING'S HEAD**, a good Inn, erected for travelers, by order of his excellency Major-General Simcoe, Lieutenant Governor, in 1799. Located 45 miles from both Toronto and Niagara Falls. Post office opened as **HAMILTON**, in 1825. First Postmaster James G. Bethune. Post office still in operation in 1983, with many branches in this large city. First settlers in 1778, Robert Land and Richard Beasley, U.E. Loyalists. Robert Land built the first log cabin, in what is now the heart of downtown Hamilton. The battle of Stoney Creek was fought here in 1813. This place was founded in 1812, by George Hamilton, who had the town plot surveyed on his farmland, which grew to be the **CITY OF HAMILTON**, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth, and which was named for George. Incorporated as Village of Hamilton in 1816. On February 13th, 1833 it became the Town of Hamilton and was Incorporated as the City of Hamilton on June 9th, 1846, by Act 9, Vic. Cap 73. Present approved name is **HAMILTON.** Population 6,475 in 1846, 36,000 in 1886, 52,634 in 1901, 273,991 in 1966 and 306,538 in 1980. Map position: 43°15' 79°51'. References: B, I, G, M, C, T, PP, HH, 2T, 2R, 2U, 5M, 5K, V, 7V and 7X.

**BURLINGTON BAY #2,** SEE: **WASHQUARTER**, Halton-Wentworth Counties.

**BURLINGTON BAY #3,** mail for the settlement, at Burlington Bay, in Halton County, to be sent to the post office at Wellington Square, as directed by the Postmaster General of Canada, in 1835. This place was a settlement when Hamilton was a Town. Reference: 3H.

**BURLINGTON BEACH,** hamlet, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County, later an urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 8 miles northeast of Hamilton and 2 miles from Burlington. Post office established 1885, as **BURLINGTON BEACH.** First Postmaster John Hughes. In 1891, the name was changed to **ELSINORE BEACH.** For Part of the period that it was called Elsinore Beach, it was also called **ELSINORE PARK** (1892). Also in 1892, the name was changed to **HAMILTON BEACH.** Hamilton Beach post office was made a sub-post office of Hamilton, on October 1st, 1925. Incorporated as Village of Hamilton Beach in 1897, and annexed by Hamilton in 1957. Present approved name is **HAMILTON BEACH.** Population 50 in 1893 and 250 in 1908. Map position: 43°17' 79°47'. References: I, 2T, 5P, 6S, PP, U10, V and 6T.

**BURLINGTON BEACH COMMISSION,** Incorporated into the **CITY OF HAMILTON**, on January 1st, 1957. Reference: HH.

**BURLINGTON CROSSING,** SEE: **FREEMAN #1**, Halton County.

**BURLINTON HEIGHTS,** SEE: **APPLEGARTH MILLS**, Wentworth County.

**BURLINGTON JUNCTION,** SEE: **WELLINGTON SQUARE**, Halton County.

**BURNABY,** dispersed rural community, Wainfleet Township, Welland County, later within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 13 miles southwest of Welland and 2 1/2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Wainfleet Station. Post office established as **BURNABY** on May 1st, 1885. First Postmaster H.A. Kinnard. Office closed June 30th, 1938. Reopened July 26th, 1938. Status of office changed on May 8th, 1939, to a Summer post office named **MORGAN'S POINT.** Office closed September 11th, 1972. Present approved name is **MORGANS POINT.** Population 50 in 1895 and 200 in 1926. Map position: 42°52' 79°20'. References: I, Z, MM, SS, 6T, 5L, 6S and V.

**BURNABY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Surveyed in 1885. Named for J. Burnaby Thompson, Department of Lands and Forests, 1928. Map position: 46°56' 79°24'. References: V and 7R.

**BURNBRAE,** dispersed rural community, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 42 miles northeast of Cobourg, 4 miles north of Midland Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway at Hoards Station and 4 1/2 miles from Campbellford. Post office established in 1855 as **BURNBRAE.** First Postmaster Alexander Donald. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **BURNBRAE.** Population 50 in 1893 and 30 in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 77°42'. References: I, Z, EE, U10, 3U, V, 5L, 6T and 5V.

**BURNDICK,** hamlet, Matchedash Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 mile from Buckskin and 24 km from Coldwater.

**BURNDICK**, hamlet, Matchedash Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 mile from Buckskin and 24 km from Coldwater. Post office opened June 15th, 1914. First Postmaster Louis P. Burns. Office name changed to **SEVERN FALLS**, June 1st, 1919. On August 1st, 1922, post office name changed to **SEVERN PARK**. Present approved name is **SEVERN PARK**. Population 66 in 1961 and 35 in 1972. Map position: 44°52' 79°36'. References: SS, 6T, B, 3B, 5A, 9J and U.

BURNELL, SEE: PLEASANT POINT, Victoria County.

BURNHAM POINT, summer resort, Part of City of Peterborough. Located 9 miles north of Peterborough. Reference: SS.

BURNHAMTHORPE, SEE: SAND HILL, Peel County.

BURNHOUSE, hamlet, Sydenham Township, Grey County. Located 7 1/2 miles east of Owen Sound and 3 miles from Woodford. Post office opened as **BURNHOUSE**, on April 1st, 1904. First Postmaster John Burns. Office closed January 1st, 1909. The Geographic Board of Canada deleted this name on May 21st, 1945. It is no longer listed. References: S, U, PP, 6T, 7J and 7D.

BURNING SPRINGS, settlement, Stamford Township, Welland County. Located 1 mile from Michigan Central Railway at Chippewa Station, and 3 miles from Niagara Falls. Population 10 in 1893 and no mention of this place after 1908. References: S, Z, PP and U10.

BURNLEY, SEE: GRIMSHAW SETTLEMENT, Northumberland County.

BURNS #1, settlement, Lot 16, Concession 12 of Moore Township, Lambton County. Reference: 1H.

BURNS #2, dispersed rural community, Mornington Township, Perth County. Located 10 1/2 miles from Moorefield, 31 miles north of Stratford and 3 1/2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Newton Station. Post office opened and first published as **BURNA** and corrected in the next listing. Office opened November 1st, 1862. First Postmaster W. Cousins. Present approved name is **BURNS**. Population 100 in 1886 and 50 in 1907. Map position: 43°37' 80°51'. References: A, I, T, S, PP, 3N, V, 6S and 5L.

BURNSIDE #1, settlement, Caldwell Township, Nipissing District. Located 15 miles east of Sudbury, 34 west of North Bay and 7 miles west of Cache Bay. Post office opened as **BURNSIDE**, in 1886. First Postmaster J.L. Michaud. Named for the family of the wife of A. Baker, who was General Superintendant of CPR. The first name of Burnside had been given, for a forest fire scar. **VERNER STATION** on CPR mainline at an altitude of 673 feet above sea-level, at mile 2508. Religious Parish name **ST.JEAN BAPTISTE**. First settled in the 1880's. This place Incorporated as a Police Village, 1924. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order R5299-71, and annexing the lands to the Township of Caldwell, on July 21st, 1971, effective date December 31st, 1971. Present approved name is **VERNER**. Population 50 in 1893 and 1,030 in 1908, 877 in 1956 and 1,055 in 1976. Map position: 46°25' 80°07'. References: 2Y, I, P, S, MM, F, 3B, L1, U10, 5E, SS, 9L, 5K, PP, 8K and 9J.

BURNSIDE #2, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 7 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Uhthoff Station and 8 miles northwest of Orillia. Post office established February 1st, 1905, and named **BURNSIDE** for farmer John Burnside. First Postmaster Thomas McKinley. Office closed September 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **BURNSIDE**. Population under 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°45' 79°32'. References: B, 7S, S, PP, JJ, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

BURN'S MILLS, West Williams Township, Middlesex County. Located 5 miles from Widder, 34 miles northwest of London and 6 miles from Park Hill. Post office opened October 1st, 1854, named **BURN'S MILLS** for first Postmaster Robert Burns. Office name changed to **SYLVAN**, in 1855. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **SYLVAN**. Population 70 in 1892 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 43°09' 81°46'. References: I, 8Q, A, S, Z, EE, 6T, PP and 9J.

BURNSTOWN, dispersed rural community, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located 48 miles southeast of Pembroke and 8 miles from Renfrew. Post office opened as **BURNSTOWN** in 1854. First Postmaster A.H. Dowswell. Office still

in operation in 1983. Burnstown was named for the 'burn' or creek, that ran through the village. Present approved name is **BURNSTOWN.** Population 120 in 1893 and 76 in 1976. Map position: 45°23' 76°35'. References: I, S, Z, U10, 3U, V, 7D, 5L and 5P.

**BURNS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Also SEE: **SHERWOOD, JONES & BURNS TOWNSHIP**, Renfrew County. Map position: 45°38' 77°44'. Reference: V.

**BURNT HILLS**, dispersed rural community, Loughborough Township, Frontenac County. Present approved name is **BURNT HILLS.** Map position: 44°27' 76°18'. Reference: V.

**BURNT ISLAND**, dispersed rural community, on Burnt Island, Manitoulin District. Present approved name is **BURNT ISLAND.** Population 16 in 1976. Map position: 45°49' 82°57'. References: B, V and 5L.

**BURNT LAKE**, hamlet, Sudbury District. Located 32 km from Sudbury (1980). Reference: U.

**BURNT RIVER #1**, Police Village, Somerville Township, Victoria County. Formerly shown on the borders of, Somerville and Galway Townships, and Victoria and Peterborough Counties. Located on Burnt River, 34 miles northeast of Lindsay the County Seat, 9 miles from Silver Lake and 20 miles from Bobcaygeon. Post office opened as **KINMOUNT** in September 1st, 1859. First Postmaster (and first settler) John Hunter. Office still in operation in 1983. Place named for the river that runs through it. Kinmount was Incorporated as a Police Village on November 25th, 1905, by Bylaw #612. Police Village status dissolved on January 1st, 1981, and reverted to the Township of Somerville. Religious Parish name **ST. PATRICE.** Present approved name is **KINMOUNT.** Population 350 in 1886 and 488 in 1980. Map position: 44°47' 78°39'. References: 5A, V, 8E, B, I, T, S, U, Z, 5E, 2L, SS, 7B, 9L, 7D and 7L.

**BURNT RIVER #2**, Somerville Township, Victoria County. Located 24 miles north of Lindsay, 10 miles from Fenelon Falls and 1/2 mile from Midland Railway, (later Grand Trunk Railway, now CNR.) at **RETTIE STATION.** This station was renamed **BURNT RIVER**, in 1897. Post office opened as **BURNT RIVER** on July 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Simon Moore. Office still in operation in 1983. Name is derived from a nearby river which was named after a fire swept the area and left the river a peculiar burnt colour. Present approved name is **BURNT RIVER.** Population 200 in 1893 and 218 in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 78°42'. References: 7D, I, S, Z, U10, V, 5Y, 5P, 5L and 5S.

**BURNTWOOD**, hamlet, Homuth Township, Cochrane District. Located near Brownrigg. In July of 1951 the name of this hamlet was changed to **KILLORAN.** Present approved name is **KILLORAN.** Population 35 in 1972. Map position: 49°41' 81°31'. References: U, O, SS and 9J.

**BURNVILLE**, hamlet, South West Oxford Township, Oxford County. Located 12 miles from Ingersoll, 4 miles from Tilsonburg and 23 miles southwest of Woodstock. Post office established 1876 as **OSTRANDER.** First Postmaster Henry B. Ostrander. Office closed December 31st, 1968. **OSTRANDER STATION** on Port Burwell Division of CPR. Present approved name is **OSTRANDER.** Population 32 in 1892 and 84 in 1976. Map position: 42°54' 80°45'. References: A, 9F, S, U10, 3B, PP and V.

**BURPEE**, dispersed rural community, Burpee Township, Manitoulin District. Located 5 miles from Evensville. Post office established as **BURPEE**, on October 1st, 1912. First Postmaster William Padgen. Office closed December 8th, 1938. Present approved name is **BURPEE.** Map position: 45°47' 82°34'. References: V, 5L and 6T.

**BURPEE TOWNSHIP #1**, Municipal Township, Manitoulin District. First settled in 1873. Surveyed in 1878 by G. B. Abrey and named for an early settler who drowned. Area 28,723 acres. Incorporated January 1st, 1881. Quieting Order M1393, dated November 8th, 1956. Population 222 in 1977 and 177 in 1980. Map position: 45°48' 82°38'. References: R1, 7R, HH, M and V.

**BURPEE TOWNSHIP #2**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District, later changed to **EAST BURPEE TOWNSHIP** (which see). Map position: 45°35' 80°06'. References: V and 9J.

BURR, dispersed rural community, Hillier Township, Prince Edward County. Present approved name is BURR. Map position: 44°03' 77°23'. References: V+ and 5L.

BURR CREEK, SEE: BUR CREEK, Frontenac County.

BURRELL'S HOLLOW, SEE: HOLLOW, Peel County.

BURRELL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed 1912. Named for M. Burrell, M. P. in the 1900s. Map position: 50°02' 85°00'. Reference: V.

BURRIDGE, dispersed rural community, Bedford Township, Addington County, later Frontenac County. Located 35 miles north of Kingston, 10 miles from Westport and 12 miles from Parham Station. Post office opened as BURRIDGE, on December 1st, 1896. First Postmistress Miss Catherine Slavin. Office closed April 1st, 1970. Present approved name is BURRIDGE. Population 75 in 1913 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 44°39' 76°32'. References: B, S, DD, 3B, V, 7E and 5L.

BURRISS, dispersed rural community, Burriss Township, Rainy River District. Located 16 miles from Fort Erie and 10 miles from Emo. Post office opened as BURRISS, on February 1st, 1904. First Postmaster H. J. Lodder, which spelling was changed to Lauder, in a later listing. Office closed October 1st, 1959. Place was named for Rufus Allan Burriss, Government Immigration Agent. Present approved name is BURRISS. Population 15 in 1926. Map position: 48°41' 93°40'. References: S, DD, V, 7J, 5L, 6T and 4D.

BURRISS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Surveyed in 1898. Named for Rev. R. A. Burriss of Port Arthur. Map position: 48°42' 93°39'. Reference: V.

BURRISS TOWNSHIP, SEE: LAVALEE, (MUNICIPALITY OF), Rainy River District.

BURRITT, post office, Cameron Township, Nipissing District. Located 7 miles from Mattawa. Post office established as BURRITT, on February 1st, 1912. First Postmaster Philippe Robert. Office closed October 1st, 1938. No recent reference to this office. Map position: 46°18' 78°41'. References: U, 6T and 9J.

BURRITT POINT, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Franklin Island. Date of this reference 1974. Map position: 45°23' 80°19'. References: B and 9J.

BURRITT'S #1, station, Renfrew County. Located on CPR. Population 10 in 1893. No other reference noted to this station. Reference: U10.

BURRITTS #2, station, Oxford-on-Rideau Township, Grenville County. Present approved name is BURRITTS. Map position: 44°57' 75°46'. Reference: V.

BURRITTS' RAPIDS, SEE: MARLBOROUGH SETTLEMENT, Carleton County.

BURRITT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Partly surveyed in 1906. Named for J. H. Burritt of Cochrane. Map position: 49°46' 82°45'. References: V and 7R.

BURROW BAY #35H, Indian Reserve, Kenora District. Located on the eastern shore of Burrow Bay and north shore of Sabaskong Bay. Owned by the Big Grassy Band, and presently, not in use. Map position: 49°11' 94°17'. Reference: R3.

BURROWS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Probably named for J. J. Burrows, Land Surveyor at the end of the 19th century. Map position: 47°49' 81°25. References: 7R and V.

BURROWSVILLE, hamlet, Grey Township, Huron County. Located 4 miles from Newry. Last noted 1875. Reference: A.

BURR TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 9Z, Sudbury District.

BURRWICK, SEE: BURWICK'S MILLS, York County.

BURSTALL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Named for Major General Burstall Map position: 50°09' 83°11'. References: 7R and V.

BURTCHES' CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Brantford Township, Brant County. Located 7 miles south of Brantford and situated on Cockshutt Road. Settled in 1845. Named for first settler David Burtch. Post office opened as BURTCH, October 8th, 1962. First Postmaster George Taylor. Office closed December 19th, 1927. Present approved name is BURTCH. Population 60 in 1893 and 114 in 1956. Map position: 43°03' 80°16'. References: B, I, S, U10, 5E, 3N, V, 6T, 5L, 6S and 7D.

BURTCH, SEE: BURTCHES' CORNERS, Brant County.

BURTON, dispersed rural community, Manvers Township, Durham County, later within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 30 miles northwest of Cobourg and 8 miles northwest of Pontypool, on the Ottawa & Quebec Railway, (later CPR,) and 8 miles fron Burketon. Post office opened October 1st, 1861 as BURTON. First Postmaster James McGill. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Present approved name is BURTON. Population 20 in 1893 and 50 in 1913. Map position: 44°07' 78°44'. References: B, I, S, DD, MM, U10, 3N, V, 6T and 5L.

BURTON STATION, railway point, Burton Township, Parry Sound District. Located 3 km from South Magnetawan. Present approved name is BURTON STATION. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 45°43' 81°12'. References: B, U, V and 6S.

BURTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Named for Sir George William Burton, Chief Justice of Ontario in the late 1800s. Map position: 45°41' 80°10'. References: 7R and V.

BURT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Named for Daniel Burt M.P.P. for Brant County in 1900. Map position: 48°04' 80°20'. Reference: V.

BURWASH, concentrated rural community, Laura Township, Sudbury District. Located 23 miles south of Sudbury, 40 miles southwest of Capreol, on Highway #69 and 6 miles from the Industrial Farm. Post office opened as BURWASH on June 24th, 1913. First Postmaster J.E. Racicot. Office still in operation in 1983. Place named for Nathaniel Burwash, Canadian Educator and Chancellor of Victoria University in 1913. Place name became FARMLANDS in December 1918. Name changed to INDUSTRIAL FARM prior to September 1st, 1927 when name was changed to BURWASH STATION and it still has a station named BURWASH STATION. The name changed back to simply BURWASH in 1974. The Industrial Farm opened in 1920 and closed in 1974. The closing of the farm nearly resulted in the Town qualifying for ghost town status in that year. Present approved name is BURWASH. Population 584 in 1951, and 616 in 1980. Map position: 46°14' 81°51'. References: U, 2Y, 3B, SS, V, 6T, 7R and 5L.

BURWASH INDUSTRIAL FARM, SEE: FARMLANDS, Sudbury District.

BURWASH STATION, SEE: FARMLANDS, Sudbury District.

BURWASH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for Nathaniel Burwash, Chancellor of Victoria University, (1887 to 1913). Map position: 46°20' 80°45'. References: 7R and V.

BURWELL ROAD, hamlet, Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 16 miles west of London, 1 1/2 miles from Mt. Brydges, and 3 miles from Michigan Central Railway at Muncey Station. Post office opened as BURWELL ROAD in 1893. First Postmaster Barton Walker. Office closed August 1st, 1912. Office was named after A. B. Burwell, a landowner in the area, and first settler. Population 25 in 1893 and 60 in 1895. This place has not been noted since the post office closed in 1912. References: I, S, Z, U10, 6T and 7D.

BURWICK, SEE: BURWICK'S MILLS, York County.

the Town of Vaughan, within the Regional Municipality of York. Place was also known as **BURWICK**, and was named for the founder, Roland Burr, who laid out the town lots in 1837 and was the first settler. Located on the Humber River, 17 miles from Toronto, 5 1/2 miles from the Ontario Simcoe & Huron Railway at Thornhill Station and at the junction of Highways #27 & 7. Post office established November 6th, 1837, as **VAUGHAN**, and named for the Township. First Postmaster George Stegman. In 1855, the post office name became **WOODBRIDGE**. Office still in operation in 1983. This place Incorporated as a Village in 1882. On January 1st, 1971, Part of Vaughan was annexed to Richmond Hill and the Town of Woodbridge, and Parts of **KING**, amalgamated with **TOWNSHIP OF VAUGHAN**, to form the Town of Vaughan, within the Regional Municipality of York County. The place Woodbridge has overgrown a small place, which was called **SMITHVILLE**, in the early years, but which is not proven as the first place name. Present approved name is **WOODBRIDGE**. Population 450 in 1857, 700 in 1907 and 20,131 in 1980. Map position: 43°47' 79°36'. References: C, EE, I, M, HH, 3S, S, 2T, 2U, 3G and 9J.

**BURY**, named for Lord Bury, who bought the penninsula from the Indians. This place is located in St. Edmunds Township, Bruce County. Located 110 miles northwest of Walkerton and 50 miles from Wairton. Post office opened 1882, as **TOBERMORY** by Highland fishermen, for the Scottish Town in Oban, of the same name. First Postmaster D. MacDonald. Office still in operation in 1983. There is a very old lighthouse here, that was built in 1856. Present approved name is **TOBERMORY**. Population 200 in 1892 and 250 in 1926. Map position: 45°15' 81°40'. References: TT, I, 7D, 5L, S, A, Z, MM, 2Y, 5P and 9J.

**BURY'S GREEN**, SEE: **FELL SETTLEMENT**, Victoria County.

**BUSBY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Once misspelled as **BUSHBY TOWNSHIP**. Map position: 48°20' 83°26'. References: V+.

**BUSHBY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **BUSBY TOWNSHIP**, Sudbury District.

**BUSHE'S POINT**, SEE: **BUSH'S POINT**, Simcoe County.

**BUSHFIELD**, hamlet, Morris Township, Huron County. Located 24 miles east of Goderich and 5 miles east of Lake Huron and Buffalo Railway at Blythe Station. Post office established as **BUSHFIELD**, in 1866. First Postmaster James Holland. Office closed 1891. Population 200 in 1875 and 20 in 1893. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: A, I, Z, U10, 3R, 3Q and 7B.

**BUSH GLEN**, dispersed rural community, Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located 24 miles west of Cornwall, 9 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Aultsville Station. Post office established as **BUSH GLEN** in 1884. First Postmaster Gordon Bush. Office closed January 7th, 1944. Post office was named for the first Postmaster. Present approved name is **BUSH GLEN**. Population 200 in 1895 and 40 in 1908. Map position: 45°03' 75°06'. References: I, S, Z, PP, V, 6T, 7D, 5P and 5L.

**BUSH LAKE**, station, Flett Township, Nipissing District. Located on the Timiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway, later CPR, 48 miles north of North Bay, 24 south of Temagami and 226 miles north of Toronto. Name changed to **BUSHNEIL**, in 1908, however, it was misspelled as **BUSCHNELL**, for a few years. Present approved name is **BUSHNEIL**. Map position: 46°48' 79°34'. References: V, 9J, U, PP and S.

**BUSHNELL**, SEE: **BUSH LAKE**, Nipissing District.

**BUSHNEIL**, SEE: **BUSH LAKE**, Nipissing District.

**BUSH'S POINT**, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 38 miles north of Barrie, 2 miles from Coldwater and near Orillia. It is a flag station on the Midland Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened in 1877 named **FESSERTON**. First Postmaster R. Jancouski. Name given by Mr. Hugel, who was President of the old Midland Railway. Office closed October 3rd, 1960. First name given to the place was for the first settler, a Mr. Bush. This place is recently designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **FESSERTON**. Population 100 in 1893 and 195 in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 79°41'. References: 7D, I, S, Z, DD, JJ, 3B, U10, 5V, 7R and 6T.

BUSHWELLS'S MILL, quay, Algoma District, on the Sault Ste. Marie line of the CPR. Boats visit 3 times weekly from Owen Sound to Sault Ste. Marie. This place is mentioned in 1893, and nothing of it since. References: U10.

BUSKEGAU, SEE: BUSKEGON, Cochrane District.

BUSKEGON, railway point, Clute Township, Cochrane District. Misspelled as: BUSKEGOW and BUSKEGON. It is a station on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway mainline at an altitude of 883 feet above sea-level. Present approved name is BUSKEGON. Map position: 49°06' 81°12'. References: U, L2, SS and V.

BUSKEGOW, SEE: BUSKEGON, Cochrane District.

BUSTARD ISLANDS, settled in 1830, Parry Sound District, Upper Canada, as a fishing station. It was abandoned in 1830, for fishing, and declined. It's still shown 36 km from Rutter. References: E and U.

BUSTEED, railway point, Gidley Township, Kenora District. Located 22 km west of Kenora and a station on the CPR, 14 miles west of Rat Portage (later Kenora), and on Lake of the Woods. Altitude 1,187 feet above sea-level. Station is between Deception Station and Ostersund Station, at mile 1601. Map position: 49°45' 44°48' References: R2, U, PP, L1, V, 8G and 8K.

BUSWELL'S MILLS, post office, Algoma District. Office opened in 1888. No other reference to this office. Reference: I.

BUSY BEE CORNERS, hamlet, Malden Township, Essex County. Located 8 km northeas of Amherst Pointe, 6 km west of Amherstburg and 14 km southeast of Gesto. Present approved name is BUSY BEE CORNERS. Map position: 42°06' 83°02'. References: 5L and 9K.

BUSY BERLIN, SEE: SAND HILLS, Waterloo County.

BUSYVILLE, post office, Sombra Township, Lot 20, Concession 11, Lambton County. Located 3 1/4 miles from Wilkesport and 3 1/2 miles from Terminus. Post office as BUSYVILLE, on opened May 1st, 1911. First Postmaster John Kewley. Office closed June 1st, 1914. No recent reference of this office. References: 1H, 2Z and 6T.

BUTCHER, post office, Brower Township, Cochrane District. Located 2 1/4 miles north of Brower. Post office established as BUTCHER on December 1st, 1925. First Postmistress M. B. Butcher. On June 1st, 1927 name changed to DUNNING. Designated a dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is DUNNING. Population 60 in 1978. Map position: 49°03' 80°50'. References: SS, 6T, R2, U and V.

BUTCHER'S POINT, on Lake Simcoe, which had a post office in either 1827 or 1837, both questionable dates, for this area in Victoria County. No further reference to this office. Reference: 8E.

BUTCHER TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 7H Algoma District.

BUTLER #1, station, Bradshaw Township, Kenora District. Located on CPR, 160 miles northwest of Port Arthur and 9 miles west of Ignace; it lies between the stations of Rally and Ignace, at mile 1752. Present approved name is BUTLER. Map position: 49°28' 91°49'. References: S, Z, PP, V and 6Z.

BUTLER #2, hamlet, Haliburton County. Located 8 miles from Northern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, at Kinnmount Station. Population 300 in 1908. No reference since that date. Reference: PP.

BUTLER #3, station, Algoma District. Located on CPR, and has an express office. Population 10 in 1893. No further reference to this place. Reference: U10.

BUTLER #4, urban community, Part of CITY OF HAMILTON, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Map position: 43°12' 79°52'. Reference: V.

BUTLERSBURG, SEE: THE FORTY, Lincoln County.

BUTLERSBURY, SEE: THE FORTY, Lincoln County.

BUTLER'S CORNERS, Home District, Canada West, later Whitby Township, Ontario County. Located 9 miles north of Whitby, 2 1/2 miles west of Grand Trunk Railway at Myrtle Station. This place was named for Richard Butler, who was Sergeant of a troop in the rebellion of 1837. He settled here, first, before 1850. When the post office was approved, a name was suggested by David Bowler, who was a native of Ashbourne in England. Somehow, during the naming of the Post office, they got it wrong, and the post office cancellation hammer was issued as ASHBURN, instead of ASHBOURNE, as was intended. The post office opened December 6th, 1852 as ASHBURN. First Postmaster Edward Oliver. Office still in operation in 1983. The place is recently designated as a concentrated rural community, and is Part of the Town of Whitby. Present approved name is ASHBURN. Population 200 in 1893 and 114 in 1980. Map position: 44°00' 79°00'. References: 3G, 7D, I, S, Z, U, U10, V and 6S.

BUTLER'S MILLS, SEE: DEREHAM CENTRE, Oxford County.

BUTLER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Surveyed in 1930. Named for M. J. Butler Canadian Surveyor and Explorer. Map position: 46°30' 79°04'. Reference: V.

BUTTERMILK FALLS #1, dispersed rural community, Stanhope Township, Haliburton County. Located 55 miles north of Lindsay, on Highway #35, 13 miles from Minden, 1 1/4 miles Boskung, 4 miles from Halls Lake and 5 miles from Carnarvon. Post office opened August 30th, 1937 as BUTTERMILK FALLS. First Postmaster J.J. Hewitt. Office closed in 1973. Present approved name is BUTTERMILK FALLS. Map position: 45°06' 78°45'. References: B, V, 6T and 5L.

BUTTERMILK FALLS #2, dispersed rural community, Bedford Township, Frontenac County. Post office opened as BEDFORD MILLS, for the Township, in 1880. First Postmaster Benjamin Tett. Mr. Tett served this office to 1907 and he was also the first settler in 1831. Present approved name is BEDFORD MILLS. Population 80 in 1895 and 50 in 1913. Map position: 44°36' 76°24'. References: I, T, S, Z, DD, 5L, 5V, 5S and 6E.

BUTTERNUT BAY, dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 7 miles south of Brockville. Post office opened June 1st, 1926 as BUTTERNUT. First Postmaster W. A. Empey. Correction listed, on 1926 post office circulars as BUTTERNUT BAY. Present approved name is BUTTERNUT BAY. Map position: 44°31' 75°47'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

BUTTON'S CORNERS, Firstbrook Township, Timiskaming District. Present approved name is BUTTON'S CORNERS. Map position: 47°28' 79°48'. References: V+ and 5L.

BUTTONVILLE, SEE: BROWN'S CORNERS #5, York County.

BUTTONWOOD, near Weston, Ontario. No other reference to this place. Reference: SS.

BUTT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District and now Part in the Town of Kearney, still in Nipissing District. Map position: 45°43' 79°00'. Reference: V.

BUXTON, dispersed rural community, Western District, Canada West, later shown in Raleigh Township, Kent County. Located 12 miles south of Chatham the County Seat and 6 miles south of Charing Cross. Settled in 1849, by freed slaves. Post office opened July 6th, 1851 as BUXTON. First Postmaster A. McLachlan. In 1875, it became OUVRY and later reverted to the original name of BUXTON. Office closed October 1st, 1915. Place had a station on Michigan Central Railway, named BUXTON STATION. Present approved name is SOUTH BUXTON. Population 100 in 1885, 25 in 1913 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 42°13' 82°08'. References: I, S, Z, 5A, SS, V, 6O, 8Q, MM, DD, 3R, 6T, 6S and AA.

BUXTON STATION, SEE: BUXTON, Kent County.

#26 Indian Reserve. Present approved name is **BUZWAH**. Map position: 45°45' 81°47'. References: V and 5L.

**BUZZTOWN**, hamlet, Portland Township, Frontenac County. Located 25 north of Kingston and 7 miles from Harrowsmith, at the head of the Napanee River and at Highway #38. Post office established December 1st, 1858 named **VERONA**. First Postmaster George Clark. Office still in operation in 1983. Redesignated as a concentrated rural community in the 1970s. Had a station named **RICHARDSON STATION** on CPR, which was also changed to **VERONA STATION**, in the 1850's. Present approved name is **VERONA**. Population 300 in 1893 and 991 in 1976. References: 6E, I, S, 2Y, U10, 3B, 3X, 7B, V, 7V and AA.

**BYERS**, dispersed rural community, Bagot Township, Renfrew County. Located 3 miles from Ferguslea and 4 miles from Hurd's Lake. Post office opened June 1st, 1911, as **HURD'S LAKE**. First Postmaster Frank Byers. Office closed May 16th, 1914. Present approved name is **HURDS LAKE**. Map position: 45°24' 76°41'. References: SS, V and 6T.

**BYER'S CREEK**, Blithfield (later spelled Blythfield) Township, Renfrew County. Located 20 miles south of Renfrew and 3 miles from Calabogie Station, on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office established as **HIGH FALLS** in 1864. First Postmaster T.H. Dillon. Office closed June 1st, 1905. Present approved name is **HIGH FALLS**. Population 75 in 1875 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 45°15' 76°46'. References: 7B, 7S, 9J, A, S, Z and I.

**BYERS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed 1905. Named for one-time Mayor of Toronto. Map position: 48°40' 81°47'. Reference: V.

**BYERSVILLE**, SEE: **BROWNTOWN**, Peterborough County.

**BYETOWN**, SEE: **RICHMOND LANDING**, Carleton County.

**BYNG**, SEE: **HALDIMAND #2**, Haldimand County.

**BYNG INLET**, concentrated rural community, Wallbridge Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Located 60 miles northwest of Parry Sound, 90 miles from Collingwood and 1 mile from Byng Inlet North. Post office established as **BYNG INLET** in 1868. First Postmaster Charles Little. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved place name is **BYNG INLET**. Population 300 in 1885 and 136 in 1976. Map position: 45°46' 80°33'. References: I, T, 3R, 7B, 5L, V, 6S and 4F.

**BYNG INLET NORTH**, dispersed rural community, Wallbridge Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Located 60 miles west of Parry Sound and 105 miles north of Midland. Post office established 1885, as **BRITT**. First Postmaster Pierre Potvin. Office closed May 1st, 1913. The station, named **DUNLOP STATION**, later **BRITT STATION**, on CPR, at Highway #69. Religious Parish name **STE. FAMILLE**. Present approved name is **BRITT**. Population 400 in 1895 and 136 in 1976. Map position: 45°46' 80°33'. References: I, Z, 3B, V, 6T, 6S, 5T, 2Y, SS, 5L and 6T.

**BYNG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named for Lord (Julian Hedworth George) Byng, 1st Viscount Byng of Vimy, Governor General of Canada 1921 to 1926. Map position: 49°00' 83°31'. References: V and 7R.

**BYRNEDALE**, dispersed rural community, Rochester Township, Essex County. Located 28 miles east of Sandwich and 5.5 miles from Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, at Belle River Station. Post office established as **BYRNEDALE** in 1879. First Postmaster William Byrne. Office closed January 1st, 1914. This place was named for A. Byrne, the first settler. Present approved name is **BYRNEDALE**. Population 200 in 1893 and 200 in 1908. References: I, S, PP, Z, U10, WW, V, 6T, 5L, 6S and 7D.

**BYRNELL**, SEE: **PLEASANT POINT**, Victoria County.

**BYRON**, SEE: **HALL'S CORNERS #2**, Middlesex County.

**BYRON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Named for Lord (George Gordon Noel)Byron, 6th Baron, English romantic poet. Map position: 48°06' 86°00'. Reference: V.

**BYSHE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Named for an early Ontario pioneer family. Map position: 50°59' 93°41'. References: V and 7R.

BYTOWN, SEE: RICHMOND LANDING, Carleton County.

**C TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Name changed to **HOTTE TOWNSHIP**, for M. Hotte, Mayor of Town of Cochrane. Map position: 46°51' 82°00'. Reference: V.

**CABOT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed in 1910. Named for John Cabot, discoverer of Newfoundland and Labrador. Map position: 47°43' 81°25'. Reference: V.

**CACHE**, post office, Canisbay Township, Algoma District, later Nipissing District. Located on CPR line. Had small post office in 1908 only. (May have been Ry. drop point.) Population 10 in 1908. Reference: PP.

**CACHE BAY**, Town, Springer Township, Nipissing District. Located 26 miles west of North Bay, 3 miles east of Sturgeon Falls, at mile 2516 of CPR track. Post office established as **CACHE BAY**, in 1889. First Postmaster A Young. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Town April 4th, 1903. Place started in 1883 with event of the railroad, it is on a " hidden" bay, hence the name "Cache". Religious parish name **STE. THERESE**. Present approved name is **CACHE BAY**. Population 200 in 1895 and 712 in 1979. Map position: 46°22' 79°59'. References: I, M, R1, N, S, Z, 2T, 2Y, SS, C, V, 8K and 5L.

**CACHE LAKE #1**, railway point, Canisbay Township, Nipissing District. Located at mile 2119 on CPR track, east of Trudeau Station, 190 miles east of Port Arthur. Present approved name is **CACHE LAKE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°33' 78°34'. References: S, U, PP, V, 8K and Z.

**CACHE LAKE #2**, hamlet, Located near the entrance to Algonquin National Park, Nipissing District. Near the Ottawa and Parry Sound branch of the Grand Trunk Railway line. Recorded only in 1908. Reference: PP.

**CACHE LAKE#3**, settlement, Badgerow Township, Nipissing District. Located in Northern Ontario, south of the Sturgeon River and to the northwest of Cache Bay Station on CPR. Also shown on an inlet of Lake Nipissing in 1908. Reference: PP.

**CACHE LAKE #4**, station, Algoma District. Located to the east of Melgund Station on CPR. Had Dominion Express office in 1903. Population 25 in 1893. References: U10 and 8G.

**CADARAKUI**, SEE: KATARAKNE, Frontenac County.

**CADEAU TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP 129, Algoma District.

**CADERETTE**, post office, Springer Township, Nipissing District. Located 10 miles from Sturgeon Falls and 24 miles west of North Bay. Post office established as **CADERETTE**, in 1905. First Postmaster Joseph Caderette and office is named for him. Office closed June 18th, 1919. Present approved name is **CADERETTE**. Map position: 46°23' 80°02'. References: S, MM, PP, V, 6T and 5K.

**CADMUS**, SEE: AMBUOY, Durham County.

**CAEN TOWNSHIP**,, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Surveyed 1870 and 1891. Named for Caen, town in north France famous for 11th century Norman architecture. Map position: 46°14' 81°13'. References: 7R and V.

**CAESAREA**, SEE: LASHERVILLE, Durham County.

**CAHIAGUE**, the name of the Indian Village on which site, the Town of Orillia is said to be built. It was a main Huron Village (the Rock Clan) said to have had a population of five to ten thousand people in the early 1600s. A Jesuit missionary record shows visits to this place in Simcoe County. Alternate spelling for the name is **CIHIAGUE**. References: 2E, 2Y and 2U.

**CAHORE**, dispersed rural community, Finch Township, Stormont County. Located 40 miles west of Cornwall and 8 miles southwest is Chesterville. Post office established as **CAHORE**, in 1887. First Postmaster George S, Johnstone. Office closed March 14th, 1916. Present approved name is **CAHORE**. Population 25 in 1893 and 50 in

1895. Map position: 45°11' 75°12'. References: I, S, Z, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 5S.

CAINSVILLE, SEE: KAREHOGUH, Brant County.

CAINTOWN, also spelled KANETOWN, dispersed rural community, Johnstown District, Canada West, later Front of Yonge Township, Leeds County. Located 12 miles southwest of Brockville, 4 miles north of Mallorytown and 7 miles from Lyn. Post office established as CAINTOWN, on October 1st, 1855. First Postmaster Myles Young. Office closed November 30th, 1953. Named for the first settlers who spelled their names CAIN or KANE and were from the state of Vermont in the year 1778. Present approved name is CAINTOWN. Population 100 in 1886 and 40 in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 75°53'. References: I, T, S, Z, EE, 3B, 6T, 5L and 8U.

CAIPHA, SEE: LAKE POST, Sudbury District.

CAIRNGORM, SEE: MOUNT HOPE #2, Middlesex County.

CAIRNS SUBDIVISION, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Population 64 in 1976. References: 3B.

CAIRO #1, SEE: SUTHERLAND'S CORNERS, Lambton County.

CAIRO #2, post office, Durham County. The Postmaster's Department issued instructions in 1835, that mail for the Cairo post office was to be delivered or routed to the post office at Cavan. References: 3H.

CAIRO TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Named for Cairo, Egypt. Surveyed 1905 and 1911. On January 1st, 1976, became Part of the Improvement District of Matachewan. Map position: 47°59' 80°35'. References: 9J, V and 7R.

CAISTOR, dispersed rural community, Niagara District, Canada West, later Caistor Township, Lincoln County (at times Monck Electoral District) and now within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 24 miles southwest of St. Catharines, 2 1/2 miles north of Attercliffe Station on Michigan Central Railway, 9 miles from Canfield and 2 1/2 miles from Diltz on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as CAISTOR, on February 6th, 1853. First Postmaster James Tisdale who was also a Justice of the Peace. Office closed March 1st, 1915. Second post office name was WARNER for the man who owned the farm where it was situated and later the post office name was changed to CAISTORVILLE and in 1865 was named ATTERCLIFFE. Present approved name is ATTERCLIFFE. Population 200 in 1885 and 56 in 1976. Map position: 42°59' 79°36'. References: I, 3K, 7A, B, 3R, S, Z, V, 4F, 5L, 7B, 6T and 7D.

CAISTOR CENTRE, dispersed rural community, Caistor Township, Lincoln County,later shown in Lincoln Township, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located on Chippawa Creek, 28 miles southwest of St. Catharines and 14 1/2 miles northwest of Dunnsville. Post office opened as CAISTOR CENTRE in 1884. First Postmaster William Nevells. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is CAISTOR CENTRE. Population 50 in 1895 and 29 in 1976. Map position: 43°04' 79°39'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 5P, 5L and 6T.

CAISTOR CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Caistor Township, Lincoln County, now West Lincoln Township, in Regional Municipality of Niagara also shown in Monck Electoral County in 1872. Located 24 miles southwest of St.Catharines, 6 miles northeast of Darling Road and 10 miles northeast of the Grand Trunk Railway at Canfield Station. Post office opened under the name WARNER on June 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Matthew Warner. Office closed August 1st, 1915. Present approved name is CAISTOR CORNERS. Population 50 in 1892 and 38 in 1976. Map position: 43°01' 79°38'. References: 3B, AA, B, I, A, T, S, 3L, 7B, 6T, 8Q, V and 5L.

CAISTOR TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Lincoln County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute, 1968-69, C.106. Amalgamated into the TOWNSHIP OF WEST LINCOLN, January 1st, 1970. First lone settler, in 1778, Mr. Diamond, an escaped slave, "who fished, hunted, built himself a stone house. By 1792 his holdings amounted to 800 acres...sold to Loyalist Henry Dochstader...first white settler in the township" . Population 156 in 1817 and 1,398 in 1852. Map position: 43°05' 79°39'. References: HH, 2C, 3D, M, 2W and V.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**CAISTORVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Gore District, Canada West, then in Caistor Township, Lincoln County now within Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 6 miles north of Canfield, 42 miles from Niagara and 20 miles from Hamilton. Post office established as **CAISTORVILLE**, on June 1st, 1853. First Postmaster David Trie. Office closed in 1971. Place named for the Caistor family, early settlers of area. Present approved name is **CAISTORVILLE**. Population 100 in 1886 and 72 in 1976. Map position: 43°03' 79°44'. References: B. I. T. Z. EE, 8R, 3K, V and 5L.

**CAITHNESS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Surveyed 1910. Subdivided 1913. Named for Scottish County. Map position: 49°15' 83°32'. Reference: V.

**CALABOGIE**, sometimes misspelled as **CALABOOGIE**, concentrated rural community, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Bagot (and Blithfield) Township, Renfrew County. Located 40 miles southeast of Pembroke, 14 miles south of Renfrew and on the Madawaska River. Post office opened as **CALABOGIE**, on August 1st, 1857. First Postmaster T. H. Dillon. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious parish name **PRECIEUX SANG**. Black graphite deposit discovered here in 1896 is largest known in the Americas. The Station name is **MADAWASKA** on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Present approved name is **CALABOGIE**. Population 100 in 1886 and 289 in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 76°43'. References: B, I, T, Z, 3B, 2Y, 3M, SS, V, 6M, 5L and AA.

**CALABOGIE STATION**, SEE: BARRYVALE, Renfrew County.

**CALABOOGIE**, SEE: CALABOGIE, Renfrew County.

**CALAIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Named for Calais, France. Map position: 48°23' 83°26'.References: V and 7R.

**CALAMITY GULCH**, SEE: HANBURY,Timiskaming District.

**CALDER**, hamlet, Delaware Township, Middlesex County. Located 12 miles southwest of London and 7 miles northwest of St. Thomas. Post office established as **CALDER**, on March 1st, 1868. First Postmaster William Campbell. Office closed October 1st, 1913. Population 120 in 1875 and 25 in 1926. No recent note of this place. References: A, I, T, S, Z, MM, 3Q, 4F and 6T.

**CALDER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Subdivided in 1906. Named for Charles Calder, M.P.P. for Ontario South, 1898 to 1914. Map position: 49°05' 81°22'. Reference: V.

**CALDERWELL**, post office, Home District, Canada West. By official notice post office this name opened in 1858. There is no other reference to this office. It may be an error entry for CALDWELL #2. Reference: I.

**CALDERWOOD**, hamlet, Normanby Township, Grey County. Located 45 miles south of Owen Sound and 2 1/2 miles from Alsfeldt Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **CALDERWOOD**, in 1886. First Postmaster Alexander Calder and place was named for him. Office closed July 1st, 1915. One reference stated place named **CALDER** but was not confirmed in other sources so may be a local name in early years. Present approved name is **CALDERWOOD**, and designated a dispersed rural community. Population 50 in 1893 and 60 in 1908. Map position:44°01' 80°52'. References: I, S, PP, U10, 6T, 5L, 6S and 7D.

**CALDWELL #1**, SEE: CALDWELLS CORNERS, Renfrew County.

**CALDWELL #2**, SEE: SILVER CREEK #3, Peel County.

**CALDWELL CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Grattan Township, Renfrew County. Located 15 miles west of Renfrew and 32 miles southeast of Pembroke. Post office established as **HYNDFORD**, on April 1st, 1891 and named by John Ferguson, M.P. First Postmistress Mrs. Janet Caldwell. Office closed October 29th, 1969. Station name is **CALDWELL**, on Grand Trunk Railway, later on CPR. Present approved name is **HYNDFORD**. Population 30 in 1893 and 101 in 1976. Map position: 45°29' 76°59'. References: I, S, U10, O and V.

CALDWELL'S MILLS, concentrated rural community, Lavant Township, Lanark County. Located 36 miles northwest of Perth and on the Clyde River. Post office established as CALDWELL'S MILLS, in 1883. First Postmaster W. C. Caldwell. Name changed to CLYDE FORKS on June 1st, 1930 and closed on May 1st, 1966. CLYDE FORKS STATION on Kingston and Pembroke Railway, later CPR. Present approved name is CLYDE FORKS. Population 50 in 1893 and 17 in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 76°41'. References: I, 5P, 6T, U10, V and 5L.

CALDWELL TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Nipissing District. Subdivided in 1880. Area 34,000 acres. Incorporated April 1st, 1894. Named for T. B. Caldwell, M.P.P. for Lanark. Quieting Order M723, dated June 21st, 1954. Settled by railroad workers in 1882. Population 1,708 in 1980. Map position: 46°24' 80°06'. References: R1, M, 7R and V.

CALEDON, SEE: RAEBURN'S CORNERS, Peel County.

CALEDON, TOWN OF, Peel County. In 1974 the Township of Caledon amalgamated with the Village of Bolton, the Village of Caledon East and Township of Albion, and annexed Part of the Township of Chinguacousy, to form the TOWN OF CALEDON in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Population 22,434 in 1976. Map position: 45°52' 79°51'. References: 5L and 3G.

CALEDON EAST, SEE: TARBOX CORNERS, Peel County.

CALEDON EAST STATION, SEE: TARBOX CORNERS, Peel County.

CALEDON FLATS, SEE: CROXON'S CORNERS #1, Prescott County.

CALEDON FRONT, SEE: CALEDONIA FRONT,Prescott County.

CALEDONIA #1, SEE: SENECA, Haldimand County.

CALEDONIA #2, dispersed rural community, Ottawa District, Canada West, later shown in Caledonia (changed to Longueuil) Township, Prescott County. Located 9 miles southwest of L'Orignal and 6 miles west of Vankleek Hill. Post office established May 6th, 1832 and was named CALEDONIA for the Township. First Postmaster William Parker. The word SPRINGS was added and the post office name changed to CALEDONIA SPRINGS in 1847. Office closed by 1963. Mineral springs discovered in 1806 by Mr. Kellogg who built first shanty on the spot. CALEDONIA SPRINGS STATION is on CPR, at mile 2840, on the main line. Present approved name is CALEDONIA SPRINGS. Population 75 in 1857, 300 in 1886 and 300 in 1972. Map position: 45°33' 74°48'. References: I, T, S, Z, EE, L1, EE, O, 1X, 5L and 8K.

CALEDONIA FLATS, SEE: CROXON'S CORNERS #1, Presott County.

CALEDONIA FRONT, dispersed rural community, Caledonia Township, Prescott County. Located 6 km northwest of Vankleek Hill, 13 km southeast of Alfred and 9 km southwest of L'Orignal. Sometimes shown as CALEDON FRONT. Present approved name is CALEDONIA FRONT. Map position: 45°32' 74°44'. References: V and 5L.

CALEDONIAN FLATS, SEE: CROXON'S CORNERS #1, Prescott County.

CALEDONIA RIDGE, post office, Caledonia Township, Prescott County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Proulx and 2 1/2 miles from Routhier. Post office opened as CALEDONIA RIDGE on March 15th, 1910. First Postmaster Alexander Brunett. Office closed July 17th, 1918. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

CALEDONIA SLATE, SEE: CROXON'S CORNERS #1,Prescott County.

CALEDONIA SPRINGS, SEE: CALEDONIA #2, Prescott County.

CALEDONIA TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Prescott County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute

1849, C 81. First settled in 1824 by John Chesser. Has 46,700 acres. Population 714 in 1842, 958 in 1852 and 1,418 in 1980. Map position: 45°28' 74°47'. References: HH, 2W, M, 1X and V.

**CALEDON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Home District, Canada West, later York County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C 81. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C 60. Amalgamated, effective January 1st, 1974 and Incorporated into the **TOWN OF CALEDON** in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Has 69,000 acres. Population 3,707 in 1852. Map position: 43°51' 80°00'. References: C, HH, 2W, 3H, M and V.

**CALEDON VILLAGE**, SEE: **RAEBURN'S CORNERS**, Peel County.

**CALENDER STATION**, station, Bonfield Township, Nipissing District. On CPR between the stations Nosbonsing and Rutherglen. Had a telegraph office in 1893 and a population of 100 the same year. Name was changed to **BONFIELD STATION**, for the township, in 1896. Often misspelled as CALLENDER, CALLANDER and CALLANDAR so name change reasonable. No recent references to this station. References: SS, 7D, U10 and 6Z.

**CALIFORNIA #1**, SEE: **RAYCROFT**, Lanark County.

**CALIFORNIA #2**, dispersed rural community, South Crosby Township Leeds County. Located 3 km west of Jones Falls, 10 km north of Keelerville and 8 km southwest of Elgin. Present approved name is **CALIFORNIA**. Map position: 44°33' 76°16'. References: V and 5L.

**CALIFORNIA #3**, SEE: **CALIFORNIA CORNERS**, York County.

**CALIFORNIA CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Markham Township, York County, in 1974 became Part of the Town of Markham, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 28 miles northeast of Toronto, 3 miles southeast of Stouffville, 2 miles south of Milnesville and on 1st Concession Line and 18th Avenue. Post office opened 1865 as **MONGOLIA**. First Postmaster Robert Curtis. Office closed February 1st, 1916. Place name became **CALIFORNIA** for a short time, but place and post office name changed to **MONGOLIA** in 1866 because the Ottawa office thought it would eventually conflict with the state in the U.S. Present approved name is **MONGOLIA**. Population 100 in 1875, 20 in 1886, and 15 in 1908. Map position: 43°56' 79°13'. References: I, A, T, S, 3G, 3R, 7B, V, 6T, PP, 4C and 7D.

**CALIPER LAKE**, hamlet, Claxton Township, Rainy River District. Located on Caliper Lake, 7 km southeast of Nestor Falls and 25 km north of Burditt Lake. Present approved name is **CALIPER LAKE**. Map position: 49°03' 93°55'. References: 5L and 9J.

**CALLANDER #1**, hamlet, North Himsworth Township, Parry Sound District. Located 7 miles south of North Bay, 120 miles northwest of Pembroke and 4 miles south of Thorncliffe. Post office established as **CALLANDER** in 1881. First Postmaster George Morrison who named the place for his birthplace. Office still in operation in 1983. **CALLANDER STATION** on North and North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk, now CNR and CPR, located between the stations of LaVasse and Powassan. Parish name **ST. PHILOMENE**. Present approved name is **CALLANDER**. Population 200 in 1893 and 1,058 in 1976. Map position: 46°13' 79°22'. References: B, I, S, Z, U10, 5K, V, 5V, 6Z and 5L.

**CALLANDER #2**, station, East Ferris Township, Nipissing District. **CALLANDER STATION** on Canadian Northern Railway. Name changed to **DERLAND STATION** in November 1923. Altitude 749 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **DERLAND**. Map position: 46°13' 79°21'. References: SS, L3, B, U and V.

**CALLANDAR #3**, SEE: **CALENDER STATION**, Nipissing District.

**CALLENDER**, SEE: **CALENDER STATION**, Nipissing District.

**CALLUM**, dispersed rural community, Awrey Township, Sudbury District. Located 29 km east of Sudbury on Highway 17 and 8km from Markstay. Present approved name is **CALLUM**. Population 900 in 1978. Map position: 46°31' 80°35'. References: R2, U, V and 5L.

CALM LAKE, hamlet, in unsurveyed Township, Rainy River District. Located 47 km west of Atikokan, east of Rainy Lake, 8 miles north of Flanders and 8 1/2 miles north of Crilly. Post office established as CALM LAKE on June 1st, 1909. First Postmaster A. C. McNabb. Office closed July 7th, 1928. CALM LAKE STATION misspelled as ULM LAKE in one official source. Present approved name is CALM LAKE. Population 14 in 1976. Map position: 48°45' 92°10'. References: R2, V, 6T, 5L and 7B.

CALONG, railway point, Daley Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 3 km from Longlac. Map position: 49°46' 86°32'. References: U and V.

CALSTOCK, SEE: KABINA, Cochrane District.

CALTON, dispersed rural community, Malahide and Bayham Townships, Elgin County. Located 8 miles from Corinth, 22 miles east of St. Thomas and 10 miles southeast of Aylmer. Post office established as CALTON in 1870. First Postmaster D. McLauchian (misspelled as McLaughlin and McLaughlan) who named the place for his birthplace Calton Hill in Scotland. Office closed August 11th, 1914. Present approved name is CALTON. Population 25 in 1895 and 62 in 1976. Map position: 42°43' 80°52'. References: A, I, S, Z, 3B, V, 6T, 5V, 5L, 4H, 4J and 7D.

CALVERT, hamlet, Metcalfe Township, Middlesex County. Located 7 miles from Strathroy on Grand Trunk Railway and 20 miles from London. Post office established as CALVERT on February 1st, 1901. First Postmaster William Burdon. Named for W. S. Calvert, M. P.. Office closed on April 30th, 1910. The graveyard here is named Brown's Graveyard and not used much after 1900. No recent references to this hamlet. References: S, PP, 6T and 7N.

CALVERTS' CORNERS, post office, Sandwich West Township, Essex County. Located on Lot 5 Concession 4, 5 miles south of Windsor and 1/2 a mile east of Roseland. Post office established as CALVERT'S CORNERS on June 4th, 1947. First Postmistress Mrs. Madeleine Calvert. Name of office changed to SOUTHLAWN on December 9th, 1950. Status of office changed to a Sub-office of Windsor on January 1st, 1953. Present approved name is SOUTHLAWN. Map position: 42°15' 83°00'. References: SS, 6T, 6S, U and V.

CALVERT TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Cochrane District. Incorporated on December 24th, 1918. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order, R1618-70, dated June 10th, 1970 and Erected into the TOWN OF IROQUOIS FALLS, effective January 1st, 1971. Map position: 48°45' 80°45'. References: HH, M and V.

CALVIN, settlement, Papineau Township, Nipissing District. Located 40 miles southeast of North Bay and 7 miles southwest of Mattawa. CALVIN STATION on CPR, main line, on North Bay Division, at an altitude of 686 feet above sea level and being at mile 2582 on the track. Station number 4200, located between Mattawa and Eau Clair Stations, in 1911. Post office established as CALVIN in 1894. First Postmaster Abraham Sparks. Office closed June 20th, 1917. Present approved name is CALVIN. Population 10 in 1893 and 25 in 1895. Map position: 46°16' 78°50'. References: I, S, Z, L1, U10, V, 6T and 8K.

CALVIN PARK, urban community, Part of City of Kingston, Frontenac County. Present approved name is CALVIN PARK. Map position: 44°14' 76°31'. Reference: V.

CALVIN STATION, SEE: CALVIN, Nipissing District.

CALVIN TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Nipissing District. Incorporated September 17th, 1887. Quieting Order M380, dated May 17th, 1954. Settled by loggers. Township Organized in 1898. Population 600 in 1978 and 514 in 1980. Map position: 46°16' 78°55'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

CAMBERMERE, SEE: COMBERMERE, Renfrew County.

CAMBLETON, in 1833, at a principal bend in the Trent River, consisting of one shanty. No further reference to this place. References: 5N.

CAMBORNE, SEE: SPRING MILLS, Northumberland County.

**CAMBRAY**, settlement, Colborne District, Canada West, later shown in Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Located 8 miles northwest of Lindsay, 2 1/2 miles from Cambray Station and 49 miles from Port Hope. Post office established as **CAMBRAY** on February 6th, 1853. First Postmaster Henry Edwards. Office still in operation in 1983. **CAMBRAY STATION** on Midland Railway, which became Grand Trunk, later CNR. Incorporated as a Police Village June 11th, 1927 by County Bylaw # 1067. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order M74266 on March 6th, 1975, Effective Date, April 22nd, 1975. This village started as a small millsite on the main road, between Eldon and Purdy's Mills (later Lindsay) in 1831. It was named for the Archbishop of Cambrai. Present approved name is **CAMBRAY**. Population 300 in 1882 and 215 in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 78°50'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3K, 2L, V, 7B, 5L 8E and 9L.

**CAMBRAY STATION**, station, on border of Mariposa and Ops Townships, Victoria County. Located 1/2 miles from Linden Valley, 6 1/2 miles northwest of Lindsay, and 8 miles from Oakwood Station. **CAMBRAY STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. This station appears documented only between the years 1881 and 1907. No recent references. References: S, Z, and 2L.

**CAMBRIAN HEIGHTS**, urban community, Part of City of Sudbury, in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury in 1974. Present approved name is **CAMBRIAN HEIGHTS**. Map position: 46°31' 80°59'. References: V and HH.

**CAMBRIDGE #1**, (NOTE: This is not the historic place.) Proclaimed January 1st, 1973. Formed by the Amalgamation of the City of Galt, Town of Hespeler and Town of Preston, bearing the name **CITY OF GALT**, which was changed to **CITY OF CAMBRIDGE**, on the same date. Located in Regional Municipality of Waterloo, formerly in Waterloo County. This name is recognized by the postal services to the present (1984). Population 74,435 in 1980. Name is not approved by a recognized name board. Map position: 43°23' 80°19'.References: M and HH.

**CAMBRIDGE #2**, (NOTE: This is the historic place.) Russell Township, Russell County. On the Ottawa and New York Railway, 4 miles from Chrysler and 28 miles southeast from Ottawa. Post office established as **CAMBRIDGE** on June 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Philias Blanchard. Office closed May 24th , 1915. Population 30 in 1913. Station named **CAMBRIDGE STATION** in 1908. Present approved name is **CAMBRIDGE**. Map position: 45°15' 75°17'. References: S, DD, MM, PP, V, 6T, 7Q and 7D.

**CAMBRIDGE MILLS**, SEE: ERB'S MILLS, Waterloo County.

**CAMBRIDGE MUNICIPALITY**. includes the communities of Galt, Hespeler and Preston, in 1984. Reference: F.

**CAMBRIDGE TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Eastern District, Canada West, later Russell County. Incorporated January 1st, 1857, by County Bylaw #57, Passed September 13th, 1856. Has 60,000 acres. Population 200 in 1852 and 4,418 in 1980. Mail for the Township was delivered to the post office at L'Orignal in 1875. Map position: 45°19' 75°07'. References: C, H, 2W, 3H, M and V.

**CAMDEN #1**, SEE: CLARK'S MILLS, Addington County.

**CAMDEN #2**, hamlet, in Lincoln County. Located 4 miles from Beamsville a station on the Grand Trunk Railway. Population 135 in 1988. Reference: FF.

**CAMDEN EAST**, SEE: CLARK'S MILLS, Addington County.

**CAMDEN EAST TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Midland District, Canada West, later Lennox and Addington County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P4762, Dated May 29th, 1968. Contains 60,000 acres. Population 3,785 in 1980. Map position: 44°24' 76°54'. References: C, HH, 3H, M and V.

**CAMDEN TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Western District, Canada West,later in Kent County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849, C 81. Population 6,975 in 1852. Map position: 42°34' 82°04'. References: M, 2W and V.

**CAMDEN WEST**, post office, Western District, Upper Canada, later Kent County. Located 11 miles east from

Chatham, 6 miles southwest of Thamesville on CPR. Post office established as **CAMDEN WEST** in 1830. First Postmaster John White, appointed January 6th 1837. Name changed to **WHITEHALL** on July 6th, 1839. First Postmaster John White "late of Camden West." The name of the post office at Whitehall changed to **LOUISVILLE** on July 6th, 1843 and has been moved three miles further west." The Whitehall post office records indicate that original office was closed by September 30th, 1859. Another post office was established on the site of the Whitehall post office October 1st, 1863 and named **KENT BRIDGE**, with a postmaster named William Webb. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KENT BRIDGE**. Population 50 in 1885 and 116 in 1976. Map position: 42°31' 82°04'. References: I, 8P, 3S, 7X, S, AA, PP, 3B, 3R, XX, 5L, 3Q, V and 4A.

**CAMDEN WEST TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Western District, Canada West, later Kent County. Mail for the Township of Camden West was directed to the post office at Raleigh in 1835. Population 1,000 in 1852 and 2,625 in 1980. References: C, HH, 3H and 2W.

**CAMEL CHUTE**, SEE: **DUBREUIL**, Renfrew County.

**CAMELOT**, SEE: **JESSUP**, Nipissing District.

**CAMELOT BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Wainfleet Township, Welland County, later in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 3.4 miles west of Port Colborne and 3.7 miles east of Morgan's Point. Summer post office established July 5th, 1950. First Postmaster John Wilgosh. Post office closed in 1971. Present approved name is **CAMELOT BEACH**. Map position: 42°53' 79°18'. References: B, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**CAMEO**, station, Thunder Bay District. Located 5km from Allanwater. A station on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, main line in 1915. Altitude 1,375 feet above sea level. References: U and L2.

**CAMERON #1**, dispersed rural community, Asphodel Township, Peterborough County. Located 2 km west of Westwood, 3 km north of Blezard and 12 km southwest of Norwood. This place is reputed to be the place where Champlain fought a battle with the Indians in 1613.It has been known both as **CAMERON LINE** and **CAMERON SETTLEMENT**. Present approved name is **CAMERON**. Map position: 44°19' 78°06'. References: B, 2M, V, 7D and 5L.

**CAMERON #2**, SEE: **BOICE'S CORNERS**, Victoria County.

**CAMERON AND BECK SIDING**, station, West Williams Township, Middlesex County. Located 5 miles from Park Hill. On the Grand Trunk Railway. Not noted after 1908. Reference: PP.

**CAMERON FALLS**, SEE: **CRONYN**, Thunder Bay District.

**CAMERON IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT**, SEE: **CAMERON TOWNSHIP**, Nipissing District.

**CAMERON ISLAND**, post office, Gundy Township, Kenora District. Located 21 miles from Ingolf and 45 miles from Kenora. Summer post office established as **CAMERON ISLAND** on June 14th, 1915. First Postmaster D. M. Cameron, for whom office named. Office closed January 17th, 1919. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

**CAMERON LINE**, SEE: **CAMERON #1**, Peterborough County.

**CAMERON'S**, SEE: **AYLEN LAKE**, Nipissing District.

**CAMERON SETTLEMENT**, SEE: **CAMERON #1**, Peterborough County.

**CAMERON'S FALLS**, hamlet, Colborne District, Canada West. later Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Located 16 miles from Lindsay, 12 1/2 miles from Cambray and 24 miles southwest of Eldon. The Honourable Duncan Cameron originally owned Lot 23, Concession X, which included the falls and the (later) village property. Cameron's Falls was sold in 1841 to James Wallace who founded the village. Post office opened as **FENELON FALLS**, in 1838 and was so named for the Abbe Francois de Salignac Fenelon, the Sulpician priest in Canadian history (1641 to 1679). First Postmaster James Wallis appointed on May 30th, 1838. Office still in operation in 1983. First

grist mill owner, a Mr. Jameson, who hauled Toronto stone on sleighs for the building. Incorporated as Village June 5th, 1874. Religious parish name ST. LOUIS. FENELON FALLS STATION served by Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Present approved name is FENELON FALLS. Population 250 in 1857 and 1,464 in 1972. Map position: 44°32' 78°45'. References: C, 5N, 8E, I, M, S, EE, 2T, 2Y, 5B, 5N, 3S, SS, 5K, V, 7B, 7X and 8P.

CAMERON'S POINT, dispersed rural community, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Located 2 km northeast of Akwesasne #59, 4 km southeast of Summerstown Station and 8 km southwest of Lancaster. Present approved name is CAMERONS POINT. Map position: 45°05' 74°32'. References: V and 5L.

CAMERONTOWN, SEE: FAIRFIELD #5, Glengarry County.

CAMERON TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Nipissing District. Incorporated as (first) CAMERON Improvement District, by Ontario Municipal Board Order, B 2384, dated July 4th, 1944. Corporation of the Township of Cameron is dissolved, Effective midnight July 31st, 1944 and the Improvement District of Cameron is Erected, Effective midnight, July 31st, 1944. Population 140 in 1977 and 150 in 1980. Map position: 46°11' 78°30'. References: R1, M, V, HH and 2T.

CAMEY, railway point, East Ferris Township, Nipissing District. Consists of passing track on CPR, near North Bay, having no railway facilities. The name is made up of the initials of the Dionne Quintuplets and was named in June 1953. Present approved name is CAMEY. Map position: 46°16' 79°14'. References: SS and V.

CAMILLA, dispersed rural community, Mono Township, Dufferin County, at times shown in Cardwell Electoral District. Located 6 miles north of Orangeville. Post office established as CAMILLA in 1860. First Postmaster Hugh Currie. Office closed January 16th, 1933. Present approved name is CAMILLA. Population 25 in 1893 and 29 in 1976. Map position: 44°00' 80°07'. References: B, I, Z, 3B, U10, 3R, 3Y, V, 4F, 7B, 6T and 5L.

CAMLACHIE, concentrated rural community, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located 16 miles east of Sarnia, 9 miles west of Forest on Lot 10, Concession 9. Post office established as CAMLACHIE on May 1st, 1864. Often misspelled as CAMLATCHIE. First Postmaster Duncan McDonald. Office still in operation in 1983. CAMLACHIE STATION served by Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Present approved name is CAMLACHIE. Population 225 in 1893 and 221 in 1976. Map position: 43°02' 82°09'. References: B, I, Z, 1H, U10 and 5L.

CAMPANIA, dispersed rural community, Amaranth Township, Dufferin County. Located 15 miles northwest of Orangeville and 5 miles southwest of Crombie Station on the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway, later CPR. Post office opened as CAMPANIA in 1894. First Postmaster John Davis. Office closed April 20th, 1912. Present approved name is CAMPANIA. Map position: 43°59' 80°18'. References: I, S, Z, V, 6T and 5L.

CAMPBELL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Located exactly in the centre of the island. First settled in 1880. The Township includes the Communities of Long Bay, Perivale, Britainville, Grimsthorpe and Spring Bay. Population 341 in 1978. Map position: 45°45' 82°21'. References: R2 and V.

CAMPBELLCROFT, dispersed rural community, Hope Township, Durham County, later Northumberland County. Located 10 miles north of Port Hope and 17 miles northwest of Cobourg. CAMPBELLCROFT post office opened 1885. First Postmaster Andrew Smith. Office still in operation in 1983. Place was named after a wealthy resident and landowner. Has a station named GARDEN HILL on the Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is CAMPBELLCROFT. Population 100 in 1895 and 55 in 1976. Map position: 44°04' 78°22'. References: I, Z, PP, V, 5T, 5L, 5S and 7D.

CAMPBELL CROSS, SEE: DUBLIN CASTLE,Peel County.

CAMPBELL-DICKISON, Kenora District. Located near Red Lake. This is a gold mine site. Population fluctuates with production. Reference: 2Y.

CAMPBELLFORD, SEE: SEYMOUR BRIDGE, Northumberland County.

CAMPBELL MAXWELL FRONT, locality, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Located on the St. Lawrence River,

2 km southwest of Gananoque and 15 km northeast of Codes Corner. Present approved name is **CAMPBELL MAXWELL FRONT**. Map position: 44°18' 76°15'. References: V and 5L.

**CAMPBELL'S BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Carden Township, Victoria County. Located on Dalrymple Lake, 23 km east of Orillia and 15 km north of Gamebridge. Present approved name is **CAMPBELL'S BEACH**. Population 23 in 1971 and 33 in 1976. Map position: 44°37' 79°07'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

**CAMPBELL'S CORNER**, hamlet, Oxford East Township, Oxford County. Located 4 miles from Ingersoll on Grand Trunk Railway, later CPR. Population 25 in 1893. Map position: 43°02' 80°53'. References: U10 and 9J.

**CAMPBELL'S CORNERS #1**, dispersed rural community, Edwardsburgh Township, Grenville County. Located 2 km north of Groveton, 4 km northwest of Ventnor and 7 km north of Spenceville. Present approved name is **CAMPBELLS CORNERS**. Map position: 44°55' 75°34'. References: V and 5L.

**CAMPBELL'S CORNERS #2**, dispersed rural community, Mulmur Township, Simcoe, later Dufferin County. Located on Pine River, 18 miles north of Orangeville the County Seat, 8 miles northeast of Shelburne and 4 miles from Primrose. Post office established December 1st, 1854 as **WHITFIELD**. First Postmaster Robert Campbell. Office closed January 1st, 1915. First settlers the Campbells from Trafalgar. Post office named for Eames Whitby, one of the first settlers and the first Magistrate. Place was known as **WHITBYFIELD** for a period. Population 150 in 1875 and 100 in 1926. Present approved name is **WHITFIELD**. Map position: 44°09' 80°08'. References: 7D, I, A, MM, 3L, 6T, 8Q, V and 5L.

**CAMPBELLS' CROSS**, SEE: **DUBLIN CASTLE**, Peel County.

**CAMPBELL SETTLEMENT**, SEE: **CAMPBELLVALE**, Middlesex County.

**CAMPBELL'S FORD**, SEE: **SEYMOUR**, Northumberland County.

**CAMPBELL'S RAPIDS**, SEE: **FOSTER'S RAPIDS**, Hastings County.

**CAMPBELL'S STATION**, station, Hope Township, Durham County. Located 10 miles from Port Hope. Known locally as **CAMPBELL'S**. On the Midland Railway in 1872. Not noted after 1875. References: A and 7B.

**CAMPBELL'S SURVEY**, hamlet, Windham Township, Norfolk County. Population 124 in 1961 and 120 in 1966. References: 5A and 6M.

**CAMPBELLSVILLE**, SEE: **CAMPBELLVILLE**, Halton County.

**CAMPBELLTON #1**, dispersed rural community, Dunwich Township, Elgin County. Located 25 miles southwest of St. Thomas, 5 miles northwest of Dutton and 8 miles southeast of Glencoe Junction. Post office opened in 1875 and named **CAMPBELLTON** for Robert Campbell of Argyleshire, Scotland, who located on his property in 1835 and fought in the Rebellion of 1837. First Postmaster Neil McBride. Office closed April 30th, 1930. Present approved name is **CAMPBELLTON**. Population 25 in 1893 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 42°41' 81°35'. References: B, I, S, Z, MM, U10, 3R, V, 5V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**CAMPBELLTON #2**, SEE: **DEREHAM FORGES**, Oxford County.

**CAMPBELLTOWN #1**, SEE: **ONIGON**, Peterborough County.

**CAMPBELLTOWN #2**, hamlet, on Upper Allumettes Lake, Pembroke Township, Renfrew County, formerly Bathurst District, Canada West. Located 100 miles from Bytown and 100 miles from Brockville. First settler Peter White in 1812. Named Campbelltown for early settler. In 1880 this Part known as **LOWER TOWN**. A local area became known as **MIRAMICHI**. In 1880 this Part named **UPPER TOWN**. Grist mill built by Alexander Moffat known locally as **MOFFAT** then called **SYDENHAM**. Post office established April 6th, 1839 and named **PEMBROKE** for the Township which had

been named for the Honourable Sidney Herbert, son of the Earl of Pembroke. First Postmaster Alexander Moffat. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Village July 24th, 1858. Proclaimed a Town August 18th, 1876 and became a City January 1st, 1971. PEMBROKE STATION on CPR, at mile 2682, also on CNR, and Canadian Northern Railway; altitude 410 feet above sea level; now at the junction of highways #17 and #62. Present approved name is PEMBROKE. Population 700 in 1857, 4,401 in 1892, 11,159 in 1948 and 14,927 in 1976. Map position: 45°49' 77°07'. References: A, 7A, 1J, B, 9F, 5L, I, M, S, AA, EE, HH, F, L3, 7V, 6O, 8K, 8P and V.

CAMPBELLVALE, settlement, Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Also known as CAMPBELL SETTLEMENT. Located 1 km west of Deleware West, 4 km east of Mount Brydges and 6 km South of Komoka. Name not approved. Population 100 in 1961 and 358 in 1971 and 285 in 1976. Map position: 42°54' 81°27'. References: 3B, 6M, 5A and 5L.

CAMPBELLVILLE, concentrated rural community, Gore District, Canada West, later Nassagaweya Township, Halton County and recently in the Town of Milton, Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 7 miles west of Milton, 21 miles from Hamilton and 14 miles from Wellington Square (later Burlington). Incorporated as Police Village November 19th, 1913, by County Bylaw # 384. Dissolved on January 1st, 1974 by Ontario Municipal Board Order and became Part of the Town of Milton in the Regional Municipality of Halton, Effective same date. Post office established as CAMPBELLVILLE, on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster James McGriffin. Office still in operation in 1983. CAMPBELLSVILLE was shown as a hamlet on the property of David Wheelihan, Lot 6 Conc. 3 and 4 of Nassagaweya Township, in 1877. CAMPBELLVILLE STATION served by CPR and formerly by the Credit Valley Railway. Present approved name is CAMPBELLVILLE. Population 200 in 1857 and 195 in 1980. Map position: 43°29' 79°59'. References: B, I, U, Z, 3J, EE, 1B, V, 7B, 8I and 9L.

CAMP BIGWEE, dispersed rural community, Joan Township, Nipissing District. Located 9 km south of Keewaydin, 12 km north of Camp White Bear and 24 km southwest of Milne Townsite. Present approved name is CAMP BIGWEE. Map position: 47°01' 80°07'. References: V and 5L.

CAMP BORDEN, SEE: BORDEN, Simcoe County.

CAMP BORDEN FIELD OFFICE, SEE: BORDEN, Simcoe County.

CAMP BORDEN MILITARY P.O., SEE: BORDEN, Simcoe County.

CAMP CAYUGA, dispersed rural community, Joan Township, Nipissing District. Located 22 km southwest of Temagami, 7 km west of Fridays and 46 km north of River Valley. Present approved name is CAMP CAYUGA. Map position: 47°01' 80°07'. References: V and 5L.

CAMP CHAMPLAIN, dispersed rural community, Widdifield Township, Nipissing District. Present approved name is CAMP CHAMPLAIN. Map position: 46°19' 79°18'. Reference: V.

CAMP CHIMO, dispersed rural community, Phyllis Township, Nipissing District. On Lake Timagami. Located 2 1/2 miles southwest of Wabi Kon and 3 1/2 miles south of Bear Island. Summer post office established as CAMP CHIMO, on June 15th, 1933. First Postmaster G. S. Gooderham. Present approved name is CAMP CHIMO. Map position: 46°55' 80°05'. References: V, 6T and 5L.

CAMPDEN, SEE: MOYER'S CORNERS, Lincoln County.

CAMPEAU SUBDIVISION, Hanmer Township, Sudbury District. Population 107 in 1961 and 144 in 1971. Figures for 1976 were included with Valley East population. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

CAMPERDOWN, SEE: FIELDS, Grey County.

CAMP HOLLOW, SEE: DRUMQUIN, Halton County.

CAMP KAGAWONG, dispersed rural community, Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Summer post office established as CAMP KAGAWONG, on July 25th, 1930. First Postmaster E. A. Chapman. Located 6 1/2 miles from Fenelon Falls, 8

miles from Rosedale and 10 miles from Cameron. Present approved name is **CAMP KAGAWONG**. Map position: 44°33' 78°50' References: B, V, 6T and 5L.

CAMP KENDA, railway point, Whalen Township, Sudbury County. Present approved name is **CAMP KENDA**. Map position: 47°50' 81°53'. References: V.

CAMP KENOGAMING, railway point, Regan Township, Sudbury District. Formerly named **PINELAND STATION**. Present approved name is **CAMP KENOGAMING**. Map position: 47°58' 81°57'. References: V.

CAMP KETCHINI, SEE: **PRISK'S CAMP**, Sudbury District.

CAMP LAKE, station, west of Algonquin Park, Nipissing District. Located 19 miles east of Huntsville. **CAMP LAKE STATION** on the Toronto and North Bay Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway then CPR. References: PP.

CAMP LEASIDE, Military Post Office, adjacent to the City of Toronto, York Township, York County. A field post office opened June 1st, 1917. Closed January 19th, 1919. References: 6T.

CAMP METAGAMI, SEE: **ACOUCHACHING**, Simcoe County.

CAMP MOHAWK, Military Post Office, a field post office, adjacent to Deseronto, Hastings County. Opened May 14th, 1917. Operated by the armed forces. Closed June of 1917. References: 6T.

CAMP #49, SEE: **BROMPTON CAMP #49**, New Ontario.

CAMP OCONTO, dispersed rural community, Hinchinbrook Township, Frontenac County. Located 2 miles from Oconto and 4 miles from Tichborne. Post office established July 6th, 1925. First Postmistress Ferna G. Halliday. Present approved name is **CAMP OCONTO**. Map position: 44°41' 76°41'. References: B, 6T, U, V and 5L.

CAMP ONAWA, dispersed rural community, Stephenson Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Huntsville. Located 4 miles from Huntsville, 4 miles from Martin Siding and 5 miles from Etwell. Summer post office established July 4th, 1929. First Postmistress Mrs. Edward Turkington. Present approved name is **CAMP ONAWAW**. Mail returned from this office marked "No such post office" in 1984. Map position: 45°19' 79°18'. References: B, U, V, V+, 6T and 6S.

CAMP ONAWAW, SEE: **CAMP ONAWA**, Muskoka District.

CAMP PETAWAWA, SEE: **PETAWAWA CAMP**, Renfrew County.

CAMP ROBINSON, hamlet, southwest of Lac Seul, Kenora District, later Patricia District. Located 40 km north of Vermilion, 27 km from Red Lake Road and 86 km from Dryden. Post office established as **CAMP ROBINSON**, on November 27th, 1950. First Postmaster Thomas Edward Sweet. Office still in operation in 1983. Place established as a logging camp. Present approved name is **CAMP ROBINSON**. Population 129 in 1961 and 110 in 1976. Map position: 50°08' 93°12'. References: R2, U, 3B, 5A, V, 6T and 5L.

CAMP TEMAGAMI, SEE: **COCHRANE'S CAMP**, Nipissing District.

CAMP WAHNAPITEI #1, dispersed rural community, Aston Township, Nipissing District. Located 14 miles north of Bear Island and 6 miles north of Keewaydin Camp. Summer post office established as **CAMP WANAPITEI**, on August 9th, 1937. First Postmaster Edward Blake Archibald. Office closed September 12th, 1968. Daily mail by boat. Present approved name is **CAMP WANAPITEI**. Map position: 47°10' 80°04'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

CAMP WANAPITEI #2, SEE: **WAHNAPITAE**, Nipissing District.

CAMP WHITE BEAR, concentrated rural community, Vogt Township, Nipissing District. Summer post office on Island #488, Lake Temagami, located 29 miles from Temagami, 9 miles from Bear Island and 7 miles from Camp Chimo. Post

office opened as **CAMP WHITE BEAR**, on July 17th, 1961. First Postmaster Ronald G.T. Johnstone. Office closed September 2nd, 1969. Present approved name is **CAMP WHITE BEAR**. Map position: 46°53' 80°09'. References: V, 5L and 6T.

**CAMSPUR**, suburb, near Petawawa, Petawawa Township, Renfrew County. Name in use (1978) **CAMSPUR**. References: U and V.

**CANA SUBDIVISION**, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Population 179 in 1961 and 168 in 1971. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

**CANAAN**, dispersed rural community, Cumberland Township, Russell County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 45 miles southwest of L'Orignal, the County Seat, 9 miles south of Cumberland, on South Indian River, 4 miles from Hammond Station and 28 miles east of Ottawa. Post office opened as **CANAAN**, in 1874. First Postmaster John Larmour. Office closed May 1st, 1912. Present approved name is **CANAAN**. Population 100 in 1892 and 200 in 1895. Map position: 45°27' 75°18'. References: B, I, Z, AA, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 4N.

**CANADIAN COOPERAGE SIDING**, station, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located on Chalk River Division of CPR. Station number 3635, between the stations of Sand Point and Dominion Explosive Company Siding, in 1911. References: 10B.

**CANAL #1**, station, Murray Township, Hastings County and later in Northumberland County. Located on the Central Ontario Railway, 26 miles northwest of Picton and 4 miles from Trenton. Present approved name is **CANAL**. Map position: 44°03' 77°36'. References: PP and V.

**CANAL #2**, dispersed rural community, Chaffey Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Huntsville, District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 4 miles from Huntsville and 3 miles from Grassmere. Post office established as **CANAL**, on May 22nd, 1916. First Postmaster W. G. Callacot. Made a regular office November 1st, 1919. Closed in 1967. Present approved name is **CANAL**. Map position: 45°20' 79°08'. References: U, V, and 6T.

**C P R CROSSING**, station, Elgin County. On Grand Trunk Railway in 1893. No further mention of this station. References: U10.

**C P R JUNCTION #1**, station, Hastings County. On Central Ontario Railway in 1893. No further mention of this station. References: U10.

**C P R JUNCTION #2**, station, Oxford County. On the Grand Trunk Railway in 1893. No further mention of this station. References: U10.

**CANARD RIVER**, hamlet, Western District, Canada West, later Sandwich Township, subsequently Sandwich West Township, Essex County. Located on Canard River, 8 miles south of Sandwich, 10 miles south of Windsor and 9 miles from Walkerville station on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **CANARD RIVER**, on May 1st, 1870. First Postmaster Louis Drouillard. Name changed to **LOISELLEVILLE**, on March 1st, 1914. This name was changed for **RIVER CANARD** on July 30th, 1930. Office still in operation in 1974. The Religious parish name is shown as **ST. JOSEPH**. This place was the terminus of the railways in the Windsor area. Sometimes shown as **CANARD'S RIVER**. Present approved name is **RIVER CANARD**. Population 100 in 1892 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 42°12' 83°06'. References: 6S, A, I, BB, MM. C, Z, PP, V, 7B, 6T, 5W, and SS.

**CANARY TOWN**, SEE: **HOGG'S BAY**, Simcoe County.

**CANASTOGO**, SEE: **MUSSELMAN'S MILLS**, Waterloo County.

**CANATAGA RIVER**, hamlet, Gore District, Canada West, later Brant County. Nearest post office at Brantford. No other mention of this place. References: C.

**CANBOROUGH**, dispersed rural community, Niagara District, Upper Canada, later Canada West, later Canborough

Township, Haldimand. At times in Monck Electoral District and most recently in the Town of Dunnville, Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 10 miles east of Cayuga, 2 miles from Darling Road on the Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, 4 miles northeast of Canfield and Dunnville 7 miles southeast. Post office established as **CANBORO'**, on April 6th, 1836. First Postmaster William Fitch. Office closed December 5th, 1974. Named for Benjamin Canby who settled in 1799. All the roads in the Township, laid by Canby, led to the village. Place name shown as **CANBORO'** in many instances. Present approved name is **CANBORO**. Population 200 in 1857 and 76 in 1972. Later figures are grouped with Dunnville. Map position: 42°59' 79°41'. References: B, I, C, S, Z, EE, 3D, 3R, O, 3S, V, 10A, 1C, 7B and 6S.

**CANBOROUGH TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Niagara District, Canada West, later Haldimand County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C 96. Amalgamated into **TOWN OF DUNNVILLE**, in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 83 miles from Toronto in 1846. Population 1,151 in 1852. Map position: 42°58' 79°39'. References: G, HH, M, 2W and V.

**CANBY MILLS**, settlement, Thorold Township, Welland County, formerly in Niagara district, Upper Canada and Canada West, later Part of Town of Pelham in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 4 miles from Allanburg, 92 miles from York (later Toronto), 8 miles northwest of Welland and on Twelve Mile Creek. Post office established 1832 and named **ST. JOHNS**. The first Postmaster was Jno (John) C. Davies. Office closed December 1st, 1914. Settled in the early 1800's on two lots held by Ben Canby and John Darling. The place was renamed **BRIDGEWATER MILLS** by Governor Simcoe, in 1795. The post office had the word **WEST** added to differentiate from the St. Johns in Quebec and later had the word **THOROLD** appended for easier sorting of the mails. Present approved name is **ST. JOHNS WEST**. Population 400 in 1846, 200 in 1892 and 200 in 1914. Map position: 43°05' 79°17' References: B, I, A, G, C, T, S, AA, EE, 3J, 3R, 3H, 3S, 6T, 10A, 3D, 2D, 7X and 9J.

**CANDASVILLE**, hamlet, Gainsborough Township, Lincoln County. Located on the Chippewa River, 17 miles southwest of St. Catharines, 9 miles west of Welland and 3 1/2 miles northeast of Perry on the Michigan Central Railway. Name misspelled as **CANADASVILLE**. Post office opened as **CANDASVILLE**, on December 1st, 1871 and closed November 1st, 1896. First Postmaster John M. Culp. Population 40 in 1885 and 100 in 1908. No recent reference to this place. References: A, I, Z, DD, PP, 3R, 7E and 5X.

**CANE**, dispersed rural community, Nipissing later Timiskaming District. located 13 miles from Elk Lake, 8 miles from McCool and near Osseo. A station on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post office established as **CANE**, on June 15th, 1912. First Postmaster William Small. Office closed on September 1st, 1960. Present approved name is **CANE**. Map position: 47°38' 80°04'. References: U, LL, V, 6T and 5L.

**CANEFIELD**, SEE: **AZOFF**, Haldimand County.

**CANESTOGA**, SEE: **MUSSELMAN'S MILLS**, Waterloo County.

**CANE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°38' 80°04'. References: V.

**CANFIELD**, SEE: **AZOFF**, Haldimand County.

**CANFIELD JUNCTION**, station, near Dunnville, Haldimand County, and later Part of Town of Haldimand, in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 1 mile from Canfield and 31 miles southeast of Brantford. Served by the Buffalo and Goderich Railway later Grand Trunk Railway and Loop Lines with Michigan Central Railway. Present approved name is **CANFIELD JUNCTION**. Population 25 in 1893 and 19 in 1971. Later figures included with Haldimand. Map position: 42°58' 79°44'. References: S, U, DD, PP, 3B, U10 and V.

**CANFIELD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°48' 81°24'. References: V.

**CANISBAY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°34' 78°32'. References: V.

**CANISO ISLAND**, this island later named **THORAH ISLAND**, on Lake Simcoe. in Thorah Township, Ontario County. No post office existed under the name Caniso Island. For more information see listing for Thorah Island. Formerly

shown as an Indian Reserve. Located 3 1/2 miles from Beaverton. "Used to be called Canise Island." References: 8A, and Stan Parsons.

CANKERVILLE, dispersed rural community, Brighton Township, Northumberland County. Located 2 km northeast of Brighton, 12 km northwest of Colborne and 4 km southeast of Hilton. Present approved name is CANKERVILLE. Population 75 in 1956. Map position: 44°04' 77°46'. References: B, 5E, V, V+ and 5L.

CAN MET, settlement, Algoma District. Near Spragge, about 48km. Listing is in 1980. No other note of this place. References: U.

CANNAMORE, dispersed rural community, on the border of Winchester Township, Dundas County and Finch Township, Stormont County. Located 30 miles northwest of Cornwall, 9 miles from Chesterville on the Ontario and Quebec Branch of CPR and 12 miles east of Winchester. Post office established as CANNAMORE, in 1881. First Postmaster John Hughes. Office closed January 15th, 1940. Present approved name is CANNAMORE. Population 200 in 1893 and 50 in 1907. Map position: 45°12' 75°15'. References: B, I, S, Z, DD, U10, V, 5V, 6T and 5L.

CANNARD TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 27, Range 18, Algoma District.

CANNIFTON, SEE: BRIDGEWATER #1, Hastings County.

CANNING, SEE: MUDGE HOLLOW #1, Oxford County.

CANNINGTON #1, SEE: McCASKILL'S MILLS, Ontario County.

CANNINGTON #2, in 1835 the Post Office Department instructed mails for the village of Cannington to be sent to the post office at Hillier to be held there for the settlers to pick up. There is no other information of this place excepting it is in the District of Prince Edward in 1848. References: C and 3H.

CANOE LAKE, SEE: ALGONQUIN PARK #1, Nipissing District.

CANOE LANDING, SEE: UPPER LANDING #2, Simcoe County.

CANON, station, on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, main line. Located between the stations of Favel and McIntosh, east of Redditt and northwest of Eagle Lake in Kenora District, in 1915. Altitude 1,239 feet above sea level. No recent references to this station. References: L2.

CANONTO, dispersed rural community, South Canonto Township, Frontenac County. Located 4 miles from Folger Station and 6 miles from Ompah. Post office established as CANONTO, on May 1st, 1911. First Postmaster Thomas Bourke. Office closed April 15th, 1969. Present approved name is CANONTO. Map position: 45°03' 76°47'. References: B, U, V, 6T and 5L.

CANONTO TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP OF PALMERSTON, NORTH CANONTO and SOUTH CANONTO TOWNSHIPS.

CANTON #1, SEE: HOPEVILLE #1, Durham County.

CANTON #2, hamlet, Edinburg Township, York County, formerly Home District, Upper Canada later Canada West, subsequently Pickering Township, Ontario County, presently within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 23 miles from Toronto, on Duffin's Creek, on Highway #2, 3 miles from Pickering Harbour on Lake Ontario, on Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR, 6 miles west of Whitby. Post office was established on January 6th, 1829 and named PICKERING. First Postmaster Francis Leys appointed on January 6th, 1829. Office named for the Township. Post Office still in operation in 1983. The hamlet continued the name Canton to 1900 when the place became a Police Village when name changed to PICKERING VILLAGE. First settler named Timothy Rogers. Name changed to DUFFIN'S CREEK for the Creek but name only stuck to the creek and inhabitants continued to call their place by Canton. An early local name was DUFFER'S CREEK. In 1799, Duffin's Creek was reported to "be an excellent Salmon and Sturgeon fishery with the creek being large enough to receive boats at most seasons of the

year." Incorporated as a Village in 1953. Dissolved in 1973 and amalgamated into the Town of Ajax, on January 1st, 1974. Present approved name is PICKERING. Population 130 in 1846, 350 in 1857, 500 in 1875 and 27,879 in 1976. Map position: 43°52' 79°02'. References: I, S, AA, C, A, S, I, M, O, V, HH, 10A, 5L, 7N, U, P, N, K, T, EE, G, F, PP, P, 1R, 3G, 3B, 3S, 2T, 2W, 2R, 2Y, U10, 5B, 5K, Z, 5V, 7B, 7A, B, 7X, 7U and 9J.

CANTON #3, hamlet, London District, Canada West, later Mosa Township, Middlesex County. Located 3 miles east of Bothwell on Grand Trunk Railway, 40 miles southwest of London and 12 miles from New Glasgow. Post office established as CASHMERE, on January 1st, 1857. First Postmaster James Gardiner, son of the founder. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Place was founded in 1828 by Singleton Gardiner who called the place Canton after an Irish village near his birthplace in Armaugh County. Population 100 in 1857 and 50 in 1895. No recent reference to this place. Map position 81°50 42°55. References: 7B, 7D, A, I, S, Z, 3R, 3Y, 3V, 6T and 8X.

CANTON STATION, railway point, Hope Township, Northumberland County. Located northwest of Port Hope. Name rescinded by Ontario Geographic Names Board, December 16th, 1976. Map position: 43°59' 78°21'. References: V+ and 7D.

CANTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 47°11' 80°13'. References: V.

CANTON VILLAGE, SEE: CANTON #2, Ontario County.

CANYON #1, railway point, northwest of Eagle Lake, Kenora District. Located 53 km east of Redditt on CNR. Present approved name is CANYON. Map position: 49°59' 93°45'. References: R2, U and V.

CANYON #2, station, Township 27-XVII, Algoma District. On the Algoma and Hudson Bay Railway, in the Agawa Canyon. Present approved name is CANYON. Population 3 in 1972. Map position: 47°25' 84°29'. References: U, 2Y, O and V.

CAOUETTE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 32, Sudbury District.

CAPE CHIN, dispersed rural community, Lindsay Township, Bruce County. Located 80 miles north of Walkerton and 25 miles north of Wiarton on the Georgian Bay and Lake Erie Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as CAPE CHIN, in 1883. First Postmaster Alexander Currie. Office closed July 31st, 1946. Present approved name is CAPE CHIN. Population 25 in 1893 and 50 in 1895. Map position: 45°04' 81°19'. References: I, Z, U10, V, 6T, 7D and 5L.

CAPE CHIN NORTH, Lindsay Township, Bruce County. Located 5 km SE of Dyer's Bay, 7 km N of Cape Chin and 8 km south of Gillies Lake. Present approved name is CAPE CHIN NORTH. Map position: 45°07' 81°19'. References: 5L.

CAPE CHIN SOUTH, Lindsay Township, Bruce County. Located 8 km east of Miller Lake East, 8 km northeast of Monument Corners and 10 km southwest of Brinkman's Corners. Present approved name is CAPE CHIN SOUTH. Map position: 45°06' 81°17'. References: 5L.

CAPE CROKER, SEE: McGREGOR'S HARBOUR, Bruce County.

CAPE CROKER #27, Indian Reservation, Bruce County. Population 446 in 1976. Map position: 44°56' 81°02'. References: 5L.

CAPE CROKER HUNTING GROUND, Indian Reservation, Bruce County. This Reserve is numbered 60B. Map position: 45°10' 81°30'. References: V and 5L.

CAPE CROTHER, SEE: McGREGOR'S HARBOUR, Bruce County.

CAPE RICH, post office, St. Vincent Township, Grey County. Located 13km from Meaford, 20 miles northeast of Owen Sound, at the mouth of the Nottawasaga Bay on Georgian Bay. Post office established as CAPE RICH, on June 1st, 1853. First Postmaster D. McLaren. Office closed February 2nd, 1920. Name deleted from mapping by

Geographic Board of Canada May 21st, 1945. Population 80 in 1875 and 50 in 1908. No recent reference to this place. References: U, I, S, 3K, 6T and 7D.

**CAPREOL,** SEE: **WARFIELDS**, Sudbury District.

**CAPREOL TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Sudbury District. Incorporated as Township, Midnight, December 31st, 1955. Dissolved January 1st, 1967. Incorporated as **TOWNSHIP OF CAPREOL AND HANMER**, on January 1st, 1967. References: HH, M and V.

**CAPREOL AND HANMER TOWNSHIP,** Sudbury District. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1967. Dissolved by Ontario Statute, 1972, C 104. Incorporated as **TOWNSHIP OF VALLEY EAST**, on January 1st, 1969. SEE: **TOWN OF VALLEY EAST**. References: HH and M.

**CARADAY,** post office, Faraday Township, Peterborough County. Office established as **CARADAY**, on May 1st, 1907. First Postmaster W. J. Grady. No record of post office closing. National Postal Museum has no record of name. Reference: 6T.

**CARADOC,** SEE: **CARRADOC**, Middlesex County.

**CARADOC INDIAN RESERVE #42,** Middlesex County. Located southeast of Strathroy. Population 574 in 1976. Map position: 42°50' 81°30'. References: V and 5L.

**CARADOC TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Middlesex County. Surveyed by Colonel Burwell in 1822. Contains 61,828 acres. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute, 1849, C 81. Named for an English Village by first settlers. Population 5,553 in 1980. Map position: 42°55' 81°32'. References: HH, M, V and 1K.

**CARAMAT,** concentrated rural community, Thunder Bay District. Located 25 miles east of Long Lake, 120 km east of Geraldton, and 77 miles from Hornepayne. Post office established as **CARAMAT**, on February 1st, 1923. First Postmistress Mrs. Mabel B. Lamar. Office still open in 1983. Station name is **CARAMAT DEPOT**, on Canadian Northern Railway. Named by Superintendent of Railway, A. J. Hills. The name is Tamarac, written backwards. Present approved name is **CARAMAT**. Population 12 in 1941 and 382 in 1976. Map position: 49°37' 86°09'. References: R2, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 8L.

**CARAMAT DEPOT,** SEE: **CARAMAT**, Thunder Bay District.

**CARDEN,** hamlet, Colborne District, Canada West, later Carden Township, Victoria County. Located 2 miles from Victoria Road, 35 miles northwest of Lindsay and 2 1/2 miles from Kirkfield Station. Post office established as **CARDEN**, on March 1st, 1862. Postmaster R. Delaney. Office closed March 13th, 1914. Population 12 in 1897. Map position: 44°39' 79°02'. No recent reference to this place. References: A, I, T, S, PP, 3N, 6T and 9J.

**CARDEN TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Victoria County. Incorporated January 1st, 1861. Quieting Order P6610-68, dated August 19th, 1968. In 1879 had 191 ratepayers. Population 501 in 1980. Map position: 44°39' 79°02'. References: HH, M, 2L and V.

**CARDIFF #1,** post office, Cardiff Township, Haliburton County, later in Bicroft Improvement District. Located 19km from Bancroft. Post office established as **CARDIFF**, on November 21st, 1957. First Postmistress Mrs Patricia Fulford. Office still in operation in 1983. Cardiff is a Welsh name. Present approved name is **CARDIFF**. Population 422 in 1961 and 551 in 1976. Map position: 45°01' 78°01'. References: B, 3B, 5A, V, 5L and 6T.

**CARDIFF #2,** hamlet, Johnstown District later Grenville County. An overnight place that sprung up to accomodate the canal workers. When work was completed, in 1847, the place disappeared. References: F.

**CARDIFF TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Haliburton County. Incorporated First Monday in January, 1878, by County Bylaw passed July 24th, 1877. Incorporated as an Improvement District, June 11th, 1956 as such and as a Township (for the second time) effective date, Midnight December 31st, 1957. Population 537 in 1980. Map

position: 45°00' 78°07'. References: M, HH and V.

CARDINAL, SEE: POINTE au CARDINAL, Grenville County.

CARDINAL CREEK PROJECT, Cumberland Township, Ottawa-Carleton Region. Located 6 km SW of Cumberland and 15 km SE of Rockland. Name not approved. Population 155 in 1976. Map position: 45°29' 75°28'. References: 3B and 5L.

CARDINAL HEIGHTS, suburban community, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. Located at the corner of Montreal Road and Skead Road, Russell County later Ottawa-Carleton District and presently within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Post office established as CARDINAL HEIGHTS, on December 20th, 1954. Postmaster John J. W. Grenier. Quarries is 1,200 yards west and Rockcliffe (RCAF Station) is 2,400 yards northwest. On September 1st, 1959 status of the post office was changed to a sub-post office of Ottawa. Present approved name is CARDINAL HEIGHTS. Population 1,162 in 1956 and 1,701 in 1980. Map position: 45°27' 75°35'. References: U, 5E, V, 6T and 5L.

CARDWELL #1, dispersed rural community, Mono Township, Dufferin County. Located 4 1/2 miles from Orangeville on CPR, and on the Nottawasaga River. Post office established as CARDWELL in Simcoe County in 1884. First Postmaster Rev. G. B. Morley. Post office closed in 1894. Present approved name is CARDWELL. Population 50 in 1892 and 120 in 1908. Map position: 43°58' 80°06'. References: I, AA, PP, 3R, V, 5P and 5L.

CARDWELL #2, dispersed rural community, Marysburg South Township, Prince Edward County. Located 7 miles from Picton, 4 miles east of Millford and at the mouth of the Black River. Post office opened as CARDWELL, in 1875. First Postmaster Alva Thompson. Post office name changed to BLACK RIVER. Post office closed May 1st, 1913. Place name became BLACK RIVER BRIDGE. Had a station on the Prince Edward County Railway. Local name BLACK CREEK. Present approved name is BLACK RIVER BRIDGE. Population 300 in 1893 and 130 in 1976. Map position: 43°58' 77°02'. References: I, 6E, 1F, 4O, 5L, Z, B, PP, 3B, Z, S, V, U10, and 6T.

CARDWELL COUNTY, Political County and often called an Electoral District, formed in 1867, as a separate riding, to elect members of Parliament for both the Canadian House of Commons and the Ontario Legislature to accomodate the additional members given to Upper Canada (Ontario) by the British North America Act. It had four Townships, ALBION, CALEDON, MONO and ADJALA. Population 18,500 in 1871 and 15,382 in 1891. In later redistributions the county disappeared. References: J, 2I and 7V.

CARDWELL JUNCTION, SEE: MONO ROAD JUNCTION, Peel County.

CARDWELL TANK STATION, station, Caledon Township, Peel County. Located on Owen Sound Division of CPR. Station number 1511, between the stations of Mono Road and Caledon, in 1911. Reference: 10B.

CARDWELL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Muskoka Dictrict. Incorporated January 1st, 1878. Dissolved by Ontario Statute, 1970, C32. Amalgamated into TOWNSHIP OF MUSKOKA LAKES, January 1st, 1971. Contained 46,275 acres. Map position: 45°18' 79°32' References: HH, M, 1L and V.

CAREW'S CREEK, SEE: THE CRIK, Victoria County.

CAREW TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°27' 82°17'. Reference: V.

CAREY LAKE, SEE: HAMAN'S CAMP, Cochrane District.

CARGILL, SEE: MICKLES, Bruce County.

CARGILL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°15' 82°45'. Reference: V.

CARHOLME, hamlet, Walsingham Township, Norfolk County, later within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. At times misspelled as CARHOLM. Located 12 miles southwest of Simcoe, 9 miles northwest of St. Williams and at 10th Concession Road and Lot 20. Post Office established as CARHOLME in 1882. First Postmaster

James Smith. Post office closed March 1st, 1919. Present approved name is **CARHOLME**. Population 100in 1892 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 42°44' 80°31'. References: I, S, Z, AA, PP, V+, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**CARIBOU CAMERON**, settlement, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Present approved name is **CARIBOU CAMERON**. Map position: 45°03' 74°34'. Reference: V.

**CARIBOU FALLS**, on Umfreville Lake, Kenora District. Located 25 km north of White Dog, 24 km south of Werner Lake and 65 km northwest of Grassy Narrows. Present approved name is **CARIBOU FALLS**. Map position: 50°16' 94°51'. References: U and 5L.

**CARIBOU LAKE #1**, station, Algoma District. Located near Bruce Mines, about 12 miles. On CPR, main line. Population 10 in 1893. No further references to this station. Reference: U10.

**CARIBOU LAKE #2**, station, Patricia District (1980). Reference: U.

**CARIBOU LAKE #87**, Indian Reservation, Kenora District. Located on the south shore of north Caribou Lake. Map position: 52°40' 90°50'. Reference: V.

**CARILLON GARDENS**, urban community, West Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 3 km west of Hawkesbury, 12 km northeast of Vankleek Hill and 8 km northwest of Chute au Blondeau. Name not approved. Population 64 in 1961 and 202 in 1976. Map position: 45°35' 74°35'. References: 3B, 5A, 6M and 5L.

**CARIO**, SEE: **SUTHERLAND'S CORNERS**, Lambton County.

**CARLETON**, hamlet, York Township, York County. Located 1/2 miles from Lambton. Station name **CARLETON WEST**, on Grand Trunk Railway and Credit Valley Railway. Post office established as **CARLTON WEST**, in 1858 (Home District, Canada West.) First Postmaster John Robinson. Place Incorporated into **TORONTO JUNCTION** and post office became a sub office of Toronto and was closed on September 20th, 1907. Religious parish name **NOTRE DAME de BONSECOURS**. Station name became **CARLTON**, on GTR, 5 miles from Toronto in 1872. Place finally absorbed by **TORONTO**. References: U9, 2J, 5S, A, I, DD, MM, T, 3P, 3W, 7K, U10, SS, 7B, Z and K2.

**CARLETON COUNTY**, Geographic County, was created in 1798, named for Sir Guy Carleton, Located on the Ottawa River. It has 555,825 acres. First settler Ira Honeywell. Surveyed in 1819 by John McNaughton. Dissolved by Ontario Statute, 1968, C 115, S.154. Effective date January 1st, 1969. Incorporated into the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton on January 1st, 1969. Population 31,397 in 1852 and 352,932 in 1966. Parts of this County were at various times named **LUNENBURG**, **EASTERN**, **JOHNSTOWN**, **OTTAWA**, **BATHURST** and **DALHOUSIE DISTRICTS**. Map position: 45°15' 75°45'. References: M, HH, J, 2R, 2Y, 2W, UU and 7B.

**CARLETON HEIGHTS**, suburban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 8km from Ottawa. Present approved name is **CARLETON HEIGHTS**. Population 636 in 1956. Map position: 45°21' 75°43'. References: U, 5E and V.

**CARLETON JUNCTION**, SEE: **MORPHY'S MILLS**, Lanark County.

**CARLETON PLACE**, SEE: **MORPHY'S MILLS**, Lanark County.

**CARLETON PLACE JUNCTION**, SEE: **MORPHY'S MILLS**, Lanark County.

**CARLETON SQUARE**, urban community, Part of **CITY OF OTTAWA**. Map position: 45°22' 75°43'. Present approved name is **CARLETON SQUARE**. References: V.

**CARLETON WEST**, SEE: **CARLETON**, York County.

**CARLETON WEST TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **WEST CARLETON TOWNSHIP**.

CARLEY, dispersed rural community, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Located 8 miles from Orillia and 2 1/2 miles from Creighton. Post office established as CARLEY, on April 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Arthur Booth. Office closed November 1st, 1915. Present approved name is CARLEY. Population 50 in 1926. Map position: 44°36' 79°38'. References: B, 6S, DD, MM, V, 6T and 5L.

CARLEYS CORNER, dispersed rural community, Wolford Township, Grenville County. Located 7 km northeast of Eastons Corners, 6 km southeast of Merrickville and 8 km west of Bishops Mills. Present approved name is CARLEYS CORNER. Map position: 44°52' 75°48'. References: V and 5L.

CARLING, SEE: BLAIR'S LANDING, Muskoka District.

CARLINGFORD, dispersed rural community, Fullarton Township, Perth County. Located 7 miles from Sebringville, 12 miles west of Stratford and 9 miles from Mitchell. Post office established as CARLINGFORD named by the Postmaster General to honour the birthplace of Thomas D'Arcy McGee, who was prominent in politics at the time. First Postmaster Abraham Davidson. Office closed September 1st, 1963. Settled in 1854 by Hartman Cook, first settler. Two settlers disagreed over the naming of the Town, each wanting it named for himself as DAVIDSONVILLE or as COOKSVILLE. Present approved name is CARLINGFORD. Population 50 in 1857 and 46 in 1976. Map position: 43°23' 81°09'. References: B, A, I, T, S, Z, EE, 3B, 3M, V, 5L, 6T and 7D.

CARLING STATION, post office, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Located 6 miles from Nobel and 6 miles from Shawanaga. Post office established as CARLING STATION, on June 3rd, 1924. First Postmistress Mrs. Gilmour Johnson. Office closed July 30th, 1930. Mail delivered three times weekly from the railway. No recent reference to this place. Reference: 6T.

CARLINGTON, hamlet, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Located 1 mile from City View and 1 mile from Stevenson Place. Post office established as CARLINGTON, on April 2nd, 1923. First Postmaster Alphonse Perrault. Mail delivered to office daily by courier from Hintonburg in 1923. New designation of office as CARLINGTON-OTTAWA on September 1st, 1951. Now an urban community, Part of the City of Ottawa, in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is CARLINGTON. Map position: 45°23' 75°44'. References: U, V and 6T.

CARLING TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Georgian Bay. Surveyed by James Bolger, Provincial Land Surveyor in 1873. Area is 52,926 acres. Incorporated May 29th, 1897. Quieting Order M3223, dated March 4th, 1957. Population 741 in 1980. Map position: 45°57' 80°13'. References: HH, 1M, M and V.

CARLINGWOOD, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, in Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is CARLINGWOOD. Map position: 45°22' 75°46'. References: V.

CARLISLE #1, dispersed rural community, Gore District, Canada West, later East Flamborough Township, Wentworth County and most recently Within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 9 miles from Waterdown, 12 miles northwest of Hamilton and 3km from Flamborough. Post office established as CARLISLE, on September 6th, 1851. First Postmaster R. G. Lister. Present approved name is CARLISLE. Population 200 in 1886 and 565 in 1976. Map position: 43°23' 79°59'. References: A, I, T, U, S, 3J, V and 5L.

CARLISLE #2, dispersed rural community, London District, Canada West later East Williams Township, Middlesex County. Located 1/2 miles from Siddalsville, 19 miles from London and 4 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Ailsa Craig Station. Post office named FALKIRK, by John Stewart, after a Town in Scotland, was established in 1853. First Postmaster John H. Priestly. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Post office reopened as CARLISLE and is still in operation in 1983. Place named by George Shipley, one of the early settlers, for his English birthplace. Present approved name is CARLISLE. Population 1,000 in 1857 and 59 in 1976. Map position: 43°07' 81°29'. References: E, EE, U10, V, 5L, I, 7B, 6T and 7D.

CARLISLE #3, SEE: SHINGLEBRIDGE, Waterloo County.

CARLOW, SEE: SMITH'S HILL, Huron County.

**CARLOW MILLS,** dispersed rural community, Carlow Township, Hastings County. Located 19 km from Hybla, 80 miles north of Madoc and 119 miles north of Belleville, on Papineau Creek. Post office named **NEW CARLOW**, established in 1882. First Postmaster A. S. Tooley. Office closed May 14th, 1968. Present approved name is **NEW CARLOW**. Population 50 in 1892 and 45 in 1976. Map position: 45°15' 77°44'. References: I, S, AA, 3B and V.

**CARLOW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Hastings County. Incorporated January 1st, 1870. Quieting Order P5442-68, dated May 31st, 1968. Population 412 in 1980. Map position: 45°14' 77°40'. References: HH, M, and V.

**CARLSBAD SPRINGS,** SEE: **EASTMAN'S SPRINGS**, Carleton County.

**CARLSRUHE,** concentrated rural community, Carrick Township, Bruce County. Located 7 miles southeast of Walkerton, 4 miles northwest of the Georgian Bay and Lake Erie Railway at Neustadt Station, later on Grand Trunk Railway and 4 miles from Hanover. Post office established as **CARLSRUHE**, on May 1st, 1864. First Postmaster Ignatius Kormann. Office closed April 2nd, 1970. Religious parish name **ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER**. Name given to the place by Karl Gehl, the first settler. It means "Charles Rest" and should properly be spelled as **KARLSRUHE**, with a "K". Present approved name is **CARLSRUHE**. Population 150 in 1885 and 90 in 1976. Map position: 44°07' 81°03'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 3R, 3Q, SS, V, 7B, 5L and 7D.

**CARLSTAD,** station, Thunder Bay District. On CPR, mile 1818, between Bridge River and Upsala Stations on the main line. Located 93 miles west of Port Arthur and 90 miles west of Fort William, on Thunder Bay, at the northwest angle of Lake Superior. Population 10 in 1893. Not a post office but has Telegraph and express offices. References: S, PP, U10, 6Z and 8K.

**CARLTON,** SEE: **CARLETON**, York County.

**CARLTON WEST,** SEE: **CARLETON**, York County.

**CARLUKE #1,** SEE: **SCOTCH BLOCK #1**, Wentworth County.

**CARLUKE #2,** SEE: **UNDERHILL**, Simcoe County.

**CARLYLE**, station, Thunder Bay District. On CPR, between the stations of Whitefish and Tennyson. References: 6Z.

**CARLYLE MILLS,** SEE: **SHINGLEBRIDGE**, Waterloo County.

**CARLYLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Map position: 46°03' 81°16'. References: V.

**CARLYON,** dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 35 miles northwest of Barrie, 4 miles from Uhthoff a station on the Midland railway, later on Grand Trunk Railway. The first name proposed for the new post office was **NORTH RIVER**, but was denied as one existed. Named by the Secretary of the Post Office Department, (probably) for "CAERLEON", a place in Wales. Post office opened as **CARLYON**, in 1894. First Postmaster Joseph Rider. Office closed October 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **CARLYON**. Map position: 44°43' 79°30'. References: B, I, S, PP, JJ, 5U, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**CARMAGNER,** SEE: **McCAGUES**, Peterborough County.

**CARMAN,** SEE: **CARMAN COMMUNITY**, Northumberland County.

**CARMAN COMMUNITY,** dispersed rural comunity, Brighton Township, Northumberland County. Located 9 km north of Brighton, 13 km west of Trenton and 5 km southeast of Orland. Present approved name is **CARMAN**. Population 119 in 1961 and 148 in 1971. Map position: 44°07' 77°46'. References: 3B, 6M, 5A, V and 5L.

**CARMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°25' 81°00'. References: V.

**CARMANVILLE,** hamlet, Camden Township, Addington County, later Lennox and Addington County. Located 20 miles



For references see Works Cited.

north of Napanee, 3 miles west of Enterprise and on the Bay of Quinte. Post office established as **CARMANVILLE**, in 1886. First Postmaster Charles Lockwood. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Place named after Carman Creek (which was named for an early Indian owner) as Carmanville. Present approved name is **CHIPPEWA**, a dispersed rural community, in 1974. Population 80 in 1892 and 105 in 1908. Map position: 44°30' 76°50'. References: B, I, S, Z, PP, 6E, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

CARMEL #1, SEE: **SUMMIT #5**, Durham County.

CARMEL #2, SEE: **GLEASON'S CORNERS**, Northumberland County.

**CARMICHAEL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°07' 81°57. References: V.

CARMODY TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 54**, Algoma District.

CARMUNNOCK, SEE: **STOWE**, Huron County.

**CARNARVON**, dispersed rural community, Minden Township, later Minden and Stanhope Townships, Haliburton County. Located 14 miles north of Minden and 16 miles west of Haliburton. Post office opened as **CARNARVON**, on September 1st, 1867. First Postmaster Andrew Barnum. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CARNARVON**. Population 60 in 1892 and 83 in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 78°42'. References: I, S, Z, AA, 5L, 5E, 3Q and V.

**CARNARVON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Incorporated July 1st, 1879. Quieting Order M1395, dated October 6th, 1955. Population 870 in 1977 and 980 in 1980. Map position: 45°41' 82°12'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**CARNEGIE**, hamlet, Elderslie Township, Bruce County. Located 8 miles from Paisley. Post office opened as **CARNEGIE**, on August 1st, 1863. First Postmaster S. Ewart. Office closed 1880. No recent reference to this place. References: A, I, 3N, 4F and 7B.

**CARNEGIE BEACH**, hamlet, Scugog Township, Durham later Ontario County. Located 3 km north of Sunrise Beach, on Lake Scugog and 13 km northeast of Port Perry. Present approved name is **CARNEGIE BEACH**. Population 56 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 78°51'. References: 3B and 5L.

**CARNEGIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°45' 81°24'. References: V.

**CARNEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°44' 84°17'. References: V.

**CAROL AND RICHARD PARK**, suburban community, in Hanmer Township, Sudbury District. Population 353 in 1961 and 703 in 1971. In 1976 population included in Valley East. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

**CAROLINE VILLAGE**, urban community, Part of Town of Perth, Lanark County. Present approved name is **CAROLINE VILLAGE**. Map position: 44°55' 76°15'. References: V.

**CARON**, hamlet, Russell County. Post office established as **CARON**, in 1877. First Postmaster F. Leblanc. Office closed 1879. No further record of this office. References: I, 4Q, 4P and 4R.

**CARON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 51°20' 80°46'. References: V.

CARP, SEE: **CARP SETTLEMENT**, Carleton County.

**CARPENTER #1**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **CARPENTER**. Map position: 43°12' 79°56'. References: V.

**CARPENTER #2**, post office, Hagar Township, Nipissing District. Located 4 miles from Markstay and 5 miles from

St. Charles. Post office opened as **CARPENTER**, on November 3rd, 1923. First Postmaster Edwin J. Carpenter. Office closed June 1st, 1924. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

**CARPENTER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°42' 93°47'. References: V.

CARPE RIVER (1823), SEE: CARP SETTLEMENT, Carleton County.

**CARPIN BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Awenge Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is **CARPIN BEACH**. Map position: 46°30' 84°28'. References: V.

**CARP SETTLEMENT**, hamlet, Dalhousie District, Canada West, later Huntley Township, Carleton County, and most recently in West Carleton Township, Ottawa-Carleton Region. Located 20 miles northwest of Ottawa, on Highway #17. Post office opened June 1st, 1854 as **CARP**. First Postmaster William Law. Post office status changed October 1st, 1915 to a savings bank office. Post office still in operation in 1983. A local name was **THE CARP**, and an alternate name was **CARP VILLAGE**. **CARP STATION** was on Canada Central Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway and finally CPR. Place settled before 1835 and named for the stream, Carp River. Present approved name is **CARP**. Population 250 in 1895 and 691 in 1976. Map position: 45°21' 76°02'. References: I, F, T, S, Z, 3B, 2Y, 2W, 3L, V, 7B, 6T, 5L, 8Q and 7D.

CARP STATION, SEE: CARP SETTLEMENT, Carleton County.

CARP VILLAGE, SEE: CARP SETTLEMENT, CARLETON County.

**CARR**, dispersed rural community, Pringle Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Commanda Creek, 17 miles from Grand Trunk Railway station of Powassan and 12 miles south of Callander. Post office established as **CARR**, on May 1st, 1904. First Postmaster Wellington Edwards. Office closed July 1st, 1951. Present approved name is **CARR**. Population 75 in 1908 and 84 in 1961. Map position: 46°01' 79°39'. References: B, 7J, S, PP, 3B, 5A, V, 6T and 5L.

**CARRADALE**, post office, Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Strathroy and 3 miles from Osman. Post office established as **CARRADALE**, on November 1st, 1910. First Postmaster W.J. Moore. Office closed October 7th, 1911. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

**CARRADOC**, hamlet, London District, Canada West, later Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 15 miles west of London, 4 miles from Thames River and 1 mile from Carradoc Station. Post office established as **CARRADOC**, on November 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Edward Mihell. Office name changed to **MOUNT BRYDGES**, January 1st, 1856. Office still in operation in 1983. Station named **CARRADOC** later **CARADOC STATION**, on the Great Western Railway, later CPR. Incorporated as Police Village by Bylaw #586, as Mount Brydges, to honour C.J. Brydges, General Manager of Grand Trunk Railway, July 7th, 1906. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is **MOUNT BRYDGES**. Population 350 in 1885 and 1,184 in 1972. Map position: 42°55' 81°31'. References: 8Q, 8U, 2W, 3J, I, Z, V, 5L, S, EE, 2T, 3R, O, 5K, 7B, PP and 7L.

**CARRADOC, EAST PART**, Township, later spelled **CARADOC**, London District, Canada West. The Postmaster General directed that mail be sent to Delaware, in 1835. Population 3,112 in 1852. References: C, 3H and 5W.

**CARRADOC, WEST PART**, Township, later spelled **CARADOC**, London District, Canada West. Nearest Post office in 1848 being Ekfrid. References: C.

**CARRATRACA SPRINGS**, hamlet, North Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Nearest Post office being Plantagenet. This is the location of a mineral spring near South Nation River, 5 miles south of Brown's Wharf, on the Ottawa River and 40 miles northeast of Ottawa. Population 50 in 1875. References: A, Z and 7B.

**CARRICK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Bruce County. Incorporated January 1st, 1856 (source: page 338, History of County of Bruce). Area 59,525 acres. In 1852 a 'new' Township. Population 2,436 in 1980. Map position: 44°03' 81°06'. References: HH, M, 2W and V.

CARRIERE'S CORNERS, post office, Caledonia Township, Prescott County. Located 7 miles southeast of L'Orignal and 3 miles from Vankleek Hill. Post office established as McAPINE on February 1st, 1902. first Postmaster F. N. Carrier. Office closed May 1st, 1950. McALPINE STATION on CPR at mile 2845, being east of Vankleek Hill. Present approved name is McALPINE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°32' 74o72'. References: 7P, SS, D, S, DD, MM, 6T and V.

CARRINGTON, hamlet, Foley Township, Parry Sound District. Located 65 miles from Gravenhurst Station on Grand Trunk Railway. The name was changed to PARRY HARBOUR, when the post office opened in 1876. First Postmaster Martin Rose. Office closed February 16th, 1928. This place, Parry Harbour, borders on Parry Sound and became the east ward of that Town shortly before 1892. It has since been absorbed into Parry Sound. The parish name ST. PIERRE. In 1893, the population numbered 10. References: U10, 1M, I, S, AA, 5V, 6T and SS.

CARROLL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°48' 81°11'. References: V.

CARRONBROOK, hamlet, Hibbert Township, Perth County. Located in the Townships of Logan, McKillop and Hibbert, Perth County. Situated on the Huron Road and on the line of the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, 17 miles northwest of Stratford and 5 miles northwest of Mitchell. Post office established as CARRONBROOK, on January 1st, 1854. The name Carronbrook came from the name of the brook near the village. First Postmaster Uzzial C. Lee. Post office name changed to DUBLIN on January 5th, 1878. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was established and settled in 1846, the first settler being Robert Donkin. Dublin Incorporated as a Police Village on June 6th, 1878 by County bylaw #229. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is DUBLIN. Population 100 in 1857 and 282 in 1976. Map position: 43°31' 81°17'. References: I, 8S, EE, 3K, 7B, 8Q, Z, 3B, 5E, V, 1G, 9L and 7L.

CARR TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 80°30'. References: V.

CARRUTHERS TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 8F, Sudbury District.

CARRVILLE, concentrated rural community, Vaughan Township, York County, later Part of Town of Vaughan. Located 16 miles north of Toronto and 3 miles southeast of Richmond Hill on the North and North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as CARRVILLE, in 1865. First Postmaster William Cook. Office closed January 31st, 1923. The station name is CARRVILLE STATION. Present approved name is CARRVILLE. Population 100 in 1892 and 85 in 1908. Map position: 43°51' 79°27'. References: A, I, Z, AA, PP, 3G, V, 6T, 5P, 6S and 5V.

CARRY, station, Township 45, Algoma District. Located on CPR mainline, at mile 2239, 80 km west of Chapleau Station and east of Dalton Station (1983). CARRY STATION on White River Division of CPR, station number 4620, between the stations of Dalton and Cowslip, in 1911. Present approved name is CARRY. Population 10 in 1893. Map position: 48°13' 84°04'. References: R3, S, U, L1, U10, V and 8K.

CARRYING PLACE, SEE: WHITTIER'S WHARF, Prince Edward County.

CARSBORNE, SEE: ORIGNAL, Carleton County.

CARSCALLEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°25' 81°39'. References: V.

CARSON #1, railway point, Mongowin Township, Sudbury District. Located 16 km from Espanola. Present approved name is CARSON. Map position: 46°10' 81°44'. References: U and V.

CARSON #2, hamlet, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Population 94 in 1961 and 120 in 1966. References: 5A and 6M.

CARSONBY, dispersed rural community, North Gower Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 20 miles south of Ottawa, 8 miles west of Osgoode Station, on the St.

For references see Works Cited.

Lawerence and Ottawa Railway, later CPR, and 3 1/2 miles from North Gower. Post office opened as **CARSONBY**, in 1868. First Postmaster Benjamin Eastman. Office closed January 15th, 1926. First settler Daniel Cameron. Station name **CARSONBY STATION**. Its Port is Lindsay's Wharf on the Rideau River. Present approved name is **CARSONBY**. Population 75 in 1895 and 38 in 1976. Map position: 45°11' 75°43'. References: I, T, S, Z, V, 7B, 6T, 5T, UU and 5L.

**CARSON GROVE**, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 8 km northwest of Stonehenge Project, 9km west of Innes Park and 12km southeast of Rockcliffe Park. Present approved name is **CARSON GROVE**. Map position: 45°26' 75°37'. References: V and 5L.

**CARSS**, railway point, Armour Township, Parry Sound District. Located 6 km north of Burks Falls, 13 km south of Sundridge and 18 km east of Magnetawan. Present approved name is **CARSS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°39' 79°24'. References: U, V, 5L and 6S.

**CARSS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°25' 81°10'. References: V.

**CARSTAIRS**, SEE: **VROOMENIA**, Brant County.

**CARSWELL**, hamlet, Horton Township, Renfrew County. Local name **GOSHEN**. Located 3 miles from Russel Station on CPR, 4 miles from Castleford and 6 miles east of Renfrew. Post office established as **CARSWELL**, in 1877. First Postmaster David Carswell. Office closed October 10th, 1914. Present approved name is **CARSWELL**. Population 40 in 1895 and 40 in 1926. Map position: 45°27' 76°35'. References: I, S, AA, MM, PP, V, 6T and 7D.

**CARTERET**, hamlet, Chapman Township, Parry Sound District. Located 6 miles north of Magnetawan. Post office established as **CARTERET**, on July 1st, 1878. First Postmaster John Memieby. Office closed on April 12th, 1883. Nearest Railway station on Northern Railway, in Gravenhurst. References: I, T, Z and 5V.

**CARTERS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Paipoonge Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 4 km southeast of Rosslyn, 12 km southwest of Kakabeka Falls and 18 km west Thunder Bay. Present approved name is **CARTERS CORNERS**. Map position: 48°23' 89°28'. References: V and 5L.

**CARTERTON**, dispersed rural community, Jocelyn Township, Algoma District. Located 36 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie and 6 miles from Hilton. Post office established as **CARTERTON**, in 1883. First Postmaster Daniel McPhail. Office closed August 30th, 1943. Present approved name is **CARTERTON**. Population 30 in 1895 and 480 in 1908. Map position: 46°12' 83°57'. References: S, Z, PP, V, 6T, 5P and 5L.

**CARTER ISLAND**, on Rosseau Lake, Muskoka District. Alternate name **SAINT'S REST**. Map position: 45°10' 79°38'. References: 6S.

**CARTER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°49' 81°50'. References: V.

**CARTHAGE**, dispersed rural community, Mornington Township, Perth County. Located 22 miles east of Stratford, 6 miles north of Millbank, on the Georgian Bay and Lake Erie Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **CARTHAGE**, on May 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Alexander McDonald. Office closed February 1st, 1915. The station is called **CARTHAGE STATION**. Present approved name is **CARTHAGE**. Population 70 in 1875 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 43°40' 80°51'. References: A, I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3M, V, 6T, 5L and 8U.

**CARTHEW**, station, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located on the North and North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, 6 1/2 miles north of Orillia and 17 miles northeast of Barrie. Present approved name is **CARTHEW**. Population 20 in 1893. Map position: 44°31' 79°27'. References: S, Z, PP and V.

**CARTHEW BAY**, post office, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. New designation as dispersed rural community, in 1974. Located 3.3 miles northwest of Hawkstone and 6 miles south of Orillia. Summer post office opened as **CARTHEW BAY**, on July 6th, 1948. First Postmaster Orval A. Leigh. Office closed August 30th, 1969. Present approved name is **CARTHEW BAY**. Map position: 44°32' 79°26'. References: B, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

CARTIER, SEE: ARCHER #2, Sudbury District.

**CARTIER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°41' 81°30'. Reference: V.

CARTON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 8G, Sudbury District.

CARTWRIGHT, SEE: TOOLEY'S CORNERS, Durham County.

**CARTWRIGHT POINT SETTLEMENT**, hamlet, Pittburgh Township, Frontenac County. Located adjacent to Fort Henry Heights, on St. Lawrence River and 5 km east of Kingston. Name not approved. Population 93 in 1961 and 161 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 76°27'. References: 3B, 5A, 6M and 5L.

**CARTWRIGHT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Durham County. Named for the Honourable Richard Cartwright. Located on east shore of Lake Scugog, north of the old Township of Darlington and west of Manvers Township. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C78. Amalgamated January 1st, 1974 with the Village of Port Perry, Township of Reach and the Township of Scugog, as **TOWNSHIP OF SCUGOG**, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Population 1,558 in 1850 and 2,727 in 1861. Map position: 44°07' 78°49'. References: HH, 3G, 3H, M, 2W, 1P and V.

**CARTWRIGHTVILLE**, planned in 1825, on Camden Road, in what is now Napanee, but the planned Town became a paper Town, in that it did not materialize. Reference: 6E.

**CARTY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°09' 82°40'. Reference: V.

**CASA BLANCA**, station, Parry Sound District. Located on Ontario Northland Railway. Reference: 6V.

**CASCADEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°35' 81°30'. Reference: V

**CASE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°07' 79°59'. Reference: V.

**CASEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated January 1st, 1909. Quieting Order C 6713, dated March 1st, 1953. Located Qubec border. Population 497 in 1977. Map position: 47°38' 79°34'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**CASGRAIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 83°35'. Reference: V.

CASHELL, SEE: CROSBY'S CORNERS, York County.

**CASHEL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Hastings County. Map position: 44°57' 77°31'. Reference: V.

CASHEL TOWNSHIP, SEE:TUDOR & CASHEL, TOWNSHIP OF, Hastings County.

**CASHION'S GLEN**, (also **CASHIONS GLEN**), dispersed rural community, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Located 20 miles south of Alexandria and 9 miles northeast of Cornwall, on Grand Trunk Railway. Misspelling was **CASHTONGLEN**. Post office opened as **CASHION'S GLEN**, in 1874. First Postmistress Mrs. Caroline Cashion. Office closed August 30th, 1913. Present approved name is **CASHION'S GLEN**. Population 10 in 1893 and 50 in 1895. Map position: 45°06' 74°41'. References: T, I, Z, PP, U10, V, 6T, 9I, 5V and 5L.

CASHMERE, SEE: CANTON #3, Middlesex County.

CASHTONGLEN, SEE: CASHIONS GLEN, Glengary County.

**CASHTOWN**, dispersed rural community, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located 30 miles southwest of Barrie and 2 miles northeast of Creemore, on the North and North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post

office opened as **CASHTOWN**, in 1877. First Postmaster Richard Maugan. Office closed July 15th, 1918. The name of this place came from a speech given by local tavernkeeper, Elias Lechner, that he sold liquor for cash only. Present approved name is **CASHTOWN CORNERS**. Population 22 in 1972 and 100 in 1986. Map position: 44°11' 80°55'. References: B, I, S, Z, PP, JJ, U10, V, 6T, 5T, 5V, 5L and 6S.

**CASHTOWN CORNERS**, SEE: **CASHTOWN**, Simcoe County.

**CASIMIR**, dispersed rural community, Casimir Township, Sudbury District. Located 3 miles from St. Charles and 14 miles from Warren. Post office opened as **CASIMIR**, on September 13th, 1923. First Postmaster A. Louth. Office closed June 1st, 1929. Present approved name is **CASIMIR**. Population 62 in 1951. Map position: 46°20' 80°25'. References: 3B, V, 6T and 5L.

**CASIMIR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District.Shown as part of the united Township of Appleby, Casimir and Dunnett in 1936 and then as the Senior Township of Casimir, Jennings and Appleby. Documentation found only for the second affiliation. Map position: 46°20' 80°22'. Reference: V.

**CASIMIR, JENNINGS & APPLEBY TOWNSHIP**, Sudbury District. Incorporated as the United Townships of Casimir, Jennings and Appleby, by Judge's Order on June 1st, 1908. Quieting OrderPFM 1435, dated January 24th, 1955. Population 1,452 in 1977 and 1,214 in 1980. Map position: 46°20' 80°22'. References: R1,9G, HH and M.

**CASKET**, settlement, Markham Township, York County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Unionville Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 3 miles from Markham and 19 miles northeast of Toronto. Population 75 in 1908. No recent reference to this settlement. Reference: PP.

**CASLOR'S CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Chinguacousy Township, Peel County, later Part of Town of Caledon, in Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 12 miles north of Brampton, 10 miles north of Georgetown and 1 1/2 miles north of Cheltenham Station on the North Northwestern Railway, later on Grand Trunk Railway. Settled by Hiram Caslor in 1850 when he built a sawmill. This Place had several other names: **FERNDALE**, **FERNDALE PARK** and later a portion was called **RIVERDALE**. In 1860 the post office opened as **BOSTON MILLS** a name that had been applied to the place about 1860. In 1870 the name was shortened to just **BOSTON**. First Postmaster Neil Clark. Office closed October 1st, 1913. Another local name for this place was **THE CREDIT**. In 1976 population included with Caledon. Designation of place changed to concentrated rural community in the 1970's, when it became Part of Town of Caledon. Present approved name is **BOSTON MILLS**. Population 200 in 1893 and 44 in 1971. Map position: 43°46' 79°55'. References: 3G, 3C, V, I, S, Z, PP, U10, 3G, 6T, 5P, 7D and 6S.

**CASS BRIDGE**, dispersed rural community, Winchester Township, Dundas County. Located 45 miles west of Cornwall, 13 miles north of Morrisburgh an 2 miles south of Whinchester Station on CPR, formerly on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office stablished as **CASS BRIDGE**, on April 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Joseph Cass Jr. Office closed October 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **CASS BRIDGE**. Population 25 in 1885 and 40 in 1926. Map position: 45°03' 75°20'. References: I, S, Z, MM, 3R, U, V, 6T, 5Y and 5L.

**CASSBURN**, dispersed rural community, Longueuil Township, Prescott County. Located 2 1/2 miles south of L'Orignal and 5 miles west of Hawkesbury, on Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa & Ontario Railway. Post office established as **CASSBURN**, in 1877. First Postmaster Richard H. Marston. Office closed September 28th, 1912. Present approved name is **CASSBURN**. Population 200 in 1895 and 52 in 1976. Map position: 45°35' 74°42'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3B, V, 6T, 5V, 5L and 4P.

**CASSEL**, SEE: **ZINKSVILLE**, Oxford County.

**CASSELMAN**, SEE: **HIGH FALLS #1**, Russell County.

**CASSELMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°07' 82°20'. Reference: V.

**CASSELS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 47°07' 79°41. Reference: V.

**CASSIDY**, dispersed rural community, Coleman Township, Timiskaming District. Located 3 miles south of Cobalt and 100 miles north of North Bay on Lake Nipissing. **CASSIDY STATION** on Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Present approved name is **CASSIDY**. Map position: 47°22' 79°43'. References: PP, V, V+ and 5L.

CASSIDY'S BRIDGE, SEE: HURDMAN'S BRIDGE, Russell County.

CASSIDY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 8E, Sudbury District.

CASSON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 188, Algoma District.

CASTILE #1, dispersed rural community, South Algona Township, Renfrew County. Located 40 miles south of Pembroke and 9 miles from Golden Lake Station, on Canada Central Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **CASTILE**, in 1869. First Postmaster Edmond Bennet. Office closed August 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **CASTILE**. Population 50 in 1892 and 60 in 1908. Map position: 45°30' 77°19'. References: I, T, S, AA, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 4G.

CASTILE #2, SEE: MILLS OF ALGOMA, Algoma District.

CASTLEDERG, SEE: MOUNT HURST, Peel County.

CASTLEDER'S, SEE: MOUNT HURST, Peel County.

CASTLEDORG, SEE: MOUNT HURST, Peel County.

CASTLEFORD, SEE: FIRST CHUTE, Renfrew County.

**CASTLEFORD STATION**, railway point, Horton Township, Renfrew County. Located 40 miles southeast of Pembroke, the County Seat, and 9 miles northeast of Renfrew. Post office opened as **CASTLEFORD STATION**, in 1891. First Postmaster noted, James B. Dickson. Office name changed to **CASTLEFORD** February 1st, 1923, and still operating to 1966. **CASTLEFORD** located on CPR mainline at mile 2723, at an altitude of 264 feet above sea-level and east of Sand Point. Present approved name is **CASTLEFORD STATION**. Population 100 in 1895 and 20 in 1908. Map position: 45°30' 76°32'. References: I, S, 1F, PP, L1, 6T, 8K, 7D and V.

**CASTLEGLEN ESTATES**, settlement, Melancthon Township, Dufferin County. Located 9 km southwest of Collingwood, 10 km west of Nottawa and 7 km south of Craigleith. Present approved name is **CASTLEGLEN ESTATES**. Map position: 44°28' 80°20'. References: 5L and 9K.

**CASTLE HEIGHTS**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, in Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **CASTLE HEIGHTS**. Map position: 43°26' 75°39'. References: V.

**CASTLEMORE**, dispersed rural community, Home District, Canada West, later Gore of Toronto Township, Peel County, and most recently Part of City of Brampton, in Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 9 miles north of Brampton and 6 miles east of Klienburg, on the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway, later CPR. Post office established as **CASTLEMORE**, on April 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Michael C. Broughem. Office closed June 30th, 1918. Present approved name is **CASTLEMORE**. Population 100 in 1895 and 16 in 1971. In 1976 population was included in Brampton, after the amalgamation. Map position: 43°47' 79°41'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 6T, 8Q, V and 7B.

**CASTLETON**, concentrated rural community, Cramahe Township, Northumberland County, formerly Newcastle District, Canada West. Located 18 east of Cobourg and 7 miles north of Colborne on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **CASTLETON** on July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster J.C. Pennock. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CASTLETON**. Population 600 in 1857 and 326 in 1976. References: I, S, EE, 3B, 3K, V and 5L.

**CASTOR**, hamlet, Russell Township, Russell County, later Prescott and Russell County. Located on Castor River,

60 miles southwest of L'Orignal, 15 miles from Winchester and 24 miles from Ottawa. Post office opened July 6th, 1848 and named **RUSSEL** for the Township. First Postmaster John Duncan, who managed to have the place name changed, officially, in 1852, to **DUNCANVILLE** for himself. The Post office remained as Russell. Office still in operation in 1983. **RUSSELL STATION** located at mile 2719 on the CPR, east of Castleford Station (1903), formerly shown on the Ottawa & New York Railway. First settler in 1841, John Mattice. Local place name in use in the 1850's was **DUNCAN**. Incorporated as Police Village of Russell either on January 23, 1898 or August 1st, 1898, both (listed) by Bylaw #509. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order #M76219. Notice issued on August 8th, 1977 and Hearing October 20th, 1977. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is **RUSSELL**. Population 100 in 1857 and 857 in 1976. Map position: 45°15' 75°22'. References: 7B, 1Y, EE, I, C, S, AA, 2W, 3B, 8K, 8Q, 8P, 9J and 7L.

**CASUMMIT**, dispersed rural community, northeast of Trout Lake, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 30 miles from Manion, 25 miles from Narrow Lake, 75 miles from Goldpines and 100 miles from Sioux Lookout. Post office opened as **CASUMMIT LAKE**, December 10th, 1934. First Postmaster Thomas Forsyth. Office closed May 7th, 1952. Present approved name is **CASUMMIT LAKE**. Population 52 in 1941 and 84 in 1951. Map position: 51°28' 92°24'. References: U, 6T, R2, 3B, V and 5L.

**CASUMMIT LAKE**, SEE: **CASUMMIT**, Kenora District.

**CASWELL'S BEACH**, hamlet, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located between Stugeon Bay and Victoria Harbour, 2 km southeast of Victoria Harbour on Georgian Bay and 4 km southwest of Waubaushene. Present approved name is **CASWELL'S BEACH**. Map position: 44°44' 79°45'. References: 5L and 9K.

**CATARACT**, SEE: **GLENIFFER**, Peel County.

**CATARACT STATION**, SEE: **GLENIFFER**, Peel County.

**CATARAQUI**, SEE: **WATERLOO #2**, Frontenac County.

**CATARAQUI SUBDIVISION**, subdivision, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Population 38 in 1961 and 67 in 1966. References: 5A and 6M.

**CATARAQUI TOWNSHIP #1**, SEE: **KATARAKNE**, Frontenac County.

**CATARAQUI TOWNSHIP #2**, SEE: **TOWN #2**, Lennox County.

**CATAWAMPUS**, SEE: **PODA MILLS**, Simcoe County.

**CATCHACOMA**, SEE: **STRATTON #2**, Peterborough County.

**CATERHAM**, post office, Peterborough County, near Deer Lake. Post office opened as **CATERHAM**, in 1884. No further refference to this place. References: I and Z.

**CAT FISH CREEK**, hamlet, London District, Canada West. Nearest Post office, Sparta (1848). Mail for this place directed to Yarmouth post office in 1835. Named 'Rivere a la Barbeau' by the French in 1721 (P.F. Xavier de Carlevoix). No further references to this place. References: C, 3H and 5K.

**CATHARINE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°59' 79o49'. Reference: V.

**CATHCART**, SEE: **SYDENHAM #1**, Brant County.

**CATHCART TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°15' 91°18'. Reference: V.

**CATHOLIC VILLAGE**, SEE: **PURDY'S MILLS**, Victoria County.

**CAT LAKE**, hamlet, Kenora District. Located 110 air miles from Sioux Lookout and 75 air miles from Central Patricia. Postal service still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CAT LAKE**. Population 27 in 1978. Map position: 51°43' 91°49'. References: F, R2, U, 5L and 6T.

**CAT LAKE #63**, Indian Reserve, on north shore of Cat Lake, Kenora District. Located 179 km north of Sioux Lookout. The three languages in use on the reserve are Ojibway, Cree and Saulteaux. Population 237 in 1978 and 262 in 1976. Map position: 51°43' 91°50'. References: R3, V and 5L.

**CAT'S HOLLOW**, SEE: **KEELER'S CREEK**, Northumberland County.

**CATTLE'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Walsingham Township, Norfolk County. Located 15 miles west of Simcoe, 6 miles south of Courtland, a station on the Grand Trunk Railway and 3 miles from Lyendock or Lyndock Station. Post office opened 1884 as **WYECOMBE**. First Postmaster Joseph Cattle. Office closed March 14th, 1931. Present approved name is **WYECOMBE**. Population 50 in 1892 and 62 in 1976. Map position: 42°47' 80°33'. References: I, S, AA, 5P, MM, 3B, 6T, 5K and Mrs. Hord.

**CAUCHOIS ISLE**, name changed to **HOWE ISLAND** by Proclamation July 16th, 1792, hamlet, Howe South Township, Frontenac County, formerly Midland District, Canada West. Located 5 miles from Pitts Ferry and 9 miles from Kingston. Has boat service to Kingston. First settler in 1810 William Casey. Post office opened as **HOWE ISLAND**, October 1st, 1863. First Postmaster R. Urquhart. Office closed October 1st, 1915. Religious parish name **STE. PHILOMENE**. Present approved name is **HOWE ISLAND**. Population 30 in 1893 and 270 in 1908. Map position: 44°16' 76°18'. References: 7W, I, J, C, S, 3D, SS, V, 6E, 6T and 4A.

**CAUCHON**, station, Nipissing District, on Canadian Northern Railway mainline; altitude 1,073 feet above sea-level; situated between Wasitwet Station and Mink Station. References: 8J and L3.

**CAVAN**, SEE: **CAVANVILLE**, Durham County.

**CAVANA TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP #7**, Sudbury District.

**CAVAN STATION**, railway point, Cavan Township, Durham County, on CPR. Present approved name is **CAVAN STATION**. Map position: 44°13' 78°27. References: SS and V.

**CAVAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, in Durham County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849-C81. Population 4,478 in 1852 and 3,819 in 1982. Annexed to the County of Peterborough, with the Village of Millbrook and Township of South Monaghan on January 1st, 1974 when Regional Municipality of Durham was formed. First settler in 1816 John Devell. Township named by Irish settler for County in Ireland. Map position: 44°11' 78°28'. References: C, HH, 3G, 2W, N and V.

**CAVANVILLE**, concentrated rural community, Cavan Township, Durham County. Located 20 miles northwest of Coburg and 4 miles north of Millbrook. Post office established January 6th, 1830 as **CAVAN**. First Postmaster John Knowlson. Office still operating in 1983. Present approved name is **CAVAN**. Population 250 in 1893, 133 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 78°28'. References: 5B, SS, I, G, I, 3B, U10, 3S, V, 10A, British General P.O. and 5L.

**CAVELL**, SEE: **TITANIA**, Thunder Bay District.

**CAVELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°27' 82°24'. References: V.

**CAVEMOUNT**, Carnarvon Township, Algoma District, later Campbell Township, Manitoulin District. Located 24 miles from Gore Bay and 45 miles from Spanish Station on CPR. Post office established as **CAVEMOUNT**, on August 1st, 1897. First Postmaster Benjamin Bock. Name changed to **SPRING BAY**, November 1st, 1897. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **SPRING BAY**. Population 25 in 1913 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 45°44' 82°19'. References: 7F, B, S, DD, 3B and 9J.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**CAVENDISH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Peterborough County. Map position: 44°46' 78°23'. Reference: V.

**CAVERLYS LANDING**, dispersed rural community, Ashby Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 22 miles from Detlor Station and 26 miles from Bancroft. Post office established as **CAVERLYSLANDING**, on July 1st, 1953 on lot 26 concession 7. First Postmaster Cleveland H. Caverly. Present approved name is **CAVERLYS LANDING**. Map position: 45°04' 77°26'. References: B, V, 6V, 6T and 5L.

**CAVERLEY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 136**, Sudbury District.

**CAVERS**, dispersed rural community, Township 88, Thunder Bay District. Located 32 km west of Schreiber, 14 miles from Rossport, 34 from Nipigon and a Station on CPR. Post office established as **CAVERS**, on March 1st, 1916. First Postmaster H.H. Westacott. Office closed August 15th, 1957. Present approved name is **CAVERS**. Population totals 1 in 1976. Map position: 48°54' 87°41'. References: R2, LL, V, 6T and 5L.

**CAWAJA BEACH**, hamlet, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 4 miles from Perkinsfield, 9 miles from Penatanguishene and 8 miles from Midland. Summer post office established as **CAWAJA BEACH**, on June 29th, 1963. First Postmistress Mrs. Marie Preston. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CAWAJA BEACH**. Map position: 44°42' 80°01'. References: B, V, 5L, 6T, and 6S.

**CAWDOR**, post office, Midland District, Canada West, later Kaladar Township, Addington County. Located 10 miles from Erinsville. Post office opened October 2nd, 1865. First Postmaster Archibald Campbell. Office closed 1869. No reference to this place after 1872. References: I, 3P, 4F and 7B.

**CAWTHRA'S MILLS**, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of York, formerly in King Township, York County. Located 4 miles from Newmarket and 34 miles north of Toronto, on Highway #9. Post office opened as **GLENVILLE**, January 29th, 1900. First Postmaster Samuel Waldock. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **GLENVILLE**. Population 11 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 79°31'. References: A, S, DD, V, 3G, 7D, 6T 5L and 7M.

**CAYUGA**, urban community, presently Part of Town of Haldimand, formerly Cayuga Township, Haldimand County, and in the 1850s in Niagara District, Canada West. Located 25 miles from Hamilton and 26 miles from Brantford. Post office opened as **CAYUGA** on May 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Duncan Campbell. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious parish name **ST. ETIENNE**. Settled in 1842. Incorporated as a Village of Cayuga in 1859. Present approved name is **CAYUGA**. Population 700 in 1866 and 1,070 in 1972. Map position: 42°56' 79°51'. References: I, T, 2U, 3J, 3U, SS, V, 1C, 7A, 8Q and 6S.

**CAYUGA HEIGHTS**, SEE: **KAREHOGUH**, Brant County.

**CAYUGA TOWNSHIP**, an Act to divide this Township (SEE: **TOWN OF HALDIMAND**), effective April 1st, 1974, by Ontario Statute 1973, C96. An amalgamation of North and South Cayuga Townships. Population of North Cayuga Township, 1852 was 2,013 and in South Cayuga Township, 1852 was 824. References: M and 2W.

**CECEBE**, dispersed rural community, Chapman Township, Parry Sound District. Located 50 miles north of Bracebridge, 8 miles west of Burk's Falls, on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **CECESE**, in 1893. First Postmaster W.A. Corsand. Office closed November 24th, 1951. A local name **SHEE SHIP**. Present approved name is **CECEBE**. Population 50 in 1893 and 22 in 1976. Map position: 45°38' 79°33'. References: B, I, Z, PP, 5P, 6T, 7D, 5L and 6S.

**CECILE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°40' 85°23'. Reference: V.

**CECIL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°06' 85°40'. Reference: V.

**CEDAR ACRES**, settlement, Osgoode Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Name not approved. Population 54 in 1966 and 231 in 1976. Map position: 45°15' 75°37'. References: 3B, 5A, 6M and 5L.

CEDAR BAY, dispersed rural community, Humberstone Township, Welland County, later Part of City of Port Colborne. Present approved name is **CEDAR BAY**. Map position: 42°53' 79°11'. References: B, V and 6S.

CEDAR BAY BEACH, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. Reference: B.

CEDAR BEACH #1, Muskoka District. Located near Bracebridge. Reference: U.

CEDAR BEACH #2, concentrated rural community, Gosfield South Township. Essex County. Located 7 km southwest of Kingsville, 10 km southeast of Harrow , on Pigeon Bay in Lake Erie. Present approved name is **CEDAR BEACH**. Population 224 in 1956 and 312 in 1976. Map position: 42°00' 82°47'. References: B, 3B, 5E, V, 6M and 5L.

CEDAR BEACH #3, settlement, Brock Township, Durham County. Located 1 km southeast of Beaverton, on Lake Simcoe and 13 km northeast of Cannington. Name changed to **CEDARHURST BEACH**, and designated as dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **CEDARHURST BEACH**. Map position: 44°24' 79°10'. References: 3B, V, 5L, B and U.

CEDAR BEACH #4, concentrated rural community, Pembroke Township, Renfrew County. Located 1 km west of Pembroke, on Ottawa River and 7 km northeast of Government Road. Present approved name is **CEDAR BEACH**. Population 73 in 1976. Map position: 45°49' 77°05'. References: V and 5L.

CEDAR BRAE #1, SEE: **SKAE'S CORNERS**, Ontario County.

CEDARBRAE #2, dispersed rural community, Georgina Township, York County, later within the Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is **CEDARBRAE**. Population 39 in 1951 and 45 in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 79°18'. References: V and 5L.

CEDAR BRIDGE, hamlet, North Crosby Township, Leeds County. Located 30 miles northwest of Brockville. A station on the Brockville Westport and Northwestern Railway. Post Office established as **CEDAR BRIDGE**, on September 1st, 1902. First Postmaster Henry Smith. Office closed June 15th, 1915. Place was named for a nearby cedar bridge. Present approved name is **CEDAR BRIDGE**. Map position: 44°45' 76°23'. References: S, PP, V, 7J, 6T and 7P.

CEDAR CREEK #1, on borders of Pickering and Reach Townships, Ontario, later Durham County. Population 45 in 1961 and 43 in 1976. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

CEDAR CREEK #2, dispersed rural community, Brighton Township, Northumberland County. Located 7 km north of Brighton, 15 km west of Trenton and 14 km east of Castleton. Present approved name is **CEDAR CREEK**. Map position: 44°06' 77°46'. References: V and 5L.

CEDARCREST BEACH, Population 44 in 1971 and total included in Town of Newcastle, Regional Municipality of Durham, in 1976. References: 3B.

CEDARCROFT, dispersed rural community, Croft Township, Pary Sound District. Located 2 miles from Forest Nook and 4 miles from Ahmic Lake. Post Office established as **CEDARCROFT**, on June 2nd, 1909. First Postmaster George McKnight. Office closed June 1st, 1959. Present approved name is **CEDARCROFT**. Map position: 45°39' 79°43'. References: B, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

CEDARDALE #1, SEE: **SKAE'S CORNERS**, Ontario County.

CEDARDALE #2, station, York Township, York County. On the Canadian Northern Railway. Located 9 miles from Mount Albert and 49 miles from Toronto. Present approved name is **CEDARDALE**. Map position: 45°07' 76°26'. References: PP and 5L.

CEDARDALE #3, dispersed rural community, Gloucester Township, Carleton County later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located on the Rideau Canal, 6 km southwest of Elizabeth Park and 5 km north of Gloucester Glen. Present approved name is **CEDARDALE**. Population 58 in 1971 and 222 in 1976. Map position:

45°19' 75°42'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

CEDAR GLEN, SEE: KENHILL BEACH, Victoria County.

CEDAR GROVE #1, concentrated rural community. Home District, Canada West, later Markham Township, York County, and finally Part of the Town of Markham, Regional Municipality of York. Located 16 miles northwest of Toronto, 4 miles southeast of Markham and 2 miles south of Locust Hill on the CNR. Post Office established as CEDAR GROVE, on September 1st, 1855. First Postmaster Samuel Harrington. Office closed November 1st, 1915. First settler Peter Reesor in 1802. He named his mill Cedar Grove for the trees around and the place was named for the mill. A great grandson of the first settler was still operating the mill in 1905, Mr. C. D. Reesor. Present approved name is CEDAR GROVE. Population 100 in 1857, 150 in 1885 and 800 in 1915. Map position: 43°51' 79°12'. References: B, I, S, Z, EE, DD, V, 6T, 8U, 6S and 7D.

CEDAR GROVE #2, Toronto Township, Peel County. Population 304 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

CEDAR GROVE #3, dispersed rural community, Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located 4 km west of Ingleside, 7 km northeast of Canada Village and 9 km southwest of Gallingertown. Present approved name is CEDAR GROVE. Map position: 45°00', 75°03'. References: V and 5L.

CEDAR GROVE FARM, settlement, On the Saugeen River, Bruce County. Located 3/4 miles from Turner's Station on Grand Trunk Railway. First settled in 1852. Population 250 in 1908. No other reference to this place. Reference: PP.

CEDAR HARBOUR, suburban community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located on Lake Simcoe, adjacent to Alcona and 15 km southeast of Barrie. Present approved name is CEDAR HARBOUR. Map position: 44°19' 79°22'. References: U, V, and 5L.

CEDAR HILL, SEE: UPPER PAKENHAM, Lanark County.

CEDARHOLM, settlement, Kennebec Township, Frontenac County. Present approved name is CEDARHOLM. Map position: 44°45' 76°55'. References: B and V.

CEDARHURST, settlement, Thorah Township, Ontario County. Became Part of Township of Brock, Regional Municipality of Durham, January 1st, 1974. Present approved name is CEDARHURST. Map position: 44°24' 79°10'. References: 3G, V and 6S.

CEDARHURST BEACH, SEE: CEDAR BEACH #3, Durham County.

CEDARHURST PARK, concentrated rural community, Gosfield South Township, Essex County. Located 5 km southwest of Kingsville, 18 km southeast of Essex and 13 km south of Cottam. Name not approved. Population 153 in 1961 and 302 in 1976. Map position: 42°01' 82°47'. References: B, 5A, V+, 6M and 5L.

CEDAR ISLAND, settlement, Gosfield South Township, Essex County. Located 15 km southwest of Leamington, 13 km southeast of Harrow and 12 km north of Cottam. Name not approved. Population 37 in 1966 and 76 in 1976. Map position: 42°01' 82°47'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

CEDAR KNOWLES SURVEY, settlement, Flamborough West Township, Wentworth County, later in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Population 101 in 1961 and 112 in 1971. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

CEDAR LAKE #1, hamlet, Denbigh Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 75 miles north of Napanee, 44 miles north of Kaladar on the CPR and 28 miles from Cloyne. Post Office established 1864 and named DENBIGH for the Township. First Postmaster David Hughs. Office still in operation in 1981. Present approved name is DENBIGH. Population 300 in 1886 and 149 in 1971. Map position: 45°03' 77°16'. References: B, T, S, Y, 4F, 7B and 7D.

CEDAR LAKE #2, station, Deacon Township, Nipissing District. Located between the stations of Dantin and Vaughan

on Canadian Northern Railway. Altitude 1,029 feet above sea level. Map position: 46°00' 78°26'. References: L3 and 9J.

CEDAR LAKE #3, dispersed rural community, Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Located 2 km southwest of Battersea, 5 km northeast of Sunbury and 10 km southeast of Perth Road. Present approved name is **CEDAR LAKE**. Map position: 44°25' 76°24'. References: V and 5L.

CEDAR MILLS, SEE: **SHILOH #3**, Peel County.

**CEDAR MILLS STATION**, settlement, Map position: 43°55' 79°48'. Peel County. Name Rescinded as station no longer exists. (1958). References: 8Z.

CEDARMONT BEACH, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 8 km south of Orillia, on Lake Simcoe and 7 km north of Hawkestone. Present approved name is **CEDARMONT BEACH**. Map position: 44°32'79°25', References: B, 5L and V.

CEDAR MOUNT, concentrated rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 4 km northeast of Sandycove Acres and 10 km east of Barrie, on Kempenfeldt Bay. Present approved name is **CEDAR MOUNT**. Map position: 44°23' 79°34'. References: V and 5L.

CEDAR NOOK, dispersed rural community, Georgian Bay Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 10 miles from Port Severn and 26 km from Waubaushene. Summer post office established as **CEDAR NOOK** on July 1st, 1937. First Postmaster O. N. Cummings. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CEDAR NOOK**. Map position: 44°55' 79°26'. References: B, U, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

CEDAR POINT #1, concentrated rural community, Tiny Township, SimcoeCounty. Located 4 miles from Thunder Beach and 15 miles from Penetanguishene. Summer Post office established as **CEDAR POINT**, on July 2nd, 1958. First Postmistress Mrs. Velma M DesChamps. Status of office changed to year round office on July 1st, 1959. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CEDAR POINT**. Map position: 44°49' 80°07'. References: B, U, V, 5L and 6T.

CEDAR POINT #2, dispersed rural community, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. Located 7 km northwest of Forest, 6 km southwest of Kettle Point and 11 km northeast of Aberarder. Present approved name is **CEDAR POINT**. Map position: 43°08' 82°04'. References: V and 5L.

CEDAR SHORES, Cartwright Township, in the Municipal Township of Scugog, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 5 km northeast of Port Perry and 10 km west of Nestleton Station, on Lake Scugog. Present approved name is **CEDAR SHORES**. Population 22 in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 78°55'. References: B and 5L.

CEDAR SPRINGS #1, SEE: **BUCKHORN #2** , Kent County.

CEDAR SPRINGS #2, dispersed rural community, Nelson Township, Halton County, later Part of the City of Burlington, Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 3 km from Flamboro'. Present approved name is **CEDAR SPRINGS**. Map position: 43°25' 79°55'. References: B, I, U, V and 6S.

CEDARVALE #1, post office, Grey County. This office opened in 1861. No further references to this office. Reference: I.

CEDARVALE #2, urban community, York Township, York County. later Part of the Borough of York. Present approved name is **CEDARVALE**. Map position: 43°42' 79°26'. References: 2Y and V.

CEDARVALE #3, urban community, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, later Part of the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Population 32 in 1966 and 58 in 1971. References: 6M.

CEDAR VALLEY #1, dispersed rural community, Whitchurch Township, York County, later Part of Town of Whitchurch-

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

Stouffville. Located on 6th Line east of Newmarket, 29 miles north of Toronto, 5 miles east of Newmarket and 4 miles west of Vivian. Railway station name is PINE ORCHARD on Canadian Northern Railway. Post office established May 1st, 1853 named CEDAR VALLEY. First Postmaster Moses Wilson. Office name changed to PINE ORCHARD in first year of operation. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Present approved name is PINE ORCHARD. Population 100 in 1893 and 72 in 1980. Map position: 44°04' 79°21'. References: B, 3G, V, 5L, I, A, S, U, U10, 3R, 3K, 6T and PP.

CEDAR VALLEY #2, dispersed rural community, Erin Township, Wellington County. Located 8 km west of Erin, 19 km northeast of Fergus and 3 km southwest of Hillsburgh. Present approved name is CEDAR VALLEY. Population 61 in 1966 and 92 in 1976. Map position: 43°46' 80°10'. References: 3B, 5A, V, 6M, 5L and 6S.

CEDAR VALLEY #3, urban community, Cavan Township, Peterborough County. Located 4 km northeast of Millbrook, 7 km northwest of Bailieboro and 16 km south of Peterborough. Present approved name is CEDAR VALLEY. Population 242 in 1971 and 286 in 1976. Map position: 44°11' 78°25'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

CEDAR VILLAGE, dispersed rural community, within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 2 km south of Ziska and 6 km west of Bracebridge, on Lake Muskoka. Present approved name is CEDAR VILLAGE. Map position: 45°03' 79°23'. References: V and 5L.

CEDARVILLE #1, dispersed rural community, Proton Township, Grey County. Located 40 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 10 miles from Mount Forest. Post office established July 1st, 1861. First Postmaster Thomas Rogers. Present approved name is CEDARVILLE. Population 100 in 1893 and 36 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 80°34'. References: S, U10, 3N, V, 5L and 6S.

CEDARVILLE #2, dispersed rural community, Adjala Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 km north of Ballycroy, 7 km southwest of Tottenham and 8 km southeast of Hockley. Present approved name is CEDARVILLE. Map position: 44°00' 79°52'. References: B, V, 5L and 6S.

CEDAR WILD, hamlet, Medora and Wood Townships, Muskoka District. Name changed to MILFORD MANOR in September 1944. On Water Route #297. Present name in use is MILFORD MANOR. Reference: SS.

CEDARWOOD CITY, in the Town of Pickering, Regional Municipality of Durham. This is the PROPOSED name for the North Pickering Project. References: 3G.

CENTENNIAL, urban community, Part of Borough of Scarborough. Located on Concession 1, Lots 1-4, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is CENTENNIAL. Map position: 43°47' 79°10'. References: V and 8H.

CENTRAL #1, post office, Wolfe Island, Frontenac County. Located near Kingston. Post office established as CENTRAL on February 1st, 1906. First Postmaster John Quigley. Office closed January 1st, 1915. No further reference to this office. References: PP, 6T and 7T.

CENTRAL #2, post office, Dummer Township, Peterborough County. Post office opened as CENTRAL prior to 1907. First Postmaster Charles Russell. Post office have no record of a closed office in this name. References: S.

CENTRAL #3, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is CENTRAL. Map position: 43°16' 79°52'. References: V.

CENTRAL HAYNESVILLE, post office, York County, Northern Riding. Only official document shows this post office closing on February 15th, 1913. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

CENTRALIA, SEE: DEVON #2, Huron County.

CENTRAL ONTARIO JUNCTION, SEE: BIG SPRINGS, Hastings County.

CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY CROSSING, SEE: BIG SPRINGS, Hastings Cy.

For references see Works Cited.

CENTRAL PARK, an area in the Bramalea urban Development, Peel County. References: 3C.

CENTRAL PATRICIA, SEE: PICKLE CROW #1, Kenora District.

CENTRAL POINT, urban community, Oliver Township, Thunder Bay District. Population 56 in 1961 and 45 in 1966. References: 5A.

CENTRE, dispersed rural community, Ameliasburgh Township, Prince Edward County. Located 2 km northeast of Ameiliasburg, 4 km southwest of Rednersville and 3 km west of Mountainview. Present approved name is CENTRE. Map position: 44°05' 77°26'. References: V+ and 5L.

CENTRE AUGUSTA, hamlet, Johnstown District, Canada West, later Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 16 miles northeast of Brockville, 9 miles northwest of Prescott and 6 miles from Spencerville. Post Office established as CENTRE AUGUSTA, on April 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Horace McLean. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Present approved name is CENTRE AUGUSTA. Population 215 in 1893 and 64 in 1956. Map position: 44°46' 75°39'. References: B, A, I, Z, U10, 5E, 3K, 6T and 9J.

CENTRE BAY, hamlet, North Fredericksburg Township, Lennox and Addington County. Noted in 1974 mapping. References: B.

CENTRE DUMMER, dispersed rural community, Dummer Township, Peterborough County. Located 10 km from Norwood. Post office established as CENTRE DUMMER, on October 1st, 1905. First Postmistress Mrs. Margaret Clysdale. Office closed November 20th, 1943. Present approved name is CENTRE DUMMER. Population 25 in 1913 and 39 in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 78°01'. References: B, DD, MM, 3B, V, 7S, 6T and 5L.

CENTREFIELD, dispersed rural community, North Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 3 km southwest of Plantagenet, 6 km northwest of Curran and 7 km southeat of Jessups Falls. Post office opened August 1st, 1908. First Postmaster Dennis Darragh. Office closed on December 3rd, 1912. Post office department closed records on October 17th, 1914. Present approved name is CENTREFIELD. Map position: 45°31' 75°03'. References: V, 6T and 5L.

CENTRE INN, dispersed rural community, Eramosa Township, Wellington County. Located 11 km northeast of Guelph, 5 km northwest of Rockwood and 17 km southeast of Fergus. Present approved name is CENTRE INN. Map position: 43°38' 80°12'. References: V and 5L.

CENTRE ISLAND, SEE: PLEASURE ISLAND, York County.

CENTRE LAKE JUNCTION, dispersed rural community, Wylie Township, Renfrew County. Located 18 km northwest of Petawawa, 8 km northeast of Squirrel Depot and 16 km west of Ottawa River. Present approved name is CENTRE LAKE JUNCTION. Map position: 45°56', 77°31'. References: V and 5L.

CENTREMOUNT, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton. Present approved name is CENTREMOUNT. Map position 43°15' 79°52'. Reference V.

CENTRETON, dispersed rural community, Haldimand Township, Northumberland County. Located 12 miles northeast of Cobourg and 7 miles north of Grafton a station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as CENTRETON, on September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster T. H. McAuley. Office closed March 31st, 1957. Present approved name is CENTRETON. Population 54 in 1893 and 110 in 1976. Map position: 44°05' 78°02'. References: I, S, 3B, U10, 3Z, V, 6T and 5L.

CENTRE TOWN, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is CENTRE TOWN. Map position: 45°26' 75°42'. Reference: V.

CENTREVIEW, Dispersed rural community, Bangor Township, Hastings County. Located 9 1/2 miles from Combermere,

5 1/2 miles from Bell Rapids and 4 miles from Purdy. Post Office established as **CENTREVIEW**, on January 1st, 1914. First Postmaster Henry Blaney. Office closed April 7th, 1964. Present approved name is **CENTREVIEW**. Population 15 in 1976. Map position: 45°22' 77°45'. References: B, V, 6T and 5L.

**CENTREVILLE #1**, dispersed rural community, West Oxford Township, Oxford County. Located 1 km northeast of Ingersoll, 12 km southwest of Woodstock and 11 km west of Thamesford. nearest post office in 1875. Present approved name is **CENTREVILLE**. Population 64 in 1941 and 199 in 1976. Map position: 43°03' 80°15'. References: B, A, 3B, V, 7B, 5L and 6S.

**CENTREVILLE #2**, SEE: **WHALEN'S CORNERS**, Addington County.

**CENTREVILLE #3**, SEE: **ALLANDALE #2**, Peel County.

**CENTREVILLE #4**, concentrated rural community, Waterloo Township, Waterloo County later Part of City of Kitchener, Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 3 miles southeast of Kitchener, on Highway #8. Present approved name is **CENTREVILLE**. Population 150 in 1933 and 254 in 1980. Map position: 43°26' 80°26'. References: U, 2Y, 3B, LL, V and 6S.

**CENTREVILLE #5**, hamlet, Newcastle District, Canada West, later South Monaghan Township, Northumberland County. Located 14 miles from Port Hope, 16 miles from Peterborough and 5 miles east of Millbrook. Post office established as **SOUTH MONAGHAN** July 6th, 1846. First Postmaster John Clemisha. Post office closed permanently on January 1st, 1969. Place name changed to **BLOOMFIELD** in 1851. Present approved name is **SOUTH MONAGHAN**. Population 100 in 1851 and 32 in 1976. Map position: 44°57' 81°17'. References: AA, 5L, EE, 5B, 7B, I, S, 2W, 3B, U10, 7B, 8Q and 8P.

**CENTREVILLE #6**, hamlet, Niagara District, Canada West, later Grantham Township, Lincoln County. Located on the Old Welland Canal, 2 miles southeast of St. Catharines, 2 miles from Thorold and 72 miles west of Toronto, on the Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Later on CNR. Place began as **CENTREVILLE** and three other sections grew nearby. They were **SLABTOWN** (for the bark slabs bought cheaply from lumber mills and used for house building), **WESTPORT** and **PROTESTANT HILL**. These four sections were joined by Incorporation as a village and the name chosen honoured its United Empire Loyalist founder Thomas Rodman Merritt by taking the name **MERRITTON** in 1874. Post office established January 1st, 1862 as **THORALD STATION**, spelling later changed to **THOROLD STATION**. First Postmaster S. M. Stephens. In 1870 the post office name was changed to **MERRITTON**. Incorporated as a Town of Merritton in 1918. Amalgamated by St. Catharines January 1st, 1961 and made Part of the City of St. Catharines on same date. Other places absorbed by Merritton were **CINDERVILLE**, **WELLAND-VALLEY** and **WELLANDVALE**. Part of the Township of Grantham was Annexed by Merritton, Town, in 1934. Present approved name is **MERRITTON**. Population 1,000 in 1875, 2,544 in 1921, 5,375 in 1969. Map position: 43°08' 79°13'. References: C, I, A, P, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3B, 5C, V, 7V, 9J, NN, 3N, 7B and 3D.

**CENTREVILLE #7**, dispersed rural community, St, Vincent Township, Grey County. Located 7 km northwest of Meaford, 10 km north of Minniehill and 4 km southeast of Georgian Beach. Present approved name is **CENTREVILLE**. Population 58 in 1941 and 54 in 1951. Map position: 44°37' 80°37'. References: 3B, 5L and V+.

**CENTREVILLE #8**, hamlet, Esquesing Township, Halton County. Located 2 miles southeast of Norval the nearest Post office. First settlers William McDonald and John Miller. It is on the Peel and Halton borders. Population 25 in 1895. No references to this place in recent years. References: Z and 3C.

**CENTREVILLE #9**, SEE: **THE PINES #2**, Peel County.

**CENTREVILLE #10**, dispersed rural community, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Located 4 miles from Aylmer and 16 miles southeast of St. Thomas. Post office established as **LUTON** August 1st, 1857. First Postmaster L. R. Tyrrell. Office closed July 14th, 1913. Other names shown for this place are **LUTEN** and **LYLETON**. Present approved name is **LUTON**. Population 70 in 1885 and 62 in 1976. Map position: 42°44' 80°58'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 3R, V, 3M, 6T, 7B, PP and U10.

**CENTREVILLE #11**, concentrated rural community, Newcastle District, Canada West, later Percy Township, Northumberland County. Post office established as **PERCY**, on January 6th, 1836. First Postmaster John Platt. Post office name changed to **NORHAM** in 1857. First settler Mr. Cowie who built the first mills. Located 30 miles from Cobourg, 20 miles from Trenton, 15 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Brighton Station and 97 miles to Kingston. Office closed on January 30th, 1970. Place name assumed post office name in time. Misspelled as **NORDHAM** on occasion. Present approved name is **NORHAM**. Population 400 in 1857 and 97 in 1976. Map position: 44°11' 77°52'. References: I, G, EE, 3S, 3V, 7X, 8P, 3B, 7B, 1O, V and AA.

**CENTREVILLE #12**, dispersed rural community, Townsend Township, Norfolk County, later Part of City of Nanticoke, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 4 miles from Villa Nova, 14 miles northeast of Simcoe and 7 miles north of Waterford Station on the Michigan Central Railway. Settled in 1821 by the Beal family. In 1857 a schoolhouse gathering elected to change the place name to **SABULA**, the suggested name being tendered by Darling Smith and a flag having been made up with this name upon it. The name was changed at the meeting but no one called the place anything but Centreville, as it was centrally located between Boston and Hartford. When the Post office application was approved the place was named for the founding family as **BEALTON**. The post office was established September 1st, 1869. First Postmaster Frank Turner. Office closed February 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **BEALTON**. Population 100 in 1893 and 105 in 1971. Map position: 43°00' 80°13'. References: A, I, S, Z, MM, 3B, RR, U10, V, 6T, 5W and 7D.

**CENTURION**, dispersed rural community, Chaffey Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Huntsville, District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 5 1/2 miles from Ravenscliff and 6 1/2 miles from Novar. Post Office established as **CENTURION**, on September 26th, 1916. First Postmaster Alexander Jamison. Office closed March 31st, 1925. Present approved name is **CENTURION**. Map position: 45°24' 79°19'. References: B, 6T, U and V.

**CENTURY VILLAGE**, a restored historic village of the eighteenth century, located at Lang, Ontario. Map position: 44°16' 78°10'.

**CEYLON**, SEE: **FLESHERTON STATION**, Grey County.

**CEYLON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°27' 82°32'. Reference: V.

**CHABANEL TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 29, Range 24**, Algoma District.

**CHAFFEYS LOCKS**, SEE: **CHAFFEY'S MILLS**, Leeds County.

**CHAFFEY'S MILLS**, dispersed rural community, Johnstown District, Canada West, later South Crosby Township, Leeds County. Located 40 miles west of Brockville, 7 miles from Singleton's Corners and 36 miles northeast of Kingston. Settled by Samuel Chaffey who built the first mill which was displaced by the building of the lock and which is named for him. Post office established 1881 and named **CHAFFEYS LOCKS**. First Postmaster James W. Simmons. Office closed September 15th, 1958. Summer post office named Chaffeys Locks reopened on May 22nd, 1962. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CHAFFEYS LOCKS**. Population 40 in 1895 and 56 in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 76°19'. References: I, S, Z, 2U, 3B, V, 5V, 5L and 6T.

**CHAFFEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Muskoka District. Contains 46,236 acres. Incorporated January 1st, 1882. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1970, C32. Amalgamated January 1st, 1971 into Town of Huntsville, District Municipality of Muskoka. Map position: 45°23' 79°15'. References: hH, M 1L and V.

**CHALET TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°17' 81°55'. Reference: V.

**CHALK RIVER**, Village, Buchanan Township, Renfrew County, formerly in Bathurst District, Canada West. Located 21 miles northwest of Pembroke, on the CPR. It is named for the river nearby. Post office established as **CHALK RIVER**, in 1875. First Postmaster William Fields. Office still in operation in 1983. **CHALK RIVER STATION** is served by CPR, at mile 266.0, just east of Thistle Station (1903). Incorporated as Village of Chalk River on January 1st, 1954. This place is the site of the Nuclear Laboratories Construction and from 1945, atomic energy

research has been carried on here. Present approved name is **CHALK RIVER**. Population 150 in 1895 and 1,096 in 1980. Map position: 46°01' 77°27'. References: B, I, M, S, C, Z, U, 2T, 2Y, V and 5L.

**CHALLENER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°33' 84°12'. Reference: V.

**CHALLIES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°07' 80°10'. Reference: V.

**CHALMERS**, post office, Mersea Township, Essex County. Located 4 miles from Hillman, 7 miles from Leamington and 7 miles from Wheatley. Post office established as **CHALMERS**, on May 1st, 1909. First Postmaster David Chalmers. Office closed November 1st, 1914. This office was named for the first Postmaster. No further references to this office. References: 6T.

**CHALORE PARK**, urban community, Emily Township, Victoria County. Population 39 in 1971. References: 3B.

**CHAMBERLAIN #1**, station, Lambton County. On Michigan Central Railway. Not a post office. Last noted in 1893. References: U10.

**CHAMBERLAIN #2**, dispersed rural community, Chamberlain Township, Timiskaming District. Located 4 km northwest of Englehart, 9 km south of Krugerdorf and 34 km southwest of Larder Lake. Present approved name is **CHAMBERLAIN**. Population 356 in 1980. Map position: 47o51' 79o54'. References: HH, V and 5L.

**CHAMBERLAIN'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Johnstown District, Canada West, later Kitley Township, Leeds County. Located 2 miles from Frankville, 24 miles from Brockville, 8 miles southwest of CPR Station at Jasper and 15 miles from Smith's Falls. Post office established as **KITLEY** and named for the Township, in 1832. First Postmaster J. L. Schofield. Office name changed to **TOLEDO**, April 1st, 1856, for a place in Spain, (at the time of the Peninsular Wars). Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Police Village of Toledo on November 28th, 1890, by County Bylaw #663. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order M820051 on December 2nd, 1982 on Application by the Corporation of the Township of Kitley in accordance with Bylaw 370-82, Passed January 7th, 1982. Reverted to Township of Kitley on January 7th, 1983. (year date probably a typographical error and should be 1982.) Present approved name is **TOLEDO**. Population 40 in 1846, 300 in 1875 and 176 in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 76°00'. References: G, C, 5B, I, 7X, 3S, 8U, A, 3B, 7B, 7V, 9J, Jim Ayres and 7L.

**CHAMBERLAIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated in 1908, and again "from and after January 1st, 1921". Quieting Order C6712, Dated September 14th, 1953. Located 36.8 km south of Kirkland Lake and Highway 11. Settled by lumbermen turned farmers. Notice of the Township celebrating the 75th anniversary, in 1983, which supports the First Incorporation date. Population 390 in 1977. Map position: 47°54' 79°57'. References: R1, M, V and 9M.

**CHAMBERS #1**, SEE: **CLOSE MILLS**, Lennox County.

**CHAMBERS #2**, SEE: **FREDERICKSBURG STATION #2**, Norfolk Cy.

**CHAMBERS CORNER**, dispersed rural community, Wainfleet Township, Welland County, later within the Regional Municipality of **NIAGARA**. Located 16 km from Welland. Present approved name is **CHAMBERS CORNER**. Present approved name is **CHAMBERS CORNER**. Population 47 in 1951 and 62 in 1976. Map position: 43°57' 79°23'. References: U, 3B, 5E, V, 6S and 5L.

**CHAMBERS MILLS**, dispersed rural community, Portland, later Camden Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 18 miles from Napanee, 18 miles northwest of Kingston and 5 miles from the Kingston and Pembroke Railway station at Harrowsmith. Post office established May 1st, 1861 and named **PETWORTH**, which had become the place name by 1845. First Postmaster E. L. Carscallen. Office closed July 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **PETWORTH**. Population 100 in 1892 and 42 in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 76°46'. References: I, A, S, Z, 3B, 3Z, 3N, 6E, 6T and V.

**CHAMBERS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 47°07' 79°57'. Reference: V.

**CHAMBLE CORNERS**, hamlet, Niagara District, Canada West, later Wainfleet Township, at times shown in Monck Electoral District, Welland County, later in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 10 miles from Port Colborne, 8 miles southwest of Welland, 3 miles south of the Grand Trunk Railway station at Marshville and 2 miles from Wainfleet. Post office established in 1830. First Postmaster David Thompson. First named **WAINFLEET** for a North Sea harbour Town in Lincolnshire in 1798, post office name changed to **MARSHVILLE** in 1837, and re-named **WAINFLEET** in July 1923. Office still in operation in 1983. The place name was misspelled as **MARCHVILLE** at times. Present approved name is **WAINFLEET**. Population 60 in 1846 and 214 in 1976. Map position: 42°56' 79°23'. References: Z, I, C, S, AA, 3S, SS, 3d, 3b, PP, 7X and 9J.

**CHAMPAGNE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°33' 81°37'. Reference: V.

**CHAMPLAIN PARK**, concentrated rural community, West, later East Ferris Township, Nipissing District. Present approved name is **CHAMPLAIN PARK**. Population 778 in 1961 and 780 in 1976. Map position: 46°15' 79°26'. References: B, 5A and V.

**CHAMPLAIN POINT**, hamlet, Mara Township, Simcoe County, Near Orillia. References: 3B and SS.

**CHAMPLAIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°47' 83°20'. Reference: V.

**CHANDOS #1**, hamlet, Chandos Township, Peterborough County. Located 45 miles northeast of Peterborough and 32 miles from Lakefield. Post office established as **CHANDOS**, in 1864. First Postmaster Henry Maxwell. Office closed October 30th, 1948. Religious Parish name **PURIFICATION de la STE. VIERGE**. No recent references to this hamlet. Population 100 in 1895 and 60 in 1908. References: I, S, PP, 2M, SS and 6T.

**CHANDOS #2**, SEE: **STONE SETTLEMENT**, Peterborough County.

**CHANDOS LAKE**, dispersed rural community, Chandos Township, Peterborough County. Located 5 3/4 miles from Apsley and 40 km from Lakefield. Post office established as **CHANDOS LAKE**, on July 1st, 1950. First Postmaster Jack Dewey. Office closed September 1st, 1956. Present approved name is **CHANDOS LAKE**. Population not shown. Map position: 44°48' 78°03'. References: B, U, V, 6T and 5L.

**CHANDOS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Peterborough County. Incorporated January 1st, 1894. Quieting Order P5438, Dated August 13th, 1968. Population 500 in 1980. Map position: 44°49' 78°00'. References: HH, M and V.

**CHANNEL**, dispersed rural community, Lyon Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 11.27 km west of Red Rock. Place name changed to **COGLIN** in August, 1916. After a short time the name was again changed to the present **COUGHLIN**. Spelled as **CHANEL STATION** on Nipigon Division of CPR, station number 4729, between the stations of Sprucewood and Hurkett, in 1911. Present approved name is **COUGHLIN**. Map position: 48°53' 88°23'. References: R2, U, SS, V and 5L.

**CHANTAGUE BEACH**, urban community, Niagara Township, Lincoln County. Population 312 in 1956. References: 5E.

**CHANTLER**, dispersed rural community, Pelham Township, Welland County, later in Town of Pelham, Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 4 miles west of Welland, 3 miles from Fenwick and on the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway. Post office established as **CHANTLER**, on April 1st, 1898. First Postmaster Elwood Chantler, also the sawmill owner. Office closed June 8th, 1940. Present approved name is **CHANTLER**. Population 25 in 1913. Map position: 43°00' 79°20'. References: B, S, PP, 5U, V, 7G, 6T, 8B, 6S, DD, MM and 4T.

**CHANTLER'S**, SEE: **CHANTLER**, Welland County.

**CHANTRY**, SEE: **BASTARD CENTRE**, Leeds County.

**CHANTRY ISLAND**, a small rocky island on the east coast of Lake Huron. Located 1 mile from the Saugeen River, in Bruce County. No recent references to this place. Population of 1 in 1908, the lighthouse keeper. Map position:

44°28'80" 81°22'20". References: PP.

CHAPAIS TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 32, Range 27, Algoma District.

CHAPLEAU, hamlet, Chapleau Township, Sudbury District. Located 170 miles northwest of Sudbury, 378 miles east of Port Arthur, also east of Pardee and west of Nemegosenda Stations on CPR mainline. CHAPLEAU Station at mile 2290. Post office established as CHAPLEAU, in 1886. First Postmaster F. A. Austin. Office still in operation in 1983. Named for Sir Joseph Adolphe Chapleau, Secretary of State for Canada 1882 to 1892. The Indian name for the early settlement at Chapleau was NEMEGOSEE for many years. Became Town in 1974. Present approved name is CHAPLEAU. Population 600 in 1895 and 3,777 in 1980. Map position: 47°50' 83°24'. References: I, F, S, U, 2Y, L1, V, 6M, 6Z, 8K, 7R and 5L.

CHAPLEAU #61, Indian Reservation, Sudbury District. Located east of Chapleau. Map position: 47°49' 83°24'. References: V and 5L.

CHAPLEAU #61A, Indian Reservation, Sudbury District. Located east of Chapleau. Map position: 47°49' 83°24'. Reference: 5L.

CHAPLEAU #74, Indian Reservation, Sudbury District. Located southeast of Chapleau. Population 20 in 1976. Map position: 47°49' 83°24'. References: V and 5L.

CHAPLEAU #74A, Indian Reservation, Sudbury District. Located south of Chapleau. Map position: 47°49' 83°24'. References: V and 5L.

CHAPLEAU #75, Indian Reservation, Sudbury District. Located east of Chapleau. Map position: 47°49' 83°24'. References: V and 5L.

CHAPLEAU TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Incorporated February 1st, 1901 by Ontario Statute 1927, C102. Area 3,336 acres. In 1969 a one hundred mile area around Chapleau was designated as a restricted area, of which 4/5ths is good forest land. Population 3,291 in 1977 and 3,143 in 1980. Map position: 47°48' 83°26'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

CHAPLIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°09' 83°33'. Reference: V.

CHAPMAN, SEE: CHAPMAN'S CORNERS, Hastings County.

CHAPMAN'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 22 miles northeast of Belleville and 3 miles from the CPR station at Tweed. Post ofice established as CHAPMAN, in 1873. First Postmaster Alexander Chapman, for whom office is named as CHAPMAN. Office closed January 3rd, 1928. Present approved name is CHAPMAN. Population 100 in 1886 and 60 in 1913. Map position: 44°26' 77°19'. References: IE, I, S, Z, DD, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

CHAPMAN'S LANDING, dispersed rural community, Nipissing Township, Parry Sound District. Located on South River, 2 km south of Wade's Landing and 14 km northwest of Powassan. Present approved name is CHAPMANS LANDING. Map position: 46°06' 79°32'. References: V, and 5L.

CHAPMAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Area 45,486 acres. Incorporated January 1st, 1882. Quieting Order M3222, dated April 18th, 1957. Population 401 in 1980. Map position: 45°43' 79°35'. References: HH, 1M, M and V.

CHAPPEL EAST, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton. Present approved name is CHAPPEL EAST. Map position: 43°12' 79°52'. References: V.

CHAPPEL WEST, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton. Present approved name is CHAPPEL WEST. Map position: 43°12' 79°53'. References: V.

CHAPPISE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 29, Sudbury District.

CHAPPLE, settlement, Tait Township, Rainy River, formerly Shenston Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 6 miles north of Barwick Station on Canadian Northern Railway and south of Lake of the Woods. Post office established as CHAPPLE, on April 1st, 1905. First Postmaster William Smith. Office closed October 30th, 1948. Present approved name is CHAPPLE. Population 200 in 1908. Map position: 48°45' 94°00'. References: 7S, S, U, PP, 2P, V, 6V and 6T.

CHAPPLE TOWNSHIP, Rainy River District. Founded and Incorporated September 14th, 1899. Quieting Order M544, dated January 10th, 1956. Population 938 in 1978 and 920 in 1980. Map position: 48°45' 94°00'. References: R1, Hh and M.

CHAPPLE, MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIP OF, Rainy River District. Includes the Townships of: Shenston, Tait, Roseberry, Dobie, Mather, Potts and Richardson, took in part of Long Sault Reserve, Barwick Village and rural Routes of Barwick. Area 109,607 acres. Total Assessment: $575,607.00. Population 1,410 in 1927. Map position: 48°45' 94°00'. References: 2P and V.

CHAPUT HUGHES, urban community, Teck Township, Timiskaming District, later Part of Town of Kirkland Lake. Located 3 km from Kirkland Lake, 4 miles from Swastika 153 miles north of North Bay, on Ontario Northland Railway and at Highway 66. Post office established as CHAPUT HUGHES on October 24th, 1932. First Postmaster G. A. Bremner. Office still in operation in 1983. This is a residential area for miners in the Kirkland Lake area. Present approved name is CHAPUT HUGHES. Population 838 in 1956 and 912 in 1978. Map position: 48°08' 80°04'. References: U, 3B, 2Y, 5A, 5e, V and 6T.

CHARBONNEAU TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 33, Range 27, Algoma District.

CHARD, hamlet, North Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 28 miles southwest of L'Orignal, 33 miles from Ottawa, 2 miles from Pendleton and 7 miles east of Lamb's Wharf at Wendover on the Ottawa River. Post office established as CHARD, in 1880. First Postmaster William J. Brown. Office closed February 27th, 1915. No recent references to this hamlet. Population 120 in 1895 and 100 in 1907. Map position: 45°27' 75°04'. References: I, S, Z, PP, 6T, 5V and 9J.

CHARING CROSS, SEE: COOK'S CORNERS #1, Kent County.

CHARLECOTE, hamlet, Hope Township, Durham County. Located 7 miles west of Port Hope, 14 miles west of Cobourg and 4 miles from Newtonville. Post office established as CHARLECOTE, in 1884. First Postmaster Thomas Purcell. Post office closed by 1933. No recent references to this hamlet.Population 25 in 1895. References: 7D, I, S, Z, DD, MM, PP, 5P, LL and 3R.

CHARLEMONT, dispersed rural community, Gore District, Canada West, later Sombra Township, Lambton, sometimes in Bothwell Electoral District. Located 24 miles south of Sarnia, 4 miles north of the Erie and Huron Railway at Tupperville Station and 13 km from Wallaceburg. Post office established as CHARLEMONT, on March 1st, 1892. First Postmaster Andrew Brown. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is CHARLEMONT. Population 50 in 1907 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 42°38' 82°17'. References: I, 2Z, C, S, Z, U, DD, MM, 5U, V, 6T and 5L.

CHARLES, urban community, Casimir, Jennings and Appleby Township, Sudbury District. Population 163 in 1976. References: 3B.

CHARLESTON #1, concentrated rural community, Johnstown District, Canada West, later Rear of Yonge and Escott Township, Leeds County. Located 18 miles northwest of Brockville and 5 miles west of Athens. In 1848 the nearest post office was located at Farmersville (later Athens). Post office established as CHARLESTON, on May 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Peter F. Green. Office status changed to Summer post office November 30th, 1953. Office destroyed by fire on September 14th, 1956. Office closed on September 13th, 1969. Present approved name

is **CHARLESTON**. Population 125 in 1851 and 130 in 1976. Map position: 44°34' 76°00'. References: B, I, C, Z, 3B, 5B, 6T, 5L, 3K and V.

CHARLESTON #2, SEE: RAEBURN'S CORNERS, Peel County.

CHARLESTON STATION, SEE: RAEBURN'S CORNERS, Peel County.

CHARLESTOWN, SEE: BUELL'S BAY, Leeds County.

**CHARLESVILLE #1**, hamlet, on River St. Lawrence, Eastern District, Upper Canada, later Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located 18 miles from Cornwall and 32 miles from Prescott. Post office established in 1789 and named **STORMONT**. Name changed to **OZNABURG** often spelled as **OSNABURG**, to 1830 after which it was known as **OZNABRUCK** and sometimes spelled as **OSNABRUCK**. First (listed) Postmaster was Miles McDonell in 1803. Office closed September 19th, 1957 when this place disappeared under the waters of the St. Lawrence Seaway. Place name changed to **OSNABRUCK** in 1830. In 1854 the post office and place name were changed to **AULTSVILLE** for J. R. Ault, a later Postmaster. Incorporated Police Village of Aultsville by County Bylaw #1499, Effective date January 30th, 1908. Police Village of **AULTSVILLE** status dissolved on July 1st, 1958 by Ontario Municipal Board Order and reverted to the Township of Osnabruck.(See Ingleside.) Population 150 in 1857, 300 in 1899 and 320 in 1951. References: G, C, 5B, I, 7X, 8Q, S, EE, 3S, 1Z, V, 2W, 8Q, AA, Z, PP, 2U, 3B, U12, 6T, 9L and 7L.

**CHARLESVILLE #2**, concentrated rural community, Newcastle District, Canada West, later Darlington Township, Durham County and most recently, Part of Town of Newcastle, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 31 miles northwest of Cobourg, 3 miles south of CPR station at Burketon and 8 miles north of Bowmanville. Post office established as **ENNISKILLEN**, on November 6th, 1851. First Postmaster John Ferris. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **ENNISKILLEN**. Population 300 in 1886 and 167 in 1971. Populations of later date included with Newcastle figures. Map position: 44°01' 78°46'. References: EE, I, T, S, Z, 3J, 3G, V, 7B and 8Q.

**CHARLESVILLE #3**, concentrated rural community, Darlington Township, Durham County, later Part of Town of Newcastle, Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 9 miles from Bowmanville, 40 miles northwest of Cobourg and 4 miles from Burketon Station. Post office established January 1st, 1866 and named **HAYDON**. First Postmaster John Rowse. Office closed February 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **HAYDON**. Population 400 in 1886 and 53 in 1971. Later pop. included in Newcastle. Map position: 44°01' 78°45'. References: I, T, Z, 3B, 3P, V, 7B and 6T.

CHARLEVILLE, SEE: AUGUSTA TOWN HALL, Grenville County.

CHARLINCH, SEE: ILFRACOMBE, Muskoka District.

**CHARLOTTE**, post office, Hope Township, Durham County. Located 14 miles west of Cobourg and 7 miles west of Port Hope. Has daily mail. Postmaster W. A. Bebee. Post office department have no record of this office in 1984. Population 50 in 1892. No further references to this place. References: AA.

**CHARLOTTENBURG**, post office, Glengary County. Post office established 1789. This may be the Township Post office in this early year. No PLACE had this name then, or since. References: 8Q.

**CHARLOTTENBURG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Eastern District, Upper Canada, later Glengarry County, Canada West, and presently part of Stormont, Dundas & Glengarry County. First settled in 1784 by U.E.L.s and named for Princess Charlotte, daughter of King George III. Area 65,600 acres. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Population 5,537 in 1852 and 6,312 in 1980. Map position: 45°10' 74°56'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, V and 2b.

CHARLOTTE VILLA, SEE: PORT NORFOLK, Norfolk County.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, SEE: PORT NORFOLK, Norfolk County.

**CHARLOTTEVILLE CENTRE #1**, SEE: **PORT NORFOLK**, Norfolk County.

**CHARLOTTEVILLE CENTRE #2**, hamlet, Delhi Township, Norfolk County, later Haldimand-Norfolk County. Located 8 miles from Simcoe, 21 km from Courtland and 1 3/4 miles from Walsh Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established 1865 as **WALSH**. First Postmaster W. D. McCall. Office closed by 1933. Present approved name is **WALSH**. Population 125 in 1893 and 121 in 1976. Map position: 42°46' 80°23'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3B, 4F, PP and 9J.

**CHARLOTTEVILLE TOWNSHIP #1**, Geographic Township, Talbot District, Canada West, later Norfolk County. First settled in 1796. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Dissolved April 1st, 1974 by Ontario Statute 1973, C96. Part Amalgamated by **TOWNSHIP OF DELHI** and Part Annexed by **TOWN OF SIMCOE**. Population 2,780 in 1852. Map position: 42°45' 80°24'. References: C, V, 3H, HH, M, 2W and 1D.

**CHARLOTTEVILLE TOWNSHIP #2**, Johnstown District, Canada West. Post office for the Township named Kitely in 1848. Later Kitley Township, Leeds County. Reference: C.

**CHARLTON**, Town, Dack Township, Nipissing District. Settled in 1901. Located 7 miles from Englehart, on Highway 560, on Blanche River. Post office established as **CHARLTON**, on April 1st, 1904. First Postmaster T. McLaughlin. Name requested for the post office was **AURALYNN** meaning "golden falls", but was refused. Incorporated as a Town December 31st, 1914. This place was completely destroyed by forest fire in 1922. First settler was D. J. Hooey. Present approved name is **CHARLTON**. Population 50 in 1908, 950 in 1926 and 189 in 1976. Map position: 47°48' 79°59'. References: M, R1, MM, PP, 22.6, 6O, V, 7J, 5L and 7D.

**CHARLTON'S SETTLEMENT**, settlement, York Township, York County. Located on the southwest corner of presentday Keele Street and Sheppard Avenue. Settled in 1835. Named for Edward Charlton. Reference: 8S.

**CHARLTON STATION**, post office, Dack Township, Timiskaming District. Located 11 km from Englehart and 4/5ths of a mile from Charlton. Post office moved here from Charlton in 1918. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CHARLTON STATION**. Map position: 47°49' 80°01'. References: U, V and 6T.

**CHARLTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°30' 79°41'. Reference: V.

**CHARTERS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°33' 80°43'. Reference: V.

**CHARTRAND**, settlement, Cumberland Township, Russell County later in Ottawa-Carleton Region. Located 40 miles southwest of L'Orignal, 15 miles from Ottawa and near Navan CPR station. Post office established as **CHARTRAND**, on October 1st, 1900. First Postmaster E. Chartrand for whom office is named. Office closed February 10th, 1915. Present approved name is **CHARTRAND**. Population 20 in 1913. Map position: 45°28' 75°27'. References: B, S, DD, PP, V, 6T and 7M.

**CHARTRAND CORNER**, SEE: **MARTLANDS**, Nipissing District.

**CHARTRANDS**, dispersed rural community, Petawawa Township, Renfrew County. Present approved name is **BLACK BAY** in 1974. No date for name change. Map position: 45°52' 77°21'. References: V and 5L.

**CHARTRAND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°20' 91°20'. Reference: V.

**CHASE CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Belmont Township, Peterborough County. Located 5 miles from Havelock, 2 miles from Blairton CPR station, 28 miles east of Peterborough and 9 miles west of Central Ontario Junction. Post office established as **CHASE CORNERS**, in 1905. First Postmaster Joseph Chase for whom office is named. Office closed December 29th, 1924. Present approved name is **CHASE CORNERS**. Population 15 in 1913. Map position: 44°28' 77°48'. References: B, S, DD, PP, V, 6T, 7D and 5L.

**CHATHAM**, SEE: **McGREGORS MILLS #2**, Kent County.

**CHATHAM CENTRE**, post office, Chatham Township, Kent, sometimes shown in Bothwell Electoral District. Located 5 miles north of Chatham and near Tupperville. Post office established as **CHATHAM CENTRE**, in 1883. First Postmaster Andrew Robertson. Name of office changed to **EBERTS** in 1885. Office closed on December 2nd, 1963. Place assumed the post office name of **EBERTS** and was designated a dispersed rural community in 1974. Named for the Eberts brothers who owned considerable property in the area. Present approved name is **EBERTS**. Population 50 in 1893 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 42°30' 82°11'. References: B, I, S, MM, 3B, U10, V, 7D and 5T.

**CHATHAM CENTRE STATION**, SEE: CHATHAM CENTRE, Kent County.

**CHATHAM JUNCTION**, station, Chatham Township, Kent County. Located one mile from Chatham. Once called C.O. CROSSING (Central Ontario Railway Crossing) and later P.M. CROSSING (Pere Marquette Railway Crossing), where the Southern Division of Grand Trunk Railway crossed with the Pere Marquette Railway. No current references to this place. References: PP.

**CHATHAM MILLS**, SEE: McGREGORS MILLS #2, Kent County.

**CHATHAM TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kent County, formerly in Western District, Canada West. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. Population 1,768 in 1852 and 6,916 in 1980. Map position: 42°30' 82°13'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and V.

**CHATHAM VILLAGE**, SEE: McGREGORS MILLS #2, Kent County.

**CHATHAM WEST**, SEE: McGREGORS MILLS #2, Kent County.

**CHATS HAVEN**, urban community, Part of Town of Arnprior, Renfrew County. Map position: 45°26' 76°21'. References: V.

**CHATS, RAPIDE de**, settlement, Bathurst District, Canada West, later Carleton County. Nearest post office named Fitzroy Harbour. Only noted in 1848 source. Reference: C.

**CHATSWORTH**, SEE: JOHNTOWN, Grey County.

**CHATTERTON**, SEE: MARSH HILL #2, Hastings County.

**CHATTERTOWN**, SEE: MARSH HILL #2, Hastings County.

**CHAUDIERE**, lodge, Nipissing District. Name changed to CHAUDIERE LODGE, March 24th, 1948. Located on the Ontario Northland Railway. References: SS and 6V.

**CHAUDIERE FALLS**, hamlet, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. Nearest post office is Ottawa. Has Canadian Express office. CHAUDIERE FALLS STATION on the Canada Atlantic Railway. Population 50 in 1893. Last noted in 1893. Reference: U10.

**CHAUDIERE FLATS**, SEE: RICHMOND LANDING, Carleton County.

**CHAUDIERE JUNCTION**, railway point, Gloucester Township, Russell County, then in Carleton County, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 5 miles south of Ottawa. Post office established as ELLWOOD, April 1st, 1906. First Postmistress Mrs. Jane Cutts. Office closed November 30th, 1943. CHAUDIERE JUNCTION STATION on St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway, later CPR. Station name changed to ELLWOOD STATION in 1921. Place assumed the name ELLWOOD. Name sometimes misspelled as ELMWOOD. Present approved name is ELLWOOD. Population 25 in 1893 and 30 in 1913. Map position: 45°22' 75°40'. References: A, S, Z, PP, U10, V, 7B, SS, DD, 7T and 6T.

**CHAUDIERE LODGE**, SEE: CHAUDIERE, Nipissing District.

**CHAUTAUQUA JUNCTION**, station, Lincoln County. On the Michigan Central Railway. Noted in 1893. Reference: U10.



For references see Works Cited.

**CHEAP CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Walpole Township, Haldimand County, later Part of City of Nanticoke, Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 12 miles southwest of Cayuga, 8 miles southwest of Nelles Corners, 10 miles southeast of Jarvis and 13 miles from Port Dover. Post office established as **CHEAPSIDE**, November 1st, 1862. First Postmaster W. Lamb. Office closed June 23rd, 1914. Post office named by William Fugsley, first store owner. First settler in 1854 was Daniel Silverthorn. Present approved name is **CHEAPSIDE**. Population 200 in 1886 and 61 in 1971. After 1974 figures included in Nanticoke. Map position: 42°50' 79°59'. References: B, A, I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3N, V, 1C, 4F, 6T, 6S and 7D.

CHEAPSIDE, SEE: **CHEAP CORNERS**, Norfolk County.

CHEAUX, SEE: **CHENAUX**, Renfrew County.

**CHEDDAR**, dispersed rural community, Cardiff Township, Haliburton County, formerly in Peterborough County. Located 52 miles east of Minden and 14 miles from Irondale, Bancroft & Ottawa Railway at Hadley's Station. Post office established and named for place in Wales, **CHEDDAR**, in 1873. First Postmaster Benjamin Woods. Office closed May 28th, 1947. Present approved name is **CHEDDAR**. Population450 in 1886 and 60 in 1926. Map position: 44°59' 78°08'. References: B, A, 7D, I, T, S, Z, MM, V, 5V, 6T and 5L.

**CHEDOKE**, urban community, Barton Township, Wentworth County, later Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 2 miles south of Hamilton. Post office established as **CHEDOKE**, in 1890. First Postmaster J. C. Vosper. Status of office changed from post office to Sub Post office of Hamilton on January 1st, 1925. Present approved name is **CHEDOKE**. Population 20 in 1893, 200 in 1908 and 60 in 1926. Map position: 43°15' 79°55'. References: I, S, Z, AA, MM, PP, U1C, V and 6T.

**CHEDWORTH**, concentrated rural community, Melancthon Township, Grey, later in Dufferin County. Located 24 miles northwest of Orangeville and 4 miles southeast of Dundalk. Post office established as **CHEDWORTH** in 1882. No listing for first Postmaster but office name changed to **CORBETTON** in 1883. Post office closed by 1984. Present approved name is **CORBETTON**. Population 200 in 1892 and 90 in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 80°20'. References: Z, I, T, AA, 3B, V, 6S, 5L and 7D.

**CHEESEBOROUGH**, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Townships, Leeds County. Located 4 km north of Gananoque, 7 km west of Wilstead and 8 km east of Woburn. Present approved name is **CHEESEBOROUGH**. Population 59 in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 76°11'. References: B, U, 3B, V and 5L.

**CHEKIPAG**, locality, Wood Township, Muskoka District. Present approved locality name is **CHEKIPAG**. Map position: 45°01' 79°29'. Reference: V.

**CHELMSFORD #1**, concentrated rural community,Balfour Township, Algoma later Sudbury District. Located on Whitson Creek and 12 miles west of Sudbury. Post office established as **CHELMSFORD** in 1888. First Postmaster Elzear Belanger. Office still in operation in 1983. **CHELMSFORD STATION** served by CPR at mile 2451, being between the stations of Larchwood and Azilda, at an altitude of 889 feet above sea level. Religious parish name **ST. JOSEPH**. Chelmsford Incorporated as a Town in 1910. Never a Village. On January 1st, 1969 the Town was Incorporated into the Township of Balfour. Present approved name is **CHELMSFORD**. Population 300 in 1892 and 7,501 in 1971. Map position: 46°35' 81°12'. References: I, Z, AA, HH, 2T, 3B, L1, 2Y, SS, V, 5T, 8G, 8K and F.

**CHELMSFORD #2**, post office, Chapman Township, Parry Sound District. Post office established as **CHELMSFORD** by 1879. Post office department have no record of this office. Population 150 in 1893. References: 1M and U10.

**CHELSEA GREEN**, urban community, Westminster Township, Middlesex County. Located near London (1908), now a Part of the City of London. Post office opened as **CHELSEA GREEN**, on January 1st, 1906. First Postmaster Charles Coates. Office closed October 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **CHELSEA GREEN**. Map position: 42°58' 81°13'. References: S, PP, V, 6T and 7T.

**CHELSEA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°07' 84°55'. Reference: V.

CHELTENHAM, SEE: CHELTENHAM MILL, Peel County.

CHELTENHAM MILL, dispersed rural community, Home District, Canada West, later Chinguacousy Township, Peel County. This part of Chiguacousy Township Amalgamated with CALEDON, VILLAGE OF BOLTON, VILLAGE OF CALEDON EAST, TOWNSHIP OF ALBION and TOWNSHIP OF CALEDON to form Town of Caledon, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 12 miles northwest of Brampton, 36 miles from Toronto and on CPR and Grand Trunk Railways. Post office established as CHELTENHAM, on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster William Allan. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler Charles Haynes in 1820. Area may have been settled as early as 1816. In 1874 the Hamilton and North Western Railway established a station and later the Credit Valley Railway came through. Present approved name is **CHELTENHAM**. Population 350 in 1877 and 362 in 1971. Map position: 43°45' 79°55'. References: I, S, I, 3B, 1V, 3G, 3J, NN, V, 6M, 7V, 8Q and 6S.

CHELTEN VILLAGE, SEE: CHELTENHAM MILL, Peel County.

CHEMINUS, dispersed rural community, McGarry Township, Timiskaming District. Located on CNR, northeast of Kearns, 10 miles east of Crown City and 12 miles northeast of Larder Lake. Post office established as CHEMINUS, on January 6th, 1926. First Postmaster H. Hodgson. Office closed January 1st, 1957. Present approved name is **CHEMINUS**. Population 173 in 1941 and 178 in 1980. Map position: 48°10' 79°32'. References: U, 3B, 5A, V, 6T and 5L.

CHEMONG, dispersed rural community, Smith Township, Peterborough County. Located 20 miles from CPR Bobcaygeon Station, and on the route of the steamboat from Lakefield. Post office established January 1st, 1899. First Postmaster William McCue. On October 1st, 1904, office name changed to CURVE LAKE.Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is CURVE LAKE. This is an Indian settlement, with a population of 195 in 1908. Map position: 44°28' 78°22'. References: PP, 7H, 7J, S, SS, V and 5L.

CHEMONG HEIGHTS, SEE: CHEMUNG HEIGHTS, Peterborough County.

CHEMONG LAKE RESERVE, Indian Reservation, Smith Township, Peterborough County. Chief is Joseph Whetung, leader of small Mississauga Band. Has Baptist Church. Women make fine baskets. Only reference noted in 1875. References: 2M.

CHEMUNG HEIGHTS, urban community, Ennismore Township, Peterborough County. Located 2 km north of Bridgenorth, 9 km southeast of Lakefield and 3 km east of Youngstown. Name changed to CHEMONG HEIGHTS, in 1976. Present approved name is **CHEMONG HEIGHTS**. Population 61 in 1971 and 93 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 78°20'. References: 5L, 3B and 6M.

CHEMUNG PARK, urban community, Smith Township, Peterborough County. Located on Chemong Lake, 10 km from Peterborough. CHEMUNG or CHEMAUN, Indian name means, 'a canoe'. Present approved name is CHEMONG PARK. Population 20 in 1941 and 575 in 1980. Map position: 44°22' 78°23'. References: B, 9H, U, DD, 3B, V and 5L.

CHENARD TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 53, Algoma District.

CHENAUX, dispersed rural community, Ross Township, formerly Horton Township, Renfrew County. Located 4 miles east of Haley's Station, 2 1/2 miles west of Portage du Fort and 8 1/2 miles south of Foresters Falls. Post office opened March 2nd, 1953. First Postmaster Arlen William Helmer. Name changed to CHEAUX. Present approved name is **CHENAUX** (1976) Map position: 45°34' 76°43'. References: B, U, 5E, V, 6V, 6T and 5L.

CHENEY #1, SEE: LES MESNULS, Parry Sound District.

CHENEY #2, dispersed rural community, Clarence Township, Russell County. Located 8 km from Bourget, 40 miles southwest L'Orignal and 3 miles from Hammond Station. First settler A. Hagar. Named for Samuel T. Cheney, who built a sawmill, store and ran the post office which opened in 1900, which he named CHENEY STATION, as place was situated on the Grand Trunk Canadian Atlantic Railway System. Office closed February 8th, 1936. Present

approved name is CHENEY. Population 50 in 1908 and 73 in 1956. Map position: 45°25' 75°15'. References: B, V, 5L, PP, 7D, 6T, 5U and S.

CHENEY STATION, SEE: CHENEY #2, Russell County.

CHEPSTOW, concentrated rural community, Greenock Township, Bruce County. Located 8 miles northwest of Walkerton, 4 miles south of Pinkerton and 2 1/2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway Dunkeld Station. Post office established as CHEPSTOWE July 1st, 1865. First Postmaster William Henesey. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious Parish name ST. JEAN BAPTISTE. Present approved name is CHEPSTOW. Population 100 in 1886 and 225 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 81°16'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, 3P, SS, V, TT, 7B and 5L.

CHERRIMAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°14' 80°29'. Reference: V.

CHERRY, railway point, King Township, York County, later Part of Town of Aurora, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located
on CFRB Sideroad, west of Yonge Street. This Part of King Township, Amalgamated with Aurora in 1971. Located on CNR, at station named CHESLEY SIDING, about two miles south of Aurora. Present approved name is CHERRY. Map position: 43°58' 79°29'. References: U, 3G, V and 7P.

CHERRY BEACH, beach, Saltfleet Township, Wenworth County. Present approved name is CHERRY BEACH. Population 211 in 1951. Map position: 43°14' 79°42'. References: 3B and V.

CHERRY CREEK, hamlet, Simcoe District, Canada West, later Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 miles from Lefroy, between Lots 15 and 16 on 2nd Concession, Innisfil Township. Post office established as CHERRY CREEK, on July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster D. D. Hay. Office closed in 1880. Population 125 in 1857 and 100 in 1875. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: A, I, Z, EE, 2W, 3K and 7A.

CHERRY GROVE, dispersed rural community, West Nissouri Township, Middlesex County. Located 20 miles northeast of London, 4 miles from Kelly's Siding and 6 miles south of St. Mary's. Post office established as CHERRY GROVE, in 1877. First Postmaster James Stirret. Office closed September 28th, 1912. Named for the Black Cherry trees in the church yard. Present approved name is CHERRY GROVE. Population 50 in 1893 and 97 in 1908. Map position: 43°11' 81°11'. References: B, I, S, Z, PP, U10, V, 6T, 5V, 5L and 6S.

CHERRY HILL, concentrated rural community, Part of City of Mississauga. Map position: 43°36' 79°37'. Reference: V.

CHERRY STATION, station, in Town of Aurora, within Regional Municipality of York. Reference: B.

CHERRY VALLEY, concentrated rural community, Athol Township, Prince Edward County, formerly shown in Prince Edward District, Canada West. Located 5 miles south of Picton and 3 miles from Milford. Post office established as CHERRY VALLEY on July 6th, 1848. First Postmaster Isaiah T. Insley. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler Colonel Henry Young in 1783. Place named by Alva Stephens for his home village in Cherry Valley, New York State. Present approved name is CHERRY VALLEY. Population 225 in 1892 and 273 in 1976. Map position: 43°56' 77°09'. References:I, Z, AA, 2W, 3B, 6E, V, 5L and 8Q.

CHERRYWOOD, dispersed rural community, Pickering Township, Ontario County, later Part of Town of Pickering, Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Duffin's Creek, 12 miles west of Whitby, 6 miles west of Pickering and 4 1/2 miles sotheast of Green River. Post Office established as CHERRY WOOD on July 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Charles Petty. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is CHERRYWOOD. Population 100 in 1893 and 75 in 1980. Map position: 43°52' 79°08'. References: I, Z, U, PP, 3B, 5X, LL, V and 6S.

CHERRYWOOD ACRES, Part of City of Niagara Falls, Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is CHERRYWOOD ACRES. Map position: 43°06' 79°06'. Reference: V.

CHERRYWOOD STATION, railway point, Part of TOWN OF PICKERING, Regional Municipality of Durham. Map position:

43°50' 79°08'. Reference: V.

**CHERRYWOOD SURVEY**, urban community, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Population 121 in 1961 and 141 in 1971. In 1976 population included in Town of Stoney Creek, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

**CHESLEY**, SEE: **SCONEVILLE**, Bruce County.

**CHESLEY ADDITIONAL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°35' 83°52'. References: V.

**CHESLEYS**, station, York Township, York County. On Grand Trunk Railway. Nearest Post office is located in Aurora. Population 20 in 1896. Place name where this station situated is named **CHERRY**. Station name spelled as **CHESLEY'S** at times. References: S, U10 and 7D.

**CHESLEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°39' 83°54'. Reference: V.

**CHESTER**, Village, (Incorporated), York Township, York County. Located east of the Don River, north of the Toronto Gaol (1882) and 2 miles north of Toronto. Post office established in 1869 and named **DONCASTER**. First Postmaster James Young. In 1886 the post office name changed to **TODMORDEN** and sometimes as **TODMORDEN-CHESTER**. In 1908 status changed to **TODMORDEN SUB POST OFFICE #9** of Toronto. Office closed in July of 1966. In August 1916 the place name, known as **EAST DON**, was changed by usage and the fame of a hotel called Todmorden House, to **TODMORDEN**. The name Todmorden was given by Mr. Eastwood, an early settler, for a place in Yorkshire, England. This place was absorbed by the natural growth of Toronto and is now lost in a network of super-access-highways. Population 150 in 1875, 1,500 in 1892 and listed with Toronto after 1913. References: Z, AA, K2, 7B, 4G, I, PP, K1, SS, V, DD and 2J.

**CHESTERFIELD**, SEE: **BONSVILLE**, Oxford County.

**CHESTER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°33' 81°56'. Reference: V.

**CHESTERVILLE #1**, SEE: **ARMSTRONG'S MILLS #2**, Dundas County.

**CHESTERVILLE #2**, settlement, McGarry Township, Timiskaming District. Located 5 km from Cheminis, on Highway # 66, 25 miles east of Kirkland Lake, and 1 mile east of Virginiantown. Settled in 1937 by workers of Kerr-Addison Mine. Place re-named for William Kearns, aerial observer and photographer with the Ontario Forestry Service. Named **KEARNS**. Post office established as **KEARNS** March 1st, 1974. First Postmistress Mrs. Verna Price. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KEARNS**. Population 471 in 1941 and 401 in 1976. Map position: 48°09' 79°34'. References: 5K, V, R1, U, 3E, 2Y, 2D.6 and 6T.

**CHETWYND**, dispersed rural communit,, Armour Township, Parry Sound District. Located 20 miles northeast of Parry Sound, 4 1/2 miles from Burks Falls, 4 miles from Ketrine Station and 1 mile from Magnetawan River. Post Office established as **CHETWYND**, in 1883. First Postmaster James A. Pumphr. Office closed October 1st, 1905. Present approved name is **CHETWYND**. Population50 in 1891 and 75 in 1895. Map position: 45°27' 79°19'. References: I, Z, PP, U10, V, 7E, 5P, 5L and 6S.

**CHEVALIER**, hamlet, Tilbury West Township, Essex County. Located 28 miles east of Sandwich, , 1 mile west of Stoney Point on Grand Trunk Railway. One miles south of Port Franks, this spot supplied Indians with flint for arrowheads. Post office established as **STONEY POINT** 1865. First Postmaster Henry Desjardins. STONY POINT post office closed on April 1st, 1905. Post office reopened and name changed to **POINTE AUX ROCHES** February 1st, 1912. Post office department only issued a notice that name has not been changed, on March 1st, 1912. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Police Village named **STONEY POINT** on January 17th, 1881 by Bylaw #12. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. **CHEVALIER STATION** name changed to **STONY POINT STATION** in 1913. Present approved place name is **STONEY POINT**. Present aporoved Post office name is **POINTE AUX ROCHES**. Population 25 in 1885, 100 in 1895 , 517 in 1969 and 1,041 in 1976. Map position: 42°18' 82°33'. References: I, Z, DD, 3R, WW, SS, 7S, H, 3B, 9K, V, 6T, 7S and Stan Parsons.

CHEVALIERS, settlement, Muskoka District. Located 43km from Huntsville. (1980) Reference: U.

CHEVIOT, hamlet, Culross Township, Bruce County. Located 12 miles south of Walkerton, 4 miles north of Teeswater, 10 miles north of Wingham and 6 miles from Greenock. Post Office established as CHEVIOT, in 1870. First Postmaster Andrew McLean. Office closed December 1st, 1897. Population 25 in 1893 and 40 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, T, Z, PP, 5P, U10, 7B, 7F and 5V.

CHEVRIER, settlement, East Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 5 miles from St. Eugene. Post Office established as CHEVRIER, on April 1st, 1914. First Postmaster Ernest Bertrand. Office closed April 17th, 1943. Present approved name is CHEVRIER. Map position: 45°28' 74°26'. References: B, V and 6T.

CHEVRIER, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°17' 90°29'. Reference: V.

CHEWETT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°58' 83°03'. Reference: V.

CHICAGO MINE CROSSING, station, Algoma District. Located 100 miles west of Sudbury, the nearest post office. Name changed to WORTHINGTON ROAD, 1914. No recent references to this place. Population 100 in 1913. References: SS, DD and MM.

CHICOPEE MILLS, urban community, Wellington District, Upper Canada, later Waterloo Township, Waterloo County and most recently Within Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 10 miles from Guelph, 1 mile from Breslau Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 58 miles from Toronto, 4 miles from Berlin (later Kitchener) and on Hopewell Creek. Founded by Joseph Erb in 1820. Post Office established May 1st, 1856, and named BRESLAU. First Postmaster Cyrus Erb. Office still in operation in 1983. Name has been misspelled as BRESLAW a number of times. Present approved name is BRESLAU. Population 125 in 1857 and 715 in 1976. References: Z, U10, 4F, 7B, I, S, EE, 3B, 2Y, 2F, 3M, V, 5L and 6S.

CHICOPI, SEE: GLENGARRY LODGE, Parry Sound District.

CHIEF'S POINT #28, Indian Reservation, Bruce County. Map position: 47°40' 81°17'. Reference: V and 5L.

CHIKOPI, SEE: GLENGARRY LODGE, Parry Sound District.

CHILDERHOSE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°09' 81°37'. Reference: V.

CHILD'S MINES, dispersed rural community, Mayo Township, Hastings County. Located 13 km from Detlor, 11 km west of Caverlys Landing, 6 km southwest of McArthurs Mills and 21 km northeast of Bancroft. Present approved name is CHILDS MINE. Map position: 45°05' 77°37'. References: B, 5L, U and V.

CHIMNEY ISLAND, uninhabitated at present, in St. Lawrence River. Located 5 miles below Prescott. On it are the ruins of an old French Fort (1908). Reference: PP.

CHIMO, Quay, Temagami Township, Nipissing District. Located on Lake Temagami, on Water Route #260. A point on the Temagami Lake Boat Lines Route (1978). Reference: U.

CHINGUACOUSY, SEE: BUFFY'S CORNERS, Peel County.

CHINGUACOUSY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Home District, Canada West, later Peel County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved January 1st, 1974. Part Annexed by TOWN OF CALEDON and part Annexed by CITY OF BRAMPTON, by Ontario Statutes 1973, C60. Land purchased in the Second Mississauga Purchase. Surveyed in 1819. Population 412 in 1821 and 6,129 in 1871.Named for a Christian Chippewa Indian who was loyal to Britain and was presented with many medals. Had he been a white man, he would have been knighted. The other spelling for this name is CHINGUACOUSE. Map position: 43°45' 79°50'. References: C, G, HH, 2W, M and V.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

CHIPICAN LAKE, Western District, Canada West. Nearest post office name is Port Sarnia in 1848. Reference: C.

CHIPMAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°02' 86°15'. Reference: V.

CHIPPAWA #1, SEE: CARMANVILLE, Addington County.

CHIPPAWA #2, SEE: BRIDGEWATER #3, Welland County.

CHIPPAWA HILL, concentrated rural community, Amabel Township, Bruce County. Located 35 miles north of Walkerton and 4 miles north of Southampton. The name means to "roast till puckered". Post Office established as CHIPPAWA HILL in 1878. First Postmaster Emmanuel Gaukel. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is CHIPPAWA HILL. Population 50 in 1893 and 250 in 1972. Map position: 44°31' 81°20'. References: B, I, T, 9H, S, Z, U10, O, V, 5V, 5L and 6S.

CHIPPAWA TOWNSHIP, Niagara District, Canada West. Nearest post office was named Chippawa in 1848. References: C.

CHIPPEWA #1, station, Algoma District. Near Ogidaki. CHIPPEWA STATION on Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. Name changed to MARION in 1918. References: SS, and U.

CHIPPEWA #2, SEE: CARMANVILLE, Lennox & Addington County.

CHIPPEWA #3, SEE: BRIDGEWATER, Lincoln County.

CHIPPEWA CREEK, or at times called CHIPEWEIGH RIVER, is now to be called the WELLAND RIVER, by Proclamation on the 16th of July, 1792. Reference: 7W.

CHISELHURST, dispersed rural community, Hibbert Township, Perth County. Located 25 miles southeast of Goderich and 4 miles from Hensall. Post office established as CHISELHURST, in 1878. First Postmaster Horatio N. McTaggart. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is CHISELHURST. Population 100 in 1895 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 43°26' 81°26'. References: B, Z, I, MM, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

CHISHOLM #1, SEE: HUFF'S CORNERS #1, Prince Edward County.

CHISHOLM #2, SEE: CHISHOLM SETTLEMENT, Hastings County.

CHISHOLM'S MILLS, SEE: CHISHOLM SETTLEMENT, Hastings County.

CHISHOLM SETTLEMENT, hamlet, Tyendinaga Township, Hasting County. Located 2 km east of Roslin, 5km south of Duff Corners, 6 km west of Myrehall and 20 km north of Belleville. Settled in the early 1800s by the Chisholm family. An early name was CHISHOLM'S MILLS. Mr, John Chisholm a descendent of the original settlers still owns the mills and resides on the property in 1980s. Present approved name is CHISHOLM MILLS. Population under 20. Map position: 44°21' 77°18'. References: 5L, D and SS.

CHISHOLM'S RAPIDS, dispersed rural community, Sidney Township, Hastings County. Located 20 miles northwest of Belleville and 9 miles north of Trenton. Post office established as GLEN ROSS in 1883. First Postmaster George T. Iveson. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is GLEN ROSS. Population 100 in 1892 and 59 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 77°36'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3R, V, 6T and 5P.

CHISHOLM TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Located 33 km southeast of North Bay. Incorporated April 6th, 1912. Quieting Order M1379, dated December 20th, 1954. Settled at the turn of the century by French, Irish and German settlers. Population 972 in 1977 and 1,105 in 1980. Map position: 46°06' 79°13'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

CHISWICK, dispersed rural community, Chisholm Township, Nipissing District. Located 10 miles from CPR at

For references see Works Cited.

Nosbonsing Station, and near North Bay. Post office established as **CHISWICK**, in 1895. First Postmaster Theophile Martin. Office closed September 14th, 1959. Present approved name is **CHISWICK**. Population 249 in 1956 and 76 in 1976. Map position: 46°07' 79°11'. References: I, S, 3B, 5E, 5U, V, 5L and 6T.

**CHITICS CORNERS**, located 4 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at St. Mary's Station, in Perth County. Alternate spelling **CHITIC'S CORNERS**. This place is noted between the years 1893 and in 1895. No further reference to this place. References: Z and U10.

**CHOLETTE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°08' 85°06'. Reference: V.

**CHOQUETVILLE**, post office, Algoma District. Postmaster named Robert Garlic, operated a grocer and dry-goods store. Post office department have no record of this office. This place mentioned once in 1913. Reference: DD.

**CHOWN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°43' 80°35'. Reference: V.

**CHRISTIAN ISLAND #1**, SEE: **ST. JOSEPH ISLAND #1**, Simcoe County.

**CHRISTIAN ISLAND #30**, Indian Reservation, on Christian Island, Simcoe County. Population 430 in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 80°12'. References: V and 5L.

**CHRISTIAN ISLAND #30A**, Indian Reservation, on Christian Island, Simcoe County. Map position: 44°48' 80°08'. References: V and 5L.

**CHRISTIAN VALLEY**, hamlet, Nipissing Township, Parry Sound District. Located 8 miles from Powassan and 2 1/2 miles from Nipissing. Post office established as **CHRISTIAN VALLEY**, on February 1st, 1909. First Postmaster R. Rowlandson. Office closed September 1st,1915. Present approved name is **CHRISTIAN VALLEY**. Population 20 in 1913 and 20 in 1926. Map position: 46°02' 79°28'. References: DD, MM, 6T and 5L.

**CHRISTIE #1**, post office, Beverley Township, Wentworth County. Located 8 miles west of Hamilton and 4 miles west of Dundas. Post office established as **CHRISTIE**, in 1886. First Postmaster George Sweet. Office closed May 1st, 1900. Population 50 in 1893 and 50 in 1926. No recent reference to this place. References: 5T, I, Z, AA, MM, U10 and 7M.

**CHRISTIE #2**, hamlet, Nassagaweya Township, Halton County, later Part of **TOWN OF MILTON**, within Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 5 miles west of Milton and 2 miles south of Campbellville Station. Post office established 1885, as **KELSO**. First Postmaster Adam Alexander. Office closed July 3rd, 1951. Former names have been **CHRISTIE SIDING** and **CHRISTIE STATION**. Christie Station shown on London Division of CPR, station number 1688, between the stations of Robertsons and Campbellville, in 1911. The local name is **EAGLE'S NEST**. The name Kelso was given by the first settlers, and is the name of a small town in the south of Scotland, on the river Tweed, from which Mr. Christie's mother emmigrated. Christie Siding, on the CPR, was named for Mr. D.D. Christie, who was a stone shipper in 1880. Present approved name is **KELSO**. Population 100 in 1893, 25 in 1971 and in 1976, population was included in the **TOWN OF MILTON**. Map position: 43°30' 79°57'. References: V, 6S, B, D, I, S, Z, PP, U10, 6T, 10B and 7D.

**CHRISTIE BEACH**, locality, St. Vincent and Collingwood Townships, Grey County. Located 6 km northwest of Thornbury, 7 km east of Meaford and 8 km southeast of Griersville. Present approved name is **CHRISTIE BEACH**. Map position: 44°36' 80°31'. References: V+ and 5L.

**CHRISTIE LAKE**, dispersed rural community, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 5 miles from CPR at Bathurst Station and 10 miles from Perth. Present approved name is **CHRISTIE LAKE**. Map position: 44°49' 76°25'. References: 5L, B, Z and V.

**CHRISTIES CORNERS #1**, dispersed rural community, within Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 10 km northeast of Lynden, 8 km northwest of Ancaster and 9 km southeast of Rockford. Present approved name is **CHRISTIES CORNERS**. Map position: 43°16' 80°02'. References: 5L and V.

**CHRISTIES' CORNERS #2**, hamlet, Oxford-on-Rideau Township, Grenville County. Located northeast of Brockville and 6 miles east of Grand Trunk Railway at Oxford Station. Post office established as **CHRISTIES' CORNERS**, in 1878. First Postmaster Jacob van Allen. Office closed 1888. No recent references to this place. References: I, 1, Z, 3R, 5V and 5P.

**CHRISTIE SIDING**, SEE: **CHRISTIE #2**, Halton County.

**CHRISTIE STATION**, SEE: **CHRISTIE #2**, Halton County.

**CHRISTIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Incorporated July 2nd, 1894. Quieting Order M3221, dated April 18th, 1957. Area 43,954 acres (1879). Map position: 45°23' 79°47' References: HH, 1M, M and V.

**CHRISTINA**, dispersed rural community, Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 16 miles southwest of London and 4 1/2 miles south of Grand Trunk Railway at Mount Brydges. Post office established 1875. First Postmaster John McKensie. Present approved name is **CHRISTINA**. Population 30 in 1893 and 65 in 1951. Map position: 42°52' 81°29'. References: B, I, S, Z, PP, 3B, 5L, U10, V, 5V and 6S.

**CHRISTY'S LAKE**, hamlet, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 5 miles from CPR at Bathurst Station and 10 miles from Perth. Post office established as **CHRISTY'S LAKE**, in 1892. First Postmaster George Noonan. Office closed September 30th, 1948. Last reference to **CHRISTY'S LAKE** in 1948. Population 20 in 1893 and 30 in 1926. References: AA, I, S, MM, U10, 5E and 6T.

**CHRYSLER**, SEE: **CHRYSLER'S FALLS**, Stormont County.

**CHRYSLER'S FALLS**, Police Village, Eastern District, Canada West, later Finch Township, Stormont County. Located north of Highway #43, 31 miles southeast of Ottawa and on the South Nation River. Post office opened April 1st, 1860, under the name **CHRYSLER**. First Postmaster E.K. Johnston. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious Parish name **IMMACULATE CONCEPTION**. Local name **CHRYSLER VILLAGE**. This place was named in 1808 for Colonel John Chrysler, of the Chrysler Farm battle fame. Incorporated police Village of Chrysler on December 1st, 1921, by County Bylaw #1999. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order M77110, December 7th, 1977, Effective date March 31st, 1978 and reverted to the Township of Finch. Present approved name is **CRYSLER** Population 300 in 1886 and 490 in 1976. References: C, U, SS, 9L, B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3Z, 5L, 3N, V and 7D.

**CHUB LAKE**, hamlet, Algoma District. Located 40 km from Thessalon (1980). Reference: U.

**CHUDLEIGH**, railway point, Janes Township, Sudbury District. Located 11 miles from River Valley, 30 miles from Capreol, 5 miles from Washagamy and 6 miles Ess Creek. Chudleigh was named for the Toronto house of John Beardmore. Post office opened as **CHUDLEIGH**, on November 15th, 1916. First Postmaster James Kitchen. Office closed March 15th, 1927. This station is situated on the Canadian Northern Railway mainline at an altitude of 789 feet above sea-level. In August 1916, the name of this station was changed to **JANES**. Present approved name is **CHUDLEIGH**. Map position: 46°38' 80°23'. References: U, SS, L3, 8L, V and 6T.

**CHUKUNI RIVER**, hamlet, Kenora District. Located 38 km south of Red Lake, on Highway #105. Population 35 in 1976 and 25 in 1978. Map position: 50°38' 93°25'. References: R2 and 3B.

**CHURCH CROSSING**, station, Wentworth County. Located on the Grand trunk Railroad, near Burlington Beach. It is not a post office. No recent reference to this station. Population 15 in 1893. References: Z and U10.

**CHURCH FALLS**, SEE: **GLENIFFER**, Peel County

**CHURCHILL #1**, SEE: **GIMBY'S CORNERS**, Simcoe County.

**CHURCHILL #2**, locality, Whitchurch Township, York County. Situated at the Regional Sideroad #15 and Ninth

Concession Road. References: 3G.

**CHURCHILL #3**, dispersed rural community, Toronto Township, Peel County, formerly Home District, Canada West and most recently in Erin Township, and Part of Town of Halton Hills, within Regional Municipality of Halton. Located west of Mississauga Road at the end of Halston Road, south of Steels Avenue West, on the Credit River. Post office established as **CHURCHILL** in 1837. Office still in operation in 1984. Place annexed to **BRAMPTON**, January 1st, 1974. Map position: 43°39' 80°03'. References: 3G and V.

**CHURCHILL FORT**, trading post, Patricia Portion, Kenora District. Located at mouth of the Severn River, 2 km south of Partridge Island, 10 km south of Hudson Bay, and 40 km west of the western boundary of Polar Bear Provincial Park. Built in 1685, in what was then known as New France, and at that time called Churchill Fort. The French burned the fort but it was rebuilt in 1759, and is still in operation. Since 1759, it has been known by the name **FORT SEVERN**. There are no current statistics as to population for this place. Fort Severn has a postal service in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **FORT SEVERN**. Map position: 55°59' 87°38'. References: F, 2R, 5L and U.

**CHURCHILL HEIGHTS**, suburban community, Cornwall Township, Stormont County. Located 6 km northeast of Cornwall, 8 km southeast of Cashions Glen and 5 km southeast of St. Andrews. Present approved name is **CHURCHILL HEIGHTS**. Map position: 45°04' 75°46'. References: V and 5L.

**CHURCHILL PARK**, in Metropolitan Toronto. Located 10 km from Toronto (1980). Reference: U.

**CHURCHILL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°38' 81°19'. Reference: V.

**CHURCH'S**, station, Oakland Township, Brant County, later Oxford County. Located on the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway and situated between Mount Pleasant and Scotland, close to Vanessa and Waterford. Mispelled as **CHURCHES**. No recent reference to this station. Population 15 in 1893. Map position: 43°03' 80°21'. References: S, PP, U10 and 6S.

**CHURCHE'S FALLS**, SEE: **GLENIFFER**, Peel County.

**CHURCH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°05' 88°30'. Reference: V.

**CHURCHVILLE #1**, hamlet, Home District, Canada West, later Toronto Township, Peel County, and most recently in the City of Brampton, within Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 4 miles south of Brampton and 3/4 mile northwest of Meadowvale. Post office established as **CHURCHVILLE**, in 1830. First Postmaster William Law. Office closed July 15th, 1918. This place was named for the first settler Amaziah Church, who settled in 1820 and built the first mills. This place is recently designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **CHURCHVILLE**. Population 200 in 1875 and 19 in 1971. Map position: 43°38' 79°45'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3C, 3S, V, 1V, 6T, 7X, 6S and 7D.

**CHURCHVILLE #2**, dispersed rural community, Aldborough Township, Elgin County. Located 5 km north of New Glasgow, 5 km south of West Lorne, 6 km west of Eagle and 6 km east of Rodney. Present approved name is **CHURCHVILLE**. Population 18 in 1976. Map position: 42°34' 81°37'. References: B, V, 5L and 6S.

**CHUTE AU BLONDEAU**, Police Village, East Hawksbury Township, Prescott County. Located 11 miles east of L'Orignal, 5 miles south of St. Phillippe, PQ and 6 miles from Carillon. Post office opened as **CHUTE AU BLONDEAU** in 1871. First Postmaster James McAllister. Office still in operation in 1983. Place is named for the neighbouring rapids. Incorporated as Police Village October 10th, 1934 by County Bylaw #766. Police Village status dissolved on December 31st, 1980 by Ontario Municipal Board Order and reverted to the Township of East Hawkesbury. Religious Parish name **ST. JOACHIM**. Present approved name is **CHUTE AU BLONDEAU**. Population 300 in 1885 and 350 in 1976. Map position: 45°35' 74°29'. References: I, S, Z, 3R, 3B, 5T, 5V, 7V, 5L, 9L, 5S and 7L.

CINDERVILLE, SEE: CENTREVILLE #6, Lincoln County.

CINOTTVILLE, locality, Part of TOWN OF WALDEN, within Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Map position: 46°27' 81°05'. Reference: V+.

CIRCLE CITY, SEE: RINGWOOD, York County.

CITY OF BERLIN, SEE: SAND HILLS, Waterloo County.

CITY OF EAST WINDSOR, SEE: FORD, Essex County.

CITY OF GALT, SEE: CAMBRIDGE #1, Waterloo County.

CITY OF PEACE, SEE: WYNFORD, Wellington County.

CITY OF ROCKS, SEE: ELORA, Wellington County.

CITY OF THE FALLS, SEE: ELGIN #1, Welland County.

CITY OF THE LAKEHEAD, SEE: DULHUT'S TRADING POST, Thunder Bay District.

CITY VIEW, urban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 12 km northwest of Elizabeth Park, 14 km south of Ottawa and 2 km northeast of Ryan Farm. Post office established as CITY VIEW, in 1890. First Postmaster W.F.M. Hooper. Office status changed to sub-post office of Ottawa April 1st, 1958. Incorporated as Police Village, by County Bylaw #1474, dated March 22nd, 1955, effective July 1st, 1955. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order P2380-66, January 17th, 1967. Decision pending and Hearing date set for January 17th, 1967. Police Village status dissolved by Legislation, Effective January 1st, 1974, Regional Municipality of Carleton Act, Section 5, R. S. O., 1970 : and reverts to the Township of Nepean. Present approved name is CITY VIEW. Population 300 in 1895, 62 in 1951 and 5,073 in 1972. Map position: 45°21' 75°45'. References: I, S, Z, 2T, 3B, O, V, 5L, 6T, 9L, 9G and 7L.

CIVILIAN BARRACKS, SEE: RICHMOND LANDING, Carleton County.

CLABO STATION, station, Ops Township, Victoria County. Located on Lindsay Division which serves between Burketon Junction and Bobcaygeon. Station number 1306, between the stations of Janetville and Ops, in 1911. References: 10B.

CLACHAN, dispersed rural community, Orford Township, Kent County, formerly in Western District, Canada West. Located 23 miles northeast of Chatham and 5 miles southeast of Grand Trunk Railway at Bothwell. Clachan was named for a town is Scotland by the first settlers. Post office opened as CLACHAN, on September 1st, 1858. First Postmaster J. Marchbank. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is CLACHAN. Population 100 in 1895 and 36 in 1976. Map position: 42°35' 81°48'. References: I, Z, V, 3Y, 6T, 5L, 6S and 7D.

CLAIES (LAKE AUX), this is the former name of Lake Simcoe, in use in 1799. Reference: 7W.

CLAIREVILLE, locality, at the corners of Gore, Etobicoke and Vaughan Townships, in Peel and York Counties. Recently Part of City of Brampton and Part of Town of Vaughan. Located 4 miles from Malton at the junction of Steeles Avenue of Albion Road. Post office opened as CLAIREVILLE, on October 6th, 1842. First Postmaster Robert Bowman. Office closed October 1st, 1915. When this place was settled in 1830, it was named for the daughter of an early settler, whose name was spelled Clare De la Haye, so the name should have been named CLAREVILLE. From 1862 to 1916, the post office was named HUMBER. An alternate local name for this place was DONNYBROOK, for the fighting Irish settlers, in the neighbourhood. Present approved name is CLAIREVILLE. Population 175 in 1877 and 150 in 1908. Map position: 43°45' 79°38'. References: V, 7B, 3C, 3G, 6S, PP, 1V, 8P, I, C, G, T, S, AA, Z, 2W and 6T.

CLAIRLEA, urban community, Lot, 34 & 35 of Concession C, now Part of BOROUGH OF SCARBOROUGH which is now CITY OF SCARBOROUGH. Present approved name is CLAIRLEA. Map position: 43°43' 79°18'. References: V and 8H.

CLAIRMONT, hamlet, Burford Township, Oxford County. Located 9 miles from Brantford, 82 miles from Toronto and 56 miles from London. Postmaster in 1851 shown as W. L. Whitehead. Shortly thereafter located in the new County of Brant, with the same Postmaster. Post office department have no record. No recent reference to this hamlet. Population 300 in 1851. References: 5B and 7A.

CLAIRVIEW, SEE: CLAREVIEW, Addington County.

CLAIRVILLE #1, SEE: CLAIREVILLE, York County.

CLAIRVILLE #2, hamlet, Toronto-Gore Township, Peel County, later in the City of Brampton, within Regional Municipality of Peel. Population 88 in 1956. References: B, W3 and 5E.

CLAIRVILLE #3, hamlet, Eastern District, Canada West, later Lancaster Township, Glengarry County. Located 9 miles southeast of Alexandria and 5 miles from Dalhousie Mills. Post office established March 6th, 1846, as NORTH LANCASTER, which was named for the Township. First Postmaster Charles Leclair(e). Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is NORTH LANCASTER. Population 250 in 1886 and 174 in 1976. Map position: 45°15' 74°30'. References: 7B, I, C, T, S, 2W, 3B, 3U, V, 8P and 5V.

CLANBRASSIL, SEE: DUFFERIN #2, Norfolk County.

CLANCYS, Kent County. Located near Wallaceburg (1980). Reference: U.

CLANCY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°42' 78°00'. Reference: V.

CLANDEBOYE #1, post office, Huntley Township, Carleton County, later Lanark County. Located 30 miles northeast of Perth, 6 miles northeast of Almonte and 5 miles Carleton Junction. Post office opened as CLANBOYNE, in 1873. First Postmaster Robert McKinlay. Office renamed McKINLAY, sometimes mispelled as McKINLEY for the Postmaster in 1883. In 1909, the name became NAEV MEEHAL. Office closed August 13th, 1918. Place name changed from Clandeboye to McKINLAY and later NAEV MEEHAL. No recent refference to this place. Population 25 in 1892. References: I, S, AA, PP, 5P, SS, 6T and 5V.

CLANDEBOYE #2, SEE: FLANIGAN'S, Middlesex County.

CLANRICARDE, post office, Anstruther Township, Peterborough County. Located 40 miles north of Peterborough, 15 miles east fo Coe Hill Station and 8 miles from Apsley. Post office openedas CLANRICARDE, in 1883. First Postmaster Alexander Grahame. Office closed October 30th, 1948. No recent reference to this place. Population 50 in 1895 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 44°50' 78°08'. References: I, T, S, Z, 5P, MM, PP, 5T, 6T and 9I.

CLAPHAM, hamlet, Middlesex District, Canada West, later Adolphustown Township, Lenox County, subsequently Fredericksburg Township, Lenox County. Post office established as CLAPHAM, on October 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Edward D. Lalaune. Office closed October 1st, 1855. No recent references to this hamlet. References: I, 5B, 2W, 3J, 7A, 8Q and 8U.

CLAPPERTON HARBOUR, dispersed rural community, on Clapperton Island, Manitoulin District. Map position: 46°01' 82°14'. No further references to this place. Reference: V.

CLAPPISON, dispersed rural community, Flamborough East Township, later Flamborough West Township, Wentworth County. Now within Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 4 1/2 miles northwest of Hamilton and 2 miles from Waterdown. Post office opened as CLAPPISON, in 1890. First Postmaster E. D. Johnston. Office closed April 1st, 1910. Place name changed to CLAPPISONS CORNERS. Present local name is Clappisons Corners.

Present approved name is **CLAPPISON CORNERS**. Population 25 in 1893 and 77 in 1976. Map position: 43°18' 79°55'. References: I, T, AA, MM, 6S, B, S, Z, PP, 3B, U10, 5L, V and 6T.

CLAPPISONS CORNERS, SEE: CLAPPISON, Wentworth County.

CLARABELLE, on Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway, in Algoma District. In 1908, name CLARA BELLE JUNCTION. In August 1916, the named changed to COPPER CLIFF JUNCTION. ocated 3 miles from Sudbury, and now Part of City of Sudbury. Present approved name is **CLARABELLE**. Map position: 46°30' 81°03'. References: U, PP, SS and V.

CLARA BELLE JUNCTION, SEE: CLARABELLE, Sudbury District.

CLARADAY, urban community, Part of the City of Peterborough. Located 1/2 mile from McMartinville and 1 1/3 miles from Peterborough. Post office open May 1910. First Postmaster William J. Grady. Now Sub #7 of Peterborough. (March 15th, 1950). Present approved name is **CLARADAY**. Map position: 44°17' 78°19'. References: U, V and 6T.

CLARA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Map position: 46°12' 78°19'. Reference: V.

CLARDON BEACH, dispersed rural community, within Regional Municipality of York. Located on Cooks Bay, Lake Simcoe,, 1 km south of Craigmawr Beach, 1 km southwest of Indianola Beach and 1 km northwest of Wynhurst Beach. Present approved name is **CLARDON BEACH**. Map position: 44°14' 79°28'. References: V+ and 5L.

CLARE, dispersed rural community, Egremont Township, Grey County and Arthur Township, Wellington County. Located near the Saugeen River, 5 miles from CPR and Grand Trunk Railway, at Mount Forest. Post office opened as CLARE, on June 11th, 1906. First Postmaster James Egan. Office closed February 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **CLARE**. Map position: 43°59' 80°38'. References: S, PP, V, 6T, 7T, 5L and 6S.

CLARE AVENUE, SEE: CLARK AVENUE, Glengarry County.

CLAREMONT #1, SEE: NOBLE'S CORNERS, York County.

CLAREMONT #2, SEE: CLEARMONT, Brant County.

CLARENCE, SEE: NEW ENGLAND #2, Russell County.

CLARENCE CREEK, concentrated rural community, Clarence Township, Russell County. Located 7 miles from Thurso Station and 38 miles west of L'Orignal the County Seat. Post office established as CLARENCE CREEK in 1867. First Postmaster Firmin Neaubert. September 1st, 1935 post office name changed to LaFONTAINE and June 16th, 1936, back to CLARENCE CREEK. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler John Tytler in 1859. Incorporated as Police Village June 26th, 1908. Police Village status still in effect January 20th, 1983. Religious parish name ST. FELECITE. CLARENCE CREEK STATION served by Grand Trunk Railway, later CPR. Present approved name is **CLARENCE CREEK**. Population 100 in 1879 and 395 in 1976. Map position: 45°30' 75°13'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, 2Y, 4F, SS, 1Y, 6T, 5L, 9L and 7L.

CLARENCE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Russell County, later United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Incorporated January 5th, 1851, by County Bylaw #17, effective date December 28th, 1850. First settler was James Fox in 1801. Has an area of 69,000 acres and a population of 700 in 1852. Population 6,492 in 1980. Map position: 45°28' 75°12'. References: 2W, M, HH, V and 1Y.

CLARENCE VILLAGE, SEE: NEW ENGLAND, Russell County.

CLARENDON, settlement, Bathurst District, Upper Canada, later Oso Township, Frontenac County. Located 355 miles from Quebec. Official postal records shows post office established November 6th, 1837, as CLARENDON. First Postmaster John Maitland. National Postal Museum has no record of this office opening or closing. The nearest post office service in 1848 is shown at Perth, Canada West. No further reference to this place. References: B,

C and 3S.

CLARENDON-ARDOCH, Clarendon & Miller Township, Frontenac County. Population 39 in 1976. No further reference to this place. Reference: 3B.

CLARENDON STATION, SEE: DOUGLAS VALLEY ROAD, Addington County.

CLARENDON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Frontenac County. Mail to be sent to post office at Perth (1835). Has an area of 67,200 acres in 1852, and was uninhabited in that year. Map position: 44°55' 76°58'. References: 3H, 2W and V.

CLARENDON & MILLER UNITED TOWNSHIP, Frontenac County. Incorporated June 14th, 1867. Quieting Order N9362-65 dated July 4th, 1966. Population 418 in 1980. References: HH and M.

CLAREVIEW, settlement, Midland District, Canada West, later Sheffield Township, Addington County, subsequently Lennox and Addington County. Located 21 miles north of Napanee, 42 miles from Kingston, on Bay of Quinte Railway and 4 miles north of the (Napanee, Tamworth and Quebec Railway) station at Erinsville. Post office established as CLAREVIEW on November 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Archibald McDonnell. Office closed December 1st, 1914. Place was named for its location on the Clare River. Name misspelled as CLAIRVIEW in several publications. Present approved name is CLAREVIEW. Population 70 in 1857 and 100 in 1907. Map position: 44°31' 77°06'. References: B, A, I, T, S, Z, EE, PP, 3K, SS, V, 6T, 7D and 7B.

CLARINA #1, SEE: STONY LAKE #1, Peterborough County.

CLARINA #2, dispersed rural community, Caledonia Township, Prescott County. Located 13 miles southwest of L'Orignal and 9 miles southwest of Canadian Atlantic Railway at Vankleek Hill. Post office opened as GREVY in 1881. First Postmaster Joseph O. Poirier. Office name changed to ROUTHIER in latter half of 1881. Office closed January 6th, 1930. Place name changed to GREVY, then ROUTHIER. Present approved name is ROUTHIER. Population 100 in 1895 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 45°29' 74°47'. References: 5V, B, I, S, Z, AA, MM, 6T and 5P.

CLARK, station, Elizabethtown Township, Brockville County an Electoral District, later shown in Leeds County. Located 7 miles from Brockville. CLARK STATION on the Brockville and Ottawa Division of the CPR. Station number 3603, between the stations of Fairfield and Hawkens, in 1911. Present approved name is CLARK. Population 20 in 1893 , no population shown in 1974. Map position: 44°40' 75°45'. References: S, PP, U10, 10B and V.

CLARK AVENUE, hamlet, Charlottenburg Township, Glengarry County. Located 8 miles from Grand Trunk Railway and New York & Ottawa Railway at Cornwall. Name changed to CLARE AVENUE c1908. Post office established as CLARK AVENUE, on July 1st, 1896. First Postmaster Benjamin Clark. Office closed February 1st, 1902.No recent references to this place. References: PP, 5U, 7E and 7P.

CLARKDON, dispersed rural community, Kenora District. Located southwest of Sturgeon Lake, 74 air km east of Sioux Lookout, 6 miles east of Wako and 55 miles west of Graham. Post office opened as CLARKDON, on April 27th, 1948, at Clarkdon, headquarters of Don Clark contractor (of Port Arthur). First Postmaster Murray A. Cameron. Office closed September 1st, 1960 due to its limited usefulness. On or near CNR & Kenora Railway. Present approved name is CLARKDON. Population 190 in 1951. Map position: 49°46' 91°15'. References: R2, U, Elinor Barr, 3B, 5L, V and 6T.

CLARKE, SEE: NEWTON #2, Durham County.

CLARKESBURG, SEE: CLARKSBURG, Grey County.

CLARKES CHURCH, SEE: CLARK CHURCH, Bruce County.

CLARKES HOLLOW, dispersed rural community, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Located between 3rd and 4th Concession Roads, White's Road and Liverpool Road. Township amalgamated its communities in 1974 to form the

Concession Roads, White's Road and Liverpool Road. Township amalgamated its communities in 1974 to form the Township of Pickering, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is CLARKES HOLLOW. Population 69 in 1971 and in 1976 population was included in Pickering Township. Map position: 43°52' 79°07'. References: B, 6S, 3G, 3B, V and 6M.

CLARKE'S MILLS, SEE: CLARK'S MILLS, Addington County.

CLARKE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Durham County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C78. Amalgamated January 1st, 1974, with TOWN OF BOWMANVILLE, VILLAGE OF NEWCASTLE and TOWNSHIP OF DARLINGTON (SEE: TOWN OF NEWCASTLE). Surveyed by Major S.S. Wilmont in 1797. Colonel Cozens cleared the first 2 acres in the Township. Population 2,832 in 1842 and 6,575 in 1861. Map position: 44°00' 78°33'. References: HH, 3G, M, 2W and V.

CLARKE VILLAGE, SEE: NEWTON #2, Durham County.

CLARKEVILLE, SEE: CLARK'S MILLS, Addington County.

CLARK POINT, SEE: CLARKS CHURCH, Bruce County.

CLARK'S, junction, Leeds County. Located on the Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at the 'B' branch of the CPR, 7 miles north of Brockville between the years of 1872 and 1895. No more recent mention of this place. References: Z and 7B.

CLARKSBURG, Police Village, Grey County, Canada West, later Collingwood Township, Grey County. Located 27 miles southeast of Owen Sound, 1 mile south of Thornbury and 9 miles east of Meaford. Post office established as CLARKSBURG, on September 1st, 1862. First Postmaster Walter Hunter. Office still in operation in 1983. First settled by William J. Marsh in 1856. Place was named for owner of woolen mills, W.A. Clark, which were built from 1859-1860. Name is also shown spelled as CLARKESBURG. Clarksburg Incorporated as a Police Village, January 31st, 1902, by County Bylaw #613. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is CLARKSBURG. Population 800 in 1886 and 478 in 1980. Map position: 44°33' 80°27'. References: B, I, F, P, T, S, Z, U, 2Y, 4B, 3N, V, 2K, 5L, 6S, 7D, 9L, 4F and 7L.

CLARKS CHURCH, dispersed rural community, Huron Township, Bruce County. Named for William Clark an early Scotch settler and also known as CLARK POINT. Name for the place also shown spelled as CLARKES CHURCH. Present approved name is CLARKS CHURCH. Population 444 in 1976. Map position: 44°04' 81°45'. References: V, 5L, 6S, 3B and 5K.

CLARKS CORNERS #1, Lindsay Township, Bruce County, (Feb/1977). 1 miles south of highway #6, on the Bruce Peninsula, 2 miles north of Stokes Bay and 6 miles southeast of Miller Lake. Reference: B.

CLARK'S CORNERS #2, urban community, Scarborough Township, York County. Now Part of Borough of Scarborough, within the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Map position: 43°48' 79°18'. Present approved name is CLARK'S CORNERS. References: V and 6S.

CLARK'S CORNERS #3, hamlet, Bruce Township, Bruce County. Located 30 miles northwest of Walkerton the County Seat, 10 miles south of Port Elgin, 15 miles from Saugeen and 4 miles from Tiverton. Post office established as UNDERWOOD on June 1ST, 1863. First Postmaster J. H. Coulthard. Office closed on November 1st, 1918. This place came into existence when the survivors of the fires at the adjoining villages of Malta and Port Bruce settled here. The two places, were obliterated in a flash fire in one night and; were located 4 miles west of present-day Underwood. The (first) Postmaster's wife suggested the office name for her native town in England. First settler Mr. C. Clark who operated the general store and for whom the hamlet was named. Present approved name is UNDERWOOD. Population 200 in 1982 and 104 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 81°29'. References: B, I, S, AA, MM, 3B, 3N, TT, 4F, 7B, 6T, 7V, V, 5L and 7D.

CLARK'S CROSSING, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. This place is only shown in the year 1875. No Population shown. No further reference to this place. Reference: A.

CLARKSDALE, Nelson Township, Halton County. Located 3 1/2 miles northeast of Burlington Post Office, on lot 115, Fisher Avenue. Place named after Mr. Clark, on whose property the (proposed, December 1st, 1954) post office was to be established. Permission for use of the name was made by the Post Office Department to the Canadian Board on Geographical Names, but the area finally had a set of group boxes installed, and no office opened. The survey done in 1955 was named THE CLARKSDALE SURVEY. The local school and the subdivision were both called CLARKSDALE and both were built on Mr. Clark's land. Because of the large automobile plant nearby, the local name for the place was FORDVILLE. Clarksdale seems to have melded into the surrounding area and the name is not in popular use in 1984. References: 7D and Nancy Powell, Burlington Post Office.

CLARKS HILL, according to a Postmaster's notation "Clark Hill private residence - 2 miles from Chippawa P.O.", Lennox and Addington County, in 1872. No other reference to this place. Reference: 7B.

CLARK'S MILLS, concentrated rural community, Midland District, Upper Canada, later Camden Township, Addington County and subsequently Lennox and Addington County. Located 21 miles from Kingston, 2 miles from Newburgh, 157 from York (later Toronto) and on the Napanee River. Post office opened October 6th, 1832 as CAMDEN. First Postmaster Samuel Clarke. Name of office changed to CAMDEN EAST in 1835. Office still open in 1983. First settler was also Samuel Clarke, who built the original sawmill and for whom this place was named CLARK'S MILLS. Settled in 1815. Also known as CLARKVILLE as late as 1846 and as both, CAMDEN EAST and CLARKE'S MILLS to 1872. Parish name ST. ANTOINE de PADOUE. Present approved name is CAMDEN EAST. Population 200 in 1846, 500 in 1886 and 195 in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 76°50'. References: EE, 5B, 7B, G, 7X, B, I, K, T, 3B, 2Y, 6E, SS, V and 5L.

CLARKSON, SEE: CLARKSON'S CORNERS, Peel County.

CLARKSONS, SEE: CLARKSON'S CORNERS, Peel County.

CLARKSON'S CORNERS, urban community, Home District, Upper Canada, later Toronto Township, Peel County. Located 13 miles southeast of Brampton, 16 miles southwest of Toronto and 1/2 mile from Grand Trunk Railway (Hamilton & Toronto branch) at CLARKSON'S STATION. Station name changed to CLARKSON by CNR in April 1955. Post office opened 1875, as CLARKSON. First Postmaster William Warren Clarkson. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler Warren Clarkson, father of first Postmaster, in 1808. Now Part of the City of Mississauga, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is CLARKSON. Population 50 in 1893 and 440 in 1951. Map position: 43°31' 79°37'. References: SS, "M.L. Evans", B, I, F, T, S, Z, U, U10, 3G, 2Y, 3B, 3R, 3C, V, 6S and 7D.

CLARKSON STATION, SEE: CLARKSON'S CORNERS, Peel County.

CLARKSTON VILLAGE, SEE: JANEVILLE, Russell County.

CLARKSTOWN, post office, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, later Russell County, then Ottawa-Carleton District. Located 1 1/2 miles south of Ottawa. Post office opened as CLARKSTOWN, on November 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Adrian Therrin. Office permanently closed after November 19th, 1941. Population 600 in 1913 and 600 in 1926. No recent references to this place. References: 7M, 6T, PP, MM, DD, U and S.

CLARKSVILLE #1, hamlet, Tecumseth Township, Simcoe County. Located on a branch of the Nottawasaga River, 45 miles from Toronto, 24 miles from Barrie and 12 miles from Bradford. Post office named TECUMSETH and moved 3 miles to this place in 1860. (The original post office opened in 1842 and was named for one of the two ships sunk in Penetanguishene Harbour in 1819, Nawash & Tecumseth.) First postmaster at Clarksville was Robert Clark. In 1876 the post office name was changed to BEETON to honour the birthplace, Beeton Castle, of Mrs. Macpherson, mother-in-law of W. D. Jones, prominent manufacturer of apiary supplies and president of the Canadian Beekeeper Association. The name change was advisable since mail was being directed to similarly named "Clark" places. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler William Hammill in 1822. Incorporated as Village of Beeton on

June 18, 1884. **BEETON STATION** served by Hamilton and Northwestn Railway and later CNR. Present approved name is **BEETON**. Population 200 in 1875 and 1,604 in 1976. Map position: 44°05' 79°47'. References: I, A, JJ, 7B, EE, M, Z, U, 2T, 2E, 5L, V, 7R, 6S and 7D.

**CLARKSVILLE #2,** SEE: BALDERSON'S CORNERS, Lanark County.

**CLARK UNION**, a suburb of Newcastle, Clarke Township, Durham County. Listed in 1974. Reference: 3B.

**CLARKVILLE**, settlement, Midland District, Canada West, later Fredericksburg Township, Lennox and Addington County. Also known as **CLARK-VILLE**. Nearest post office was Napanee (1835). Mention of this place occurs in the years between 1835 and 1848 only. No further reference to this place. References: G, C and 3H.

**CLARRY**, post office, Percy Township, Northumberland County. Post office opened as **CLARRY**, on March 15th, 1909. First Postmaster Herbert Oliver. Office closed August 10th, 1910. No further reference to this office after closing date. References: 6T.

**CLARRY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°02' 80°29'. Reference: V.

**CLASSIC VILLAGE,** SEE: DIXON'S CORNERS #2, Leeds County.

**CLAUDE,** SEE: CRAIG'S CORNERS, Peel County.

**CLAUDE MISSION,** SEE: CRAIGS'S CORNERS, Peel County.

**CLAVERING**, concentrated rural community, Keppel Township, Grey County. Located 18 miles from Owen Sound, 3 miles from Hepworth and 3 miles from Georgian Bay & Lake Erie Railway at Wiarton, in 1886. **CLAVERING STATION** situated on Grand Trunk Railway in 1907, later CNR, between the stations of Hepworth and Wiarton, in 1926. Post office opened as **CLAVERING** on February 1st, 1868. First Postmaster John Shackelton. Office closed on January 7th, 1970. Present approved name is **CLAVERING**. Population 100 in 1885 and 52 in 1971. Map position: 44°41' 81°09'. References: I, T, S, Z, MM, 3B, 3R, 3Q, V, 7B, 5L and 6S.

**CLAVERTON #1**, post office, Chapman Township, Parry Sound District (1879). No other reference to this place. Reference: 1M.

**CLAVERTON #2,** SEE: TIDY'S TAVERN, Northumberland County.

**CLAVET TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°47' 85°13'. Reference: V.

**CLAXTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 49°03' 93°54'. Reference: V.

**CLAY BANK**, dispersed rural community, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located 60 miles southeast of Pembroke and 5 miles south of CPR at Arnprior. Post office opened as **CLAY BANK** in 1889. First Postmaster Walter Barry. Office closed November 30th, 1929. Present approved name is **CLAY BANK**. Population 75 in 1893 and 62 in 1956. Map position: 45°23' 76°25'. References: B, I, S, Z, 5E, U10, V, 5T, 6T and 5L.

**CLAYBELT**, concentrated rural community, Playfair Township, Cochrane District. Located 10 miles from McDougall Chute and 35 miles from Dane. Post office opened as **CLAYBELT**, on February 16th, 1909. First Postmistress Phelina A. Cochlin. Post office name changed to **RAMORE** on August, 1st, 1915. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name became **RAMORE**, for the post office and was sometimes misspelled **RAYMORE**. Place was destroyed by fire (along with Porquis Junction, Iroquois Falls, Kelso, Nushla and Matheson), in 1916. Ramore was later rebuilt. Present approved name is **RAMORE**. Population 332 in 1956 and 332 in 1980. Map position: 48°26' 80°20'. References: SS, 6T, 3B, U, F, 6O, 5E and V.

**CLAYTON #1,** SEE: DUFFERIN #2, Norfolk County.

CLAYTON #2, SEE: BELLAMY'S MILLS, Lanark County.

CLAY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 81°59'. Reference: V.

CLAY VALLEY, dispersed rural community, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located 5 km southwest of Mansefield, 3 km west of Pinegrove and 20 km southeast of Renfrew. Present approved name is CLAY VALLEY. Map position: 45°25' 76°26'. References: V and 5L.

CLEAR CREEK, dispersed rural community, Talbot District, Canada West, later Houghton Township, Norfolk County, subsequently Norfolk Township, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 30 miles southwest of Simcoe, 7 miles southwest of Port Rowan and 22 miles northwest of Airline. Post office opened as CLEAR CREEK, on January 6th, 1853. First Postmaster Jonathan Bridgeman. Office still in operation in 1983. Place is named for stream on which it stands. Present approved name is CLEAR CREEK. Population 40 in 1877 and 78 in 1980. Map position: 42°35' 80°36'. References: I, T, S, Z, U, 3K, 3R, V, 1N, 5L, 6S and 7D.

CLEARDALE, urban community, Part of City of London, Middlesex County. Map position: 42°57' 81°15'. Reference: V+.

CLEAR LAKE #1, dispersed rural community, Oakley Township, Muskoka District. Located 12 miles from Gravenhurst. Post office opened as CLEAR LAKE on January 1st, 1892. First Postmaster Albert Taplin. Office closed January 1st, 1969. Now Part of the Town of Bracebridge in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is CLEAR LAKE. Population 100 in 1908 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 45°00' 79°01'. References: B, I, S, Z, MM, PP, V and 6S.

CLEAR LAKE #2, Renfrew County (1908). Located 10 miles southwest of Grand Trunk Railway and CPR at Eganville. No further reference to this place. Reference: PP.

CLEAR LAKE #3, dispersed rural community, Perry Township, Parry Sound District. Located 5 km southeast of Emsdale, 7 km northwest of Novar and 6 km southwest of Kearney. Present approved name is CLEAR LAKE. Population 15 in 1971 and 88 in 1976. Map position: 45°31' 79°16'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

CLEAR LAKE #4, Ontario County, neart Grand Trunk Railway Station at Gravenhurst (1893). No further reference to this place. References: U10.

CLEAR LAKE #5, hamlet, South Crosby Township, Leeds County. Population 45 in 1961 and 51 in 1966. Map position: 44°37' 76°18'. References: 5A, 9I and 6M.

CLEARMONT, Brock District, Upper Canada, Canada West, later Burford Township, Brant County. Village located on Highway #53 and the CNR, 9 miles southwest of Brantford and 10 miles from Harris. Post office established as CLEARMONT, in 1919. First Postmaster William Van Allen. Office named for the Township. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Burford Police Village, June 27th, 1884, Bylaw #135. Area of village increased By County Bylaw #350 in 1917, #871 in 1949 #1025 in 1955. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. First name of this place was misspelled as CLAREMONT in 1848. First settlers were United Empire Loyalists in 1793, the same year in which it was named for an English town. Present approved name is BURFORD. Population 700 in 1895 and 1,075 in 1978. Map position: 43°06' 80°26'. References: 7B, I, K, F, S, Z, 2T, 3B, 3S, 5K, V, 7X, 5L, 6S, 9L. C and 7L.

CLEAR VALLEY, concentrated rural community, Kennebec Township, Frontenac County. Located on the Salmon River and on CPR, 27 miles east of Tweed and 50 miles northeast of Kingston. Post office established in 1865, as ARDEN. First Postmaster D. Osborn. Office still in operation in 1983. Name derived from Enoch-Arden. In the 1860's a community called BUCK LAKE, moved to the site of Clear Valley and amalgamated with that place before it became Arden. The Ontario and Quebec Railway came through the place in 1883 and the station was named was ARDENDALE.Present approved name is ARDEN. Population 100 in 1886 and 137 in 1976. Map position: 44°43' 76°56'. References: I, D, T, 3B, U12, B, 6E, 4F, 5L, SS, 7D and 7R.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**CLEARVIEW #1**, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 2 km north of Victory Hill, 3 km east of Merivale and 7 km southwest of Elizabeth Park. Present approved name is **CLEARVIEW**. Map position: 45°20' 75°42'. References: V and 5L.

**CLEARVIEW #2**, hamlet, Oxford Township, Kent County, located 2 km northwest of Lake Erie shore, 5 km northeast of Palmyra and 6 km southeast of Duart. Present approved name is **CLEARVIEW**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°28' 81°43'. Reference: 5L.

**CLEARVIEW ESTATES**, urban community, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **CLEARVIEW ESTATES**. Map position: 43°14' 80°00'. Reference: V.

**CLEARVIEW HEIGHTS**, urban community, Part of City of King. Present approved name is **CLEARVIEW HEIGHTS**. Map position: 43°55' 79°31'. Reference: V.

**CLEARVILLE**, SEE: ORFORD, Kent County.

**CLEARWATER BAY**, dispersed rural community, on Lake of the Woods, Boys Township, Kenora District. Located 12 miles west of Keewatin, 5 miles east of Granite Lake and 15 miles west of Kenora. Summer Post Office was established here as **CLEARWATER BAY**, on July 1st, 1950. First Postmistress Muriel E. Eastwood. Office still in operation in 1983. This place started as a mine and homesteading area, now principally a summer cottage area. Present approved name is **CLEARWATER BAY**. Population 76 in 1961 and 71 in 1976. Map position: 49°43' 94°48'. References: R2, 5A, V, 6V, 6T and 5L.

**CLEARWATER BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located on Georgian Bay, 1 km east of Sawlog Bay and 5km north of Peekaboo Point. Present approved name is **CLEARWATER BEACH**. Population 47 in 1971 and 37 in 1976. Map position: 44°51' 79°55'. References: B, 3B, V and 5L.

**CLEARYS**, station, Carleton County. Not a post office. Located 18 miles northwest of Ottawa on the CPR. This station appears only between the years 1895 and 1907. No other references shown. References: S and Z.

**CLEAVER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°09' 81°00'. Reference: V.

**CLEGG**, SEE: HARTY , Cochrane District.

**CLELAND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' 80°45'. Reference: V.

**CLEMENT'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. This tiny place shows only once, in the year 1837. No further reference to this place. Reference: 2E.

**CLEMENT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°51' 80°15'. Reference: V.

**CLEMOW**, station, Barron Township, Nipissing District. Located at mile 246.9 from Montreal on the Canadian Northern Railway mainline, between Grand Lake Station and Lac a Traverse Station, 2 miles south of Petawawa River. Altitude 799 feet about mean sea-level, in 1915. Reference: L3.

**CLEOMAE**, post office, Dereham Township, Oxford County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Zenda. Post office opened as **CLEOMAE** July 1910. First Postmaster John Hammond. Office closed June 1st, 1913. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

**CLERGUE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°40' 80°45'. Reference: V.

**CLEVELANDS**, SEE: CLEVELAND'S HOUSE, Muskoka District.

**CLEVELAND'S HOUSE**, post office, Muskoka Lakes Township, Muskoka District, formerly in Medora Township. Located 26 miles northwest of Gravenhurst, 10 miles from Port Carling and on the west shore of Lake Rosseau. Post

For references see Works Cited.

office opened as **CLEVELANDS** in 1881. First Postmaster Charles Minnett. In 1895 the post office name was changed to **MINNETT**. Office still in operation in 1983. Although the post office was named after the Postmaster and spelled with two 'n's, the present spelling of the approved name is **MINETT**, in 1974. Population 25 in 1893 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 79°39'. References: I, Z, PP, U10, 5T, 5V, I, 3B, SS and V.

CLEY, SEE: SKELETON BAY, Muskoka Dis trict.

CLIFFCREST #1, post office, Scarborough Township, York County. Located 2 miles southwest of Scarborough, 1 2/10 miles northwest of Scarborough Bluffs and 1 1/2 miles from Scarborough Junction. Post Office established as CLIFFCREST, on January 2nd, 1951. First Postmistress Beatrice Taylor. The status of this office was changed to a sub-post office of Toronto, on September 1st, 1953. Map position: 44°43' 79°16'. References: 6V, 6T and 6S.

CLIFFCREST #2, urban community. Located on Lots 20 & 30. Concession 'B', in Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 3 km from Scarborough and is Part of Borough of Scarborough. May 2nd, 1960 the status of this office was changed from CLIFFCREST post office to #2557 Scarborough sub-post office #27. Map position: 43°43' 79°16'. References: U, V, 8H and 6T.

CLIFFE, station, East Ferris Township, Nipissing South District. Located east of Corbeil, 5 miles east of North Bay on CPR mainline at mile 2548 and at an altitude of 700 feet above sea-level. The nearest post office for this place is Nipissing Junction. In 1907, the station name was changed to THORNCLIFFE. This was misspelled several times as THORNCLIFF and THONCLIFFE. Modern designation is railway point. Present approved name is **THORNCLIFFE**. Map position: 46°16' 79°23'. References: PP, L1, B, U, AA, S, V and 8K.

CLIFFORD, Village, Minto Township, Wellington County, formerly in Wellington District, Canada West. Located 50 miles northwest of Guelph, 98 miles northwest of Toronto and on the Red Rvier Creek. Post office established as CLIFFORD, on February 1st, 1856. First Postmaster W. Brown. Office still in operation in 1983. Place was named after Clifford, Yorkshire County, England. This place has a station called CLIFFORD STATION, on the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway subsequently, CNR. Incorporated as Village of Clifford on December 9th, 1873. Present approved name is CLIFFORD. Population1,300 in 1886 and 641 in 1978. Map position: 43°58' 80°58'. References: I, M, T, S, U, EE, HH, 2T, 2Y, V, 7B, 5L, 8U, 6S and 7D.

CLIFFORD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Township venue changed, formerly in Timiskaming, now in Cochrane District, by Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974. Map position: 48°20' 79°49'. References: V, and 10E.

CLIFFSIDE, urban community, Scarborough Township, York County, now Part of City of Scarborough, in Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located on Lots 20-30, Concession 'B'. Map position: 43°42' 79°15'. References: V and 8H.

CLIFFSIDE BEACH, Gosfield South Township, Essex County. Located 2 km east of Kingsville, 3 km southwest of Ruthven and 7 km southeast of Olinda. Population 90 in 1956 and 151 in 1976. Name not approved. Map position: 42°02' 82°43'. References: 3B, 5E, 6M and 5L.

CLIFTON #1, SEE: ELGIN #1, Welland County.

CLIFTON #2, SEE: BELLAMY'S MILLS, Lanark County.

CLIFTON HOUSE, post office, Niagara District, Canada West, later Stamford Township, Welland County. Summer post office located in Clifton Hotel and opened as CLIFTON HOUSE, on July 6th, 1852. It closed in winter, and was a sub-post office to Suspension Bridge in 1857 and to Clifton in 1868. First Postmaster J. Shears. The office closed in 1868 and name was not noted after 1886. References: I, T, 3D and 3K.

CLIFTON JUNCTION, station on the Grand Trunk Railway in Welland County. Population 10 in 1893 and not noted after that date. References: U10.

CLIFTON TOWN, SEE: ELGIN #1, Welland County.

CLIFTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°14' 83°33'. Reference: V.

CLINESVILLE, SEE: SWAYSE'S CORNERS, Wentworth County.

CLINT, post office, Ferris Township, Nipissing District. Post office opened as CLINT on June 1st, 1895. First Postmaster Baptiste Pilon. Office closed April 1st, 1897. No further reference to this place. References: I and 7F.

CLINTON, SEE: VANDENBURG'S, Huron County.

CLINTON JUNCTION, station on the Grand Trunk Railway in Huron County. Located at the junction of the London & Wingham and Buffalo & Goderich lines of the GTR, 3/4 of a mile from Clinton. Population 10 in 1893. Not noted after 1908. References: PP and U10.

CLINTON R.C.A.F., SEE: RCAF CLINTON, Huron County.

CLINTON SIDING, station on Grand Trunk Railway, Huron County. Population 10 in 1893. No further mention of this place. Reference: U10.

CLINTON TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Lincoln County, Niagara District. History: Established in 1792. Named for the Duke of Newcastle's family name, Pelham-Clinton. Incorporated January 1, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849-C81, Dissolved by Ontario Statutes 1968-69, C106. Amalgamated January 1st, 1970 by Ontario Statutes 404/69, now in Town of Lincoln, Regional Municipality of Niagara. Area of 25,600 acres. First settler W. M. Walker U.E., in 1790. Population 2,462 in 1852. Map position: 43°12' 79°27'. References: 3D, C, HH, M, 2W and V.

CLIVE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°15' 79°37'. Reference: V.

CLOCKE, island, Manitoulin District. Also known as GREAT CLOCKE ISLAND and GREAT la CLOCHE ISLAND. Map position: 46°01' 81°53'. References: SS and V.

CLONTARF, SEE: SEBASTOPOL #1, Renfrew County.

CLOSE MILLS, post office, North Fredericksburg Township, Lennox County. Located 5 miles southeast of Napanee and on Big Creek. Post office opened as CLOSE MILLS, in 1881. First Postmaster W.J. Chambers. Office name changed to CHAMBERS in 1883. Post office closed June 14th, 1913. The railway name of this place is FREDERICKSBURG STATION, on the Grand Trunk Railway. The station name was changed to PERRYTOWN STATION in 1892. Chambers post office name was changed for the Postmaster in 1883. Modern designation for this place is settlement. Present approved name is CHAMBERS. Map position: 44°13' 76°54'. References: I, 5B, S, Z, AA, V, 7D and 6T.

CLOTHIER MILLS, SEE: THE BRANCH #2, Grenville County.

CLOTHIER'S MILLS, SEE: THE BRANCH #2, Grenville County.

CLOUD BAY, dispersed rural community, Crooks Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 45 km from Thunder Bay, 20 miles from State River Valley and 35 miles from Fort William. Post office opened as CLOUD BAY, December 1912. First Postmaster Robert Williams. Office closed December 13, 1949. Present approved name is CLOUD BAY. Population 139 in 1941 and 149 in 1956. Map position: 48°08' 89°26'. References: U, 3B, 5E, V, 6T and 5L.

CLOUDSLEE, dispersed rural community, Lefroy Township, Algoma District, later Plummer Additional Township, Algoma District. Located 3 miles from CPR at Bruce Mines and 50 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie. Post office opened as CLOUDSLEE in 1889. First Postmaster Norman McEwan. Office closed May 1st, 1917. Present approved name is CLOUDSLEE. Population 50 in 1892 and 70 in 1976. Map position: 46°19' 83°42'. References: J,

I, S, Z, AA, 3B, V, 5T, 6T and 5L.

**CLOUSTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°46' 82°55'. Reference: V.

**CLOUTHIERVILLE**, company town, Kendrey Township, Cochrane District. Alternately spelled **CLOUTIERVILLE**. Population 94 in 1951 and 116 in 1971. Population from 1976 included in Smooth Rock Falls. References: F, 3B, 2Y and 6M.

**CLOVERDALE**, dispersed rural community, Mountain and Winchester Townships, Dundas County. Located 4 km southeast of Harmony, 5 km northeast of Winchester and 7 southwest of Melvin. Present approved name is **CLOVERDALE**. Map position: 45°07' 75°24'. References: V and 5L.

**CLOVER HILL**, Simcoe District, Canada West, later in Tecumseth Township, later shown in Essa Township, Simcoe County. Located 20 miles south of Barrie,52 miles from Toronto and 2 1/2 miles west of the North and North Western Railway at Cookstown Station. Post office established as **CLOVER HILL**, on December 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Robert Sproule. Office closed 1895. Mr. John Hill had a lovely field of clover on a hill in 1850, and the place name is derived therefrom. Population 100 in 1875 and 200 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, T, Z, PP, JJ, 3R, EE, 8Q and A.

**CLOVERPORT**, Medora Township, Muskoka District. Located 20 miles northwest of Bracebridge, 14 miles west of North and North Western division of the Grand Trunk Railway at Utterson Station. Summer post office opened as **CLOVERPORT** in 1886. Postmaster Martin Collins. Office closed in 1892. Population 30 in 1892 and 25 in 1893. Place not noted after 1908. References: I, U10, AA and 5T.

**CLOVER VALLEY #1**, dispersed rural community, Huron Township, Bruce County. Located near Eighteen Mile River, 5 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Ripley Station and 8 miles southeast of the port and Town of Kincardine. Post office established as **CLOVER VALLEY**, on January 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Ashley A. Blair. Office closed April 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **CLOVER VALLEY**. Population 200 in 1908. Map position: 44°01' 81°35'. References: S, PP, V, 6T, 7M, 5L and 6S.

**CLOVER VALLEY #2**, locality, Assignack Township, Manitoulin District. Located 4 km south of Manitowaning, 5 km southwest of Two O'Clock and 6 km northeast of Hilly Grove. Present approved name is **CLOVER VALLEY**. Map position: 45°43' 81°49'. References: B, 5L and V+.

**CLOYNE**, SEE: **ANGLESEA**, Addington County.

**CLUNAS**, Town, London District, Canada West, later Dorchester South Township, Elgin County. Located on Michigan Central Railway, 14 miles east of St. Thomas. Post office opened as **CLUNAS**, on October 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Archibald Clunas. Name changed in 1863 to **SPRINGFIELD**. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Village of Springfield on June 19th, 1877. Present approved name is **SPRINGFIELD**. Population 600 in 1886, 700 in 1908, 414 in 1969 and 515 in 1980. References: I, EE, 3L, 8Q, B, M, N, P, T, SG and HH.

**CLUNY**, dispersed rural community, Bruce Township, Bruce County. Post office established as **CLUNY**, on August 1st, 1907. First Postmaster James Matheson. Office closed January 1st ,1914. Present approved name is **CLUNY**. Map position: 44°20' 81°24'. References: V, 6T, 7K and 6S.

**CLUTE**, dispersed rural community, Clute Township, Algoma District, later shown in Cochrane District. Located 12 1/2 miles from Cochrane and 7 1/2 miles from Larocque. Post office established as **CLUTE** on October 1st, 1914. First Postmaster Albert W. Golding. Office closed February 1st, 1915 (this office closing had **CLUTE**, erroneously, in Wellington County). Present approved name is **CLUTE**. Map position: 49°11' 81°05'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

**CLUTE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°07' 81°09'. Reference: V.

**CLYDE**, hamlet, Gore District, Canada West, later Beverley Township, Wentworth Located 5 miles from Galt, 25

miles northwest of Hamilton and 1 1/2 miles from Leslie. Post office opened as **CLYDE**, on July 1st, 1857. First Postmaster W. McPherson. Office closed February 15th, 1913. Recently designated a dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo, through a boundary change between Regions of Waterloo and Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **CLYDE**. Population 200 in 1885 and 56 in 1971. Map position: 43°22' 80°14'. References: I, A, S, Z, MM, 3M, 3R, 3V, 5U, 6M, 6T and 6S.

**CLYDE FORKS**, SEE: **CALDWELL'S MILLS**, Lanark County.

**CLYDESDALE**, settlement, Chandos Township, Peterborough County. Located 5 miles northwest of Chandos, 10 miles from Apsley and 53 miles northeast of Peterborough. Post office opened as **CLYDESDALE** in 1879. First Postmaster Hugh Caldwell. Office closed November 15th, 1950. No recent references to this place. Population 100 in 1892 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 44°50' 78°01'. References: I, T, S, Z, AA, MM, PP, 3R, 5V, 6T and 9I.

**CLYDESVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Lanark Township, Lanark County. Located 3 km northeast of Lanark, 7 km southeast of Hopetown and 9 km west of Fergusons Falls. Present approved name is **CLYDESVILLE**. Population 22 in 1976. Map position: 45°02' 76°24'. References: V and 5L.

**CLYDE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°22' 78°18'. Reference: V.

**COATES' CORNERS**, settlement, King Township, York County, later within the Regional Municipality of York. Located at the intersection of Dufferin Avenue and 17th Sideroad, 4 km west of Aurora, 7 km north of King City and 10 km east of Pottageville. Name changed to **HAINSTOCK'S CORNERS** in the early years and more recently (1970s) to Snowball. Local name for this place, **SNOWBALL CORNER**. Present approved name is **SNOWBALL**. Population 35 in 1951 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 43°59' 79°31'. References: 3G, B, V, 5L and 3B.

**COATSWORTH STATION**, concentrated rural community, Romney Township, Kent County. A station on the Lake Erie and Detroit River Railway in 1893. Located 20 miles southwest of Chatham and 9 miles west of Tilbury Centre. Post office opened as **COATSWORTH STATION**, in 1893. First Postmaster David King. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **COATSWORTH STATION**. Population 150 in 1895 and 61 in 1976. Map position: 42°11' 82°21'. References: I, Z, 3B, V, 6S and 5L.

**COBALT**, SEE: **COBALT STATION**, Timiskaming District.

**COBALT STATION**, Town, Coleman Township, Nipissing District. Located on Ontario Northland Railway on Highway #11, 972 feet above sea-level, on Sasaginaga Lake and 90 miles north of North Bay. Post office named **COBALT** opened December 15th, 1904. First Postmaster J.S. Presley. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Town December 29th, 1906. This place was named by Provincial Geologist, Dr. W.C. Miller, for the silver vein, containing Cobalt. Discovery was made in 1903 by accident, by Mr. Fred LaRose, who threw his hammer at what he thought to be the eyes of a fox glowing in the dark, and hit the world's richest silver vein. Present approved name is **COBALT**. Population 3,500 in 1935, 30,000 in 1950, 1,817 in 1980. Map position: 47°24' 79°41'. References: 5K, M, R1, S, MM, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3B, 22-6, 7J, 7V and 5L.

**COBBLE HILL**, dispersed rural community, East Nissouri (misspelled as East Missouri) Township, later shown in West Nissouri Township, Middlesex County. Located 15 miles northeast of London and 6 miles east of Grand Trunk Railway station at Thorndale. Post Office opened as **COBBLE HILL** in 1883. First Postmaster Joseph Hardman. Office closed November 11th, 1912. Place was named for nearby Cobble Hill, a named geographic feature. Present approved name is **COBBLE HILL**. Population 30 in 1893 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 43°07' 81°05'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, MM, U10, V, 6T, 5P, 5L and 7D.

**COB COY**, hamlet, Essa Township, Simcoe County. Located 16 miles southwest of Barrie 6 miles north of Alliston and is on Highway #21 and CPR. Post office opened as **ESSA CENTRE** in 1887. First Postmaster J.B. Coulson. In 1890 office name changed to **BAXTER** for the Postmaster's mother's maiden name. The name change was caused by confusion between this place and Essex Centre. Currently designated a concentrated rural community. Present approved name is **BAXTER**. Population 20 in 1895 and 154 in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 79°50'. References: I, Z, 5T, B, S, 3B, 6S, JJ, 5L, V, 6T and 7D.

COBDEN, Village, Ross Township, Renfrew County. Located at the south end of Muskrat Lake and on Highway #17. Located on Muskrat Lake, 12 km northeast of Haley Station and 10 km west of Queens Line. Post office opened as COBDEN on June 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Jason Gould. Office still in operation in 1983. COBDEN STATION located at mile 2700, on the mainline of CPR, east of Haley's Station. First settler John Persons in 1832. The founder of Cobden was Jason Gould in 1849. Village of Cobden Incorporated October 10th, 1900. Present approved name is COBDEN. Population 75 in 1857 and 1,025 in 1976. Map position: 45°38' 76°53'. References: B, I, M, S, Z, EE, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3J, V, 1J, 8Q and 5L.

COBDEN STATION, SEE: COBDEN, Renfrew County.

COBDEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°14' 83°00'. Reference: V.

COBOCONK, SEE: KO-ASH-KOB-A-CONG, Victoria County.

COBOURG, SEE: AMHERST, Northumberland County.

COBOURG JUNCTION, station, Northumberland County. Located on Grand Trunk Railway. Population 10 in 1893. No further reference to this station. Reference: U10.

COCHECHEMONKA, this is the Indian name for the Humber River, west of Toronto (1799). Reference: 9H.

COCHENOUR, post office, Dome Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 6 km from Red Lake, 17 km from Red Lake Road and 230 km from Dryden. Post office established as COCHENOUR on March 18th, 1951. First Postmistress Jessie Kay. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is COCHENOUR. Population 524 in 1956 and 624 in 1976. Map position: 51°05' 93°48'. References: U, 3B, 5E, V, 6T and 5L.

COCHINGOMINK, SEE: GANARASKI, Durham County.

COCHRANE, SEE: LITTLE LAKE CAMPING GROUNDS, Cochrane Distict.

COCHRANE (District of). The Territorial of Cochrane consists of the City of Timmins; the towns of Cochrane, Hearst, Iroquois Falls, Kapuskasing and Smooth Rock Falls; the geographic townships of Abbotsford, Acres, Adair, Adams, Adanac, Agassiz, Agate, Aitken, Alexandra, Amery, Ardagh, Aubin, Auden, Aurora, Avon, Bannerman, Barker, Barlow, Barnet, Beardmore, Beatty, Beck, Belford, Ben Nevis, Beniah, Benoit, Berry, Bessborough, Bicknell, Birdsall, Bisley, Black, Blackstock, Blakelock, Blount, Bond, Bonis, Bourassa, Bowman, Bowyer, Boyce, Boyle, Bradburn, Bradette, Bradley, Bragg, Brain, Bristol, Brower, Burrell, Burritt, Burstall, Byers, Caithness, Calder, Calvert, Canfield, Cargill, Carman, Carmichael, Carnegie, Caron, Carr, Carroll, Carscallen, Carss, Case, Casgrain, Casselman, Challies, Chipman, Clavet, Clay, Clergue, Clifford, Clive, Clute, Cockshutt, Cody, Colquhoun, Cook, Cote, Coulson, Crawford, Cumming, Currie, Dargavel, Delorough, Dempsay, Denton, DePencier, Devitt, Dokis, Duff, Dundonald, Dunsmore, Dyer, Ebbitt, Ecclestone, Edwards, Egan, Eilber, Eldorado, Elliott, Emerson, Enid, Evelyn, Fauquier, Fenton, Fergus, Findlay, Fintry, Fleck, Ford, Fortune, Fournier, Fox, Frecheville, Freele, Fryatt, Fushimi, Gaby, Galna, Ganong, Garden, Gardiner, Garrison, Geary, Gentles, German, Gill, Glackmyer, Godfrey, Goldwin, Goodwin, Gowan, Greer, Griffin, Guibord, Guilfoyle, Gurney, Habel, Haggart, Haight, Hambly, Hamlet, Haney, Hanlan, Hanna, Harewood, Harker, Harmon, Heath, Hecla, Heighington, Henderson, Henley, Hepburn, Hicks, Hillmer, Hislop, Hoblitzell, Hobson, Hogg, Holloway, Homuth, Hopkins, Horden, Howells, Hoyle, Hurdman, Hurtabise, Idington, Inglis, Ireland, Irish, Jamieson, Jessop, Keefer, Kendall, Kendrey, Kennedy, Kenning, Kerrs, Kidd, Kilmer, Kineras, Kingsmill, Kipling, Kirkland, Knox, Kohler, Laidlaw, Lamarche, Lambert, Lamplugh, Landry, Langemarck, Langmuir, Laughton, Leitch, Lennox, Lewers, Lisgar, Lttle, Loveland, Lowther, Lucas, Mabee, Macdairmid, Machin, Macklem,Macvicar, Magladery, Mahaffy, Maher, Mahoney, Mann, Marathon, Marceau, Marriott, Marven, Massey, Matheson, Maund, McAlpine, McBrien, McCann, McCart, McCausland, McCoig, McCool, McCowan, McCrea, McCuaig, McEvay, McKnight, McLeister, McMillan, McQuibban, Melba, Menapia, Mewhinney, Michaud, Milligan, Moberly, Montcalm, Moody, Moose, Morrow, Mortimer, Mountjoy, Mowbray, Mulholland, Mulloy, Mulvey, Munro, Murphy, Nansen, Nassau, Neely, Nesbitt, Nettleton, Newman, Newmarket, Nixon, Noseworthy, Nova, O'Brien, Ogden, Oke. Ophir, Orkney, Ossin, Ottaway, Owens, Parliament, Parnell, Parr, Pearce, Pickett,

Pinard, Pitt, Playfair, Pliny, Pontiac, Potter, Poulett, Price, Prosser, Purvis, Pyne, Rand, Rapley, Raven, Raynar, Reaume, Reid, Rickard, Ritchie, Robb, Roebuck, Rogers, Rowlandson, Rykert, St. John, St. Laurent, Sanborn, Sanderson, Sangster, Sankey, Sargeant, Scapa, Scovil, Seaton, Seguin, Selwyn, Shakleton, Shannon, Shaw, Shearer, Sheldon, Sheraton, Sherring, Shetland, Shuel, Singer, Slack, Stapells, Staples, Staunton, Steele, Stimson, Stock, Stoddard, Storey, Stoughton, Strachan, Stringer, Studholme, Sulman, Sutcliffe, Swanson, Swartman, Sweatman, Sweet, Sydere, Syer, Tannahill, Taylor, Teefy, Teezel, Thackeray, Thomas, Thorburn, Thorning, Thornloe, Timmins, Tisdale, Tolmie, Tolstoi, Tomlinson, Torrance, Traill, Tucker, Tully, Turnbull, Tweed, Valentine, Verdun, Wacousta, Wadsworth, Walker, Warden, Wark, Watson, Way, Webster, Weichel, Wesley, Whitesides, Whitney, Wilhelmina, Wilkie, Williamson, Winnington, Wright, plus other areas and includes the municipal townships of: Black River-Matheson, Eilber and Devitt, Fauquier, Glackmeyer, Opasatika, Owens Williamson and Idington, and Shackleton and Machimn. The Territorial District of Cochrane forms the Provisional Judicial District of Cochrane. Population 12,236 in 1911, 26,293 in 1921, 58,033 in 1931, 80,730 in 1941, 95,666 in 1966 and 86,123 in 1980. Map position: 50°00' 83°00'. References: HH, 2R, 5C, 10E and V.

**COCHRANES CAMP**, summer post office Nipissing District. Located near Temagami and 2 miles from Camp Chimo. Post office established as **CAMP TEMAGAMI** on August 12th, 1957. First Postmaster Gilbert Wynne Cochrane. Office closed August 23rd, 1969. **COCHRANES CAMP STATION** name changed to **CAMP TEMAGAMI STATION** in 1960 and served by CNR. No recent references to this place. Population not shown. Map position: 47°04' 79°47'. References: U, SS and 6T.

**COCHRANE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 83°18'. Reference: V.

**COCKBURN ISLAND**, Indian Reserve, Cockburn Island #19, on Lake Huron. Map position: 45°58' 83°25. References: 5L and V.

**COCKBURN ISLAND #19A**, Indian Reserve, Manitoulin Island, Manitoulin District. Map position: 45°57' 82°53'. References: V and 5L.

**COCKBURN ISLAND TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Manitoulin District. Incorporated March 1st, 1881. Quieting Order M1394, dated October 7th, 1955. Population 50 in summer and 1 in winter. Winter resident 'discourages' illegal entry from the U.S.A. Map position: 48°55' 83°22'. References: R1, M and V.

**COCKBURN'S CORNERS**, Eastern District, Canada West, later Finch Township, Stormont County. Located 22 miles northwest of Cornwall, 12 1/2 miles north of CPR at Finch Station and 125 miles from Kingston. Post office opened July 6th, 1842, named **FINCH**, for the Township. First Postmaster Adam Cockburn. Office name changed to **BERWICK** in 1858. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name became **BERWICK** in 1857. Present approved name is **BERWICK**. Population 120 in 1895 and 170 in 1980. Map position: 45°11' 75°07'. References: EE, I, G, 8P, 7B, 2W, Z, U, 3B, V and 5L.

**COCKBURN'S ISLAND**, hamlet, Cockburn Township, Algoma District. Located on Cockburn Island, in the North Channel of Georgian Bay, 45 miles west of Gore Bay and 25 miles south of CPR at Thessalon. Post office established as **COCKBURN'S ISLAND** in 1880. First Postmaster Benjamin W. Rose, corrected later to B. W. Ross. Office closed October 31st, 1961. Name of settlement changed to **TOLSMAVILLE**, and is now designated as a concentrated rural community (1977). Present approved name is **TOLSMAVILLE**. Population 1,000 in 1895, 210 in 1941 and 2 in 1980. Map position: 45°57' 83°19'. References: I, S, Z, HH, 3B, V+, 5B, V, 6T and AA.

**COCKERAM TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°05' 88°38'. Reference: V.

**COCKSHUTT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°02' 81°58'. Reference: V.

**COCKWELL'S MILLS**, settlement, St. Edmunds Township, Bruce County. Located 20 miles north of Lion's Head, on Bury Road. Mills were erected about 1875. Settlement originally consisted of mill hands. In 1880 a farm settlement had sprung up. No recent reference to this place. Reference: TT.

**C. O. CROSSING**, SEE: CHATHAM JUNCTION, Kent County.

CODE JUNCTION, station, Blanshard Township, Oxford County. Located 17 miles from London on main line of CPR, and southeast of St. Mary's. Prior to 1916 name changed to INGERSOLL JUNCTION, to ZORRA STATION after 1916. Present approved station name is ZORRA. Map position: 43°06' 80°53'. References: V, SS and U.

CODES CORNER, dispersed rural community, Kingston Township, later Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Located 1 km east of Kingston Mills, 6 km west of Pitts Ferry and 7 km northeast of Fort Henry Heights. Present approved name is CODES CORNER. Population 407 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 76°25'. References: V, 5L and 3B.

CODERRE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°38' 83°20'. Reference: V.

CODE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°36' 94°10'. Reference: V.

CODRINGTON, concentrated rural community, Brighton Township, Northumberland County. Located 30 miles northeast of Cobourg and 10 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Brighton Station. Post office established as CODRINGTON, on May 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Patrick O'Neill. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is CODRINGTON. Population 75 in 1857 and 39 in 1976. Map position: 44°10' 77°48'. References: I, S, Z, EE, 3B, 3M, V, 8U and 5L.

CODY'S CORNERS. North Oxford Township, Oxford County. Located 3 km southeast of Embro, 33 km northeast of London, 10 km north of Ingersoll and 11 west of Woodstock. Present approved name is CODY'S CORNERS. Map position: 43°07' 80°52'. References: 5L and V.

CODY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°30' 81°02'. Reference: V.

COE HILL, SEE: COE HILL MINES, Hastings County.

COE HILL MINES, concentrated rural community, Wollaston Township, Hastings County. Located 9 miles north of Belleville. The place is a station on Central Ontario Railway and the station name is COE HILL. It was named for William Coe, who was one of the first workers in the iron mines. Post office opened under the name COE HILL in 1885. First Postmaster Robert H. Waddington. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name remained in place until July 1st, 1905, when it was changed to COE HILL. Present approved name is COE HILL. Population 100 in 1895 and 288 in 1980. Map position: 44°52' 77°50'. References: U10, SS, 5P, 7S, I, Z, U, V, 5L and 7D.

COFFIN TOWNSHIP, SEE: MacDONALD, MEREDITH and ABERDEEN ADDITIONAL TOWNSHIP.

COGLIN, SEE: CHANNELL, Thunder Bay District.

COGNASHENE, SEE: WHALEN #2, Muskoka District.

COINS GRATTON, dispersed rural communtiy, Alfred Township, Prescott County. Located 7 miles from Plantegenet, 46 miles east of Ottawa and 2 miles from the CPR station of Montebello, Que. Post office opened June 1st, 1901, as GRATTON CORNER. First Postmaster Joseph Gratton. Office closed December 1st, 1916. Present approved name is COINS GRATTON. Population 10 in 1913 & 1926. Map position: 45°37' 74°56'. References: V, 5L, S, MM, PP, 7N and 6T.

COLBECK, dispersed rural community, East Luther Township, Dufferin County. Located 20 miles northwest of Orangeville, 9 miles north of CPR at Grand Valley. Post office established as COLBECK, on September 1st, 1869. First Postmaster William Colbeck, for whom the place was named. Office closed April 14th, 1949. Present approved name is COLBECK. Population 100 in 1895 and 275 in 1908. Map position: 43°59' 80°22'. References: I, S, Z, V, 6T and 5L.

COLBORNE #1, settlement, London District, Canada West, later Townsend Township, subsequently Windham Township, Norfolk County. On April 1st, 1974, located 1 mile from Simcoe. Lately designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is COLBORNE. Population 150 in 1893 and 374 in 1971. In 1976 the population

included as Part of Town of Simcoe in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Map position: 42°51' 80°19'. References: B, A, C, PP, 6S, 7B, 3B, U10 and V.

COLBORNE #2, SEE: KEELER'S CREEK, Northumberland County.

COLBORNE #3, dispersed rural community, Colborne Township, Huron County. Located on Guelph & Goderich Branch of CPR, 6 miles from Goderich. COLBORNE STATION name changed to McGAW STATION. Place name later changed to McGAW. Present approved name is McGAW. Map position: 43°45' 81°38'. References: PP, 5L, U and V.

COLBORNE #4, SEE: UPPER MUNCEYTOWN, Lambton County.

COLBORNE #5, This appears to be a very old place. Mail for Colborne Settlement, in Middlesex County was directed to the post office at Deleware by the Postmaster General's department in the year 1835. In 1851 is shown in Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 4 miles north of Iona, 6 miles south of Delaware and 20 miles southwest of London on the Thames River. There is no recent reference to this place. References: G and 3H (1851 Vol 1 sc).

COLBORNE DISTRICT SEE:PETERBOROUGH COUNTY and VICTORIA COUNTY.

COLBORNE HARBOUR, SEE: PORT CRAMAHE, Northumberland County.

COLBORNE TOWNSHIP #1, Township, Newcastle District, Canada West in 1848. Post office had same name in same year. Reference: C.

COLBORNE TOWNSHIP #2, Geographic Township, Huron County, formerly London District, Canada West. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849, C81. First purchased from Government by Canada Company. Named after Governor-General, General Sir John Colborne. First settler Michael Fisher on the Maitland River. Population 911 in 1852 and 1,782 in 1980. Map position: 43°47' 81°38'. References: HH, M, 2W, V, 1G and C.

COLBYVILLE, post office, in the West Riding of Lambton County. Post office closed March 1st, 1914. Post office department have no record of this office. May be error entry for COLINVILLE, which see. References: 6T.

COLCHESTER, SEE: SACKVILLE, Essex County.

COLCHESTER STATION, Anderdon Township, Essex County. Located 14 miles southeast of Sandwich and 7 miles west of Essex. Post office opened in 1881 as McGREGOR. First Postmaster W.J. Twomy. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is McGREGOR. Population 200 in 1895 and 175 in 1980. Map position: 42°09' 82°58'. References: Z, I, S, U, V and 5V.

COLCHESTER TOWNSHIP, Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statutes 1879, C45. Population 1,870 in 1852. This Township was divided into COLCHESTER NORTH TOWNSHIP and COLCHESTER SOUTH TOWNSHIP (which see). References: M and 2W.

COLCHESTER NORTH TOWNSHIP, SEE: NORTH COLCHESTER TOWNSHIP, Essex County.

COLCHESTER SOUTH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Essex County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. The Township of Colchester deemed to be a continuation of Colchester Township, by Ontario Statutes 1879, C45. Population 4,977 in 1980. Map position: 42°03' 82°55'. References: HH, M and V.

COLD CREEK, SEE: SCOTTS' MILL, Hastings County.

COLDSPRINGS #1, dispersed rural community, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County, formerly Newcastle District, Canada West. Located 7 miles north of Cobourg and 79 miles from Toronto. Post office opened as COLDSPRINGS, on November 6th, 1851. First Postmaster David MacIntosh. Present approved name is COLDSPRINGS. Population 200 in 1895 and 92 in 1976. Map position: 44°04' 78°13'. References: I, S, 3B, 3J, V, 8Q and 5L.

COLDSPRINGS #2, urban community, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County, later Part of City of Peterborough. Present approved name is COLDSPRINGS. Population 372 in 1956. Map position: 44°17' 78°18'. References: 5E and V.

COLDSPRINGS #3, locality, Bidwell Township, Manitoulin District. Located 6 km northeast of West Bay, 16 km southwest of Shequindah and 5 km southeast of Honora. Present approved name is COLDSPRINGS. Map position: 45°52' 82°06'. References: V+ and 5L.

COLDSTREAM, dispersed rural community, London District, Canada West, now Lobo Township, Middlesex County. Located 16 miles west of London and 6 miles northwest of the Great West Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, at Komoka. Post office established as COLDSTREAM May 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Elias Cutler. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Present approved name is COLDSTREAM. Population 100 in 1886 and 127 in 1976. Map position: 43°01' 81°30'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3M, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

COLDWATER, SEE: COLEWATER, Simcoe County.

COLDWATER JUNCTION, SEE: MEDONTE #1, Simcoe County.

COLDWELL, dispersed rural community, Township #78, Thunder Bay District. Located on CPR at the head of Lake Superiour, 75 miles west of White River and 45 miles east of Schreiber. It is a station on CPR mainline, at an altitude of 712 feet above sea level. Post office opened as STEWART STATION in 1891. First Postmaster in 1892, the office name was changed to PORT COLDWELL. This place at times known as COLDWELL PORT. Named for Mr. Coldwell, head surveyor for Grand Trunk Pacific Railways. Present approved name is COLDWELL. Population 25 in 1893 and 12 in 1976. Map position: 48°46' 86°32'. References: PP, 7D, L1, V, 5L, I, R2, U10 and 8G.

COLDWELL JUNCTION, station, Simcoe County. Place noted in 1960. Reference: 2Y.

COLDWELL TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 78, Thunder Bay District.

COLE, post office, Rainy River District. Located 20 miles northwest of McKenzie Island and 24 miles northwest of Red Lake. Post office opened as COLE, on August 15th, 1935. First Postmaster J.Y. Cole Jr. Office closed October 31st, 1938. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

COLEBROOK, SEE: PETER'S MILLS, Addington County.

COLE CREEK, SEE: SCOTTS' MILL, Hastings County.

COLE LAKE, SEE: HINCHINBROOKE, Frontenac County.

COLEMAN #1, SEE: LITTLE YORK, York County.

COLEMAN #2, railway point, Coleman Township, Timiskaming District. Located near Cobalt on the Ontario Northland Railway. Present approved name is COLEMAN. Population 68 in 1976. Map position: 47°23' 79°41'. References: U, V and 5L.

COLEMANS, dispersed rural community, Niagara Township, Lincoln County, later Part of Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake. Present approved name is COLEMANS. Map position: 43°14' 79°08'. References: V and 6S.

COLEMAN'S CORNERS #1, Elizabethtown Township, Canada West, later in Leeds County. Located 3 miles northwest of Brockville. Post office opened as COLEMAN'S CORNERS, on December 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Palmer Lee, who named the office for Lyn, Massachusetts, U.S.A. Office still in operation in 1983. Coleman's Corners was named for the founder, Able Coleman, who settled in 1764. Incorporated as Police Village named Lyn on November 22nd, 1912, by Bylaw #966. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is LYN. Population 500 in 1886 and 562 in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 75°47'. References: 2N, I, T, 3B, V,

**COLEMAN'S CORNERS #2,** SEE: **SEELEYS BAY**, Leeds County.

**COLEMAN'S SHORE**, Beckwith Township, Lanark County. Located 9 km south of Carleton Place on Mississippi Lake and 8 km northeast of Franktown. Present approved name is **COLEMAN'S SHORE**. Map position: 45°03' 76°10'. References: 5L and 9K.

**COLEMAN TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Timiskaming District. Populated by railway workers and silver miners in 1890's. Incorporated as a Township April 7th, 1906. Quieting Order C6711, dated January 25th, 1954. Population 764 in 1971 and 685 in 1976. Map position: 47°22' 79°48'. References: R1, HH, 3B, M, V and J. Patenaude.

**COLENSO**, dispersed rural community, St. Vincent Township, Grey County. Located 15 miles northeast of Owen Sound and 8 miles northwest of Meaford. Post office established as **COLENSO**, in 1880. First Postmaster George Bishop. Office closed April 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **COLENSO**. Population 25 in 1895. Map position: 44°42' 80°40'. References: I, S, Z, V, 6T and 6S.

**COLENSO TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°56' 93°22'. Reference: V.

**COLERAINE,** SEE: **FROGVILLE**, York County.

**COLERIDGE #1**, hamlet, Amaranth Township, Wellington, later Dufferin County. Located 10 miles from Orangeville. Had a station named **COLERIDGE** on the Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway. Post office opened as **COLERIDGE**, in 1865. First Postmaster Joseph W. Trueman. Office closed 1873. Population 200 in 1875. No reference to this place after 1895. References: A, I, Z, W and 4F.

**COLERIDGE #2**, station, Victoria County. Located on Grand Trunk Railway, 26 miles from Bracebridge (1893). No further reference to this station. Reference: U10.

**COLES**, station, Lennox County. Located 8 miles from Deseronto, on the Bay of Quinte Railway and on the Deseronto Navigation Route. This place is mentioned between the years 1893 and 1895. No recent references to this station. References: Z and U10.

**COLES BIG ISLAND**, in Prince Edward County. A stop on the Deseronto Navigation Company Daily Route between Trenton and Picton. This place mentioned only in 1893. References: U10.

**COLE'S CORNERS,** SEE: **BEEHIVE HOTEL**, Lambton County.

**COLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°17' 80°04'. Reference: V.

**COLEWATER**, Medonte Township, Simcoe County, formerly in Simcoe District, Upper Canada. Located on the Coldwater River and the Grand Trunk Railway, 30 miles north of Barrie and 15 miles northwest of Orillia. Incorporated as a Police Village in 1897, and as a Village, January 29th, 1908. The government established this place and post office, in 1830, for the military. Named Colewater, to honour John Colborne, Governor-General 1829 to 1836. The military post office was named **COLEWATER**. First Military Postmaster, in 1830, was Captain James Hamilton. This Indian Agency, was transfered to Manitoulin Island in 1836. In 1835, the civilian post office opened, under the name **COLDWATER**. First Postmaster Thomas G. Anderson. Office still in operation in 1983. The settlers changed the name spelling, decided the name meant the temperature of the river running by, which is extremely cold. This is confirmed with the Indian name for the place **GISSINAUSEBING**, meaning 'cold water'. Present approved name is **COLDWATER**. Population 400 in 1886 and 796 in 1979. Map position: 44°42' 79°40'. References: I, F, M, N, T, NN, Z, HH, 2T, JJ, 2Y, V, 2E, 7X, 5L and 7D.

**COLEWAYS**, water route stop, on route #292. Location in Ontario not known. The name Coleways was changed to **SHERLEY**, change dated about 1908. References: SS.

**COLEWELL,** SEE: **HARRISON'S CROSSING**, Simcoe County.

COLE WHARF, locality, Sophiasburgh Township, Price Edward County. Present approved name is COLE WHARF. Map position: 44°08' 77°04'. References: V+ and 5L.

COLGAN, dispersed rural community, Tecumseth Township, Simcoe County. Located 35 miles south of Barrie, 5 miles south of Beeton and 3 miles west of Tottenham. Post office established as COLGAN, in 1879. First Postmaster Thomas Colgan for whom the place is named. Office still in operation in 1983. John, who was the son of Thomas Colgan, became a local poet in the early years. Present approved name is COLGAN. Population 100 in 1895 and 188 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 79°51'. References: B, I, Z, 3B, V, 5V and 5L.

COLINVILLE, dispersed rural community, Moore Township, Lambton County. Located 10 miles southeast of Sarnia and 3 miles north of Michigan Central Railway at Brigden Station. Post office established as COLINVILLE in Western District, Canada West on April 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Collin McDairmid, for whom the office was named. Office closed on March 1st, 1914. Present approved name is COLINVILLE. Name is sometimes misspelled as COLLINVILLE. Population 200 in 1893 and 200 in 1908. Map position: 42°52' 82°21'. References: I, 2Z, S, 1H, 3K, U10, V, 6S, 5L and 7D.

COLLEEN PLACE, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Population 57 in 1956. References: 5E.

COLLEGE HILL, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Population 945 in 1951 and 1,562 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

COLLEGE PARK, urban community, Part of Town of Oakville, within the Regional Municipality of Halton. Present approved name is COLLEGE PARK. Map position: 43°28' 79°42'. References: V.

COLLEGE VIEW, post office, Guelph Township, Wellington County. Located 1/4 mile northwest of Guelph sub-office and 1 1/2 miles south of Guelph. The status and name of this office were changed to sub-post office of Guelph #8, on August 18th, 1936. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

COLLINGWOOD, SEE: HENS AND CHICKENS #2, Simcoe County.

COLLINGWOOD TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Grey County. Named for Admiral Collingwood, Nelson's second-in-command, at Trafalgar. Incorporated January 1st, 1854, (source pg. 61, Grey County Atlas). Area 69,200 acres. Population 545 in 1852, 3,576 in 1871 and 2,561 in 1980. This Township was surveyed in 1833. First settler in 1835, Mr. Bazier. Map position: 44°28' 80°23'. References: 2W, C, HH, M, 5K, V and 2K.

COLLINS, post office, unorganized area in Thunder Bay District. Located on the west shore of Lake Nipigon, 21 miles west of Armstrong Station and 34 miles east of Allen Water. COLLINS STATION on the Grand Trunk Pacific Mainline at an altitude of 1,256 above sea-level. Post office established as COLLINS, on April 1st, 1930. First Postmaster Arthur C. Wright. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is COLLINS. Population 23 in 1961 and 102 in 1976. Map position: 50°17' 89°27'. References: 3B, L2, 5A, V, 5L and 6T.

COLLIN'S BAY, SEE: McGUIN'S MILLS, Frontenac County.

COLLINSBY, SEE: McGUIN'S MILLS, Frontenac County.

COLLINS INLET, dispersed rural community, Carlyle Township, Manitoulin District. Located 70 miles from Algoma Mills, 22 miles from Killarney and 15 miles from Massey. Post office established as COLLINS INLET, in 1869. First Postmaster listed John T. Pinch. Office closed August 29th, 1941. Present approved name is COLLINS INLET. Population 150 in 1893 and 200 in 1908. Map position: 46°00' 81°12'. References: B, I, Z, MM, PP, U10, 6T, 5P and 5L.

COLLINS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°03' 83°03'. References: V.

COLLINVILLE, SEE: COLINVILLE, Lambton County.

**COLLISHAW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°09' 83°49'. References: V.

**COLLIVER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°04' 90°04'. References: V.

**COLLUCK**, hamlet, East Luther Township, Dufferin County. On Grand River, 8 miles from Grand Valley Station on CPR. Had a church and store in 1908. No other reference to this hamlet. References: PP.

**COLONIAL ACRES**, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Located 7 km northeast of Trenton, 6 km west of Glen Miller and 8 km south of Stockdale. Name not approved. Population 34 in 1961 and 259 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 77°41'. References: 3B, 5A, 6M and 5L.

**COLONIAL LUMBER CO'Y SIDING**, station, Pembroke Township, Renfrew County. Located on Chalk River Division of CPR. Station number 3711, between the stations of Fraser Lumber Coy Siding and Pembroke, in 1911. References: 10B.

**COLONNA LAKE**, unorganized area, Kenora District. Population 93 in 1961. References: 5A.

**COLPOY BAY**, SEE: **COLPOY'S BAY**, Bruce County.

**COLPOY'S**, SEE: **COLPOY'S BAY**, Bruce County.

**COLPOY'S BAY**, dispersed rural community, Albemarle Township, Bruce County. Located 62 miles north of Walkerton, on Colpoy's Bay on Georgian Bay, 3 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Wiarton Station. Post office established as **COLPOY'S BAY**, on July 1st, 1863. First Postmaster Lidwick Kribs. Office closed april 7th, 1917. A local name for the place is **COLPOY'S**. First settler in 1847 William Bull. The office was named for the bay, which in turn was named for Admiral Colpoy, who shelteresd in the Bay, many years before. Present approved name is **COLPOY'S BAY**. Population 200 in 1886 and 221 in 1976. Map position: 44°47' 81°08'. References: I, T, Z, 3B, 3N, V, 6T, 6S, 5L, TT and 7D.

**COLQUHOUN**, dispersed rural community, Williamsburgh Township, Dundas County. Located 25 miles west of Cornwall and 8 miles south of CPR at Chesterville Station. Post office opened as **COLQUHOUN**, in 1883. First Postmaster J.J. Calhoune. Office named for his father, John Calhoune, who settled in 1823. Office closed December 24th, 1913. Present approved name is **COLQUHOUN**. Population 100 in 1893 and 8 in 1976. Map position: 45°01' 75°08'. References: I, S, Z, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**COLQUHOUN'S CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Dummer Township, Peterborough County. Located 8 1/2 miles north of Norwood and 10 miles northeast of Peterborough. Post office opened in 1886 as **COTTESLOE**. First Postmaster Charles Griffin. Office closed November 8th, 1907. Present approved name is **COTTESLOE**. Population 10 in 1893 and 28 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 78°05'. References: I, Z, 3V, 2M, U10, 5T, 7K and 5L.

**CALQUHOUN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°15' 81°23'. References: V.

**COLTER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°42' 87°17'. References: V.

**COLTHAM TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°37' 86°45'. References: V.

**COLTON LAKE**, Rolph Township, Renfrew County. Population 421 in 1951. References: 3B.

**COLUMBIA**, dispersed rural community, Home District, Canada West, later Albion Township, Peel County, now Part of Town of Caledon, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 20 miles north of Brampton, 11 miles from King Station and 3 miles north of CPR at Bolton Station. Post office opened September 1st, 1858, as **COVENTRY**. First Postmaster T. Swinarton. Office closed May 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **COVENTRY**. Population 50 in 1893, 21 in 1971 and in 1976 the population was included in Caledon in 1976. Map position: 43°54' 79°44'. References: A, EE, 1V, I, S, Z, 3G, 3B, U10, 3W, V, 6T and 6S.

COLUMBUS, SEE: ENGLISH CORNERS, Ontario County.

COLWELL, SEE: HARRISON'S CROSSING, Simcoe County.

COLWELL JUNCTION, SEE: HARRISON'S CROSSING, Simcoe County.

COLWELL MILLS, hamlet, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. COLWELL STATION on CNR, 5.5 miles north of Allandale. In May 1945, the name was changed to LUMBER MANUFACTURERS LIMITED STATION. References: SS & Norm Lowe.

COMBER, Police Village, West Tilbury Township, Essex County. Located 30 miles southeast of Sandwich, on Highway #98, 15 miles east of Essex, 29 miles southeast of Windsor. COMBER STATION, on Michigan Central Railway at a junction with the New York Central Railway. Post office opened as COMBER. July 6th, 1851. First Postmaster James Gracey. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village January 1st, 1890, by County Bylaw #28. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is COMBER. Population 50 in 1857 and 649 in 1976. Map position: 42°14' 82°33'. References: I, S, Z, EE, 3B, 2Y, V, 8Q, 9L, 7L and 5L.

COMBERMERE, SEE: DENNISON, Renfrew County.

COMENARS CORNER, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 2 miles from Pratt's Corners. This place is named for a man who settled there in 1845. Just north of this place is a river known as Bolton Creek. This reference is dated 1905. No recent reference to this place. Reference: 7D.

COMER'S MILLS, hamlet, Ernestown Township, Addington County, later Lennox & Addington County. Located 8 miles northeast of Napanee and 5 miles northwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Ernestown Station. Post office opened as COMER'S MILLS, on November 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Daniel W. Perry. The office name changed to VIOLET, in 1859. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Place named for George H. Comer, who was the first mill owner in the area. Present approved name is VIOLET. Population 150 in 1892 and 85 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 76°49'. References: I, EE, 3K, S, AA, 3B, 6T and 9J.

COMET, Colchester South Township, Essex County. Located 26 miles southeast of Sandwich and 10 miles southeast of Amherstburg. Post office established as COMET, on May 1st, 1876. First Postmaster Chas E. Weldon. Office was located 3 1/4 miles from Malden Centre and 4 1/2 miles from Colchester. Office closed on March 14th, 1912. Post office notice July 19th, 1912. Population 50 in 1892 and 74 in 1956. Present approved name is COMET. Map position: 42°01' 82°59'. References: I, Z, AA, 5E, WW, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

COMFORT MINE, hamlet, Teck Township, Timiskaming District. Population 58 in 1951 and 77 in 1956. In 1956, the name was changed to COMFORT SETTLEMENT. References: 3B and 5E.

COMFORT SETTLEMENT, SEE: COMFORT MINE, Timiskaming District.

COMMANDA, SEE: COMMANDA CREEK, Parry Sound District.

COMMANDA CREEK, dispersed rural community, Pringle and Gurd Townships, Parry Sound District. Located 58 miles from Parry Sound, 14 miles west of Trout Creek, 130 miles north of Barrie. Situated, on Commanda Creek; named for an Indian family, and from which stream the place is named. Post office established on July 1st, 1877 as COMMANDA CREEK. In 1881 the word 'CREEK' was dropped, leaving the office name as COMMANDA. First Postmaster Thomas Carr. Office still in operation in 1983. General store operator in 1879 was Mr. Fryer. Present approved name is COMMANDA. Population 85 in 1895 and 27 in 1976. Map position: 45°57' 79°36'. References: I, S, Z, 1M, 3B, V, 7D, 6S and 5L.

COMMANDA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°24' 79°34'. References: V.

COMMON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°40' 85°15'. References: V.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**COMMUNITY BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Now Part of Town of Stoney Creek, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **COMMUNITY BEACH**. Population 296 in 1956. Map position: 43°14' 79°44'. References: 5E and V.

**COMMOX TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°01' 82°32'. References: V.

**COMPDEN**, SEE: **MOYER'S CORNERS**, Lincoln County.

**CONACHER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°37' 90°05'. References: V.

**CONANT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°22' 90°37'. References: V.

**CONBOYVILLE**, hamlet, Onandaga Township, Brant County. Located 15 miles east of Brantford and 5 miles from Caledonia. Post office established as **CONBOYVILLE**, on February 1st, 1877. First Postmaster Sam Arrell. Office closed June 30th, 1913. No recent references to this place. Population 10 in 1893. Map position: 43°08' 80°01'. References: I, S, Z, U10, 5V and 6S.

**CONCOBAR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°01' 82°44'. References: V.

**CONCORD**, urban community, Vaughan Township, York County, formerly in Home District, Canada West, now Part of Town of Vaughan, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 13 miles north of Toronto and 1/2 mile from Grand Trunk Railway at Thornhill Station. Post office opened as **CONCORD** on August 1st, 1854. First Postmaster John Duncan. Office still in operation in 1983. Place was named by the railroad agent at the Thornhill Station, (who was also the first Postmaster). He called it Concord as a joke, since the citizens couldn't agree on a name. Present approved name is **CONCORD**. Population 100 in 1886 and 969 in 1961. Map position: 43°48' 79°29'. References: I, T, S, Z, 5A, 3L, V, 8Q, 6S and 7D.

**CONCORD POINT**, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Ontario County. Located 3 km southwest of Brechin on Lake Simcoe and 8 km south of Udney. Present approved name is **CONCORD POINT**. Map position: 44°32' 79°12'. References: B, V, 6S and 5L.

**CONCORD STATION**, SEE: **THORNHILL STATION**, York County.

**CONESTOGO**, SEE: **MUSSELMAN'S MILLS**, Waterloo County.

**CONFEDERATION HEIGHTS**, locality, Now Part of the City of Ottawa, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **CONFEDERATION HEIGHTS**. Map position: 45°23' 75°41'. References: V.

**CONFEDERATION PARK**, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **CONFEDERATION PARK**. Map position: 43°15' 79°45'. References: V.

**CONGDOM**, station, Wigle Township, Sudbury District. Located on Canadian Northern Railway mainline, at an altitude of 1,281 feet above sea-level, between Mallet and Nichols Stations. No recent references to this station. References: L3 and 8J.

**CONGER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°12' 79°25'. References: V.

**CONGLOMERATE**, station, Sudbury District. Located on Canadian Northern Railway, at an altitude of 1,254 feet above sea-level, near Jack Pine Station, 8.8 miles from Gowganda Junction, and 50 miles from Gowganda Station. This place noted between the years 1915 and 1916. References: L3 and 8J.

**CONINGSBY**, dispersed rural community, Erin Township, Wellington County. Located 17 miles northeast of Guelph and 5 miles southwest of CPR Station at Erin. Post office opened as **CONINGSBY**, on December 1st, 1865. First Postmaster John W. Burt. Office closed September 14th, 1912. Present approved name is **CONINGSBY**. Population 50

For references see Works Cited.

in 1875 and 50 in 1893. Map position: 43°44' 80°07'. References: A, Z, U10, 3P, V and 5L.

CONISTON, concentrated rural community, Nipissing District, later Neelon Township, Sudbury District. Located 7 1/2 miles from Sudbury, with a station on CPR and CNR. Post office opened as CONISTON, on May 20th, 1907. First Postmaster Dennis O'Brien.Office still in operation in 1983. This place began as a company Town, founded by Mond Nickel Company in 1910 (now 'International Nickel Co'). Incorporated as a Town, January 1st, 1934, and detached from Neelon Township. Incorporated as part of Town of Niclel Centre, January 1st, 1973. Religious Parish name NOTRE DAME de la MISERICORDE. Present approved name is CONISTON. Population 2,245 in 1941 and 2,993 in 1972. Map position: 46°29' 80°51'. References: F, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3B, O, 5C, SS, V, 7K, 7V, DD, MM, 2U and 5K.

CONISTON STATION, located on Canadian Northern Railway where it crosses CPR, south of Sudbury Track. The name was suggested by a 1910 novel and there is a Coniston in England. References: 8L.

CONKING TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°36' 83°31'. References: V.

CONKLIN, station on Canadian Northern Railway at an altitude of 1,031 feet above sea-level (1915). No further reference to this place. References: L3.

CONMEE, railway point, Conmee Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 51 km Thunder Bay, 6 miles from Kakabeka Falls and 5 miles from Millar. CONMEE STATION on the Canadian Northern Railway mainline. Post office opened as CONMEE, on September 20th, 1911. First Postmistress Mrs. Laura L. Pifer. Office closed February 1st, 1918. Present approved name is CONMEE. Map position: 48°32' 89°38'. References: U, L3, V and 6T.

CONMEE TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 37 km from Thunder Bay. Incorporated January 1st, 1913. Quieting Order M605, dated June 22nd, 1954. Population 474 in 1978 and 540 in 1980. Map position: 48°28' 89°40'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

CONN, SEE: BELL'S CORNERS, Wellington County.

CONNAUGHT #1, dispersed rural community, Winchester Township, Dundas County. Located 30 miles northwest of Cornwall, 22 miles north of Morrisburg and 5 miles from the Grand Trunk Railway, (later CPR), at Chesterville Station. Post office opened as CONNAUGHT, on February 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Patrick Jordan. Post office closed March 20th, 1908. It was located on Lot 23, Winchester Township. Present approved name is CONNAUGHT. Population 500 in 1875 and 234 in 1972. Map position: 45°09' 75°13'. References: B, A, I, T, S, Z, O, 2A, V, 6T and 5L.

CONNAUGHT #2, SEE: CONNAUGHT STATION, Cochrane District.

CONNAUGHT #3, dispersed rural community, Bromley Township, Renfrew County. Located 5 km south of Lower Stafford, 10 km east of Cobden and 13 km northeast of Eganville. Present approved name is CONNAUGHT. Map position: 45°38' 77°00'. References: V and 5L.

CONNAUGHT #4, post office, Finch Township, Stormont County. Located near Crysler and Chesterville. Office opened as CONNAUGHT, on February 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Martin Coyne. Office closed February 22nd, 1916. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

CONNAUGHT RANGES, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Population 73 in 1951. No further references to this place. References: 3B.

CONNAUGHT SHORE, Ennismore Township, Peterborough County. Located 8 km north of Bridgenorth, 8 km west of Windward Sands and 10 km northeast of Lakefield. Present approved name is CONNAUGHT SHORE. Population 61 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 78°23'. References: 3B and 5L.

CONNAUGHT STATION, dispersed rural community, German Township, Cochrane District, now Part of the City of Timmins. Located 12 miles from Goldlands, 10 miles from Porquis Junction, 16 miles from Porcupine and on the

Porcupine Branch of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post office opened as **CONNAUGHT STATION**, on October 1st, 1911. First Postmistress Mrs. M. A. O'Connor. Name of office changed to **CONNAUGHT** on May 16th, 1949. No closing date shown for post office, but not in operation in 1984. Place took the name **CONNAUGHT** c1949. Present approved name is **CONNAUGHT**. Population 75 in 1926 and 275 in 1980. Map position: 48°37' 80°56'. References: 6T, SS, U, MM, 5E and V.

**CONNAUGHT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°38' 81°25'. References: V.

**CONNELLS**, station, Muskoka District. Located 8 miles from Bala and 106 miles north of Toronto, on the Canadian Northern Railway in 1908. References: PP.

**CONNELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 51°30' 90°06'. References: V.

**CONNELLYS**, dispersed rural community, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 13 km southeast of Norwood, 7 km northeast of Westview and 6 km northwest of Campellford. Present approved name is **CONNELLYS**. Map position: 44°21' 77°49'. References: 5L and V+.

**CONNOR**, dispersed rural community, Adjala Township, Simcoe County, formerly in Simcoe District, Canada West. Located 40 miles southwest of Barrie and 6 miles northwest of Palgrave. Post office opened as **CONNOR** on February 1st, 1865. Place was named by Irish settlers for their hometown in Ireland. First Postmaster W. McGibbon. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **CONNOR**. Population 150 in 1893 and 64 in 1976. Map position: 43°59' 79°56'. References: I, S, Z, JJ, 3B, 6T, 4C, U10, V and 5L.

**CONNORVILLE**, SEE: **BOWLING GREEN**, Wellington County.

**CONOVER**, dispersed rural community, Melancthon Township, Dufferin County. Located 8 miles from CPR at Shelburne Station. Post office opened as **CONOVER**, on November 20th, 1900. First Postmaster R.W. Fewster. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **CONOVER**. Map position: 44°11' 80°13'. References: PP, V, 6T, 7M, 6S and 5L.

**CONROY**, SEE: **CONRY**, Perth County.

**CONROY'S CORNERS**: near Peterborough, Peterboro County in 1907. No other reference to this place. Reference: SS.

**CONROY'S FARM**, post office, Carlow Township, Hastings County. Located on the Madawaska River, 75 miles north of Belleville and 36 miles from Central Ontario Railway at Rathbun Station. In 1974 designated as a dispersed rural community. Post office opened as **CONROY'S FARM**, in 1880. First Postmaster W.H. Murphy. In 1886 the post office name was changed to **HAVERGAL**. Office closed June 29th, 1929. Present approved name is **HAVERGAL**. Map position: 45°15' 77°37'. References: I, 5P, 5V, S, Z, V and 6T.

**CONROYVILLE**, Prescott County. Post office closed July 1st, 1913. No further reference to this place. Likely an error listing for closing of ConBoyville office in Brant County. Postal Museum have no record of this office. References: 6T.

**CONRY**, dispersed rural community, Downie Township, Perth County. Located 2 miles northwest of Grand Trunk Railway at St. Paul's Station and 7 miles southwest of Stratford. Post office opened as **CONROY** at times spelled **CONRY** because William Conry was First Postmaster when the office opened January 1st, 1856. The office closed September 12th, 1911. Present approved name is **CONROY**. Map position: 43°18' 81°03'. References: A, I, S, 8U, 6S, 5L and 6T.

**CONSECON**, SEE: **CONSECON MILLS**, Prince Edward County.

**CONSECON MILLS**, hamlet, Hillier and Ameliasburgh Townships, Prince Edward County. Located on Wooler's Bay, 22 miles from Belleville, 15 miles from Brighton and 22 miles from Picton. Post office established as **CONSECON** on

For references see Works Cited.

January 6th, 1836. First Postmaster Elias D. Smith Wilkins. Office still in operation in 1983. First post office listing in 1835 showed the spelling CONSEGON. In 1974 designated a concentrated rural community. First settler in 1804 was Mathias Marsh. Present approved name is CONSECON. Population 500 in 1857 and 363 in 1976. Map position: 44°00' 77°31'. References: I, T, Z, EE, 3B, 3S, V, 5B, 3H and 5L.

CONSECON TOWNSHIP, a Township, in Prince Edward District, Canada West. It had a post office of the same name in 1848. No further reference to this Township. References: C.

CONSEGON, SEE: CONSECON MILLS, Prince Edward County.

CONSTANCE, SEE: KINBURN, Huron County.

CONSTANCE BAY, dispersed rural community, West Carleton Township, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 5 kilometres from Woodlawn. Present approved name is CONSTANCE BAY. Population 50 in 1961 and 510 in 1976. Map position: 45°30' 76°05'. References: B, U, 3B, 5A and V.

CONSTANCE LAKE, Indian Reservation, Constance Lake, Cochrane District. Located 32 kilometres west of Hearst. Both Cree and English languages used in the (approx) 80 households on this Reserve. Abides under Grand Council Treaty #9. Population 713 in 1978. Map position: 49°50' 84°07'. References: R3 and V.

CONSTANT CREEK, dispersed rural community, Grattan Township, Renfrew County. Located 6 km northwest of Balaclava, 15 km southeast of Eganville and 10 km northeast of Clontarf. Present approved name is CONSTANT CREEK. Map position: 45°26' 77°01'. References: V and 5L.

CONVENT GLEN, surburban community within Regional Municipality of Ottawa. Located 2 km west of Orleans, 5 km southwest of Queenswood Heights and 7 km north of Blackburn. Present approved name is CONVENT GLEN. Map position: 45°28' 75°32'. References: V and 5L.

CONWAY, dispersed rural community in South Fredericksburg Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 17 miles from Napanee and 28 miles from Kingston. Post office established as CONWAY, in 1860. First Postmaster E.B. Sills. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Present approved name is CONWAY. Population 100 in 1893 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 44°07' 76°55'. References: I, S, U10, V, 4F, 7B, 6T and 5L.

CONWAY, SEE: TOWN #3, Lennox County.

CONWAYS, a station on B and G line on Grand Trunk Railway in Victoria County, 1893. Also shown on the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. No recent references to this station. References: S and U10.

COOKE'S SHORE, Located 4 km southeast of Innisville on Lake Mississippi and 12 km southwest of Carleton Place. Present approved name is COOKE'S SHORE. Map position: 45°03' 76°13'. References: 5L.

COOKS, a station on Buffalo and Goderich branch of Grand Trunk Railway, Seneca Township, Haldimand County. Located 8 miles from Caledonia and 24 1/4 miles from Brantford. Other spelling for name COOK'S. Present approved name is COOKS. Population 25 in 1893. Map position: 43°01' 79°50'. References: PP, U10, V, 7B and 6S.

COOK'S BAY, a settlement on Lake Simcoe, Canada West. Nearest post office name was HOLLAND LANDING, in 1848. References: C.

COOK'S CORNERS #1, concentrated rural community, Raleigh Township, Kent County. Located 9 km west of Blenheim, 11 km southeast of Chatham and 10 km north of Dealtown. Post office established as CHARING CROSS, in 1860, in Western District, Canada West. First post office name CHARING CROSS. First Postmaster William Mounteer. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is CHARING CROSS. Population 150 in 1875 and 441 in 1976. Map position: 42°20' 82°06'. References: A, I, F, S, 3Y, 3B, V, 6S, 5L and 7D.

**COOK'S CORNERS #2**, dispersed rural community, North Pelham Township, Welland County, sometimes shown in Monck Electoral District, and most recently Part of Town of Pelham in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 8 miles from Welland and 3 miles from Fenwick. Post office established as **NORTH PELHAM**, on May 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Adam McGlashan. Office closed November 30th, 1914. Present approved name is **NORTH PELHAM**. Population 120 in 1892 and 81 in 1951. Map position: 43°04' 79°21'. References: AA, I, S, 3B, 3K, 6T, 8B and V.

**COOK'S LAKE #1**, McEvay and Nordica Townships, Timiskaming District. Population for 1971 and 1976 included in Timmins area (Cochrane). References: 3B.

**COOK'S LAKE #2**, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Name changed to **FARLAIN LAKE** in 1974. Present approved name is **FARLAIN LAKE**. Map position: 44°49' 79°58'. References: V and B.

**COOK'S MILLS #1**, urban community, Niagara District, Canada West, later Crowland Township, Welland County and most recently Part of City of Welland in Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 3 miles east of Welland, 4 miles from Helmsport and 40 miles from Hamilton. Post office established as **COOK'S MILLS** on October 5th, 1841. First Postmaster W. Vanalstein. The post office name was changed to **CROWLAND** in 1841, for the Township. This community had previously been known by other spellings of this word. Spellings were **CROLAND**, **CROLANDVILLE** and **CROWLANDVILLE**. In September of 1947, the post office status was changed to a sub-post office of Welland. After the first name of Cook's Mills, this place was also called **SKINNER'S CORNERS** and **PRATT'S CORNERS** before becoming Crowland. Present approved name is **CROWLAND**. Population 250 in 1875 and 75 in 1908. Map position: 42°58' 79°15'. References: B, 2Y, 2D, SS, 7A, EE, I, 5V, V, 6T and 8P.

**COOK'S MILLS #2**, SEE: **SERPENT RIVER #1**, Algoma District.

**COOKS MILLS #3**, dispersed rural community, Widdifield Township, Nipissing District. Located 10 kilometres from North Bay. Post office established as **COOKS MILLS**, on May 16th, 1925. First Postmaster William Montroy. The spelling of the name of Cook Mills changed to Cooks Mills, July, 1925. Office closed November 15th, 1927. Present approved name is **COOKS MILLS**. Population 114 in 1956 and 100 in 1966. Map position: 46°24' 79°26'. References: U, 5A, 5E, V and 6T.

**COOKS MILLS #4**, dispersed rural community, Crowland Township, Welland County, presently Part of the City of Welland. Present approved name is **COOKS MILLS**. Population 95 in 1941 and 236 in 1966. Map position: 43°00' 79°11'. References: V, 6S, 3B and 5A.

**COOK STATION**, hamlet, also a station on the Buffalo and Goderich line on Grand Trunk Railway, Seneca Township, Haldimand County. References: A and S.

**COOK'S STATION**, SEE: **COOK STATION**, Haldimand County.

**COOKSTON**, SEE: **CROOKSTON**, Hastings County.

**COOKSTOWN**, SEE: **PERRY'S CORNERS**, Simcoe County.

**COOKS TOWN**, SEE: **PERRY'S CORNERS** , Simcoe County.

**COOK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°25' 80°13'. References: V.

**COOKSVILLE #1**, hamlet, Williamsburg Township, Dundas County. Located 20 miles west of Cornwall and 2 1/2 miles west of Aultsville. Post office established as **WILLIAMSBURG** in 1822. First Postmaster John P. Crysler. Office closed 1833 and remained closed for a 2 year period before reopening as **EAST WILLIAMSBURG**, in 1835. First Postmaster at East Williamsburg, George Cook in 1835. This office was re-commissioned January 6th, 1839, and Postmaster appointed was Michael Pillar. Population 100 in 1875 and 150 in 1908. The name of this place

was mispelled **EAST WILLIAMSBURY**. Map position: 45°56' 75°05'. This hamlet disappeared under the waters of the St. Lawrence Seaway in 1958. References: G, C, I, A, T, S, 2U, 7X, 8P, 9J and 3S.

**COOKSVILLE #2**, SEE: **HARRISVILLE**, Peel County.

**COOKSVILLE #3**, SEE: **SYDENHAM**, Peel County.

**COOKSVILLE STATION**, Toronto Township, Peel County, presently in the City of Mississauga in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located on Dundas Street (Highway #5), just east of Hurontario Street (Highway 10), at the CPR tracks. References: B and 3G.

**COOKSVILLE**, SEE: **ELK CITY**, Timiskaming District.

**COOLIHAN'S CORNERS**, hotel, Albion Township, Peel County. Settler operated this place in the early 19th century, located on Lot 36, Con. 4. No recent references. References: 3C.

**COON'S MILLS**, Northumberland County. The nearest post office is located 5 miles at Colborne. No recent references. Reference: Z.

**COOPER**, SEE: **ALLEN SETTLEMENT**, Hastings County.

**CO-OPERATIVE HEIGHTS**, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Population 113 in 1951. References: 3B.

**COOPERS FALLS #1**, dispersed rural community, Rama Township, Ontario County, later Simcoe County. Located 80 miles north of Whitby and 7 miles northeast of Washago on the Grand Trunk Railway, the nearest railway station. Post office opened as **COOPERS FALLS** on April 1st, 1878. First Postmaster Thomas Cooper. Office permanently closed April 30th, 1968. Present approved name is **COOPERS FALLS**. Population 50 in 1885 and 14 in 1972. Map position: 44°47' 79°14'. References: S, Z, I, 3R, O and V.

**COOPERS FALLS #2**, post office, Morrison Township, Muskoka District. Post office department have no record of a second office of this name. References: 1L.

**COOPER'S MILLS**, settlement, Gore District, Canada West, later within Etobicoke Township, York County. Located 8 miles west of Toronto, 3 1/2 miles from Mimico and 1 1/2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Malton Station. Nearest post office was Etobicoke. This place later named **LAMBTON** to honour Sir J.G. Lambton, Earl of Durham (1857). There were three villages within one mile of each other (Lambton, Milton and Mimico) separated by the Humber River, at Dundas Street. References: 7R, C, EE, 5B, 2J and 7D.

**COOPER'S TRAILER VILLAGE**, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 10 km west of Peterborough, 5 km southwest of Indian River and 6 km north of Lang. Present approved name is **COOPER'S TRAILER PARK**. Population 18 in 1971 and 126 in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 78°12'. References: 3B and 5L.

**COOTE'S PARADISE #1**, Town, Gore District, later Flamborough West Township, Wentworth County. Located 52 miles from York (later Toronto), and 5 miles from Hamilton. Post office opened 1814 named **DUNDAS**. There was an annexation to Dundas called **DUNDAS MILLS**, later became Part of the present **DUNDAS**. First Postmaster J. Secord. Post office still in operation in 1984. First settler Captain John Hatt, in 1802. The parish name for this place was **ST. AUGUSTIN**. Incorporated as a Town, July 28th, 1847. No election was held and it had to be reincorporated March 23rd, 1848, by Act 12, Victoria, cap81 on May 30th, 1849 (in Halton County). Site reputed to be named **LITTLE FLANDERS** by Father Henepin, in early 1600's. Present approved name is **DUNDAS**. Population 3,500 in 1886 and 19,179 in 1976. Map position: 43°16' 79°58'. References: 2I, I, M, EE, K, T, Cuesta Magazine, HH, GG, 2I, V, 7X, 5L, 6O and 5S.

**COOTES PARADISE #2**, urban community, located in the Town of Dundas, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. The decision to place this name in use was made by the Ontario Geographic Names Board on

February 24th, 1977. The present Cootes Paradise neighbourhood is bounded by the CNR tracks, York Road on the north, the Town boundary on the south and east, and York Road on the west. The name is used officially by the Dundas Municipal Planning Department and is used and or recognized by many residents. Map position: 43°17' 79°56'. References: V.

**COOTS' PARADISE**, a lake abounding with game and connected to Burlington Bay in 1799. Reference: 7W.

**COPAC**, SEE: **BIG SPRINGS**, Hastings County.

**COPELAND PARK**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa. Map position: 45°22' 75°45'. Reference: V.

**COPENACE TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 45**, Algoma District.

**COPENHAGEN**, dispersed rural community, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Located 16 miles southeast of Thomas and 6 1/2 miles south of Aylmer on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **COPENHAGEN**, on May 1st, 1870. First Postmaster John Kaiser. Office closed August 14th, 1914. Present approved name is **COPENHAGEN**. Population 30 in 1893 and 49 in 1976. Map position: 42°41' 80°59'. References: I, S, 3B, U10, 6T, 5W and 5L.

**COPES FALLS**, post office, Monmouth Township, Peterborough County. Post office established as **COPES FALLS**, on September 1st, 1899. First Postmaster Benjamin H. Cope. Office closed April 1st, 1917. This place was named for a small waterfall on the farm of Mr. Cope about 50 yards from the post office. Population 250 in 1908 and 30 in 1913. No recent references to this office. References: DD, PP, 5U, 7H and 6T.

**COPE'S LANDING**, London District, Upper Canada, later Walsingham Township, Norfolk County. Located 10 miles west of Vittoria, 17 miles southwest of Simcoe and 75 miles from London. **NEIL'S LANDING** reported an early name. Post office opened as **WALSINGHAM** on July 6th, 1831. First Postmaster A.E. Baker. In 1869 the office and place name changed to **ST. WILLIAMS**. Office still open in 1983. First settlers in early 1800's, were the Copes. The place became a Police Village, Incorporated June 12th, 1903, by Bylaw #337. Dissolved, effective April 1st, 1974 and became Part of Delhi Municipal Township, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Present approved name is **ST. WILLIAMS**. Population 300 in 1885 and 404 in 1966. Map position: 42°40' 80°25'. References: RR, F, I, 3S, 7X, 8P, P, AA, EE, 5A, 3R, 10A, 7B, 5L, 9L and V.

**COPETOWN**, dispersed rural community, Gore District, Canada West, later Beverley Township, Wentworth County and currently within the Town of Ancaster, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 10 miles west of Hamilton and 5 miles west of Dundas. In 1900, this place was shown on the Wentworth North and Brant County boundary, and in 1852 it was in Halton County. Post office established as **COPETOWN**, on August 6th, 1851. First Postmaster J.G. Dresser. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **COPETOWN**. Population 200 in 1893 and 147 in 1976. Map position: 43°14' 80°04'. References: I, F, S, Z, 3B, 3J, U10, 5U, 2W, V, 8Q, 6S and 5L.

**COPLESTON**, SEE: **MARTHAVILLE**, Lambton County.

**COPP**, dispersed rural community, Brudenell Township, Renfrew County. Located 5 miles from Brudenell. Post office opened as **COPP**, on May 1st, 1905. First Postmaster T.L. O'Grady. Office closed December 19th, 1933. Present approved name is **COPP**. Map position: 45°28' 77°27'. References: B, 7S, V and 6T.

**COPPEL**, dispersed rural community, Lowther Township, Cochrane District. Located 6 miles from Stavert and 18 miles from Wyborn. Post office established as **COPPELL**, on June 27th, 1922. First Postmistress Mrs. Bella Topaloff. Name sometimes spelled **COPPELL**. Office closed December 31st, 1969. Present approved name is **COPPEL**. Population 39 in 1941 and 213 in 1978. Population 49°32' 83°50'. References: U, 3B, V, 6T and 5L.

**COPPELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 82°32'. References: V.

**COPPER**, SEE: **SUPERIOR JUNCTION**, Kenora District.

**COPPER CLIFF**, urban community, McKim Township, Nipissing Township. Located 5 miles form Sudbury on CPR. Post office established as **COPPER CLIFF**, in 1890. First Postmaster Thomas J. Byers. Office still in operation in 1983. Station name is **COPPER CLIFF STATION**. The first telephone in this place was in 1902. Two Religious Parish names have been in use. The first was **ST. STANISLAS** and second, **STE. ELIZABETH**. Copper Cliff is name for the copper in the area. Incorporated as a Town in 1901 and on January 1st, 1973, became Part of City of Sudbury. Present approved name is **COPPER CLIFF**. Population 500 in 1895 and 3,600 in 1966. Map position: 46°28' 81°04'. References: I, S, Z, HH, 2T, 2R, F, 2Y and V.

COPPER CLIFF JUNCTION, SEE: **CLARA BELLE**, Sudbury District.

**COPPERFIELD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°16' 83°06'. References: V.

COPPERHEAD, dispersed rural community, Cowper Township, Parry Sound District. Located on and island, 2 miles from Sans Souci, 24 km from Parry Sound and 50 miles from Penetanguishene. Post office opened as **COPPER HEAD**, on July 1st, 1914. First Postmaster A. Campbell. Office closed in 1921. Present approved name is **COPPERHEAD**. Population 5 in 1941. Map position: 45°09' 80°08'. References: U, 3B, V, 6T and 5L.

COPPERKETTLE, Keppel Township, Grey County. Located 7 km northeast of Shallow Lake, 15 km southeast of Wiarton and 10 km northwest of Owen Sound. Present approved name is **COPPERKETTLE**. Map position: 44°39' 81°00'. N other reference to this place. References: 5L.

COPPIN'S CORNERS, hamlet, Uxbridge Township, Ontario County. Located east of Greenwood on Sideroad 1A, 8 km south of Uxbridge, 18 km southwest of Port Perry and 4 km northeast of Goodwood. In 1974, Uxbridge Township became Part of the Region of Durham. Present approved name is **COPPIN'S CORNERS**. Map position: 44°03' 79°09'. References: 3G and 5L.

CORAL #1, SEE: **CORAL RAPIDS**, Cochrane District.

CORAL #2, post office, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Located 7 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Garden Hill Station, and 10 miles north of Port Hope. Post office established as **CORAL**, on September 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Thomas D. Cole. Office closed January 1st, 1915. The office name (and hence the Town name) came from the name of a post office in Michigan. No recent references to this office. References: S, PP, 6T, 7Q and 7D.

CORAL RAPIDS, dispersed rural community, Hamlet Township, Cochrane District. Located 53 miles north of Island Falls Junction. Post office opened as **CORAL RAPIDS**, on April 28th, 1930. First Postmaster William Gregory. Office closed February 1967. Name changed to **CORAL** on October 21st, 1964. Present approved name is **CORAL RAPIDS**. Population 24 in 1972. Map position: 50°13' 81°41'. References: V, SS, 6T, O and 5L.

CORBEIL, SEE: **GRIT**, Nipissing District.

CORBETT, dispersed rural community, McGillivray Township, Middlesex County. Located on the border with McGillivray Township, Middlesex County and Stephen Township, Huron County, 36 miles northwest of London and 6 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Parkhill. Post office opened as **CORBETT**, on July 1st, 1873. First Postmaster John F. Macey. Office closed March 1st, 1914. Place named for John Corbett, a Justice of the Peace, and long time resident. Present approved name is **CORBETT**. Population 100 in 1893 and 37 in 1976. Map position: 45°15' 81°41'. References: I, S, U10, V, 7D, 5Y, 6T, 3B, 6S and 5L.

CORBETTON, SEE: **CHEDWORTH**, Grey County.

CORBETT'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, West Gwillimbury and Tecumseth Townships, Simcoe County. Located 30 miles south of Barrie and 8 miles northeast of Tottenham. Post office opened in 1885 as **DUNKERRON**, for the name of an Irish Town. First Postmaster James Molison. Office closed November 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **DUNKERRON**. Population 50 in 1895 and 29 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 79°40'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, V, 6T, 5P and 5L.

CORBETT'S MILLS, concentrated rural community, later Caledon Township, Peel County, at times in Cardwell Electoral District, now Part of the Town of Caledon. Located 12 miles northwest of Brampton. In 1850 was settled as CORBETT'S MILLS and in 1860 the name was changed to RIVERDALE. The first railway station was called SLIGO in 1877. The second railway station named SLIGO JUNCTION. Post office opened 1882, as RIVERDALE JUNCTION, at times misspelled as RIVERSDALE JUNCTION. First Postmaster James Graham. In 1885, the place and office names were changed to INGLEWOOD. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village November 14th, 1901, by Bylaw #311. Dissolved and became Part of the TOWN OF CALEDON, within the Regional Municipality of Peel, effective January 1st, 1974. Present approved name is INGLEWOOD. Population 200 in 1893 and 367 in 1971. Map position: 43°47' 79°56'. References: F, I, AA, S, 3B, U10, 3G, 3C, 5T, 9L, V, and 7D.

CORBIERE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 28, Range 25, Algoma District.

CORBOY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 26, Range 18, Algoma District.

CORBYVILLE, concentrated rural community, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Located 3 miles north of Belleville on Moira River, 2 km north of Cannifton, 6 km southeast of Foxboro and 13 km west of Shannonville. Post office opened as CORBYVILLE, in 1882. First Postmaster W. Bennet. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is CORBYVILLE. Population 100 in 1893 and 91 in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 77°23'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, V, F, 5P and 5L.

CORDINGLEY LAKE ROAD, in Nakina Improvement District, Thunder Bay District. Population 60 in 1961 and 43 in 1966. No other reference to this place. Reference: 5A.

CORDOVA MINES, SEE: WARISTON, Hastings County.

COREY, station, Enniskillen Township, Lambton County. Located on the old Michigan Central Railway line between Petrolea, from which it is 5 1/2 miles and Oil City and on Lot 11, Concession 6. Present approved name is COREY. Map position: 42°50' 82°10'. References: PP, 1H, V and 6S.

COREYVILLE, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Map reference of 1978. Reference: B.

CORINTH, SEE: JONES CORNERS #2, Elgin County.

CORISTINE, concentrated rural community, Pentland Township, Nipissing District. Located 14 miles east of Fossmill and 22 miles west of Brent. Post office opened as CORISTINE, July 13th, 1936. Name later became KIOSK. First Postmaster J.M. Donahue. Post office still in operation in 1983. Place was first named for a Montreal family, but later assumed the name of KIOSK. Present approved name is KIOSK. Population 75 in 1941 and 321 in 1980. Map position: 46°05' 78°53'. References: U, 9F, 3B, V and 8L.

CORKERY #1, SEE: WEST HUNTLEY, Carleton County.

CORKERY #2, Dispersed rural community, Huntley Township, Carleton County, later shown in Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 7 km southeast of Panmure, 8 km southwest of Carp and 10 km northeast of Almonte. Post office established as CORKERY on February 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Patrick Gosson. Office closed September 1st, 1967. Present approved name is CORKERY. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°16' 76°05'. References: 6T, 5L, B and V.

CORKHILL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°33' 80°35'. Reference: V.

CORKSTOWN, SEE: RICHMOND LANDING, Carleton County.

CORKTOWN #1, dispersed rural community, Wolford Township, Grenville County. Present approved name is CORKTOWN. Map position: 44°54' 75°52'. References: V.

CORKTOWN #2, urban community, now Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is CORKTOWN. Map position: 43°15' 79°52'. References: V.

CORK TOWN #3, a shanty town, Scarborough Township, York County, and now a Part of Highland Creek. Located on Lot 11, Concession 1, Scarborough Township, York County, in West Hill area. This was a place where Irish workers from the Grand Trunk Railway lived in 1856. Name at times spelled CORKTOWN, one word. No recent references to this town. References: 8H.

CORLESS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 51°10' 92°52'. References: V.

CORLEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°22' 80°42'. References: V.

CORMAC, SEE: MacCORMAC, Renfrew County.

CORMAN, urban community, now Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentorth. Present approved name is CORMAN. Map position: 43°14' 79°47'. References: V.

CORMAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°15' 91°02'. References: V.

CORMUNNOCK, Perth County, South Riding (1897). No record of office opening or first postmaster. Post office closed February 1st, 1915. These two references are the only mention of this office/place. References: J & 6T.

CORNABUSS, SEE: EAST GLENELG, Grey County.

CORNELL, SEE:FARMERSVILLE #2, Oxford County.

CORNELLEVILLE STATION, SEE: FARMERSVILLE #2, Oxford County.

CORNELL'S LANDING, local name, Scarborough Township, York County. Located on Lot 18, Concession C. No recent reference to this place. References: 8H.

CORNELLSVILLE, SEE: FARMERSVILLE #2, Oxford County.

CORNERS #1, SEE: VANDERBURG'S, Huron County.

CORNERS #2, SEE: IRISH'S CORNERS, Victoria County.

CORNERS #3, dispersed rural community, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located 30 miles west of Barrie the County Seat, 8 miles south of Collingwood and 11 miles west of Sunnidale. Post office established as SCOTCH CORNERS in 1836. First Postmaster Angus Campbell. In 1842 office name changed to NOTTAWASAGA for the Township, which again changed in 1857 to BOWMORE and retained that name to 1864 when it was again changed to DUNTROON. Angus Campbell remained as Postmaster to 1856, being Gaelic and speaking little English, he left the mail in a box to be hunted out by the owners when called for and directed them," Dinna' tak' mair nor ye can read!" Duntroon post office still in operation in 1983. The place was first named Corners for the location, then Scotch Corners for the predominent nationality of the settlers, for a period it was named McNAB'S CORNERS for a local tavernkeeper, then John Livingstone (a later postmaster) named it Bowmore: which means BIG COW, after his native village in Islay and finally Rev. John Campbell named it Duntroon for a small town in Argyleshire, Scotland. Present approved name is DUNTROON. Population 300 in 1886 and 109 in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 80°11'. References: 7B, JJ, Brian Driscoll,I, EE, 2W, 3V, 8P, B, T, Z, 3B, V, 5L, 7D and Nat. Postal Museum.

CORNERS #4, suburban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 9 miles northwest of Ottawa, 4 miles from the CPR at Britannia and 2 miles south of Ottawa River. Post office opened in Dalhousie District, Canada West as BELL'S CORNERS - NEPEAN, August 6th, 1851. First Postmaster George Arnold. Post office changed to sub-post office of Ottawa February 1st, 1963. Bell's Corners was named for Hugh Bell, who was the first Innkeeper. First settler in 1827, John Robertson.

Present approved name is **BELL'S CORNERS**. Population 70 in 1857 and 1,900 in 1966. Map position: 45°19' 75°50'. References: I, Z, EE, 2R, 3J, 3R, 5K, V, UU, 6T, 5L and 8Q.

CORNWALL, SEE: **NEW JOHNSTOWN**, Stormont County.

**CORNWALL CENTRE**, dispersed rural community, Cornwall Township, Cornwall County, an early name for Stormont County. Located 2 1/2 miles northeast of Grand Trunk Railway at Mille Roches, 5 miles northwest of Cornwall and on Lots 17-18, Concession 4, Stormont County. Post office opened as **CORNWALL CENTRE**, in 1875. First Postmaster R. R. Anderson. Office closed December 27th, 1913. Present approved name is **CORNWALL CENTRE**. Population 10 in 1893 and 102 in 1956. Map position: 45°03' 74°48'. References: I, Z, 5E, 5U, V, 6T, 5P and 1Z.

**CORNWALL COUNTY** an early mapped name for Stormont County.

**CORNWALL ISLAND**, dispersed rural community, Cornwall Island, Stormont County. Located 5 km from Cornwall. The St. Regis Akwesasne band #59, live here. Post office opened as **CORNWALL ISLAND** on June 1st, 1908. First Postmaster, Louis Benedict, serving 50 years. Office closed July 1st, 1966. Present approved name is **CORNWALL ISLAND**. Map position: 45°01' 74°41'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

**CORNWALL ISLAND #59**, Indian Reserve, Stormont County. Map position: 45°00' 74°45'. References: V.

**CORNWALL JUNCTION**, station, Cornwall Township, Stormont County. Located at the crossing of the Grand Trunk Railway and the Ottawa & New York Railway, one mile west of Cornwall. Present approved name is **CORNWALL JUNCTION**. Map position: 45°02' 74°45'. References: B, S, PP and V.

**CORNWALL MARINE**, post office, Stormont County. Located 1 1/2 miles southeast of Cornwall. Post office opened April 24th, 1939. First Postmaster J. D. Munroe. Office closed June 30th, 1958. References: 6T.

**CORNWALL NORTH**, post office, Stormont County. Located 1 1/4 miles north of Cornwall. Post office established as **CORNWALL NORTH**, on February 12th, 1946. First Postmaster Marcel Renaud. Office status changed to that of a sub-post office of Cornwall on November 1, 1958. The name was given because the office was north of Cornwall. No recent references to this post office. References: 6T.

**CORNWALL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Eastern District, Canada West, later Stormont County and subsequently the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P5974, dated August 30th, 1968. Mail for Cornwall Township to be sent to the post office at Cornwall (1835). The Township has an area of 65,000 acres. Population 4,707 in 1852 and 5,164 in 1980. Map position: 45°05' 74°50'. References: C, HH, 2W, 3H, M and V.

**CORONATION CRESCENT**, hamlet, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Population 68 in 1956 and 99 in 1971. Population after 1976 included in Coverdale. References: 3B, 5A, 5E and 6M.

**CORONATION GARDENS**, concentrated rural community, Whitby Township, Ontario County, now Part of Town of Whitby. Present approved name is **CORONATION GARDENS**. Population 56 in 1961 and 54 in 1966. Map position: 43°57' 79°00'. References: 5A and V.

**CORONATION PARK**, urban community, Part of City of Sarnia. Present approved name is **CORONATION PARK**. Map position: 42°58' 82°22'. References: V.

CORRIGAL TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 92**, Thunder Bay District.

CORSELEY, SEE: **WILKIES' CORNERS**, Elgin County.

**CORSONS**, dispersed rural community, Bexley Township, Victoria County. Located 30 miles north of Lindsay, 39 km from Beaverton and 6 miles northeast of Victoria Road. Post office established as **CORSON'S SIDING** in 1884. First Postmaster William H. Decater. Office closed April 30th, 1931. Station name **CORSON'S SIDING**, which was

changed to **CORSON'S** in 1932, on CNR. CORSON'S SIDING was named after Captain J. W. Corson, one of the first settlers. A portion of this place had another name. It was called **HELL'S HALF ACRE**. Corson's Siding regularly received gangs of lake sailors who brought whiskey and 'party-ladies' for the winter cut of cordwood, and the ensuing ruckus resulted in the widespread use of the name HELL'S HALF ACRE, up to 1890. Population 15 in 1893 and 14 in 1976. Present approved name is **CORSONS**. Map position: 44°37' 78°53'. References: B, Z, U10, V, 5L, I, 6T, 8E, 5P and 7D.

CORSON'S SIDING, SEE: CORSONS, Victoria County.

**CORTEZ TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°11' 82°24'. References: V.

**CORUNNA**, concentrated rural community, Moore Township, Lambton County. Located 7 miles south of Sarnia and 5 miles north of Michigan Central Railway at Courtright. Post office opened as **CORUNNA**, on July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster A. J. Stephens. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was Incorporated as Police Village of Corunna on January 20th, 1945, by County Bylaw #790. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order S632, December 1st notice, December 20th, 1972, December 28th, 1972 decision. Effective dated January 1st 1973 for dissolution. Settled in 1837 and the first person to buy a lot was John Farquharson. Surveyed in 1823 as a possible site for the capital of Upper Canada. Present approved name is **CORUNNA**. Population 200 in 1857 and 2,375 in 1980. Map position: 42°53' 82°26'. References: I, S, Z, U, EE, 2W, 1H, 3B, 2Y, 3K, V, 9L and 5L.

**CORWHIN**, dispersed rural community, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located 6 miles from Nassagaweya, 8 km north of Morriston, 24 km west of Milton and 9 miles southeast of Guelph. Post office established as **CORWHIN**, in 1876. First Postmaster Duncan Campbell. Office closed August 31st, 1914. Spelling in 1984 shown as **CORWIN**. Present approved name is **CORWHIN**. Population 10 in 1893 and 13 in 1976. Map position: 43°31' 80°06'. References: I, S, 6T, V, "R.Szadanyi", U10, 5V and 5L.

**CORWIN CRESCENT**, urban community, Part of the City of Niagara Falls, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara Falls. Present approved name is **CORWIN CRESCENT**. Map position: 43°05' 79°06'. References: V.

**COSBY**, hamlet, Cosby Township, later in Cosby, Mason and Martland United Township, Nipissing District. Located 45 miles from Sturgeon Falls, 4 km west of Chartrand Corners, 16 km southwest of Alban and 17 km northeast of Bigwood. Post office established as **COSBY**, on November 11th, 1904. Named for the Township. First Postmaster Hormidis Lahaie. Office name changed to **NOELVILLE**, May 1st, 1911. Office still in operation in 1983. It became Police Village of Noelville (about 1912) in Sudbury District. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order P5697, effective dated January 1st, 1969. Religious Parish name **ST. DAVID de COSBY**. Noelville named for Noel Desmarais former lumberman and general store owner. Present approved name is **NOELVILLE**. Population 100 in 1926 and 250 in 1980. Map position: 46°08' 80°26'. References: S, PP, 7J, 6T, U, DD, MM, 3B, SS, 9L, 9J and D.

**COSBY, MASON AND MARTLAND TOWNSHIPS**, Sudbury District. Settled in 1895. Incorporated November 20th, 1914 by Judges Declaration of Incorporation, dated November 20th, 1914. (Note: Martland Township was annexed to Cosby and Mason Townships, effective January 1st, 1952). Population 1,696 in 1977 and 1,605 in 1980. References: R1, HH and M.

**COSBY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°09' 80°29'. References: V.

**COSENS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 83°56'. References: V.

**COSTELLO**, post office, Savard Township, Timiskaming District. Located 8 miles from Charlton and 26 miles from Englehart. Post office established as **COSTELLO**, on April 1st, 1911. First Postmaster Samuel Kitts. Office closed November 1966. Present approved name is **COSTELLO**. Map position: 47°51' 80°07'. References: U, V and 6T.

**COSTELLO TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 51°10' 92°27'. References: V.

**COSY COVE**, hamlet, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 3 km north of Stoco, 4 km northeast of Tweed

and 17 km southwest of Madoc. Present approved name is **COSY COVE**. Population 29 in 1976. Map position: 44°29' 77°16'. References: 3B and 5L.

**COTE DES NEIGES**, post office, Ernestown Township, Addington County. Postmaster D. W. Perry in 1855. This may be an error for a Quebec office listing. No other reference to this office in Ontario. References: 2W.

**COTE SIDING**, dispersed rural community, Devitt Township, later Eilber & Delbert Township, Cochrane District. Located 5 miles east of Hallewood, near Hearst and 7 miles west of Mattice. Post office established as **COTE SIDING** on August 1st, 1927. First Postmaster George Cote. Post office name changed to **VAL COTE**. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name changed to **VAL COTE**, May 1st, 1935. Present approved name is **VAL COTE**. Population 15 in 1941 and 192 in 1976. Map position: 49°39' 83°24'. References: GS, 6T, R1, U, 3B and O.

**COTE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 81°47'. References: V.

**COTIEVILLE**, suburban community, Horton Township, Renfrew County. Located 1 km northwest of Renfrew, 8 km northeast of Admaston and 12 km southwest of Castleford. Present approved name is **COTIEVILLE**. Map position: 45°29' 76°43'. References: V+ and 5L.

**COTNAM ISLAND**, dispersed rural community, Pembroke Township, Renfrew County. Located 5 km southeast of Pembroke, 13 km southwest of Westmeath and 4 km north of Government Road. Present approved name is **COTNAM ISLAND**. Map position: 45°48' 77°03'. References: V and 5L.

**COTSWOLD**, SEE: BOLTON'S CORNERS, Wellington County.

**COTTAGE COVE**, Dome Township, Kenora District. Population 139 in 1956. No recent reference to this place. Reference: 5E.

**COTTAGE FARMS**, Pittburgh Township, Frontenac County. Population 70 in 1961 and 61 in 1966. No recent reference to this place. References: A5 and 6M.

**COTTAGE INN**, summer post office, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 miles from Port Severn and 3 miles from Waubaushene. Post office established as **COTTAGE INN** on June 15th, 1914. First Postmaster W.J. Street. Post office closed by 1918. No further reference to this place. References: 6T.

**COTTAM**, Police Village, Gosfield North Township, Essex County. Located 7 miles southeast of Essex on Highway #3, between Windsor and Leamington and 22 miles southeast of Sandwich. Post office established as **COTTAM** in 1877. First Postmaster W.E. Wagstaff. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village of Cottam on June 13th, 1914, by County Bylaw #351. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is **COTTAM**. Population 250 in 1893 and 514 in 1976. Map position: 42°08' 82°45'. References: I, S, 2U, 3B, 2Y, U10, WW, V, 9L, 6S, 5L and 7L.

**COTTESLOE**, SEE: COLQUHOUN'S CORNERS, Peterborough County.

**COTTE TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP 75, Thunder Bay District.

**COTTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 81°01'. References: V.

**COUCHICHING**, summer resort, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 mile east of Orillia, on the shore of a lake of the same name and at the Junction of the M branch of the Northern & North Western Railway and the Midland division of the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **COUCHICHING** July 1st, 1874. First Postmaster James Fennell. Office closed December 31st, 1876. Nearest post office later, at Orillia. Name misspelled as **GOUCHICHING** in 1848. Population 50 in 1893. The origin of the name is an Indian word meaning 'narrows separating two lakes'. No recent references to this place. References: I, C, Z, U10, 7B and 9H.

**COUCHICHING ISLAND #16A**, Indian Reservation, north of Fort Frances, Rainy River District. Population 326 in

1976. Map position: 48°42' 93°25'. References: V and 5L.

COUGHLIN, SEE: CHANNELL, Thunder Bay District.

COULSON, SEE: COULSON'S CORNERS, Simcoe County.

COULSON'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community in Medonte and Oro Townships, Simcoe County, located 20 miles north of Barrie and 10 miles west of Orillia. Post office opened 1863, as **COULSON**. First Postmaster James Coulson. Office closed June 29th, 1968. Name associated with Coulson's Corners was **DURHURST**, but time is not shown when name applied. James Coulson's father was the first settler and he was a farmer. Present approved name is **COULSON**. Population 100 in 1907 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 44°34' 79°37'. References: A, I, 3B, 5L, S, Z, V and 6S.

COULSON'S HILL, dispersed rural community, West Gwillimbury Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 km northeast of Bradford, 11 km southwest of Cookstown and 6 km southeast of Fennell. Present approved name is **COULSON'S HILL**. Map position: 44°10' 79°35'. References: 5L and V.

**COULSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°40' 80°21'. References:V.

COULTER'S CORNERS, SEE: HAM'S CORNERS #2, Victoria County.

COULTERS HILLS, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is **COULTERS HILLS**. Map position: 44°24' 77°14'. References: V and V+.

COULTERVILLE, hamlet, Caledon Township, Peel County, within Regional Municipality of Peel. Settled in the 19th century by the Coulter family. Well known in 1928, but name not approved for mapping until 1974. Present approved name is **COULTERVILLE**. Map position: 43°46' 80°02'. References: 3C and V+.

COULTHARD'S CORNERS, SEE: HAM'S CORNERS #2, Victoria County.

COUNTRY PLACE, suburban community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 7 km southwest of Elizabeth Park, 1 km northwest of Victory Hill and 4 km northeast of Rideau Glen. Present approved name is **COUNTRY PLACE**. Map position: 45°19' 75°43'. References: V and 5L.

COUNTRY SQUIRE SUBDIVISION, Asphodel Township, Peterborough County. Located on Rice Lake, 8 km southwest of Hastings and 2 km southeast of Birdsalls. Name is not approved. Population 56 in 1971 and 80 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 78°03'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

COURTICE, concentrated rural community, Darlington Township, Durham County, recently Part of Town of Newcastle. Located 35 miles west of Cobourg and 6 miles northwest of Bowmanville. Post office established as **COURTICE** 1882. First Postmaster C.W. Lent. Office closed October 1st, 1963. Present approved name is **COURTICE**. Population 50 in 1893 and 519 in 1971, and after 1976 population included in Newcastle. Map position: 43°55' 78°46'. References: I, S, 3B, U10, V, 3G, 5P and 6T.

COURTLAND #1, SEE: RONSON'S CORNERS, Norfolk County.

COURTLAND #2, hamlet, Oxford County. **COURTLAND STATION** served by Michigan Central Railway. Not a post office but had two churches, one store and express and telegraph offices. No location or Township shown for this place and only noted in the year 1908. Population 300 in 1908. Reference: PP.

COURTLAND PARK, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **COURTLAND PARK**. Map position: 45°22' 75°43'. References: V.

COURTLEA MOBILE ACRES, trailer park, Middleton Township, Norfolk County, later in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 9 km south of Otterville, 9 km west of Delhi and 10 km east of Tillsonburg. Name

changed to **COURTLEE** in 1971. In 1976 listed as **COURTLEA MOBILE HOMES.** None of the three names is approved. Population 88 in 1971 and 206 in 1976. Map position: 42°51' and 80°36'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

**COURTRIGHT,** SEE: SUTHERLAND'S, Lambton County.

**COURTRIGHT JUNCTION,** Lambton County. A station on the St. Claire division of Michigan Central Railway. Located 1 mile from Courtright. No recent reference to this junction. References: PP and U10.

**COURTWOOD CRESCENT,** urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **COURTWOOD CRESCENT.** Map position: 45°22' 75°45'. References: V.

**COUTNAC BEACH,** Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located between Peekaboo Point and Marygrove, north of Highland Point. Present approved name is **COUTNAC BEACH.** Map position: 44050' 79055'. References: 5L.

**COUTTSVILLE,** dispersed rural community, Hilliard Township, Timiskaming District. Located 3 miles from Thornloe Station on Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post office established as **COUTTSVILLE** on April 1st, 1905. First Postmaster Francis Coutts. Office closed May 24th, 1921. Present approved name is **COUTTSVILLE.** Map position: 47°40' 79°41'. References: PP, V, 7S, 6T and 5L.

**COVE BEACH #1,** dispersed rural community, Athol Township, Prince Edward County. Located 4 km northeast of Outlet, 7 km southwest of Milford and 11 km southeast of Picton. Present approved name is **COVE BEACH.** Map position: 43°55' 77°11'. References: V and 5L.

**COVE BEACH #2,** Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located between Sand Castle Beach and Ishpiming Beach. Present approved name is **COVE BEACH.** Map position: 44°45' 80°07'. References: 5L.

**COVE INLET,** SEE: ABITIBI POWER & PAPER, Thunder Bay District.

**COVENTRY,** SEE: COLUMBIA, Peel County.

**COVERDALE,** concentrated rural community, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Located as an eastern suburb of Cobourg, 7 km southeast of Precious Corners and 11 km southwest of Grafton. Present approved name is **COVERDALE.** Population 180 in 1956 and 1,573 in 1976. Map position: 43°58' 78°09'. References: 3B, 5E, V and 5L.

**COVERLEY,** hamlet, Bentinck Township, Grey County. Located 25 miles south of Owen Sound and 6 miles east of Chesley Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **COVERLEY** in 1869. First Postmaster James Grant. Post office closed 1892. Population 200 in 1875 and 200 in 1885. No recent references to this place. References: A, I, Z and 3R.

**COWAL,** SEE: NEW MONTREAL, Elgin County.

**COWAN'S BAY,** Emily Township, Victoria County. Located 5 km north of Omemee, 15 km west of Lindsay and 1 km southwest of Fee's Landing. Present approved name is **COWAN'S BAY.** Population 85 in 1971. Map position: 44°20' 78°32'. References: 3B and 5L.

**COWAN'S TRADING POST,** Simcoe County, located on the east side of Matchedash Bay. Built in 1778, still there in 1793. No recent note of place or name. References: 6O.

**COWIE TOWNSHIP,** SEE: TOWNSHIP 27, Range 25, Algoma District.

**COWPER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°15' 80°05'. References: V.

**COWSLIP,** station, West Township, Algoma District. **COWSLIP STATION** located near Missanabie (N.C.R.). Station

number 4622, on White River Division of CPR, between the stations of Carry and Missanabie, in 1911. References: SS and 10B.

COX'S CREEK, Gore District, Upper Canada, later Woolwich Township, Waterloo County. Located 9 miles north of Berlin (later Kitchener), and 6 miles from Elmira. Post office opened May 6th, 1836 named **WOOLWICH**. First Postmaster John Davidson. Post office name changed to **WINTERBOURNE** in September, 1859. Office closed July 15th, 1918. Present approved name is **WINTERBOURNE**. Population 125 in 1892 and 322 in 1976. Map position: 43°33' 80°28'. References: EE, 9J, I, 3S, 3X, 7X, T, AA, 3B, 2F and 6T.

**COX TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°09' 80°45'. References: V.

COXVALE, dispersed rural community, Clarendon Township, Frontenac County. Located 40 km from Tichborne, 6 km southeast of Ardoch, 16 km southwest of Mississippi Station and 9 km west of Clarendon Station. Post office opened as **COXVALE** on January 1st, 1913. First Postmaster D.J. Cox. Office closed November 12th, 1957. Present approved name is **COXVALE**. Population 39 in 1976. Map position: 44°53' 76°52'. References: 5L, U, V and 6T.

COYLE, dispersed rural community, Part of City of Welland, Niagara District. Present approved name is **COYLE**. Map position: 42°58' 79°16'. References: U and V.

**COYLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°46' 94°10'. References: V.

COYNE, SEE: **KASHBAW VILLAGE**, Sudbury District.

COZY CORNERS, Tovell Township, Rainy River District. Located 5 km north of Arbor Vitae, 7 km east of Bergland and 12 km southeast of Minahico. Present approved name is **COZY CORNERS**. Map position: 48°57' 94°18'. References: 5L.

CRAIG HENRY, suburban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 2 km east of Woodvale, 13 km northwest of Barr Haven and 20 km west of Kanata. Present approved name is **CRAIG HENRY**. Map position: 45°19' 75°46'. References: V and 5L.

CRAIGHOLME, SEE: **CRAIGSHOLME**, Wellington County.

CRAIGHURST, SEE: **MORRISON'S CORNERS**, Simcoe County.

CRAIGHURST STATION, Flos Township, Simcoe County, located 16 km from MacTier. References: B and U.

CRAIGIE LEA, locality, Medora Township, Muskoka District. Located 18 miles northwest of Bracebridge and 30 miles north of Gravenhurst. Post office established as **CRAIGIE LEA** in 1885. First Postmaster John C. Walls. Office closed August 1st, 1959. Present approved name is **CRAIGIE LEA**. Population 50 in 1893 and 160 in 1908. Map position: 45°11' 79°42'. References: B, I, Z, PP, U10, V, 5P, 6T and 6S.

CRAIGLEITH, dispersed rural community, Collingwood Township, Grey County. Located 37 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 6 miles west of Collingwood. Post office established as **CRAIG LEITH** on January 1st, 1857. First Postmaster A.G. Fleming. Office closed August 1st, 1947. Present approved name is **CRAIGLEITH**. Population 80 in 1895 and 131 in 1976. Map position: 42°32' 80°19'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, 3M, V, 6T and 5L.

CRAIGMAWR BEACH, dispersed rural community, Georgina Township, York County, later within Regional Municipality of York. Located adjacent to Indianola Beach, on Lake Simcoe and 3 km northwest of Jersey. Present approved name is **CRAIGMAWR BEACH**. Population 126 in 1961 and 152 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 79°28'. References: 3B, 5A, V+ and 5L.

CRAIGMONT #1, dispersed rural community, Carlow Township, Hastings County. The mine opened in 1900, and by 1906, had 400 workers. In nearby Corundum Mines, in 1913, they had a mine fire and by 1921, little population. Present approved name is **CRAIGMONT**. Map position: 45°18' 77°38'. References: V, 5L and Ron Brown.

**CRAIGMONT #2**, hamlet, Raglan Township, Renfrew County. Located 32 km from Barry's Bay on Grand Trunk Railway, and located on the York Branch of the Madawaska River. Post office established as **CRAIGMONT** on June 17th, 1902. First Postmaster B.A. Craig. Office closed December 1st, 1948. Named for the first Postmaster. Last reference to this hamlet in 1972. Population 470 in 1908 and 75 in 1926. References: MM, S, 7P, 6T and PP.

**CRAIG'S BRIDGE**, hamlet, Darling Township, Lanark County. Craig's Bridge named for F. Craig. References: 7D.

**CRAIG'S CHUTE**, hamlet, named for F. Craig, farmer, Darling Township, Lanark County. No recent reference to place name. References: 7D.

**CRAIG'S CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Chinguacousy Township, Part of Town of Caledon. Located 10 miles northwest of Brampton and 2 miles east of Inglewood. Other early settlers called the place after **O'CULLODEN** in Scotland. In 1857, the **CLAUDE MISSION** gave the place its name. Post office opened as **CLAUDE** on August 1st, 1857. First Postmaster Hugh Craig. Office closed September 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **CLAUDE**. Population 130 in 1885 and 76 in 1956. Map position: 43°47' 79°54'. References: Z, 3R, 5E, 3M, 3C, V, 1V and 6T.

**CRAIGSHOLME**, dispersed rural community, East Garafaraxa Township, Dufferin County, at times shown in Wellington County. Located 17 miles north of Guelph and 2 1/2 miles from Belwood Station on CPR. Post office established as **CRAIGSHOLME** on June 1st, 1870. First Postmaster Murdoch Craig. Post office was named after first Postmaster. Office closed October 1st, 1914. Place of name mispelled as **CRAIGSHOLM** and **CRAIGHOLME**. Present approved name is **CRAIGSHOLME**. Population 60 in 1892 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 43°47' 80°17'. References: I, 6T, Z, AA, PP, V, 5V, 6S and 5L.

**CRAIG SHORE**, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located south of Carleton Place, on Mississippi Lake, between Coleman's Shore and Tennyson. Present approved name is **CRAIG SHORE**. Map position: 45°03' 76°10'. References: 5L.

**CRAIGSHUE**, Garafraxa Township, Wellington County. Nearest railroad station in Hillsburg. Nearest bank agency in Fergus. This place noted only in the year 1886. Population 100 in 1886. Reference: T.

**CRAIG'S MILLS**, SEE: **GRIMSHAW SETTLEMENT**, Northumberland County.

**CRAIG'S STATION**, this name was first proposed for the place Ailsa Craig, but was refused by the post office because that name was in use, this station located in McGillivray Township, Middlesex County. References: 7R.

**CRAIG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°46' 81°45'. References: V.

**CRAIGVALE**, hamlet, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 7 miles southeast of Barrie, the County Seat. Post office opened as **CRAIGVALE** on March 1st, 1863. First Postmaster J. Fraser. Office named for John Craig, the earliest settler. Office closed March 15th, 1947. Station name became **STROUD**. Other names used at this place have been **CRAIGSVALE** and **CRAIGVILLE**. Present approved name is **CRAIGVALE**. Population 200 in 1886 50 in 1951. Map position: 44°20' 79°36'. References: I, T, JJ, 3B, V, SS, 3N, 7B and DD.

**CRAIGVALE STATION**, station, located 1/2 mile east of Stroud on North and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway in Innisville Township, Simcoe County, (1892), later on CNR. No recent reference to this station. References: AA.

**CRAIGVILLE**, SEE: **CRAIGVALE**, Simcoe County.

**CRAMAHE**, SEE: **KEELER'S CREEK**, Northumberland County.

**CRAMAHE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Northumberland County, formerly in New Castle District, Canada West. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P.5252-68, dated May 29th, 1968. Population 2,993 in 1952 and

2,396 in 1980. Map position: 44°06' 77°54'. References: C, HH, 2W, M and V.

CRAMPTON, dispersed rural community, North Dorchester Township, Middlesex County. Located 20 miles southeast of London and 3 miles from Putnam Station on CPR. Post office opened as CRAMPTON in 1882. First Postmaster Alexander Fleming. Office closed July 1st, 1914. This place name misspelled as CRAMPION. Present approved name is CRAMPTON. Population 15 in 1893 and 24 in 1976. Map position: 42°57' 80°57'. References: I, S, Z, U10, V, 6T, 5P, 6S and 5L.

CRANBERRY, SEE: CRANBERRY LAKE, Parry Sound District.

CRANBERRY LAKE, dispersed rural community, Mowat Township, Parry Sound District. After 1976, known as CRANBERRY. This place is designated as a locality in 1977. Present approved locality name is CRANBERRY. Map position: 45°54' 80°34'. References: V, V+, 6S and 5L.

CRANBERRY STATION, a station, Mowat Township, Parry Sound District, located north of Byng Inlet. Present approved name is CRANBERRY STATION. Map position: 45°55' 80°35'. References: B, V and 6S.

CRANBORO, hamlet in Leeds County, located 15 miles from Smith's Falls on CPR, population 50 in 1908. No recent reference to this place. References: PP.

CRANBROOK, SEE: TANNERSVILLE, Huron County.

CRANDALL'S CORNERS, hamlet, Reach Township, Ontario County. Located 17 miles from Whitby, 46 miles from Toronto and 15 miles from Oshawa. Post office established June 1st, 1863 as BORELIA. First Postmaster James Jewett, who resigned March 1st, 1872, and post office was closed. By 1877, this area became Part of Port Perry. On January 1st, 1974, the Township and its communities formed the new Township of Scugog. Crandall's Corners was named for Mr. Reuben Crandall. No recent references to this hamlet. References: 3G, I, EE, 3N, 4F and 5X.

CRANFORD, SEE: LIMERICK, Huron and Middlesex Counties.

CRANSTON, SEE: HOLTON, Haldimand County.

CRANSTONS BEACH, dispersed rural community, Loughborough Township, Frontenac County. Located on Loughborough Lake, 6 km southeast of Sydenham and 15 km northwest of Kingston. Present approved name is CRANSTON'S BEACH. Map position: 44°22' 76°34'. References: V and 5L.

CRANWORTH, hamlet, Burgess Township, later South Burgess Township, Leeds County. Located 30 miles northwest of Brockville and 13 miles southeast of Smith's Falls. Post office opened as CRANWORTH on July 1st, 1867. First Postmaster Thomas M. Kyle. Office closed July 1st, 1916. Population 50 in 1895 and 100 in 1908. No recent references to this hamlet. References: S, PP, 3R, 3Q and 6T.

CRATHIE, dispersed rural community, Adelaide Township, Middlesex County. Located 2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Strathroy and 20 miles from London. Post office opened as CRATHIE on January 1st, 1874. First Postmaster John Anderson. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Population 10 in 1893 and 25 in 1907. Present approved name is CRATHIE. Map position: 43°02' 81°38'. References: B, A, S, U10, V, 6T, 5Y and 5L.

CRAWFORD #1, dispersed rural community, Bentinck Township, Grey County. Located 30 miles southwest of Owen Sound and 6 miles east of Grand Trunk Railway at Elmwood Station. Post office opened as CRAWFORD on July 1st, 1863. First Postmaster H. McRae. Office closed August 31st, 1913. Present approved name is CRAWFORD. Population 10 in 1893 and 80 in 1908. Map position: 44°15' 80°56'. References: B, I, S, Z, PP, U10, 3N, 6T, 6S and 5L.

CRAWFORD #2, station, Nipigon Township, Thunder Bay District. Located at mile 1979, on Canadian Northern Railway mainline at an altitude of 624 feet above sea-level, between the stations of Nipigon and Dalziel, 6.5 miles from Dalziel and 5.2 miles from Nipigon. No recent references to this station. References: L3 and L.

**CRAWFORD #3**, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Population 195 in 1956. No other reference to this place. References: 5E.

**CRAWFORD ISLAND**, summer post office, on Crawford Island, Lake Muskoka, in Muskoka District. Post office opened as **CRAWFORD ISLAND** on August 1st, 1906. First Postmaster F.C. Law. Office closed in 1916. Present approved name is **CRAWFORD ISLAND**.. Map position: 44°59' 79°27'. References: S, V, 6T, 7T and 6S.

**CRAWFORD'S CORNER**, SEE: **WINDSOR BAY**, Ontario County.

**CRAWFORDS GROVE**, dispersed rural community, North Monaghan Township, Peterborough County. Located 1 1/4 miles from Brownton and 2 miles from Claraday. Post office opened as **CRAWFORD'S GROVE** on March 1st, 1923. First Postmaster Norman L. Patterson. Office closed October 5th, 1957. Present approved name is **CRAWFORD'S GROVE**. Map position: 44°17' 78°20'. References: U, V, 6T.

**CRAWFORD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°50' 81°24'. References: V.

**CREAN HILL**, dispersed rural community, Dennison Township, Algoma District, now Part of Town of Walden. Located 4.5 miles from Victoria Mines. Post office opened as **CREAN HILL** on January 18th, 1909. First Postmaster F.H. Gallagher. Office closed January 1st, 1920. Present approved name is **CREAN HILL**. Population 21 in 1971 and 1976 population included in Walden. Map position: 46°26' 81°21'. References: 3B, V and 6T.

**CREAR**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **CREAR**. Map position: 43°13' 79°52'. Reference: V.

**CREDIT**, SEE: **CREDIT MILLS #2**, Peel County.

**CREDIT FORKS**, SEE: **ADJUDA**, Peel County.

**CREDIT INDIAN VILLAGE**, SEE: **CREDIT MISSION**, Peel County.

**CREDIT MILLS #1**, urban community, Toronto Township, Peel County. Now Part of the City of Mississauga, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Settled in 1808 and named Credit Mills. In 1827, the name **TORONTO MISSION** was used for a few years. In 1830, this place was shown on a plan map as **TORONTO**. On October 6th, 1831, the post office opened under the name **CREDIT**. First Postmaster J. B. Spragge. Status changed to that of a sub-post office and the name changed to **COOKSVILLE-ERINDALE**, on October 14th, 1963. Office closed August 13th, 1965. In 1889, the post office became **SPRINGFIELD-ON-THE-CREDIT**. Local name for the place was **SPRINGFIELD**. In 1900, a petition was taken, and the name **ERINDALE**, was chosen as both place and post office name. Another occasional name for the place was **CREDIT VILLAGE**. Present approved name is **ERINDALE**. Population 400 in 1886 and 227 in 1951. Map position: 43°32' 79°39'. References: I, T, 7X, 3C, 3G, 7M, 1V, 6R, 3B and V.

**CREDIT MILLS #2**, Home District, Lower Canada, later Toronto Township, Peel County. Located 10 miles south of Brampton and 20 miles west of Toronto, on the Credit River, at the Junction of the Orangeville and Elora Branch of the CPR. In 1828, a post office opened named **STREETSVILLE**. First Postmaster Israel Ransom. Office still in operation in 1984. This place named for the Mills built on the Credit, by John Barnhart, in 1808. James Glendinning built the first house in 1818 and was the first settler. Incorporated a a Village in 1858 and as a Town in 1962. January 1st, 1974 it amalgamated with Town of Port Credit and Town of Mississauga, to form the City of Mississauga, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. The station was named **STREETSVILLE JUNCTION** and the Town was named for Timothy Street, an early settler. Present approved name is **STREETSVILLE**. Population 550 in 1846 and 5,056 in 1966. Map position: 43°35' 79°42'. References: 3C, I, G, S, HH, 2T, 2R, 3G, 2Y, SS, 5K, F, 7X and V.

**CREDIT MISSION**, Indian Village in 1826. Located in peel County. Built by the government for Christianized Mississauga Indians. This place was abandoned in 1847. Also known as **CREDIT INDIAN VILLAGE**. References: 3C and 6D.

CREDITON, Police Village, Stephen Township, Huron County. Located 40 miles southeast of Goderich, 5 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Centralia Station. Post office opened as CREDITON on September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster John Parsons. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Police Village January 25th, 1899, by County Bylaw #4. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is CREDITON. Population 1,000 in 1893 and 439 in 1976. Map position: 43°17' 81°33'. References: I, S, 3B, U10, 3Z, F, V, 6S, 9L, 5L and 7L.

CREDITON EAST: This place is a continuation of Crediton in Huron County. Located 12 miles from London, Huron & Bruce Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway at Centralia, and 40 miles southeast of Goderich. Post office opened as CREDITON EAST on October 1st, 1898. First Postmaster John. W. Mitchell. Office closed July 18th, 1917. No recent references to this place. References: S, PP, 7G and 6T.

CREDITVALE, SEE: BARBER'S MILLS, Peel County.

CREDIT VALLEY JUNCTION, station, Oxford County. This is a junction of the Credit Valley line, Ontario division CPR, and the Goderich Buffalo & Lake Erie line of the Grand Trunk Railway, in Oxford County. Located 1 miles south of Norwich, the nearest post office. This reference is given in 1895 and there is no further mention of this place. References: Z.

CREDIT VILLAGE, SEE: CREDIT MILLS #1, Peel County.

CREDITVILLE, hamlet, Blandford-Blenheim Township, Oxford County. Located 12 km northeast of Woodstock, 5 km northwest of Muir and 8 km southwest of Princeton. Population 69 in 1971. Present approved name is CREDITVILLE. Map position: 43°09' 80°37'. References: 3B, LL and 5L.

CREDIT WOODLANDS, urban community, renamed ERINDALE WOODLANDS, Part of City of Mississauga, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. A local name for this place is THE WOODLANDS. Present approved name is ERINDALE WOODLANDS. Map position: 43°34' 79°39'. References: 3C and V.

CREEK BANK, dispersed rural community, Peel Township, Wellington County. Located 20 miles north of Guelph and 3 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Alma Station. Post office opened as CREEK BANK on September 6th, 1852. First Postmaser John Fisher. Office closed February 1st, 1915. Population 40 in 1893 and 16 in 1976. Present approved name is CREEK BANK. Map position: 43°42' 80°32'. References: I, S, 3K, U10, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

CREEK TOWN, post office , Flos Township, Simcoe County. Post office opened as CREEK TOWN in 1878, First Postmaster P. J. Morley. Office closed in 1880. No further reference to this office. References: I, 9F and 2E.

CREELMAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°56' 81°01'. References: V.

CREEMORE, SEE: CREEMORE MILLS, Simcoe County.

CREEMORE MILLS, Village, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located on Mad River and on the Hamilton & North Western Railway, 22 miles west of Barrie and 16 miles from Collingwood. Post office named CREEMORE MILLS, opened August 6th, 1851. First Postmaster W. Webster. Office still in operation in 1983. This place named by Senator J.A. Gowan. It means 'Big Heart', in Gaelic. Incorporated as Village November 20th, 1889. There are reputed to be 9 Petun or Tabacco Indian Villages in the hills surrounding Creemore. Present approved name is CREEMORE. Population 750 in 1893 and 1,089 in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 80°06'. References: 8Q, I, M, S, NN, PP, 2Y, F, JJ, U10, V, 6S, 5L and 7D.

CREEN VALLEY, post office, Charlottenburg Township, Glengarry County, on Lot 1, Concession 9. This notice is in 1879. It may be this is an error listing for Green Valley. References: 2B.

CREIGHTON #1, concentrated rural community, Snider Township, Sudbury District, later Part of Town of Walden. Named for David Creighton, Ontario MP, for Grey North Riding. Present approved name is CREIGHTON. Population

1,686 in 1941 and 1,463 in 1966. In 1971 and 1976, the population figures are included in Walden. Map position: 46°28' 81°11'. References: 3B, 5A, 5K and V.

**CREIGHTON #2**, dispersed rural community, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Located 21 miles north of Barrie and 10 miles from Orillia. Post office opened as **CREIGHTON** on April 1st, 1868. First Postmaster Thomas Kavanagh, who named the office for a Captain Creighton, who had lived there. Office closed November 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **CREIGHTON**. Population 100 in 1895 and 5 in 1976. Map position: 44°36' 79°35'. References: I, S, Z, JJ, 3Q, V, 6T, 6S and 5:.

**CREIGHTON HEIGHTS**, SEE: **CREIGHTON HILL**, Northumberland County.

**CREIGHTON HILL**, dispersed rural community, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. 1 km south of Baltimore, 4 km northeast of Precious Corners and 7 km north of Cobourg. In 1956 the name was changed to **CREIGHTON HEIGHTS**. Present approved name is **CREIGHTON HEIGHTS**. Population 60 in 1951 and 231 in 1956. Map position: 44°01' 78°12'. References: V, 3B, 5E, V and 5L.

**CREIGHTON MINE**, post office, Snider Township, Nipissing District. Now Part of Town of Walden. Post office established as **CREIGHTON MINE** on June 1st, 1902. First Postmaster W.G. Carr. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious Parish name **ST. MICHEL**. Present approved name is **CREIGHTON MINE**. Population 300 in 1908 and 1,727 in 1966. Map position: 46°28' 81°11'. References: PP, F, 2R, V, 7P and "R.F. Boudignon".

**CREIGHTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°30' 81°16'. References: V.

**CREPIEUL TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 22, Range 20**, Sudbury District.

**CRERAR**, railway point, Davis Township, Sudbury District. This station located on Canadian Northern Railway mainline, at an altitude of 836 feet above sea-level, 19 miles west of River Valley and 12 miles east of Skead. Post office opened as **CRERAR** on June 15th, 1928. First Postmaster John Halley. Office closed in 1969. Pesent approved name is **CRERAR**. Map position: 46°38' 80°34'. References: L3, V, 9F and 6T.

**CRERAR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°35' 80°15'. References: V.

**CRESCENT**, station, Northumberland County. Located on the line of Grand Trunk Railway. Population 10 in 1893. No references after 1907. References: S and U10.

**CRESCENT BAY**, SEE: **BERTIE BAY**, Welland County.

**CRESCENT BEACH #1**, concentrated rural community, North Gwillimbury Township, later Georgina Township, York County, now within the Regional Municipality of York. Located on lake Simcoe, 2 km southwest of Willow Beach and 7 km west of Sutton. Present approved name is **CRESCENT BEACH**. Map position: 44°19' 79°27'. References: V, 6S and 5L.

**CRESCENT BEACH #2**, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Population 96 in 1941 and 247 in 1951. References: 3B.

**CRESCENT BEACH #3**, SEE: **BERTIE BAY**, Welland County.

**CRESCENT HARBOUR**, concentrated rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located on lake Simcoe, 2 km north of Sandycove Acres and 13 km west of Barrie. Present approved name is **CRESCENT HARBOUR**. Population 51 in 1971 and after 1976 population included in Sandy Cove. Map position: 44°22' 79°35'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

**CRESCENT PARK #1**, SEE: **BERTIE BAY**, Welland County.

**CRESCENT PARK #2**, urban community, Part of City of Sarnia. Present approved name is **CRESCENT PARK**. Map position: 42°58' 82°22'. References: V and V+.

**CRESCENT WOOD BEACH**, settlement, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 10.7 mies from Penetanguishene and 5.7 miles from Toanche. Post office opened as **CRESCENT WOOD BEACH** on July 2nd, 1956. First Postmaster H. Dupuis. On December 31st, 1966 the post office name changed to **SAWLOG BAY**. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **SAWLOG BAY**. Map position: 44°52' 79°56'. References: SS, V, F, 6T and U.

**CRESOTE**, railway point, Part of City of Sudbury. Present approved name is **CRESOTE**. Map position: 46°30' 81°03'. References: V and V+.

**CRESSMAN'S WOODS**, located near Doon, Ontario. It was the first modern Ontario Pioneer community, set up in 1954, in Homer Watson Memorial Park, to collect, preserve and exibit pioneer artifacts. References: 2Y.

**CRESSVIEW LAKE**, in 1942 a man named Cress Walker, erected a building for his mail operation. This place is in Caledon Township, Peel County and since that date has been well-known locally by that name. References: 3C.

**CRESSWELL**, SEE: **MANILLA STATION**, Victoria County.

**CRESSY**, SEE: **BONGARD'S CORNERS**, Prince Edward County.

**CRESSY EAST**, SEE: **BONGARD'S CORNERS**, Prince Edward County.

**CRESTVIEW**, suburban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, now within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 10 km west of Elizabeth Park, 2 km north of Tanglewood and 4 km southeast of St. Clair Gardens. Present approved name is **CRESTVIEW**. Map position: 45°20' 75°44'. References: V and 5L.

**CRESWELL**, SEE: **MANILLIA STATION**, Victoria County.

**CREWE**, dispersed rural community, Ashfield Township, Huron County. Located 15 miles north of Goderich and 11 miles southwest of Lucknow. Post office established as **CREWE**, in 1886. First Postmaster Mathew Shackleton. Office closed September 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **CREWE**. Population 10 in 1893 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 43°54' 81°39'. References: I, S, Z, MM, U10, B, 6T, 6S and 5L.

**CREWSONS CORNERS**, SEE: **MORGANTOWN**, Wellington County.

**CRIEFF**, SEE: **FRAZERVILLE #2**, Wellington County.

**CRILLY**, SEE: **SWINDEN**, Rainy River District.

**CRINAN**, dispersed rural community, Aldborough Township, Elgin County. Located 30 miles west of St. Thomas and 5 miles from Michigan Central Railway at Bismarck. Post office established as **CRINAN**, in London District, Canada West September 30th, 1859. First Postmaster D. McIntyre. Office closed July 1st, 1967. Place was named for the place (Crinan) in Scotland, by the first settlers. Present approved name is **CRINAN**. Population 50 in 1893 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 42°39' 81°40'. References: I, S, Z, PP, U10, 3X, V, 6T and 5L.

**CRIPPLEGATE**, hamlet, McClean Township, Muskoka District. Located 11 miles northeast of Bracebridge. Post office as **CRIPPLEGATE**, in opened 1879. First Postmaster William Hassey. Office closed in 1886. No recent references to this hamlet. References: I, S, Z, PP, 1L and 5V.

**CRIPP'S MILLS**, concentrated rural community, Eramosa Township, Wellington County, and now within the Regional Municipality of Halton. Located on the Township line, exactly between Eramosa and Nassagaweya (1846), and 9 miles from Guelph. Post office opened July 6th, 1851, as **EDEN MILLS**. First Postmaster A. L. Argo, who named the office. Office still in operation in 1983. Founded in 1842 by D. Kribbs, who was the first settler and built a dam and sawmill which started the place. Cripp's Mills is probably an error in the name of this place, which likely should have been KRIBB'S MILLS, but was more difficult to pronounce. Incorporated as a Police Village, under the name **EDEN MILLS**, Township of Eramosa, Wellington County and Township of Nassagaweya, Halton County, on December 12th, 1929, by County Bylaw #1286. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983.

Population 200 in 1857 and 332 in 1976. The Police Village population was shown in a record of 1969, as 134 in Eramosa Township and 148 in Nassagaweya Township. Present approved name is **EDEN MILLS**. Map position: 43°35' 80°09'. References: G, C, V, P, EE, 5L, 3B, W, F, 8Q and 9L.

**CROCKETT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 82°56'. References: V.

**CROFTON**, dispersed rural community, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 10 miles northwest of Picton, 6 miles from Dublin, 6 miles from Demorestville. Post office opened as **CROFTON**, on July 1st, 1869. First Postmaster Henry Covert. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **CROFTON**. Population 200 in 1893 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 44°04' 77°19'. References: I, S, U10, V, 6T, 5W and 5L.

**CROFT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Area 44,866 acres. Map position: 45°40' 79°45'. References: 1M and V.

**CROLAND**, SEE: **COOK'S MILLS #1**, Welland County.

**CROLANDVILLE**, SEE: **COOK'S MILLS #1**, Welland County.

**CROLL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°42' 86°45'. References: V.

**CROMAR**, dispersed rural community, Moore Township, Lambton County. Located 12 km west of Oil Springs, 15 km southwest of Petrolia and 3 km southeast of Brigden. Post office opened as **CROMAR**, on June 1st, 1900. First Postmaster John C. Watson. Office closed August 1st, 1912. The name was given by the father of John C. Watson for a District in Aberdeenshire, Scotland. Present approved name is **CROMAR**. Map position: 42°47' 82°16'. References: S, PP, 2Z, V, 6T, 7M, 7D, 6S and 5L.

**CROMARTY**, dispersed rural community, Hibbert Township, Perth County. Located 24 miles northwest of Stratford and 6 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Dublin Station. Post office opened as **CROMARTY**, on December 1st, 1856. First Postmaster John McLaren. Office closed April 1st, 1864. Named by John Ferguson for the Village of Cromarty in Scotland. The first name he applied for was **ELLENVILLE** or **ELLIEVILLE**(the handwritting is unclear), after his daughter Ellen. Present approved name is **CROMARTY**. Population 100 in 1893 and 44 in 1976. Map position: 43°26' 81°21'. References: I, S, 3B, U10, 3M, 3D, V, 6S and 5L.

**CROMBIE**, SEE: **BLACK'S CORNERS #1**, Wellington County. (later Dufferin County).

**CROMBIES**, SEE: **BLACK'S CORNERS #1**, Wellington County, (later Dufferin County).

**CROMLECH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°01' 83°20'. References: V.

**CRONKS**, steamer stop, Prince Edward County. Located on Deseronto Company daily route between Trenton and Picton in 1893. No recent reference to this stop. References: U10.

**CRONYN**, concentrated rural community, Purdom Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 11 miles from Nipigon and 81.5 miles from Port Arthur. Name changed to **HYDRO**, in October of 1920. The place, the post office and the CNR station, all took the same name. Post office opened as **HYDRO**, on September 1st, 1922. First Postmaster J. S. Latimer. Office and place names changed to **CAMERON FALLS**, on May 1st, 1939. Office closed on March 14th, 1974. Present approved name is **CAMERON FALLS**. Population 337 in 1956 and 235 in 1980. Map position: 49°08' 88°20'. References: SS, R2, U, 5E, V, 5L and 6T.

**CROOKED BAY**, dispersed rural community, Georgian Bay Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 1 mile from Cedar Nook, 27 km from Waubaushene and 9.5 miles from Port Severn. Summer post office opened as **CROOKED BAY** on June 16th, 1963. First Postmaster Almon Durkee Tolles. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CROOKED BAY**. Map position 44°55' 79°46'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

**CROOKED CREEK**, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Newcastle, Durham County, later within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **CROOKED CREEK**. Population 43 in 1971 afterwhich was included in Newcastle. Map position: 43°58' 78°30'. References: B, 3B and V.

**CROOKS**, dispersed rural community, Crooks Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 6.5 miles from Cloud Bay, 12 miles from Pigeon River, 7 miles from Pardee and 38 miles from Port Arthur. Post office opened as **CROOKS**, on April 25th, 1938. First Postmistress Mrs. Glen Caldwell. Office closed November 1st, 1951. Present approved name is **CROOKS**. Map position: 48°05' 89°31'. References: V, 6T and 5L.

**CROOKS HOLLOW**. West Flamborough Township, Wentworth County. An 1830s paper mill operation operated by James Crooks, who later purchased Crooks Rapids, (now known as Hastings), in Peterborough County. Reference: 2M.

**CROOKS MILLS**, settlement, situated on Twelve Mile Creek, Nelson Township, Halton County. Now Part of City of Burlington (1974). Located 17 miles northwest of Hamilton. Post office established as **TANSLEY** in 1885. First Postmaster Joseph Tansley for whom the office was named. Office closed October 1st, 1947. It had a station named **ST. ANNS'** on the North & North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Settled in 1827. Name changed to **TANSLEY** in 1885. Present approved name is **TANSLEY**. Population 200 in 1851, 10 in 1893, and 153 in 1956. Map position: 43°25' 79°48. References: 1B, U10, 5B, I, 5E, 5P, 6T and V.

**CROOKS RAPIDS**, Village, Asphodel Township, Peterborough County and Percy Township, Northumberland County. Located on the Trent River and on Grand Trunk Railway, 30 miles northeast of Cobourg and 6 miles from Norwood. Post office opened as **CROOKS RAPIDS**, on November 6th, 1852. First Postmaster H. Fowlds. He renamed the office and subsequently the Village as **HASTINGS** to honour Lady Flora Moira-Campbell's husband, the Marquis of Hastings. Office still in operation in 1983. This Town moved from Asphodel Township, to Percy Township on April 1st, 1874. The first settler was Timothy Coughlan in 1835. It was called Crooks Rapids for James Crooks who sold all his holdings to Henry Fowlds in 1851. Religious Parish name for this place **NOTRE DAME du MONT CARMEL**. Incorporated as a Village March 24th, 1874. Settled in 1795 by United Empire Loyalists on the south side of the river. The north side was occupied by Indians until 1818. An occasional name used at this place was **FOULDS RAPIDS**. Present approved name is **HASTINGS**. Population 1,100 in 1892 and 990 in 1980. Map position: 44°18' 77°57'. References: 2Y, 5N, I, M, U, AA, S, HH, 2T, 2M, F, SS, "Cobourg Star, September 22nd, 1858", V and 7A.

**CROOKSTON**, dispersed rural community, Huntingdon Township, Hastings County. Located 22 miles north of Belleville, and 6 miles from Madoc. **CROOKSTON STATION** on the Grand Trunk Railway. In 1887 the post office opened as **CROOKSTON**. The first Postmaster Edward B. Nash. Office closed on March 1st, 1970. There was an official notice of a post office opened named **COOKSTON**, in Hastings County, which was opened March 1st, to December 1st, 1892. This is probably an error of the spelling of Crookston. Place was named for the honourable Adam Crooks. Present approved name is **CROOKSTON**. Population 300 in 1893 and 52 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 77°27'. References: I, S, Z, PP, 3B, U10, V and 5L.

**CROOME TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township. Rainy River District. Map position: 49°03' 94°01'. References: V.

**CROSBIE**, SEE: **SINGLETON'S CORNERS**, Leeds County.

**CROSBY**, SEE: **SINGLETON'S CORNERS**, Leeds County.

**CROSBY'S CORNERS**, settlement, Home District, Canada West, later Markham Township, York County. Located 5.5 miles from Markham, 3 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Unionville Station and 24 miles north of Toronto. Post office opened as **CROSBY'S CORNERS**, on July 6th, 1851. First Postmaster A. Alexander. Office name changed to **CASHELL** in 1857. Post office closed April 1st, 1915. Recently designated a dispersed rural community, and Part of Town of Markham, within the Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is **CASHELL**. Population 10 in 1893 and 100 in 1926. Map position: 43°55' 79°19'. References: I, EE, 3J, 8Q, A, S, Z, MM, U10, V, 6T and 6S.

**CROSBY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **NORTH CROSBIE TOWNSHIP**, **SOUTH CROSBY TOWNSHIP**, **CROSBY NORTH TOWNSHIP** and

CROSBY SOUTH TOWNSHIP.

CROSS, station, Rainy River District. Located 37 miles east of Kenora, on the transcontinental line of CPR. CROSS STATION name was changed to WALLACE STATION in 1908. No further reference to this station. References: PP and SS.

CROSSHILL, dispersed rural community, Wellesley Township, Waterloo County, within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 16 miles northwest of Berlin (later Kitchener), 8 miles from Millbank and 14 miles northwest of Waterloo. Post office opened as CROSSHILL on April 6th, 1852. First Postmaster William Logan. Office closed October 31st, 1969. Named after a Village in Ayrshire, Scotland, by John B. Campbell and Hugh Hutchinson, who both came from that Village. Present approved name is CROSSHILL. Population 60 in 1857 and 69 in 1976. Map position: 43°31' 80°45'. References: I, S, Z, EE, 3K, V, 8Q, 6S, 7D and 5L.

CROSS LAKE #1, SEE: DARLINGTON #1, Keewatin District.

CROSS LAKE #2, dispersed rural community, Lyell Township, Nipissing District. Located 21 km from Madawaska. Post office opened as CROSS LAKE, on June 1st, 1900. First Postmaster H.G.G. Schmidt. Office closed February 16th, 1918. Present approved name is CROSS LAKE. Population 78 in 1941 and 61 in 1961. Map position: 45°25' 77°55'. References: 7M, 3B, 5A, V, 6T and 5L.

CROSS LAKE STATION, post office, opened first in Keewatin District, North West Territories, later Algoma District, Ontario. Post office opened as CROSS LAKE STATION in 1883. First Postmaster R. R. Bereton. Office closed in 1888. No further reference to this office. References: I.

CROSSLAND, dispersed rural community, Flos Township, Simcoe County. Located 20 miles northwest of Barrie, 15 miles from Stayner and 5 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Phelpston. Post office opened as CROSSLAND, in 1874. First Postmaster Henry Crossland, for whom the office is named. Office closed July 31st, 1961. Present approved name is CROSSLAND. Population 10 in 1893 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 44°32' 79°55'. References: I, S, Z, MM, JJ, U10, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

CROSSLEY HUNTER, dispersed rural community, South Dorchester Township, Elgin County. Present approved name is CROSSLEY HUNTER, named for 2 famous Methodist Ministers. Map position: 42°51' 81°02'. References: V and 5L.

CROSSROADS, urban community, Niagara Township, Lincoln County and Part of the Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake. Located 4 miles from Niagara, 8 miles northeast of St. Catharines and at the junction of Black Swamp Road and Four Mile Creek road. Post office opened June 1st, 1862 as VIRGIL. First Postmaster George Cairns. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1844 this place was named for Reverend George Lawrence as LAWRENCEVILLE until 1862 when it assumed the name of the post office, VIRGIL. Present approved name is VIRGIL. Population 50 in 1885 and 902 in 1966. Map position: 43°13' 79°08'. References: SS, A, I, S, 5A, 3R, 3N, 7B and 9J.

CROSS SUBDIVISION, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Population 65 in 1961 and 78 in 1966. References: 5A.

CROSS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°38' 84°47'. References: V.

CROSSWELL, SEE: MANILLA STATION, Victoria County.

CROTHERS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°04' 81°50'. References: V.

CROTON #1, hamlet, Middleton Township, Norfolk County. Located 2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Delhi and 12 miles west of Simcoe. It has a station named CROTON STATION, 27 miles from Brantford. Post office opened June 1st, 1872 under the name GRAVELOTTE. First Postmaster Robert Quance. Office closed 1877. Population 30 in 1875 and 40 in 1908. No references after 1908. References: A, PP, 1D, 7B, I, AA, 4N and 5X.

CROTON #2, SEE: JOHNSTON'S #2, Kent County.

CROW BAY, hamlet, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 40 miles northeast of Cobourg and 5 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Campbellford. Post office opened as CROW BAY, April 1st, 1885. First Postmaster John G. Morris. Office closed December 31st, 1887. Population 15 in 1893. No further reference to this place. References: I, Z and U10.

CROW BRIDGE, dispersed rural community, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Name changed to CROWE BRIDGE. Located on Trent River, 9 km north of Campbellford, 1 km northwest of Philmar and 4 km northeast of Pethericks' Corners. Present approved name is CROWE BRIDGE. Map position: 44°23' 77°48'. References: V and 5L.

CROWE BRIDGE, SEE: CROW BRIDGE, Northumberland County.

CROWES LANDING, dispersed rural community, Dummer Township, Peterborough County. Located 1 1/2 miles from Clarina, 5 miles from Mount Julian and 23 km from Norwood. Post office opened as CROWES LANDING, on July 24th, 1916. First Postmaster R.J. Lennox. Office closed September 12th, 1943. Population 23 in 1971 and 29 in 1976. Present approved name is CROWES LANDING. Map position: 44°34' 78°04'. References: B, 6T, V and 5L.

CROW LAKE #1, concentrated rural community, Oso Township, Frontenac County. Located 42 miles north of Kingston and 9 miles from Sharbot Lake Station on CPR. Post office opened as CROW LAKE, October 1st, 1894. First Postmaster Charles Knapp. Post office closed August 30th, 1930. Present approved name is CROW LAKE. Population 86 in 1951 and 46 in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 76°36'. References: B, S, PP, 3B, V, 5L, I and 6T.

CROW LAKE #2, dispersed rural community, East of Lake of the Woods, Kenora District. Located 80 km from Emo, 7 miles from Nestor Falls and 72 miles from Kenora. Post office established as CROW LAKE, on November 29th, 1937. First Postmaster William Hele. Office closed March 1st, 1954. Present approved name is CROW LAKE. Map position: 49°10' 93°56'. References: U, V and 6T.

CROW LAKE INDIAN RESERVATION #35D, in Kenora District, located 104 km northwest of Fort Frances, on East shore of Lake of the Woods. Area is 6,747 acres and Ojibway is the language of the Reserve. The Reserve belongs to the Sabaskong Band under the Grand Council Treaty #3. Population 283 in 1978. Map position: 49°10' 93°56'. References: R3 and 5L.

CROWLAND, SEE: COOK'S MILLS #1, Welland County.

CROWLAND CENTRE, SEE: COOK'S MILLS #1, Welland County.

CROWLAND MILLS, SEE: COOK'S MILLS #1, Welland County.

CROWLAND TOWNSHIP, SEE: QUAKER TOWNSHIP, Welland County.

CROWLANDVILLE, SEE: COOK'S MILLS #1, Welland County.

CROWMARTY, SEE: CROMARTY, Perth County.

CROWN CITY, post office, Timiskaming District, located 2 1/2 miles from Larder Lake and 20 miles from Dane. Post office established as CROWN CITY, on March 30th, 1925. First Postmaster D.J. Hirst. Office closed November 21st, 1931. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

CROWN HILL, dispersed rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 6 miles north of Barrie. This place was named by a debating society, for the site, as it appeared to be on a row of hills resembling the top of a crown. Post office established as CROWN HILL, in 1878. First Postmaster Thomas Drury. Office closed December 1st, 1909. Population 100 in 1893 and 21 in 1976. Present approved name is CROWN HILL. Map position: 44°26' 79°39'. References: I, S, JJ, U10, V, 6T, 5V, 6S and 5L.

CROWN POINT, post office, Barton Township, Wentworth County. Post office opened as CROWN POINT, on October 10th, 1905. First Postmaster Peter L. Vandusen. This place became a sub-post office of Hamilton. No recent

references to this office. References: S, PP, 7S and 6T.

CROWN POINT EAST, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is CROWN POINT EAST. Map position: 43°15' 79°49'. References: V.

CROWN POINT WEST, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is CROWN POINT WEST. Map position: 43°15' 79°49'. References: V.

CROW RIVER STATION, station, Belmont Township, Peterborough County. CROW RIVER STATION on Havelock Division of CPR. Station number 1250, between the stations of Central Ontario Junction and Tiffins, being the fourth station from Havelock, in 1911. No recent references to this station. References: 10B.

CROWTHER, station, Thunder Bay District on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 856 feet above sea level. Located between Orient and McKirdy Stations, 912.7 miles from Montreal. References: L3 and L.

CROXON'S CORNERS #1, post office, later dispersed rural community. Caledonia Township, Prescott County. Located 7 miles from Riceville and 15 miles southwest of L'Orignal and 1 mile southwest of Vankleek Hill. Post office established as CALEDONIA SLATE, corrected to CALEDONIA FLATS, on October 6th, 1851. First Postmaster William Bradley. Post Office name was changed to FENAGHVALE, in 1859. Office closed on July 20th, 1921. At times misspelled as CALEDONIAN FLATS. First settler John Downing. Present approved name is FENAGHVALE. Population 200 in 1886 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 45°28' 74°49'. References: 7B, I, 8Q, 3Z, T, S, Z, PP, V, 6T, 7D and 5B.

CROXON'S CORNERS #2, SEE: CROXTON'S CORNERS, Simcoe County.

CROXTON CORNERS, settlement, West Gwillimbury Township, Simcoe County, also shown spelled CROXON'S CORNERS. Located 17 miles south of Barrie and 3 miles from Gilford Station. Post office opened as FENNELS, in 1870. First Postmaster J. G. Feigehan. Office closed June 1st, 1916. Place name became FENNEL named for Joseph Fennel, one of the earliest settlers in the 1830's who came from Ireland. Present approved name is FENNEL Population 50 in 1893 and 120 in 1926. Map position: 44°13' 79°35'. References: SS, I, S, MM, JJ, U10, V, 7V, 6T and 7D.

CROYDON, dispersed rural community, Camden Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 15 miles north of Napanee and 7 miles from Tamworth. Post office opened as CROYDON, on January 6th, 1853. First Postmaster Carlos Mendell. Office closed May 31st, 1944. Present approved name is CROYDON. Population 150 in 1893 and 37 in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 76°58'. References: I, D, Z, 3K, U10, V, 6T and 5L.

CROZIER, dispersed rural community, Crozier Township, Rainy River District, formerly in Thunder Bay District. Located 7 miles from Fort Frances. Post office established as CROZIER, on March 1st, 1907. First Postmaster John D. Stewart. Post office closed May 29th, 1970. CROZIER STATION on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,164 feet above sea level. A local directory shows a listing of 123 persons in 1927. Present approved name is CROZIER. Population 25 in 1913 and 123 in 1927. Map position: 48°37' 93°31'. References: 2P, L3, V, 5L, DD, MM, PP and 7K.

CROZIER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°36' 93°31'. References: V.

CRUIKSHANK, dispersed rural community, Keppel Township, Grey County. Located 6 miles west of Owen Sound and 2 1/2 miles from Murphy's Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as CRUIKSHANK, on May 1st, 1870. First Postmaster for whom office is named, James Cruikshank. Office closed April 1st 1914. Present approved name is CRUIKSHANK. Population 10 in 1897 and 141 in 1976. Map position: 44°36' 81°03'. References: I, S, 3B, U10, 6T, 5W, 6S and 5L.

CRUMLIN, SEE: DREANEY'S CORNERS, Middlesex County.

CRYSLER, SEE: CHRYSLER'S FALLS, Stormont County.

CRYSTAL, dispersed rural community, Kitley Township, Leeds County. Located 4 miles from Jasper, 4 miles from Easton's Corners and 4 miles from Newbliss. Post office established as CRYSTAL, on July 12th, 1909. First Postmaster S.H. Hornick. Office closed July 1st, 1914. Present approved name is CRYSTAL. Map position: 44°47' 75°54'. References: B, 6T, V and 5L.

CRYSTAL BAY, surbuban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 11 km northeast of Kanata and 30 km west of Ottawa on the Ottawa River. Present approved name is CRYSTAL BAY. Population 208 in 1956. Map position: 45°22' 75°51'. References: B, 5E, V, U and 5L.

CRYSTAL BEACH #1, urban community, Bertie Township, Welland County, later Part of Town of Fort Erie. Located on Lake Erie, 6 miles from Welland the County Seat and 10 miles southwest of Fort Erie. Summer post office established as CRYSTAL BEACH on August 1st, 1896. First Postmaster Thomas Snyder. On December 13th, 1908 post office status changed to year round office. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Village of Crystal Beach on January 21st, 1921. Named for the clear waters at Crystal Beach. On January 1st, 1970 the Town of Fort Erie, Township of Bertie and Village of Crystal Beach Amalgamated as Town of Fort Erie. Present approved name is CRYSTAL BEACH. Population 298 in 1921 and 2,037 in 1972. Map position: 42°52' 79°04'. References: B, M, S, HH, 2T, O, V, 7E, 6T, and 6S.

CRYSTAL BEACH #2, South Colchester Township, Essex County. Located 7 km southwest of Harrow, 13 km southeast of Amhersberg and 14 km south of McGregor. Name not approved. Population 38 in 1961 and 104 in 1976. Map position: 42°01' 83°00'. References: 5A and 5L.

CRYSTAL BEACH #3, dispersed rural community, within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 8 km northwest of Bracebridge and 3 km southeast of Ziska, on Lake Muskoka. Present approved name is CRYSTAL BEACH. Map position: 45°03' 79°24'. References: V and 5L.

CRYSTAL BEACH #4, suburban community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 2 km southeast of Crystal Bay, 12 km northeast of Ottawa and 7 km north of Westcliffe Estates. Present approved name is CRYSTAL BEACH. Map position: 45°21' 75°50'. References: V and 5L.

CRYSTAL FALLS, SEE: SMOKY FALLS, Nipissing District.

CRYSTAL LAKE #1, near Atikokan, Thunder Bay District. Located 5 km southwest of Eva Lake, 26 km southeast of Atikokan and 25 km west of Owakonze. Present approved name is CRYSTAL LAKE. Population 24 in 1976. Map position: 48°43' 91°14'. References: 5L.

CRYSTAL LAKE #2, Name changed to CRYSTAL BEACH, December, 1934. (There are four Crystal Beaches; and there is no location for this Crystal Lake. It is entered here for interest only and may well be an error listing for a Crystal Beach.) References: SS.

CRYSTAL LAKE #3, post office, Timiskaming District. Located 8 miles from Kirkland Lake. Post office established as CRYSTAL LAKE, on December 10th, 1923. First Postmaster O.W. Charlebois. Office closed January 1st, 1924. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

CRYSTAL ROCK, concentrated rural community, Edwardsburg Township, Grenville County. Located 6 miles from Prescott. Post office opened as CRYSTAL ROCK, on November 15th, 1907. First Postmaster William Gore. Office closed May 22, 1913. Present approved name is CRYSTAL ROCK. Map position: 44°48' 75°30'. References: B, 7K, MM, V, 6T and 5L.

CRYSTAL SPRINGS, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 9 km south of Peterborough, 8 km west of Mathers Corners and 7 km east of Kendry. Name not approved. Population 271 in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 78°19'. References: 3B and 5L.

**CUDNEY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°36' 84°30'. References: V.

**CUISSLERS LANDING,** located on Water Route 292. Name changed to **MITCHELL'S** (no date, no location). No further reference to this place. References: SS.

**CULBERTSONS WHARF,** hamlet, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Located 136 miles east of Toronto on the Bay of Quinte, 3 miles south of Deseronto on Grand Trunk Railway, 7 miles from Napanee, 8 miles from Shannonville and 17 miles to Belleville. Post office opened as **MILL POINT** on August 6th, 1851. First Postmaster James Bowen. In 1857, the post office name was changed to **BOWEN** till 1859, when the name was changed to **MILLPOINT** and/or **MILL POINT.** Finally, in 1881, the name was changed to **DESERONTO.** Office still open in 1983. Incorporated as the village of Millpoint June 16th, 1871. Village of Millpoint changed name to Village of Deseronto March 4th, 1881. Incorporated as Town of Deseronto, the first Monday of January, 1889. The name Deseronto is for the Chief of the Mohawk Indians who settled there. Religious Parish name **ST. VINCENT de PAUL.** Present approved name is **DESERONTO.** Population 3,500 in 1895 and 1,893 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 77°03'. References: 2Y, I, 3J, 8Q, M, Z, HH, 2S, 2T, 2Y, SS, 5K, V, 7V and 5L.

**CULLODEN,** concentrated rural community, Dereham Township, Oxford County. Located 19 miles east of Woodstock, 2 1/2 miles north of Brownsville Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office opened as **CULLODEN,** on January 1st, 1854. First Postmaster William Smith. Office closed November 1st, 1918. A Postmaster in 1965 declared that Culloden was named for the famous Scotch Battle of Culloden Moor. Present approved name is **CULLODEN.** Population 400 in 1893 and 94 in 1976. Map position: 42°53' 80°51'. References: B, I, S, 7D, U10, 3L, 6T, 8Q, 6S and 5L.

**CULLTON,** hamlet, on Moore's Creek, Admaston Township, Renfrew County. Located 80 miles south of Pembroke, 12 miles west of Renfrew. Post office opened as **CULLTON,** in 1886. First Postmaster Patrick Cull. Office named for first Postmaster. Office closed November 27th, 1909. Population 50 in 1895 and about 50 in 1908. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: I, S, Z, PP, 5U, 6T and 7D.

**CULL TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 126,** Sudbury District.

**CULROSS,** settlement, Culross Township, Bruce County. Located 4 miles from Teeswater Station on CPR and 26 miles northwest of Harriston. Population 10 in 1893 and 10 in 1908. No further reference to this place. References: PP and U10.

**CULROSS (TOWNSHIP OF),** Geographic Township, Bruce County, Incorporated January 1st, 1856. (Source History of Bruce County, page 351). Population 1,734 in 1980. Area 58,995 acres in 1852; a new Township. Map position: 44°00' 81°18'. References: HH, M, 2N and V.

**CULTUS,** SEE: **LAYCOCK SETTLEMENT,** Norfolk County.

**CULVER,** SEE: **BIRDTOWN,** Norfolk County.

**CUMBERLAND,** settlement, Ottawa District, Canada West, later in Cumberland Township, Russell County, now within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 7 miles south of Buckingham Station (Quebec) on the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa & Ontario Railway, later on CPR. Also shown 40 miles west of L'Orignal, the County Seat and on the south shore of the Ottawa River. Post office opened as **CUMBERLAND** in 1839. First Postmaster George Gibb Dunning. In the year 1856 the office name changed to **OSBORNE;** in 1863 name changed back to **CUMBERLAND,** which was named for Prince Augustus, Duke of Cumberland. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler in Township and founder of community, Abijah Dunning in 1801. Cumberland was Incorporated as a Police Village on June 29th, 1910 by County Bylaw #625. Police Village status dissolved by legislation, effective January 1st, 1974, Regional Municipality of Carleton Act, Sec. 5, R.S.O. 1970, and reverted to the Township of Cumberland. In 1974, this place, was redesignated as a concentrated rural community. **CUMBERLAND STATION** is on Canadian Northern Railway, mainline, at an altitude of 191 feet above sea-level (1915). Present approved name is **CUMBERLAND.** Population 300 in 1886 and 550 in 1976. Map position: 46°31' 74°24'. References: I, C, B, Z,

3B, L3, 2Y, V, 1Y, 7A, 9L, 9F, EE, 5Land 9G.

**CUMBERLAND BEACH**, urban community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 6 miles from Orillia and 4 miles from Washago, on Highway 11 between Concession 10 and 11 in Simcoe County. Summer post office established as **CUMBERLAND BEACH**, on June 15th, 1948. First Postmaster Victor Wells. Post office status changed to year round office on March 15th, 1961. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CUMBERLAND BEACH**. Population 89 in 1956 and 686 in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 79°23'. References: B, 5E, V, 6V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

**CUMBERLAND MILLS**, post office, Cumberland Township, Russell County. Located 4 1/2 miles from Orleans and 4 1/2 miles from Cumberland (1872). Post office opened as **CUMBERLAND MILLS**, on April 1st, 1874. First Postmaster William Lough Jr. Office closed 1877. No recent references to this place. Office closed 1877. References: I, 7B and 5Y.

**CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Russell County, Incorporated January 5th, 1851. Quieting Order P2472-66, dated April 11th, 1967. Population 1,630 in 1852 and 14,678 in 1980. Area 72,200 acres. Map position: 45°26' 75°26'. References: HH, 2W, M and V.

**CUMMER**, SEE: **KUMMER SETTLEMENT**, York County.

**CUMMER SAW MILL**, former name of Willowdale, York County (1826). References: 8S.

**CUMMINGS BRIDGE**, SEE: **JANEVILLE**, Russell County.

**CUMMING'S CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Flos Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 miles from Phelpston Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 13 miles from Barrie. Named for John Cummings who settled in 1843. John W. Ferguson initiated the petition for a post office and it was named for him. Office established September 1st, 1869, called **FERGUSONVALE**, and sometimes mispelled as **FERGUSONVILLE**. First Postmaster Albert Ferguson. Office closed August 6th, 1919. Present approved name is **FERGUSONVALE**. Population 100 in 1893 and 60 in 1926. Map position: 44°32' 79°49'. References: I, Z, MM, PP, JJ, U10, V, 2E, 5W and 6T.

**CUMMING TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°23' 82°45'. References: V.

**CUMMINSVILLE**, hamlet, Nelson Township, Halton County. Located 8 miles south of Milton and 5 miles east of Campbellville Station on CPR. Post office opened as **CUMMINSVILLE** on June 6th, 1851. First Postmaster William Panton. Office closed on July 1st, 1892. The office was named for Titus Cummins, principal settler there. No recent references to this hamlet. Population 40 in 1892. References: I, Z, AA, 3J, 1B, 8Q and 7D.

**CUMNOCK**, dispersed rural community, Nichol Township, Wellington County. Located 9 km northwest of Fergus, 13 km southeast of Arthur and 5 km northeast of Alma.Post office opened as **CUMNOCK**, on January 1st, 1855. First Postmaster James Samson. Office closed May 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **CUMNOCK**. Population 80 in 1892 and 86 in 1908. Map position: 43°46' 80°27'. References: I, S, Z, AA, PP, 3L, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

**CUNDLES**, concentrated rural community, Vespra Township, Simcoe County, later Part of City of Barrie. Located 1 mile from Barrie and 63 miles north of Toronto. Post office established as **CUNDLES**, on March 25th, 1904 and named for Thomas Cundle. First Postmaster Arthur Nash. Place also named for Thomas Cundle who ran a school and the place was sometimes called **CUNDLE'S SCHOOL**. Post office name changed to **CUNDLES - BARRIE**, on November 5th, 1957 and absorbed into the Barrie mail system. Name Cundles not noted after 1971. Population 141 in 1941 and 240 in 1956. Map position: 44°24' 79°43'. References: S, PP, JJ, 3B, 5E, V, 7J, 6S and 7D.

**CUNNINGHAM**, station, Gloucester Township, Russell County. Located 11 miles south of Ottawa. **CUNNINGHAM STATION** on St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway in 1872, and a station on the Ottawa and Prescott Division if CPR. Station name changed to **GLOUCESTER STATION** in 1895. Population 60 in 1908. No recent references to this station. References: Z, 7B and AA.

**CUNNINGHAM'S CORNERS**, Ops Township, Victoria County. Located at Highway #7. Situated 4 km southeast of Lindsay,

9 km east of Ops, 12 km northwest of Omemee and 15 km north of Janetville. Present approved name is **CUNNINGHAM'S CORNERS.** Map position: 44°20' 78°41'. References: 8E and 5L.

**CUNNINGHAM'S SUBDIVISION,** Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Population 102 in 1961 and 123 in 1966. References: 5A.

**CUNNINGHAM STATION,** SEE: **CUNNINGHAM,** Carleton County.

**CUNNINGHAM TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°43' 82°40'. References: V.

**CURRAN,** settlement, in Ottawa District, Canada West, later North Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 20 miles southwest of L'Orignal and 9 miles south of Papineauville, Quebec. Post office opened as **CURRAN,** on September 1st, 1858. First Postmaster Philippe Gareau. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated a Police Village, October 20th, 1916, by County Bylaw #707. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Religious Parish name ST. LUC. Present approved name is **CURRAN.** Population 220 in 1908 and 214 in 1976. Map position: 45°30' 75°00'. References: I, S, Z, PP, 3B, 3W, V, 9L, 5L and 7L.

**CURRAN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°35' 94°33'. References: V.

**CURRIE #1,** SEE: **CURRIE CROSSING,** Oxford County.

**CURRIE #2,** station, Camden Township, Lennox and Addington County. Present approved name is **CURRIE.** Map position: 44°25' 76°58'. References: V.

**CURRIE CROSSING,** dispersed rural community, East Oxford Township, Oxford County. Located 15 km northeast of Ingersoll, 7 km west of Oriel and 5 miles southeast of Woodstock. Post office opened as **CURRIE CROSSING,** on May 1st, 1878. First Postmaster William D. Smith. Post office name changed to **CURRIES,** June 16th, 1938. Office closed in 1971. **CURRIES CROSSING STATION,** on Grand Trunk Railway in 1893: name changed to **CURRIES,** on January 19th, 1933. Present approved name is **CURRIES.** Population 100 in 1893 and 32 in 1976. Map position: 43°04' 80°43'. References: U10, SS, 5P, 6S, PP, 3B, V and 5L.

**CURRIE ROAD,** Village, Dunwich Township, Elgin County. Located 17 miles southwest of St. Thomas. Post office opened 1873 as **DUTTON STATION** and was named for a Mr. Dutton, one of the first engineers, who surveyed the Canada South Railway Line. First Postmaster Archibald. J. Leitch who named the place Dutton Station. In 1881, the word 'Station' was dropped. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village June 20th, 1890. Present approved name is **DUTTON.** Population 838 in 1891 and 1,090 in 1980. Map position: 42°39' 81°30'. References: A, I, S, PP, J, V, 7V, 5L and 4B.

**CURRIES,** SEE: **CURRIE CROSSING,** Oxford County.

**CURRIES CROSSING,** SEE: **CURRIE CROSSING,** Oxford County.

**CURRY HILL,** dispersed rural community, Lancaster Township, Glengarry County. Located 24 miles northeast of Cornwall and 5 miles east of Bainsville. Post office opened as **CURRY HILL,** on March 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Alexander McLeod. Office closed September 30th, 1912. Population 20 in 1893 and 50 in 1908. Present approved name is **CURRY HILL.** Map position: 45°13' 74°24'. References: I, S, Z, PP, U10, V, 6T, 5Y and 5L.

**CURSONVILLE,** Clarke Township, Durham County. Population 71 in 1961 and 67 in 1966. References: 5A and 6M.

**CURTIN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°09' 81°39'. References: V.

**CURTIS,** SEE: **COURTICE,** Durham County.

CURTIS CORNERS, SEE: WINDHAM #1, York County.

CURTIS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°45' 83°48'. References: V.

CURVE INN, Population 32 in 1971 and in 1976 population included in Town of Newcastle, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. References: 3B.

CURVE LAKE, SEE: CHEMONG, Peterborough County.

CURVE LAKE INDIAN RESERVE #35, Peterborough County. Located on West shore of Upper Chemung Lake. Population 539 in 1976. Map position: 44°29' 78°21'. References: V and 5L.

CURVE LAKE INDIAN RESERVE #35A, Peterborough County. Located on Fox Island, Buckhorn Lake. Map position: 44°28' 78°25'. References: V and 5L.

CUSHENDALL, dispersed rural community, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Located 10 miles northwest of Kingston, 2 1/2 miles from Ballantyne Station and 7 miles from Rideau Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as CUSHENDALL, in 1886. First Postmaster George Ward, Jr. Office closed June 15th, 1915. Religious Parish name ST. NOM de JESUS. Present approved name is CUSHENDALL. Population 100 in 1893 and 1895. Map position: 44°19' 76°23'. References: I, Z, PP, 5U, V, 6T, 5L and SS.

CUTHBERT, settlement in Dawn Township, Lambton County. Post office opened June 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Alexander Cuthbertson. Place named for first Postmaster. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Present approved name is CUTHBERT. Map position: 42°44' 82°13'. References: 2Z, V, 6T, 7Q, 6S and 7D.

CUTHBERTSON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 196, Algoma District.

CUTLER, post office, Algoma District. Located east of Blind River, 18 miles east of Algoma and 96 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie. Post office opened as CUTLER in 1900. First Postmaster R.H. Kay. Office still in operation in 1983. CUTLER STATION on CPR east of Spragge Station. It has a port on the north channel of Lake Huron and in summer there is daily communication by steamer from Cutler to Manitowaning, Little Current and Spanish Mills. Adjoining the Village is the Kenabutch Indian Reservation later named Serpent River Indian Reservation #7. Religious Parish name is ST. FRANCOIS DE BORGIA. Present approved name is CUTLER. Population 400 in 1908 and 175 in 1980. Map position: 46°12' 82°28'. References: S, U, PP, 5U, V, 8G, 5L and SS.

CUTTING SURVEY, Woodhouse Township, Norfolk County. Population 103 in 1956. References: 5E.

CYNTHIA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 47°07' 80°05'. References: V.

CYPRESS, settlement, Township 89, Algoma District, later Thunder Bay District. Located 89 miles from Port Arthur. Station named CYPRESS RIVER, at mile 2002, at an altitude of 627 feet above sea level on CPR main line, east of Mazokama Station. Name of the station changed to GURNEY STATION, in 1974. Recent designation for this place is Railway Point. Present approved name is GURNEY STATION. Population 2 in 1978. Map position: 48°56' 87°53'. References: PP, 8G, V, R2, S, L1 and 8K.

CYPRESS RIVER, SEE: CYPRESS, Thunder Bay District.

CYPRUS, post office, Perry Township, Parry Sound District. Located 52 miles north of Gravenhurst, 2 1/2 miles from Novar and 12 miles north of Huntsville. Post office opened as CYPRUS, in 1879. First Postmaster B. Wickett. Office closed in 1889. The station name is CYPRUS RIVER on CPR. It had a Dominion Express office in 1892. Population 20 in 1893. No recent references to this place. References: I, Z, U10, 3R, 5V and 5P.

CYPRUS RIVER, SEE: CYPRUS, Parry Sound District.

CYRIL POINT, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Reference date 1972. References: B.

CYRVILLE, concentrated rural community within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton, formerly in Gloucester Township, Russell County, later Carleton County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Ottawa and 3 miles from Eastview. Post office opened 1850, named DELORME. First settler and first Postmaster Joseph Cyr. Post office name changed to CYRVILLE in 1892 and office closed November, 1965. This is an exclusively French speaking hamlet. It has a station, CYRVILLE STATION, on Canadian Northern Railway main line, at an altitude of 229 feet above sea level. Religious Parish name NOTRE DAME de LOURDES. Present approved name is CYRVILLE. Population 250 in 1895 and 655 in 1951. Map position: 45°25' 75°38'. References: I, Z, MM, L3, 3B, SS, V, 7K, UU, 6T and 5L.

For references see Works Cited.

D TOWNSHIP #1, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Name changed to **DEL VILLANO TOWNSHIP**, in 1974, for L. Del Villano, Mayor of Timmins. Map position: 46°56' 82°00'. References: V.

D TOWNSHIP #2, Geographic Township, Carleton County. Surveyed by Mr. Steadman in 1791, and into Concessions and lots in 1793, when named **NORTH GOWER TOWNSHIP**. First mill in the Township built by Adam Eastman. Incorporated on January 1st, 1850. Area 32,960 acres. Population 2,302 in 1878. Map position: 45°09' 75°41'. References: M, UU and V. (SEE Rideau Municipal Township.)

DABLON TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 24, Range 12**, Algoma District.

DACK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated January 1st, 1909. Quieting Order C6710 dated September 14, 1953. Population 421 in 1977 and 428 in 1980. Map position: 47°49' 79°57'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

DACRE, dispersed rural community, Grattan Township, Renfrew County, formerly in Bathurst District, Canada West. Located 40 miles south of Pembroke and 17 miles southwest of Renfrew on CPR. Post office established as **DACRE** in 1865. First Postmaster John Morrow. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **DACRE**. Population 42 in 1885 and 58 in 1971. Map position: 45°22' 76°58'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, 3R, 4F, V and 5L.

DAGERO, station, Rainy River District. Located 40 miles west of Kenora on Lake of the Woods and 93 miles north of Winnipeg, Manitoba. A station on CPR in 1908. No recent references to this station. References: PP.

DAGG'S SETTLEMENT, urban community, Russell County, Canada West, later shown in Gloucester Township, Carleton County and most recently within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 8 miles from Ottawa, 8 km southeast of Orleans, 10 km northeast of Stonehenge Project and 9 km south of Hiawatha Park. Present approved name is **BLACKBURN HAMLET**. Population 3,841 in 1971 and 8,290 in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 75°34'. References: V+, V, 3B, 6M and 5L.

DAGGVILLE,concentrated rural community, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, later Part of the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 8 miles west of Ottawa the County Seat and 3 miles south of the Ottawa River. Post office established as **BLACKBURN** in 1876. and named for an early settler. First Postmaster John Hudson. Office closed August 19th, 1929. Present approved name is **BLACKBURN**. Population 100 in 1886 and 164 in 1980. Map position: 45°26' 75°33'. References: B, I, Z, U, V, 5V, 6T, 5L and 7R.

DAGLE TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 1F**, Algoma District.

DAGMAR, railway point, Whitby Township, Ontario County, later Part of Town of Whitby, within Regional Municipality of Durham. This station is a stop on CPR, north of Suburban Road #5 and on Ninth Concession Road, in the northwest corner of the Township. Present approved name is **DAGMAR**. Map position: 44°00' 79°02'. References: B, 3G, and V.

DAHL TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 31, Range 27**, Algoma District.

DAHLIA, railway point, Master Township, Nipissing District. Named by A.J. Hills, Superintendant of Canadian Northern Railway. Present approved name is **DAHLIA**. Map position: 45°47' 77°33'. References: U, V and 8L.

DAINSVILLE, settlement, Humberstone Township, Welland County. Present approved name is **DAINSVILLE**. Map position: 42°57' 79°16'. References: U, V and 6S.

DAKOTA, hamlet, Nelson Township, Halton County. Located on Twelve Mile Creek a short distance from Cumminsville. The Canada Powder Company was located in this hamlet in the year 1877. No recent references to this hamlet. References: 1B.

DALBY, station, Timiskaming District. Located near Beaver Lake (1978). References: U.

**DALE #1,** SEE: **BLETCHER'S CORNERS,** Durham County.

**DALE #2,** urban community, London Township, Middlesex County. Population 168 in 1951. References: 3B.

**DALESVILLE,** hamlet, Tecumseth Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 miles west of Tuam and 6 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Tottenham. Post office opened August 1st, 1881. First Postmaster William Dale. Office closed August 17th, 1882. No mention of this place after 1908. References: Z, PP, 9F and 5V.

**DALE TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 82°16'. References: V.

**DALEY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°47' 86°28. References: V.

**DALHOUSIE AND NORTH SHERBROOKE TOWNSHIP,** Bathurst District, later Lanark County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved under Ontario Statute #N-7313, dated November 6th, 1973. Incorporated into the **TOWNSHIP OF LEVANT, DALHOUSIE** and **NORTH SHERBROOKE** on January 1st, 1974. References: HH and M.

**DALHOUSIE LAKE,** dispersed rural community, Dalhousie Township, Lanark County. Located 15 miles from Lanark and 7 miles from Snow Road. Post office established as **DALHOUSIE LAKE,** on June 1st, 1903. First Postmaster William A. Geddes. Office closed August 30th, 1952. Present approved name is **DALHOUSIE LAKE.** Population 225 in 1913. Map position: 44°57' 76°36'. References: B, 7Q, DD, PP, V and 6T.

**DALHOUSIE MILLS,** dispersed rural community, Lancaster Township, Glengarry County, formerly in Eastern District, Canada West. Located 25 miles northeast of Cornwall and 10 miles from Alexandria. Post office opened as **DALHOUSIE MILLS,** on September 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Donald McPhail. Office closed October 14th, 1944. Present approved name is **DALHOUSIE MILLS.** Population 150 in 1857 and 40 in 1971. Map position: 45°19' 74°28'. References: B, I, S, Z, EE, 3B, 3K, 5U, V, 6T and 5L.

**DALHOUSIE STATION,** station, Lancaster Township, Glengarry County. A station on CPR and located on River Delisle (1895). No recent references to this station. References: Z.

**DALHOUSIE TOWNSHIP #1,** Geographic Township, Lanark County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Surveyed by Reuben Sherwood, in 1820 and named for the Govenor-General, at the time. Population 1,421 in 1852. Mail for the Township of Dalhousie, in Lanark County, formerly Bathurst District, Canada West, directed to be sent to the post office at Lanark, in 1835, by the Postmaster General of Canada. Map position: 45°00' 76°31'. References: M, C, 3H, 2W, V and 1I.

**DALHOUSIE TOWNSHIP #2,** SEE: **DALHOUSIE AND NORTH SHERBROOK TOWNSHIP (1850),** Lanark County.

**DALHOUSIE TOWNSHIP #3,** SEE: **LAVANT, DALHOUSIE AND NORTH SHERBROOK TOWNSHIP (1973),** Lanark County.

**DALKEITH,** SEE: **ROBERTSON'S MILLS,** Glengarry County.

**DALLES,** Indian Reserve #38C, District of Kenora. Located on Winnipeg River, just off Highway #666, 8 km north of Kenora. This Ojibway reserve belongs to the Dalles Band, under Grand Council Treaty #3. Area is 3 hectares. Population 83 in 1978. Map position: 49°55' 94°32'. References: R3.

**DALMAS TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 13H,** Sudbury District.

**DALMENY CORNER,** dispersed rural community, Osgoode Township, Carleton County, most recently within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 25 miles south of Ottawa and 6 miles southeast of Osgoode station on CPR. Post office opened as **DALMENY,** in 1882. First Postmaster John Ferguson Jr. Office closed May 25th, 1914. Place was named for Lord Dalmeny. Present approved name is **DALMENY.** Population 10 in 1893 and 20 in 1926. Map position: 45°09' 75°32'. References: I, Z, MM, U10, V, 6T, 9C and 5L.

DALRYMPLE, dispersed rural community, Carden Township, Victoria County. Located 30 miles northwest of Lindsay and 8 miles from Brechin. Post office established as DALRYMPLE, on April 1st, 1870. First Postmaster George Jarrett. Office closed October 1st, 1915. Named for a place in Ireland. Present approved name is DALRYMPLE. Population 100 in 1885 and 55 in 1976. Map position: 44°38' 79°06'. References: B, I, S, 3B, 3R, V, 6T, 5W, 7D and 5L.

DALRYMPLE LAKE, hamlet, Carden Township, Victoria County. References: B.

DALSTON, SEE: WHITE'S CORNERS, Simcoe County.

DALTON, SEE: PARMA #2, Algoma District.

DALTON MILLS, hamlet, Township #43, Algoma District. Located 17 miles from Missanabie and 20 miles from Nicholson Siding. Post office opened as DALTON MILLS, on February 1st, 1921. First Postmaster John Keizer. Office closed April 29th, 1950. Present approved name is DALTON MILLS. Map position: 48°07' 84°04'. References: V, 6T and 5L.

DALTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Victoria County. Incorporated January 1st, 1887. Quieting Order P5844, dated August 19th, 1968. Population 93 in 1879 and 325 in 1980. Map position: 44°46' 79°08'. References: HH, M, 2L and V.

DALZIEL, station, Thunder Bay District. Located in 1915 on Canadian Northern Railway mainline, at an altitude of 675 feet above sea-level. No recent references to this station. Reference: L3.

DAMASCUS, dispersed rural community, West Luther Township, Wellington County. Located 30 miles northwest of Guelph and 8 miles north of Arthur. Post office opened as DAMASCUS, on January 1st, 1874. First Postmaster John Bresnahan, who named the post office, and who had named the place in 1872, as he was the also first settler. Office closed April 2nd, 1970. Present approved name is DAMASCUS. Population 100 in 1895 and 49 in 1976. Map position: 43°55' 80°29'. References: I, S, Z, V, 5Y, 6S, 5L, 9F and 7D.

DAMBROSSIO TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 30, Range 27, Algoma District.

DAM CREEK, post office, Hodgins Township, Algoma District. Post office established as DAN CREEK, on September 1st, 1905. First Postmaster A. F. Robinson. Office closed May 1st, 1910. No recent reference to this office. References: S, PP, 6T and 7S.

DANA STATION, railway point, Irving Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is DANA STATION. Map position: 48°50' 84°09'. References: U and V.

DANA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°41' 81°15'. Reference: V.

DANCASTER COURTS, urban community, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Population 611 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

DANCASTER HEIGHTS, urban community, within Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is DANCASTER HEIGHTS. Map position: 43°14' 79°59'. Reference: V.

DANCE, dispersed rural community, Dance Township, Rainy River District. Located 23 km north of the junction of Highways #11 and #613, which was located 6 miles from Burriss and 10 miles from Devlin. Settled in the early 1900's. Post office opened as DANCE, on August 1st, 1935. First Postmaster R. G. Cogger. Office closed October 11th, 1938. Present approved name is DANCE. Population 47 in 1978. Map position: 48°46' 93°40'. References: R2, U, V, 6T and 5L.

DANCE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°47' 93°39'. Reference: V.

DANE #1, dispersed rural community, Otto Township, formerly in Nipissing District, now Timiskaming District.

**DANE STATION** located on Ontario Northland Railway, 6.7 km west of Kirkland Lake. Post office opened July 1st, 1909. First Postmaster William Gohr. Office closed February 29th, 1964. Present approved name is **DANE**. Population 50 in 1913 and 140 in 1978. Map position: 48°05' 80°01'. References: R2, 3B, V, 5L, 6T, DD, 9F and MM.

**DANE #2**, station, Nipissing District. Located on Timiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway, 22 miles from Inglehart. Population 50 in 1913 and 1926. References: DD and MM.

**DANE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°22' 80°04'. Reference: V.

**DANFORD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°10' 87°03'. Reference: V.

**DANFORTH**, post office, Home District, Canada West, later Scarborough Township, York County. Located 8 miles east of Toronto and 1 1/2 miles west of Scarborough Junction, on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **DANFORTH**, on September 30th, 1859. First Postmaster Henry Hogarth. The office was named **DANFORTH** for Asa Danforth, builder of Danforth Road from York (now Toronto) to Bay of Quinte. Office closed September 29th 1917. Present locality approved name is **DANFORTH**. Population 10 in 1893 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 43°42' 79°16'. References: I, A, T, S, Z, 3X, V+, 7B, 7D, 6T, 8H and 4A.

**DANFORTH STATION**, railway point, Part of City of Toronto, in Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is **DANFORTH STATION**. Map position: 43°41' 79°18'. Reference: V+.

**DANIEL BURRITT'S RAPIDS**, SEE: **MARLBOROUGH SETTLEMENT**, Carleton County.

**DANIEL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 50°01' 92°44'. Reference: V.

**DANISTON**, hamlet, Cumberland Township, Russell County. Located 50 miles west of L'Orignal and 15 miles from Ottawa. Post office opened as **DANISTON**, in 1892. First Postmaster Samuel Danis. Office closed April 10th, 1915. The office was named after the Postmaster. No recent reference to this place. Population 25 in 1895 and 40 in 1926. References: I, Z, PP, 7D, U10 and 6T.

**DANIS TRAILER COURT**, urban community, Paipoonge Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 17 km southwest of Thunder Bay, 21 km southeast of Mokomon and 25 km north of Cloud Bay. Name not approved. Population 72 in 1966 and 75 in 1976. Map position: 48°22' 89°25'. References: 3B, 5A, 6M and 5L.

**DANTE**, post office, Zone Township, Kent County. Located 24 miles northeast of Chatham and 4 miles west of Bothwell. Post office opened as **DANTE**, in 1881. First Postmaster Thomas McAlpine. Office closed January 15th, 1914. Population 5 in 1893. No reference to this place after post office closing. References: I, S, Z, XX and 6T.

**DANTIN**, station, Nipissing District. Located on the Canadian Northern Railway at an altitude of 1,038 above sea-level, next to the station of Vaughan. Reference: L3.

**DANSVILLE**, SEE: **DANVILLE**, Halton County.

**DANVILLE**, Gore District, Canada West, later in Halton County, Home District, and most recently in Town of Halton Hills, within Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 12 miles northwest of Milton and 35 miles west of Toronto, on Acton Creek. Name changed to **ADAMSVILLE** in 1852, for Ezra Adams, first settler. Post office opened as **ACTON** July 18th, 1846. First Postmaster Robert Swan, named for his English birthplace. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village in 1873, and as a Town in 1950. On January 1st, 1974 it was Incorporated into the Town of Halton Hills. The name **DANVILLE** was given to honour the drygoods store clerk, and to mark it being the first shop opened in town and owned by Mr. Wheeler Green. **ACTON WEST STATION** was served by Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Present approved name is **ACTON**. Population 750 in 1874 and 2,063 in 1948. (The population of the Town of Halton Hills is 33,268. Acton and Georgetown were amalgamated to form this total, in 1975.) Map position: 43°37' 80°02'. References: I, C, S, Z, 2T, 2Y, U10, V, 5K, 7R, 8I, 4A, 8Q, 6S and 7D.

**DAOUST TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°43' 83°18'. Reference: V.

DARBYVILLE, hamlet, Nassagaweya Township, Halton County. Located on Lot 20, Concession 4, 21 miles from Wellington Square (later Burlington), and 12 miles from Milton. Laid out in 1856 on the property of Robert Darby. The log Chapel in this place was built in 1833. This place became Part of Town of Milton, within Regional Municipality of Halton, in 1974. Present approved name is DARBYVILLE. Population 41 in 1971 and in 1976 the population is included in Milton. Map position: 43°33' 80°04'. References: B, A, 3B, V, 1B, 8I and 6S.

D'ARCY, settlement, Howe Island Township, Frontenac County. Located 5 miles from Findlay, 15 miles east of Kingston and on the St. Lawrence River. Post office established as D'ARCY, in 1875. First Postmaster W.J. Shugrue. Office closed October 1st, 1915. Present approved name is D'ARCY. Population 20 in 1893 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°16' 76°15'. References: I, T, S, Z, PP, U10, V, 6T and 5V.

D'ARCY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°58' 83°18'. Reference: V.

DARCYVILLE, settlement, South Burgess Township, Lanark County. Located 13 miles south of Perth and 5 miles from Narrow's Locks, on the Rideau Canal System and 7 miles from Westport. Post office established as DARCYVILLE, in 1893. First Postmaster Mr. Darcy. Office closed August 11th, 1915. Present approved name is DARCYVILLE. Map position: 44°45' 76°17'. References: I, S, Z, V, 6T and 7D.

DARGAVEL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°00' 81°33'. Reference: V.

DARK CORNERS, locality, Caledon Township, Peel County. Located between Rockside and Glencoe Corners, in the early 1800's. This settlement, at those crossroads, was called Dark Corners because of the shadows of overhanging trees. There has been no recent reference to this place. Reference: 3C.

DARLING #1, station, Wood Township, Muskoka District. Located 8 km from Bala, on CPR. Present approved name is DARLING. Map position: 44°57' 79°38'. References: U, PP, V and 6S.

DARLING #2, urban community, Town of Dunnville, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Noted in 1974. Reference: B.

DARLING ROAD, station, Canboro' Township, Haldimand County. Located 10 miles east of Cayuga and 7 miles noth of Dunnville, on Grand Trunk Railway, later on CNR. Post office established as DARLING ROAD, in 1883. First Postmaster H. Robbins. Office closed November 30th, 1944. Present approved name is DARLING ROAD. Population 25 in 1893 and 40 in 1926. Map position: 42°58' 79°42'. References: I, T, S, Z, DD, V, 5P, 6T, U10, 6S and 7D.

DARLINGS CORNERS, hamlet, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Nearest post office at Coldwater. Population 10 in 1893. No mention of this place after 1907. References: S, Z and U10.

DARLINGSIDE, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne, and Front of Escott Townships, Leeds County. Located on St. Lawrence River, 17 km northeast of Gananoque and 6 km southeast of Lansdowne. Present approved name is DARLINGSIDE. Map position: 44°22' 75°58'. References: U, V and 5L.

DARLING'S ISLAND: This place is in Lake Simcoe, and is in the most considerable eastern part of the lake. This report dated 1799. Reference: 7W.

DARLING STATION, station, Medora Township, Muskoka District. Located on Muskoka Division of CPR. DARLING STATION number 1466, between the stations of Severn Falls and Bala, in 1911. Reference: 10B.

DARLINGTON #1, post office, on the Ombabika River, on Cross Lake (which is 4 miles in diameter). Post office opened in Keewatin District, on December 1st, 1878. First Postmaster H. N. Ruttan. In 1880 the name was changed to CROSS LAKE, and the boundries were changed between the provinces, and this place settled in the province of Ontario, in Algoma District. In 1881 the name was changed to LAKE DECEPTION. Office closed on January 1st, 1884. No further reference to this place. References: I, 9F and 5V.

DARLINGTON #2, SEE: BARBER'S CREEK, Durham County.

DARLINGTON #2, SEE: BARBER'S CREEK, Durham County.

DARLINGTON #3, railway point, Part of TOWN OF NEWCASTLE. Present approved name is DARLINGTON. Map position: 43°53' 78°44'. Reference: V.

DARLINGTON MILLS, SEE: BARBER'S CREEK, Durham County.

DARLINGTON PORT, SEE: BARBER'S CREEK, Durham County.

DARLINGTON STATION, station, Darlington Township, Durham County. Located 4 miles from Bowmanville and 4 miles from Courtice. Post office established as DARLINGTON STATION, on November 1912. First Postmistress Emily Franklin. Office closed December 15th, 1920. No reference to this place after post office closing date. Reference: 6T.

DARLINGTON TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Durham County. An early name was BRISTOL TOWNSHIP. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C78. Amalgamated January 1st, 1974, with TOWN OF BOWMANVILLE, Village of NEWCASTLE, TOWNSHIP OF CLARKE, to form the TOWN OF NEWCASTLE, within Regional Municipality of Durham. This Township was surveyed by S.S. Wilmont. Population 8,605 in 1852. Map position: 43°59' 78°46'. References: HH, 3G, M, 2W, V and 1P.

DARLING TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Lanark County. First settler Hugh O'Brien. Incorporated January 1st, 1854. Quieting Order P4754-67, dated May 17th, 1968. Population 670 in 1852 and 328 in 1980. This Township was originally in Bathurst District, Canada West. Map position: 45°12' 76°30'. References: C, PP, HH, 3H, M, 2W, V and 1I.

DARNLEY, post office, Flamborough Township, Gore District, later Wentworth County. Located 3 miles from Dundas on the main road to Galt. Post office established as DARNLEY, on August 6th, 1840. First Postmaster James B. Strathy. No closing date discovered for this office. The last entry for this place is 1841. References: 7X and 8P.

DARRELL, SEE: SCOTCH SETTLEMENT #2, Kent County.

DARTFORD, dispersed rural community, Newcastle District, Canada West, later Percy Township, Northumberland County. Located 28 miles northeast of Cobourg and 7 miles south of Grand Trunk Railway at Hastings. The name Dartford was given by Sir Edmund Head. Post office established as DARTFORD, on July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Nathaniel Niles. Office closed on April 8th, 1970. Present approved name is DARTFORD. Population 100 in 1895 and 28 in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 77°56'. References: I, T, S, 2W, 3K, V, 7A, 5L and 7D.

DARTMOOR, post office, Dalton Township, Victoria County. Located 17 miles from Bolsover, 42 miles northwest of Lindsay and 16 miles northeast of Grand Trunk Railway at Atherley. Post office established as DARTMOOR, on April 1st, 1870. First Postmaster John Gardiner. Office closed August 1st, 1915. Population 50 in 1895 and 82 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, Z, PP, 7B, 6T, 5W and 8E.

DARWIN, post office, Renfrew County, Canada West. Post office established 1865 and closed on the resignation of Dudley Moore, Postmaster in 1868. No other reference to this place. References: I and 3Q.

DASHWOOD, Police Village, Stephen and Hay Townships, Huron County. Located 30 miles south of Goderich and 5 miles east of Port Blake. Post office established as DASHWOOD, on December 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Noah Fried. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Police Village of Dashwood on December 8th, 1899, by County Bylaw #7. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is DASHWOOD. Population 100 in 1885 and 434 in 1976. Map position: 43021' 81038'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, 2Y, 3R, V, 6M, 5X, 6S, 9L, 5L and 7L.

DAUMONT TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 23, Range 10, Algoma District.

DAVAUGOUR TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 23 Range 23, Sudbury District.

DAVENPORT, hamlet, York Township, York County. Located 4 1/2 miles north of Toronto, with which it was connected by a street railway. It also adjoins Toronto Junction. Post office established as DAVENPORT, on February 1st, 1862. First Postmaster George S. Yearley. Davenport post office became a sub-post office of Toronto and was closed permanently January 16th, 1945. This place was absorbed by the growth of Toronto. Population 450 in 1893 and 600 in 1895. After 1907, shown with Toronto figures. References: I, T, S, Z, U10, 7B, 7K and 3N.

DAVENTRY, railway point, Boyd Township, Nipissing District. This place was named by Superintendant A.J. Hills of Canadian Northern Railway. Present approved name is DAVENTRY. Map position: 46°04' 78°40'. References: B, U, V and 8L.

DAVIDSON PLAN 594, Pickering Township, Ontario County, between 1961 and 1966 and is now included in MARTIN SUBDIVISION. Which SEE. Reference: 5A.

DAVIDSONS BEACH, dispersed rural community, Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Located 14 km northeast of Kingston, 5 km southwest of Inverary and 7 km north of Elginburg. Present approved name is DAVIDSONS BEACH. Map position: 44°22' 76°33'. References: V and 5L.

DAVIDSON'S CORNERS, locality, Hope Township, Durham County. Located 8 km north of Port Hope, 9 km northwest of Precious Corners and 7 km southwest of Perrytown. Present approved name is DAVIDSON'S CORNERS. Map position: 44°03' 78°18'. References: V and 5L.

DAVIDSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°54' 80°20'. Reference: V.

DAVIDTOWN, Police Village, East Gwillimbury Township, Home District, later in York County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Holland Landing, 37 miles north of Toronto and 4 miles northeast of Newmarket. Post office established as SHARON on February 6th, 1841. First Postmaster John Hogaboom. Office still in operation in 1983. Place settled as HOPE in the 1820's by the Children of Peace sect, under David Willson, their leader. They built a temple which they called Sharon, and the post office was named SHARON, for the temple. Incorporated as Police Village of Sharon on June 23rd, 1917, by County Bylaw #1229. Police Village dissolved by Legislation, Bill 102 1970, effective date January 1st, 1971. Present approved name is SHARON. Population 200 in 1892 and 979 in 1976. Map position: 44°06' 79°26'. References: 3G, I, P, S, Z, 3B, 3G, 2J, 7B, 7A, 7V, 8P, 9L ,9J and 7L.

DAVIEAUX TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 25, Range 13, Algoma District.

DAVIES TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°10' 86°03'. Reference: V.

DAVIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°39' 82°44'. Reference: V.

DAVIS, SEE: DAVIS LOCK, Leeds County.

DAVIS CORNERS #1, post office, King Township, York County. Located 3 miles from Kettleby and 3 1/2 miles from Aurora. Post office established as DAVIS CORNERS, on April 1st, 1910. First Postmaster William Hunter. Office closed February 1st, 1914. No further reference to this place after the office closing. Reference: 6T.

DAVIS' CORNERS #2, dispersed rural community, Oso Township, Addington later Frontenac County. Located 6 miles north of Sharbot Lake, 4 1/2 miles east of Oso Station, 5 miles west from the village of Maberly and 6 miles south of Clarendon Station. Post office opened under the name ZEALAND July 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Joshua Davis. Office closed August 1st, 1915. Place assumed the name of the office and became ZEALAND. The name was derived from New Zealand, Australia. Present approved name is ZEALAND. Population 30 in 1875 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°50' 76°37'. References: 7D, I, B, AA, 6T, PP, 5Y, V, 5L, A and 7B.

DAVIS CORNERS #3, dispersed rural community, Richmond Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 12 miles

north of Napanee the County Seat, 5 km from Roblindale and 5 miles from Marlbank. Post office established as WEST PLAIN in 1887. First Postmaster Jacob R. McCumber. Office closed September 1st, 1913. Post office named West Plain by Mr. William Paul. Present approved name is WEST PLAIN. Population 50 in 1893 and 33 in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 77°04'. References: B, I, S, U, MM, U10, 6T, V, 5L and 5S.

DAVIS LAKE, dispersed rural community, South Crosby Township, Leeds County. Present approved name is DAVIS LAKE. Map position: 44°34' 76°17'. Reference: V.

DAVIS LOCK, South Crosby Township, Leeds County. First mentioned in 1840. It is on the route of the steamboats, about three times weekly, between Ottawa and Kingston, (1893). Name changed to FOSTER'S LOCKS, July 1915. This place is on water route #342. Present approved name is DAVIS LOCK. Map position: 44°34' 76°17'. References: U10, SS, 2N and 5L.

DAVIS MILLS, dispersed rural community, Alice Township, Renfrew County, sometimes noted under the name DAVIS'S MILLS ON RIDEAU. It's located 8 miles south of Pembroke and 3 1/2 miles from Locksley Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as DAVIS MILLS, in 1887. First Postmaster Richard Davis. Office closed February 13th, 1915. Present approved name is DAVIS MILLS. Population 50 in 1895 and 75 in 1908. Map position 45°46' and 77°12'. References: I, C, Z, PP, U10, 3H, V, 5T, 6T and 5L.

DAVIS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position 46°41' and 80°29'. Reference: V.

DAVISVILLE, hamlet, York Township, York County. Located 3 1/2 miles north of Toronto (1875). Post office established as DAVISVILLE, in 1870 on May 1st, 1870. First Postmaster John Davis. This post office and village were Incorporated into the Town of North Toronto in 1908. Population 900 including the two nearby villages of Eglington and Bedford Park. There were 93 businesses in operation in the village in 1890. The post office was made a savings bank office November 1st, 1915. Davisville is named for the first Postmaster John Davis who was followed in office by his son and grandson up to the absorbtion of the Town of North Toronto into the City of Toronto. References: I, T, S, AA, DD, PP, K2, 2J, 6T, 5W and 7D.

DAVONPORT, post office, London District, Canada West, later Elgin County. The post office opened in 1842 and closed 1846. There is no record of the Postmaster's name. References: I and C.

DAVY'S ISLAND, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County, a station on the Bay of Quinte Railway located 4 miles from Deseronto. This station last noted in 1907. References: S and Z.

DAWE'S CORNERS, West Zorra, later Nissouri East Township, Oxford County. Located 8 miles from Ingersoll, 14 miles west of Woodstock and 8 miles from Thamesford. Post office established as NISSOURI on February 6th, 1853 and was named for the Township. First Postmaster N.P. Allan. In 1895, J. R. Mackenzie had the post office name changed to HOLIDAY. Office closed March 8th, 1913. Present approved name is HOLIDAY. Population 50 in 1895 and 15 in 1926. Map position 43°08' 80°58'. References: Z, I, T, AA, 3K, SS, 7B, 6T and 7D.

DAWES ROAD, post office, York County, York Township. Located one mile from Coleman, 2 miles from Wexford and 4 miles from Scarborough Bluffs. Post office established as DAWES ROAD, on May 5th, 1930. First Postmaster William Edwards. The post office status changed to a sub-post office of Toronto, January 1st, 1953. No further reference of this office. Reference: 6T.

DAWN CENTRE, settlement, Dawn Township, Lambton County. Located 10 miles from Thamesville and 28 miles south-east of Sarnia and 6 miles north of Dresden. Post office named RUTHERFORD for Governor Rutherford and opened in June 1st, 1861. First Postmaster A. MacDonald. Office closed July 1st, 1914. Present approved name is RUTHERFORD. Population 100 in 1892 and 63 in 1976. Map position: 42°39' and 82°08'. References: Z, 1H, I, S, AA, 2Z, 3B, 3Z, 3N, 6T and V.

DAWN MILLS, SEE: TAYLOR'S MILLS, Kent County.

DAWN TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Lambton County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849,

C.81. Formerly in Western District, Canada West. Population 556 in 1852 and 1,796 in 1980. Map position: 42°42' and 82°08'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and V.

DAWN VALLEY, a dispersed rural community, Dawn Township, Lambton County. Located 25 miles southeast of Sarnia and 6 miles from Dresden. Post office established as DAWN VALLEY, on September 1st, 1895. First Postmaster Hugh Dunlop. Office closed June 1st, 1914. The name Dawn Valley was given by Postmaster Dunlop. Present approved name is DAWN VALLEY. Population 25 in 1926. Map position 42°39' 82°14'. References: B, S, MM, V, 6T, 6S, 5L and 7D.

DAWSON #1, SEE: DAWSON'S LANDING, Algoma District.

DAWSON #2, hamlet, Osgoode Township, Carleton County. Located 20 miles south of Ottawa and 4 1/2 miles from Osgoode Station. Post office established as DAWSON, on April 1st, 1875. First Postmaster John McEvoy. On November 1st, 1909, the post office name was changed to ENNISKERRY. The name means 'place of many rocks'. This change was necessary because of the conflict of mail delivery with Dawson in the Yukon Territories. Office closed October 26th, 1912. The Religious Parish name of this hamlet was SAINT JEAN l'EVANGELISTE. The DAWSON post office was named for Macdonnel Dawson. Population 25 in 1893 and 100 in 1908. On November 24th, 1980, the Township Planning Board meeting was held. It was decided that this place could once again be designated as a hamlet and that the name of the place was to be ENNISKERRY. References: I, T, S, Z, SS, PP, U10, 9C and M. Daley.

DAWSON ROAD LOTS, Ware Township, Thunder Bay District. Population 107 in 1951 and 310 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

DAWSON'S BRIDGE, a concentrated rural community, South Dumfries Township, Brant County, formerly shown in Gore District, Canada West. Located 12 miles west of Brantford and 6 miles north-east of Paris and 7 miles from Galt. Post office named GLEN MORRIS established June 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Robert Sheil. The post office name was given to honour Postmaster General Morris. Office still in operation in 1983. Place was laid out in 1848 by Samuel Latshaw. Present approved name is GLEN MORRIS. Population 40 in 1846, 300 in 1893 and 278 in 1976. Map position: 43°16' 80°21'. References: G, C, 2Y, I, S, Z, 3B, 3J, U10, 1T, V and 8Q.

DAWSON'S LANDING, situated on Thunder Bay at the head of Lake Superior, adjoining the City of Fort William and Port Arthur, 800 miles northwest of Toronto. On the main line of CPR and is headquarters for all the railways running westward to the International boundry at Gun Flint Lake, terminus of both CNR and CPR and on Highway #17. Named for S.J. Dawson, explorer in 1857, appointed by the Canadian Government to explore from Lake Superior westward and 1868 to open the Dawson Route between Dawson and Winnipeg, a distance of 450 miles. In 1857, called THE STATION and later WEST PORT, for this location. Post office established 1869 and named THUNDER BAY. In 1883, the name was changed to PORT ARTHUR. First Postmaster appointed November 1st, 1869 was Charles W. Black. On May 25th, 1870, Colonel Wolseley arrived at Dawson's Landing and upon landing there, renamed the place PRINCE ARTHUR'S LANDING. Under this name it was Incorporated as a Police Village, on August 16th, 1872. On March 25th, 1884, the place was Incorporated as a Town under the name PORT ARTHUR. April 20th, 1907, Port Arthur was Incorporated as a City. A local name for this place is HILL CITY. On January 1st, 1970, Port Arthur became Part, and with Fort William and the Townships of Neebing and McIntyre, Amalgamated to form the new CITY OF THUNDER BAY. First permanent settler Robert McVicar in 1856. The name change for Prince Arthur's Landing was requested by the railway because the name was too long to fit their sign boards at the station therefore they asked that it be changed to PORT ARTHUR in 1882. Religious Parish name for this place ST. ANDRE. Present approved name is THUNDER BAY. Population 2,000 in 1886, 20,000 in 1926 45,276 in 1966 and 119,253 in 1970. Map position: 48°24' 89°19'. References: 7D, 2Y, I, M, P, R1, T, S, AA, Z, HH, 2T, GG, 5K, 6T, 7V, V, 5W, SS, V+.

DAWSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Located 113 km west of Little Current. Population 84 in 1978. Map position: 45°54' 83°06' References: R2 and V.

DAWSON TRAIL, a primitive road which functioned between 1856 and 1877 and was used by pioneers in two-wheeled Red River carts, and pulled by oxen. In 1856 it was 45 miles long ending at Lake Shabandowan. Reference: 2U.

**DAWTON,** SEE: **DAYTON #2**, York County.

**DAY AND BRIGHT ADDITIONAL TOWNSHIP**, Algoma District. Incorporated July 2nd, 1904. Quieting Order M907, Dated June 27th, 1956. Place was named after the first land agent, John Day. Located 13.8 km west of Iron Bridge and 13.8 km east of Thessalon. Place was named after the first land agent, John Day. Population 230 in 1977 and 249 in 1980. Map position: 46°15' 83°21'. References: R1, HH and M.

**DAY MILLS**, Day Township, Algoma District. Located 14 miles east of Thessalon, 60 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie and 4 miles from CPR at Dayton. Post office established as **DAY MILLS**, in 1882. First Postmaster William Harris. Office closed March 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **DAY MILLS**. Population 25 in 1893 and 40 in 1908. Map position: 46°18' 83°21'. References: I, T, S, PP, U10, 6T, 5V, 5L and 7D.

**DAYTON #1**, dispersed rural community, Bright Township, Algoma District, later in Bright Additional Township. Located 60 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie and 12 miles from Thessalon. Post office established as **DAYTON**, in 1892. First Postmaster James Smith. Office closed March 31st, 1964. This place is a station on CPR. Present approved name is **DAYTON**. Population 25 in 1893. Map position: 46°15' 83°21'. References: 7D, I, S, Z, V, 6T and 8L.

**DAYTON #2**, station, York Township, York County, and most recently, Part of Borough, later City of North York. Located on CPR, 15 miles northwest of Toronto. Post office opened as **DAYTON**, February 1st, 1879. Name changed to **GROUSE HILL**, June 1st, 1879, then back to **DAYTON**, June 1st, 1879. Finally the name was changed to **EMERY**, on September 1st, 1880. First Postmaster M. S. Burkholder. Office closed January 15th, 1913. The place Emery still shows as a settlement in 1962. One misspelling of the name is **DAWTON**. Present approved name is **EMERY**. Map position: 43°45' 79°33'. References: I, AA, 6T, 5V, D, 6S, 8S, PP, SS, T, MM, U10.

**DAYTONA BEACH #1,** SEE: **DAYTONIA BEACH**, Victoria County.

**DATONIA BEACH #2**, dispersed rural community, Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Locate 2 km southwest of Powles Corners on Sturgeon Lake and 14 km north of Lindsay. Present approved name is **DAYTONIA BEACH**. Map position: 44°29' 78°44'. References: B, V and 5L.

**DAYTOWN**, dispersed rural community, Bastard Township, Leeds County. Located 12 km west of Athens, 3 km north of Delta and 6 km southwest of Plum Hollow. Present approved name is **DAYTONW**. Map position: 44°38' 76°06'. References: V and 5L.

**DAY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°18' 83°47'. References: V.

**DAYWOOD**, post office, Sydenham Township, Grey County. Located 6 miles from Owen Sound. Post office established as **DAYWOOD**, on May 1st, 1863. First Postmaster A.S. Cameron. Office closed 1882. The name of this post office was deleted by Canadian Permanent Committee on Geographic Names , in Ottawa, May 21st, 1945. References: I, A, 3N, 4F, 7B, 5B, 4A and 7D.

**DEACON #1**, dispersed rural community, North Algona Township, Renfrew County. Located 24 miles southwest of Pembroke, 11 km from Golden Lake, and 28 miles from Cobden Station. Post office established as **DEACON**, in 1883. First Postmaster James Paul. Office closed June 30th, 1938. Present approved name is **DEACON**. Population 50 in 1895 and 45 in 1976. Map position: 45°36' 77°22'. References: I, T, Z, PP, V, 6T, 5P and 5L.

**DEACON #2**, hamlet, Garafraxa Township, Wellington County. Located 25 miles north of Guelph and 4 1/2 miles east of CPR at Bellwood. Post office established as **DEACON**, in 1882. First Postmaster John Young. Office name Deacon, was changed to **DRACON** because another office had that name, in Renfrew County. Office closed June 1st, 1913. Population 50 in 1893 and 75 in 1926. Present approved name is **DRACON**. Map position: 43°49' 80°23'. References: I, S, Z, V, 6T, 6S, 5L and 7D.

**DEACON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°02' 78°24'. References: V.

DEAD CREEK, hamlet, Kennebec Township, Frontenac County. Located 60 miles northwest of Kingston, 42 km from Tichborne and 7 miles from CPR at Arden Staion. Post office established as DEAD CREEK in 1890. First Postmaster Joseph Arney. On January 15th, 1931 the post office name changed to HENDERSON. Office closed in 1968. Dead Creek was named for the creek that passed through the village. Currently designated a concentrated rural community. Present approved name is HENDERSON. Population 25 in 1895 and 48 in 1976. Map position: 44°47' 76°59'. References: I, S, Z, MM, SS, 6T, 7D, B, 3B and V.

DEADMAN'S TURN, SEE: SLIGO HILL, Peel County.

DEAGOLE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°19' 82°23'. References: V.

DEALTOWN, SEE: ERIEUS, Kent County.

DEAN LAKE, SEE: THOMPSON, Algoma District.

DEANLEA BEACH, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 8 km from Wyevale, 2 miles from Bluewater Beach and 3 1/2 miles from Wendake Beach. Post office established as DEANLEA BEACH on July 24th, 1961. First Postmistress Edna S. Morning. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is DEANLEA BEACH. Map position: 44°37' 80°00'. References: B, U, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

DEANS #1, railway point, Laurier Township, Parry Sound District. Present approved name is DEANS. Map position: 45°54' 79°21'. References: U, V and 6S.

DEANS #2, SEE: INDIANA, Haldimand County.

DEAN'S MILLS, hamlet, East Zorra Township, Oxford County. On Lot 13, Consession 18, 11 miles from Woodstock. Business card of David and Israel Dean listed in Innerkip (7 miles distant) business notice in 1862. No recent references to this hamlet. Reference: 10K.

DEAN SETTLEMENT, concentrated rural community, Dereham Township, Oxford County. Located 24 miles southwest of Woodstock and 6 miles west of Tilsonburg. Post office established as BROWNSVILLE, on August 1st, 1854. First Postmaster E. F. Brown. Office still in operation in 1983. Dean Settlement was named for David Dean, who settled before 1840. Brownsville was named for the first Postmaster. Present approved name is BROWNSVILLE. Population 100 in 1886 and 268 in 1978. Map position: 42°52' 80°50'. References: I, S, Z, U, EE, 3B, 3L, V, 6S, 8Q and 7R.

DEAN'S STATION, Seneca Township, Haldimand County. Located 1 mile from Indiana on the route to Cayuga. A station on Canada Southern Railway in 1879. Last mentioned in 1895. References: Z and 1C.

DEAN'S TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 8D, Sudbury District.

DEARBROOK STATION, SEE: VARNA, Huron County.

DEARLOCK, dispersed rural community, Richardson Township, Rainy River District. Located 18 miles from Stratton, 6 1/2 miles from North Branch and 7 1/2 miles from Black Hawk. Post office established as DEARLOCK, on May 1st, 1915. First Postmaster P. Grenier. Office closed May 15th, 1952. Present approved name is DEARLOCK. Population 50 in 1951. Map position: 48°50' 94°05'. References: R2, 3B, 2P, V, 6V, 6T and 5L.

DEBASSIGE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 26, Range 25, Algoma District.

DE BLAQUIER'S HOLLOW, Walsingham Township, Norfolk County. Located at the second concession and south of Walsingham Road West, 25 miles from Simcoe, 60 miles from Hamilton. Post office established June 1st, 1853 named ROWAN MILLS. First Postmaster H. De Blaquier. In 1867 the post office name was changed to STISTED, but in 1877 the name was changed back to ROWAN MILLS. Office closed November 1st, 1912. Nearest railway is Grand

Trunk Railway at Port Rowan. This place was settled in 1650 and first settler was the Postmaster. Present approved name is **ROWAN MILLS**. Population 60 in 1875 and 100 in 1892. Map position: 42°37' 80°32'. References: V+, I, A, T, S, AA, EE, RR, 3K, 4F and 7B.

**DECEPTION**, station, Algoma District, later Rainy River District. Located 19 miles west of Rat Portage, later Kenora, on Lake of the Woods, on CPR mainline, between the stations of Kelmar and Ostersund and at mile 1,596 It also had a Dominion Express Office in 1893. References: S, Z, PP, 6Z and 8K.

**DECEW FALLS**, dispersed rural community, Thorold Township, Welland County, formerly in Niagara District, Canada West, and presently Part of City of St. Catherines, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 6 km from St, Catherines. Present approved name is **DECEW FALLS**. Population 103 in 1951. This place is noted as being the first source for electricity being sold to Hagilton in 1896. Developers of the long-distance-transmission of electricity, were "the five Johns", Dickenson, Gibson, Moodie, Patterson and Southerland. Map position: 43°06' 79°16'. References: U, 3B, 5M and V.

**DECEWSVILLE**, dispersed rural community, first in Canada West, later Cayuga Township, Haldimand County, and most recently, Part of Town of Haldimand, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 3 miles west of Cayuga, 2 1/2 miles east of Nelles Corners, on the Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, and subsequently CNR. Post office establsihed as **DECEWSVILLE**, on July 6th, 1851. First Postmaster William DeCew. Office closed April 1st, 1915. DeCewsville was named for Captain John DeCew, a United Empire Loyalist who settled in 1825. Present approved name is **DECEWSVILLE**. Population 100 in 1857, 200 in 1893 an 56 in 1956. Population for 1976 included in Haldimand. Map position: 42°56' 79°55'. References: B, I, S, Z, EE, 3B, U10, 5E, 1C, V, 6T, 8Q and 7D.

**DECKER HOLLOW**, SEE: **DECKERVILLE**, Durham County.

**DECKER'S HILL**, SEE: **DECKERVILLE**, Durham County.

**DECKERVILLE**. dispersed rural community, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Located 15 miles northwest of Port Hope on the Ganaraska River. Founded by John Decker, of Concession 6, Lot 33 of Hope Township, with his sons, Gilbert, Robert, Peter and Daniel. The settlement consisted of a sawmill, gristmill, store tavern, blacksmith's shop and several houses, and was settled in 1843. In 1880, a flood of the Ganaraska River carried away most of the mills. The names **DECKER HOLLOW** and **DECKER'S HILL** were given in the 1900's. In 1974, the place became Part of the **TOWN OF PICKERING**, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **DECKER'S HOLLOW**. There is no population. Map position: 43°52' 79°05'. References: Majorie Scriver, E, V, 5L, 6S, 3G and "Cobourg Daily Star July 8th, 1982.

**DEE BANK**, SEE: **DEE BANK VILLAGE**, Muskoka District.

**DEE BANK VILLAGE**, dispersed rural community, Watt Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 32 miles north of Gravenhurst, 16 miles from Utterson and 23 miles from Bracebridge. Post office opened as **DEE BANK**. First Postmaster James M. Barber. Office closed September 8th, 1903. Present approved name is **DEE BANK**. Population 32 in 1885 and 25 in 1908. Map position: 45°11' 79°31'. References: I, Z, PP, 1L, V, 5U, 5T, 5V, 7Q and 5L.

**DEEKS**, station, Grenville County. Located on CPR and had express office in 1933. No recent reference to this place. References: LL.

**DEEMERTON**, SEE: **BEFORD**, Bruce County.

**DEEP BAY**, dispersed rural communtiy, Lutterworth Township, Haliburton County. Located on Gull Lake, 9 km north of Norland and 11 km southeast of Minden. Present approved name is **DEEP BAY**. Map position: 44°51' 78°49'. References: V and 5L.

**DEEP RIVER**, Town, Rolph Township, Renfrew County. Established 1945. Incorporated as an Improvement District in

For references see Works Cited.

1956 and Incorporated as a Town in 1959. This place was a residential model town for the employees of Chalk River. Located 6 miles north of Chalk River and 28 miles northwest of Pembroke. Post office established as DEEP RIVER, on December 17th, 1945. First Postmaster shown as the Company, Defence Industries Limited. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is DEEP RIVER. Population 2,043 in 1951 and 5,565 in 1976. Map position: 46°06' 77°30'. References: B, M, HH, 2T, 2U, 2Y, 3B, D, V, 6T and 5L.

DEEP RIVER IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, Renfrew County. Map position: 46°04' 77°31'. References: V.

DEER BAY, dispersed rural community, Smith Township, Peterborough County. Located 6 km southeast of Buckhorn, 10 km northeast of Selwyn and 14 km northwest of Lakefield. Present approved name is DEER BAY. Map position: 44°32' 78°17'. References: U, V and 5L.

DEERBROOK, SEE: RUSCOM RIVER, Essex County.

DEERDOCK, hamlet, Oso Township, Frontenac County. Located 52 miles north of Kingston, 33 miles from Perth and 2 miles southwest of Kingston and Pembroke Railway at Oso Station. Post office established as DEERDOCK, in 1869. First Postmaster John Warren. Office closed 1885. Population 25 in 1875. There is no mention of this place after the post office closing. References: I, A, T, Z, PP, 7B, 5V and 4G.

DEERHURST, dispersed rural community, West Gwillimbury Township, Simcoe County. Located 17 miles south of Barrie and 5 miles south of Gilford. Post office opened as DEERHURST, on April 1st, 1863. First Postmaster S. Walker, who requested the name of the post office be WALKERVILLE, but this was denied by the post office, so he named it Deerhurst. Office closed March 1st, 1914. Population 25 in 1895 and 10 in 1908. Name was changed to DEERHURST INN August 1946, and at that time was recorded as being on water route #294. No recent references to this community. Map position: 44°11' 79°35'. References: I, S, Z, JJ, 2N, SS, 7B, 6T, 5L, 6S and 7D.

DEERHURST INN, SEE: DEERHURST, Simcoe County.

DEER ISLAND, post office, Peterborough County. Open in 1892 only. There is no further reference to this office. References: I.

DEER LAKE #1, Cardiff Township, Peterborough County, later Victoria County, presently Haliburton County. Located 8 miles west of Highland Grove, 53 miles northeast of Minden, 20 miles from Hadley Station at Hadlington and 11 miles from Bancroft. Post office opened as DEER LAKE on February 1st, 1882. First Postmaster William Ogilvie. Office closed August 7th, 1915. Present approved name is DEER LAKE. Population 100 in 1895 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 78°05'. References: I, U10, 5R, S, Z, V, 6T, 5L, 3B, SS, 7F and MM.

DEER LAKE #2, post office, York County. Office opened in 1878. No recent references to this office and not listed in Canadian Almanac for any year. References: 9F and I.

DEERLAKE #3, Lount Township, Parry Sound District. Located 40 miles northeast of Parry Sound and 10 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at South River Station. Post office opened as WATTENWYL, in 1881. First Postmaster Frederick Egger. Office closed May 1st, 1916. Population 100 in 1892. No recent references to this place. Map position: 45°48' 79°35'. References: I, S, AA, 6T, 5V and 9J.

DEER LAKE #4, dispersed rural community, East of Deer lake, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 200 miles north of Lac Du Bonnet, Manitoba. Post office opened as DEER LAKE, on July 2nd, 1949. First Postmaster Hugh W. Southerland. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is DEER LAKE. Population 17 in 1972. Map position: 52°37 94°05'. References: U, O, V and 6T. (SEE Deer Lake Band Reserve.)

DEER LAKE #5, hamlet, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located on Deer Lake (lake), 65 km northeast of Poplar Hill, 70 km southwest of Sandy Lake and 75 km northwest of North Spirit Lake. Present approved name is DEER LAKE. Map position: 52°07' 94°00'. References: 5L.

DEER LAKE #6, post office, in the Postal District of Victoria and Haliburton Counties. This office closed on

August 7th, 1915. This appears to be an error listing for Deer Lake #1. Reference: 6T.

**DEER LAKE RESERVE**, Indian Settlement, Kenora District. Located 178 km northeast of Red Lake. This reserve belongs to the Deer Lake Band, under Grand Council Treaty #9. Language is Saulteaux. Population 326 in 1978. Map position: 52°37' 94°05'. References: R3.

**DEER LAKE STATION #1**, station, Burton Township, Parry Sound District. Located 28 miles from Parry Sound, 10 miles from Bancroft and 40 miles from Kinmount Junction. On the Irondale, Bancroft & Ottawa Railway. Post office opened June 2nd, 1909, and named **ARDBEG**. First Postmaster W. Leitch. The name of Deer Lake Station was changed to **ARDBEG**, to conform with the post office name on October 7th, 1922. Name has been mispelled as **ANDBEG**. Present approved name is **ARDBEG**. Population 146 in 1941 and 40 in 1980. Map position: 45°38' 80°05'. References: B, U, DD, 3B, V, 6T, 5L, 6S, LL, 7D, MM and PP.

**DEER LAKE STATION #2**, hamlet, Cardiff Township, Haliburton County. Located 15 miles from Haliburton, 8 miles northwest of Deer Lake and 11 miles from Bancroft. Post office established as **HIGHLAND GROVE** on January 1st, 1897. First Postmaster James F, McMillan. Office still in operation in 1983. **DEER LAKE STATION** served by the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway (1908). Present approved name is **HIGHLAND GROVE**. Population 50 in 1893 and 83 in 1976. Map position: 45°04 78°05'. References: DD, SS, L10, MM, B, S, PP, 3B, 7F, 5L, V and 5U.

**DEER PARK**, urban community, York Township, York County, now a Part of the City of Toronto, within the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located 1/2 mile north of Toronto and 1/2 mile from North Toronto Station. First Postmaster Edmond H. Swetman in 1881. Deer Park was amalgamated by Toronto about 1908. The post office system was taken over by Toronto. It was made a sub-post office and that office closed February 5th, 1916. There were several openings and closings of sub-post offices of Toronto; the final closing of this office was July 21st, 1948. In 1895, a resident of the is place was Mr. Joseph Mowat, who was the tollgate-keeper between Deer Park and Toronto. Map position: 43°41' 79°25'. References: T, S, Z, K2, U10, SS, V, 6T and 5V.

**de GAULLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°38' 83°03'. References: V.

**De GRASSI POINT**, summer post office, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located on Kempenfeldt Bay, 14 miles southeast of Barrie 2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Lefroy Station. Post office established as **De GRASSI POINT**,in 1891, and named to honour Alfio De Grassi, a district deputy of the Order of Masons, in 1865. Office closed in April 1966. De Grassi Point is the place where Canise, the Indian Chief, and friend of Governor Simcoe, died in 1793. Population 10 in 1893 and 15 in 1976. Present approved name is **De GRASSI POINT**. Map position: 44°15' 79°32'. References: I, S, Z, JJ, U10, V, 8A, 6S, 6T and 5L.

**DEJONG**, dispersed rural community, Adelaide Township, Middlesex County.Located 13 km northeast of Strathroy, 11 km southeast of Arkona and 12 km east of Warwick. Present approved name is **DEJONG**. Map position: 43°00' 81°46'. References: B, V and 5L.

**DELAMERE**, dispersed rural community, Delamere Township, Sudbury District. Located 8 km from Rutter. Located 8 km north of Alban, 16 km northwest of Noelville and 11 km southeast of Paget. Post office established as **DELAMERE**, on October 31st, 1933. First Postmaster Donat Laforge. Office closed May 29th, 1956. Present approved name is **DELAMERE**. Map position: 46°11' 80°37'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

**DELAMERE STATION**, railway point, Cox Township, Sudbury District. Present approved name is **DELAMERE STATION**. Map position: 46°10' 80°43'. References: V.

**DELAMERE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°08' 80°37'. References: V.

**DELANEY LAKE**, hamlet, Kenora District. Listed in 1978. References: U.

**DELANEY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 12 E**, Sudbury District.

**DELAWARE**, Police village, Delaware Township, Middlesex County. Located on Thames River, 12 miles southwest of

London the County Seat, 3 miles south of Komoka Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 54 miles from Chatham. Post office established as DELAWARE in 1820. First Postmaster Daniel Springer. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler Ebenezer Allen in 1794. Incorporated as Police Village of Delaware on January 27th, 1912 by County Bylaw #664. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is DELAWARE. Population 300 in 1886 and 346 in 1976. Map position: 42°55' 81°25'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, EE, 3B, 2Y, 5B, 6Q, V, 7X, 6S, 9L, 5L and 7L.

DELAWARE STATION, station, Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 20 miles south of London, 13 miles west of St. Thomas and 7 miles from Mount Brydges. Post office established January 1st, 1857, as MUNCEY. First Postmaster James Musgrove. Office still in operation in 1983. The place has taken the post office name over the years. Very little is documented on this place between the 1800's up to 1908, until 1974, when this place is recognized as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is MUNCEY. Population 100 in 1892 and 27 in 1976. References: I, T, S, 3M, 3B, AA, V, 7D and U10.

DELAWARE TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Middlesex County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Area 36,000 acres. Settled in 1801. First settler Ethan Allan. Population 1,581 in 1852, 2,000 in 1877 and 2,232 in 1980. The first house was built by Henry Rawlings, in 1833. Map position: 42°52' 81°22'. References: HH, M, 2W, V and 1K.

DELAWARE WEST, dispersed rural community, Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 1 km east of Campbellvale, 1 km west of Delaware and 14 km northeast of Melbourne. Present approved name is DELEWARE WEST. Population 51 in 1971 and 73 in 1976. Map position: 42°54' 81°26'. References: 3B, V, 6M and 5L.

DELHI #1, SEE: SOVEREEN'S CORNERS, Norfolk County.

DELHI #2, SEE: HALLOWELL BRIDGE, Prince Edward County.

DELHI TOWNSHIP #1, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 80°22'. References: V.

DELHI TOWNSHIP #2, Municipal Township, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Incorporated April 1st, 1974, by Ontario Statute 1973, C 96. Population 15,030 in 1980. References: HH and M.

DELMAGE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°03' 83°41'. References: V.

DELMENY: This is a misspelling in the announcment of the post office opening in Russel County in 1882. It should correctly be DALMENY, Carleton County.

DELMER, SEE: BRIGHAM'S CORNERS, Oxford County.

DELNITE MINE, hamlet, Delora Township, Cochrane District. Population 172 in 1956 and 149 in 1971. Population for 1976 included with Timmins. References: 3B, 5A, 5E and 6M.

DELONG CHAMP SUBDIVISION, Hanmer Township, Sudbury District. Population 73 in 1961 and 148 in 1966. This place became Part of Valley East, Sudbury District in 1971. References: 5A and 6M.

DELORME, SEE: CYRVILLE, Carleton County.

DELORO, Incorporated Village, Lake and Marmora Townships, Hastings County. Located 30 miles northwest of Belleville and one mile from Marmora. Post office established as DELORO, on December 1st, 1881. First Postmaster Ernest Gaujot. Office closed February 16th, 1970. Incorporated as a Village January 1st, 1919. A misspelling for this name was DELORA. Present approved name is DELORO. Population 50 in 1895 and 238 in 1976. Map position: 44°31' 77°37'. References: I, M, T, S, Z, HH, 2T, V, 5P and 5L.

DELORO TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°25' 81°16'. References: V.

DEL RAY #1, urban community, within the boundries of Metropolitan Toronto. Located 1 mile from North Park Post

Office and 1 1/2 miles from Downsview, 4 miles from West Toronto Station and 12 miles from Toronto. Post office established as **DEL RAY**, on November 10th, 1953. First Postmaster Irving Nusinoff. Status of office changed to sub-post office of Toronto on August 1st, 1955. Recently designated as Part of the Borough of North York. Present approved name is **DEL RAY**. Map position: 43°42' 79°28'. References: U, V, 6V and 6T.

**DELRAY #2**, station, Lowther Township, Cochrane District. Located near Stavert. Present approved name is DELRAY. Map position: 49°35' 83°46'. References: U and V.

**DELTA**, SEE: **STEVENSTOWN**, Leeds County.

**DELTA EAST**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **DELTA EAST**. Map position: 43°14' 79°49'. References: V.

**DELTA WEST**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **DELTA WEST** Map position: 43°14' 79°50'. References: V.

**DEL VILLANO TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **D TOWNSHIP**, Algoma District.

**DEMOREST TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°02' 80°37'. References: V.

**DEMORESTVILLE**, SEE: **SMITH'S MILLS #2**, Prince Edward County.

**DEMORESTVILLE TOWNSHIP**, Prince Edward District, Canada West. Post office name is Demorestville, and this entry was made in 1848. References: C.

**DEMPSAY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°07' 80°35'. References: V.

**DEMPSEY'S WHARF**, Prince Edward County. Located 10 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Belleville Station. Population 10 in 1893. No further reference to this place. References: U10.

**DENBIGH**, SEE: **CEDAR LAKE #1**, Addington County.

**DENBIGH TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **ABINGER TOWNSHIP**, Addington County.

**DENBY, ABINGER AND ASHBY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **ABINGER TOWNSHIP**, Addington County.

**DENFIELD**, SEE: **BRECON**, Middlesex County.

**DENISON**, railway point, Knowles Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 10 kilometres west of White River on the main CPR railway at an altitude of 1,182 feet above sea level. It had a Dominion Express office and population of 10 in 1893. Present approved name is **DENISON**. Map position: 48°36' 85°26'. References: R2, L1, U10 and V.

**DENISON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' 81°22'. References: V.

**DENISTON**, SEE: **PICCADILLY**, Frontenac County and Addington County.

**DENMARK #1**, post office, Garafraxa Township, Wellington County. Post office established as DENMARK, on May 1st, 1863. First Postmaster John Greene, who operated the office from his store. Office closed in 1864. No further reference to this office. References: I, 3N, 9F and 4A.

**DENMARK #2**, hamlet, unsurveyed Township, Algoma District. Located 74 kilometres west of Atikokan on Upper Manitou Lake and 42 kilometres from Wabigoon. Post office established June 1st, 1899 and named GOLD ROCK. First Postmaster William Denmark who was also the first settler and the pioneer merchant of the place. Post office closed October 1st, 1918. reopened in 1937 and closed February 21st, 1956. Recently designated as a

For references see Works Cited.

dispersed rural community south of Dryden in Kenora District. Present approved name is **GOLD ROCK**. Population 100 in 1907 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°27' 92°43'. References: 5U, 7H, R1, R2, S, PP, V, 6T, DD and 7D.

**DENNIE SUBDIVISION**, Sudbury District. This place is included in the population figures for 1961 and 1966, for Hanmer, which in turn is Part of the Town of Valley East. References: 5A.

**DENNIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°56' 81°53'. References: V.

**DENNIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°38' 84°30'. References: V.

**DENNISON**, a dispersed rural community in Radcliffe Township, Renfrew County. The place started as a lumbering area. Located 60 miles southwest of Pembroke, 54 miles from Renfrew and 34 miles from Eganville Station on the Ottawa, Arnprior & Parry Sound Railway. This place was named Dennison for the first settler, Captain John Dennison. Later the name became **DENNISON BRIDGE**. On September 1st, 1865, the post office was established as **COMBERMERE**. First Postmaster Daniel Johnson. Office still in operation in 1983. Combermere was named for Sir Stapleton Cotton, Viscount Combermere. The post office announcement for the opening for this office in 1865 misspelled the name as **CAMBERMERE**. Present approved name is **COMBERMERE**. Population 100 in 1886 and 214 in 1976. Map position 45°22' 77°37'. References: I, T, S, Z, 2U, 3B, 3P, 5K, V, 7D and 5L.

**DENNISON BRIDGE**, SEE: **DENNISON**, Renfrew County.

**DENNISON TOWNSITE**, Elliot Lake Township, Algoma District. Population 606 in 1956 and 90 in 1971. After 1976, population included in Elliot Lake. This place is Part of Town of Elliot Lake. Algoma District in 1980. References: 5E, 3B, 5A, 6M and HH.

**DENNISON'S CORNER**, SEE: **HARDWOOD CREEK**, Frontenac County.

**DENT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 51°10' 92°45'. References: V.

**DENTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Township venue changed from Timiskaming District to Cochrane District by Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974. Map position: 48°20' 81°39'. References: V.

**DENVILLE**, Strong Township, Parry Sound District. Located at the outlet of Stoney Lake, 115 miles north of Barry and 5 miles north of Sundridge and 7 1/2 miles from Burk's Falls Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established in 1880 and listed in Muskoka District. First Postmaster John Nichols. Office closed July 1st, 1899. Last reference to this place in 1908. Population 20 in 1893. References: U10, T, Z, PP, 3R, 7H and 5V.

**DENYES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°48' 82°48'. References: V.

**DEPARTURE LAKE**, dispersed rural community in Haggart Township, Cochrane District. Located 3 miles east of Strickland and 9 miles west of Smooth Rock Falls. Post office established as **DEPARTURE LAKE**, on April 8th, 1936. First Postmaster Valmore Bedard. Post office closed May 31st, 1965. Present approved name is **DEPARTURE LAKE**. Population 72 in 1951 and 200 in 1978. Map position: 49°17' 81°48'. References: U, 3B, V, 6N, 6T and 5L.

**DE PENCIER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°33' 81°10'. References: V.

**DEPEW**, railway point, Hunt Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is **DEPEW**. Map position: 48°32' 85°12'. References: V.

**DEPOT HARBOUR**, concentrated rural community, on Parry Island, Parry Sound District. Located 4 miles from Parry Sound across the Bay. Post office established as **DEPOT HARBOUR**, on September 1st, 1899. First Postmaster J. F.

Pratt. Post office closed September 1st, 1955. Established in 1897 by the railway. In 1928, the railway moved out. In 1945, this area had a fire but has recovered. The Religious Parish name was **SACRE COEUR DE JESUS.** Population 650 in 1911 and 457 in 1980. Present approved name is **DEPOT HARBOUR.** Map position: 45°19' 80°06'. References: E, S, MM, PP, 7H, 2Y, 3B, SS, V, 6T, U and 2R.

**DERBY,** dispersed rural community, Burford Township, Brant County. Located 14 miles southwest of Brantford the County Seat and 9 miles northeast of Norwich. Post office established as **HARLEY,** on September 1st, 1859. First Postmaster J. L. McLellan. Office still in operation in 1983. **HARLEY STATION** served by Grand Trunk Railway and later CNR. Present approved name is **HARLEY.** Population 200 in 1885 and 73 in 1976. Map position: 43°04' 80°29'. References: 7B, B, I, S, Z, MM, PP, 3X, V and 5L.

**DERBY MILLS,** hamlet, Derby Township, Grey County. Located 12 miles southwest of Owen Sound and 3 miles east of Tara station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **DERBY MILLS,** in 1886. First Postmaster Joseph T. Hall. Office closed April 1st, 1913. No recent references to this hamlet. References: I, S, Z, PP, 5U and 6T.

**DERBY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Wellington District, Canada West, later Grey County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Source; County of Grey Atlas, page 62. First settler, Nathaniel Herriman, a U.E.L. Population 471 in 1852 and 1,946 in 1871 and 2,480 in 1980. Map position: 44°30' 81°00'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, V and 2K.

**DEREHAM,** SEE: **DEREHAM FORGES,** Oxford County.

**DEREHAM CENTRE,** dispersed rural community, Dereham Township, Oxford County. Located 17 miles southwest of Woodstock and 8 miles northwest of Tilsonburg on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as **DEREHAM CENTRE,** in 1890. First Postmaster Robert G. Bigham. Office closed June 1st, 1913. This place was settled in 1820's by Butlers, Allins and Utters. Richard Butler built a saw mill and the first store. Place probably known as **BUTLER'S MILLS** in early years. Allins were buried in the local cemetery as early as the late 1840's. Present approved name is **DEREHAM CENTRE.** Population 100 in 1893 and 47 in 1976. Map position: 42°55' 80°49'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, V, U10, 6T, 5L, 6S and Frances Thompson.

**DEREHAM FORGES,** Town, Brock District, Canada West, later in Dereham Township, Oxford County. Located 22 miles from London, 88 miles from Chatham, 10 miles from Otterville, and 11 miles from Bayham. Post office established February 6th, 1841 and named **DEREHAM.** First Postmaster Benjamin Van Norman. Post office name changed to Tillsonburg in 1867. Office still in operation in 1983. An early name for this place which grew up beside Dereham Forge was **CAMPBELLTON.** In 1836, the place name became Tillsonburg. Incorporated as a Town, March 2nd, 1872. The change of name from the **TOWN OF TILSONBURG** with one 'l' to the **TOWN OF TILLSONBURG** with two 'll's', took place in the courts, March 17th, 1902. The place was named for the first settler, George Tillson. It took an act of the Ontario Legislature to change the spelling of the name. The railroad station is called **TILLSONBURG STATION** and has been served by Canada Southern Railway, Airline Railway, Brantford and Port Burwell Railway, Grand Trunk Railway, Michigan Central Railway, CPR, CNR and Wabash Railway. Present approved name is **TILLSONBURG.** Population 100 in 1846, 2,163 in 1892 and 9,294 in 1979. Map position: 42°51' 80°44'. References: C, 2Y, 1S, I, EE, G, 8P, M, S, HH, 2T, 5K, 6O, 7B, PP, 7P, 7V, 5L and 9J.

**DEREHAM TOWNSHIP,** Talbot District, Canada West, later Oxford County. Surveyed in 1822. First settled in 1834. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute, 1974, C.57. Part annexed by **TOWNSHIP OF SOUTHWEST OXFORD** and by **TOWN OF TILLSONBURG,** effective January 1st, 1975. Population 3,644 in 1851 and 5,477 in 1861. Map position: 42°56' 80°49'. References: HH, C, 3H, M, 2W, 9J and 1S.

**DERLAND,** SEE: **CALLANDER #2,** Nipissing District.

**DERMID,** dispersed rural community, Carpenter Township, Rainy River District. The place is established on Canadian Northern Railway at LaVallee Station, 44 miles east of Rainy River. Post office established as **DERMID,** on July 1st, 1902. First Postmaster John McDermid. This post office was named for the Postmaster by

simply taking the Mc from in front of his name. Office closed December 31st, 1928. Present approved name is **DERMID**. Map position: 48°40' and 93°45'. References: S, PP, 2P, V, 7P, 6T, 5L and 7D.

DEROCHE, a post office listing in Addington County. The office opened in 1878 and closed in 1879. Records show no Postmaster and there is no other reference to this place. References: I.

**DEROCHE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°45' and 84°10'. References: V.

DERRY, SEE: **DERRY IN THE WEST**, Peel County.

DERRY IN THE WEST, dispersed rural community, Home District, Canada West, later Peel County. Located 5 miles from Malton, 4 miles southwest from Brampton and 2 miles northeast of Meadowvale. This place was named Derry in the West by its first settler, Mr. James Brown. By 1850, it was being shown as **DERRY** on maps. The post office opened and named **DERRY WEST**, on August 6, 1851. First Postmaster Thomas McClear. Office closed July 1st, 1915. This place became Part of Town of Mississauga in 1968 when Toronto Township changed its name and in 1974 became Part of the City of Mississauga. Present approved name is **DERRY WEST**. Population 100 in 1857, 100 in 1895, 61 in 1966. Map position: 43°39' and 79°42'. References: I, A, Z, EE, 2W, 3G, 5A, 3C, V, 7J, 6T, 8Q and 6S.

DERRYNANE, dispersed rural community in Arthur Township, Wellington County. Located 20 miles northwest of Guelph. Post office established as **DERRYNANE**, in 1876. First Postmaster William Hayes. Office closed February 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **DERRYNANE**. Population 10 in 1893 and under 50 in 1908. Map position: 43°56' 80°35'. The name is approved by O.G.N.B. References: I, S, 6S, PP, U10, V, 6T, 5V and 5L.

**DERRY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District, Map position: 49°00' 84°19'. References: V.

DERRYVILLE, concentrated rural community in Brock Township, Ontario County, later within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Highways 12 and 48, north of Sunderland, 4 miles from Cannington, and 32 miles north of Whitby. Post office opened as **DERRYVILLE**, on February 1st, 1868 . First Postmaster Thomas Allin. Office closed June 19th, 1948. Population 150 in 1875 and 50 in 1893. Present approved name is **DERRYVILLE**. Map position: 44°19' 79°05'. References: I, A, S, 3G, U10, 3Q, V, 7B, 6T, 6S and 5L.

DERRY WEST, SEE: **DERRY IN THE WEST**, Peel County.

DERWENT, dispersed rural community in Westminster Township, Middlesex County. Located 10 miles southeast of London, 7 miles southwest of Dorchester and 3 miles north of Belmont on CPR. Post office established as **DERWENT**, in 1866. First Postmaster L.G. Willsie. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Population 75 in 1893 and 50 in 1926. Present approved name is **DERWENT**. Map position: 42°56' 81°06'. References: I, S, Z, MM, 4F, U10, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

DESAULNIERS, SEE: **POINCARE**, Nipissing District.

DESBARATS, concentrated rural community in Johnson Township, Algoma District. Located 9 miles from Bruce Mines and 28 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie. Named for Mr. Desbarats, the original propreitor of the Desbarats Mining Corporation. Post office opened December 1st, 1895. First Postmaster Edmund H. Twight. Office still in operation in 1983. The village plot was surveyed in 1894 and building started in July of 1895. First settler John P. Quinn. This place has a station on the Soo Line of CPR, which is called **DESBARATS STATION**. Present approved name is **DESBARATS**. Population 200 in 1907 and 252 in 1976. Map position: 46°20' 83°56'. References: 7D, S, U, PP, 5U, V and 5L.

DESBIENS TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 24, Range 13**, Algoma District.

DESBORO, Police Village, Sullivan Township, Grey County. Located 18 miles southwest of Owen Sound, 12 miles northeast of Chesley on the Grand Trunk Railway and 8 miles south of Chatsworth. Post office established as

**DESBORO** on September 1st, 1869. First Postmaster Mr. George Smith. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village, November 1946 by County Bylaw #1534. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is **DESBORO**. Population 90 in 1893 and 170 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 81°00'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, 6S, 9L, 5L and 7L.

**DESCHENES**, post office, listed opening as **DES CHENES** on March 1st, 1875 in Carleton County. First Postmaster Walter Harmer. Office closed August 16th, 1876. No recent reference to this office. References: I and 9F.

**DESCHESNE**, station on Canadian Northern Railway main line, in Nipissing District, later Hennessy Township, Sudbury District. Elevation of 1,313 feet above sea level. Name changed to **DESECHENE**. This place was named for the Director of Meteorology in Toronto. In 1908, place named for Sir Frederick Stupart. Present approved name is **STUPART**. Map position: 47°21' 81°33'. References: U, L3, V and 8L.

**DESERONCA**, SEE: **CULBERTSON'S WHARF**, in Hastings County.

**DESERONTO**, SEE: **CULBERTSON'S WHARF**, Hastings County.

**DESERONTO JUNCTION**, station on Grand Trunk Railway, and on the Bay of Quinte Railway in Lenox County, later Lennox & Addington County, 5 miles west of Napanee and 3 miles from Deseronto. This place is not a post office, but does have express and telegraph. In operation between 1893 and 1907. No recent references to this station. References: S, Z and U10.

**DESERT**, dispersed rural community, in Johnston Township, Algoma District. Located 32 miles south of Sault Ste. Marie, 14 miles north of Bruce Mines and 6 1/2 miles from Stobie Station on CPR. Post office opened as **DESERT** in 1892. First Postmaster, Joseph Alderson. On June 1st, 1899, the name was changed to **GORDON LAKE**. Present approved name is **GORDON LAKE**. Population 25 in 1893 and 150 in 1907. Map position: 46°25' 83°52'. References: I, Z, U10, SS, 5P, 7H, S, V and MM.

**DESERT LAKE**, dispersed rural community, in Loughborough Township, Frontenac County. Located 25 miles north of Kingston and 9 miles northeast of Verona, on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office established as **DESERT LAKE**, on September 1st, 1871. First Postmaster J.M. Snook. Post office closed October 15th, 1914. Present approved name is **DESERT LAKE**. Population 10 in 1893 and 88 in 1976. Map position: 44°30' 76°35'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, V, 6T, 5X and 5L.

**DES JOACHIMS**, concentrated rural community, Rolph Township, Renfrew County, formerly in the United Townships of Rolph, Buchanan, Wylie and McKay. Located 31 kilometres from Chalk River and 3 miles from Moore Lake. The post office established as **ROLPHTON** on January 26th, 1948. First Postmaster A. A. Richardson (at the Hydro Electric Company). Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **ROLPHTON**. Population 276 in 1951 and 290 in 1976. Map position: 46°10' 77°42'. References: 2Y, B, U, 3B, 5A, 6V, 5L, V and 6T.

**DESMOND**, dispersed rural community, Camden Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 14 miles northeast of Napanee and 3 miles from Moscow. Post office established as **DESMOND**, on March 1st, 1864. First Postmaster J.F. Bell. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **DESMOND**. Population 60 in 1893 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 44°24' 76°50'. References: I, T, S, Z, PP, U10, 3Q, 6T and 5L.

**DESMOND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°46' 94°02'. References: V.

**DES ROSIERS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, in Sudbury District. Map position: 47°49' 82°04'. References: V.

**DETLOR**, SEE: **L'AMABLE STATION**, Hastings County.

**DETROIT**, SEE: **FORT PONTCHARTRAIN** ((1789) New France (1803) Upper Canada)

**DETSUL**, a railway stop at mileage 20.1 on Canadian National Railway shown as a new station on November

For references see Works Cited.

28, 1948. Present approved name is **DETSUL**. References: V.

**DEUX JOACHIMS**, settlement, Bathurst District, Canada West. Nearest post office named Pembroke. This entry is dated 1848. No recent references to this name. References: C.

**DEUX RIVIERES**, concentrated rural community, Clara Township, Renfrew County. Located 72 miles west of Pembroke, and a station on CPR at mile 2609, between the stations of Klock and Bissett, also on the Ottawa River, at an altitude of 519 feet above sea level. Post office established as **DEUX RIVIERES** in 1866. First Postmaster Robert Ranson. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **DEUX RIVIERES**. Population 100 in 1893 and 146 in 1976. Map position: 46°15' 78°17'. References: I, S, Z, L1, U10, 3R, V, 4F, 5T, 6Z, 8K and 5L.

**DEVERE GARDENS**, urban community, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Population 51 in 1961 and 65 in 1971. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

**DEVILFISH**, station, Thunder Bay District, on the main line of Canadian Northern Railway, at an altitude of 1,093 feet above sea level. This reference is dated 1915. There is no further references to this place. References: L3.

**DEVIL'S CREEK**, hamlet, Snowdon Township, Haliburton County. Located 15 miles southeast of Minden, 12 miles northeast of Kinmount. Post office established in Postal District of Victoria and Peterborogh, as **DEVIL'S CREEK** on February 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Peter Barr. Office still in operation in 1984. In 1883, the name of the office was changed to **IRONDALE**. Settled in 1881 and named after the nearby creek. In early days, Irondale was spelled as two words **IRON DALE**. The name **RAT RIVER** applied to this place but year not shown. **IRONDALE STATION** became one terminus of the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. Present approved name is **IRONDALE**. Population 100 in 1892, 40 in 1908 and 3 in 1976. Map position: 44°52' 78°30'. References: I, 5V, 5Y, E, S, T, Z, PP, 3R, 5U, V and 7D.

**DEVIL'S ELBOW**, station, Saugeen Township, Bruce County. Located 32 miles north of Walkerton the County Seat and 5 miles south of Port Elgin. Nearest post office at North Bruce (1895). No recent references to this station. References: Z.

**DEVINE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°46' 78°51'.References: V.

**DEVITT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Later Part of Eilber and Devitt Municipal Township and presently (1984) named **MATTICE-VAL COTE MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIP**. Map position: 49°39' 83°22'. References: S Parsons, V and 25-6.

**DEVIZES**, dispersed rural community, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 17 miles from London, 6 miles east of Granton on Grand Trunk Railway and 10 miles southwest of St. Mary's. Post office established as **DEVIZES**, on September 30th, 1859. First Postmaster B. Armstrong. Office closed June 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **DEVIZES**. Population 25 in 1893 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 43°09' 81°14'. References: I, S, Z, MM, U10, 3X, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

**DEVLIN**, SEE: **LAVALLEE**, Rainy River District.

**DEVLIN ROAD**, SEE: **LAVALLEE**, Rainy River District.

**DEVLIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°36' 93°39'. References: V.

**DEVLIN TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **LAVALEE (MUNICIPALITY OF)** , Rainy River District.

**DEVON #1**, station, Gallagher Township, Algoma District, later Gallagher & Chapleau Townships, Sudbury District. Located 10 miles from Chapleau. **DEVON** a railway siding on CPR. In 1926, it had telegraph and express office. Present approved name is **DEVON**. Population 62 in 1951 and 37 in 1966. Map position: 47°46' 83°22'.

References: DD, MM, U, 3B, 5A and V.

**DEVON #2**, post office, Stephen Township, Huron County. Located 34 miles southeast of Goderich, 4 miles south of Exeter, 1/4 mile west of Highway #4 and 25 miles northwest of London. Post office opened as **DEVON** on September 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Joseph Quick. Office name changed to **CENTRALIA**, on July 1st, 1873. Office still in operation in 1983. First settled 1833 by (first settler) Mr. Oliver. Became an Incorporated Police Village on December 10th, 1909 by County Bylaw # 8. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. **CENTRALIA STATION** served by the Lake Huron and Buffalo Branch of Grand Trunk Railway which later became CNR. Present approved name is **CENTRALIA**. Population 100 in 1886 and 207 in 1976. Map position: 43°17' 81°28'. References: I, T, Z, 3B, U10, V, 1G, 5L, 6S, 9L and 7L.

**DEVON #3**, SEE: **THE BALKWILL SETTLEMENT**, Huron County.

**DEVONSHIRE**, railway point, Newmarket Township, Cochrane District. Located 4 miles from Nellie Lake and 3 miles from Potter. Post office established as **DEVONSHIRE**, on April 14th, 1919. First Postmaster Charles P. Scott. Office closed June 30th, 1948. Present approved name is **DEVONSHIRE**. Map position: 48°49' 80°50'. References: U, V and 6T.

**DEVONSHIRE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°30' 94°02'. References: V.

**DEVON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°05' 89°49'. References: V.

**DEWAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°20' 91°26'. References: V.

**DEWARS**, dispersed rural community, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located 6 km northeast of Braeside, 4 km northwest of Glasgow Station and 15 km east of Renfrew. Present approved name is **DEWARS**. Map position: 45°29' 76°29'. References: V and 5L.

**DEWART**, unincorporated community, Dewart Township, Rainy River District. Located 40 km north of Stratton on Highway #617. Population 32 in 1978. References: R2.

**DEWART TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. A local directory lists 21 people in 1927. Map position: 48°47' 94°10'. References: V and 2P.

**DEWE**, post office, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Located 11 miles northwest of Parry Sound. Post office opened as **DEWE**, in 1890. First Postmaster John Wright. Office closed May 1st, 1897. No recent references to this office. Population 50 in 1895. References: Z, U10, 7F and 5T.

**De WITT CORNERS #1**, SEE: **ELLIOT**, Lanark County.

**DeWITT CORNERS #2**, dispersed rural community, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 11 km southwest of Perth, 14 km east of Maberly and 17 km west of Rideau Ferry. Also known as **De WITTS**. Present approved name is **De WITTS CORNERS**. Population 35 in 1966 and 53 in 1976. Map position: 44°51' 76°22'. References: 5L, V+ and 6M.

**De WITTS**, SEE: **De WITT CORNERS #2** , Lanark County.

**DEXTER #1**,dispersed rural community, Yarmouth Township, Elgin County. Located 10 miles southeast of St. Thomas and 4 miles east of Grand Trunk Railway at Port Stanley (1895). Post office established as **DEXTER**, on September 1st, 1858. First Postmaster William Teetzel. Office closed May 1st, 1918. Present approved name is **DEXTER**. Population 25 in 1893 and 100 in 1926. Map position: 42°41' 81°08'. References: I, S, Z, MM, U10, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

**DEXTER #2**, station, Golding Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on CPR, 18 miles from Savanne and 30 miles from Kaministikwa, 67 miles north of Port Arthur, at the head of Lake Superior, between the stations of

Linkooping and Nordland, at mile 1,854. This place served as a turn-around point for the steam locomotives. Established in the early 1900's. Post office opened as **RAITH**, September 1st, 1910. First Postmaster E. O. Strandberg. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **RAITH**. Population 25 in 1893 and 116 in 1972. Map position: 48°50' 89°56'. References: S, PP, U10, 6Z, 8K, R2, L1, 3B, O, SS and 6T.

**DIAMOND**, post office, Fitzroy Township, Carleton County, formerly in Bathurst District, Canada West. Located 9 miles from Packenham, 29 miles west of Ottawa, 2 1/2 miles from Ottawa, Arnprior & Parry Sound Railway at Kinburn Station and on the Carp River. Post office opened as **DIAMOND**, on April 1st, 1861. First Postmaster R. Walker. Office closed May 20th, 1912. Population 150 in 1875, 100 in 1895. No recent reference to this office. References: I, S, Z, 3Z, 3N, 6T, 5P and 4A.

**DIAMOND LAKE**, railway point, McVittie Township, Timiskaming District. Station on CNR, northwest of Larder Lake and near Highway #66. Present approved name is **DIAMOND LAKE**. Map position: 48°07' 79°45'. References: 22-6, U and V.

**DICKENS**, SEE: **ELBE**, Leeds County.

**DICKENSON**, SEE: **VEIGHTON**, Russell County.

**DICKENSONS CORNERS**, Oxford North Township, Oxford County. Population 50 in 1956. References: 5E.

**DICKENS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°35' 77°53'. References: V.

**DICKINSON'S LANDING**, Police Village, Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located 10 miles west of Cornwall, 1 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Wales station. In 1870, the Montreal Telegraph Company charged 25 cents for ten words to Hamilton, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal or Quebec City. In 1888 there was an alternate spelling for this place of **DICKENSON**. Post office opened as **DICKINSON'S LANDING**, on October 5th, 1841. First Postmaster Wm. Colquhoun. On June 28th, 1957 the office closed as a result of the flooding of the St. Lawrence Seaway. Most of the people and businesses moved to Ingleside (which SEE), a newly created Town. Police Village status dissolved on July 1st, 1958 as result of St. Lawrence Seaway flooding. Parish name **OUR LADY OF GRACE**. This place is named for a Mr. Dickinson who first owned the property in 1830. A concentrated search did not reveal Incorporation data of Police Village but the status was Dissolved on July 1st, 1958, as a result of the St. Lawrence Seaway flooding. Population 350 in 1893 and 180 in 1956. References: I, A, G, S, PP, 2W, U10, 5E, SS, 7B, 6T, 1Z, 8P and 7D.

**DICKSON HILL**, SEE: **DIXONS HILL**, York County.

**DICKSONS CORNERS #1**, Oxford Township, Oxford County. Located 4 km southeast of Thamesford, 4 km northwest of Ingersoll and 7 km north of Putnam. Present approved name is **DICKSONS CORNERS**. Map position: 43°03' 80°57'. References: 5L.

**DICKSON'S CORNERS #2**, dispersed rural community, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 15 miles east of Peterborough, the County Seat, 3 1/2 miles northeast of the Grand Trunk Railway at Keene, 13 km from Hastings and 2 miles from Blezards. Post office opened in 1870 as **VILLIERS**. First Postmaster W. Brotherston. Office closed September 1st, 1914. First settled in 1836 by the two blacksmiths named John and James Dickson. Second name used for this place was **ELMHURST'S CORNERS**. Present approved name is **VILLIERS**. Population 75 in 1875, 18 in 1908 and 32 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 78°06'. References: B, I, A, S, U, 3B, 2M, 6T, PP, V, 4H and 7D.

**DICKSON'S HILL**, SEE: **DIXONS HILL**, York County.

**DICKSON'S MILLS**, SEE: **HARVEY'S FALLS**, Lanark County.

**DICKSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°47' 78°15'. References: V.

**DIEMERTON,** SEE: **BEFORD**, Bruce County.

**DIEPPE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°14' 81°22'. References: V.

**DIFFIN'S CORNERS**, Police Village, Pelham Township, Welland County, at times shown in Monck Electoral District. Originally in Niagara District, Canada West. Recently designated a concentrated rural community, and Part of the Town of Pelham, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 8 miles northwest of Welland, with a station on Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway. Post office established April 1st, 1853 as **FENWICK**. First Postmaster Reverend Leonard Haney. Office still in operation in 1963. The Haney's were the first settlers in this area in 1808. Became Police Village of Fenwick, Incorporated December 4th, 1919, by Bylaw #1022, Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1968-69C. Became Part of the Town of Pelham, effective January 1st, 1970. Present approved name is **FENWICK**. Population 200 in 1886 and 722 in 1978. Map position: 43°01' 79°22'. References: I, B, P, T, S, U, PP, 3K, V, 7B, 8B, 7R and 9L.

**DIGBY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Victoria County. Population 32 in 1879. Map position: 44°48' 78°57'. References: 2L and V.

**DILCO**, station, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Located on CNR. In July of 1963 the place name was changed to **AJAX STATION**. Named for the battleship Ajax, of Second World War fame. Present approved name is **AJAX STATION**. Map position: 42°51' 79°00'. References: SS, V and 6S.

**DILKE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Located 22.4 km east of Rainy River. Incorporated January 7th, 1907. Quieting Order M546, dated August 30th, 1955. Area 7,997 acres. Population 311 in 1927 and 218 in 1978. Map position: 48°44' 94°19'. References: R1, HH, 2P, M and V.

**DILL**, settlement, Dill Township, Sudbury District. This place is named for the Township. Located 5 km from Wanup. Present approved name is **DILL**. Map position: 46°26' 80°50'. References: U and V.

**DILLON,** SEE: **DILLON POINT**, Parry Sound District.

**DILLONDALE**, locality, Pittsburg Township, Frontenac County. Present approved name is **DILLONDALE**. Map position: 44°18' 76°16'. References: V.

**DILLON POINT**, sometimes misspelled as **DILLION POINT**, dispersed rural community, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Post office opened as **DILLON**, on February 1st, 1922. First Postmaster Peter Ramsay. Office closed on March 30th, 1929. Population 58 in 1941 and 53 in 1951. Present approved name is **DILLON POINT**. Map position: 45°26' 80°19'. References: S, B, 6T, 5L, 3B and V.

**DILLON PORT**, post office, Carling Township, Parry SOund District. Located 22 miles from Parry Sound, which has a station on the Ottawa Division of the Grand Trunk Railway and Canadian Northern Railway there. Post office established as **DILLON PORT**, on September 1st, 1904. First Postmaster Jacob Miller. Office closed March 15th, 1923. No further reference to this office. References: PP, 7J and 6T.

**DILL SIDING**, railway point, Dill Township, Sudbury District. Located 5 miles Quartz and 5 miles from Coniston. Post office established as **DILL SIDING**, on February 1st, 1915. First Postmaster James O'Brien. Office closed September 30, 1947. Present approved name is **DILL SIDING**. Map position: 46°25' 80°50'. References: V and 6T.

**DILL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' 80°52'. References: V.

**DILTZ,** SEE: **ATTERCLIFFE STATION**, Haldimand County.

**DINGLE,** SEE: **AINLEYVILLE**, Huron County.

**DINGWALL #1,** SEE: **RIPLEY**, Bruce County.

DINGWALL #2, SEE: WARRINGTON, Simcoe County.

DINNER POINT DEPOT, Killarney Township, Sudbury District. Located on Little La Cloche Island, 14 km northeast of Little Current and 9 km southeast of Birch Island. Present approved name is **DINNER POINT DEPOT**. Map position: 46°00' 81°44'. References: 5L.

DINORWIC, dispersed rural community, Southworth Township, Kenora District. Place established in 1897 by the Reverend George Prewer, Church of England Minister. The name was given by General Superintendant White, of the CPR, is taken from the Cree, and means 'White Feather'. This place name is sometimes misspelled as **DINORWICK**. A local name for the place given by the Ojibway is **WABIGOON TANK WABIGOON**, which was derived from the CPR's water tank, and their own word for mud. Therefore the name, literally translated, is Mud-tank-mud. The first settler was A.W. Woodworth. **DINORWIC STATION** on CPR, at mile 1715 on the mainline, 1,240 above sea-level, and is 100 miles east of Kenora and 27 km east of Dryden. There was originally a Hudson's Bay Post on this site. Post office opened as **DINORWIC**, March 29th, 1897. First Postmaster James Muirhead. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **DINORWIC**. Population 50 in 1941 and 68 in 1976. Map position: 49°41' 92°30'. References: R2, S, PP, 3B, 2Y, L1, V, 7F, 8K, 5L and 7D.

DINSMORE, dispersed rural community, Stoney Township, Algoma District. Located 14 km south of Tobor, 17 km east of Mijinemungshang and 38 km northeast of Agawa Bay. The name of this place was changed to **MILLWOOD** in December of 1919. Present approved name is **MILLWOOD** (1976). Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°41' 84°30'. References: U, SS, 5L and V+.

DIRLETON, dispersed rural community, Torbolton Township, Carleton County, now within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 30 miles northwest of Ottawa and 8 miles northeast of Arnprior on CPR. Post office established as **DIRLETON**, in 1881. First Postmaster J. Drummond. Office closed April 21st, 1931. Present approved name is **DIRLETON**. Population 50 in 1895 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 45°30' 76°09'. References: I, T, Z, 3B, V, 6T, 5T, 5P and 5L.

DISHNISH, railway point, Legge Township, Algoma District. **DISHNISH STATION** on the Canadian Northern Railway mainline, at an altitude of 1,071 above sea-level. Present approved name is **DISHNISH**. Map position: 48°51' 83°43'. References: U, L3 and V.

DIVER #1, railway point, La Salle Township, Nipissing District. Located 18 miles south of Bushnell and 40 miles north of North Bay. Post office opened as **DIVER**, April 1st, 1908. First Postmaster Reginald J. Crouch. Office closed December 1st, 1916. Station in on Toronto & Northern Ontario. Present approved name is **DIVER**. Map position: 46°43' 79°30'. References: U, PP, V and 6T.

DIVER #2, post office, Flett Township, Timiskaming District. Located 13 miles north of Timiko, and 8 1/2 miles south of Kenney. Post office established as **DIVER**, on October 2nd, 1933. First Postmaster F. A. Bell. Office closed June 27th, 1936. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

DIVIDE, station, Master Township, Nipissing District. Located on Canadian Northern Railway mainline at an altitude of 759 feet above sea-level, and between Cathmore and Master stations in 1915. No recent reference to this station. References: L3.

DIXIE #1, SEE: SYDENHAM #3, Peel County.

DIXIE #2, dispersed rural community, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Located between Cherrywood and Deckers Hill. Now Part of the Town of Pickering, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **DIXIE**. Map position: 43°52' 79°07'. References: B, 3G, V and 6S.

DIXIE STATION, station, Toronto Township, Peel County. Located on Dixie Road south of Dundas Street, at the tracks. Reference dated 1980. References: 3G.

DIXON, SEE: DIXSON, Stormont County.

**DIXON'S CORNERS #1**, concentrated rural community, Eastern District, Canada West, later Matilda Township, Dundas County. Located 7 miles from Matilda, 32 miles west of Cornwall and 9 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Iroquois Station. Post office established March 6th, 1852, under the name **DIXON CORNERS**. First Postmaster William Wood. Office located on Lot 17, Concession 5, of Dundas County. Named for Adam Johnston Dixon, who was the first settler in Dundas County. Present approved name is **DIXON'S CORNERS**. Population 50 in 1892 and 71 in 1976. Map position: 44°55' 75°21'. References: I, A, S, Z, AA, 3B, 8Q, 3J, V, 5L and 7D.

**DIXON'S CORNERS #2**, Village, Rear of Yonge and Escott Townships, Leeds County. Located 15 miles west of Brockville, on the Brockville, Westport & North Western Railway and the Brockville, Westport & Sault Ste. Marie Railway. Settled by United Empire Loyalists 1784. Post office opened under the name **FARMERSVILLE**, July 6th, 1836. First Postmaster Joshua Bates. In 1890 the office name changed to **ATHENS**. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village December 10th, 1888. A local name for this place was **CLASSIC VILLAGE**, and the Parish name was **ST. DENIS**. The first name was to honour the founder and first settler, J.D. Dixon. Present approved name is **ATHENS**. Population 1,000 in 1893 and 954 in 1980. Map position: 44°38' 75°57'. References: SS, I, M, N, Z, HH, 2S, 2T, U10, 5K, 6E, V, 5L, NN, 7R, I, G, 2N, 3S, 7B, 7X and 8P.

**DIXON'S CORNERS #3**, SEE: PERRY'S CORNERS #3, Simcoe County.

**DIXONS HILL**, settlement, Markham Township, York County. Located on the corner of 19th Avenue and Highway #48. Named changed to **DICKSON HILL**. Population 60 in 1961 and 63 in 1966. In 1974 designated as a concentrated rural community. Present approved name is **DIXONS HILL**. Population not shown. Map position: 43°57' 79°17'. References: B, 6S, 3G, 5A and V.

**DIXSON**, post office, Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located on Lot 7, Concession 6, Stormont County. Located 20 miles northwest of Cornwall and 7 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Wales Station. Post office opened 1878. First Postmistress Marion Dixson, for whom office named. The name was changed to **DIXON**, by 1886. Office closed June 21st, 1913. Present approved name is **DIXSON**. Population 50 in 1895 and 75 in 1907. Map position: 45°05' 74°59'. References: 3R, 5V, 5P, I, S, Z, V, 6T, 1Z and 5L.

**DOBBINTON**, concentrated rural community, Elderslie Township, Bruce County. Located 22 miles north of Walkerton, 8 miles north of Chesley. Post office established as **DOBBINTON**, on February 1st, 1868. First Postmaster James Dobbin. Office still in operation in 1983. Place named for Postmaster and founder of village. The station named **DOBBINTON STATION** was on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **DOBBINTON**. Population 40 in 1885 and 74 in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 81°08'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 3R, Edward Price, 3Q, V, 7D and 5L.

**DOBBYN'S MILLS**, dispersed rural community, Euphemia Township, Lambton County. Located 35 miles east of Sarnia and 8 miles from Bothwell. Post office established as May 1st, 1865, under the name **SHETLAND**. First Postmaster John Drew. Office closed May 8th, 1918. Present approved name is **SHETLAND**. Population 150 in 1892 and 60 in 1908. Map position: 42°42' 81°59'. References: 1H, I, S, Z, 2Z, 3B, PP, 6T and V.

**DOBIE**, SEE: ARGONAUT, Timiskaming District.

**DOBIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°42' 93°55'. References: V.

**DOBSON STATION**, station, Alfred Township, Prescott County. Located on Montreal and Ottawa Division of CPR. Station number 3411, between the stations of Caledonia Springs and Alfred, in 1911. No recent reference to this station. References: 10B.

**DOCHART**, dispersed rural community, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Population 105 in 1951 and 194 in 1976. Map position: 45°27' 76°24'. References: 3B, 5A, V and 6M.

**DOCKER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°50' 93°33'. References: V.

DOCKMURE, railway point, Foley Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Sudbury Division of CPR. DOCKMURE STATION number 4260, between the stations od Black Road and Parry Harbor, in 1911. Present approved name is DOCKMURE. Map position: 45°18' 79°58'. References: U, V, 10B and 6S.

DOCK SIDING STATION, station, Conger Township, Parry Sound District. Map reference of 1976. References: B.

DODGE'S DEPOT, dispersed rural community, Spence Township, Parry Sound District. Located 12 miles from Burks Falls and at the Head of Lake Ahmic also 104 miles north of Orillia. Formerly a steamboat landing where the Dodge Lumber Company stored their supplies. Post office established as PORT ANSON on October 27th, 1904. First Postmaster George Nelson. Office closed July 15th, 1952. Present approved name is PORT ANSON. Population 69 in 1956 and 27 in 1976. Map position: 45°36' 79°37'. References: B, S, U, 3B, 7J, PP, 6T, V, 5L and 7D.

DOE LAKE, dispersed rural community, Ryerson Township, Parry Sound District. Located 60 miles northeast of Gravenhurst and 10 miles southeast of Burkes Falls. Post office established as DOE LAKE, in 1874. First Postmistress Mrs. Sophia Christie. Office closed october 17th, 1953. Present approved name is DOE LAKE. Population 150 in 1895 and 28 in 1976. Map position: 45°33' 79°26'. References: I, Z, 3B, V, 5T, 6T, 6S and 5L.

DOGHOLE BAY, hamlet, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 144 km from Savant Lake. Entry dated 1978. References: U.

DOG LAKE #1, hamlet, Ryerson Township, Parry Sound District. Located 18 miles from Burkes Falls. This is probably an error listing for Doe Lake. References: DD and MM.

DOG LAKE #2, post office, Forbes Township, Thunder Bay District. Listed in the Fort William Postal District. Located 7 1/2 miles north of Kaministikwia and 9 miles northwest of Ellis. Post office established as DOG LAKE, on March 1st, 1930. First Postmaster John Parviainen. Office closed July 29th, 1933. No recent reference to this office. References: U and 6T.

DOG LAKE #3, railway point, Boulter Township, Nipissing District. Present approved name is DOG LAKE. Map position: 46°06' 79°02'. References: V.

DOG RIVER, hamlet, Thunder Bay District. Located 8 km from Mokoman and south of Dog Lake. Present approved name is DOG RIVER. Map position: 48°32' 89°39'. References: U and V.

DOGS NEST, dispersed rural community, Woodhouse Township, Norfolk County, later Part of City of Nanticoke, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 2 miles from Port Dover, on Highway #6, and near Jarvis. Nearest Post office is at Port Dover. Named for a painting which hung outside a saloon, in the Town's early days. The sign has been changed many times, and continues to have, or have not, an apostrophe in the name. Present approved name is DOGS NEST. Population 30 in 1875 and has two houses in 1980. Map position: 42°48' 80°10'. References: B, A, Mrs. Hord, V and 7B.

DOHERTY #1, SEE: DOUGHERTY, Perth County.

DOHERTY #2, railway point, Riddell Township, Nipissing District. Located 8 miles south of Temagami and 64 miles north of North Bay on the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Present approved name is DOHERTY. Map position: 46°58' 79°44'. References: U, PP and V.

DOHERTY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°07' 83°31'. References: V.

DOKIS #1, dispersed rural community, Latchford Township, Nipissing District. Located 51 km from Rutter. Present approved name is DOKIS. Map position: 46°07' 80°09'. References: U and V.

DOKIS #2, Indian Reserve, Parry Sound District. Located southeast of Sudbury. The Dokis Indian Band #9 owns this reserve under the Robinson Huron Treaty. Alternate name DOKIS INDIAN RESERVE #9. Population 129 in 1976

and 138 in 1978. Map position: 46°05' 80°00'. References: R3, V, and 5L.

**DOKIS**, including **DOKIS #9**. In Parry Sound District. Located on the French River, 38 km east of Noelville and 18 km northeast of Wolseley. Present approved name is **DOKIS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°38' 80°02'. References: 5L.

**DOKIS TRADING POST**, concentrated rural community, Cairo Township, Timiskaming District. Located 30 miles from Swastika Station and 24 miles from Elk Lake. Post office established August 1st, 1935, under the name **MATACHEWAN**. First Postmaster Alexander Fraser. Office still in operation in 1983. District opened in 1931 and the Indian name, Matachewan, means 'meeting of the waters'. Present approved name is **MATACHEWAN**. Population 928 in 1956 and 613 in 1976. Map position: 47°56' 80°39'. References: V, 6V, 6T, 2Y, 3B, 5E and 5K.

**DOKIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°25' 79°34'. References: V.

**DOLLAR**, settlement, Markham Township, York County. Located 16 miles northeast of Toronto, 2 1/2 miles east of Yonge Street and 4 miles west of Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR, Station at Unionville. Post office opened as **DOLLAR**, in 1869 and had several opening and closings. First Postmaster William Button, 1880. Office closed December 1st 1914. In 1971 this area was annexed and Markham Township became Part of the Town of Richmond Hill, within the Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is **DOLLAR**. Population 53 in 1993 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 43°51' 79°23'. References: I, A, Z, MM, 3G, U10, V, 6T, 9F, 5T and S.

**DOLLY VARDEN**: Name was changed to **SCOTTS** in 1926. There is no location for this place but it was in Ontario. The first name originated as a name of a character from Dicken's story BARNABY RUDGE. No recent reference to this place. References: SS and D.

**DOLSEN**, post office, Tilbury later East Tilbury Township, Kent County. Located on the Thames River, 12 miles southwest of Chatham and 3 miles from Grand Trunk Railway Station at Jeannette's Creek. Post office opened under the name **DOLSEN** in 1885. First Postmaster Bernard Daly. Office closed January 1st, 1897. Population 120 in 1892. No further reference to this office. References: I, Z, U10, AA, XX and 7F.

**DOLSON TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP 25, Range 25, Algoma District.

**DOLWAY'S SWALE**, local name, Scarborough Township, York County. Located on Lots 16 and 17, Concession 'C', Scarborough Township. References: 8H.

**DOME**, SEE: DOME MINES, Cochrane District.

**DOME MINES & EXTENSION**, urban community, Part of City of Timmins, formerly in Tisdale Township, Cochrane District. Located near South Porcupine. The station named **DOME MILLS**, changed to **DOME**, on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, March 1936. Present approved name is **DOME**. Population 508 in 1961 and 453 in 1971. Population for 1976 is included in City of Timmins. Map position: 48°28' 81°15'. References: 3B, 5A, SS, U and V.

**DOME TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 51°04' 93°51'. References: V.

**DOMINION EXPLOSIVE CO'Y SIDING**, station, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located on Chalk River Division of CPR. Station number 3636, between the stations of Canadian Cooperage Siding and Castleford, in 1911. No recent reference to this station. References: 10B.

**DOMINION MAGNESIUM TOWNSITE**, Ross Township, Renfrew County. Population 63 in 1951 and 98 in 1971. References: 3B, 5A and 5E.

**DOMINION SPRINGS**, hamlet, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. This hamlet existed in 1879. No recent

references to it. References: UU.

DOMINIONVILLE, a dispersed rural community, Kenyon Township, Glengarry County. Located 12 miles from Alexandria and 2 miles south of Maxwell Station on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as DOMINIONVILLE in 1878. First Postmaster John J. Campbell. Office closed December 17th, 1913. This office was situated on lots 6 and 7 of concession 4, in Kenyon Township. Present approved name is DOMINIONVILLE. Population 300 in 1893 and 48 in 1976. Map position: 45°16' 74°50'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, V, 6T, 5V and 5L.

DOMVILLE, dispersed rural community, Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 16 miles northeast of Brockville and 4 miles north of Prescott. Post office established as DOMVILLE, in 1880. First Postmaster Stephen Barton. Office closed February 15th, 1906. Present approved name is DOMVILLE. Population 100 in 1893 and 37 in 1976. Map position: 44°46' 75°33'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, V, 5V, 7T and 5L.

DON, a hamlet, York Township, York County. Located on the Don River and named for the same, 5 miles northeast of Toronto. The station named DON was served by Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as DON, on January 8th, 1868. First Postmaster John Hogg. Office closed February 28th, 1913. Population 50 in 1895 and 25 in 1907. There are no recent references to this place. References: I, 8S, S, Z, 7B and 6T.

DONA, a station, Thunder Bay District on CNR. It has telegraph, express and bank at Port Arthur, 30 miles distant. Nearest post office at Finmark. This listing is for 1933. No recent reference to this station. References: LL.

DONAHUE, dispersed rural community, Grattan and Sebastopol Townships, Renfrew County. Post office established as DONAHUE, September 1st, 1914. First Postmaster Matthew O'Brien. Office closed March 1st, 1948. In 1974, this place name was changed to NEWFOUNDOUT. Present approved name is NEWFOUNDOUT. Map position: 45°23' 77°06'. References: B, U, V and 6T.

DONAHUE'S SWAMP, hamlet, Albion Township, Peel County. Located 2 miles southeast of Mono Road and 3.5 miles west of Humber Grove. Settled in 1837. Name not in use after 1941. References: 3C.

DONALD, dispersed rural community, Dysart Township, Haliburton County. Located 7 km south of Haliburton, 9 km northeast of Ingoldsby and 13 km northwest of Ursa. Post office opened as DONALD, in 1895. First Postmaster R.A. Donald, for whom the post office was named. Office closed December 1st, 1965. Present approved name is DONALD. Population 400 in 1933 and 53 in 1976. Map position: 44°59' 78°23'. References: B, I, 3B, V, 6T, LL and 5L.

DONALDSON, dispersed rural community, Palmerston Township, Frontenac County. Located 3 miles from Kingston & Pembroke Railway Station at Wilbur and 40 kilometres from Tichborne. Post office named DONALDSON established May 1st, 1904. First Postmaster W.J. Donaldson. Office closed April 15th, 1969. Present approved name is DONALDSON. Map position: 44°59' 76°44'. References: B, 7J, S, PP, V and 5L.

DONALDSON'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Garafraxa now East Garafraxa Township, Wellington later Dufferin County. Located 8 miles southwest of Orangeville, 5 miles northwest of Hillsburg and 23 miles from Georgetown. Post office named READING established on September 6th, 1852. First Postmaster James Donaldson. Office closed July 20th, 1912. Present approved name is READING. Population 20 in 1857 and 60 in 1908. Map position: 43°50' 80°13'. References: I, S, AA, EE, 3K, 6T, 7B, 6S, V and 5L.

DONALDSON'S MILLS, hamlet, Palmerston Township, Addington County. Located 65 miles north of Napanee. The station, named DONALDSON'S STATION, on the Kingston & Pembroke Railway. Post office established as DONALDSON'S MILLS, in 1891. First Postmaster Samuel Donaldson. Office closed July 1st, 1901. Population 50 in 1895. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, Z, U10, 5U and 7N.

DONCASTER #1, SEE: CHESTER, York County.

**DONCASTER #2**, concentrated rural community, Markham Township, York County, later Part of Town of Markham, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 3 miles from Concord. Post office established as **DONCASTER**, on May 11th, 1950. First Postmaster Albert J. Richardson. Office closed January 19th, 1961. Present approved name is **DONCASTER**. Population 675 in 1951 and 1,205 in 1978. Map position: 43°48' 79°25'. References: 7D, 6S, 6T, 6V, V, 3B and U.

**DONEGAL #1**, dispersed rural community, Elma Township, Perth County. This place mainly settled by the Irish and was named for a large city in the north of Ireland by the first settlers. Located on the Maitland River, 25 miles north of Stratford and 4 1/2 miles east of the Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway at Attwood Station. Post office established as **DONEGAL**, in Huron District, Canada West, on April 1st, 1857. First Postmaster J.R. Foster. Office closed February 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **DONEGAL**. Population 30 in 1893 and 49 in 1976. Map position: 43°37' 80°57'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3M, V, 6T, 6S, 7D and 5L.

**DONEGAL #2**, SEE: **HOWARD**, Renfrew County.

**DONEGAL #3**, Village, Gratton Township, Renfrew County. Located 25 miles south of Pembroke and 22 miles west of Renfrew, also on the Bonnechere River, on CPR and 85 miles from Ottawa. Post office established as **EGANVILLE** on July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Patrick Cassidy. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was Incorporated as a Village on January 20th, 1890 and named **EGANVILLE** for the pioneer, John Egan. Religious Parish name **ST. JACQUES le MINEUX** and also had a local name, which was **THE FARM**. First settled in 1837. In 1911, there was a huge fire which almost destroyed the Village. Present approved name is **EGANVILLE**. Population 1000 in 1892 and 1,292 in 1980. Map position: 45°32' 77°06'. References: 1J, I, M, S, Z, AA, EE, HH, 2T, 3K, SS, 5K, and V.

**DONGOLA**, dispersed rural community, Somerville Township, Victoria County. Located 5 1/4 miles from Kinmount Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office named **DONGOLA**, established June 1st, 1900. First Postmaster John Davis. Office closed November 2nd, 1936. Present approved name is **DONGOLA**. Population 126 in 1908. Map position: 44°44' 78°46'. References: B, PP, V, 7M, 6T and 5L.

**DONLANDS**, railway point, York Township, York County, later Part of the City of North York in the Municipality Metropolitan Toronto. Located 9 miles from Toronto and the station name was known as **VALVDON**, on the Canadian Northern Ontario Railway, near Leaside. Post office established as **DONLANDS**, on June 1st, 1907. First Postmaster John S. Lowther. Office closed February 28th, 1913. Present approved name is **DONLANDS**. Population 80 in 1908. References: U, PP, V, 6T and 7K.

**DON MILLS**, urban community, located at the corner of Don Mills and Lawrence Avenue East, York County, later Part of the City of North York in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. The nearest station is Agincourt on CNR, 6 miles northeast. Post office established as **DON MILLS**, January 19th, 1954. First Postmaster David Drew. The post office area now Part of Toronto system. The name for this place is taken from the Don Mills Road. The name is long established, originating in the early days when small mills existed on the Don River. Present approved name is **DON MILLS**. Map position: 43°44' 79°20'. References: 7D, U, V, 6V and 6T.

**DON MOUNT**, post office, York Township, York County. This place was separated from Toronto by the Don River. Post office established as **DON MOUNT**, in 1874. First Postmaster W. J. Blanchard. Post office name changed to **RIVERSIDE** in 1881. Population 3000 in 1885 and by 1895 was annexed to the City of Toronto. There was no official takeover, it was simply overgrown. The Riverside post office was closed June 20th, 1907, having been replaced by Station "G", in Toronto. References: I, 5V, 2J, PP, Z, 3R, K1 and 7K.

**DONNEGANA**, hamlet, Nobel Township, Algoma District. Located 4 miles from Westree and 19 miles south of Gogama. Post office established as **DONNEGANA**, on August 1st, 1928. First Postmaster R.A. Campbell. Office closed July 11th, 1936. No recent references to this place. References: 6T.

**DONNELL**, Renfrew County. Located 3 miles from Sand Point. Post office established as **DONNELL**, in 1910. First Postmaster James O'Donnell. Office closed July 22nd, 1914. No recent reference to this place.

References: 6T.

**DONNELLY'S CORNERS,** SEE: **EAST PLYMPTON,** Lambton County.

**DONNYBROOK #1,** settlement, East and West Wawanosh Townships, Huron County. Located 8 miles from Blyth Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **DONNYBROOK.** Population 25 in 1893. Map position: 43°50' 81°29'. References: S, U10, V, 6S and 5L.

**DONNYBROOK #2,** SEE: **CLAIREVILLE,** York County.

**DONNYBROOK #3,** hamlet, Beverly Township, Wentworth County, later in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 6 miles north of Copetown, 12 miles from Dundas and 15 miles northwest of Hamilton. Post office established as **WESTOVER,** on August 1st, 1855, and named for the first Postmaster John Westover. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Became dispersed rural community status in 1974. Present approved name is **WESTOVER.** Population 100 in 1857 and 62 in 1971. Map position: 43°19' 80°05'. References: I, A, S, EE, 3B, 6T, 7B, PP, 8U, V, 5L and 7J.

**DONOVAN,** urban community, Part of the City of Sudbury. Present approved name is **DONOVAN.** Map position: 46°30' 81°00'. References: V.

**DONOVAN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°27' 80°43'. References: V.

**DON VALLEY,** hamlet, York Township, York County. **DON VALLEY STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway and also on the Toronto Belt Line. Located 3 3/4 miles east of Toronto. First settler Phillip de Grassi, a veteran of Napoleon's Army, who later fought in the war of 1812. Population about 150 in 1908. References: PP, 2Y and U10.

**DONWOOD,** suburban community, Douro and Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 6 km northwest of Peterborough, 4 km southeast of Woodland Acres and 7 km northwest of Cooper's Trailer Park. Present approved name is **DONWOOD.** Population 170 in 1956 and 100 in 1966. Map position: 44°19' 78°18'. References: 5A, 5E, V and 5L.

**DOON,** SEE: **DOON MILLS,** Waterloo County.

**DOON MILLS,** concentrated rural community, Waterloo Township, Waterloo County, later Part of City of Kitchener, in Regional Municipality of Waterloo, originally in Wellington District, Canada West. Located 6 miles south of Berlin (later Kitchener), and is the central station on the Preston and Berlin Railway and 32 miles from Hamilton. Post office established as **DOON MILLS,** on September 6th, 1851, in Wellington County. First Postmaster Robert Ferrie. This place was founded in 1834 by Adam Ferrie. The office name through usage was reduced to **DOON.** Doon Mills became a sub-office of Kitchener on June 21st, 1968. Present approved name is **DOON MILLS.** Population 600 in 1895 and 547 in 1972. Map position: 43°23' 80°26'. References: I, C, Z, EE, 5B, 2W, O, 2F, V, 8Q and 6S.

**DOON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°54' 80°51'. References: V.

**DORAN,** hamlet, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 12 miles west of Perth, 4 miles north of Bathurst Station on CPR. Post office established as **DORAN,** on October 1st, 1857. First Postmaster William Doran. Office closed i8n 1878. Population 30 in 1875. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: I, A, Z,and 3V.

**DORCHESTER,** SEE: **EDWARDSBURGH,** Middlesex County.

**DORCHESTER NORTH TOWNSHIP,** Township, London District, Upper Canada, later shown simply in Canada West. Post office named for Sir Guy Carleton, Lord Dorchester. in 1848. Official P. O. notice: "Mail for Dorchester North Township, Middlesex County to be sent to the post office at London" in 1835. Population 2,570 in 1852. References: C, 5K and 2W.

**DORCHESTER SOUTH TOWNSHIP,** Township, London District, Upper Canada, later Canada West. Nearest post office was St. Thomas, Canada West, in 1848. Official P. O. notice: "Mail for Dorchester South Township in Middlesex County to be sent to the post office at London" in 1835. Population 1,477 in 1852. References: C, 3H, and 2W.

**DORCHESTER STATION,** SEE: **EDWARDSBURGH**, Middlesex County.

**DORCHESTER TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **NORTH DORCHESTER TOWNSHIP** and **SOUTH DORCHESTER TOWNSHIP** .

**DORCHESTER VILLAGE,** Police Village, North Dorchester Township, Middlesex County. Named for the Township. Located 11 miles southeast of London and 5 miles from Ingersoll. Post office established as **DORCHESTER** on August 6th, 1847. First Postmaster J. J. Manning. In 1865, the post office name was changed to **PUTNAM**, however, the place name remained Dorchester up to the late 1870's. It has since assumed the name **PUTNAM** after the post office. Office still in operation in 1984. Incorporated as Police Village of Dorchester, on January 27th, 1915, by County Bylaw #751. There was an attempt to have this place called **PUTNAMVILLE** for the 2nd or 3rd Postmaster, Thomas Putnam in 1864. This place was sometimes mispelled as **PUTMAN**. Present approved name is **PUTNAM**. Population 500 in 1893 and 2,756 in 1976. Map position: 42°59' 81°04'. References: B, I, P, T, EE, 3B, U10, V, 8P, 9L and 5L.

**DORE BAY,** dispersed rural community, Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Located 10 kilometres from Golden Lake. Present approved name is **DORE BAY**. Map position: 45°39' 77°13'. References: U, V and 5L.

**DORE TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°48' 82°32'. References: V.

**DORION,** SEE: **DORION LANDING**, Thunder Bay District.

**DORION LANDING,** dispersed rural community, Dorion Township, Thunder Bay District. Post office established as **BROADCROFT** on October 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Mark Peacock. Post office name was changed to **DORION**, August 1st, 1905. Office still in operation in 1983. On May 13th, 1912, a second post office was opened at this place and named **OUIMET**, later called **DORION STATION**. First Postmaster of the second post office was Mr. P. Broughton. On September 27th, 1932, Dorion Station post office closed. Present approved name is **DORION** and **DORION LANDING** Both these places have the same map co-ordinates and are dispersed rural communities. Population 140 in 1908 and 500 in 1966. Map position: 48°47' 88°32'. References: V, 5L, SS, 7D, 7S, 6T, S, PP and 2U.

**DORION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT,** in Dorion Municipal Township. Incorporated as an improvement district in 1951 and as a Township January 1st, 1969. Presently, in the Municipal Township of Dorion. Map position: 48°47' 88°39'. References: 2T, M and V.

**DORION STATION,** SEE: **DORION LANDING**, Thunder Bay District.

**DORION TOWNSHIP,** Thunder Bay District, Incorporated as an improvement district January 1st, 1951, and as a Township January 1st, 1969. Quieting Order P6000-68, dated September 26th, 1968. Geographic Township. Population 466 in 1978 and 470 in 1980. Map position: 48°47' 88°39'. References: R1, M, HH and V.

**DORKING #1,** SEE: **NEW BETHLEHEM**, Perth & Wellington Counties.

**DORKING #2,** railway point, within Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Present approved name is **DORKING**. Map position: 43°37' 80°46'. References: V.

**DORLAND #1,** dispersed rural community, Adolphustown Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 18 miles southwest of Napanee and 2 miles north of Adolphustown. Post office established as **DORLAND**, October 1st, 1878. First Postmaster Elias Clapp. Office closed on September 30th, 1968. Present approved name is **DORLAND**. Population 100 in 1895 and 60 in 1976. Map position: 44°05' 77°01'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 3R, V, 5V and 5L.

DORLAND #2, concentrated rural community, West Oxford Township, Oxford County. Located 4 km southwest of Woodstock, 11 km northeast of Ingersoll and 8 km west of Oxford Centre. Present approved name is DORLAND. Population 166 in 1956 and 324 in 1976. Map position: 43°07' 80°48'. References: 3B, 5A, 5E, V+, 6M and 5L.

DORNIE, settlement, Kenyon Township, Glengarry County. Located about 1 1/2 miles from Alexandria Station. Post office opened February 1st, 1893. First Postmaster Hy A. Ahern Office closed March 8th, 1893. Present approved name is DORNIE. Map position: 45°19' 74°41'. References: I, SS and V.

DORNOCH #1, SEE: GRIFFINS' CORNERS, Grey County.

DORNOCH #2, hamlet, West Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 4 miles from Thamesford, 3 miles from Ingersoll and 18 miles from London. Post office established as DORNOCH, in 1867. First Postmaster Peter Gardner. Post office closed April 1st, 1872. On December 9th, 1897 a new post office was established as RAYSIDE. First Postmaster of new office John Gunson. This office was named for Dominion representative Rayside, M.P. for Glengarry. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Designated as a dispersed rural community, the present approved name is RAYSIDE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°05' 80°55'. References: I, 1S, 4F, B, 6T, 7F, PP, 6S, V, 5L and 7B.

DORSET, dispersed rural community, Ridout Township, Muskoka District, later within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 32 miles northwest of Bracebridge and 25 miles east of Huntsville. Post office established as DORSET, in 1880. First Postmaster George A. Phillips. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is DORSET. Population 50 in 1895 and 220 in 1966. Map position: 45°14' 78°54'. References: I, Z, 2R, V, 5V and 5L.

DORSET PARK, urban community, located at the corner of Kennedy Road and Shropshire, Part of the Borough of Scarborough, in Metropolitan Toronto. Post office opened as DORSET PARK, on June 13th, 1955. First Postmaster Irving Hoffman. Status changed to suboffice June 2nd, 1958. Present approved name is DORSET PARK. Map position: 43°45' 79°17'. References: U, V and 6T.

DOROTHEA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°42' 88°04'. References: V.

DOUCETT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°36' 84°42'. References: V.

DOUGHERTY, post office, North Easthope Township, Perth County. Post office established 1855. First Postmaster James Dougherty. Office name misspelled as DOHERTY at times. Post office closed September 30th, 1863. No recent reference to this office. References: EE, 3N and 3U.

DOUGLAS #1, SEE: THIRD CHUTE, Renfrew County.

DOUGLAS #2, SEE: SKENESVILLE, Wellington County.

DOUGLAS POINT, hamlet, Bruce Township, Bruce County. Located 2 kilometres from Ferrier and 24 kilometres from Kincardine in 1978. References: U.

DOUGLAS STATION, hamlet, Bromley Township, Renfrew County. Located 12 miles from Renfrew. Post office established July 1st, 1900, named DOUGLAS STATION. First Postmaster John Little. The place name is DOUGLAS VILLAGE. On May 1st, 1903, the post office name was changed to BOYD. Office closed October 21st, 1914. The station is named DOUGLAS and on the Ottawa & Parry Sound Branch of the Grand Trunk Railway, and also on the Eganville Branch of the CPR. Population 30 in 1913. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: S, SS, 7M, 7Q, DD, PP, 6T and 7D.

DOUGLAS TOWN, dispersed rural community, Willoughby Township, Welland County. Now Part of Town of Fort Erie in Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is DOUGLAS TOWN. Population 152 in 1961 and 228 in 1966. Map position: 45°58' 79°01'. References: 5A and V.

DOUGLAS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 81°06'. References: V.

DOUGLAS VALLEY ROAD, dispersed rural community, Oso Township, Frontenac County. In 1800, shown in Addington County, by 1895 in Frontenac County. Post office, CLARENDON STATION opened May 1st, 1830. First Postmaster Bramwell Watkins. Office still in operation in 1983. CLARENDON STATION on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, 58 miles north of Kingston. Present approved name is CLARENDON STATION. Population 20 in 1892 and 22 in 1976. Map position: 44°52' 76°42'. References: I, Z, AA, S, 5P, V, 5V, SS and 5L.

DOURO, SEE: SLOPEVILLE, Peterborough County.

DOURO TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Colborne District, Canada West, later Peterborough County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P5349-68, dated August 22nd, 1968. Mail to be sent to post office at Peterborough (1835). First settled by Colonel Samuel Strickland in 1830. Population 1,343 in 1847 and 1,670 in 1852. Area 41,000 in 1852. Map position: 44°23' 78°14'. References: C, 2M, 2W, 6O, 3H, M and V.

DOVER, Talbot District, Canada West, later shown in Woodhouse Township, Norfolk County, and now, in the City of Nanticoke, in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Established in 1801 and destroyed in the War of 1812. The Town was rebuilt near the lake, at the mouth of the Lynn River, "The Good Harbour". Post office established as PORT DOVER, in 1832. First Postmaster Collin McNeilledge. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village of Port Dover in 1879, as a Town in 1974, and amalgamated into the CITY OF NANTICOKE, on April 1st, 1974. First settler Daniel McQueen in 1800. By 1810 he had laid out the Village plot. In 1834, Governor Simcoe came along and laid out another Village plot, east of the site of the present Village. This was surveyed by Mr. Alchin. This place a terminus of the Port Dover & Lake Huron Railway, and is now served by CNR. Local name for this place was DOVER MILLS. Present approved name is PORT DOVER. Population 600 in 1851 and 1,213 in 1893 and 3,309 in 1972. Map position: 42°47' 80°12'. References: RR, 2Y, I, C, T, S, 2T, HH, MM, 5B, U10, O, 1D, 7X, 7V and V.

DOVER CENTRE, dispersed rural community, Dover Township, Kent County. Located 16 miles northwest of Chatham and 9 miles from Pere Marquette Railway at Wallaceburg. Post office opened as DOVER CENTRE, in 1889. First Postmaster R.J. Rankin. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is DOVER CENTRE. Population 25 in 1893 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 42°29' 82°19'. References: B, I, S, Z, PP, 5L, V, 5T, U10 and 6T.

DOVERCOURT, post office, York Township, York County. Located near Parkdale, a suburb of Toronto (1908). Post office opened as DOVERCOURT, in 1886. First Postmaster A.G. Lightbourne. Became sub-post office #43 of Toronto in 1909. Population 25 in 1893. No recent reference to post office name. References: I, S, PP, U10, SS and 5T.

DOVER EAST TOWNSHIP, Western District, Canada West, later in Kent County. Official P.O. notice "Mail for this Township, to be sent to Raleigh in 1835". No recent reference to this Township name. References: C and 3H.

DOVER HEIGHTS, urban community, Part of the City of Cornwall. Present approved name is DOVER HEIGHTS. Map position: 45°01' 74°45'. References: V.

DOVER MILLS, SEE: DOVER #1, Norfolk County.

DOVER SOUTH, SEE: PAINCOURT, Kent County.

DOVER TOWNSHIP, Talbot District, Canada West. Nearest post office at Port Dover in 1848. References: C and 3H.

DOVER WEST TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Western District, Canada West, later Kent County. Post office name in 1835 was Raleigh. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute, 1849, C 81. Population: 4,237 in 1980. Map position: 42°26' 82°26'. References: C, 3H, HH, M and V.

DOWENSVIEW, SEE: DOWNSVIEW, York County.

DOWLING, concentrated rural community, Sudbury District, later Part of Town of Onaping Falls. Located 13 km from Chelmsford, 12 miles southeast of Levack and 10 miles southeast of Onaping. Post office established as DOWLING, on March 21st, 1960. First Postmaster Allan Clem Coleman. Office still in operation in 1985. Present approved name is DOWLING.Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 46°35' 81°21'. References: U, V and 61.

DOWLING, TOWN OF, SEE: ONAPING, Sudbury District.

DOWLING TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Incorporated January 2nd, 1923. Dissolved by Ontario Statutes 1972, c104. Part annexed by TOWN OF ONAPING and Part by TOWN OF WALDEN, effective date January 1st, 1973. Onaping Falls, New Town January 1st, 1973, amalgamated Township of Dowling, town of Levack, Township of Levack and Improvement District of Onaping. Map position: 46°35' 81°22'. References: M and V.

DOWNARD, railway point, Brower Township, Cochrane District. Located near Nahma. Present approved name is DOWNARD. Map position: 48°59' 80°56'. References: U and V.

DOWNER CORNERS, SEE: DOWNERS CORNERS, Peterborough County.

DOWNERS CORNERS, urban community, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Now Part of City of Peterborough. Post office established as DOWNER CORNERS June 1st, 1908. First Postmaster Patrick O'Keefe. Office closed November 30th, 1912. Present approved name is DOWNERS CORNERS. Population 157 in 1951 and 246 in 1956. Map position: 44°17' 78°18'. References: 3B, 5E, V and 61.

DOWNER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°38' 85°13'. References: V.

DOWNEYS, dispersed rural community, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located 8 km southeast of Guelph, 7 km northeast of Little Lake and 8 km southwest of Aberfoyle. Present approved name is DOWNEYS. Map position: 43°29' 80°14'. References: B, V and 5L.

DOWNEY'S CROSS, dispersed rural community, Eldy Township, Victoria County, formerly Colborne District, Canada West. Located 8 miles east of Lindsay, 5 1/2 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Omemee Station. Post office established as DOWNEYVILLE, on November 6th, 1856. First Postmaster M. Lehane. Office closed August 1st, 1963. Settled in the 1840's. Present approved name is DOWNEYVILLE. Population 50 in 1893 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 78°35'. References: BF, I, J, 3B, 5A, U10, 61 and 5L.

DOWNEYVILLE, SEE: DOWNEY'S CROSS, Victoria County.

DOWNIE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Huron District, Canada West, later Perth County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, c61. A landowner listing in 1852 for Downie and Perth Townships, give the area as 46,995 acres and the population as 2,727. Population 2,420 in 1980. Map position: 43°20' 81°05'. References: C, HH, 2W, M and V.

DOWNSVIEW, two words, hamlet, York Township, York County. Located 10 miles north of Toronto, 3 miles north of Carlaton West, 3 miles south of Elia, 1 mile northwest of Newton and on the Northern Railway (1853) later on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as DOWNSVIEW one word, on January 1st, 1858. First Postmaster Robert Clarke. Office no longer listed under the name in 1983 listings but referred to "See Toronto". Place named for John Perkins Bull's farm. "DOWNS VIEW", two words, listed in 1892 as DOWNSVIEW. Recently designated as an urban community and Part of Borough of North York, later City of North York. Present approved name is DOWNSVIEW. Population 250 in 1893 and 190 in 1903. Map position: 43°43' 79°30'. References: I, A, S, Z, BS, FP, U10, R3, V and 6S.

DOWSLEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°25' 84°25'. References: V.

**DOYLES**, dispersed rural community, Raleigh Township, Kent County. Located 6 miles southwest of Chatham and 3 miles east of Buxton. Post office opened as DOYLES, in 1884. First Postmaster M. Doyle, for whom the office was named. Office closed August 1st, 1914. Present approved name is DOYLES. Population less than 400 in 1903. Map position: 42°20' 82°10'. References: Z, PP, XX, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**DOYLE'S CORNERS #1**, concentrated rural community, Wicklow and Montague Townships, Hastings County. Located 24 miles from Tweed, 98 miles north of Belleville, 51 miles north of Central Ontario Railway at Eathbun Station. Post office established 1867, as MAYNOOTH. First Postmaster Michael Doyle. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious Parish name St. IGNACE. Present approved name is MAYNOOTH. Population 100 in 1886 and 300 in 1980. Map position: 45°14' 77°57'. References: Z, T, S, U, AA, 7B, V and SS.

**DOYLE'S CORNERS #2**, hamlet, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located 2 miles from Perth the County Seat, near Carleton and also near Inglesville. Post office named WAYSIDE established in 1870. First Postmaster John Doyle. Office closed October 1st, 1903. The name Wayside was given for the name of the WAYSIDE FARM where it was located. Listed as a locality in 1974. Present approved name is WAYSIDE. Population not shown. Map position: 44°56' 76°14'. References: B, I, AA, Z, 6I, PP, 7O, 7D and V.

**DOYLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°09' 81°31'. References: V.

**DRACO**, hamlet, Patricia District. Located 128 km from Red Lake Road (1978). No other reference to this place. References: U.

**DRACON**, SEE: DEACON, Wellington County.

**DRAFFIN'S SIDING**, station, Hinchinbrooke Township, Frontenac County. Located on Kingston and Pembroke Division of CPR. Station number 1046, between the stations of Hinchinbrooke and Parham, in 1911. References: 10B.

**DRAG LAKE**, hamlet, Part of Haliburton County. Summer population approx. 200 and no telephone service. This place is only accessible by plane or boat. References: "Bill Brawah".

**DRANOEL**, SEE: BETHANY JUNCTION, Peterborough County.

**DRAPER'S POINT**, Thunder Bay District. Located 11 km from Geraldton (1978). No other reference to this place. References: U.

**DRAPER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Muskoka District. Incorporated January 1st, 1899. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1970, C32, and amalgamated January 1st, 1971 as Part of Town of Bracebridge. Population 750 people and 168 horses in 1879. Area 41,758 acres in 1879. Map position: 45°00' 79°13'. References: HH, M, 1L and V.

**DRAYTON**, SEE: PEEL or MARYBORO', Wellington County.

**DRAYTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 50°04' 91°55'. References: V.

**DREANEY'S CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, London Township, later North Dorchester Township, Middlesex County. Located 6 miles east of London and on the CPR (c1875). Post office established 1869, as CRUMLIN. First Postmaster Robert Dreany. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Present approved name is CRUMLIN. Population 30 in 1875 and 228 in 1976. Map position: 42°01' 81°09'. References: I, T, S, Z, V, 6T, 5V, 6S, 5L and 7D.

**DREA TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP 8C, Sudbury District.

**DREFAL**, station, Township 97, Sudbury District. DREFAL STATION located 2 miles from Biscotasing Station and on CPR. Present approved name is DREFAL. Map position: 47°16' 82°03'. References: V, 22-6 and 5L.

**DRESDEN**, SEE: FAIRPORT #2, Kent County.

**DREW**, dispersed rural community, Minto Township, Wellington County. Located 45 miles west of Guelph and 2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Drew Station. Post office established as **DREW**, February 1st, 1869. First Postmaster John Arthur. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **DREW**. Population 250 in 1895 and 13 in 1976. Map position: 43°58' 80°54'. References: I, S, Z, V, 6T and 5L.

DREW STATION, SEE: SMITHURST, Wellington County.

**DREW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°08' 85°16'. References: V.

DRIFTWOOD, dispersed rural community, Calder Township, Cochrane District. Located 18 miles from Cochrane, 6 miles from Hunta and 14 miles from Jacksonboro. Post office established as DRIFTWOOD, on April 1st 1914. First Postmaster F. H. O'Neil. Office still in operation in 1983. DRIFTWOOD STATION on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway mainline at an altitude of 898 feet above sea-level. Settled by war veterans and forestry companies. Present approved name is **DRIFTWOOD**. Population 64 in 1961 and 91 in 1978. Map position: 49°08' 81°23'. References: R2, 5A, L2, V, 6T and 5L.

DRIFTWOOD CITY, Walker and Calvert Townships, Cochrane District. Located on Highway #11, 39 miles from Cochrane and 42 miles from Sesinkinika. Post office established March 1st, 1911 as MONTEITH. First Postmaster James Critchley. Office still in operation in 1983. Place named for Mr. Monteith, the Minister of Agriculture, who in 1908 chose site for Provicial Experimental Farm. Later it became an industrial farm for minor offenders. In 1974, this place became Part of the Town of Iroquois Falls. In 1940, this place was an internment camp for Prisoners Of War (about 5,000 POW's). MONTEITH STATION, on the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Present approved name is **MONTEITH**. Population 157 in 1941 and 183 in 1966. Map position: 48°39' 80°41'. References: MN, 2Y, 3B, 5A, 6T, V.

DRIFTWOOD CROSSING, Police Village, Amabel and Arran Townships, Bruce County. Located 33 miles northeast of Walkerton, 12 miles west of Owen Sound and 10 miles from Southampton. Post office opened as ALLENFORD, on March 1st, 1868. First Postmaster William Sharp. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village by County Bylaw #765, effective dated June 5th, 1919. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. First settler James Allen in 1857. Present approved name is **ALLENFORD**. Population 300 in 1895 and 250 in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 81°10'. References: I, P, S, Z, 3Q, V, TT, 5L, 6S, 9L and 7L.

DRIFTWOOD LANDS: Driftwood Lands Company at mileage 13.3 was cancelled as a CNR stop November 28th, 1948. References: 6V.

DRINKWATER, SEE: DRINKWATER PIT, Nipissing District.

DRINKWATER PIT, settlement, Nipissing District. Located 4 miles from Connaught Station, 10 miles from Porcupine and is a station on the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post office established as DRINKWATER, on April 15th, 1915 and in 1923, after having been closed for 5 years, reopened and was renamed DUGWAL. First Postmaster R. J. C. Wilson. Office closed July 31st, 1951. In October 1919 the place name was changed to DRINKWATER and in May 1938 was changed to DUGWAL. At times misspelled as DUGWALL. It became Part of the City of Timmins in 1974. Populations after that date were shown as a Part of City of Timmins. Present approved name is **DUGWAL**. Map position: 48°35' 81°01'. References: SS, V, 6T, 3B and U.

DROCOURT, SEE: WALLBRIDGE #2, Parry Sound District.

DROCOURT STATION, SEE: WALLBRIDGE #2, Parry Sound District.

DROMORE, dispersed rural community, Egremont Township, Grey County. Located 40 miles south of Owen Sound and 9 miles east of Grand Trunk Railway at Holstein Station. Post office opened as DROMORE, on August 1st, 1863. First Postmaster A. Taylor. Office closed on November 16th, 1968. Present approved name is DROMORE. Population 100 in 1893 and 25 in 1976. Map position: 44°07' 80°40'. References: I, S, Z, U10, 3R, V, 6S and 5L.

**DROPE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°56' 92°37'. References: V.

**DROWNED LAND RIVER**, SEE: MICKLES, Bruce County.

**DRUILLETTES TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP 37, Sudbury District.

**DRUM**, hamlet, Manvers Township, Durham County. Located 28 miles northwest of Cobourg, 22 miles southwest of Peterborough, 12 miles from Mill Brook and 3 miles west of CPR at Pontypool. Post office established as DRUM, in 1870. First Postmaster William Coulter. Office closed 1888. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: I, T, Z and 5V.

**DRUMBO**, Police Village, Blenheim Township, Oxford County, formerly Brock District, Canada West . Located 12 miles northeast of Woodstock and 12 miles from Paris. Post office opened as DRUMBO on February 1st, 1854. First Postmaster George Hicks. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village December 9th, 1903 by County Bylaw #512. Area enlarged on June 2nd, 1914 by County Bylaw #694. Dissolved and became Part of Township of Blandford-Blenheim, effective date January 1st, 1975. Present approved name is DRUMBO. Population 600 in 1886 and 397 in 1976. Map position: 43o14' and 80°33'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3K, V, 9L and 5L.

**DRUMMOND #1**, post office, on Mississippi Lake in Drummond Township, Perth County. Located 7 miles from Perth on CPR. Post office opened as DRUMMOND, in 1900. First Postmaster H. Ireton. Office closed 1895. Population 50 in 1893 and 25 in 1976. No recent reference to this office. References: 5U, U10, 3B, Z and PP.

**DRUMMOND #2**, dispersed rural community, Otonabee Township, Peterboro County. DRUMMOND STATION on Grand Trunk Railway. Located 9 km southeast of Peterborough, 5 km northwest of Keene and 5 km north of Campbelltown. Present approved name is DRUMMOND. Map position: 44°15' and 78°13'. References: B, Z, PP, U10, V and 5L.

**DRUMMOND #3**, locality, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located 8 miles north of Perth. Post office established as DRUMMOND, in 1890. First Postmaster J.B. Ferguson. Office closed January 15th, 1913. Present approved name is DRUMMOND. Map position: 45°00' and 76°14'. References: B, I, S, V and 6T.

**DRUMMOND #4**, Village located at the corner of the Townships of Hullett, Morris and Wawanosh in Huron County, Huron District, Canada West. Located 18 miles east of Goderich and 130 miles northwest of Toronto. Post office established on July 1st, 1856 and named BLYTHE, which was later changed in spelling to BLYTH. Office still in operation in 1983. First Postmaster John Templeton. The former name Drummond was to honour an early settler and first merchant, Mr. Robert Drummond. The first settler was Mr. Lucius McConnell. In 1885, the place had another name DRUMMONDVILLE, which was a local name. This place was surveyed in 1853 by William Drummond. Incorporated as the Village of Blyth on June 9th, 1876. Present approved name is BLYTH. Population 900 in 1886 and 840 in 1979. Map position: 43°44' and 81°26'. References: I, T, Z, H, 2T, 2Y, V, 6S and 5L.

**DRUMMOND CENTRE**, dispersed rural community, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located 11 km southeast of Lanark, 12 km north of Perth and 14 km southwest of Franktown. Present approved name is DRUMMOND CENTRE. Population 25 in 1976. Map position: 45°00' and 76°14'. References: V and 5L.

**DRUMMOND HEIGHTS**, urban community, part of City of Niagara Falls.Present approved name is DRUMMOND HEIGHTS. Map position: 43°04' and 79°06'. References: V.

**DRUMMOND ISLAND**, island, in lake Huron, Canada West. Post office name ST. JOSEPH'S in 1848. References: C.

**DRUMMOND STATION**, post office, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Post office opened as DRUMMOND STATION, on April 1st, 1907. First Postmaster R.P. Carey. Office closed December 27th, 1912. No recent reference to this office. References: 7K and 6T.

**DRUMMOND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Lanark County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, Quieting Order P4812-67 dated May 17th, 1968. A Township in Bathurst District, Canada West. Population 2,649 in 1852 and 2,503 in

1980. Township named for Sir Gordon Drummond, distinguished soldier. In 1816, the first settlers were war veterans. Map position: 45°00' and 76°14'. References: C, HH, 3H, M, 2W and V.

**DRUMMONDVILLE #1**, Village, Stamford Township, Niagara District, Canada West, later in Township of Stamford, Welland County. Located 12 miles from Merrittsville, 50 miles from Hamilton and 1/2 miles from Niagara Falls. The post office opened as **DRUMMONDVILLE**, in 1830. First Postmaster C.H. Leonard. Because of confusion with Drummondville in Quebec, this place was given the name **DRUMMONDVILLE WEST**. In 1884, the post office name was changed to **NIAGARA FALLS SOUTH**. Post office became a sub-post office of Niagara Falls, located 5 kilometres from Niagara Falls in 1980. **POLLYTOWN** was a named black community, overgrown by Drummondville in the 1860s. In 1974, Niagara Falls South became part of the City of Niagara. Present approved name is **DRUMMONDVILLE WEST**. Population 1,179 in 1893 and 3,500 in 1926. Map position: 43°05'and 79°06'. References: I, AA, 7X, U, and V.

**DRUMMONDVILLE #2**, SEE: **DRUMMOND**, Huron County.

**DRUMMONDVILLE WEST**, SEE: **ELGIN**, Welland County.

**DRUMQUIN**, dispersed rural community, Trafalgar Township, Halton County, later part of Town of Milton in Halton Region. Located 7 miles east of Milton and 5 miles southwest of Streetsville Station on CPR. Post office established as **DRUMQUIN**, on September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster T.H. Patterson. Office closed April 1st, 1914. First settler Peter Tolman who settled in 1820 and built the first tavern. Local name for this place was **CAMP HOLLOW**, some say, before it was named Drumquin. Present approved name is **DRUMQUIN**. Population 25 in 1885, 100 in 1893 and 40 in 1908. Map position: 43°32' and 79°47'. References: I, S, Z, PP, U10, 3R, 3Z, 6T, 5T, V, 6S, The Canadian Champion News; 1937, and D. Featherstone.

**DRURY #1**, post office, Simcoe County, Canada West, Post office opened as **DRURY**, May 1st, 1864. First Postmaster R. Drury. Office closed March 1st, 1872. No recent references to this office. References: I, 3O and 7B.

**DRURY #2**, dispersed rural community, presently part of Town of Walden, Sudbury District. Present approved name is **DRURY**. Map position: 46°23' 81°30'. Reference: V.

**DRURY, DENISON and GRAHAM TOWNSHIP**, Incorporated as **TOWN OF WALDEN**, in Sudbury District, January 1st, 1973. Originally Incorporated January 1st, 1894, dissolved by Ontario Statute 1972, C104, amalgamated January 1st, 1973. References: H and M.

**DRURY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' and 81°30'. References:V.

**DRYBERRY LAKE**, in unorganized area, Kenora District. Population 40 in 1951 and 68 in 1956. References: 5E.

**DRYDEN #1**, SEE: **NEW PROSPECT**, Kenora District.

**DRYDEN #2**, SEE: **PALMERSTON**, Perth County.

**DRYDEN #3**, dispersed rural community, Wallace Township, Perth County.Located 3 km southwest of Palmerston, 12 km northeast of Listowel and 7 km east of Brotherstown. Present approved name is **DRYDEN**. Population 16 in 1976. Map position: 43°48' 80°53'. References: V, 6S and 5L.

**DRYDEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°30' and 80°45'. References: V.

**DRYDEN'S CORNERS**, Carnarvon and Campbell Townships, Manitoulin District. Located 5 km north of Providence Bay, and 7 km from Perivale. Present name is **DRYDEN'S CORNERS**. Map position: 45°43' 82°16'. References: V+ and 5L.

**DRYSDALE**, dispersed rural community, Stanley Township, Huron County. Located 20 miles south of Goderich and 10 miles west of Kippen. Post office established as **DRYSDALE**, in 1857. First Postmaster Robert Drysdale. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **DRYSDALE**. Population 50 in 1893 and 40 in 1926. Map position: 43°27' and 81°42'. References: I, S, Z, MM, U10, V, 6T, 5V and 5L.

**DRYSDALEVILLE,** Hay Township, Huron County. Located 19 miles from Clinton, 20 miles south of Goderich and 7 miles from Kippen on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **BERNE** in Huron District, Canada West, in December 1st, 1863. First Postmaster G. Murner. In 1877, the post office name was changed to **BLAKE**. Located 20 miles south of Goderich and 7 miles from Kippen on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **BLAKE**. Population 100 in 1893 and 6 in 1976. Map position: 43°27' and 81°39'. References: A, 7B, I, 3Q, S, PP, U10, V, 6T, 5L, 6S and 7D.

**DUART,** SEE: **DUNEDIN #3**, Kent County.

**DUART STATION,** dispersed rural community, Orford Township, Kent formerly Elgin County. Located 26 miles northeast of Chatham and 2 miles northwest of Duart. Post office established as **MUIR KIRK**, in 1874. First Postmaster Alexander McDonald. Post office department in September, 1950, changed the spelling of Muir Kirk to one word, **MUIRKIRK**. Office still in operation in 1983. **MUIRKIRK STATION** on Michigan Central Railway and Pere Marquette Railway. Muir Kirk was named for the President of the Canada Southern Railway Company. Present approved name is **MUIRKIRK**. Population 500 in 1893 and 48 in 1976. Map position: 42°31' 81°46'. References: I, S, AA, 3B, U10, XX, SS, 5V, 6T, V and 7D.

**DUBLIN #1,** unincorporated community, Nipigon Township Sudbury District. Located 26 km east of Nipigon on the main railway line, CPR. A named place with no population in 1978. Map position: 47°07' 81°39'. References: R2.

**DUBLIN #2,** SEE: **CARRONBROOK**, Perth County.

**DUBLIN #3,** This was the original name of the Township of York. In 1789, the name was changed to the Township of **YORK**. Surveyed by Mr. Augustus Jones, Provincial Land Surveyor. References: 7W, 2J and E. Arthur.

**DUBLIN #4,** dispersed rural community, Erin Township, Wellington County. Located 17 miles northeast of Guelph and 4 miles southeast of Garafraxa Station on CPR. Post office opened 1860 and named **MIMOSA**. First Postmaster Henry Read. Office closed October 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MIMOSA**. Population 50 in 1886 and 40 in 1926. Map position: 43°44' 80°13'. References: Z, I, T, S, AA, MM, 4F, 6T and V.

**DUBLIN #5,** SEE: **DUBLIN CASTLE**, Peel County.

**DUBLIN CASTLE,** dispersed rural community, Chinguacousy Township, Peel County, later in Town of Caledon, Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 9 miles northwest of Brampton and 3 miles northeast of Cheltenham Station on CPR. Settled in 1820. Post office established as **CAMPBELL'S CROSS**, January 6th, 1848. First Postmaster R.C. McCollum. Office closed July 15th, 1918. Place named for Campbells settling on Clergy Reserve. Local name was **DUBLIN**. Present approved name is **DUBLIN CASTLE**. Population 150 in 1893 and 65 in 1971. Map position: 43°47' 79°52'. References: B, I, S, Z, 2W, U10, 3C, V, 6T, 8P and 7D.

**DUBLIN MILLS,** concentrated rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 9 miles northwest of Brockville and 3 miles south of Bellamy's Station on CPR. Post office opened in 1869 and named **NEW DUBLIN**. First Postmaster J.A. Browne. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **NEW DUBLIN**. Population 50 in 1893 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 44°40' 75°48'. References: I, S, MM, 3B, U10, 6T, V and 4G.

**DUBLIN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 81°39'. References: V.

**DUBREUIL,** post office, on the Madawaska River, Matawachan Township, Renfrew County. Located 80 miles south of Pembroke, 40 miles southwest of Renfrew and 38 miles from Caldwell Station. Post office opened as **DUBREUIL**, on March 1st, 1890. First Postmaster John Thomson. October 1st, 1903, name changed to **CAMEL CHUTE**. Post office closed November 29th, 1958. Recently, 1974, designated dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **CAMEL CHUTE**. Population 100 in 1913 and 85 in 1956. Map position: 45°11' 77°07'. References: I, Z, SS, 7Q, DD, 5E, V, 6T and 5L.

DUBREUILVILLE #1, hamlet, Township 49 later Finan Township, Algoma District. Located 20 km west of Lochalsh, 10 km north of Goudreau and 18 km southeast of Franz. Founded in the 1960s. In 1977 Incorporated as an Improvement District. Post office established as MAGPIE MINE, on March 15th, 1954. Name changed to DUBREUILVILLE on March 1st, 1961. First Postmistress Miss P. Dubreuil. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is DUBREUILVILLE. Population 21 in 1961 and 818 in 1976. Map position: 48°21' 84°32'. References: R2, M, HH, 3B, V, 10E, 5L and F.

DUBREUILVILLE #2, (Improvement District of), Algoma District. Improvement District formed from all of the Township of Dunphy, part of the Township of Finan and part of the Township of Huotari, by Ontario Municipal Board Order M76235, dated June 21st, 1977, but Effective October 1st, 1977. Reference: M.

DUBUQUE, SEE: BIG POINT, Kent County.

DUCHESNAY, dispersed rural community, Widdifield Township, Nipissing District. Present approved name is DUCHESNAY. Map position: 46°20' 79°30'. References: V.

DUCHESNEY, station, Algoma District, located 455 miles east of Port Arthur. Nearest post office at Biscotasing. This station on CPR, located east of Ramsay Station. Population 10 in 1893. Misspelled as DUCAESNEY. No recent reference to this station. References: S, Z, AA, U10 and 8G.

DUCK ISLAND, Town, Gordon Township, Manitoulin District. It is the Judicial Seat of the District and located on Manitoulin Island, about 120 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie, and 22 miles from Spanish Station on CPR. Post office opened 1874 and named GORE BAY, named for Francis Gore, Lieutenant-Governor of Upper Canada. First Postmaster David Miller. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Town on April 7th, 1890. Named for the Steamer "Gore" on ferry service 1860 to 1870. Present approved name is GORE BAY. Population 300 in 1886 and 791 in 1980. Map position: 45°55' 82°28. References: I, T, HH, 2T, 5K, V, 5V and 7D.

DUCK LAKE INDIAN RESEREVE #76B, Sudbury District. Located 8 kilometres east of Chapleau. Cree and English are the languages used by the Band. This Reserve is under Grand Council Treaty #9. Population 49 in 1976 and 80 in 1979. Map position: 46°58' 81°08'. References: R3.

DUCKMURE STATION, Foley Township, Parry Sound District. Date of this reference 1970s. References: B.

DUCK'S BAY, SEE: WINDERMERE #3, York County.

DUCKWORTH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 38°42' 90°05'. References: V.

DUCLOS POINT, dispersed rural community, Georgina Township, York County, now within the Regional Municipality of York. Duclos Point is a long point running out into Lake Simcoe to the southeast of Georgina Island (1893), Virgina 4 miles and Pefferlaw 7 1/2 miles. Summer post office opened as DUCLOS POINT, June 1st, 1936. First Postmaster Herbert S. Carpentier. Office closed September 13th, 1969. Present approved name is DUCLOS POINT. Population 45 in 1971 and 121 in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 79°15'. References: 3B, V, 6T, 8A, 6S and 5L.

DUDLEY, dispersed rural community, Medora Township, Muskoka District, and at times shown in Simcoe County. Located 5 miles north Bala and 18 miles from Gravenhurst. Post office opened 1894 as DUDLEY. First Postmaster George Fenn. Office closed March 31st, 1945. Dudley changed to SUCKER LAKE, and in June, 1924, changed to MEDORA LAKE. DUDLEY STATION name changed to MEDORA STATION, in 1908. Present approved name is DUDLEY. Population 50 in 1908. Map position: 45°03' 79°38'. References: I, Z, PP, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

DUDLEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°05' 78°21'. References: V.

DUFF CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 3 km south of Lost Channel, 7 km northeast of Roslin and 4 km east of Thomasburg. Present approved name isDUFF CORNERS. Map position: 44°24' 77°18'. References: V and 5L.

**DUFFERIN #1**, post office, Pittsburg Township, Frontenac County. Located 7 miles northeast of Kingston and 3 miles north of Rideau. Post office opened as **DUFFERIN**, in 1887. First Postmaster Samuel Donaldson. Office closed February 15th, 1913. Population 50 in 1893. No recent references to this office. References: I, S, Z, U10, 5U, 6T and 5T.

**DUFFERIN #2**, hamlet, Oneida Township, Haldimand County, later became part of Town of Haldimand in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 7 miles from Cayuga and 5 miles from Hagersville. Post office established as **DUFFERIN**, on December 1st, 1863. First Postmaster H. Martin. In 1881, post office name was changed to **CLAYTON** for part of 1881. Then later in 1881, it was changed to **CLANBRASSIL**. Office closed October 1st, 1914. Recently designated a dispersed rural community (1974). Present approved name is **CLANBRASSIL**. Population 150 in 1893 and 64 in 1971 and after 1976, population included in Haldimand. Map position: 42°57' 79°57'. References: I, A, PP, 3Q, 6S, 3B, U10, V and 6T.

**DUFFERIN BRIDGE**, dispersed rural community, Spence Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Clarke's Creek, 17 miles north of Rosseau, 25 miles northeast of Parry Sound and 20 miles northwest of Emsdale. Post office opened as **DUFFERIN BRIDGE** on June 1st, 1878. First Postmaster Richard Irwin. Office closed January 12th, 1906. Present approved name is **DUFFERIN BRIDGE**. Population 30 in 1893 and 43 in 1908. Map position: 45°29' 79°41'. References: I, Z, PP, U10, V, 5V, 7T, 5P and 5L.

**DUFFERIN COUNTY**. By proclamation dated January 24th, 1881, the Town of Orangeville and certain Townships in the Counties of Wellington, Grey, and Simcoe were erected into the County of Dufferin effective January 24th, 1881, for all Judicial , Municipal and Registry purposes. (Ontario Statutes 1881, C.9 also gives effective date of Incorporation of the County of Dufferin). The County of Dufferin consists of: the towns of Orangeville and Shelburne, the Village of Grand Valley, the townships of Amaranth, East Garafraxa, East Luther, Melancthon, Mono and Mulmur. Population 22,084 in 1881 and 30,327 in 1980. Map position: 44°05' 80°15'. References: M, HH, 5C and V.

**DUFFERIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°22' 81°00'. References: V.

**DUFFER'S CREEK**, SEE: **CANTON #2**, Ontario County.

**DUFFIN'S CREEK**, SEE: **CANTON #2**, Ontario County.

**DUFF'S CORNERS**, SEE: **VANDERLIP'S CORNERS**, Wentworth County.

**DUFF TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°50' 81°08'. References: V.

**DUFFY #1**, railway point, Medora Township, Muskoka District, later within District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is **DUFFY**. Map position: 45°05' 79°42'. References: B, V and 6S.

**DUFFY #2**, railway point, part of Town of Fort Erie. Present approved name is **DUFFY**. Map position: 43°56' 78°58'. References: V.

**DUG HILL**, settlement, North Gwillimbury Township, York County. Located 47 miles from Toronto, 43 miles from Barrie and on east shore of Lake Simcoe. Post office opened as **KESWICK**, January 6th, 1836. First Postmaster Benjamin Walker Smith. This post office moved 3 miles southeast to Medina (later Keswick) and took name with it. New **ROACH'S POINT** post office established May 1st, 1870. First Postmaster Richard Flood. Office still in operation in 1983. Name spelling of Roach's Point changed to **ROCHE'S POINT**, December 1st, 1906. Settlement status changed to concentrated rural community in 1974. Present approved name is **ROCHES POINT**. Population 150 in 1885 and 189 in 1980. Map position: 44°16' 79°30'. References: 3G, 9J, I, G, 3S, 7X, 3R, 2J, 5W, 7T and 3B.

**DUGWAL**, SEE: **DRINKWATER PIT**, Nipissing District.

**DUKE**, SEE: **GRANT #1**, Russell County.

DUKSZIA TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 8B, Sudbury District.

DUKSZTA TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 8B, Sudbury District.

DULCEMAINE, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds & Lansdowne Townships, Leeds County. Located 13 km southwest of Mallorytown, 6 km northwest of Lansdowne and 16 km northeast of Gananoque. Present approved name is DULCEMAINE. Sometimes mispelled as DULCENMAINE. Population 50 in 1951. Map position: 44°27' 76°03'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

DULCENMAINE, SEE: DULCEMAINE, Leeds County.

DULHUT'S TRADING POST, City on Lake Superior. In 1805, a fort was built here by the Honourable William McGillvray and given his first name FORT WILLIAM. At times it was called FORT KAMINISTIQUA. In 1804, the CPR came to Fort William and at this place are the Terminuses of CPR and GTR systems, with grain elevators holding 25 million bushels of grain. The first settler was Dulhut in 1678 who established the first trading post. In 1717, the name was FORT KAMINISTIKWIA. Between 1801 and 1805, Fort William was built. At inception it was called FORT WILLIAM OF THE NORTH WEST COMPANY. In 1875, the name Fort William came into general use. Varieties of the spelling of this Fort are KAMINISTIKWIA, CAMENESTIGOYAN in 1678 and KAMINESTIGUA in 1833. Fort William is located at Mile 1908 on CPR, is geographically east of Port Arthur. This place was Incorporated as a town, April 14th, 1892, under the name Fort William and as a city, April 20th, 1907. On January 1st, 1970, FORT WILLIAM amalgamated with PORT ARTHUR and was named CITY OF THE LAKEHEAD. That name was changed to CITY OF THUNDER BAY, January 1st, 1970. The post office was established September 1st, 1861, and the Postmaster was Robert McVicar. Population 3,000 in 1895, 14,000 in 1907, 30,585 in 1948 and 48,203 in 1969. Map position: 48°24' 89°19'. References: I, M, P, Z, S, HH, 2T, 2Y, 6G, 5K, V, 3Z and 8K.

DULHUT TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 31, Range 22, Algoma District.

DULUTH JUNCTION, railway point, McIrvine Township, Rainy River District, a station on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,123 feet above sea level. Present approved name is DULUTH JUNCTION. Map position: 48°35' 93°23'. References: L3 and V.

DUMAS TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 29, Range 27, Algoma District.

DUMBARTON, SEE: DUNBARTON, Ontario County.

DUMBLANE, SEE: DUNBLANE, Bruce County.

DUMFRIES, SEE: DUMPHRIES, (spelling name).

DUMFRIES #1, Brant County, 8 miles north of Brantford on Grand Trunk Railway main line, 5 miles east of Paris. Population 20 in 1893. No further reference to this place after 1895. References: Z and U10.

DUMFRIES #2, station, North Dumfries Township, Waterloo County, on CPR, 4 miles west of Galt, 63 miles from Toronto. It is a flag station. Map position: 43°21' 80°25'. No recent reference to this station. References: S, Z, PP and 6S.

DUMFRIES TOWNSHIP, Incorporated January 1st, 1850, in Halton County. Dissolved by Canada Statutes 1851, C5 Schedule D, effective January 1st, 1852 and divided, North to Waterloo County and South to Brant County. Settled prior to 1835. References: M and 3H.

DUMMER'S MILLS, Established in 1834, by Thomas Hartwell, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 14 miles northeast of Peterborough and 7 miles north of Indian River Station on CPR. The mills were owned by Zacceus Burnham of Cobourg, whose cousin Thomas George Choate, superintended the mill and built the first general store. For a period of time the place was known as CHOATE'S MILLS. In 1839, Thomas Choate applied for

the first post office which opened in 1841, and became first Postmaster. He named the office **WARSAW**. Office still in operation in 1983. In several references this town is shown as a Village. No documentation noted for the date of Incorporation.Present approved name is **WARSAW**. Population 70 in 1846 and 245 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 78°08'. References: 2M, I, G, S, U10, 3B, 8P and 9J.

**DUMMER TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Peterborough County, formerly in Colborne District. Incorporated as a Township, on January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849-C6i. Quieting Order P5440, dated August 22nd, 1968. Established before 1835. In 1847, it had 2 saw, 2 grist mills and 6 schools. Population 1,223 in 1847 and 2,082 in 1980. Map position: 44°28' 78°04'. References: C, HH, 2M, 3H, M and V.

**DUMPHRIES**, an old-fashioned spelling for/ SEE: DUMFRIES.

**DUMPHRIES TOWNSHIP**, Gore District, Canada West. Post office name for the Township GALT in 1846. References: C.

**DUNBAR**, concentrated rural community, Williamsburgh Township, Dundas County. Located 5 miles south of Chesterville Station on CPR and 80 miles west of Cornwall. Post office established as **DUNBAR**, on May 1st, 1856. First Postmaster William Beckstedt. Post office closed April 30th, 1955. Dunbar was named after a town in Scotland by Walter Carlyle. Present approved name is**DUNBAR**. Population 100 in 1893 and 85 in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 75°14'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3M, V, 6T, 8U, 5L and 7D.

**DUNBAR'S FALLS**, station, Parry Sound District, on the North and Northwestern Railway, located on the line between Barretts Station and Perriedale Station. This is noted in 1888. No recent reference. References: 6Z.

**DUNBARTON**, dispersed rural community, Pickering Township, Ontario County, later Part of Town of Pickering in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located at the mouth of Duffin's Creek, 9 miles west of Whitby the County Seat, 3 miles west of Pickering and 18 miles east of Toronto.Post office established as **DUNBARTON** on October 6th, 1852. First Postmaster John Parker. Office closed June 30th, 1966. First settler William Dunbar, wheelwright from Largo, Fifeshire, Scotland, in 1832. He purchased the west half of Lot 25, Concession #1. After clearing away the bush he laid out the townsite and named it Dunbarton. Local 1853 name for community was **PICKERING HARBOUR** but was superseded by Dunbarton in use. Modern location is on Highway #2. On January 1st, 1974, the Township and its communities formed the Town of Pickering in the Regional Municipality of Durham. In 1853 this place was known either as Dunbarton or Pickering Harbour on Frenchman's Bay. **DUNBARTON STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway was for many years called **FRENCHMAN'S BAY STATION** Present approved name is **DUNBARTON**. Population 400 in 1886 and 148 in 1956. Map position: 43°49' 79°06'. References: AA, I, T, S, Z, 3K, EE, 3G, 5E, V, 7A, 6S, 6T, and 7D.

**DUNBAR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°02' 81°23'. References: V.

**DUNBLANE**, hamlet, Saugeen Township, Bruce County, located 10 miles from Southampton and 72 miles from Elora. Post office established as **DUNBLANE**, on February 1st, 1856. First Postmaster W. Wallace who named the place **DUMBLANE**. Office closed June 1st, 1921. Recently designated a dispersed rural community in Arran Township, Bruce County. Population 100 in 1857. In 1969, there was no population. Only a church building remains. Present approved name is **DUNBLANE**. Map position: 44°24' 81°18'. References: EE, 8U, I, E, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

**DUNBOYLE**, Malahide Township. Elgin County. Population 33 in 1976. References: 3B.

**DUNBOYNE**, SEE: NICKERSON'S CORNERS, Elgin County.

**DUNCAN #1**, dispersed rural community, Euphrasia and Collingwood Townships, Grey County. Located 35 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 12 miles southeast of Thornbury Station on North and Northwestern Railway later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **DUNCAN** in 1866. First Postmaster William McRae. Office closed July 1st, 1967. Present approved name is **DUNCAN**. Population 25 in 1893 and 75 in 1908. Map position: 44°25' 80°29'. References: I, S, Z, V, 6T, U10, PP and 5L.

**DUNCAN #2**, railway point, York Township, York County, later part of Borough of North York. The CNR railway name was changed to **ORIOLE STATION** in 1923. Post office established July 1st, 1908, named **ORIOLE** and closed March 31st, 1913. Postmaster for the whole period of operation George Summers. No recent reference to this place. Map position: 43°45' 79°21'. References: PP, SS, V, 7D, 6T and 8S.

**DUNCAN #3**, SEE: **CASTOR**, Russell County.

**DUNCAN LAKE**, post office, Nipissing District. Located 16 miles from Latchford and 7 1/2 miles from Temagami. Post office established April 15th, 1912. First Postmaster W.S. Wagar. Office closed October 15th, 1914. No further reference to this place. References: 6T.

**DUNCAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°42' 84°13'. References: V.

**DUNCANVILLE**, SEE: **CASTOR**, Russell County.

**DUNCHURCH**, SEE: **NEWCOMBE**, Parry Sound District.

**DUNCRIEF**, dispersed rural community, Lobo Township, Middlesex County. Located 18 miles northwest of London and 8 miles from Ailsa Craig. Post office established June 1st, 1862. First Postmaster James Barnes. Office closed July 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **DUNCRIEF**. Population 200 in 1886 and 75 in 1903. Map position: 43°04' 81°28'. References: I, A, T, S, PP, 3N, V, 6T, 6S and 5L.

**DUNDALK**, hamlet, Melancthon Township, Grey later Dufferin County, formerly Home District, Canada West. Located 40 miles from Owen Sound and 74 miles from Toronto. Post office established as **DUNDALK** on December 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Elias B. Grey who named the place for his Irish native town. On September 1st, 1874 the post office name was changed to **MAYBURNE**, and the office officially closed July 31st, 1877. No recent references to this place. Population 100 in 1857. References: I, 3V, EE, 3M, 5K and 7D.

**DUNDALK STATION**, Village, Proton Township, Grey County. Located 42 miles southeast of Owen Sound, on Highway #10, 7 km northeast of Corbetton, 10 km south of Wareham and 25 km north of Grand Valley. Post office established April 1st, 1874, as **DUNDALK STATION**. First Postmaster John J. Middleton. Within a short time the word, "Station", dropped from the name. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village June 26th, 1886. **DUNDALK STATION** on the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway, later CPR. Present approved name is **DUNDALK**. Population 800 in 1895 and 1,239 in 1980. Map position: 44°10' 80°24'. References: I, M, S, Z, HH, 2T, V, 6S, 5Y and 5L.

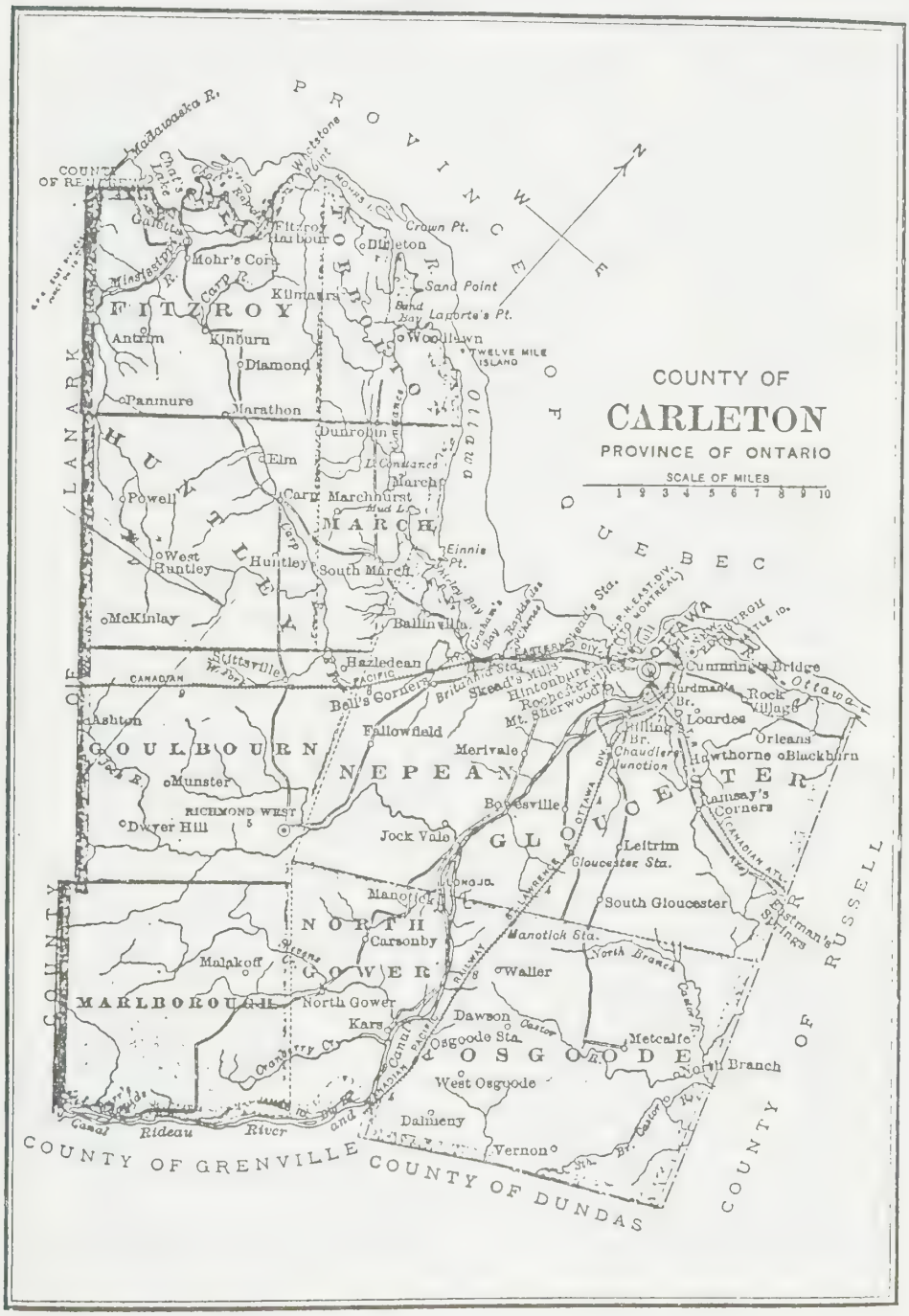
**DUNDAS**, SEE: **COOTE'S PARADISE #1**, Wentworth County.

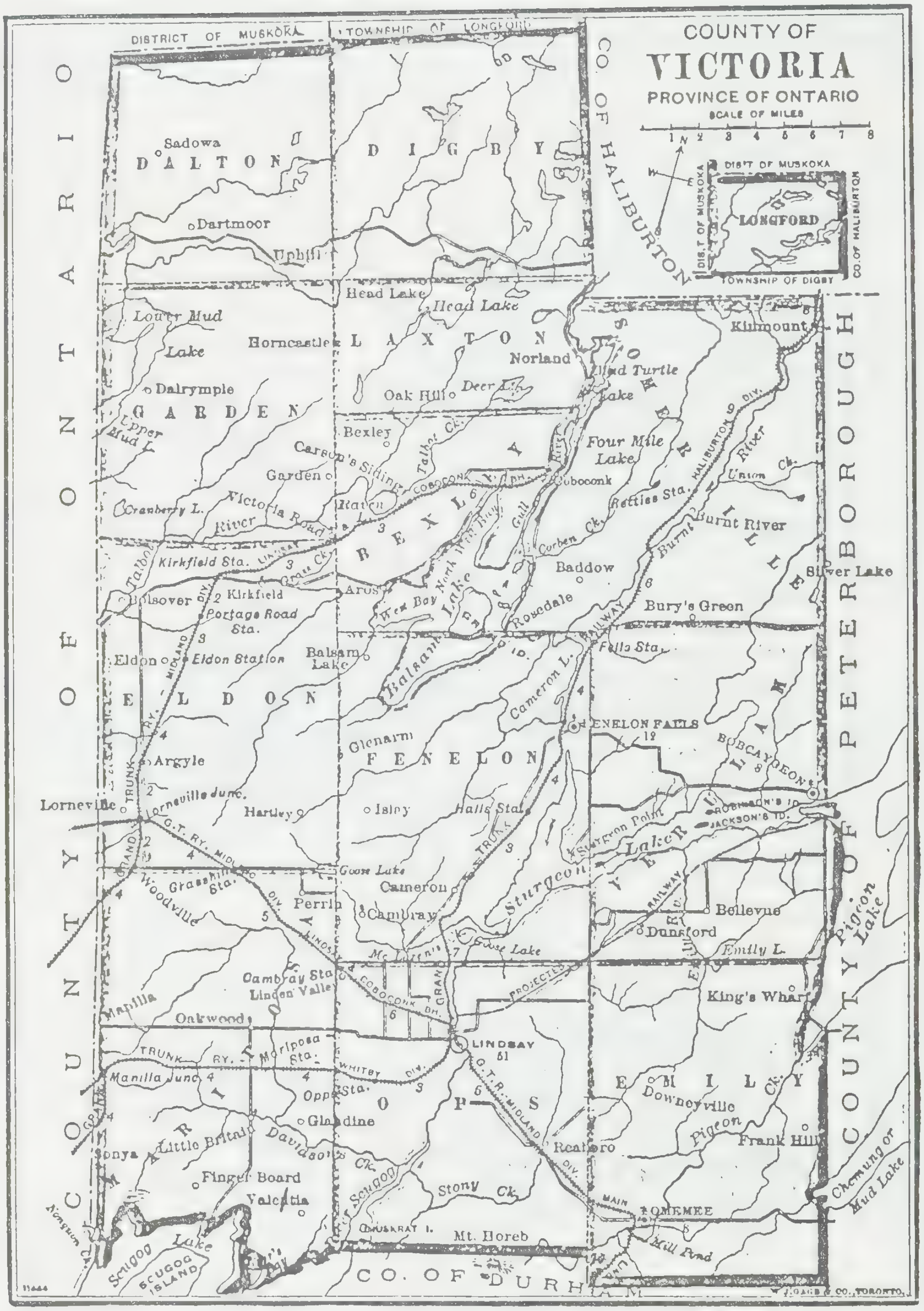
**DUNDAS OFFICE #1**, sub-post office, 6 Olser Court, Dundas, Wentworth County. Post office established March 31st, 1960 as a non-accounting office. Status changed to accounting office on May 29th, 1961. First Postmaster Melvin J. W. Lee in Lee's Pharmacy, University Gardens. Office closed August 30th, 1967. Office notice of closing shown when Postmaster resigned and no suitable person could be found to assume the office. Reference: National Postal Museum records.

**DUNDAS OFFICE #3** , sub-post office, Wentworth County. Located at 292 King Street, Dundas. Office opened as an accounting office on March 26th, 1968. First Postmaster John J. Coughlan. Office closed on May 30th, 1969. Reference: National Postal Museum records.

**DUNDAS COUNTY**, Contains 377 square miles and an area of 241,200 acres. This county is named for Lord Dundas, at one time Colonial Secretary for The Canadas. (SEE The United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengary). Settled by disbandees of the First Battalion, Kings Royal Rangers of New York, in 1783. The County of Dundas consists of: the villages of Chesterville, Iroquois, Morrisburg and Winchester, the townships of: Matilda, Mountain, Williamsburgh and Winchester. Population 379 in 1783, 13,011 in 1852 and 16,210 in 1941. Map position: 45°00' 75°20'. References: M, 2W, 5C, 2A, V and Gavin Watt.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO




COUNTY OF
VICTORIA
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO
SCALE OF MILES
DIST. OF MUSKOKA
LONGFORD
TOWNSHIP OF DIGBY
CO. OF HALIBURTON
DISTRICT OF MUSKOKA
TOWNSHIP OF LONGFORD
COUNTY OF ONTARIO
COUNTY OF PETERBOROUGH
CO. OF DURHAM
DALTON
DIGBY
LAXTON
GARDEN
BEXLEY
SOMERVILLE
ELDON
FENELON
VERULAM
MARIPOSA
OPS
EMILY
Sadowa
Dartmoor
Uphill
Head Lake
Lower Mud Lake
Horncastle
Norland
Mud Turtle Lake
Kinmount
Dalrymple
Oak Hill
Deer L.
Upper Mud L.
Bexley
Four Mile Lake
Carson's Siding
Garden
Coboconk
Cranberry L.
Victoria Road
Haven
Burnt River
Kirkfield Sta.
Baddow
Silver Lake
Bolsover
Kirkfield
Portage Road Sta.
Rosedale
Bury's Green
Eldon
Eldon Station
Balsam Lake
Fells Sta.
Cameron L.
FENELON FALLS
BOBCAYGEON
Argyle
Glenarm
Lorneville
Lorneville Junc.
Hartley
Islay
Halls Sta.
Sturgeon Point
Sturgeon Lake
Goose Lake
Cameron
Perrin
Cambray
Bellevue
Dunsford
Emily L.
Woodville
Cambray Sta.
Linden Valley
King's Wharf
Manilla
Oakwood
LINDSAY
Mariposa Sta.
Manilla Junc.
Downeyville
Oakwood
Glandine
Pigeon Lake
Frank Hill
Sonya
Little Britain
Davidson's Ck.
Reaboro
Chemung or Mud Lake
Finger Board
Valentia
Scugog R.
Stony Ck.
OMEMEE
Mill Pond
Muskrat I.
Mt. Horeb
Scugog Lake
SCUGOG ISLAND
W. J. GAGE & CO., TORONTO.

**DUNDAS MILLS,** SEE: **COOTE'S PARADISE #1**, Wentworth County.

**DUNDEE**, small hamlet, Murray Township, Northumberland County, Canada West. Located 19 miles from Belleville and 3 miles from Brighton. The date of this entry is 1851 and there is no further reference to the place. References: 5B.

**DUNDEE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°11' 80°35'. References: V.

**DUNDELA**, concentrated rural community, Matilda Township, Dundas County. Located 38 miles west of Cornwall and 9 miles west of Iroquois Station. To 1866 this place was named MacINTOSH'S CORNERS. In 1827, on the farm of John MacIntosh, an apple tree bore one branch of sweet apple. Son, Alan realized the commercial value of the apple and with special selection and careful grafting produced the world-wide known "MacIntosh Apple". Post office opened as **DUNDELA** on June 1st, 1866. First Postmaster Thomas Wharton. Office closed November 30th, 1914. (This place name has been mispelled as **DUNDELLA**). Population 200 in 1886 and 56 in 1976. Present approved name is **DUNDELA**. Map position: 44°56' 75°18'. References: I, T, Z, 3P, V, 6T, 5L and Lloyd Carter.

**DUNDONALD**, dispersed rural community, Cramahe Township, Northumberland County. Located 20 miles northeast of Cobourg and 7 miles north of Colborne Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **DUNDONALD** in Newcastle District, Canada West, on April 1st, 1866. First Postmaster John Barker. Office closed July 31st, 1946. Population 125 in 1893 and 47 in 1976. Present approved name is **DUNDONALD**. Map position: 44°04' 77°52'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3P, V, 6T and 5L.

**DUNDONALD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. This Township is one quarter within the City of Timmins and three quarters within the Town of Iroquois Falls. Map position: 48°40' 80°52'. References: V.

**DUNDURN #1**, station, Townsend Township, Norfolk County, recently within the City of Nanticoke, in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand and Norfolk. It has been mispelled as DUNDERN. Present approved name is DUNDURN. Map position: 42°58' 80°15'. References: B, 6S and V.

**DUNDURN #2**, urban community, part of CITY OF HAMILTON, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **DUNDURN**. Map position: 43°17' 79°54'. References: V.

**DUNEDIN #1,** SEE: BOWERMAN'S HOLLOW, Simcoe County.

**DUNEDIN #2,** SEE: SPEEDIE, Grey County.

**DUNEDIN #3**, dispersed rural community, Orford Township, Kent County. After 1867 this place appears in Bothwell Electoral District, and later back in Kent County. Located 30 miles east of Chatham and 2 miles south of Muir Kirk Station on Michigan Central Railway. The original name of this small village which was given by Thomas Caswell, who owned the property on which the village site stands. The Cunninghams purchased the lands to the west of this site and changed the name of that portion to KILMARNOCH. Both the names were in use and were taken from places in Scotland. [illegible] 1863, Thomas McLean interviewed the Post Office Department and had a Post office established in the village. [illegible]ed it DUART, for his native place in Scotland. Post office opened August 1st, 1857. First Postmaster Jame[illegible]ete Sr. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **DUART**. Population 300 in 1893 and 127 in 1976. Map position: 42°30' 81°45'. References: 7D, I, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3M, V, 6S and 5L.

**DUNGANNON,** SEE: WAWANOSH, Huron County.

**DUNGANNON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Hastings County, Incorporated as a township January 1st, 1871. Quieting Order P5443-68, dated May 31st, 1968. Population 1,096 in 1980. Map position: 45°03' 77°45'. References: HH, M and V.

**DUNKELD**, dispersed rural community, Brant Township, Bruce County. Located 5 miles north of Walkerton, had a

station on Grand Trunk Railway called **DUNKELD STATION**. Post office established February 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Hugh Bell. Office closed July 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **DUNKELD**. Population 100 in 1893 and 100 in 1895. Map position: 44°10' 81°12'. References: I, S, Z, U10, V, 6T, 8U, 6S and 5L.

**DUNKERRON**, SEE: **CORVETT'S CORNERS**, Simcoe County.

**DUNKS BAY**, Bruce County, located 3 kilometres from Tobermory. Date of the entry 1980. References: U.

**DUNLOP #1**, SEE: **MILBURN**, Huron County.

**DUNLOP #2**, SEE: **BYNG INLET NORTH**, Parry Sound District.

**DUNLOP LAKE**, located in Elliot Lake Improvement District, Algoma District. Population 63 in 1956, 2 in 1971 and after 1976 population included in Elliot Lake. References: 3B and 5E.

**DUNLOP TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' 81°53'. References: V.

**DUNMORE**, locality, Bromley Township, Renfrew County. Located 20 miles southeast of Pembroke and 8 miles southwest of Cobden Station on CPR. Post office opened as **DUNMORE** 1887. First Postmaster Duncan McLaren. Office closed August 1st, 1914. First settlers in this place were Rorey McLeod and Norman, his brother, Donald and William, his cousins. They were the original pioneers of Dunmore, which is named for Dunmore in Scotland. Present approved name is **DUNMORE**. Population 53 in 1893 and 15 in 1926. Map position: 45°34' 76°55'. References: I, S, Z, MM, U10, V, 6T, 5T and 7D.

**DUNMORE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°09' 80°28'. References: V.

**DUNN**, post office, Dunn Township, Haldimand County. **DUNN** Post office established November 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Leno Clark. Postmaster Clark resigned and no suitable successor was available so the post office closed prior to September 30th, 1857. No further reference to this place. References: I, 3K, 2W, 3M and 7A.

**DUNNET**, hamlet, Dunnet Township, Nipissing, later Sudbury District. Located 11 kilometres from Warren, 43 miles west of North Bay and 37 miles east of Sudbury. Post office established as **DUNNET** April 15th, 1899, named for the Township. First Postmaster Frank Dupuis. Office closed October 15th, 1919. Name changed to **DUNNET'S CORNERS**. Designated a dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is **DUNNET'S CORNERS**. Population 40 in 1913 and 40 in 1926. Map position: 46°23' 80°21'. References: S, DD, MM, PP, 7H, 6T, U, V, V+ and 5L.

**DUNNET'S CORNER**, SEE: **DUNNET**, Sudbury District.

**DUNNETTE LANDING**, dispersed rural community, Alnwick Township, Northumberland County. Present approved name is **DUNNETTE LANDING**. Map position: 44°12' 78°06'. References: V and 5L.

**DUNNET TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' 80°22'. References: V.

**DUNNING**, SEE: **BUTCHER**, Cochrane District.

**DUNNS VALLEY**, dispersed rural community, Galbraith Township, Algoma District. Located 16 miles from Thessalon Station on CPR, 35 km north of Bruce Mines and is on Highway #17. Post office established June 1st, 1898. First Postmaster A. Cooper. Office closed May 13th, 1950. This country post office was named after A. B. Dunn, one of the earliest settlers. Present approved name is **DUNNS VALLEY**. Population 50 in 1956 and 1 in 1976. Map position: 46°28' 83°38'. References: R2, 5E, B, 7G, 6T, 7D, PP and 5L.

**DUNN TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Haldimand County, Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C96. Amalgamated April 1st, 1974, into the **TOWN OF DUNNVILLE** in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. The first settlers in this area were named Sheehan. They bought a block of land from the Six Nations Indians in 1784. Population 828 in 1852. Map position: 42°53' 79o38 . References: C, HH, M, 2W, 1C and V.

**DUNNVILLE**, Town, in Niagara District, Upper Canada, later Moulton Township, sometimes Monck Township, later Haldimand County and most recently in Town of Dunnville, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 15 miles east of Cayuga, 76 miles southwest of Toronto, on the Grand River and on the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. First settler in this place Salmon Minor in 1825. This place was named for the Honourable John Henry Dunn, who in 1820 was appointed Receiver General of Upper Canada. Post office established as **DUNNVILLE** on July 6th, 1830. First Postmaster Alpheus Spencer St. John. Office still open in 1983. In 1860, Dunnville separated from Moulton Township. Religious parish name for this place ST. MICHEL. This place was Incorporated as a Village, December 21st, 1859. Proclaimed a Town on the 1st Monday, January, 1900. On January 1st, 1974, the amalgamation of the Town of Dunnville, the Township of Canborough, the Township of Dunn, the Township of Moulton and the Township of Sherbrooke were all amalgamated as the TOWN OF DUNNVILLE. Present approved name is **DUNNVILLE**. Population 1,800 in 1886 and 11,642 in 1980. Map position: 42°54' 79°36'. References: I, M, T, S, Z, U, HH, 2T, 2Y, 8R, 3S, 1C, V, 7X, 5L and SS.

**DUNPHY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP 28, Range 27, Algoma District.

**DUNRANKIN**, railway point, Stefansson and Kirkwall Townships, Algoma District. Located 11 miles west of Elsas and 10 miles east of Peterbell. **DUNRANKIN** Post office established February 31st, 1927. First Postmaster J. McCreary. Official notice corrected the date, of office opening to January 31st, 1927. Post office closed April 22nd, 1936. This place was named for a local man, possibly the Hudson Bay factor. Population 8 in 1972. Present approved name is **DUNRANKIN**. Map position: 48°35' 83°07'. References: U, O, V, 6T, 8L and 5L.

**DUNROBIN**, SEE: TORBOLTON, Carleton County.

**DUNROBIN SHORE**, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located on the Ottawa River, 8 km northwest of Berrys and 17 km north of Harwood Plains. Present approved name is **DUNROBIN SHORE**. Map position: 45°27' 75°58'. References: B and 5L.

**DUNSFORD**, SEE: SHERRIFF'S CORNERS, Victoria County.

**DUNSINANE**, sometimes misspelled as **DUNISNANE**, in Ashfield Township, Huron County, later in Bruce County, located 5 miles from Lucknow and 6 miles from Huron. Post office opened as **DUNSINANE** in 1868. First Postmaster J. L. McDonald. Office closed 1871. No further reference to this place. Population 100 in 1875. References: I, A, 4F and 7B.

**DUNSMORE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°55' 82°00'. References: V.

**DUNTROON**, SEE: CORNERS #3, Simcoe County.

**DUNVEGAN**, SEE: KENYON #1, Glengarry County.

**DUNWICH TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Elgin County, formerly in London District, Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. One of the first settlers was Colonel Talbot in 1803. Population 666 in 1836, 1,948 in 1852 and 2,236 in 1980. Map position: 42°40' 81°30'. References: C, HH, 3H, M, 2W, V and VV.

**DUPUIS TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP 12E, Sudbury District.

**DURANCE**, SEE: ENNISKILLEN #2, Lambton County.

DURAND, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is DURAND. Map position: 43°15' 79°53'. References: V.

DURBAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°01' 82°17'. References: V.

DURHAM, SEE: BENTINCK, Grey County.

DURHAM BRIDGE, post office, York County. Office opened 1891. Other than this official notice there is no other reference to this place. Reference: I.

DURHAM COUNTY, In the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham which was dissolved January 1st, 1974, by Ontario Statute 1973, C78, s.134. Durham County originally in Home District and was created by proclamation on July 16th, 1792. Population 30,732 in 1852, 34,916 in 1966. (SEE: REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF DURHAM and COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.) Map position: 44°05' 78°35'. References: M, 2R, 2W and V.

DURHAM (REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF), To review ONTARIO County history of Incorporation, as follows: In 1850 and 1851, the area Incorporated as County of Ontario and formed part of County of York. By Canada Statute 1851, C5, schedule B, the Counties of York, Ontario and Peel were United for Judicial and other purposes effective January 1st, 1852. By proclamation dated and effective December 30th, 1853, the County of Ontario disunited from the United Counties of York, Ontario and Peel. The United Counties of Northumberland and Durham and the County of Ontario were dissolved effective January 1st, 1974, by Ontario Statute 1973, C78, S134. (Part of County of Ontario went to Regional Municipality of Durham, part to County of Simcoe and part to Borough of Scarborough, now the City of Scarborough while part of the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham went to Regional Municipality of Durham, part to County of Northumberland, part to County of Victoria and part to County of Peterborough). The inhabitants of the regional area constituted a body corporate as Regional Municipality of DURHAM by Ontario Statute 1975, C78, S6, SS1, effective, October 15th, 1973. Area municipalities constituted Ontario Statute 1973, C78, S2, SS1, effective, January 1st, 1974. Population 272,750 in 1980. Map position: 44°12' 78°57'. References: M, HH, V+ and 3G.

DURHAMVILLE #1, SEE: SHINGLEBRIDGE, Waterloo County.

DURHAMVILLE #2, dispersed rural community, Elizabeth Township, Leeds County. Located 6 miles north of Brockville and 1 1/2 miles from Fairfield Station on the Ottawa and Brockville Railway, later CPR. Post office established May 1st, 1870 as FAIRFIELD EAST . First Postmaster Alden Johns. Office closed in 1970. The original name of this place was given to honour the Governor General of Canada, Lord Durham. Before the post office opened the chioce of names was between FAIRPLACE and Fairfield. Alden Johns decided to call it Fairfield East. Present approved name is FAIRFIELD EAST. Population 250 in 1895 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 44°40' 75°43'. References: I, Z, 3B, V, 5W, V+ and 7D.

DURHURST, SEE: COULSON'S CORNERS, Simcoe County.

DUTCHER'S CORNERS, concentrated rural community, in Walsingham Township, Norfolk County, later within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located at the west end of Long Point Bay, on CNR, 17 miles southwest of Simcoe, 63 miles southwest of Hamilton. Post office opened in 1845 as PORT ROWAN. First Postmaster Andrew McLennan. Office still in operation in 1983. Post office named for Captain William Rowan, secretary to Governor Sir John Colborne in 1839. The first settlers in this place, the Backus family, had a grist mill here in 1798. The hamlet was founded in 1819 and called Dutcher's Corners for John Dutcher. The village site was laid out by James Ellis and Jeremiah and William Woolven in 1825. First dock built by John Killmaster. Incorporated as a Village in 1890 but on April 1st, 1974, it was Incorporated into the Township of Norfolk. Present approved name is PORT ROWAN. Population 50 in 1846, 1,000 in 1886 and 806 in 1976. Map position: 42°37' 80°28'. References: RR, G, I, T, HH, 2T, 3B, 2Y, 5K, 5T and V.

DUTCH LINE, dispersed rural community, Snowdon Township, Haliburton County. Located 9 km northeast of Kinmount, 11 km southwest of Lochlin and 10 km southeast of Minden. Present approved name is DUTCH LINE. Map position: 44°52' 78°38'. References: V and 5L.

**DUTHILL**, dispersed rural community, Sombra Township, Lambton County. Post office established June 1st, 1906. First Postmaster Rueben Rose. Office closed May 1st, 1914. This place is located on the north branch of the Sydenham River, 6 miles from Sombra Station on Pere Marquette Railway. The name of this place was misspelled **DUTHIEL**. Present approved name is **DUTHILL**. Map position: 42°41' 82°23'. References: PP, S, LL, V, 6T, 7T, 6S and 5L.

**DUTRISAC SUBDIVISION**, Hanmer Township, Sudbury District. Population 61 in 1961 and 249 in 1971. After 1976, population included in Valley East, in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. References: 3B, 5A, HH and 6M.

**DUTTON #1**, SEE: BISMARCK #1, Elgin County.

**DUTTON #2**, SEE: CURRIE ROAD, Elgin County.

**DUTTON STATION**, SEE: CURRIE ROAD, Elgin County.

**DUTTONA BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Dunwich Township, Elgin County. Located 11 km west of West Lorne, 8 km northeast of Eagle and 11 km southwest of Wallacetown. Present approved name is **DUTTONA BEACH**. Map position: 42°35' 81°26'. References: B, V and 5L.

**DUYER'S CORNERS**, Peel County, located 2 miles from Caledon East. This place name later shown as **DWYER'S CORNERS**, located 2 miles from Paisley in Albion Township, Peel County. Population 50 in 1875. Nearest post office named **LOCKTON**. These references span the years 1872 to 1875 and there is no further mention of this place. References: 7B and A.

**DWIGHT #1**, SEE: NORTH BAY #2, Muskoka District.

**DWIGHT #2**, Sherborne etc. Township, Haliburton County. Population 37 in 1971. References: 3B.

**DWYER HILL**, dispersed rural community, Goulbourn Township, Carbleton County. Located 27 miles southeast of Ottawa and 6 miles east of Ashton Station on CPR. This place was named for Mr. W. Dwyer, an old farmer resident. Post office established as **DWYER HILL** in 1872. First Postmaster A. T. Rothewell. Office closed July 31st, 1946. Present approved name is **DWYER HILL**. Population 100 in 1886 and 50 in 1892. Map position: 45°07' 75°56'. References: I, T, S, AA, V, 5P, 6T and 5L.

**DWYER'S CORNERS**, SEE: DUYER'S CORNERS, Peel County.

**DYER**, dispersed rural community, Roxborough Township, Stormont County. Located 20 miles north of Cornwall and 3 miles from Moose Creek Station on Canada Atlantic Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **DYER** in 1894 and named for James Dyer. First Postmaster Roderick McLennan. Office closed June 11th, 1913. Present approved name is **DYER**. Population 118 in 1956. Map position: 45°16' 74°55'. References: B, I, Z, PP, V, 6T and 5L.

**DYER'S BAY**, dispersed rural community in Lindsay Township, Bruce County. Located 92 miles west of Walkerton and 38 miles from Wiarton. Post office opened as **DYERS BAY** in 1882. First Postmaster Alexander T. Simpson. Office still in operation in 1983. Name sometimes misspelled as **DYER BAY**. Present approved name is **DYER'S BAY**. Population 100 in 1893 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 81°20'. References: I, S, U10, V, 5P, 6T, 6S and 5L.

**DYER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°33' 81°22'. References: V.

**DYE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°25' 90°53'. References: V.

**DYMENT**, dispersed rural community, Melgund Township, Kenora District. Located 48 kilometres east of Dryden and 111 miles from Kenora. This place has a station named **DYMENT STATION** on CPR which is 34 miles northwest of

Ignace. Station is on the main line at an altitude of 1,350 feet above sea level. Post office established asDYMENT on April 1st, 1899. First Postmaster Alvin L. Orvis. Present approved name is DYMENT. Population 28 in 1941 and 95 in 1976. Map position: 49°37' 92°18'. References: R2, S, PP, 3B, L1, V, 7H and 5L.

DYMENTS, station, Simcoe County, on Grand Trunk Railway, located 10 miles south of Penetang. It is not a post office. Population 30 in 1893. No further reference to this station. References: S, Z and U10.

DYMOND TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Timiskaming District, Incorporated as a Township February 9th, 1901. Quieting Order C6580, dated October 6th, 1953. This was the first chartered municipality in Norther Ontario. Population 1,090 in 1977 and 1,136 in 1980. Map position: 47°33' 79°42'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

DYNES, urban community, Wentworth County, later Part of the City of Burlington, in Regional Municipality of Halton. This is a flag station on the Northern and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. It is located on Hamilton Beach, 6 1/2 miles east of Hamilton. It is not a post office. Present approved name is DYNES. Map position: 43°21' 79°47'. References: S, Z, U10 and V.

DYSART, station, Dysart Township, Haliburton County. Located 6 1/2 miles south of Haliburton, on the Midland Railway later Grand Trunk Railway. Name once misspelled as DYSERT. Population 25 in 1893 and 50 in 1908. No recent references to this station. References: U10, S, Z and PP.

DYSART TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°02' 78°30'. References: V.

DYSART, BRUTON, CLYDE, DUDLEY, EYRE, GUILFORD, HARBURN, HARCOURT and HAVELOCK (TOWNSHIP OF), Incorporated as United Township January 1st, 1875. Quieting Order M7417, dated June 1st, 1959. Population 3,343 in 1980. References: M and HH.

DYSERT, SEE: DYSART, Haliburton County.

**E TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Named **REDDEN TOWNSHIP** in 1974 for F. H. Redden, Mayor of Englehart. Map position: 46°41' 82°08'. References: V and 10F.

**EABAMAT**, SEE: FORT HOPE, Patricia District.

**EABAMAT LAKE**, SEE: FORT HOPE, Patricia District.

**EADES**, dispersed rural community, Steele Township, Cochrane District. Post office established as **EADES** on February 1st, 1962. First Postmistress Jeanne Bilodeau. Office closed July 19th, 1963, and reopened September 20th, 1963. Office closed January 1st, 1966. Population 3 in 1976. Present approved name is **EADES**. Map position: 48°56' 79°53'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

**EADE'S CORNERS**, local name and Radial Car Stop, located on Lot 13, concession D in Scarborough Township, York County. References: 8H.

**EADS BUSH**, dispersed rural community, Howland Township, Manitoulin District. Located 5 km south of Little Current and 5 km northwest of Shequiandah on Manitoulin Island. Present approved name is **EADS BUSH**. Map position: 45°57' 81°57'. References: V and 5L.

**EADS SETTLEMENT**, dispersed rural community, Sommerville Township, Victoria County. Located 6 miles northwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Fenelon Falls, 18 miles north of Lindsay and 1 mile east of Highway 25. Post office established under the name of **BADDOW** in 1876. First Postmistress Ruth Eade. Office closed June 1st, 1913. The name changed to **BADDOW**. The place was first settled by Joseph Ead of Scarborough, William Cookman of Cavan, William Mason of Otonabee and Isaac Watson of Whitby. Population 25 in 1885 and 22 in 1976. Present approved name is **BADDOW**. Map position: 44°36' 78°46'. References: 8E, B, I, Z, D, 3R, V, 5V, 5L, 7R and 7D.

**EADY**, dispersed rural community, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 miles south of Grand Trunk Railway at Coldwater, 20 miles northeast of Barrie and 6 kilometres from Medonte. Post office opened as **EADY**. 1884. First Postmistress Eady Walker for whom the place and post office was named. In 1906, she was still living there and was 80 years of age. Post office closed January 1st, 1916. Population 10 in 1893 and 88 in 1978. Present approved name is **EADY**. Map position: 44°39' 79°37'. References: B, S, Z, U, JJ, U10, V, 6T and 5L.

**EAGLE**, SEE: BROCK'S CREEK, Elgin County.

**EAGLE LAKE #1**, hamlet, Guilford Township, Peterborough County. Located near Haliburton and near Lindsay. Post office established as **EAGLE LAKE** on September 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Charles Wensley. Map position: 45°08' 78°31'. References: I, T, 5V and 5Y.

**EAGLE LAKE #2**, dispersed rural community, Machar Township, Parry Sound District. Located 7 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Sundridge and 12 miles north of Burks Falls. Post office established as **EAGLE LAKE** on January 11th, 1905. First Postmaster Smith Parks. Office closed May 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **EAGLE LAKE**. Map position: 45°48' 79°29'. References: B, 7S, S, PP, V, 6V, 6T and 5L.

**EAGLE LAKE #3**, dispersed rural community, Guilford Township, Haliburton County, later Dysart (and others) Township, Haliburton County. Located 27 miles northeast of Minden, 5 miles east of West Guilford and 9 miles northeast of the Grand Trunk Railway at Haliburton. Post office established as **EAGLE LAKE** on November 6th, 1935. First Postmaster Louis Prichard. Office still in operation in 1983. According to Indian lore, the name is derived from the fact that eagles used to nest on the shores of the lake. Present approved name is **EAGLE LAKE**. Population 274 in 1941 and 119 in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 78°31'. References: B, 6T, Z, V, 5L, 6M, 3B and 7D.

**EAGLE LAKE #27**, Indian Reserve, Kenora District. Located 32 kilometres west of Dryden on the north shore of Eagle Lake. The Eagle Lake Band owns and lives on the reserve under Grand Council Treaty #3. The language spoken is Ojibway. Population 79 in 1976 and 151 in 1978. Map position: 49°45' 93°03'. References: R3, V and

For references see Works Cited.

5L.

EAGLE LAKE LANDING, station, McCraney Township, Nipissing District. Present approved name is EAGLE LAKE LANDING. Map position: 45°38' 78°58'. References: V.

EAGLE LAKE MINES, settlement, Addington County later Frontenac County. Located south of Sharbot Lake and 2 miles across Eagle Lake from the Kingston and Pembroke Railway at Parham Station. The mines in 1907 were temporarily closed. Population a few farmers while mine closed in 1908. There is no recent reference to this place References: PP and U10.

EAGLE MILLS, hamlet, Nassagaweya Township, Halton County. Located 12 miles from Rockwood. Population 34 in 1966 and 17 in 1971. Mail was delivered via Campbellville. No other reference to this place. References: A and D.

EAGLEMOUNT, Peterborough County. Located on route of Bottum's Line, with daily trips between Lakefield and Burleigh Falls in 1893. A Postmaster's notation is, "Eaglemount or EAGLEMONT is a small island, 2 miles from Haultain", 1872. No further reference to this place. References: U10 and 7B.

EAGLE NEST, urban community, Brantford Township, Brant County, and shown in Wentworth North Postal District. Located adjoining Brantford on the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway and the Grand Trunk Railway in 1893. Post office opened 1876 and first Postmaster listed J.W. Foster. Name changed to EAGLE PLACE. An alternate spelling for the first name was EAGLENEST. Now a part of City of Brantford. Present approved name is EAGLE PLACE. Population 300 in 1892 and 2,500 in 1908. Map position: 43°08' 80°16'. References: V, U, I, S, Z, AA, PP, U10, 5T and 6T.

EAGLE PLACE, SEE: EAGLENEST, Brant County.

EAGLE RIVER #1, dispersed rural community, Aubrey Township, Kenora District, formerly Rainy River District and originally shown in Algoma District. Located 30 miles west of Waubigoon, 63 miles east of Rat Portage and 40 miles west of Kenora. It is a station on the CPR main line at an altitude of 1,191 feet above sea level. Post office established as EAGLE RIVER on June 1st, 1904. First Postmaster David Gardiner. Office still in operation in 1984. Present approved name is EAGLE RIVER. Population 20 in 1893 and 146 in 1976. Map position: 49°47' 93°12'. References: S, D, PP, L1, U10, V, 7J and 5L.

EAGLE RIVER #2, Machin Township, Kenora District. Population 219 in 1961 and 97 in 1978. References: R1, U, 5A and 6M.

EAGLE RIVER STATION, post office, Algoma District, located 230 miles northwest of Port Arthur, 55 miles southeast of Rat Portage and 10 miles east of Vermillion Bay. Post office opened August 1st, 1893. First Postmaster John C. J. Hickey. Office closed April 7th, 1903. EAGLE RIVER STATION on CPR at mile 1680, east of Minnitaki and 10 miles east of Vermillion Bay Station. No recent reference to this office. Population 100 in 1895. References: I, Z, AA, 5U, 7Q, 8G and 8K.

EAGLE'S NEST #1, SEE: EAGLE NEST, Brant County.

EAGLES NEST #2, locality, Assiginack Township, Manitoulin District.Located 5 km northwest of Squirrel Town, 8 km southwest of Manitowaning and 7 km northeast of Sandfield. Present approved locality name is EAGLES NEST. Map position: 45°43' 81°55'. References: B, V+ and 5L.

EAGLE'S NEST #3, SEE: CHRISTIE #2, Halton County.

EAGLESON CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Nepean Township, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 3 km from Bell's Corners, 7 km southeast of Kanata, 2 km north of Glen Cairn and 8 km northeast of Fringewood. Present approved name is EAGLESONS CORNERS. Map position: 45°18' 75°52'. References: B, U, V and

5L.

EAKET TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 25, Range 18, Algoma District.

EALING, post office, London Township, Middlesex County, and in London East Postal District. Located 2 miles from London in 1885 and in the City of London in 1907. Post office opened in 1880. First Postmaster Walter Andrew. On July 1st, 1931, the status of the post office changed to sub-post office #12 of London. No recent reference to post office name. References: I, T, S, U, 3R, 5V and 6T.

EAMER, SEE: EAMER'S CORNERS, Stormont County.

EAMER'S CORNERS, urban community, Cornwall Township, Cornwall County, an early name for Stormont County. Located 2 1/2 miles north of the Grand Trunk Railway at Cornwall. Post office opened in 1875. First Postmistress M. McDonald. Office closed December 27th, 1913. The office is located on lots 8 and 9 and concession 4, Stormont County in 1879. Between 1951 and 1956, the name changed to EAMER, and now is Part of City of Cornwall. Present approved name is EAMER'S. Population 25 in 1893 and 117 in 1956. Map position: 45°04' 74°46'. References: I, T, S, Z, U10, 5E, V, 6T, 5P and 1Z.

EAR FALLS, concentrated rural community, Patricia Portion of, Kenora District, located 15 miles northwest of Gold Pines, 46 miles southeast of Red Lake, 56 miles northeast of Quibell and 67 miles northwest of Sioux Lookout. Post office established March 1st, 1948. First Postmaster William Cowds. Office still in operation in 1983. Population 78 in 1941, 1,717 in 1976 and 611 in 1980. This is a Hydro project on the English River. Present approved name is EAR FALLS. Map position: 50°38' 93°13'. References: U, 3B, 5L, V, 6T and 2Y.

EAR FALLS TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Kenora District. Located on Highway #105, 112 kilometres north of Vermilion Bay and 67 kilometres south of Red Lake. Incorporated as Ear Falls Improvement District on January 1st, 1970. Incorporated as Township, January 1st, 1973, erected from an Improvement District into a Township by Ontario Municipal Board Order R9493, dated October 6th, 1972. Population 611 in 1966 and 1,917 in 1980. Map position: 50°42' 93°17'. References: R1, HH, 2U, M, V and 6M.

EARL PIT, dispersed rural community, Zealand Township, Kenora District. Located 6 km east of Dryden, 23 km southeast of Richan and 15 km northwest of Wabigoon. Present approved name is EARL PIT. Map position: 49°47' 92°45'. References: V and 5L.

EARLSCOURT, hamlet, York Township, York County, now a Part of Metropolitan Toronto. Postmaster's notation places Earlscourt 4 1/2 miles from Toronto in 1872. It was annexed by Toronto, January 10th, 1910. Post office established August 1st, 1907. First Postmaster Jno (John) Jas Little. Population 1,683 in 1928. No recent references to this place. References: U, K3, 7B and 7K.

EARLTON, SEE: EARLTON JUNCTION, Timiskaming District.

EARLTON JUNCTION, dispersed rural community, Armstrong Township, Timiskaming District, formerly Nipissing District. Located 40 kilometres north of Haileybury, 67.7 kilometres south of Kirkland Lake and 18 miles north of New Liskeard and on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, later Ontario Northern Railway, at an altitude of 811 feet above sea level. Post office established February 1st, 1904. First Postmaster Albert Edward Brasher. Office still in operation in 1983. The post office and place were named for the Postmaster's son, George Earl Brasher who was the first child born in the place. The name of the place changed to EARLTON in December, 1934. The first settlers arrived in 1903 from Trois Rivieres and St. Maurice. Incorporated as a Police Village by Ontario Municipal Board Order A3379, dated July 30th, 1931, the formation of Part of the Township of Earlton into a Police Village, effective July 30th, 1931. Dissolution of Police Village by Ontario Municipal Board Order P5522-68, dated December 23rd, 1968, effective April 1st, 1969. Present approved name is EARLTON. Population 10 in 1908 and 215 in 1978. Map position: 47°43' 79°49'. References: SS, P, R1, S, U, PP, 2Y, 22-6, 5K, V, 7J, 9L, 5L and 7D.

EARL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 82°09'. References: V.

**EARNGEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 51°04' 92°34'. References: V.

**EARNSCLIFFE**, dispersed rural community, Mulmur Township, Dufferin County. Located 20 miles north of Orangeville and 8 miles northeast of the Grand Trunk Railway, later CPR, at Shelburne. Post office opened as **EARNSCLIFFE** in 1891. The post office was named in honour of Sir John A. MacDonald, Prime Minister of Canada, for his private residence in Ottawa, named Earnscliffe. First Postmistress E. Robinson. Office closed September 1st, 1915. An error spelling for the place name is **ERNSCLIFFE**. Present approved name is **EARNSCLIFFE**. Map position: 44°08' 80°04'. References: S, Z, PP, V, 6T, 5L, B, I and 7D.

**EASTBOURNE**, SEE: **MORTON PARK**, York County.

**EAST BURPEE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Former name **BURPEE TOWNSHIP**. Map position: 45°35' 80°06'. References: V.

**EAST CAMDEN**, SEE: **CAMDEN EAST TOWNSHIP**.

**EAST CANADA CREEK**, now **BEARDSLEY**. This name was gained from the family estate that grew around it. References: LHC and Global Television.

**EAST COLBORNE**, surbuban community, Cramahe Township, Northumberland County. Present approved name is **EAST COLBORNE**. Map position: 44°01' 77°52'. References: V.

**EAST CREIGHTON**, railway point, Part of Town of Walden. Present approved name is **EAST CREIGHTON**. Map position: 46°28' 81°11'. References: V.

**EASTDALE**, post office, Wentworth County, located 1.2 miles northeast of Bartonville, 1 1/4 miles east of Hamilton sub-post office #16, 3 miles northwest of Stoney Creek and 1 mile southeast of Normanhurst. Post office established as **EASTDALE** on August 8th, 1939. First Postmaster Alex Munro. Status changed to sub-post office of Hamilton, June 1st, 1952. No recent reference to post office name. References: U and 6T.

**EAST DON**, SEE: **CHESTER**, York County.

**EAST EMILY**, dispersed rural community, Emily Township, Victoria County. Located 4 miles from Fowler's Corners. Post office established March 18th, 1910. First Postmaster M. O'Donnell. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **EAST EMILY**. Map position: 44°20' 78°29'. References: B, V and 6T.

**EAST END #1**, a small place on the Bay of Quinte Railway, Hastings County, located 1 mile from Deseronto. This is not a post office. This place existed between the years 1893 to 1894. No further reference to this place. References: Z and U10.

**EAST END #2**, Kendry Township, Cochrane District. Population 90 in 1951. No further reference to this place. References: 3B.

**EASTERN BRAMPTON**, SEE: **BRODDYTOWN**, Peel County.

**EASTERN DISTRICT**, SEE: **ONTARIO (Province)**.

**EAST FERRIS TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Nipissing District. Incorporated c1892. East Ferris Township is a continuation of Ferris Township. Population 2,700 in 1977 and 3,103 in 1980. Map position: 46°14' 79°16'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**EAST FLAMBOROUGH TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Wentworth County. Incorporated as Township in January of 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1793, C74. Annexed Part to Town of Dundas and Part to Township of Flamborough

effective date January 1st, 1974. Township organized in 1792 and named for a coast Town in Yorkshire, England. The name is derived from a flare on a watch tower. Map position: 43°22' 79°58'. References: 3E, M and V.

EASTFORD, dispersed rural community, Leitch Township, Cochrane District. Located 11 kilometres from Clute. Post office opened September 12th, 1924. First Postmistress Dorothy East. Office closed March 30th, 1956. Present approved name is EASTFORD. Map position: 49°15' 81°06'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

EAST GARAFRAXA (TOWNSHIP OF), Municipal Township, Dufferin County. Incorporated as Township on January 1st, 1850. Enacted as a continuation of Garafraxa Township by Ontario Statute 1868-69, C13. Population 2,579 in 1871 and 1,691 in 1980. Map position: 43°51' 80°15'. References: HH, M, 2G and V.

EAST GLENELG, Village, Grey County, Canada West, Glenelg Township, Waterloo County, subsequently Glenelg Township, Grey County and presently Artemesia Township, Grey County. Located 26 miles south of Owen Sound, 96 miles north of Toronto and 44 miles northwest of Orangeville. Post office established July 6th, 1851. First Postmistress Eliza Atkinson. In 1864, the post office name changed to CORNABUSS and in 1869 became MARKDALE. Office still in operation in 1983. Place name changed to CORNABUSS in 1865 and it Incorporated as the Village of Markdale March 23rd, 1888. It had a station on the Orangeville and Owen Sound Division of the CNR. The first settler was Mark Armstrong who arrived in 1849. The place name was changed by the CNR to Markdale in honour of him. Present approved name is MARKDALE. Population 800 in 1886 and 1,319 in 1980. Map position: 44°19' 80°39'. References: I, EE, 2W, 3J, 8Q, M, T, S, AA, HH, 2T, F, PP, 5K, 2K, V and 2Y.

EAST GLOUCESTER, Gloucester Township, Russell County, and later Carleton County, presently in Gloucester Township within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 8 miles east of Ottawa and 5 miles northwest of the CPR at Eastman's Springs and 5 miles from Carlsbard Springs. Post office opened June 1st, 1868, under the name TAYLORHOLME. First Postmaster Charles Taylor. In 1873, the post office name changed to RAMSAY'S CORNERS. In July 1st, 1903, the place name became TAYLORVILLE and in October 1st, 1905, the name of place and post office became RAMSAYVILLE. Office still in operation in 1983. The first settlers arrived in 1832. They were James McGregor, John Stewart and Sgt. Johnston. Present approved name is RAMSAYVILLE. Population 30 in 1875 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 45°23' 75°34'. References: Z, I, A, 3Q, 4F, 7S, T, AA, 7B, 7Q, 5Y, UU, 3B, PP and V.

EAST GWILLIMBURY (TOWN OF), SEE: EAST GWILLIMBURY TOWNSHIP.

EAST GWILLIMBURY TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, York County. Incorporated as Township, January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1970, C50-, effective date January 1st, 1971. The Township is situated north of Whitchurch-Stouffville and Newmarket and South of Georgina. When York became a Regional Municipality on January 1st, 1971, the Police Villages of Holland Landing, Mount Albert, Queensville and Sharon were annexed to the Township of East Gwillimbury. This Township was erected into the Town of East Gwillimbury on January 1st, 1977. Population 11,773 in 1980. Map position: 44°08' 79°25'. References: M, HH, 3G and V.

EAST HARROW, dispersed rural community, Colchester Township, Essex County. Located 2 km east of Harrow, 6 km west of Arner and 12 km south of Gesto. Present approved name is EAST HARROW. Map position: 42°02' 82°53'. References: B, V and 5L.

EAST HAWKESBURY, dispersed rural community, Ottawa District, Canada West, later in East Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 16 miles southeast of L'Orignal, 14 miles north of Glen Robertson and 4 miles from Vankleek Hill. Post office established October 6th, 1851, as EAST HAWKESBURY. First Postmaster James Gamble. Post office name changed to BARB in 1881. Post office closed February 12th, 1915. Place named changed to BARB 1880. First settler in 1832 was Solomon Grout. Present approved name is BARB. Population 60 in 1857 and 83 in 1956. Map position: 45°31' 74°32'. References: Z, I, E, 3J, 8Q, B, DD, EE, 5E, V, 7R and 6T.

EAST HAWKESBURY (TOWNSHIP OF), Municipal Township, Prescott County, later Prescott and Russell Counties. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Population 2,944 in 1980. Map position: 45°30' 74°30'. References: H, M and V.

EAST HOGARTH, SEE: NIPIGON LAKE TIMBER CO., Thunder Bay District.

EAST HOLLAND, SEE: JOHNTOWN, Grey County.

EAST HOPE, NORTH, Township, Huron District, Canada West, later in Perth County, previously Easthope SEE North Easthope Township. Population 2,311 in 1852. Area 43,691 acres. References: C, 2W and M.

EAST HOPE, SOUTH, Township, Huron District, Canada West, later Perth County, previously Easthope SEE South Easthope Township. Population 55,743 in 1852 and has an area of 24,683 acres. References: C, 2W and M.

EAST HORNBY, SEE: HORNBY #1, Halton County.

EAST HUNGERFORD, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County, formerly East Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 7 miles from the Bay of Quinte Railway at Marlbank (1908). Post office established April 1st, 1898 as EAST HUNGERFORD. First Postmaster John P. Whelan. Office closed February 25th, 1928. Prior to 1907, it had a station on the CPR named HUNGERFORD STATION. Present approved name is EAST HUNGERFORD. Map position: 44°30' 77°09'. References: S, PP, V, 7G, 6T and 5L.

EAST KORAH, dispersed rural community, Korah Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is EAST KORAH. Map position: 46°34' 84°21'. References: V.

EAST LAKE, urban community, Part of Town of Oakville. Present approved name is EAST LAKE. Map position: 43°28' 79°39'. References: V.

EAST LAKE ROAD, post office, Hallowell Township, later Athol Township, Prince Edward County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Woodrows and 7 miles from Picton. Post office opened as EAST LAKE ROAD, on June 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Malcolm Parks. Office closed July 1st, 1913. First settled about 1878 by the Young family. No recent reference to this office. Map position: 43°55' 77°12'. References: 6T, 1F and 9J.

EAST LANDING, SEE: LOWER LANDING #2, Lincoln County.

EAST LINE, Plummer Additional Township, Algoma District. Population 25 in 1976. References: 3B.

EAST LINTON, dispersed rural community, Sarawak Township, Grey County. Located 4 miles southwest of Presque Isle and 6 miles north of Owen Sound. Post office opened as EAST LINTON on June 1st, 1881. First Postmaster William Cowe. Office closed August 8th, 1970. Population 50 in 1892 and 8 in 1976. Present approved name is EAST LINTON. Map position: 44°40' 80°56'. References: B, I, Z, AA, 3R, V, 5P and 5L.

EAST LOBOROUGH TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, later Storrington Township, Midland District, Canada West later Frontenac County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order N9373-65, dated July 4th, 1966. Area 76,400 acres. This Township contains hamlets named Battersea, Inverary and Milburn in 1878. Population 2,130 in 1852 and 2,898 in 1980. Map position: 44°26' 76°21'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and YY.

EAST LOUGHBOROUGH, SEE: LOUGHBOROUGH, Frontenac County.

EAST LUTHER, TOWNSHIP OF, Municipal Township, Dufferin County. Incorporated as Township last Monday of December 1880 by Ontario Statute 1880, C41. Population 872 in 1980. Map position: 43°58' 80°23'. References: HH, M and V.

EASTMAN'S CORNERS, Village, Western District, Canada West, later Bosanquet Township, subsequently Bosanquet and Warwick Townships, Lambton County. Located 40 miles northeast of Sarnia, 11 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Watford Station and 35 miles from London. Post office established July 6th, 1851, as BOSANQUET. First Postmaster Joseph Hilborn. Post office name changed to ARKONA, prior to October 1857. Office still in operation in 1983. The place, Eastman's Corners was so named for the number of Eastmans living there. Place name was changed to BOSANQUET, to honour the first Governor of the Canada Company, prior to January 7th, 1850,

which was when the First Council meeting was held. A name used briefly around 1851 was **SMITHFIELD**. In 1857, the place name changed to **ARKONA**, for Akron, Ohio, U.S.A. Arkona Incorporated as a Village June 16th, 1876. First settler was Asa Townsend. Present approved name is **ARKONA**. Population 567 in 1885 and 445 in 1980. Map position: 43°04' 81°50'. References: F, I, 2X, 3J, 8Q, B, M, Z, 2Y, 3R, V, HH, 7R, 7D and 1H.

**EASTMAN'S SPRINGS**, dispersed rural community, Gloucester Township, Russell County, now within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 11 miles southeast of Ottawa and has a station on the Canadian Atlantic Line of the Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Post office opened June 1st, 1872. First Postmaster D.H. Eastman. Post office and place names changed to **CARLSBAD SPRINGS** June 1st, 1906. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious Parish name **ST. LAURENT**. Place is named for the postmaster and the fact that there are 6 natural mineral springs in the area, thus Eastman's Springs. Present approved name is **CARLSBAD SPRINGS**. Population 20 in 1885 and 478 in 1976. Map position: 45°22' 75°28'. References: I, T, Z, 3R, 7T, 5X, UU, 7D, 3B, MM, SS, V and 5L.

**EASTMAN'S SETTLEMENT**, SEE: **EASTMAN'S CORNERS**, Lambton County.

**EAST McKIRDY**, SEE: **LAKE SULPHITE Co.**, Thunder Bay District.

**EAST MILLS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°54' 79°53'. References: V.

**EASTMOUNT**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is**EASTMOUNT**. Map position: 43°14' 79°51'. References: V.

**EAST NIAGARA**, Welland County. East Niagara, or **THE FORT**, is much out of repair (1799). No other reference to this place. References: 7W.

**EAST NISSOURI TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Oxford County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Divided on January 1st, 1852, into East Nissouri and West Nissouri Townships. Documents missing, it is not known whether East or West Nissouri Township is the senior Township. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1974, C57, effective date January 1st, 1975. (See Township of Zorra). References: M and V.

**EASTNOR (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Bruce County. Incorporated as Township first Monday of January, 1883, by County Bylaw #188 passed June 10th, 1882. Population 1,029 in 1980. Map position: 44°56' 81°17'. References: HH, M and V.

**EAST OAKLAND**, dispersed rural community, Oakland Township, Brant County. Located 3 miles from Burtch and 3 miles from Oakland. Post office established as **EAST OAKLAND**, on July 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Fred Cunningham. Office closed August 1st, 1915. Population 19 in 1976. Present approved name is **EAST OAKLAND**. Map position: 43°02' 80°17'. References: B, V, 6T and 5L.

**EAST OAKWOOD**, SEE: **TAYLOR'S CORNERS**, Victoria County.

**EASTON CORNERS**, alternately spelled **EASTON'S CORNERS** and **EASTONS CORNERS**, concentrated rural community, Walford Township, Grenville County, formerly in Johnstown District, Canada West. Located 23 miles north of Brockville, 2 1/2 miles east of the B branch of the CPR at Irish Creek and 7 miles from Merrickville. Post office opened as **EASTON CORNERS**, on July 6th, 1845. First Postmaster S.S. Easton. Office closed on April 17th, 1970. Present approved name is **EASTON CORNERS**. Population 100 in 1857 and 107 in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 75°53'. References: B, C, T, S, Z, 3B, 5V, 8P, 9F and 5L.

**EAST ORO**, hamlet, Oro Township, Simcoe County, formerly shown in Located 3 miles north of Hawkestone, 17 miles northeast of Barrie and 79 miles from Toronto. Post office opened as **EAST ORO**, on November 1st, 1854. First Postmaster William Simpson. Office closed November 1st, 1912. Population 35 in 1857 and 63 in 1976. Present approved name is **EAST ORO**. Map position: 44°32' 79°30'. References: B, I, Z, EE, 3B, 3R, 3L, V, 6T, 8Q and 5L.

For references see Works Cited.

EAST OTTAWA, Incorporated as Village in 1890. Amalgamated by Ottawa in 1907. No further reference to this place. References: 2T.

EAST OXFORD, dispersed rural community, Oxford later East Oxford Township, now in Oxford on Rideau Township, Grenville County. Formerly in Brock District, Canada West. Located 10 miles west of Burford, 3 1/2 miles from CPR at Oxford Station, 45 miles from London and 93 miles from Toronto. Post office opened as EAST OXFORD on October 6th, 1842. First Postmaster Alexander Daly. Office closed July 8th, 1914. Present approved name is EAST OXFORD. Population 15 in 1913 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 44°55' 75°39'. References: B, PP, 3B, I, G, 6T, 8P,5L, and V.

EAST OXFORD TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Brock District, Canada West, later in Oxford County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. Dissolved by Ontario Statutes 1974, C57. Amalgamated January 1st, 1975 with Township of Norwich (which SEE). First settled by United Empire Loyalists under leadership of J. Ingersoll in 1876. References: G, C, M and 1S.

EAST PLYMPTON, dispersed rural community, Lambton County, Canada West, later Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located on lot 25, concession 5, 3 miles east of Reece's Corners and 2 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Wanstead. Post office opened as EAST PLYMPTON, on October 1st, 1853. First Postmaster James Oxenham. Office closed March 8th, 1913. Place and post office name changed to KERTCH in 1857. An alternate name for the place was DONNELLY'S CORNERS for Postmaster William Donolly, about 1869. Present approved name is KERTCH. Population 150 in 1857 and 40 in 1908. Map position: 42°59' 82°03'. References: I, EE, 3K, 1H, S, 2Z, B and 6T.

EAST PRESTON, railway point, Part of the City of Cambridge. Map position: 43°23' 80°21'. References: V.

EAST REXDALE, SEE: REXDALE, York County.

EAST SANDWICH TOWNSHIP, SEE: SANDWICH EAST (TOWNSHIP OF).

EASTS' CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Vaughan Township, York County, now Part of Town of Vaughan within Regional Municipality of York. Located 23 miles west of Toronto, 1/2 mile west of CPR at Kleinburg Station and at Highway #49 and Huntingdon Road. Post office opened under the name NASHVILLE, in 1881. First Postmaster Matthew East. Office still in operation in 1973. Place name changed NASHVILLE in 1892. Present approved name is NASHVILLE. Population 20 in 1865 and 137 in 1980. Map position: 43°50' 79°40'. References: AA, B, V, S, 5V, U and 3R.

EASTSIDE, dispersed rural community, Algoma District. Located 8 kilometres from Sault Ste. Marie, 4 miles west of Garden River and on Daley Road just off Highway #17. Post office established as EASTSIDE, on September 7th, 1954. First Postmistress Helen H. Hamilton. Office closed June 1st, 1958. Present approved name is EASTSIDE. Map position: 46°31' 84°15'. References: U, V, 6V and 6T.

EAST TILBURY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TILBURY EAST (TOWNSHIP OF).

EAST TORONTO, Town, York Township, York County, now Part of the City of Toronto in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located at the extreme east end of Toronto. Post office named EAST TORONTO, opened in 1892. First Postmaster John P. Shaw. Office became sub-post office of Toronto. This office was closed on February 1st, 1914. Place Incorporated as Village in 1888 and Incorporated as Town in 1903. Amalgamated with Village of Coleman in 1907. Incorporated with Toronto on December 15th, 1908. The Town had a station on Grand Trunk Railway, named YORK. All names obsolete. Population 1,400 in 1895, 3,000 in 1907 and after 1908 population included in Toronto. References: HH, T, Z, PP, SS, 6T, S, I and DD.

EASTVALE, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Population 1,386 in 1956. References: 5E.

EAST VIEW #1, SEE: JANEVILLE, Carleton County.

**EASTVIEW #2**, dispersed rural community, Pittsburg Township, Frontenac County. Located 13 km from Kingston, 5 km northeast of Fort Henry Heights, 4 km east of Maclean Park and 7 km south of Cushendall. Name changed to **EASTVIEW PARK** in October, 1969. Present approved name is **EASTVIEW**. Population 134 in 1956 and 164 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 76°23'. References: H, U, 3B, 5L, 5M, 5S and V.

**EASTVIEW #3**, SEE: **JANEVILLE**, Carleton County.

**EASTVIEW #4**, urban community, Part of City of North Bay. Present approved name is **EASTVIEW**. Map position: 46°19' 79°26'. References: VI.

**EASTVIEW CENTRE**, SEE: **JANEVILLE**, Carleton County.

**EASTVIEW (CITY OF)**, SEE: **JANEVILLE**, Carleton County.

**EASTVIEW PARK**, SEE: **EASTVIEW #2**, Frontenac County.

**EASTVILLE**, dispersed rural community, East Gwillimbury Township, York County, later within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 1 mile west of Grand Trunk Railway at Mt. Albert, 1 1/2 miles east of Lake Simcoe and 18 miles north of Toronto. Post office opened as **HOLT**, January 1st, 1863. First Postmaster James Quibell. Office closed in 1971. Place name changed to **HOLT** in 1862. Present approved name is **HOLT**. Population 60 in 1875 and 48 in 1976. Map position: 44°07' 79°20'. References: 3N, 7, 23, 3R, V, 5D, 5B, 9E and A.

**EAST WAWANOSH (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Huron County. Formed and Incorporated January 1st, 1867, by Canada Statutes 1866, C82. Population 1,141 in 1980. Map position: 43°50' 81°25'. References: HH, M and V.

**EASTWAY GARDENS**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, in Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **EASTWAY GARDENS**. Map position: 45°25' 75°39'. References: V.

**EAST WHITBY (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Ontario County, situated on Lake Ontario, east of the Township of Whitby, surrounding the City of Oshawa, separate from the Township of Whitby and Incorporated as a separate Township, January 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statutes 1973, C70. Amalgamated with the **CITY OF OSHAWA** in the Regional Municipality of Durham, January 1st, 1974. It has an area of 34,700 acres. Population 3,411 in 1877. Map position: 43°55' 78°50'. References: 3G, M, V and 1K.

**EAST WILKESPORT**, SEE: **WILKES MILLS**, Lambton County.

**EAST WILLIAMS (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Middlesex County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. First surveyed by Sheriff MacDonald and opened for settlers in 1833. It is located 2 miles from Ilderton Station. Population 200 in 1870 and 1,252 in 1980. Map position: 43°04' 81°36' References: HH, M, V and 1V.

**EAST WILLIAMSBURG**, SEE: **COOKSVILLE #1**, Dundas County.

**EAST WILLIAMSBURY**, SEE: **COOKSVILLE #1**, Dundas County.

**EAST WINDSOR #1**, SEE: **FORD CITY**, Essex County.

EAST WINDSOR #1, Note: Amalgamated by Windsor August 8th, 1936, Essex County.

**EAST WINDSOR #2**, SEE: **WINDSOR BAY**, Ontario County.

**EASTWOOD**, dispersed rural community, Brock District, Canada West, later on border of Blandford and East Oxford Townships and presently in Norwich Township, Oxford County. Located 4 miles east of Woodstock, 43 miles from Hamilton, on Grand Trunk Railway and 32 1/2 miles from London. Post office opened as **EASTWOOD**, on February 1st, 1855. First Postmaster Henry Vansittart. Office closed June 30th, 1958. First settler Admiral

Vansittart in the early 1830's. He had a sister whose surname was East and he named the village Eastwood in her honour. Present approved name is **EASTWOOD**. Population 500 in 1886 and 135 in 1980. Map position: 43°08' 80°40'. References: B, I, C, T, Z, S, U, EE, 3L, V, 5L, 7B, 6T and 7D.

**EAST WOODLANDS**, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Population 484 in 1951 and 565 in 1956. No further reference to this place. References: 3B and 5E.

**EAST YORK, BOROUGH OF**, Borough, now City of East York, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located 6 kilometres from Toronto. Population 22,820 in 1928 and 104,102 in 1979. Map position: 43°42' 79°20'. References: B, N, U, K3 and V.

**EAST YORK TOWNSHIP**. Municipal Township, York County. Incorporated as Township December 31st, 1923. Dissolved by Ontario Statutes 1966, C96. Annexed by Borough of East York January 1st, 1967. Population 100,858 in 1980. Map position: 43°42' 79°20'. References: HH, M and V.

**EAST ZORRA**, settlement, Oxford County, Canada West, later East Zorra Township, subsequently Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 5 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway and CPR, at Woodstock Station and 2 1/2 miles south of Grand Trunk Railway, at Hickson. Post office opened as **EAST ZORRA**, on November 6th, 1852. First Postmaster John Smith. Office closed October 1st, 1914. Place name changed to **SOUTH ZORRA**, c.1857. Post office name changed to **SOUTH ZORRA**, c.1854. Population 150 in 1875 and 63 in 1951. No recent reference to this settlement. Map position: 43°42' 79°20'. References: I, A, EE, S, PP, 3K, 2W, 6T, AA, 3B and 9J.

**EAST ZORRA TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Oxford County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statutes 1974, C57. Amalgamated with Township of **EAST ZORRA - TAVISTOCK**, January 1st, 1975. Map position: 43°13' 80°47'. References: M and V.

**EATON TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 8A**, Sudbury District.

**EATONVILLE #1**, dispersed rural community, Harwich Township, later Howard Township, Kent County. Located 5 km southwest of Morpeth, 10 km northeast of Blenheim and 2 km northwest of New Scotland. Present approved name is **EATONVILLE #1**. Population 19 in 1976. Map position: 42°22' 81°54'. References: B, V and 5L.

**EATONVILLE #2**, hamlet, Ameliasburg Township, Canada West. Settled in 1850. It had a general store, tannery, blacksmith and 2 or 3 houses. No further reference to this place. Reference: E.

**EAU CLAIRE**, SEE: **MACKEY'S MILLS**, Nipissing District.

**EAUCLAIRE**, SEE: **MACKEY'S MILLS**, Nipissing District.

**EAUX CROCHES**, SEE: **BREWSTER'S MILLS**, Lambton and Huron County.

**EBBITT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°55' 81°11'. References: V.

**EBBS SHORE**. Located on Mississippi Lake, 12 km southwest of Carleton Place and 17 km north of Perth. Present approved name is **EBBS SHORE**. Map position: 45°03' 76°12'. References: 5L.

**EBBS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°23' 83°46'. References: V.

**EBENEZER #1**, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Present approved name is **EBENEZER**. Population 90 in 1951 and 38 in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 76°03'. References: 3B and V.

**EBENEZER #2**, dispersed rural community, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County and in Richmond Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 13 km southwest of Marlbank, 4 km northwest of Kingsford and 9 km southeast of Lime Lake. Present approved name is **EBENEZER**. Map position: 44°19' 77°06'. References: V and 5L.

EBENEZER #3, SEE: ORANGEDALE, Peel County.

EBERTS, SEE: CHATHAM CENTRE, Kent County.

EBLANA, village, Arran Township, Bruce County. Located on Grand Trunk Railway, 30 miles north of Walkerton, 16 miles southwest of Owen Sound and 16 miles from Southampton. Post office opened as EBLANA, on March 1st, 1862. First Postmaster D. Sutherland. First name of this place also misspelled EBLENA. Office name changed to TARA in 1864 to honour the Irish kings' birthplace. Post office Tara still in operation in 1983. The place name Tara had been given in 1852 by Richard Berford, Esq., when he laid out the village lots. The place name had been Eblana in 1851 and survey carried out that year by the first settler George Gould. Incorporated as Village, June 3rd, 1880. Present approved name is TARA. Population 100 in 1857 and 695 in 1980. Map position: 44°28' 81°09'. References: 2Y, A, EE, TT, M, I, 3N, S, HH, F, PP and V.

EBLENA, SEE: EBLANA, Bruce County.

EBORDALE, dispersed rural community, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 8 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Durham Station and 28 miles north of Palmerston. Post office established as EBORDALE, on January 26th, 1905. First Postmaster Thomas Smith. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Present approved name is EBORDALE. Population 100 in 1908. Map position: 44°15' 80°45'. References: S, PP, V, 6T and 7S.

EBYTOWN, SEE: SAND HILLS, Waterloo County.

EBY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°04' 80°13'. References: V.

ECCLES GLEN, concentrated rural community, Lybster Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 40 kilometres west of Thunder Bay, 35 miles southwest of Port Arthur and on the Duluth section of the CNR. Post office opened as ECCLES GLEN on December 1st, 1904. First Postmaster S. Spencer, who named the place for anIrish king. Office name changed to NOLALU,on April 1st, 1906, and still in operation in 1983. First settled in 1890's by loggers and miners. Present approved name is NOLALU. Population 75 in 1913 and 64 in 1976. Map position: 48°17' 89°49'. References: 7J, 7T, 7D, R2, S, DD, 3B, PP and V.

ECCLESTONE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°15' 82°59'. References: V.

ECCLESVILLE, settlement, Tilbury Township, Essex County. Located 3 miles from Comber and 1 1/2 miles from Trudell. Population 80 in 1875. No further reference to this place. References: A, U9 and 7B.

ECHO, SEE: ECHO LAKE, Frontenac County.

ECHO BAY, SEE: EKOBA, Algoma District.

ECHO BEACH, dispersed rural community, Muskoka Lakes Township, Muskoka District, later within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on Three Mile Lake, 13 km northeast of Port Carling and 4 km southwest of Ullswater. Present approved name is ECHO BEACH. Map position: 45°12' 79°28'. References: B, V and 5L.

ECHO LAKE, railway point, Hinchinbrooke Township, Frontenac County. Located 11 kilometres from Tichborne. Post office opened as ECHO LAKE on May, 1912. First Postmaster Charles Cox. Office closed October 29th, 1929. Present approved name is ECHO LAKE. Map position: 44°36' 76°45'. References: SS, 6T, U and V.

ECHO PLACE, SEE: SPRINGBROOK #5, Brant County.

ECHO RIVER, hamlet, MacDonald Township, Algoma District. Located 18 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie, 5 miles from Garden River Station, 3 1/4 miles from CPR at Echo Bay. Post office opened as ECHO RIVER, in 1879. First Postmaster Alex Findlay. Office closed October 1st, 1904. Present name is ECHO RIVER. Population 50 in 1895, 5 in 1908 and 84 in 1956. References: I, T, Z, PP, U10, 5P, 5E and 7J.

**ECHO TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°56' 92°21'. References: V.

ECHO VALE, Charlottenburg Township, Glengarry County. Population 105 in 1956. References: 5E.

ECHUM TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 43**, Algoma District.

EDDINGTON, SEE: **HAYFORD**, Parry Sound District.

EDDITHA, dispersed rural community, Chinguacousy Township, Peel County now Part of City of Brampton, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located just north of Churchville and north of Highway #6. The first name was Indian and the name means sleepy hollow. It was renamed by Jacob Snure as **SNOORTOWN**, later changed to **SNURETOWN**, in 1850, and in the late 1800's it was changed to **ELDORADO MILLS** by Miss Ella Snure, which means abounding in wealth. By 1922, this had become a well known picnic area and became known popularly as **ELDORADO PARK**. Present approved name is **ELDORADO PARK**. Population 109 in 1971 and population after 1976 was included in Brampton. References: B, 3G, 3B, V, 6M, 3C and W3.

EDDY, post office, Thessalon Township, Algoma District. Located near Thessalon on CPR. Post office established as **EDDY** on February 1st, 1913. First Postmaster J. R. Stover. Office closed October 31st, 1918. No other reference to this place. References: 6T, 7R and 9F.

EDDY'S, dispersed rural community, Dawn Township, Lambton County, at times in Bothwell Electoral District. Located 25 miles southeast of Sarnia, 3 miles from Oil Springs and on the Michigan Central Railway. Post office opened as **EDDY'S**, on March 1st, 1892. First Postmaster D. W. McDougall. Office closed December 6th, 1968. Local name is **EDY'S MILLS**. Present approved name is **EDDY'S**. Population 100 in 1893 and 58 in 1976. Map position: 42°44' 82°07'. References: U10, B, S, Z, 1H, V, 2Z, 5L and 7D.

EDDYSTONE, dispersed rural community, Haldimand Township, Northumberland County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Grafton, 12 miles northeast of Cobourg and 6 miles from the Grand Trunk Railway at Grafton Station. Post office opened as **EDDYSTONE**, on September, 1859. First Postmaster John Noble. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **EDDYSTONE**. Population 20 in 1885 and 135 in 1908. Map position: 44°04' 78°01'. References: 5L, 6T, V, 3X, 3R, U10, PP, Z, S, A and B.

**EDDY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°35' 79°04'. References: V.

EDEN #1, dispersed rural community, Bayham Township, Elgin County. Located 23 miles east of St. Thomas, the County Seat, on the Big Otter Creek and 5 miles south of Tillsonburg Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **EDEN** in London District, Canada West, June 1st, 1854. First Postmaster John Mabee. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **EDEN**. Population 300 in 1886 and 214 in 1976. Map position: 42°48' 80°45'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, AA, 3B, 3L, V, 8Q, 5L and 9F.

EDEN #2, SEE: **MEADOWVALE (historic)**, Peel County.

EDEN GROVE #1, concentrated rural community, Brant Township, Bruce County. Located 10 miles northwest of Walkerton, on the Grand Trunk Railway. Station name **PINKERTON**. Post office opened under the name **EDEN GROVE** July 1st, 1875. First Postmaster Alexander Shaw. Office closed February 28th, 1969. Present approved name is **EDEN GROVE**. Population 125 in 1892 and 39 in 1971. Map position: 44°13' 81°13'. References: B, I, MM, Z, AA, S, 3B, V, 5P, 5L and PP.

EDEN GROVE #2, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Population 37 in 1976. References: B and 3B.

EDENHURST, dispersed rural community, Eastnor Township, Bruce County. Located 8 km south of Lion's Head, 7 km southeast of Spry and 10 km northeast of Pike Bay. Present approved name is **EDENHURST**. Population 67 in 1951. Map position: 44°55' 81°16'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

EDEN MILLS, SEE: CRIPP'S MILLS, Halton and Wellington Counties.

EDEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°20' 81°07'. References: V.

EDENVALE, SEE: RUSSELTON, Simcoe County.

EDEN VALLEY, post office, Ops Township, Victoria County. Located near Lindsay. Post office opened as EDEN VALLEY, in 1877. First Postmaster Robert Nugent. Office closed 1891. No further references to this place. References: I, Z and AA.

EDGAR, SEE: RICHARDSON'S CORNER, Simcoe County.

EDGAR MILLS, SEE: KILROY, Essex County.

EDGARS, SEE: KILROY, Essex County.

EDGARS MILLS, SEE: KILROY, Essex County.

EDGAR STATION, SEE: KILROY, Essex County.

EDGARTON, post office, Nipissing Township, Parry Sound District. Post office opened 1888. First Postmaster James Edgar. Office closed 1893. No recent reference to this office. References: I and AA.

EDGAR TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°00' 77°58'. References: V.

EDGECOMBE, post office, Mornington Township, Perth County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Millbank and 19 miles from New Hamburg. Post office opened as EDGECOMBE, on February 1st, 1862. First Postmaster Thomas Martin. Office closed July 1st, 1869. Population 100 in 1875. No recent reference to this office. References: A, 3N, 7B and 5W.

EDGE HILL, dispersed rural community, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 30 miles southeast of Owen Sound, 4 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Durham Station. Post office opened as EDGE HILL, in 1882. First Postmaster and first settler James Edge. Post office named for the first postmaster. Office closed September 1st, 1913. Present approved name is EDGE HILL. Population 1,000 in 1908. Map position: 44°14' 80°48'. References: I, S, Z, PP, V, 6T and 5L.

EDGELEY, SEE: MUDVILLE, York County.

EDGEMONT, a small place, Wentworth County in 1907. It is not a post office. References: S.

EDGEWOOD, (an error), SEE: EDGEWORTH, Kent County.

EDGEWOOD ACRES, Thorold Township, Welland County. Population 318 in 1956. References: 5E.

EDGEWOOD PARK #1, Cavan Township, Peterborough County. Located 6 km northeast of Mount Pleasant, 8 km southwest of Peterborough and 7 km southeast of Fowlers Corners. Present approved name is EDGEWOOD PARK. Population 186 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 78°21'. References: 3B and 5L.

EDGEWOOD PARK #2, concentrated rural communioty, Part of Town of Fort Erie. Present approved name is EDGEWOOD PARK. Map position: 42°54' 78°59'. References: V.

EDGEWORTH, a small place, East Tilbury Township, Kent County. Located 1 mile southeast of Michigan Central Railway at Tilbury Centre Station and 18 1/2 miles from Charing Cross. Post office opened as EDGEWORTH, in 1857. First Postmaster James Waddell. Office closed October 2nd, 1865. Population 50 in 1875 and 50 in 1908.

No recent reference to this place. References: A, Z, PP, 3R, 3P and 7B.

**EDGINGTON,** SEE: **HAYFORD**, Parry Sound District.

**EDIGHOFFER TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 8Z**, Sudbury District.

**EDINBOROUGH,** Village, London, later Brock District, Upper Canada, now West Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 10 miles northwest of Woodstock, the County Seat 6 miles from Beachville, 25 miles from London and 3 1/2 miles from CPR at Embro Station. Place name changed to **PALMERSTON DEPOT** and the post office opened under the name of **EMBRO**, archaic Scotch name for Edinburgh, on July 6th, 1836. First Postmaster John Matheson. Office still in operation in 1983. Place assumed the name of the post office and Incorporated as Village in 1858. Founded by Donald Matheson. On January 1st, 1975 Incorporation dissolved and the Village was Incorporated into the Township of Zorra, Oxford County. Present approved name is **EMBRO.** Population 500 in 1857 and 800 in 1976. Map position: 43°09' 80°54'. References: 7B, B, I, C, S, Z, EE, HH, 2T, 3B, 2Y, 3S, 1S, V, 7B, 7V, 7X, 5L, 9F and 7D.

**EDINBURGH,** post office, Midland District, Canada West, later Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Office opened as **EDINBURGH,** in 1853. First Postmaster P. Bates. Office closed by 1857. No recent reference to this place. References: I, 9F and 2W.

**EDINBURGH TOWNSHIP #1,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°22' 81°49'. References: V.

**EDINBURGH TOWNSHIP #2,** name changed to **TOWNSHIP OF PICKERING,** in 1799. References: 7W.

**EDINGTON,** SEE: **HAYFORD**, Parry Sound District.

**EDISON,** railway point, Docker Township, Kenora District, formerly shown in Rainy River District. Located 90 miles west of Ignace and 46 miles east of Kenora, on the CPR mainline at an altitude of 1,212 feet above sea-level, in 1915. Present approved name is **EDISON.** References: R2,PP,L1 and V.

**EDISON CLUB,** Falconbridge Township, Sudbury District. Population 135 in 1951. References: 3B.

**EDITH TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°33' 82°25'. References: V.

**EDLUND,** post office, Idington Township, Timiskaming District. Located 4 1/2 miles west of Harty and 5 1/2 miles east of Opasatika. Post office established as **EDLUND,** on November 11th, 1926. First Postmaster C.M. Weller. Office closed May 2nd, 1931. No recent reference to this office. References: 6T.

**EDMANSON'S CORNERS,** SEE: **MILLOY'S CORNERS**, Simcoe County.

**EDMONTON,** dispersed rural community, Home District, Canada West, later Chinguacousy Township, Peel County now Part of the City of Brampton, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 4 1/2 miles northwest of Brampton, 29 miles from Toronto and at the intersection of Highway #10 and the 17th Sideroad. Post office opened as **EDMONTON** on July 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Thomas Watson. First settler John Snell in 1838. Office name was changed to **SNELGROVE** , in 1859, to avoid mail going to the new settlement in Alberta. Office of Snelgrove still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **SNELGROVE.** Population 150 in 1851, 265 in 1971 and after 1976 population included in Brampton. Map position: 43°44' 79°49'. References: I, Z, 5B, 8Q, 3B, 3G, V and 3C.

**EDMORE BEACH,** Sunnidale Township, Simcoe County. Located 11 km west of Elmvale, 9 km northeast of Wasaga Beach and 10 km south of Balm Beach. Present approved name is **EDMORE BEACH.** Map position: 44°36 80°00'. References: 5L and 9K.

**EDMUND'S LOCK,** SEE: **LOCK #25 (#2)**, Lanakr County.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**EDVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Cramahe Township, Northumberland. Located 22 miles northeast of Cobourg and 6 miles from Colborne. Post office established as **EDVILLE**, in 1893 First Postmaster William Barrett. Office closed November 21st, 1912. Present approved name is **EDVILLE**. Population 200 in 1895 and 2[illegible] in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 77°50'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, V, 6T and 5L.

**EDWARDS #1**, Haldimand County, later Town of Haldimand, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Name at times shown as **EDWARD**. References: B and U.

**EDWARDS #2**, dispersed rural community, on border of Gloucester and Osgoode Townships and Russel and Carleton Counties, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 12 miles from Ottawa, 7 miles from Russell and 10 km from Carlsbad Springs. Post office named **EDWARDS**, opened May 1st, 1901. First Postmaster shown Thomas A. Surtees. Office still in operation in 1983. New York Central Railway served **EDWARDS STATION** between 1892 and 1957 on the route between Ottawa and Tupper Lake, New York. Present approved name is **EDWARDS**. Population 100 in 1926 and 86 in 1976. Map position: 45°19' 75°28'. References: B, S, U, DD, MM, V, 3B, 7N, 9C and 5L.

**EDWARDSBURG**, SEE: **POINTE au CARDINAL**, Grenville County.

**EDWARDSBURGH**, hamlet, on Thames River, Dorchester Township, Middlesex County. Located 10 miles southeast of London. Post office opened as **DORCHESTER STATION**, in November 1st, 1855. First Postmaster L.M. Crosby. Office opened as **DORCHESTER STATION** in 1855 and changed to **DORCHESTER**, on June 1st, 1861. Office still in operation in 1983. Station on Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, subsequently CNR, named **DORCHESTER**. Incorporated as Police Village January 27th, 1915, by County Bylaw #751. Police Village status dissolved on December 1st, 1982 and reverts to the Township of North Dorchester. Present approved name is **DORCHESTER**. Population 300 in 1885 and 2,756 in 1976. Map position: 42°59' 81°04'. References: EE, I, Z, 3R, 7B, 6T, 8U, 6S, 5K, V, 3B, 9L, 5L and 7L.

**EDWARDS PROJECT**, Osgoode Township, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 2 km southeast of Edwards, 9 km north of Metcalfe and 9 km northwest of Russell. Name not approved. Population 165 in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 75°28'. References: 3B and 5L.

**EDWARDS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°50' 80°37'. References: V.

**EDWARDSBURGH (TOWNSHIP OF)**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 6**, Grenville County.

**EDWARDSVILLE**, post office, Wallace Township, Perth County. Located 7 miles northwest of Listowel and 28 miles north of Stratford. Post office opened as **EDWARDSVILLE**, in 1880. First Postmaster William Edwards, for whom the office is named. Office closed by 1888. Population 100 in 1886 and 25 in 1908. No recent reference to this office. References: I, T, Z, AA, PP and 5V.

**EDY'S MILLS**, SEE: **EDDY'S**, Lambton County.

**EFFINGHAM**, SEE: **BECKETT'S MILLS**, Welland County.

**EFFINGHAM TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Lennox and Addington County. Map position: 44°58' 77°21'. References: V.

**EGAN CHUTE**, dispersed rural community, Dungannon Township, Hastings County. Located 17 miles from Central Ontario Railway at Ormsby and 75 miles north of Belleville. Post office opened as **EGAN CHUTE**, in 1888. First Postmaster John A. Smith. Office closed September 1st, 1[illegible]. Also known as **EGAN CREEK SETTLEMENT** and **EGAN CREEK SIDING**. Present approved name is **EGAN CHUTE**. Population 50 in 1895. Map position: 45°03' 77°43'. References: I, Z, 5D, V, 5T, 6T and 5L.

**EGAN CREEK #1**, SEE: **EGAN CHUTE**, Hastings County.

**EGAN CREEK #2**, railway point, Limerick Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is **EGAN CREEK**. Map position: 44°58' 77°43'. References: V.

EGAN CREEK SETTLEMENT, SEE: **EGAN CHUTE**, Hastings County.

EGAN CREEK SIDING, SEE: **EGAN CHUTE**, Hastings County.

**EGAN ESTATE**, hamlet, Murchison Township, Nipissing District. Located 3 miles west of Madawaska. Post office opened as **EGAN ESTATE**, on May 1st, 1896. First Postmaster W. G. McKay. Office closed November 1st 1932, although Post Office Department notice of closing was dated March 1st, 1935. **EGAN ESTATE STATION**, on the Parry Sound & Ottawa branch of the Grand Trunk Railway. No recent references to this hamlet. References: U, PP, 7E and 6T.

**EGAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°25' 80°35'. References: V.

EGANVILLE, SEE: **DONEGAL**, Renfrew County.

**EGANVILLE JUNCTION**, railway point, Renfrew County. Located 4 miles from Renfrew, 17 miles from Eganville and on the CPR mainline at an altitude of 405 feet above sea-level (1915). Name changed to **PAYNE** in August of 1916. Present approved name is **PAYNE**. Map position: 45°30' 76°45'. References: PP, L1, SS and V.

**EGANVILLE STATION**, station, Grattan Township, Renfrew County. Located 2 km southwest of Eganville, 13 km northeast of Douglas and 7 km southeast of Mud Lake. Name not approved. Population 59 in 1951 and 86 in 1976. Map position: 45°32' 77°08'. References: 3B and 5L.

EGBERT, SEE: **MUDTOWN**, Simcoe County.

**EGERTON**, dispersed rural community, West Luther Township, Wellington County. Located 40 miles northwest of Guelph and 12 miles east of Mount Forest. Post office opened as **EGERTON**, on August 1st, 1863, and was located on Lot 10, Concession 14, West Luther Township. First Postmaster James Hunter. It was named by Postmaster for Egerton Ryerson, Minister of Education. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Population 100 in 1886 and 75 in 1926. Present approved name is **EGERTON**. Map position: 44°01' 80°31'. References: I, T, S, Z, MM, 3N, V, 6T and 5L.

**EGLINGTON**, hamlet, York Township, York County. Located 4 miles from Toronto, one mile north of Davisville on the Yonge Street and two miles south of York Mills. Post office opened as **EGLINGTON** in February 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Joseph Hargrave. Office became a sub-post office of Toronto on December 28th, 1915. It was overgrown by Toronto. In the beginning it was a small community of its own; in today's society a street is named after it, and misspelled as **EGLINTON**, leaving out the original historic "G" in the name which should have been Eglington. The first settler was Martin Snider, a United Empire Loyalist. The place was later said to be named by the Postmaster for the Earl of Eglinton, of Ayrshire, but the fact remains that this office was listed and recognized from 1856 to 1915 as Eglington with the "g". No recent references to this name. Population 600 in 1878, 200 in 1885 and 600 in 1893. References: U10, 3R, 2J, 6T and 8U.

EGLINTON #1, SEE: **EGLINGTON**, York County.

**EGLINTON #2**, modern name for a Scarborough community. Located on Lots 23-28, Concession D, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto, within the Regional Municipality of York. References: 8H.

EGMONDVILLE, SEE: **THE MILL**, Huron County.

**EGREMONT**, hamlet, Egremont Township, Canada West, later Grey County. Located 3 miles northwest of Grand Trunk Railway and CPR at Mount Forest and 41 miles south of Owen Sound. Post office opened as **EGREMONT**, in 1855. First Postmaster David Cochrane. Office closed in 1890. Population 24 in 1885 and 50 in 1908. No recent reference to this place. References: I, A, AA, PP, 3R and 3U.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**EGREMONT ROAD**, Western District, Canada West. This was a settlement road, entering Lambton County from the east, between the years 1836 and 1842, which was part of the main route from Sarnia to London, before what is now Highway #7. References: 1H and C.

**EGREMONT (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Grey County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, as a Township, by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Area 76,292 acres. Population 600 in 1852, 3,949 in 1871 and 2,016 in 1980. Map position: 44°05' 80°43'. References: HH, 2W, M, V and 2K.

**EGYPT #1**, lumber village, Mulmur Township, Simcoe County, later Dufferin County. In 1885, a new school opened, and the enrollment was 38 children. In 1895, the place was uninhabited; the lumber had given out, and the people had moved on. References: E.

**EGYPT #2**, dispersed rural community, Georgina Township, York County and now within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 50 miles north of Toronto and 4 miles southeast of Sutton. Post office opened April 1st, 1870 under the name **VACHELLE**, later spelled **VACHELL**. First Postmaster Hugh Cooper. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **VACHELL**. Population 175 in 1875 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 44°16' 79°18'. References: 3G, V, 5L, I, S, 6T, 7B and 5W.

**EIGHT MILE POINT**, dispersed rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 4 km northeast of Hawestone, on Lake Simcoe and 10 km south of Orillia. Present approved name is **EIGHT MILE POINT**. Map position: 44°31' 79°26'. References: V and 5L.

**EILBER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township (1974), Cochrane District. Became Part of Eilber and Devitt Municipal Township. In 1984 became Part of **MATTICE-VAL COTE MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIP** Map position: 49°39' 83°11'. References: V.

**EILBER and DEVITT TOWNSHIPS**, (Mattice-Val Cote), Cochrane District. Located 64 km west of Kapuskasing. Founded by Hudson's Bay Trading Post in 1905. Eilber and Devitt Incorporated as a Union of Townships on July 1st, 1975, by Ontario Municipal Board Order M73196, dated April 18th, 1975. By 1984 Eilber and Devitt Muncipal Township name was changed to **MATTICE-VAL COTE MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIP**. Population 1,232, mostly bushworkers, in 1977. Map position: 49°39' 83°11'. References: M, HH and R1.

**EISENHOWER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°38' 82°55'. References: V.

**EKAENTOUTON**, later shown as **MANITOUALIN** or more recently as **MANITOU ISLAND**. The first name is a Huron Indian name from the year 1651. Reference: 7W and Dictionary of Canadian Biography.

**EKFRID #1**, SEE: **ADOLPHE**, Middlesex County.

**EKFRID #2**, hamlet, London District, Canada West, later Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. Located 25 miles west of St. Thomas, 38 miles from Chatham and 26 miles from London. Post office opened July 6th, 1832 misspelled as **EKFRIED** later corrected to **EKFRID** and was named for the Township. First Postmaster William Sparling. Name of the office changed to **LONGWOOD**, in 1857. Although there is no documentation to support, it is believed this office was moved to Caradoc Township, where it remained open until 1882. In 1882 the Postmaster was James G. Begg. This location was 21 miles southwest of London and 12 miles northeast of Glencoe, in the Village of **MELBURNE**, later **MELBOURNE**. In 1882 the office name was changed again, to **WENDIGO**, until 1887. After 1887, the name of the office was changed to match the name of the Village, and spelled **MELBOURNE**. Office still in operation in 1983. Melbourne recently redesignated as a concentrated rural community. In 1881 the name **LONGWOOD** for the former location was misspelled **LOCKWOOD**. Present approved name is **MELBOURNE**. Population 250 in 1886 and 339 in 1976. Map position: 42°49' 81°33'. References: G, Z, I, 8P, 7X, EE, T, 3B and V.

**EKFRID (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Geographic Township, London District, Canada West, later Middlesex County. Incorporated as Township, January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. Area 53,487 acres. Town was laid out by Colonel Burwell in 1820. First pioneer Archibald Miller, who settled on Longwoods Road. Population 1,174 in 1842, 1,792 in 1852 and 2,149 in 1980. Map position: 42°47' 81°38'. References: HH, C, 3H, M, 2W, V and 1H.

For references see Works Cited.

EKFRIED, SEE: EKFRID, Middlesex County.

EKOBA, station, Algoma District. Located on the Soo line of the CPR, 15 miles from Sault Ste. Marie and 72 miles west of Blind River . Post office at the place is called **ECHO BAY**, which opened 1889. First Postmaster Walter Findlay. Office still in operation in 1983. Station name at this place has been changed to **ECHO BAY**, east of Garden River station. Recently designated as a dispersed rural community, McDonald Township, Algoma District. In 1977, Echo Bay became Part of the Township of McDonald,Meredith and Aberdeen Additional. Present approved name is **ECHO BAY**. Population 50 in 1893 and 745 in 1976. Map position: 46°29' 84°04'. References: PP, I, R1, 3B, 2U, U10, 5U, V, 8G, 5L and 7D.

**EKWAN**, trading post, located where the Ekwan River enters James Bay at map position: 53°15' 82°15'. This entry is dated 1960, and there is no further reference to this place. References: 2Y and 9K.

ELBA, dispersed rural community, Mono Township, Dufferin County. Located 10 miles north of Orangeville and 6 miles south of Shelburne Station on CPR. Post office opened as **ELBA**, on July 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Charles Smith. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Population 100 in 1885 and 25 in 1913. Present approved name is **ELBA**. Map position: 44°03' 80°08'. References: I, S, DD, 3R, V, 2T, 5Y and 5L.

ELBE, dispersed rural community, rear of Yonge and Escott Townships, Leeds County. Located 2 miles east of Athens, 14 miles north of Brockville and a station on the Brockville, Westport and North Western Railway which is called Elbe Station. First settler Chauncey Bellamy who erected a grist and sawmill in 1830. The post office opened as **ELBE** on June 1st, 1857. First Postmaster John Robson. In 1863, the post office was closed. In 1871, at the same place another post office opened and was named **DICKENS**. That post office opened until 1884, when the name was changed to **ELB MILLS**. Elb Mills post office remained opened from 1884 to 1906, when the name was changed to **GLEN ELB**, on May 1st, 1905. Misspellings of this name are **GLEN ELBE** as presently used, **GLENELB**, one word, in 1926 and in a listing for 1907, **GLEN ELBA**. It is all the same place. Post office finally closed March 15th, 1913. Present approved place name is **GLEN ELBE**. Population 60 in 1875 and 100 in 1926. Map position: 44°38' 75°53'. References: I, A, U10, 3M, 7B, 7S, S, DD, PP, 2N, V and 6T.

ELBE STATION, SEE: ELBE, Leeds County.

ELB MILLS, SEE: ELBE, Leeds County.

ELCHO, dispersed rural community, Gainsborough Township, Lincoln County, at times shown in Monck Electoral District, and now within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 20 miles southwest of St. Catharines and 4 miles north of Attercliffe Station on the C Division of Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as **ELCHO**, on April 1st, 1874. First Postmaster D. H. Sensabaugh. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Population 15 in 1893 and 30 in 1926. Present approved name is **ELCHO**. Map position: 43°01' 79°33'. References: B, I, Z, MM, U10, V, 6T, 5Y and 5L.

ELDEE, dispersed rural community, Clarkson Township, Nipissing District. Located 4 miles south of Thorne and 6 miles south of Timiskaming Station. It started after World War II. Post office established as **ELDEE**, on April 27th, 1959. First Postmistress Mrs. Margaret Adams. Office closed April 30th, 1969. Population 214 in 1961 and 174 in 1976. Present approved name is **ELDEE**. Map position: 46°38' 79°09'. References: R2, 3B, 5A, V, 6T and 5L.

ELDER #1, dispersed rural community, Mono Township, Dufferin County. Located 14 miles northeast of Orangeville and 9 miles from Shelburne Station on CPR. Post office openedas **ELDER**, on June 1st, 1864. First Postmaster C. Conn. Office closed May 1st, 1914. At times, this place has been shown in Dufferin County, Simcoe County and Cardwell Electoral District. It is presently in Dufferin County. Named for Thomas Elder, a farmer and one of the old settlers. Present approved name is **ELDER**. Population 70 in 1885 and 70 in 1908. Map position: 44°04' 80°03'. References: I, S, PP, 3R, 3Q, 5U, V, 6T, 5L and 5D.

ELDER #2, SEE: ELDER'S MILLS, York County.

**ELDER #2,** SEE: **ELDER'S MILLS**, York County.

**ELDERADO MILLS,** SEE: **EDDITHA**, Peel County.

**ELDER MILLS,** SEE: **ELDER'S MILLS**, York County.

**ELDER'S MILLS**, dispersed rural community, Vaughan Township, York County. Located at Highway 27 and Rutherford Road, on the Humber RIver, 19 miles west of Toronto and 3 miles from Woodbridge. In 1871, the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway had a station here. Post office established as **ELDER'S MILLS**, on June 1st, 1874. First Postmaster William Irvine. Office closed May 31st, 1918. Named for David Elder, the first settler. At times, the station name has been **ELDER MILLS**, Elder's Mills and **ELDER'S SIDING**, then **ELDER STATION**, a flag station. Present approved name is **ELDERS MILLS**. Population 30 in 1893 and 111 in 1966. Map position: 43°49' 79°38'. References: I, S, MM, Z, 3G, U10, 5A, V, 6T, 5Y and 7D.

**ELDERSLIE #1**, hamlet, Home District, Canada West, later Scarborough Township, York County. Located lots 18 and 19, concession 1, at the present day Danforth and Markham Road intersection. Located 13 miles northeast of Toronto and 4 miles north of Scarborough Junction on Grand Trunk Railway. This tiny hamlet was the seat of municipal government meetings from 1850, at Burrow's Hall in Woburn Inn. Even to 1896, the hamlet only had a post office, as chopping mill, a blacksmith shop, hotel and 4 or 5 houses, but because of its central location, the place was the seat of the meetings. In 1958, it was torn down for a plaza. Post office opened July 6th, 1852 and named **ELDERSLIE**. First Postmaster Thomas Dowswell who owned the Woburn Hotel on the southeast corner of Danforth and Markham Roads. In 1870, the post office was moved across the road to the southwest corner of the intersection in the general store and was located at lot 19, concession 1. In 1857, the post office name was changed to **WOBURN**, presumably for the hotel in which it was located. Post office closed November 1st, 1915. Population 50 in 1885 and 50 in 1926. References: I, 3K, 8H, S, MM, U10, 6T and 8C.

**ELDERSLIE #2**, Bruce County. This is a triangulation point on high hill. At one time there was a settlement here. At the present time there is nothing left but the hill. No population in 1969. This place is located near Chesley. References: FF.

**ELDERSLIE (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Bruce County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1856. Population 14 in 1852 and 1,198 in 1980. References: HH, M, 2W, V and History of County of Bruce.

**ELDER'S SIDING,** SEE: **ELDER'S MILLS**, York County.

**ELDON**, dispersed rural community, Eldon Township, Victoria County. This place named for the Township. Located 87 miles from Toronto, 88 miles from Cobourg and 25 miles northwest of Lindsay. Post office opened as **ELDON**, on November 6th, 1832. First Postmaster Duncan Cameron. Office closed April 1st, 1864 on the establishment of an office at Bolsover. A new office was opened as **ELDON STATION** in 1877. First Postmaster, this office, J. McArthur. Office closed July 15th, 1960. Present approved name is **ELDON**. Population 40 in 1893 and 13 in 1976. Map position: 44°31' 79°01'. References: I, G, U10, 3C, V, S, 5L and 6T.

**ELDON STATION,** SEE: **ELDON**, Victoria County.

**ELDON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Victoria County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P5844-64, dated August 19th, 1968. Area 66,800 acres. Surveyed in 1827. Population 841 in 1838, 1,326 in 1852 and 1,933 in 1980. Map position: 44°30' 78°58'. References: HH, 2W, M, 2L and V.

**ELDORADO**, concentrated rural community, Madoc Township, Hastings County. Located 32 miles north of Belleville and 6 1/2 miles north of Madoc Station on the Midland Railway. The name Eldorado means "the golden country". Post office established as **ELDORADO** in 1867. First Postmaster Adam Dickson. Office still in operation in 1983. Station name **ELDORADO JUNCTION** served by Central Ontario Railway and Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **ELDORADO**. Population 100 in 1893 and 78 in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 77°31'. References: I, T, S, 3B, U10, 5A, V, 4F and 5L.

ELDORADO MILLS, SEE: EDDITHA, Peel County.

ELDORADO PARK, SEE: EDDITHA, Peel County.

ELDORADO TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Township venue changed from Timiskaming District to Cochrane District by Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974. Map position: 48°20' 81°08'. References: V.

ELDRIDGE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 47°02' 79°34'. References: V.

ELEANOR, concentrated rural community, Part of City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is ELEANOR. Map position: 43°12' 79°51'. References: V.

ELECTRIC, dispersed rural community, Dover Township, Kent County. Located 5 1/2 miles from Wallaceburg on Pere Marquette Railway and also on Chatham, Wallaceburg and Lake Erie Electric Railway. Post office established as ELECTRIC, on April 1st, 1906. First Postmaster John G. Rose. Office closed January 31st, 1961. Present approved name is ELECTRIC. Population 15 in 1913 and 19 in 1976. Map position: 42°31' 82°21'. References: B, DD, PP, V, 7T, 6T and 5L.

ELEY STATION, railway point, Bright Township, Algoma District. Located 8 kilometres from Dean Lake. Present approved name is ELEY STATION. Map position: 46°13' 83°14'. References: U and V.

ELFORD, dispersed rural community, Gosfield North and South Townships, Essex County. Located 18 miles southeast of Sandwich and 5 miles south of Essex Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as ELFORD, in 1881. First Postmaster Isaac Elford and the post office and place are named for the first Postmaster. Office closed July 1st, 1914. Population 100 in 1895 and 300 in 1908. Present approved name is ELFORD. Map position: 42°06 82°49'. References: I, S, Z, PP, WW, V, 6T and 5L.

ELFRIDA, SEE: SWAYSE'S CORNERS, Wentworth County.

ELGIE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°23' 84°47'. References: V.

ELGIN #1, Town, Stamford Township, Welland County, later City of Niagara Falls, Regional Municipality of Niagara. This place was founded by Mr. Zimmerman and named Village of Elgin in May, 1855. He died as a result of an accident. He was one of the first people to build a bridge at this location. Another name for this place was CITY OF THE FALLS in 1857. Post office established 1852, named SUSPENSION BRIDGE. Post office opened July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Gilbert McMicken. In 1857, the post office name was changed to CLIFTON. Clifton was Incorporated as a Town by Act #19 Victoria cap 63 on June 19th, 1856. This place is located 1 mile below the Falls and connects Western Canada with the State of New York by rail. It is also the terminus of the Erie and Ontario Railway which connects with Ontario steamers at Niagara 13 miles distant. There was also a station here. Also located 13 miles from St. Catherines, 43 miles from Hamilton and 229 miles from Windsor. Another name given to this place prior to 1881 was CLIFTON-TOWN. Clifton was Incorporated as a Town June 19th, 1856. In 1881, the post office name was again changed to NIAGARA FALLS. Office still in operation in 1983. The unincorporated Village of DRUMMONDVILLE Incorporated as the Village of Niagara Falls on December 9th, 1880. The unincorporated Village of Elgin incorporated as the Town of Clifton June 19th, 1856. The Town of Clifton name was changed to Town of Niagara Falls, March 4th, 1881. The Town of Niagara Falls and the Village of Niagara Falls were Incorporated as the City of Niagara Falls on December 9th, 1903. On January 1st, 1974, Niagara Falls City became Part of the Regional Municipality of Niagara. The bridge over the Niagara Gorge was built by Mr. Roebling in 1855. Present approved name is NIAGARA FALLS. Population 1,292 in 1861, 3,500 in 1893 and 69,017 in 1979. Map position: 43°06' 79°04'. References: EE, I, 3D, 3K, U10, 7B, B, M, N, T, HH, 2S, 2T, V and 4A.

ELGIN #2, SEE: NAUVOO, Leeds County.

ELGIN #3, SEE: POINTE AU CARDINAL, Grenville County.

**ELGIN #4**, settlement, Brant Township, Bruce County. Located 27 miles from Durham, 27 miles from Penetangore and 30 miles from Southampton. Post office established in 1852 and named **BRANT** for the Township. First Postmaster John Shennon. In 1857, the post office name was changed to **WALKERTON**. Office still in operation in 1983. Early settlers, for this place were William Walker, a miller, and Joseph Walker; mill owners, for whom post office was named. The place name was also changed to **WALKERTON** and Incorporated as a Town, February 15th, 1871, by a special act which bypassed the stage of being a Village. Never a Village. On the Saugeen River, has railroad connections with CNR and CPR and is at the junction of Highway #4 and #9, and is 66 miles northwest of Guelph. First settlers in 1849 were William Jasper and Edward Boulton. They built the first house. Parish name for this place was **SACRE COEUR**. Present approved name is **WALKERTON**. Population: 175 in 1857 and 4,591 in 1980. Map position: 44°07' 81°09'. References: 7A, I, 2W, B, M, EE, 2Y, 7V, 9J and SS.

**ELGIN #5**, SEE: **SCOTTS CORNERS**, Frontenac County.

**ELGINBURG**, SEE: **SCOTT'S CORNERS**, Frontenac County.

**ELGIN COUNTY**, Geographic County. Elgin County for the years 1850 and 1851, was part of Middlesex County. By Canada Statutes 1851, chapter 5, schedule B, Middlesex and Elgin were United for Municipal, Judicial and other purposes Effective January 1st, 1852. By proclamation dated September 30th, 1853, the County of Elgin disunited from the County of Middlesex effective on September 30th, 1853. The County of Elgin consists of: the City of St. Thomas, the Town of Aylmer, the villages of: Belmont, Dutton, Port Burwell, Port Stanley, Rodney, Springfield, Vienna and West Lorne, the townships of Aldborough, Bayham, Dunwich, Malahide, South Dorchester, Southwold and Yarmouth. Population 25,818 in 1852 and 69,795 in 1980. Map position: 42°15' 81°15'. References: M, HH, 2W and V.

**ELGINFIELD**, SEE: **RYAN'S CORNERS**, Middlesex County.

**ELGIN HOUSE**, hamlet, Medora Township, Muskoka District. Located 8 kilometres from Bala and 37 kilometres from Bracebridge. Summer post office established as **ELGIN HOUSE**, on August 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Lambert Love. Office closed September 15th, 1960. This is a summer resort on Lake Joseph, in Muskoka District, 26 miles from Muskoka Wharf on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **ELGIN HOUSE**. No population shown. Map position: 45°07' 79°38'. References: S, U, PP, V, 7M and 6T.

**ELGIN MILLS**, urban community, Vaughan Township, York County, later Part of Town of Richmond Hill in the Regional Municipality of York. Located 5 miles from Maple Station on Grand Trunk Railway and at the corner of Yonge Street and Elgin Mills Road. Post office named **ELGIN MILLS**, established January 12th, 1900. First Postmaster Michael Naughton. Office closed August 23rd, 1961. In 1971, the Regional Government annexation took in the area east and west of Yonge Street, from Oxford Street to the Gormley Sideroad and included Elgin Mills which was annexed to Richmond Hill. Previously, Elgin Mills belonged to Vaughan and had been shown in Vaughan and Markham Townships. Named for Lord James Bruce, 8th Earl of Elgin Governor General of Canada, 1847 to 1854. Present approved name is **ELGIN MILLS**. Population 50 in 1913 and 781 in 1956. Map position: 43°53' 79°27'. References: B, S, PP, V, 3G, 7M, 6T, DD, 5E and 7D.

**ELGIN STATION**, South Crosby Township, Leeds County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Philipsville and 5 miles from Elgin. Population 200 in 1926. Station named changed to **PHILIPSVILLE STATION** which is on the Brockville, Westport and North Western Railway. In February, 1974, the station name is **ELGIN STATION**. There is no recorded date for the change but the present name is **ELGIN STATION**. References: B, SS, M and MM.

**ELIA**, dispersed rural community, York Township, York County, later Part of the Borough of North York now Part of the City of North York. The place is located on Black Creek, 12 miles northwest of Toronto and 2 1/2 miles south of Thornhill Station on the North and North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **ELIA**, on February 1st, 1878. First Postmaster William S. Snider. Office closed July 1st, 19.6. Present approved name is **ELIA**. Population 25 in 1895 and 40 in 1913. Map position: 43°46' 79°29'. References: I, T, Z, DD, V, 6T and 8S.

ELIA STATION, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto in the Regional Municipality of York. References dated July, 1974. References: B.

ELIGH'S, dispersed rural community, Marlborough Township, Grenville County, later in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. The other name for this place was BECKETT'S BRIDGE, which at the time was a steamboat landing on the Rideau Canal in Grenville County, 41 miles southwest of Ottawa and 4 miles from Kemptville. Post office established July 1st, 1907 and named BRIDGEVIEW. First Postmaster J.W. Powell. Office closed May 1st, 1914. In 1974, designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is BECKETT'S LANDING. Population 20 in 1913. Map position: 45°03' 75°41'. References: SS, PP, DD, 6T, 7K, U10, V and 5L.

ELIMERE POINT, dispersed rural community, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 4 km west of Port McNicholl, 3 km east of Midland and 9 km north of Mertz's Corner. Present approved name is ELIMERE POINT. Population 201 in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 79°51'. References: B, 3B, V and 5L.

ELIMVILLE, dispersed rural community, Usborne Township, Huron County. Located 12 miles from Lucan, 35 miles southeast of Goderich the County Seat and 6 miles southeast of Exeter. Post office established as ELIMVILLE on September 1st, 1869. First Postmaster Henry Taylor. Office closed January 15th, 1919. Name has been misspelled as ELMSVILLE and also as ELMVILLE. Present approved name is ELIMVILLE. Population 100 in 1875 and 41 in 1976. Map position: 43°19' 81°24'. References: B, I, A, S, 3B, V, 5W, 6T, 5L and Z.

ELIZABETH #1, SEE: STEEP ROCK, Rainy River District.

ELIZABETH #2, SEE: ELIZABETHVILLE, Durham County.

ELIZABETH BAY, dispersed rural community, Burpee Township, Manitoulin District. Located on Manitoulin Island, 20 miles from Gore Bay, the nearest steamboat landing. Post office established as ELIZABETH BAY, on March 1st, 1899. First Postmaster James Blackburn. Post office closed 1914. Present approved name is ELIZABETH BAY. Population 78 in 1941 and 65 in 1951. Map position: 45°49' 82°43'. References: B, PP, 3B, V, 7H, 5L and 9F.

ELIZABETH GARDENS, urban community, Part of Town of Oakville,later Part of City of Burlington, in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Present approved name is ELIZABETH GARDENS. Map position: 43°22' 79°44'. References: V and V+.

ELIZABETH PARK, SEE: UPLANDS #4,, CARLETON COUNTY.

ELIZABETHTOWN, SEE: BUELL'S BAY, Leeds County.

ELIZABETH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°17' 82°17'. References: V.

ELIZABETHTOWN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP B, Leeds County.

ELIZABETHVILLE, dispersed rural community, Hope Township, Durham later Northumberland County. Located 20 miles north of Cobourg and 4 1/2 miles west of Garden Hill Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as ELIZABETHVILLE, in Newcastle District, Canada West, on November 1st, 1853. First Postmaster John McMurty. Office closed August 15th, 1916. At times listed as ELIZABETH (1890). Place named for Elizabeth McMurty, wife of John McMurty, Justice of the Peace. Present approved name is ELIZABETHVILLE. Population 200 in 1893 and 33 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 78°28'. References: I, T, S, U10, 3K, V, 6T, 5L, 9F and 7D.

ELK CITY, Village, James Township, Timiskaming District. This place has been burned out by forest fires and each time the people of this place came back and rebuilt their place and renamed it. The second name was BEAR CREEK. The third name was COOKVILLE. The fourth name SMYTHE, also known as SMYTH VILLAGE. Finally, the name was given ELK LAKE. Located 26 miles from Earlton, has a station on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, 42 miles northwest of New Liskeard and on Highway #65. It was originally established as the Hudson's Bay Post and was named for the animal in the area, the elk. It is at the junction of Bear Creek and the

Montreal River. Although this place has had its 60th anniversary celebration, there is in fact no legal place called Elk Lake. In 1913, the government had a man that they wanted to honour so they announced that the place would be called Smythe. The residents rejected the name and refused to call it anything but Elk Lake. They also tore down the new sign over the post office and continue even today to call it Elk Lake City. The place is in the area called James Township and if you want to take an affidavit, you must take it in James Township, otherwise the courts will throw it out. However, these hardy residents still refer to their place as Elk Lake. Post office established as a summer post office named **ELK LAKE** July 1st, 1907. First Postmaster Thomas Cahill Jr. On December 1st, 1907, it was made a regular post office. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1907, there were some miners' tents but settlement started in 1909. Present approved name is **ELK LAKE**. Population 600 in 1926 and 629 in 1972. Map position: 47°44' 80°20'. References: F, V, DD, R1, PP, 2U, 2Y, 22-6, 5L, 7K and 5E.

**ELK LAKE,** SEE: ELK CITY, Timiskaming District.

**ELK PIT,** Timiskaming District. Located near Kenabeek. This reference is dated 1980. References: U.

**ELLATON,** SEE: GIBSON #1, Norfolk County.

**ELLATOWN,** SEE: GIBSON #1, Norfolk County.

**ELLENGOWAN,** dispersed rural community, Brant Township, Bruce County. Located 12 miles northwest of Walkerton and 4 miles southeast of Paisley Station on Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **ELLENGOWAN,** in 1858. First Postmaster John Hopper. Office closed June 30th, 1910. Present approved name is **ELLENGOWAN.** Population 100 in 1886 and 0 in 1969. Map position: 44°16' 81°14'. References: I, T, S, Z, FF, V, 6T and 5L.

**ELLENVILLE,** SEE: CROMARTY, Perth County.

**ELLESMERE,** urban community, Scarborough Township, York County, later Part of Borough of Scarborough in the Regional Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located 12 miles northeast of Toronto and 2 miles from Agincourt and 1/2 mile west of Squaw Village (1840). Post office established as **ELLESMERE,** on June 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Archibald Glendenning. Office closed 1917. This Postmaster was the first settler in 1820, established the first store and in it had the first post office, in 1853. Present approved name is **ELLESMERE.** Population 100 in 1893 and 250 in 1913. Map position: 43°46' 79°17'. References: I, S, Z, DD, U10, 3K, V, 8C and 8H.

**ELLICE CENTRE,** hamlet, Ellis Township, Perth County and was named for the Township. Located 12 miles north of Stratford and 6 miles north of Sebringville on the Buffalo & Goderich Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **ROSTOCK** in 1879 and was named for the port on the Baltic Sea in Prussia, later Germany. First Postmaster Justus Kreuter. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was founded by Mr. Deustadt in 1858. Present approved name is **ROSTOCK.** Population 50 in 1893 and 114 in 1976. Map position: 43°29' 81°01'. References: U10, 1W, I, AA, 3B and 9J.

**ELLICE TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Perth County, formerly in Huron District, Canada West. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. First settler Andrew Sebach on December 22nd, 1828. He was given a bonus from the Canada Company to open a tavern for the settlers and prospectors. Ellice Township was named for one stockholder of the Canada Company. Area 17,500 acres. Population 1,320 in 1852 and 2,980 in 1980. Map position: 43°28' 81°00'. References: C, HH, 1W, 2W, M and V.

**ELLIEVILLE,** SEE: CROMARTY, Perth County.

**ELLINVILLE,** SEE: CROMARTY, Perth County.

**ELLIOT,** post office, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 7 miles southwest of Perth and 1 1/2 mile from Syndicature. Post office established as **ELLIOT,** on August 1st, 1869. First Postmaster William McClellan. Office closed March 29th, 1913. At times this place was known as **DeWITT'S CORNERS.** for the 1895 postmaster

John DeWitt. It is now designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **ELLIOT**. Population 53 in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 76°24'. References: I, Z, V, 6T, 5T, 5W and 5L.

**ELLIOT LAKE**, Incorporated as an Improvement District, September 1st, 1955. Erected into a Township on April 1st, 1966. Erected into a Town on January 1st, 1976. This place came into existance in 1954 with the discovery of Uranium. Within 4 years, population had reached 10,000. By 1960, it was 20,000. In 1962, the population dropped to 6,500, when world demand for the ore dropped off. In 1979, population was 8,300. It is located on the shores of Elliot and Horne Lakes, 17 miles north of Highway #17 and 35 miles northeast of Blind River. Named for the lake on which it is situated. Post office established as **ELLIOT LAKE** February 14th, 1956. First Postmistress Mrs. M. C. Labelle. Office still in operation in 1983. Post office located 25 miles from Spragge and 55 miles from Algoma Mills. Present approved name is **ELLIOT LAKE**. Map position: 46°23' 82°39'. References: M, R1, N, HH, 2T, 2Y, 5K, V, 6T and 5L.

**ELLIOT'S MILLS**, SEE: **ELLIOTTS' MILLS #1**, (Hope Township), Durham County.

**ELLIOTT #1**, SEE: **ELLIOT**, Lanark County.

**ELLIOTT #2**, dispersed rural community, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 30 miles north of Barrie and 5 miles north of Midland Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office was named for and by the first Postmaster. It opened in 1892. First Postmaster James Elliott. Office closed October 1st, 1919. Present approved name is **ELLIOT**. Population 60 in 1908 and 14 in 1976. Map position: 44°43' 79°49'. References: B, I, Z, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**ELIOTT'S CORNERS**, SEE: **ELLIOTT #2**, Simcoe County.

**ELLIOTT'S MILLS #1**, hamlet, Hope Township, Northumberland County, formerly in Durham County. Located 4 miles from Perrytown, 14 miles northwest of Cobourg and 11 miles northwest of Port Hope. The nearest railway is 5 miles at Garden Hill Station on the Midland Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **OSACA** in 1873. First Postmistress Mrs. E. Page. Office closed August 31st, 1933. Post office name at times mispelled as **OSAKA**. The place is recently designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **OSACA**. Population 60 in 1895, 60 in 1908 and 17 in 1976. Map position: 44°00' 78°26'. References: B, I, A, S, Z, PP, 6T, 5P and V.

**ELLIOTTS MILLS #2**, Newcastle District, Canada West, later Darlington Township, Durham County. Located 27 miles west of Cobourg and 5 miles north of Bowmanville. Post office opened under the name **HAMPTON** in September 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Henry Elliott. This office is still in operation in 1983. This place was settled in the year 1840, when Henry Elliott built a grist mill and established other industries. It became known as Elliotts Mills, then was given the name **MILLVILLE** in 1848. The name Millville was asked for by the post office but was refused, so the place was named **HAMPTON** as a park name of the native place of the Elliotts in North Cornwall, England, which was called **KILKHAMPTON**. This place is recently designated concentrated rural community, now Part of the Town of Newcastle, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. When Darlington Township joined the Town of Newcastle in 1974, Elliotts Mills became a part thereof. Present approved name is **HAMPTON**. Population 400 in 1886, 597 in 1971 and after 1976, the population is included in the TOWN OF NEWCASTLE. Map position: 43°58' 78°45'. References: I, T, S, 3G, 3B, 3J, V, 8Q, 9F and 9D.

**ELLIOTT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°25' 79°49'. References: V.

**ELLIS**, railway point, Dawson Road Lots, Thunder Bay District. Located southwest of Dog Lake, 20 miles from Baird and 25 miles from Raith. Post office opened as **ELLIS**, on July 1st, 1915, under the name **ELLIS**. First Postmaster L.A. Lofquist. Office closed December 20th, 1945. It has a station named **ELLIS STATION** on the CNR. Present approved name is **ELLIS**. Population 11 in 1941 and 35 in 1976. Map position: 48°34' 89°42'. References: R2, 3B, LL, V, 6T and 5L.

**ELLIS LEASEHOLD**, Teck Township, Timiskaming District. Population 128 in 1951 and 174 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

**ELLIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°17' 80°44'. References: V.

**ELLISVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 30 miles west of Brockville, and 13 miles north of Gananoque. Post office established as **ELLISVILLE** in 1875. First Postmaster George Ellis, for whom the place was named. Office closed November 23rd, 1912. Present approved name is **ELLISVILLE**. Population 150 in 1893 and 29 in 1976. Map position: 44°29' 76°10'. References: B, I, S, Z, U10, V, 6T, 5V and 5L.

**ELLSMERE VILLAGE**, hamlet, Lyman Township, Nipissing District. Located 1 km southeast of Tilden Lake, 32 km northwest of North Bay and 40 km southwest of Eldee. Present approved name is **ELLSMERE VILLAGE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°35' 79°38'. Reference: 5L.

**ELLWOOD**, SEE: **CHAUDIERE JUNCTION**, Carleton County.

**ELM**, dispersed rural community, Huntley Township, Lanark County, later Carleton County and now in West Carleton Township, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 23 miles west of Ottawa and 3 miles from Ottawa, Arnprior & Parry Sound Railway at Carp Station. Post office opened June 1st, 1872, under the name **ELM**. First Postmaster Thomas Smith. Office closed March 5th, 1913. Present approved name is **ELM**. Population 60 in 1908 and 36 in 1976. Map position: 45°21' and 76°05'. References: I, Z, PP, 3B, 6T, V, 5Y and 5L.

**ELMA #1**, dispersed rural community, Williamsburgh Township, Dundas County. Located 25 miles west of Cornwall, 10 miles north of Morrisburg and 13 kilometres from Chesterville. Post office opened as **ELMA**, in 1884. First Postmaster Thomas Sargeant. Present approved name is **ELMA**. Population 300 in 1895 and 59 in 1976. Map position: 45°01' 75°14'. References: I, Z, U, V, 5P and 5L.

**ELMA #2**, dispersed rural community, Elma Township, Perth County. Located 28 miles north Stratford and 4 miles west of Listowel. Post office, named for the Township, opened on May 1st, 1854. First Postmaster George Code. Office name was **ELMA**, until 1858, when it became **TROWBRIDGE**. Name has been misspelled as **TOWBRIDGE**. First settler, (a squatter), a Mr. Tennant, who was also a guide to many early settlers in the area. First name suggested for the post office was **ELDORADO**, but another office of that name existed so the suggestion of a settler for his native village of Trowbridge in England. Present approved name is **TROWBRIDGE**. Population 50 in 1857, 250 in 1892 and 93 in 1976. Map position: 43°44' 81°02'. References: I, 3L, 8Q, S, AA, 3B, 1W, V and EE.

**ELMA (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Perth County. Incorporated the first Monday of January 1957, by County Bylaw #26, passed June 27th, 1956. Area 66,970 acres. Population100 in 1852 and 3,915 in 1980. Map position: 43°10' 81°00'. References: HH, 2W, M and V.

**ELM BANK**, settlement, Toronto Township, Peel County. Located 10 miles southeast of Brampton, 2 1/2 miles south of Grand Trunk Railway at Malton Station. Post office opened as **ELM BANK**,in 1873. First Postmaster William McKay. Office closed July 1st, 1915. This place is completely gone. It is under the Tarmac of the Toronto International Airport. In 1831 it was settled by John Grubb, whose home was called Elm Bank. The growing Town took the name of the house. Present approved name is **ELM BANK**. Population 300 in 1886 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 43°41' 79°37'. References: I, T, S, Z, MM, 3G, V, 3C, 6T and 5P.

**ELM BAY**, small settlement, Rainy River District. Located in the northwest of Ontario, 2 miles east of Barclay and 5 1/2 miles from CPR at Wabigoon Station. There was a sawmill here. Population 15 in 1908. There is no further reference to this place. References: PP.

**ELM BROOK**, dispersed rural community, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located Post office opened as **ELM BROOK**, on May 1st, 1908. First Postmaster T. E. Whattam. Office closed December 15th, 1951. Present approved name is **ELM BROOK**. After the year 1908, the place name became one word, **ELMBROOK**, and was recognized as the official spelling. Map position: 44°03' 77°08'. References: V+, 7S, 6T, 5L and V.



For references see Works Cited.

ELMBROOK, SEE: ELM BROOK, Prince Edward County.

ELMDALE, suburban community, Mersea Township, Essex County. Located on Lake Erie, 10 km east of Leamington and 6 km south of Wheatleg. Present approved name is ELMDALE. Map position: 42°03' 82°29'. References: B, V+ and 5L.

ELM FLAT, SEE: FOUR CORNERS, Simcoe County.

ELM FLATS #1 (Flos), SEE: FOUR CORNERS, Simcoe County.

ELM FLATS #2, dispersed rural community, Essa Township, Simcoe County. Located 16 miles from Guilford, 18 miles southwest of Barrie and 5 northeast of North & Northwest Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway at Alliston Station. Post office opened as ELM FLATS, on July 1st, 1853. First Postmaster James Latimer. Office closed November 1st, 1913. The name was changed by the early settlers to ELMGROVE, because they liked it better. Present approved name is ELMGROVE. Population 100 in 1886 and 30 in 1895. Map position: 44°11' 79°49'. References: I, T, S, Z, U10, JJ, 3K, V, 6T and 5L.

ELMGROVE #1, SEE: ELM FLATS #2, Simcoe County.

ELMGROVE #2, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Population 74 in 1956. References: 5E.

ELMGROVE #3, dispersed rural community, South Elmsley Township, Leeds County. Located 6 km southwest of Rideau Ferry, 8 km southeast of Perth and 9 km northeast of Stanleyville. Present approved name is ELMGROVE. Map position: 44°50' 76°12'. References: V and 5L.

ELMHEDGE, dispersed rural community, St. Vincent Township, Grey County. Located 10 miles east of Owen Sound and 7 miles south of Meaford. Post office opened as ELMHEDGE, in 1884. First Postmaster Daniel Smith. Office closed November 1st, 1915. Present approved name is ELMHEDGE. Population 60 in 1895 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 44°34' 80°41'. References: I, Z, 5P, V, MM, 6T and 5L.

ELMHIRST'S CORNERS, SEE: DICKSON'S CORNERS #2, Peterborough County.

ELMHIRST TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°47' 87°42'. References: V.

ELMHURST, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Population 100 in 1956. References: 5E.

ELMHURST BEACH, concentrated rural community, Georgina Township, formerly Gwillimbury North Township, York County and presently within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 16 km from Sutton, 1.6 miles from Keswick and 4 1/4 miles from Ravenshoe. Summer post office established as ELMHURST BEACH on July 16th, 1928. First Postmistress Olive G. Cameron. Office closed on August 31st, 1974. Present approved name is ELMHURST BEACH. Population 55 in 1941 and 194 in 1966. Map position: 44°13' 79°28'. References: B, U, 3B, 5L, 5A, V and 6T.

ELMHURST'S CORNERS, SEE: DICKSON'S CORNERS #2, Peterborough County.

ELMIRA, SEE: BRISTOW'S CORNERS, Waterloo County.

ELM PINE TRAIL, King Township, York County. Population 49 in 1961 and 54 in 1976. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

ELMSDALE #1, Perry Township, Parry Sound District. Date of entry, 1972. References: B.

ELMSDALE #2, dispersed rural community, West Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 10 miles from Woodstock and

1 1/2 miles from CPR at Embro Station. Post office opened November 1st, 1895, under the name **ELMSDALE**. First Postmaster H.J. Smith. On May 1st, 1896, name changed by Sutherland family to commemorate their birthplace, **GOLSPIE**, which is in Sutherlandshire, Scotland. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Reason for the name change that Elmsdale conflicted with the office in Muskoka called Emsdale, which resulted in confused mail. Population 20 in 1913, 50 in 1926 and 8 in 1976. Present approved name is **GOLSPIE**. Map position: 43°08' 80°51'. References: 7E, 7D, MM, B, PP, DD, V and 6T.

**ELMSLEY**, dispersed rural community, North Elmsley Township, Lanark County. Located 8 km from Smith's Falls. **ELMSLEY STATION** on CPR. Nearest post office is Mud Creek. Present approved name is **ELMSLEY**. Map position: 44°55' 76°07'. References: S, PP, U10, V and 5L.

**ELMSLEY RIVER**, settlement, Leeds County, Canada West. Mail for this community was directed to be sent to the office at Perth; this direction came from the Postmaster General of Quebec in 1835. No further reference to this place. References: 3H.

**ELMSLEY TOWNSHIP**, Leeds County. Settled in 1818. Named for Chief Justice John Elmsley. Population 1,142 in 1852 and 1,400 in 1861. References: 2N, 2W and 1I.

**ELMSLEY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP OF NORTH ELMSLEY and TOWNSHIP OF SOUTH ELMSLEY, Leeds County.

**ELMSLEY NORTH TOWNSHIP**, Johnstown District, Canada West. Population 2,031 in 1852. References: C and 2W.

**ELMSLEY SOUTH TOWNSHIP**, Johnstown District, Canada West, later Leeds County. Settled in 1835. References: C and 3H.

**ELMSTEAD**, dispersed rural community, Maidstone Township, Essex County. Located 12 miles east of Windsor and 30 miles west of Chatham and 4 miles from Tecumseh. Post office opened as **ELMSTEAD**, in 1890. First Postmaster J.S. Austin. Office closed on August 15th, 1904. Elmstead was named for a large elm tree that stood near the site of the (1908) railway station. **ELMSTEAD STATION** served by CPR. Present approved name is **ELMSTEAD**. Population 50 in 1893 and 52 in 1971. Map position: 42°17' 82°51'. References: I, Z, AA, MM, 3B, U10, 5U, V and 5L.

**ELMSVILLE**, SEE:ELIMVILLE, Huron County.

**ELM TREE**, dispersed rural community, Kennebec Township, Frontenac County. Located 55 miles northwest of Kingston, 5 miles from CPR at Arden Station. Post office opened in 1891 under the name **ELMTREE**. First Postmaster Nathaniel Hinchey. Office closed January 1st, 1950. Population 60 in 1895 and 51 in 1951. Present approved name is **ELM TREE**. Map position: 44°41' 77°00'. References: I, 5U, 6T, S, Z, 3B, V and 5L.

**ELMVALE**, SEE: FOUR CORNERS, Simcoe County.

**ELMVALE ACRES**, urban community, Gloucester Township, Russell County, later Part of the City of Ottawa, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located on Lots 14 & 15, 5 miles from Hurdmans Bridge, 5 miles from Billings Bridge and 4 miles from Cyrville and 7 miles from Ramsayville. Present approved name is **ELMVALE ACRES**. Map position: 45°24' 75°38'. References: U, V and 6T.

**ELMVIEW**, post office, Hope Township, Durham County, later Northumberland County. Located near Port Hope. Post office opened as **ELMVIEW**, on June 6th, 1908. First Postmaster Thomas Philp. Office closed March 1st, 1914. There is no further reference to this place. References: 6T and 9F.

**ELMVIEW SUBDIVISION**, subdivision, Neelon Township, Sudbury District. Population 275 in 1966, 467 in 1971 and in 1976, population included in Valley East, Sudbury District. References: 3B and 6M.

**ELMVILLE**, SEE: ELIMVILLE, Huron County.

**ELMWOOD #1**, concentrated rural community, Bentinck Township, Bruce County and in Bruce Township, Grey County. Located on the border of Bruce and Grey Counties, 13 miles northeast of Walkerton and 4 1/2 miles south of Chesley. Post office opened as **ELMWOOD**, in 1864. First Postmaster J. Dirstein. Office still in operation in 1983. Named for the monstrous Elm tree which grew at the main intersection of the Village. Present approved name is **ELMWOOD**. Population 600 in 1893 and 423 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 81°03'. References: I, S, Z, 2Y, U10, 3B, V, 4F and 5L.

ELMWOOD #2, SEE: CHAUDIERE JUNCTION, Carleton County.

ELMWOOD #3, dispersed rural community, Mersea and Tilbury West Townships, Essex County. Located 8 miles from Leamington, 34 miles east of Windsor, the County Seat and 35 miles southeast of Sandwich. The source of the name ELMWOOD was the Leamington & St.Clair Railway, later Michigan Central Railway, who derived it from the miles of surrounding woodland, famous for its soft-elm. Post office opened in 1889 under the name **STAPLES** which was later assumed by both the place and the railway station. First Postmaster was a sawmill-owner, Mr. R. J. Staples, for whom the post office was named. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **STAPLES**. Population 200 in 1892 and 100 in 1980. Map position: 42°10' 82°36'. References: I, S, U, AA, PP and V.

ELMWOOD SUBDIVISION #1, dispersed rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located adjacent to northeast of Amherstview, 3 km southwest of Collins Bay and 7 km northwest of Kingston. Present approved name is **ELMWOOD**. Population 144 in 1961 and 180 in 1966. Map position: 44°14' 76°38'. References: 5A, V, 5L and D.

ELMWOOD SUBDIVISION #2, Hamner Township, Sudbury District. Population 195 in 1961 and 275 in 1966. References: 5A.

ELOIDA, dispersed rural community, Kitley Township, Leeds County. Located 4 miles from Brockville, Westport & Northwestern Railway at Athens Station. Post office opened as **ELOIDA**, on July 1st, 1906. First Postmaster William Henderson. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **ELOIDA**. Map position: 44°41' 75°58'. References: B, S, PP, V, 6T, 7T and 5L.

ELORA, SEE: IRVINE SETTLEMENT, Wellington County.

ELORA TOWNSHIP, Wellington County. Founded in 1832 by Captain William Gilkison, at the Falls of the Grand River. References: 6O.

ELPHIN, dispersed rural community, North Sherbrooke Township, Lanark County. Located 26 miles west of perth and 4 miles east of Kingston & Pembroke Railway at Mississippi Station. Post office opened as **ELPHIN**, on March 1st, 1861. First Postmaster George Wilson. Named to honour Lord Elphin, of Scotland. Office closed in 1972. First settler in this place was Robert Smith Jr., in the 1820's. Present approved name is**ELPHIN**. Population 31 in 1885 and 39 in 1976. Map position: 44°55' 76°37'. References: I, Z, 3R, 3Z, 3N, V, 5L, 7U and 9F.

ELSAS, SEE: ENDAT, Algoma District.

ELSIE #1, hamlet, Minden Township, Victoria County, later Haliburton County. Located 8 miles from Minden, 16 miles northwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Gelert Station, on Gull River, 7 miles north of Kinmount Junction and 12 miles south of Haliburton. Post office opened in 1885 as **ELSIE**, for the Postmaster's infant daughter. First Postmaster Samuel Gilbert. Office closed July 1st, 1947. In 1968 the place name became **HORSESHOE LAKE**. Present approved name is **HORSESHOE LAKE**. Map position: 45°00' 78°42'. References: B, Z, O, V and 7D.

ELSIE #2, post office, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Located 15 miles northeast of Barrie. Hobart is the nearest office since the local office closed. This reference is dated 1895 and there is no further reference to this place or to the "local" office. References: V.

ELSIE #3, station, Nipissing District, later Sudbury District. Located on the Algoma Central & Hudson Bay

Railway (Manitoulin and North Shore branch), later on the Algoma and Eastern Railway, between Clarabelle Junction and Nickelton Station, 3.9 miles from Sudbury. The station name is **ELSIE STATION**. References: PP, 8J and L.

**ELSIE MINE**, settlement, Snider Township, Nipissing District, later designated a concentrated rural community, and Part of the City of Sudbury, within Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Post office named **NICKELTON** opened March 18th, 1910. First Postmaster J.N. Glidden. On July 1st, 1913 the post office name was changed to **WHISTLE MINE**. This office closed July 1st, 1919. The community remains, and is named **NICKELTON** and is located 4 1/2 miles from Sudbury. Present approved name is **NICKELTON**. Map position: 46°31' 81°04'. References: V, 6T and 5S.

**ELSINORE**, dispersed rural community, Arran Township, Bruce County. Located 35 miles north of Walkerton and 3 1/2 miles southwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Allenford. Post office opened May 1st, 1863 under the name ELSINORE, and named for the present (1905) Queen , when she became Princess of Wales. The name is Danish. First Postmaster D. McLeod. Office closed July 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **ELSINORE**. Population 50 in 1893 and 9 in 1976. Map position: 44°31' 81°15'. References: I, S, Z, U10, 3N, V, 6T and 5L.

**ELSINORE BEACH**, SEE: **BURLINGTON BEACH**, Wentworth County.

**ELTRUT LAKE**, hamlet, Rainy River District. Located on Turtle River and 30 miles north of CNR at Mine Centre. Map position: 49°02' 92°25'. References: U, 6V and 9J.

**ELWOOD**, SEE: **CHAUDIERE JUNCTION**, Carleton County.

**ELY**, post office, Armour Township, Parry Sound District. Located on the northeast branch of the Magnetawan River, about 100 miles north of Barrie. Post office opened as **ELY**, in 1880. First Postmaster Victor C. Harvey. Office closed in 1886. No recent reference to this place. References: I, T, Z, 3R and 5V.

**ELZEVIR**, dispersed rural community, Elzevir Township, Hastings County. Located near CPR at Kaladar Station and 21 km from Tweed. Post office opened as **ELZEVIR**, on May 1st, 1908. First Postmaster Charles McNulty. Office closed September 27th, 1938. Present approved name is **ELZEVIR**. Map position: 44°38' 77°16'. References: U, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

**ELZEVIR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Midland District, Canada West, later Hastings County. Now joined with Grimsthorpe Township. Population 600 in 1852. Map position: 44°38' 77°20'. References: C, 3H, 2W and V.

**EMBERSON**, hamlet, Brunel Township, Muskoka District Municipality. Located 8 miles southeast of Huntsville and 35 miles northeast of Gravenhurst. Post office opened as **EMBERSON**, in 1876. First Postmaster Henry Jarvis. Office closed May 21st, 1924. Population 50 in 1895 and 60 in 1908. No recent reference to this hamlet. Map position: 45°18' 79°09'. References: I, S, Z, PP, 5V, 6T and 9J.

**EMBRO**, SEE: **EDINBOROUGH**, Oxford County.

**EMBRO STATION**, station, Oxford County. Located on Credit Valley line of CPR, 3 miles from Embro. This station noted between the years 1893 and 1907. No recent references to this place. References: S, Z and U10.

**EMBRUN**, SEE: **ST. JACQUES D'EMBRUN**, Russel County.

**EMERALD**, SEE: **KAOUNESGO**, Lennox and Addington County.

**EMERALD ISLE**, Ennismore Township, Peterborough County. Located 2 km west of Connaught Shore on Buckhorn Lake and 12 km northwest of Lakefield. Name not approved. Present approved name is **EMERALD ISLE**. Population 121 in 1971 and 224 in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 78°25'. References: 3B, 6M and 5L.

**EMERALD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Map position: 47°55' 81°31'. References: V.

**EMERSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Map position: 50°09' 81°58'. References: V.

EMERY #1, SEE: DAWTON, York County.

EMERY #2, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 7 km northeast of Gananoque, 10 km southwest of Lansdowne and 2 km southeast of Marble Rock. Present approved name is **EMERY**. Population 22 in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 76°08'. References: V and 5L.

EMERY'S CORNERS #1, settlement, Markham Township, York County. Located along the Gormley Sideroad, at the CPR tracks (1905). this District became known as **NEW GORMLEY** to which the name was changed, to distinguish it from Old Gormley at Woodbine Avenue. With use, the name became **GORMLEY STATION**. This was taken over by the Town of Richmond Hill, within the Regional Municipality of York, when Regional Government was formed in 1971. No recent reference to this settlement. References: 3G, 5A, 5E and 3B.

EMERY'S CORNERS #2, settlement, Maidstone Township, Essex County. Located on Lot 1, Concession 2, 2.6 miles from Bell River and 5 1/2 miles from Tecumseh and 1 mile from Puce. Post office opened as **EMERYVILLE**. January 8th, 1948. First Postmaster Delmont Quinlan. Office still in operation in 1983. Recently designated as a concentrated rural community. It has been refered to as the **PUCE-EMERYVILLE AREA**. The station name is **EMERYVILLE** on CNR, and it is the station between Puce and Bell River Stations. Present approved name is **EMERYVILLE**. Map position: 42°18' 82°45'. References: SS, V, 6T, 5A and 5L. SEE: PUCE-EMERYVILLE AREA entry.

EMERYVILLE, SEE: EMERY'S CORNERS #2, Essex County.

EMILY, SEE: WILLIAMSTOWN #5, Victoria County.

EMILYVILLE, SEE: SEYMOUR, Northumberland County.

EMIRY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 24, Range 18, Algoma District.

EMMERTON BEACH, Huron Township, Bruce County. Population 29 in 1976. References: 3B.

EMMET, SEE: EMMETT, Renfrew County.

EMMETT, dispersed rural community, Hagarty Township, Renfrew County. Located 40 miles south of Pembroke and 26 miles from Ottawa, Arnprior & Parry Sound Railway at Eganville Station. Post office opened as **EMMETT**, in 1876. First Postmaster John O'Grady, who was also the first settler. Office closed February 6th, 1915. Population 200 in 1885 and 50 in 1908. Place name was changed in 1974 to **O'GRADY SETTLEMENT**. Present approved name is **O'GRADY SETTLEMENT**. Map position: 45°30' 77°29'. References: I, S, Z, PP, 3R, V, 6T and 5V.

EMO, SEE: EMO RIVER, Rainy River District.

EMO (MUNICIPALITY OF): This municipal Township includes the Geographic Townships of Aylesworth, Lash and Carpenter. Area 46,460 acres. Total Assesment $820,300.00. Population 1,142 in 1927. References: 2P.

EMO RIVER, post office, Algoma District, later Thunder Bay District, subsequently Lash Township, Rainy River District. Located 150 miles east of Rat Portage, on Highway #20, a distance of 23 miles west of Fort Francis. Post office is named after a river in Ireland and was established in 1887 as **EMO RIVER**. First Postmaster Alexander Luttrell. Office named changed to **EMO** on July 1st, 1897. Office still in operation in 1983. The station at this place is called **EMO STATION** and is on the Canadian Northern Railway mainline, at an altitude of 1,106 feet above sea-level. The first sawmill was established in 1870. Present approved name is **EMO**. Map position: 48°38' 93°50'. Population 10 in 1893, 150 in 1908 and 653 in 1980. References: 2P, Z, I, U10, 7F, 5T, E, PP, U, 3B, L3, 2Y, V and 5L.

**EMO TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township in Sudbury District, later Rainy River District. Located on Highway #11, 32 km west of Fort Francis, on the bank of the Rainy River. Incorporated as a Township October 20th, 1899. Quieting Order M549, dated December 12th, 1955. Population 1,029 in 1978 and 1,036 in 1980. Map position: 46°56' 81°31'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**EMPEY**, post office, Madoc Township, Hastings County. Located on the Moira River, 3 miles from Central Ontario Railway and Grand Trunk Railway at Eldorado Station. Post office opened as **EMPEY** in 1888. First Postmaster Levins Empey, who was one of the first settlers. Office closed September 1st, 1913. No recent reference to this place. Population 100 in 1892 and 15 in 1926. References: I, S, Z, AA, 6T and 7D.

**EMPEY HILL**, dispersed rural community, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County and in Richmond Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 4 miles from Selby. Post office opened as **EMPEY HILL**, on November 1st, 1908. First Postmaster David Martin. Office closed December 26th, 1912. Present approved name is **EMPEY HILL**. Map position: 44°15' 77°04'. References: B, 6T, V and 5L.

**EMPIRE #1**, SEE: **EMPIRE CORNERS**, Haldimand County.

**EMPIRE #2**, SEE: **GOLD MINE CAMP**, Thunder Bay District.

**EMPIRE CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Seneca Township, Haldimand County, later Part of Town of Haldimand in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 2 miles from York Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 2 miles from Seneca on CNR. Post office established in 1887 as **EMPIRE**. First Postmaster John Evans. Office closed August 1st, 1914. The post office name was discontinued in 1914 because it was conflicting with a post office named Empire near Long Lac. The name was changed to **EMPIRE CORNERS** in 1934. Present approved name is **EMPIRE CORNERS**. Map position: 43°02' 79°47'. References: V, I, S, Z, SS, 6T, 5T and 7D.

**EMPIRE MILLS**, This place was located east of Markham in York County in Upper Canada in 1835. The Wollen Mill had 50 employees. There was a church, school and wooden sidewalks. In 1883, the Village had electric lights. In 1887, the train by-passed and went through Markham several miles west and the business of the place moved there. In 1977, there is nothing left but the cemetery. References: E, Rob Brown.

**EMPIRE PIT STATION**, station, Daoust Township, Sudbury District. Located on Chapleau Division of CPR. Station number 4590, between the stations of Poulin and Devon, in 1911. References: 10B.

**EMRA**, station, Devitt Township, Cochrane District. Post office established February 21st, 1928, named **FRYATT**. First Postmaster J.N. Bernard. Office closed March 31st, 1949. The station named **FRYATT STATION** is on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line, at an altitude of 778 feet above sea level and is located 3 miles from Mattice. Present approved name is **FRYATT**. Population 154 in 1951 and 113 in 1956. Map position: 49°38' 83°18'. References: L2, SS, 3B, 5E, V and 6T.

**EMSDALE**, Perry Township, Parry Sound District. Located 50 miles north of Gravenhurst on the North and North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway and on the Ottawa, Arnprior and Parry Sound Railway. Post office established as **EMSDALE**, in 1878. First Postmaster Robert Scarlett. Post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **EMSDALE**. Population 100 in 1892 and 110 in 1976. Map position: 45°32' 79°19'. References: I, T, Z, AA, V, 5V and 5L.

**ENA**, station, Kenora District. Located 24 kilometres north of Kenora and 11 kilometres west of Reddit. This is a summer cottage area. Population in the winter is 12 and in the summer 175. The station named **ENA LAKE** is on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,090 feet above sea level. The name was changed from Ena to Ena Lake by CNR, January, 1961. Present approved name is **ENA**. Population 5 in 1976. Map position: 49°59' 94°31'. References: R2, L2, SS, V and 5L.

**ENA LAKE**, SEE: **ENA**, District of Kenora.

**ENDAT**, This post office was called **AGATE** and located at Agate, in December, 1920. The post office was moved

to Elsas and named **ENDAT**, in October, 1920. Elsas is a railway point in Kapuskasing Township, Algoma District. Located 38 miles from Foleyet and near Hornepayne. The railway station named **AGATE** changed to **ELSAS STATION**, in December, 1920, and is on CNR. Present approved name is **ENDAT**. Population 32 in 1941 and 28 in 1972. Map position: 48°31' 82°54'. References: SS, 3B, LL, O and V.

**ENDO**, hamlet, Algoma District. Located 8 kilometres from Goudreau Station on Algoma Central Railway. Located 18 miles from Franz and 30 miles from Michipicoten Harbour. References: U.

**ENFIELD**, dispersed rural community, Darlington Township, Durham County, later Part of Town of Newcastle, in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 47 miles west of Cobourg, 12 miles north of Oshawa and 5 miles east of Burketon on CPR. Post office established as **ENFIELD** in 1864. First Postmaster Jon Hymers. Office closed September 30th, 1914. Present approved name is **ENFIELD**. Population 50 in 1893, 1,056 in 1971 and after 1976 population included in Town of Newcastle. Map position: 44°02' 78°50'. References: I, S, Z, 3G, 3B, U10, V and 6T.

**ENGEDDI**, SEE: **HOG'S BACK #2**, Simcoe County.

**ENGEDI**, SEE: **HOG'S BACK #2**, SImcoe County.

**ENGINE HOUSE**, Essex County, on Michigan Central Railway. This reference is dated 1893 and there is no other reference to this place. References: U10.

**ENGLEHART**, Town, Evanturel Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated as a Town January 1st, 1908. Located 44.1 kilometres northwest of New Liskeard. This place was named for Jacob Lewis Englehart who was Chairman of the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. In 1922, this place was almost wiped out by forest fire. It is located on the Blanche River, Highway #11 and is 24 miles north of New Liskeard. Post office established as **ENGLEHART**, on November 1st, 1906. First Postmaster Edward A. McLeod. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **ENGLEHART**. Population 800 in 1913 and 1,767 in 1976. Map position: 47°49' 79°52'. References: M, R1, DD, HH, 2T, 2Y, 7T, 5L, NN and V.

**ENGLISH**, station, Rainy River District. Located 39 miles from Savanne, 19 miles from Bonheur and on Thunder Bay at the northwest angle of Lake Superior. The station is on CPR main line at an altitude of 1,516 feet above sea level. It is also 113 miles west of Fort William. Post office established as **ENGLISH**, on March 1st, 1914. First Postmaster G. C. Kester. Office closed December 31st, 1924. No recent references to this place. References: PP, L1 and 6T.

**ENGLISH CORNERS**, hamlet, East Whitby Township, Ontario County, later designated a concentrated rural community, Part of City of Oshawa in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 8 miles northeast of Whitby, 8 miles north of Oshawa and 5 miles south of Myrtle on CPR. Post office established in Home District, Canada West, on August 6th, 1847 and named **COLUMBUS**. First Postmaster John Black. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler was a Mr. Wilcockson. Present approved name is **COLUMBUS**. Population 500 in 1893 and 194 in 1971. After 1976, population included in Oshawa. Map position: 43°59' 78°55'. References: 3G, 1R, I, Z, S, C, 3B, U10, 8P, 6S, V and 7D.

**ENGLISH LINE**, dispersed rural community, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 6 km southeast of Campbellford, 4 km west of Green Acres and 8 km northeast of Percy Room. Present approved name is **ENGLISH LINE**. Map position: 44°16' 77°44'. References: V+ and 5L.

**ENGLISH RIVER**, dispersed rural community, Corman Township, Kenora District and Thunder Bay District. Located 55 kilometres east of Ignace, on Highway 17 and 116 miles west of Port Arthur. The station is called English River, on CPR, east of Martin Station and west of Bridge River Station. Post office established as **ENGLISH RIVER**, on September 1st,1879. First Postmaster Patrick Doyle. Office closed December 1st, 1881. Present approved name is **ENGLISH RIVER**. Population 25 in 1908 and 20 in 1976. Map position: 49°13' 90°58'. References: I, R2, Z, PP, V, 5V, 6Z, 8G and 5L.

**ENGLISH RIVER INDIAN RESERVE #21,** southwest of Lac Seul, Kenora District. Population 424 in 1976. Map position: 50°11' 94°02'. References: V and 5L.

**ENGLISH RIVER INDIAN RESERVE #66,** northeast of Fagwa River, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°28' 84°25'. References: V and 5L.

**ENGLISH SETTLEMENT,** Murray Township, Northumberland County. Located on the second concession. There is no date and no further reference to this place. Reference: 10.

**ENGLISH SETTLEMENT CONGREGATION,** SEE:VANNECK, Middlesex County.

**ENGLISH TOWN,** Hope Township, Durham County. This is on a hill on the west side of Port Hope and is actually Part of the Town of Port Hope. References: 1P.

**ENGLISH TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°04' 81°17'. References: V.

**ENGSTROM TOWNSHIP,** SEE: TOWNSHIP 23, Range 18, Sudbury District.

**ENID TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°31' 81°58'. References: V.

**ENNETT,** dispersed rural community, Chatham Township, Kent County. Located 10 miles north of Chatham and 4 miles from Dresden. Post office established on August 1st, 1886, and named TURNERVILLE. First Postmaster William Turner. Office closed January 14th, 1961. ENNETT STATION, on Pere Marquette Railway and the Erie and Huron Railway. Present approved name is TURNERVILLE. Population 25 in 1893 and 38 in 1976. Map position: 42°33' 82°11'. References: B, Z, DD, U10, V, I, 3B, XX, 5T and 9F.

**ENNETT STATION,** SEE: ENNETT, Kent County.

**ENNIS #1,** Adjala Township, Simcoe County. Located 33 miles southwest of Barrie and 7 miles from Alliston Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as ENNIS, in 1883. First Postmaster John O'Leary. Office closed July 1st, 1915. This place named by the settlers for a Town in Ireland. Population 50 in 1895 and 100 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, Z, 6T, PP, JJ and 5P.

**ENNIS #2,** post office, Enniskillen Township, Lambton County, formerly Western District, Canada West. Located 3 miles from Petrolia. Post office established as ENNIS, on October 6th, 1852. First Postmaster James Little. Office closed January 1st, 1865, when the Postmaster resigned and no replacement could be found. No further reference to this post office. References: I, A, 3K and 2Z.

**ENNISKERRY,** SEE: DAWSON #2, Russell County.

**ENNISKILLEN #1,** SEE: CHARLESVILLE #2, Durham County.

**ENNISKILLEN #2,** Town, Enniskillen Township, Lambton County. Located 15 miles from Sarnia and 50 miles from London. Post office opened in 1850, named DURANCE. First Postmaster Daniel Durance. On September 30th, 1859, the post office name changed to PETROLEA. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village named PETROLEA on December 13th, 1866. Proclaimed Town January 5th, 1874, and the name was changed to PETROLIA. This place had oil wells and became the centre of quite an industry. Up to 1906, the post office retained the name, Petrolea, but at that point changed it to Petrolia. Present approved name is PETROLIA. Population 2,651 in 1871 and 4,044 in 1971. Map position: 42°52' 82°09'. References: 2Y, I, 3Y, 3X, B, M, 1H, HH, 2T, V and 2Z.

**ENNISKILLEN #3,** concentrated rural community, Greenock Township, Bruce County. Located 6 miles west of Walkerton. Post office established as GREENOCK on October 6th, 1852. First Postmaster J.B. Ritchie. Post office closed on February 28th, 1969. Present approved name is GREENOCK. Population 50 in 1891 and 51 in 1976.

**ENNISKILLEN #4**, hamlet, Normanby Township, later on Normanby and Egremont Township line, Grey County. Located 34 miles south of Owen Sound and 3 miles south of Durham. Post office established in 1869 and named **VARNEY**. First Postmaster Francis Eden. Office closed by 1972. Place assumed the name of **VARNEY**, which originally came from a lady's name (Marian Harriet Varney Trivat). First distillery, grist and saw mill owner, Mr. Provost, named Varney. Present approved name is **VARNEY**. Population 100 in 1892 and 87 in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 80°48'. References: Z, 7B, I, T, S, AA, 3B, 7B, 4H, 9F and 9J.

ENNISKILLEN TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Lambton County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1855. Population 238 in 1852 and 3,363 in 1980. Map position: 42°52' 82°07'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and V.

ENNISMORE, dispersed rural community, Ennismore Township, Peterborough County. Located 10 miles northwest of Peterborough. Post office established as **ENNISMORE**, in 1859. First Postmaster P. Gallivan. Post office still in operation in 1983. Religious Parish name for this place **SAINT MARTIN**. Local name in 1875 was **THE CROSS** Present approved name is **ENNISMORE**. Population 200 in 1893 and 75 in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 78°26'. References: B, I, S, 3B, 2M, U10, SS, V, 5L and 9F.

ENNISMORE TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Peterborough County. Incorporated January 1st, 1852. Quieting Order P5448-68, dated August 19th, 1968. Population 439 in 1847 and 3,092 in 1980. Map position: 44°25' 78°28'. References: HH, 2M, M, and V.

ENNISVILLE, SEE: **FREER'S FALLS**, Lanark County.

ENNOTVILLE, SEE: **BARNETT**, Wellington County.

ENTERPRISE #1, SEE: **THOMPSON'S CORNERS #3**, Addington County.

ENTERPRISE #2, SEE: **ENTERPRISE LANDING**, Algoma District.

ENTERPRISE #3, SEE: **WILLIAMSVILLE #1**, Haldimand County.

ENTERPRISE LANDING, station, Canadian Northern Railway. Located 40 miles from Port Arthur, 4 miles from Silver Islet on the main line of the railroad at an altitude of 737 feet above sea level. Post office opened in 1874 named **ENTERPRISE LANDING** in Algoma District. First Postmaster C.L. Stevenson. Office closed 1875. No recent reference to this station. References: L3, 4N, I and 7B.

EPPING, dispersed rural community, Euphrasia Township, Grey County. Located 23 miles southwest of Owen Sound, 10 miles south of Meaford and also on Beaver River. Post office established as **EPPING**, on December 1st, 1858. First Postmaster John Benson. Office closed August 31st, 1925. Present approved name is **EPPING**. Population 40 in 1893 and 60 in 1926. Map position: 44°27' 80°33'. References: I, T, S, MM, 3X, V, 6T and 5L.

EPSOM, SEE: **JOCKELEY HILL**, Ontario County.

EPWORTH, Village, Keppel Township, Grey County. Located 12 miles northwest of Owen Sound and 10 miles north of Walkerton. Incorporated as a Village April 20th, 1907. Post office established January 1st, 1866, and named **HEPWORTH**. The original intention was to call this place Epworth without the 'H' in front of the name for the place in England. However, the clerk did not hear Mr. Spencer, an early pioneer, who suggested the name Epworth, which because of his accent sounded like Hepworth and was so registered. First Postmaster William Plows who was the founder of the place. Office still in operation in 1983. Station at this place called **HEPWORTH STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **HEPWORTH**. Population 150 in 1885 and 376 in 1979. Map position: 44°37' 81°09'. References: I, M, N, S, Z, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3R, NN, V and TT.

ERAMOSA, dispersed rural community, Eramosa Township, Wellington County. Located 5 miles northeast of Guelph, 61 miles from Toronto and 107 miles from Goderich. Post office named **ERAMOSA** opened October 6th, 1839. The word is Indian and means "dog". First Postmaster George Forster. Office closed January 30th, 1943. Present

approved name is **ERAMOSA**. Population 100 in 1886 and 78 in 1976. Map position: 43°37' 80°13'. References: I, G, T, S, 3B, 5L, 3S, V, 6T and 8P.

**ERAMOSA (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Geographic Township, Wellington County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. Formerly in Wellington District, Canada West. Area 44,600 acres. Population 2,250 in 1852 and 4,273 in 1980. Map position: 43°40' 80°15'. Surveyed in 1819 by Samuel Ryckman who was also the first land patentee. First settlers were the three Ramsay brothers in 1819. References: C, HH, 2W, M, V and 2H.

**ERASMUS**, hamlet, East Luther Township, Dufferin County. Located 20 miles west of Orangeville, 13 miles from Grand Valley Station on CPR and 12 miles east of Arthur. Post office established as **ERASMUS**, on May 1st, 1870. First Postmaster John Jenkinson. On October 1st, 1903, the post office name was changed to **WESLEY**. Office closed September 1st, 1919. No recent reference to this hamlet. Map position: 44°00' 80°25'. References: SS, 5U, 7Q, B, I, S, 5W, 6T and 9J.

**ERB'S MILLS**, Town, North Dumfries Township, Regional Municipality of Waterloo, formerly in Township of Waterloo, Wellington District, and at times shown in Waterloo South Postal District. Located 62 miles west of Toronto with stations on Grand Trunk Railway and CPR, 3 miles north of Galt and 8 miles southeast of Berlin, later Kitchener. Post office established as **PRESTON**, on February 6th, 1837. First Postmaster Adam Ferrie Jr. Post office still in operation in 1984. An occasional name for this place up to 1830 was **CAMBRIDGE MILLS** named for Cambridge in England. This place became Part of the City of Cambridge in the Regional Municipality of Waterloo, on January 1st, 1973. First settler John Erb, a brother of Abraham Erb who founded Waterloo. John built the first mill which became the first name of the place, Erb's Mills. Incorporated as a Village in 1852 and as a Town in 1900. This place was first settled in 1805. The name Preston was given by Squire Scollick for his native place in Lancashire, England. Present approved name is **PRESTON**. Population 1,538 in 1861 and 6,704 in 1948. Map position: 43°23' 80°21'. References: 2Y, I, M, S, G, HH, 2T, 3S, 5K, 6O, 7B, 7V and V.

**ERB'S MILL**, SEE: **CITY OF CAMBRIDGE**, Waterloo County.

**ERB'S ROAD**, Wellington District. Nearest post office name Petersburg in 1848. No further reference to this place. References: C.

**ERBSVILLE**, concentrated rural community, Waterloo Township, Waterloo County, later Part of City of Waterloo in the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 7 miles northwest of Berlin, later Kitchener and 5 miles from Waterloo. Post office established as **ERBSVILLE**, on February 1st, 1863. First Postmaster John L. Erb. Office closed April 30th, 1914. Present approved name is **ERBSVILLE**. Population 25 in 1885 and 47 in 1972. Map position: 43°29' 80°36'. References: I, S, 3B, 3R, O, 3N, V, 6T and 4A.

**ERIC**, summer resort, on the St. Lawrence River, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Located 5 miles east of Kingston. Post office established as **ERIC**, in 1889. First Postmaster John A. Wilmot. Office closed June 10th, 1913. No recent references to this place. Population 100 in 1895. References: I, Z and 6T.

**ERIC TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°43' 82°09'. References: V.

**ERICSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°54' 83°20'. References: V.

**ERICUS**, SEE: **ERIEUS**, Kent County.

**ERIE**, dispersed rural community, Walpole Township, Haldimand County, later Part of City of Nanticoke in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 9 miles southwest of Cayuga and 4 miles east of Jarvis Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **ERIE** in 1865. First Postmaster R. McBurney. Office closed July 1st, 1914. The name Erie is an Indian word meaning "panther". Present approved name is **ERIE**. Population 80 in 1893 and 13 in 1971. After 1976, population included in Nanticoke. Map position: 42°51' 80°01'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, U10, V, 6T, 7P and 4C.

ERIE AND HURON CROSSING, Kent County, on Grand Trunk Railway, also called ERIE AND HURON JUNCTION on Michigan Central Railway. This place has a Canadian Express office. Population 50 in 1893. References: U10.

ERIEAU, Village, Harwich Township, Kent County. Located on Lake Erie, 4 miles from Blenheim and 22 miles south of Chatham. Summer Post office established on June 1st, 1896. First Postmaster E. S. Spashett. Office still in operation in 1983. ERIEAU STATION served by the Windsor and Lake Erie Electric Railway and by Pere Marquette Railway. Incorporated as a Village of Erieau on April 12th, 1917. Present approved name is ERIEAU. Population 20 in 1913 and 453 in 1976. Map position: 42°16' 81°56'. References: S, DD, MM, HH, 2T, B, B, V, 7E, 5L and F.

ERIE BEACH #1, Bertie Township, Welland County, later Part of Town of Fort Erie in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Post office established as summer post office named ERIE BEACH on June 1st, 1913. First Postmaster Alonzo R. Ellis. On November 1st, 1948, the summer post office became a year round post office. On October 1st, 1959, the status of the office was changed to a sub-post office of Niagara Falls. Present approved name is ERIE BEACH. Population 392 in 1956 and 529 in 1966. Map position: 42°53' 78°57'. References: B, 5A, 5E, V and 6T.

ERIE BEACH #2, hamlet, Harwich Township, Kent County. Located on Lake Erie, 3 miles west of Erieau and 5 miles from Blenheim. Founded in 1908 by Chatham, Wallaceburg and Lake Erie Electric Railway which was discontinued as a railway in 1930. Incorporated as a Village April 27th, 1916. Present approved name is ERIE BEACH. Population 28 in 1921 and 254 in 1976. Map position: 42°16' 82°00'. References: B, HH, 2T, M, 2Y, 3B, V and 5L.

ERIE CURVE, urban community, Part of Town of Leamington, County of Essex. Present approved name is ERIE CURVE. Map position: 42°02' 82°36'. References: V.

ERIEUS, Raleigh Township, Western District, later Kent County. Post office opened as ERICUS, on October 6th, 1831. First Postmaster James W. Little. The name was later changed to ERIEUS. This post office had several openings and closings. After one of them, the post office was re-opened at this site (in 1875) and was named OUVRY. Office closed February 12th, 1914. Present approved name is OUVRY. Population 20 in 1893, 25 in 1913 and 10 in 1976. Map position: 42°13' 82°08'. References: 7X, I, 3S, DD, U10, 6T, V and 7D.

ERIE VIEW, Walsingham Township, Norfolk County, later within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 24 miles southwest of Simcoe and 27 kilometres from Courtland and on concession B Road and 6th Side Road. Post office established as ERIE VIEW, in 1894. First Postmaster E.L. Foster. Office closed August 14th, 1914. Present approved name is ERIE VIEW. Population 50 in 1907 and 15 in 1926. Map position: 42°36' 80°31'. References: B, I, S, Z, MM, PP, RR, V, 6T and 5L.

ERIN, SEE: McMILLAN'S MILLS, Wellington County.

ERINDALE, SEE: CREDIT MILLS #1, Peel County.

ERINDALE LAKE, Toronto Township, Peel County. This is place where Erindale mill dam produced electricity for the Village and became a danger as several people disappeared or were drowned in it, in the 1930's. In 1940, the lake was drained and in 1941, the area was dynamited to obliterate the lake. References: 3C.

ERINDALE STATION, SEE: CREDIT MILLS #1, Peel County. This station was demolished in 1958.

ERINDALE WOODLANDS, SEE: CREDIT WOODLANDS, Peel County.

ERIN MILLS, dispersed rural community, 16 kilometres from Brampton in Peel County. In this residential development there are 4 portions named ERIN MILLS SOUTH, ERIN MILLS WEST, ERIN MILLS CENTRE and ERIN MILLS RIDGE. In Erin Mills South are areas of BROOKMEDE, KING'S MASTING, WOODHURST, PHEASANT RUN and ARBOR GREEN, all names used by the local residents. This place was in Toronto Township, and is now Part of the City of Mississauga in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Map position: 43°33' 79°42'. References: U, 3G, C

and V.

**ERIN MILLS,** SEE: **CITY OF MISSISSAUGA**, Peel County.

**ERIN MILLS CENTRE,** SEE: **ERIN MILLS**, Peel County.

**ERIN MILLS RIDGE,** SEE: **ERIN MILLS**, Peel County.

**ERIN MILLS SOUTH,** SEE: **ERIN MILLS**, Peel County.

**ERIN MILLS WEST,** SEE: **ERIN MILLS**, Peel County.

**ERINSVILLE,** dispersed rural community, Sheffield Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 20 miles north of Napanee, 39 miles from Kingston and 4 miles from Tamworth. Post office established as **ERINSVILLE** on November 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Jeremiah Gafney. Office still in operation in 1983. This place name is sometimes misspelled as **ERINVILLE.** Also misspelled **ERNISVILLE** in 1875. Post office still open and operating in 1973. Religious Parish name **ASSOMPTION de la STE. VIERGE.** Present approved name is **ERINSVILLE.** Population 200 in 1893 and 89 in 1976. Map position: 44°29' 77°03'. References: B, I, S, EE, MM, 3B, U10, 3K, SS, 5L and V.

**ERIN TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Wellington County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. This Township was formerly in Wellington District, Canada Westand was purchased in 1818 from the Mississaugas. First settled in the 1820's. First settlers George and Nathaniel Roszel in November, 1820. Named by the surveyors Charles Kennedy, O'Reilly and Burt in 1819. Area 76,400 acres. Population 3,590 in 1852 and 5,767 in 1980. Map position: 43°45' 80°07'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, 6O, V and 2H.

**ERINVILLE,** SEE: **McMILLAN'S MILLS**, Wellington County.

**ERMATINGER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°35' 81°38'. References: V.

**ERMINE TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°52' 84°18'. References: V.

**ERNESTOWN,** SEE: **TOWN #2**, Lennox and Addington County.

**ERNEST TOWN,** SEE: **TOWN #2**, Lennox County.

**ERNESTOWN STATION,** railway point, Ernestown Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 14 miles east of Napanee and 15 miles from Kingston. Post office established as **ERNESTOWN STATION,** in 1873. First Postmaster Solomon Amey. Office closed November 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **ERNESTOWN STATION.** Population 200 in 1892 and 70 in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 76°45'. References: I, Z, AA, 5L, 5A, 6T, 5V and 9J.

**ERNESTOWN TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Lennox and Addington County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P4761-67, dated July 23rd, 1968. This township was formerly in Midland District, Canada West. Area 68,644 acres. First settled by United Empire Loyalists in 1781. Population 5,111 in 1852 and 11,128 in 1980. Map position: 44°17' 76°45'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, V, ZZ and 6E.

**ERNISVILLE,** SEE: **ERINSVILLE**, Addington County.

**ERNSCLIFFE,** SEE: **EARNSCLIFFE**, Dufferin and Simcoe County.

**ERNSDALE,** Located in Muskoka District. It had a stage from Huntsville, 3 times weekly and the year of this reference is 1879. No further reference to this place. References: 1L.

**ERRETTSVILLE,** dispersed rural community, Evanturel Township, Timiskaming District. Present approved name is

**ERRETTSVILLE.** Map position: 47°50' 79°52'. References: V+.

**ERRINGTON MINE,** Sudbury District. Located 8 kilometres from Chelmsford. Reference dated 1980. References: U.

**ERRINGTON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°42' 87°01'. References: V.

**ERROL,** dispersed rural community, Plympton Township, Lambton County, formerly located in Western District, Canada West. Located 12 miles northeast of Sarnia and 2 miles west of Camlachie Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **ERROL,** on February 6th, 1837. This is one of the four original post offices in Lambton County. First Postmaster Alfred Toulmin. Office closed April 30th, 1884. A later spelling of this office was **ERROLL** after 1851. This place was laid out by the government in 1837, at a point 18 miles northeast of Port Sarnia. Town lots sold at 20 dollars each in 1846. Population 100 in 1875 and 414 in 1976. Present approved name is **ERROL.** Map position: 43°03' 82°12'. References: I, A, G, C, Z, 2Z, 5L, 3B, 3S and V.

**ERSKINE,** dispersed rural community, Euphrasia Township, Grey County. This place located 25 miles southeast of Owen Sound. Post office established as **ERSKINE** in 1888. First Postmaster Robert S. Erskine. Office named for first Postmaster. On February 1st, 1899, post office name was changed to **BEAVERDALE.** Present approved name is **BEAVERDALE.** Office closed April 1st, 1914. This place located 25 miles southeast of Owen Sound. Population 40 in 1895. Map position: 44°25' 80°36'. References: I, Z, 7H, 5T, S, V and 6T.

**ESCOTT,** SEE: **ANDREWSBURG,** Leeds County.

**ESCOTT CENTRE,** hamlet, Escott Township, Leeds County. Located 6 miles from Mallorytown Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **ESCOTT CENTRE** on August 15th, 1906. First Postmaster Francis J. Lynch. Office closed November 30th, 1913. Name of this place changed in 1974 to **HOLLAND.** Present approved name is **HOLLAND.** Population 65 in 1951. Map position: 44°25' 75°57'. References: S, PP, V, 6T, 9F and 7T.

**ESCOTT TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **FRONT OF ESCOTT TOWNSHIP,** Leeds County.

**ESCOTT TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **REAR OF YONGE AND ESCOTT TOWNSHIP,** Leeds County.

**ESCOTT TOWNSHIP,** Johnstown District, Canada West. Population 1,099 in 1852 and 1,755 in 1861. This Township was named for Sir George Yong's residence in Devonshire, England. References: 2N, 2W and C.

**ESCOTT VILLAGE,** Located on Mill Creek, Escott Township, Leeds County. Located 18 miles southwest of Brockville and 6 miles west of Mallorytown. Post office established as **ESCOTT VILLAGE,** on April 1st, 1885. First Postmaster Thomas Abraham. The name of this place at that time was Escott Village and the name given to the post office **WATERTON.** Waterton post office closed January 31st, 1914. Present approved name is **WATERTON.** Population 50 in 1893 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 75°57'. References: I, AA, 9J, 3B, U10, 6T and 7D.

**ESHER,** railway point, Strathearn Township, Sudbury District, on CPR in Algoma District. Located 375 miles east of Port Arthur on the main line of CPR, at an altitude of 1,472 feet above sea level. Located at mile 2283, east of Chapleau Station. Present approved name is **ESHER.** No population shown. Map position: 47°52' 83°34'. References: S, Z, L1, V, 226, 8K and 5L.

**ESKDALE,** dispersed rural community, Kincardine Township, Bruce County. Located 18 miles northwest of Walkerton and 13 miles northeast of Kincardine Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **ESKDALE,** in 1875. First Postmaster Donald Cameron. Office closed December 31st, 1912. Present approved name is **ESKDALE.** Population 55 in 1895 and 25 in 1908. Map position: 44°14' 81°28'. References: I, S, Z, PP, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 5V.

**ESKIMO,** tourist camp, located 7 miles from Ramore Station in Cochrane District. References: U and 6V.

**ESMONDE,** dispersed rural community, Grattan Township, Renfrew County. Located 40 miles south of Pembroke and

22 miles southwest of Renfrew on CPR. Post office established as **ESMONDE**, in 1880. Named after Sir Thomas Esmonde in Ireland and named by Mr. T.P. French, post office inspector. First Postmaster Patrick Curry. Office closed May 15th, 1917. Present approved name is **ESMONDE**. Population 25 in 1895 and 15 in 1926. Map position: 45°23' 77°04'. References: I, S, Z, MM, V, 5T, 6T and 5L.

**ESNAGAMI TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°18' 86°51'. References: V.

**ESPANOLA #1**, SEE: **SPANISH #2**, Sudbury District.

**ESPANOLA #2**, SEE: **ESPANOLA STATION**, Algoma District.

**ESPANOLA STATION**, post office, Baldwin Township, Algoma District. Located 1 1/2 miles from Espanola. Located 44 miles west of Sudbury and is recently designated a concentrated rural community. The modern place is located at the junction of Highway 17 and 68. Post office opened as **ESPANOLA STATION** on December 1st, 1908. First Postmaster Charles Cuillerier. Office name changed to **McKERROW** on March 1st, 1932. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **McKERROW**. Population 145 in 1956 and 323 in 1976. Map position: 46°17' 81°46'. References: SS, 6T, V, 3B and 5E.

**ESQUEGA TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 28, Range 24**, Algoma District.

**ESQUESING**, SEE: **STEWARTTOWN**, Halton County.

**ESQUESING TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Halton County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C70. Part annexed by Town of Milton and part annexed by Town of Halton Hills, effective January 1st, 1974. This township used to be in Gore District, Canada West. It was first settled in 1819. First town meeting was held January 1st, 1821. Population 424 in 1821 and 5,225 in 1852. Area 70,400 acres. Map position: 43°37' 79°57'. References: C, 2W, M, 1B and V.

**ESSA**, dispersed rural community, Vespra Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 km northeast of Angus, 12 km southwest of Barrie and 11 km southeast of Minesing. Present approved name is **ESSA**. Population 36 in 1980. Map position: 44°20' 79°50'. References: B, U, V and 5L.

**ESSA CENTRE**, SEE: **COB COY**, Simcoe County.

**ESSA TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Simcoe County, formerly Simcoe District, Canada West. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statutes 1849-C81. First surveyed in 1820. First settlers in 1826. Name is Algonquin Indian meaning "shame on you". Area 68,000 acres. Population 1,507 in 1852 and 14,419 in 1980. Map position: 44°15' 79°50'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, V and 2E.

**ESS CREEK**, Davis Township, Nipissing District. This post office is located 6 miles from Chudleigh and 30 miles from Capreol Station on CPR. Post office established November 1st, 1919. First Postmaster Thomas Gatchell. Office closed February 23rd, 1928. No further reference to this post office. References: 6T.

**ESSEX**, SEE: **ESSEX CENTRE**, Essex County.

**ESSEX CENTRE**, Town, Colchester Township, Essex County. Located 17 miles southeast of Sandwich, 220 miles southwest of Toronto and on the Michigan Central Railway. Post office opened as **ESSEX CENTRE** in 1872. First Postmaster Thomas Rush. In 1891, the word, "Centre", was dropped from the name, making it **ESSEX**. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as the Village of Essex Centre August 14th, 1883, proclaimed the Town of Essex, the first Monday of January, 1890. Present approved name is **ESSEX**. Population 2,100 in 1895 and 5,577 in 1976. Map position: 42°10' 82°49'. References: I, M, S, Z, HH, 2S, 2T, V and 5L.

**ESSEX COUNTY**, By Canada Statutes 1849, C78 schedule A - United Counties of Essex and Kent incorporated effective January 1st, 1850. Amended by Canada Statutes 1849, C79 which provides for the temporary union of Kent, Lambton and Essex to form a union of counties to be known as United Counties of Essex, Kent and Lambton

effective January 1st, 1850. By proclamation dated December 31st, 1850 the County of Essex disunited from the United Counties of Kent and Lambton effective December 31st, 1850 (revoked). By proclamation dated and effective January 13th, 1851 Kent County was disunited from the United Counties of Essex and Lambton and revoked proclamation of December 31st, 1850. Proclamation dated September 30th, 1853 union of Counties of Essex and Kent is dissolved effective September 30th, 1853. The County of Essex consists of : the City of Windsor, the towns of: Amherstburg, Belle River, Essex, Harrow, Kingsville, Leamington and Tecumseh, the Village of St. Clair Beach, the townships of: Anderdon, Colchester North, Colchester South, Gosfield North, Gosfield South, Maidstone, Malden, Mersea, Pelee, Rochester, Sandwich South, Sandwich West, Tilbury North and Tilbury West; except that the Township of Pelee continues to be separate, for municipal purposes, from the County of Essex. Certain islands included in the Township of Pelee are: middle Sister, North Harbour, East Sister, Hen, Big Chicken, Little Chicken and Middle; together with all lands and water in Lake Erie within one mile of the shore of Pelee Island, which form part of the Township of Pelee. Population 16,817 in 1852 and 318,319 in 1980. Map position: 42°10' 82°51'. References: M, HH, 2W and V.

**ESSONVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Monmouth Township, Haliburton County. Located 30 miles northeast of Minden and 14 miles southeast of Haliburton on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **ESSONVILLE**, in 1882. First Postmaster Absalom Gibson. Office closed November 1st, 1966. Present approved name is **ESSONVILLE**. Population 170 in 1895 and 15 in 1976. Map position: 45°00' 78°18'. References: S, Z, I, V, 5T and 5L.

**ESTAIRE**, SEE: **FARMLANDS**, Sudbury District.

**ESTEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°19' 82°38'. References: V.

**ESTHER**, dispersed rural community, Wicksteed Township, Algoma District. Located 4 km southeast of Hornepayne, 32 km northwest of Macduff and 52 km southwest of Hansen. In 1924, the name was changed to **CREE**. Present approved name is **CREE**. Map position: 49°13' 84°43'. References: SS, V and 5L.

**ESTHER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 57°38' 82°24'. References: V.

**ETHEL**, police village, Grey Township, Huron County. Located 35 miles east of Goderich and 7 miles east of Brussels. Post office established as **ETHEL**, on April 1st, 1863. First Postmaster J. Carter. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a police village, December 4th, 1919 by County Bylaw #17. Police Village status dissolved by Statute on January 1st, 1981 and reverts to the Township of Grey. **ETHEL STATION** on the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway. Present approved name is **ETHEL**. Population 300 in 1886 and 189 in 1976. Map position: 43°43' 81°08'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3N, V, 1G, 9L, 5L and 7L.

**ETHEL PARK**, dispersed rural community, Brock Township, Ontario County, later within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 1 km northwest of Beaverton, 12 km north of Port Bolster and 14 km northwest of Cannington. Present approved name is **ETHEL PARK**. Population 234 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 79°10'. References: 3B, V and 5L.

**ETHEL STATION**, railway point, Grey Township, Huron County. Present approved name is **ETHEL STATION**. Map position: 43°43' 81°09'. References: V.

**ETHEL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°01' 82°24'. References: V.

**ETOBICOKE #1**, SEE: **SMITHFIELD #3**, York County.

**ETOBICOKE #2**, post office, Etobicoke Township, York County. Post office established as **ETOBICOKE** in 1832. First Postmaster T. Wilcox. This office located in Lambton Mills, to 1873, which is seven and a half miles from Toronto, then office was moved to the north side of Dundas Street in the area known as Lambton. In 1875 the office was again moved to the south side of the Humber River to the place known as Smithfield. This office in September of 1962 became the Toronto-Queensway office. References: D, 7B, SS, I, EE and 5B.

**ETOBICOKE (BOROUGH OF)**, within the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Population 297,109. Map position:

43°42' 79°32'. References: V and 5L.

**ETOBICOKE TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1966, C96. Annexed by Borough of Etobicoke, effective date January 1st, 1967. This township first surveyed 1795. The Indian name means "place where alders grow." Population 3,171 in 1852. Area 28,080 acres. Map position: 43°42' 79°04'. References: HH, 2W, 2Y, M and V.

**ETON**, railway point, Township 28-XVII, Algoma District. Map position: 47°31' 84°29'. References: U and V.

**ETON COURT**, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located 1 km southwest Errol, 3km northeast of Brights Grove, 13 km northwest of Wyoming and 14 km northeast of Sarnia. The name is not approved. Population 70 in 1976. Map position: 43°03' 82°11'. References: 3B and 5L.

**ETONIA**, Burford Township, Brant County. Population 45 in 1961 and 64 in 1966. References: 5A and 6M.

**ETON RUGBY**, dispersed rural community, Eton and Rugby Townships, Kenora District. Located 10 kilometres from Oxdrift, 9 miles from Minnitaki and 15 miles from Dryden. Post office established as **ETON-RUGBY** on April 1st, 1931. First Postmaster John Mattson. Office closed May 15th, 1970. Present approved name is **ETON-RUGBY**. Map position: 49°53' 93°00'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

**ETON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°50' 93°00'. References: V.

**ETRYVILLE**, SEE: **ETTYVILLE**, Russell and Prescott Counties.

**ETTRICK**, hamlet, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 7 miles northwest of London and 4 miles southeast of Ilderton Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **ETTRICK**, in 1877. First Postmaster Alexander J. Thompson. Office closed January 2nd, 1947. Population 30 in 1895 and no more recent populations listed. No recent reference to this hamlet. Map position: 43°02' 81°21'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3R, 5V, 6T and 9J.

**ETTYVILLE**, dispersed rural community, South Plantagenet Township, Prescott County and Clarence Township, Russell County. Located 4 miles from Pendleton and 12 miles from Plantagenet. Post office established as **ETTYVILLE**, on April 1st, 1903. First Postmaster H. McCauley. Office closed September 30th, 1925. Name misspelled as **ETRYVILLE**. Present approved name is **ETTYVILLE**. Population 15 in 1926 and 20 in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 75°05'. References: MM, V, 7Q, 6T and 5L.

**ETWELL**, dispersed rural community, Stisted Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Huntsville in the Regional Municipality of Muskoka. Located 8 miles from Huntsville and 4 miles from Ashworth. Post office established as **ETWELL**, on October 23rd, 1908. First Postmaster A. Robinson. Office closed November 21st, 1952. Present approved name is **ETWELL**. Map position: 45°20' 79°21'. References: 6T, V and B.

**EUDORA**, Scott Township, Ontario County. Located 7 miles from Sunderland. This reference is dated 1875. No further reference to this place. References: A.

**EUGENIA**, concentrated rural community, Artemesia Township, Grey County. Located 35 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 6 miles north of Flesherton. This place is on the Beaver River at Eugenia Falls. Post office established as **EUGENIA**, on March 1st, 1862. First Postmaster R. McLean Purdy. Office closed September 30th, 1969.First settlers in 1858 were the Purdy brothers. In 1859, they built the first saw mill and in 1860, the first grist mill. Present approved name is **EUGENIA**. Population 200 in 1886 and 190 in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 80°31'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3N, V, 2K, 9L and 5L.

**EUPHEMIA MILLS**, Located on the west half of lot 24, concession 2, Euphemia Township, Lambton County. There is no date for this entry. References: 1H.

**EUPHEMIA TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Lambton County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. This is the most southeasterly part of Lambton County and this township was the first surveyed and settled in 1823. Population 755 in 1836 and 1,275 in 1971. Map position: 42°43' 81°55'. References: 1H, M and V.

**EUPHRASIA**, SEE: **WILLIAMSTOWN #2**, Grey County.

**EUPHRASIA TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Grey County. Incorporated January 1st, 1851 by County Bylaw #88, passed August 31st, 1850. This township was in Simcoe District, Canada West in 1848. First settler Mr. Eaton. Population 603 in 1852 and 1,399 in 1980. Area 72,000 acres. Other spellings for this name **UPHRASIA** and **UPHRASY**. Map position: 44°25' 80°35'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, V, 2K and 3H.

**EUREKA**, dispersed rural community, Township 8, Sudbury District. Located 2 1/2 miles from Drefal on CPR in Bazett Township, 10 km southeast of Drefal, 13 km northeast of Metagama and 40 km southwest of Ruel. Present approved name is **EUREKA**. Map position: 47°12' 82°00'. References: V, 22-6 and 5L.

**EUREKA LAKE**, station, Algoma District, on CPR, 45 miles northwest of Cartier and at mile 2383, east of Metagama Station, at an altitude of 1,387 feet above sea level in 1915. References: S, PP, L1 and 8K.

**EVA LAKE**, hamlet, Rainy River District. Located 40 kilometres east of Atikokan on CPR. The name is not approved. Population 53 in 1971 and 106 in 1976. Map position: 48°43' 91°10'. References: R2, 3B and 5L.

**EVANS CORNER**, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Located 1 km south of Port McNicholl, 5 km east of Midland and 9 km southwest of Waubaushene. Present approved name is **EVANS CORNER**. Map position: 44°44' 79°49'. References: 5L.

**EVANSLEA**, East Gwillimbury Township, York County. Name is sometimes shown as **EVANSLEA SUBDIVISION**. Population 95 in 1956 and 225 in 1966. References: 5B and 5E.

**EVANS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°03' 82°47'. References: V.

**EVANSVALE #1** also know as **EVANSVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Ontario County. Located 5 miles from Brechin Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 60 miles north of Whitby. Post office established 1883, named **EVANSVALE**. First Postmaster David H. Evans. Post office name changed in 1891 to **UDNEY**, for a Village in Scotland. Office closed March 31st, 1970. The station serving this place is called **UDNEY STATION**. It is on Grand Trunk Railway, formerly on Canadian Northern Ontario Railway. Post office closed in 1971. Present approved name is **UDNEY**. Population 50 in 1893 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 44°37' 79°12'. References: I, Z, 5T, S, B, 3B, 9F and V.

**EVANSVALE #2**, SEE: **EVANSVILLE #1**, Algoma District.

**EVANSVILLE #1**, dispersed rural community, Burpee Township, Manitoulin District, formerly shown as Algoma District. Located 100 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie and 20 miles south of Gore Bay. Post office established as **EVANSVILLE**, in 1884. First Postmaster Isaac Campbell. Office still open in 1983. Present approved name is **EVANSVILLE**. Population 50 in 1895 and 164 in 1951. Map position: 45°49' 82°34'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 3R, V+, 5P, 5L, 9F and V.

**EVANSVILLE #2**, SEE: **BELL'S CORNERS #5**, Wellington County.

**EVANSVILLE #3**, Springer Township, Nipissing District. Located 2 km northeast of Sturgeon Falls, 7 km northeast of Cache Bay and 8 km south of Crystal Falls. Present approved name is **EVANSVILLE**. Map position: 46°23' 79°54'. References: 5L and 9K.

**EVANTUREL**, hamlet, Longueuil Township, Prescott County. Located 6 miles from Lefaivre & 6 miles from L'Orignal.

**EVANTUREL STATION** on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 162 feet above sea level. Post office established as **EVANTUREL**, on October 1st, 1910. First Postmaster Mathias Leclair. Office closed March 6th, 1915. No recent reference to this place. Map position: 45°37' 78°48'. References: L3, 6T and 9J.

**EVANTUREL TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated as a township January 1st, 1904. Quieting Order C6708, dated October 5th, 1953. Located 46 kilometres south of Kirkland Lake, on Highway 11. Settled in the early 1900's. Population 627 in 1977 and 570 in 1980. Map position: 47°49' 79°49'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**EVA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°37' 88°04'. Reference: V.

**EVELYN**, dispersed rural community, West Nissouri Township, Middlesex County. Located 12 miles northeast of London, on the Thames River and 5 miles from Thamesford Station on CPR. Post office opened as **EVELYN**, in 1867. First Postmaster George Henshaw. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Population 50 in 1895 and 120 in 1908. Present approved name is **EVELYN**. Map position: 43°03' 81°05'. References: I, S, Z, PP, V, 4F, 6T and 5L.

**EVELYN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°40' 81°00'. Reference: V.

**EVERARD**, SEE: **BLACK STURGEON RIVER**, Thunder Bay District.

**EVEREST**, a post office name that was not applied. It was suggested as the new name for Peninsula but name was refused by Post Office Department, in August of 1944. Reference: SS.

**EVERETT**, settlement, Tosorontio Township, Simcoe County. Located 22 miles southwest of Barrie and 6 miles north of Alliston Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **EVERETT**, January 1st, 1869. First Postmaster Thomas Gordon who named the place after his father's native place in England. Post office was first located at lot 10, concession 7 but was moved to the present site 2 miles west in 1878 when the railroad came to town. Post office still operating in 1984. Station was named **EVERETT** and located on the North Western Railway in 1886. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village of Everett on January 29th, 1909 by County Bylaw #944. Area extended by County Bylaw #2378 in 1952. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is **EVERETT**. Population 200 in 1893 and 438 in 1976. Map position: 44°11' 79°57'. References: B, I, Z, 5L, U10, JJ, V, 9L and 7L.

**EVERGREEN POINT**, Gosfield South Township, Essex County. Population 72 in 1956 and 89 in 1971. References: 3B, 5A, 5E and 6M.

**EVERSLEY**, SEE: **TINLINE CORNERS**, York County.

**EVERTON**, concentrated rural community, Eramosa Township, Wellington County, formerly in Erin Township. Located 10 miles northeast of Guelph and 4 miles west of Rockwood Station on Grand Trunk Railway. This place is named for one of the early settlers, John Everts. Post office established as **EVERTON**, on April 6th, 1852. First Postmaster George McDonald. Office closed July 14th, 1960. Present approved name is **EVERTON**. Population 200 in 1886 and 170 in 1976. Map position: 43°40' 80°09'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, 5L, V, 6T, 8Q and 7D.

**EWAN**, dispersed rural community, Cavendish Township, Peterborough County. Located 35 miles north of Lindsay and 6 miles from Furnace Falls Station on Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. Post office established as **EWAN**, on July 2nd, 1894. First Postmaster George J. McKee. Office closed May 31st, 1946. Present approved name is **EWAN**. Map position: 44°48' 78°30'. References: I, S, Z, PP, V, 6T, 7D and 5L.

**EWART TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°43' 95°05'. Reference: V.

**EWEN TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 76**, Algoma District.

**EWING**, station, Canadian Northern Railway main line, at an altitude of 1,234 feet above sea level. Located 25

miles from Ruel and is now in the Township of Champagne, Sudbury District. Name changed to **MAKWA**, which means "bear or loon". Post office established as **EWING**, on July 1st, 1913. First Postmaster Henri Charron. Office closed October 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **EWING**. Map position: 47°33' 81°41'. References: L3, U, 6T and V.

**EXALTATION de la STE. CROSSE,** SEE: **THE BRANCH #2**, Grenville County.

**EXCELSIOR,** SEE: **WEST BAY**, Algoma District.

**EXETER,** SEE: **FRANCES**, Huron County.

**EXETER NORTH,** SEE: **FRANCES**, Huron County.

**EXETER TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSEND TOWNSHIP**, Norfolk County.

**EXTON,** railway point, Exton Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 6 1/2 kilometres west of Nakina on CNR main line. Also shown as a station on Grand Trunk Railway main line at an altitude of 1,036 feet above sea level in 1915. Present approved name is **EXTON**. Map position: 50°11' 86°48'. References: R2, L2 and V.

**EXTON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°10' 86°51'. References: V.

**EYRE CORNERS,** dispersed rural community, Bastard Township, Leeds County. Located 2 km north of Harlem, 5 km east of Portland, 6 km south of Newboyne and 11 km southwest of Toledo. Present approved name is **EYRE CORNERS**. Map position: 44°42' 76°07'. Entry dated 1974. References: V.

**EYRE PARK,** Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Population 42 in 1961 and 70 in 1971. After 1976, population included in Coverdale. References: 3B, 5A and 6M.

**EYRE TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°17' 78°27'. References: V.

**EZARD,** post office, York Township, York County, at 523 Kennedy Road. Post office established as **EZARD**, on June 9th, 1930. First Postmaster David Funston. On February 1st, 1931 the status of this office was changed to that of a sub-post office of Toronto. It is located 2 kilometres from Scarborough, 2 miles from Birchcliffe, 1 1/2 miles from Scarborough Bluffs and 1 1/4 miles from Scarborough Junction. No recent reference to this office. References: U and 6T.

**F TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township. Name changed **OLINYK TOWNSHIP** for C. Olinyk, Mayor of Rainy River, in 1974. Map position: 46°46' 82°09. References: V and 10F.

**FABBRO TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **S TOWNSHIP**, Algoma District.

**FACER STREET NEIGHBORHOOD**, SEE: **THE TWELVE**, Lincoln County.

**FACTOR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°56' 91°25'. References: V.

**FACTORY ISLAND #1**, Indian Reservation, Cochrane District. Located on Moose Factory Island. Map position: 51°07' 81°35'. References: V.

**FAIRBAIRN**, hamlet, Verulam Township, Victoria County. Located 20 miles northeast of Lindsay and 7 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Fenelon Falls Station. Post office established as **FAIRBAIRN**, in 1900. First Postmaster Thomas E. Tiers. Office closed October 26th, 1912. Place named for Charles Fairbairn, MPP. Population less than 100 in 1908. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: S, PP, 5U, 6T and 8E.

**FAIRBAIRN MEADOWS**, Smith Township, Peterborough County. Population 113 in 1976. References: 3B.

**FAIRBAIRN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°02' 81°31'. References: V.

**FAIRBANK**, SEE: **NEEDON'S**, York County.

**FAIRBANK JUNCTION**, station, York County. Located on Grand Trunk Railway. Nearest post office at Fairbank. This place listed in 1893. No recent reference to this station. References: U10.

**FAIRBANK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°30' 81°22'. References: V.

**FAIRCHILD'S CREEK**, station, Brant County, Gore District. Located on Grand Trunk Railway and has Canadian Express Office. Population 30. Listed in the years 1848 and 1893. No recent references. References: C and U10.

**FAIRCREST**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **FAIRCREST**. Map position: 45°24' 75°40'. References: V.

**FAIRFAX**, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds & Lansdowne Township, Leeds County, formerly shown in Johnstown District, Canada West. Post office established as **FAIRFAX**, on September 1st, 1863. First Postmaster S.A. Heaslip. Office closed December 1st, 1867. Present approved name is **FAIRFAX**. Map position: 44°25' 76°03'. References: I, 3N, 3Q, V and 4A.

**FAIRFIELD #1**, SEE: **THE GROVE**, Middlesex County.

**FAIRFIELD #2**, SEE: **TROY MILLS**, Kent County.

**FAIRFIELD #3**, dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located on the Grand Trunk Railway, later on CPR, 5 miles from Brockville. Post office established 1870 named **FAIRFIELD RAILWAY STATION**. Postal records show office name changed to **FAIRFIELD EAST** by 1893. First Postmaster Alden Johns. Office closed February 23rd, 1968. **FAIRFIELD STATION** on Brockville Division of CPR. Station number 3602, between the stations of Brockville Junction and Clark, in 1911. Present approved name is **FAIRFIELD**. Population 200 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°39' 75°44'. References: S, PP. U10, V+, 5L, I, 10B, 9F and A.

**FAIRFIELD #4**: This place was destroyed by invading American troops in October 1813. The inhabitants were Delaware Indians from Ohio brought here by Moravian Missionaries in 1792. The place was re-established later on the opposite bank of the river, after the Peace Treaty of 1814. The new place, was called **NEW FAIRFIELD**, from the year 1815 onwards. By 1835 the place name had been changed to **MORAVIAN VILLAGE**, and in use, at the same

time, was the name **MORAVIAN TOWN.** The place seemed to retain the name of Moravian Village. Post office opened on March 6th, 1853, named **MORAVIA.** First Postmaster D.B. Smith. The Indian name for this place was **SCHOENFELDT,** and had been used by the Indians back to 1792, for their place. The Moravians alternated the name **NEW BETHLEHEM** with Moravian Village. This post office closed September 30th, 1857, on the opening of the Bothwell post office. The name Moravian Town persisted and another post office was opened in 1884, in Orford Township, Kent County. Located 33 miles northeast of Chatham and 5 miles from Bothwell. First Postmaster Reverend A. Hartman. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **MORAVIANTOWN.** Population 200 in 1982 and 350 in 1908. Map position: 42°35' 81°54'. References: 6O, C, 2Y, 2U, I, 2W, 3M, S, AA, XX, 6T, 5P and V.

FAIRFIELD #5, hamlet, Charlottenburg Township, Glengarry County. Located 8 miles east of Cornwall, 3 miles north of Summerstown and on the mainline of the Grand Trunk Railway (1893) and on the CNR. Post office opened 1873, under the name **CAMERONTOWN.** Only operator shown was Postmistress, Mrs. A. Cameron. In 1891, the office name was changed to **SUMMERSTOWN STATION.** Post office name was changed again on December 1st, 1926 to **SUMMERSTOWN.** Post office still operating in 1984. The place appears to have retained the name Camerontown at least to 1872, when a reference says "Camerontown, Police Village". There is no support for this in Police Village records searched. Present approved name is **SUMMERSTOWN.** Population 150 in 1895 and 52 in 1976. References: 7B, A, T, PP, 5V, 2B, I, MM, U10, 3B, 7A, F and 6T.

FAIRFIELD EAST, SEE:FAIRFIELD #3, Leeds County.

FAIRFIELD HEIGHTS, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Map position: 45°21' 75°48'. References: V.

FAIRFIELD PLAIN, dispersed rural community, Burford Township, Brant County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Burford and 12 miles southwest of Brantford. Post office opened as **FAIRFIELD PLAIN,** on May 1st, 1868. First Postmaster Alexander Howell. Office closed September 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **FAIRFIELD PLAIN.** Population 20 in 1893 and 75 in 1907. Map position: 43°03' 80°24'. References: I, S, Z, U10, 3Q, V, 6T, 4F and 1T.

FAIRFIELD PLAINS, SEE: **JUNCTIONVILLE,** Norfolk County.

FAIRFIELD RAILWAY STATION, SEE: **DURHAMVILLE #2,** Leeds County.

FAIRFIELD VILLAGE, SEE: **FAIRFIELD #3,** Kent County.

FAIRGROUND, dispersed rural community, Houghton Township, Norfolk County, later within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 28 miles southwest of Simcoe and 16 miles south of Tillsonburg. Post office established as **FAIRGROUND,** in 1889. First Postmaster W.W. Williams. Office closed January 15th, 1943. Place is named Fairground, due to the annual agricultural shows of Houghton Township. Present approved name is **FAIRGROUND.** Population 20 in 1893 and 85 in 1966. Map position: 42°39' 80°40'. References: I, S, Z, U10, RR, 5A, V, 5T and 6T.

FAIRHOLME, dispersed rural community, Hagerman Township, Parry Sound District. Located 23 miles north of Parry Sound and 26 miles west of Burkes Falls. Post office established as **FAIRHOLME,** in 1879. First Postmaster Hugh King. Office closed December 30th, 1925. Present approved name is **FAIRHOLME.** Population 10 in 1893 and 49 in 1971. Map position: 45°34' 79°55'. References: I, Z, 3B, U10, V, 5T and 6T.

FAIRHOLME PARK, urban community, Part of Town of Perth. Present approved name is **FAIRHOLME PARK.** Map position: 44°54' 76°15'. References: V.

FAIRLEY, post office, Northumberland County. This office opened in 1891. Office not listed in Canadian Almanac for any year. No further reference to this office. References: I.

**FAIRLEY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 51°04' 93°59. References: V.

FAIRLOCH, railway point, Kilkenny Township, Thunder Bay District. Named by Superintendant of Canadian Northern

Ontario Railways, A.J. Hills. Present approved name is **FAIRLOCH**. Map position: 49°28' 88°06'. References: B2, V and 8L.

**FAIRMAN'S TAVERN**, in Johnstown District, Canada West. The post office name is the same, and this listing is in 1848. A search of Postal Records did not reveal this office. References: C.

**FAIRMONT**, urban community, Part of City of London. Present approved name is **FAIRMONT**. Map position: 42°59' 81°11'. References: V.

**FAIRMOUNT #1**, dispersed rural community, Euphrasia Township, Grey County. Located 32 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 8 miles south of Meaford. Post office opened as **FAIRMOUNT**, in 1878. First Postmaster Robert Orr. Office closed July 31st, 1918. Present approved name is **FAIRMOUNT**. Population 100 in 1895 and 15 in 1900. Map position: 44°29' 80°34'. References: I, S, Z, PP, V, 5T, 5V and 6T.

**FAIRMOUNT #2**, dispersed rural community, Cavan Township, Peterborough (later Durham) County. Map position: 44°15' 78°27'. References: B and V.

**FAIRMOUNT #3**, settlement, on the Bay of Quinte, in Prince Edward County. Located 4 miles from Picton, which is on the Central Ontario Railway and the Bay of Quinte Railway. It has a port on the Bay of Quinte. Population 100 in 1900. There is no other reference to this place. References: PP.

**FAIRMOUNT #4**, urban community, Part of City of St. Catherines within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is **FAIRMOUNT**. Map position: 43°09' 79°15'. References: V.

**FAIRMOUNT #5**, dispersed rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Present approved name is **FAIRMOUNT**. Map position: 44°19' 76°28'. References: V+.

**FAIRPLACE**, SEE: **DURHAMVILLE**, Leeds County.

**FAIR PLAY**, dispersed rural community, Sandwich Township, Essex County. Located 14 miles east of Sandwich and 4 miles from Michigan Central Railway at Maidston Station. Post office opened as **FAIR PLAY**, on September 1st, 1897. First Postmaster Denis Perrin. Office closed February 1st, 1914. First name suggested was **MIDWAY**. Present approved name is **FAIR PLAY**. Map position: 42°16' 82°54'. References: S, PP, V, 6T and 7F.

**FAIRPORT #1**, urban community, Pickering Township, Ontario County, later Part of Town of Pickering within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Lake Ontario on the east side of Frenchman's Bay, 21 miles east of Toronto and 1/2 a miles form Dunbarton. Summer post office opened as **FAIRPORT**, on August 22nd, 1921. First Postmaster Thomas Mansfield. Office status changed to year round office on September 15th, 1950. On November 16th, 1964 office changed to a sub-post office of Ajax. Present approved name is **FAIRPORT**. Population 150 in 1908 and 581 in 1956. Map position: 43°49' 79°05'. References: B, PP, 5E, 3G, V and 6T.

**FAIRPORT #2**, Town, Camden Township, Kent County, and at times, Bothwell County. Located 21 miles from Chatham and 60 miles from London, on the Sydenham River and on Pere Marquette Railway. Post office opened June 6th, 1852, under the name **DRESDEN**, named for the German City. First Postmaster Charles Baxter. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler Jared Lindsley. Incorporated as a Village December 20th, 1871. Proclaimed a Town, January 2nd, 1882. The Town of Dresden celebrated its first Centennial in 1982. Present approved name is **DRESDEN**. Population 1,200 in 1886 and 2,484 in 1976. Map position: 42°35' 82°11'. References: 5K, 7R, 7D, I, M, T, HH, 2T, 3K, V, 7B, 6S, 9M and 5L.

**FAIRPORT BEACH**, urban community, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Located on Lake Ontario, at the foot of Fairport Road , also 3/4 mile from Rosebank, 1 1/4 miles from both Dunbarton and Fairport. Summer Post office opened as **FAIRPORT BEACH**, on July 25th, 1944. First Postmaster Albert Hill. Office status changed on February 22nd, 1956, to a year round office. Office status changed to a sub-post office of Ajax on November 16th, 1964. In 1974, the Township and its communities amalgamated to form the Town of Pickering within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **FAIRPORT BEACH**. Population 55 in 1951 and 756 in 1956. Map

position: 43°48' 79°06'. References: 3G, 3B, 5E, V and 6T.

FAIR VALLEY, SEE: PURBROOK #2, Simcoe County.

FAIRVIEW #1, dispersed rural community, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Present approved name is **FAIRVIEW**. Map position: 42°44' 80°53'. References: B and V.

FAIRVIEW #2, settlement, Kenyon Township, Glengarry County. Present approved name is **FAIRVIEW**. Map position: 45°20' 74°43'. References: B and V.

FAIRVIEW #3, dispersed rural community, Downie Township, Oxford County. Located 7 miles south of Stratford. Post office established as **FAIRVIEW**, on December 1st, 1854. First Postmaster John Armstrong. Office closed January 31st, 1912. First settler John Thistle, in 1830. Place name misspelled on official records as **FAIRYVIEW**. Present approved name is **FAIRVIEW**. Population 20 in 1893 and 30 in 1908. Map position: 43°17' 80°57'. References: S, PP, U10, 6T, 3L, V, 7R, I and B.

FAIRVIEW #4, residential area, Peel County. Located at Burnamthorpe Road and Highway #10, dated 1951. References: 3C.

FAIRVIEW #5, dispersed rural community, Alice and Stafford Townships, Renfrew County. Present approved name is **FAIRVIEW**. Map position: 45°47' 77°08'. References: V.

FAIRVIEW HEIGHTS, urban community, Part of City of Mississauga within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is **FAIRVIEW HEIGHTS**. Map position: 43°35' 79°38'. References: V.

FAIRVIEW ISLAND, dispersed rural community, Brunel Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Huntsville, in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on Island #2, 39 km from Bracebridge, 5 1/2 miles from Browns Brae, 5 miles from Baysville and 2 miles from Glenmount. Post office opened as **FAIRVIEW ISLAND**, on June 2nd, 1952. First Postmistress Mavis Vera Strong. Office closed on November 1st, 1965. Present approved name is **FAIRVIEW ISLAND**. Map position: 45°13' 79°04'. References: U, V, 6V and 6T.

FAIRY POINT, hamlet, Brackin Township, Sudbury District. Located 5 miles from Renabie. Map position: (approximate) 48°20' 83°45'. References: 22-6.

FAIRYVIEW, SEE: FAIRVIEW #3, Perth County.

FALARDEAU, post office, Casey Township, Nipissing District. Located 2 miles from Pearson and 3 miles from Thwaites. Post office established as **FALARDEAU**, on July 1st, 1915. First Postmaster Reverend J.F.M. Falardeau, for whom the office is named. Name changed March 1922, to **BELLE VALLEE**. Office still in operation in 1983. Recognised as a dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is **BELLE VALEE**. Population 82 in 1956 and 125 in 1976. Map position: 47°39' 79°35'. References: 6T, 3B, 5E, V and 5L.

FALCON, station, Thunder Bay District. Located on CPR at mile 1765, between the stations of Ignace and Bon Heur, 144 miles northwest of Port Arthur, 5 miles east of Ignace and 31 miles west of English River. No recent reference to this station. References: I, PP, U10, 6Z and 8K.

FALCONBRIDGE #1, dispersed rural community, Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 2 miles from Mount Brydges and 1 1/2 miles from CPR at Caradoc Station. Post office opened as **FALCONBRIDGE**, on April 16th, 1900. First Postmaster James Coleman. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **FALCONBRIDGE**. Population 150 in 1926. Map position: 42°54' 81°32'. References: S, DD, MM, PP, V, 6T and 7M.

FALCONBRIDGE #2, concentrated rural community, Falconbridge Township, Timiskaming District, and now Part of Town of Nickel Centre. Located on Highway #501, just east of Sudbury. Post office established as **CALCONBRIDGE**, on December 1st, 1930. First Postmaster W.D. Davis. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **FALCONBRIDGE**. Population 1,056 in 1951, 1,136 in 1971 and in 1976 population included in Nickel Centre. Map

position: 46°35' 80°48'. References: 2U, 3B, 5E, 5K, V and 6T.

**FALCONBRIDGE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Incorporated as Township, Midnight, December 31st, 1957. Dissolved by Ontario Statutes 1972, C104. Amalgamated by **TOWN OF NICKEL CENTRE**, January 1st, 1973. References: HH, M and V.

**FALCONER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°09' 80°16'. References: V.

**FALDING**, SEE: **FALDING STATION**, Parry Sound District.

**FALDING STATION**, railway point, Foley Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Grand Trunk Railway, 8 miles southeast of Parry Sound. Post office established 1873, under the name **FALDING**. First Postmaster Mathew Rankin. Office closed September 1928. Name changed from Falding to **FALDING PLATFORM**, in 1974. Present approved name is **FALDING STATION**. Population15 in 1893 and 75 in 1913. Map position: 45°18' 79°56'. References: I, S, DD, U10, V, 5V and 6T.

**FALDING PLATFORM**, SEE: **FALDING STATION**, Parry Sound District.

**FALKENBURG**, hamlet, Macauley Township, Muskoka District. Located 55 miles northeast of Barrie, 17 miles north of Gravenhurst and 1 mile from Grand Trunk Railway at Falkenburg Station. Settled in 1862. Post office opened as **FALKENBURG**, on August 1st, 1863. First Postmaster William Holditch. Office closed December 1st, 1894. Present approved name is **FALKENBURG**. Population 100 in 1886. There are only a few houses occupied in 1976. References: I, E, T, Z, 3N and U.

**FALKENBURG STATION**, dispersed rural community, Monck Township, Muskoka District, now Part of Town of Bracebridge, in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 1 mile south of Falkenburg and 5 miles north of Bracebridge. Post office opened as **FALKENBURG STATION**, in 1891. Postmaster not shown. Office closed in 1896. This station is on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **FALKENBURG STATION**. Population 50 in 1908. Map position: 45°06' 79°21'. References: I, E, Z, PP and V.

**FALKIRK**, SEE: **CARLISLE #2**, Middlesex County.

**FALKIRK EAST**, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wenworth. Present approved name is **FALKIRK EAST**. Map position: 42°13' 79°55'. References: V.

**FALKIRK WEST**, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **FALKIRK WEST**. Map position: 43°13' 79°55'. References: V.

**FALKLAND**, SEE: **BENNSVILLE**, Brant County.

**FALLBROOK**, dispersed rural community, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 10 miles northwest of Perth. Post office opened as **FALLBROOK**, January 1st, 1870. First Postmaster William Smith. Office closed April 15th, 1969. First settlers came from Nova Scotia and a later settler Robert and his son John Anderson, developed the Lanark Greening Apple, at this place. Present approved name is **FALLBROOK**. Population 100 in 1893 and 66 in 1976. Map position: 44°57' 76°24'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, U10, V, 5W and 7U.

**FALLING BROOK**, SEE: **FALLING BROOK ESTATE**, York County.

**FALLING BROOK ESTATE**, local name. Located on Lot 33 & 34, Concession A, of Scarborough Township, York County. The name was originally **FALLING BROOK ESTATES**, and the current local name is **FALLING BROOK**. References: 8H.

**FALLIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°54' 90°05'. References: V.

**FALLON**, Biddulph Township, Middlesex County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Granton and 3 miles from Elginfield. Post office established as **FALLON**, on July 14th, 1910. First Postmaster W. H. Walen. Office closed September 1st,

1913. Present approved name is **FALLON**. Map position: 43°13' 81°21'. References: B, V and 6T.

**FALLON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 81°00'. References: V.

**FALLOWFIELD**, SEE: **PIETY HILL**, Carleton County.

**FALLOWFIELDS**, SEE: **PIETY HILL**, Carleton County.

**FALL RIVER**, post office, Oso Township, Frontenac County. Located 4 1/2 miles from Maberly and 6 miles from Crow Lake. Post office established as **FALL RIVER**, on May 1st, 1912. First Postmaster Archie Gray. Office closed July 31st, 1928. No recent reference to this office. References: 6T.

**FALLS VIEW**, urban community, Stamford Township, Welland County. Now Part of City of Niagara Falls, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 12 miles from Welland and 2 1/2 miles from Niagara Falls. Post office opened as **FALLS VIEW**, in 1886. First Postmaster James C. Hull. Office closed July 20th, 1945. Population 200 in 1893 and 217 in 1951. Map position: 43°05' 79°05'. References: I, Z, 6T, 3B, U10 and V.

**FANSHAWE**, dispersed rural community, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 5 miles from London. Post office established as **FANSHAWE**, in 1893. First Postmaster Samuel Bradshaw. Office closed March 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **FANSHAWE**. Population 125 in 1895 and 48 in 1966. Map position: 43°03' 80°14'. References: 6T, I, Z, 5A, 5U and V.

**FARADAY**, dispersed rural community, Faraday Township, later Wollaston Township, Hastings County. Located 70 miles noth of Belleville, 5 miles north of Central Ontario Railway at Coe Hill, 10 miles from Bancroft and 40 miles northwest of of Madoc. Post office opened as **FARADAY** on November 1st, 1879. First Postmaster George Orr. The office closed October 31st, 1953. Reopened as a Summer post office on June 15th, 1964. Present approved name is **FARADAY**. Population 100 in 1892 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 44°55' 77°55'. References: B, I, Z, MM, PP, FF, V, 5V and 6T.

**FARADAY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Hastings County. Incorporated as Township, January 1st, 1871. Quieting Order P5445-68, dated May 31st, 1968. Population 1,414 in 1980. Map position: 45°00' 77°56'. References: HH, M and V.

**FAREWELL**, dispersed rural community, Arthur Township, Wellington County. Located 5 miles from Kenilworth 8 miles from Mount Forest and 40 miles northwest of Guelph. Post office opened as **FAREWELL**, in 1882. First Postmaster William Allen. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **FAREWELL**. Population 55 in 1885 and 28 in 1976. Map position: 43°54' 80°43'. References: I, Z, PP, 3B, 3R, V, 6T and 5P.

**FARGO**, railway point, Harwich Township, Kent County. Located 8 miles south of Chatham, at the crossing of the Micigan Central Railway and the Erie & Huron Railway. Post office opened as **FARGO**, in 1884. First Postmaster William Gosnell. Office closed February 1st 1914. Present approved name is **FARGO**. Population 47 in 1885 and 75 in 1980. Map position: 42°21' 82°04'. References: PP, Z, 3R, XX, V, 6T.

**FARLAIN LAKE**, SEE: **COOK'S LAKE #2**, Simcoe County.

**FARLANE**, dispersed rural community, at mileage 113-4, Quibell Subdivision, Kenora District. Located 9.9 miles east of Redditt, on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway mainline, at an altitude of 1,200 feet above sea-level (1915) and east of Minaki. Summer post office opened as **FARLANE**, on August 14th, 1947. First Postmaster William C. West. Office closed on May 1st, 1967. Present approved name is **FARLANE**. Population 33 in 1980. Map position: 50°00' 94°12'. References: U. 2L. V and 6T.

**FARLEYS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Pringle Township, Parry Sound District. Present approved name is **FARLEYS CORNERS**. Map position: 45°59' 79°39'. References: B and V.

**FARLINGER**, SEE: **STEVEDORE #2**, Thunder Bay District.

**FARLTON**, hamlet, Esquesing Township, Halton County. Located on the stage road from Milton to Stewartown. Population 50 in 1869. No recent reference to this hamlet. Map position: 43°37' 79°57'. References: 8I and 9I.

**FARMER'S BRIDGE**, locality, Ottawa District, Canada West, later Gloucester Township, Carleton County, now Part of City of Ottawa, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 3 miles south of Ottawa (1872). Post office opened under the name **BILLINGS BRIDGE**, in 1865. First Postmaster David Taylor. Office status changed to that of a sub-post office of Ottawa July 14th, 1958. This was the first settlement in the Township. Place name changed to **BILLINGS BRIDGE**, sometimes noted as **BILLING'S BRIDGE** or **BILLINGS' BRIDGE** and in 1913, misspelled as **BILLINSBRIDGE**. Parish name **ST. THOMAS d'AQUIN**. Present approved name is **BILLINGS BRIDGE**. Population 100 in 1875 and 150 in 1926. Map position: 45°23' 75°41'. References: UU, MM, A, SS, I, V, AA, DD, 4F, 7B, 5P and 6T.

**FARMERS UNION**, post office, Oxford-on-Rideau Township, Grenville County. Post office opened as **FARMERS UNION**, on February 1st, 1907. First Postmaster William A. Lafaver. Office closed December 1st, 1913. No recent reference to this office. References: B, 6T and 7K.

**FARMERSVILLE #1**, SEE: **DIXON'S CORNERS**, Leeds County.

**FARMERSVILLE #2**, hamlet, South Norwich Township, Oxford County. Located 20 miles southeast of Woodstock, 22 miles from Vienna and 6 miles east of Tillsonburgh. Place was called **CORNELLSVILLE**. Post office established as **CORNELL**, in 1875. First Postmaster Samuel P. Cornell. Office closed July 1st, 1914. Place later assumed office name of **CORNELL**. First settler J.H. and S.P. Cornell, brothers, who carried on an extensive mercantile and pork packing business in 1850. The station here is called **CORNELLVILLE STATION** and at times **CORNELLSVILLE STATION** and was on the Michigan Central Railway. The place name Farmersville retained its use up to 1872. In 1974 designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **CORNELL**. Population 200 in 1893 and 107 in 1956. Map position: 42°54' 80°58'. References: EE, 7B, I, S, Z, U10, 5E, V, 6T, 5V, 5L, A and 7D.

**FARMINGTON**, dispersed rural community, Amaranth Township, Dufferin County. Located 5 miles from Orangeville. Post office established as **FARMINGTON**, on September 1st, 1858. First Postmaster John Curry. Office closed in 1885. Present approved name is **FARMINGTON**. Population 30 in 1893 and under 50 in 1908. Map position: 43°56' 80°10'. References: I, Z, PP, U10, 3W, V and 5L.

**FARM ISLAND**, small island in the River St. Clair, about 18 miles below Sarnia. No population shown. Only reference is in 1908. May be an error for **FAWN ISLAND**. References: PP.

**FARMLANDS**, In 1918, this place was established as a minimum security penitentiary. Located 6 miles from Burwash. Post office established on June 1st, 1927, and named **INDUSTRIAL FARM**. First Postmaster W.J. Adams. On September 1st, 1927, the name was changed to **BURWASH INDUSTRIAL FARM**. On November 1st, 1932 the post office name was changed to **ESTAIRE**. Office closed 1972. Estaire is located on Highway 69, south of Sudbury, in Burwash Township, Sudbury District. This place is served by **BURWASH STATION** on CNR. Present approved name is **BURWASH**. Population 87 in 1951 and 212 in 1976. Map position: 46°18' 80°48'. References: SS, 6T, R2, 3B and V.

**FARNHAM**, dispersed rural community, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. This place was first laid out by John Arkell in May, 1839 and was named for Farnham in Surrey, England.Present approved name is **FARNHAM**. Map position: 43°32' 80°10'. References: V+, 2H and 5L.

**FARQUHAR**, SEE: **TAUNTON #1**, Huron County.

**FARQUHAR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°15' 84°24'. References: V.

**FARQUIER**, SEE: **ALEXANDRA**, Cochrane District.

**FARRAN'S POINT**, hamlet, Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located 16 miles west of Cornwall and 10 miles

east of Morrisburg. Post office established as **FARRAN'S POINT**, on July 1st, 1861. First Postmaster George Hickey. Office closed September 19th, 1957. Charles C. Farran Sr. was lockmaster at Farran Point in 1857. Parish name **OUR LADY OF ROSARY**. Population 400 in 1893 and 194 in 1951. Map position: 45°00' 75°00'. This place is lately designated a locality with a reference to SEE Ingleside. References: I, T, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3N, V and 6T.

FARRELL CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is **FARREL CORNERS**. Map position: 44°27' 77°08'. References: U and V.

FARRINGDON HILL, post office, located 1 1/4 miles from Brantford in Brantford Township, Brant County. Post office established as **FARRINGDON HILL**, on October 1st, 1912. First Postmaster Calvin Haines. Status of the office was changed to that of a sub-post office of Brantford on April 1st, 1913. Office closed July 19th, 1955. No further reference to this post office. References: U and 6T.

FARRINGTON, railway point, east of Rainy Lake and 23 kms east of Fort Frances on CNR, in Rainy River District. The station is on CNR, 200 miles west of Port Arthur on Lake Superior and 86 miles east of Rainy River, at an altitude of 1,163 feet above sea level. In 1915, this place name was misspelled as **FARRINGDON**. Post office established as **FARRINGTON** on May 1st, 1913. First Postmaster F. A. Monkman. Office closed September 25th, 1942. No recent reference to this place. Map position: 48°46' 92°50'. References: R2, PP, L3 and 6T.

FARRINGTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°44' 92°51'. References: V.

FARR'S MILLS, Home District, Canada West, later York County. In 1835, a directive was sent from the Quebec General Post Office that mail for the village of Farr's Mills on the Humber River in York County, was to be sent to the post office at Toronto City. This place is only shown between 1835 and 1848. No further references. References: C and 3H.

FARR TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°49' 80°28'. References: V.

FASKEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 80°52'. References: V.

FASSIFERN, SEE: KENNEDY #2, Glengarry County.

FAUQUIER, SEE: ALEXANDRA, Cochrane District.

FAUQUIER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Incorporated as Township, December 12th, 1921, by Judges Declaration of Incorporation. Name changed to **TOWNSHIP OF MOONBEAM** on June 15th, 1982. Population 1,483 in 1980. Map position: 49°23' 82°10'. References: HH, V and M.

FAUST TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°22' 82°32'. References: V.

FAUTEAUX, SEE: FAUTEAU.

FAUTEUX, post office. The only reference shown is a correction of the name spelling to remove the "x" at the end of the Fauteux. Fauteux is the correct spelling (not Fauteaux) as was published in the official post office guide December, 1913. References: 6T.

FAUTEUX TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°03' 86°37'. References: V.

FAVEL, railway point, northwest of Eagle Lake, Kenora District. Located 38 kms east of Redditt Station on CNR and 11 kms from Jones. Also a station on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,232 feet above sea level (1915). Present approved name is **FAVEL**. Map position: 49°59' 93°56'. References: R2, L2, LL and V.

FAVOURABLE LAKE #1, hamlet, to the southwest of Sandy Lake, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. This is a gold

mining Town, located 350 miles northeast of Winnipeg, Manitoba. Post office established as FAVOURABLE LAKE on April 8th, 1939. First Postmaster R. J. Benson. The post office is located 140 miles from Berens River in Manitoba and 125 miles south of God's Lake, Manitoba. The post office remains open in 1983. Present approved name is FAVOURABLE LAKE. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 52°50' 93°39'. References: SS, V and 6T.

FAVOURABLE LAKE #2, SEE: SANDY LAKE, Kenora District.

FAWCETT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°33' 81°06'. References: V.

FAWCETTEVILLE, concentrated rural community, Hallowell Township, Prince Edward County. Located 2 km north of Picton on Alolphe Reach and 9 km northeast of Bloomfield. Present approved name is FAWCETTEVILLE. Population 96 in 1956 and 118 in 1976. Map position: 44°01' 77°08'. References: 3B, 5A, 5E, V and 5L.

FAWKHAM, hamlet on Black River, Rama Township, Ontario County. Located 88 miles north of Whitby, 4 miles east of Washago Station on the North and Northwestern Railway. Post office established as FAWKHAM, on April 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Isaac S. Wardell. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Population 75 in 1893 and 100 in 1908. No recent reference to this hamlet. Map position: 44°43' 79°17'. References: I, Z, PP, 6T, 5Y and 9J.

FAWN, dispersed rural community, Rama and Mara Townships, Ontario County. Located 17 miles north of Whitby, 6 miles northeast of Orillia and 2 1/2 miles from Atherley Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as FAWN on October 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Leonard Wilson Jr. On May 1st, 1904 the post office name was changed to RAMA ROAD. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is RAMA ROAD. Population 40 in 1892 and 300 in 1908. Map position: 44°38' 79°19'. References: I, Z, AA, PP, 5T, 7J, SS, V, and 5L.

FAWN BAY, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Simcoe County. Located on Lake Couchiching, 6 km from Rathburn, 1 km south of Rama Road and 8 km northeast of Orillia. Present approved name is FAWN BAY. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°38' 79°21'. References: B, U, V and 5L.

FAWN ISLAND SEE: FARM ISLAND, St. Clair River.

FAWN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°38' 82°32'. References: V.

FAYMONT, SEE: FAYMOUNT, Renfrew County.

FAYMOUNT, small place, Renfrew County, not a post office. The nearest railway station is at Cobden on CPR and is 25 miles distant. This place name has been misspelled as FAYMONT. Population 10 in 1893. No recent reference to this place. References: S and U10.

FEATHERSTON, SEE: FETHERSTON, Parry Sound District.

FEATHERSTONE, concentrated rural community, Rainham Township, Haldimand County, recently Part of Town of Haldimand in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 29 kms from Hagersville and 6.1 miles from Selkirk. Summer Post office opened as FEATHERSTONE, on July 4th, 1950 at lot 1, concession 1, Rainham Township. First Postmaster Percy Hardwick. Office closed August 30th, 1969. The first name suggested for this post office was FEATHERSTONE POINT, but that name was rejected. Present approved name is FEATHERSTONE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°49' 79°51'. References: U, V, 6T and 7D.

FEATHERSTONE POINT, SEE: FEATHERSTONE, Haldimand County.

FEATHERSTON'S CORNERS, hamlet, Torbolton Township, Carleton County. This place existed in 1879. There are no recent references to this name. Reference: UU.

FEDERAL, SEE: RIDEAU JUCTION, Carleton County.

FEEDER SEE: FEEDER SIDING, Haldimand County.

**FEEDER SIDING**, station, Moulton Township, Haldimand County. Located 43 miles from Brantford on Buffalo and Goderich line of GTR where railway crosses the Welland Canal feeder line. Population 30 in 1893 and 6 in 1908. No recent references. References: A, Z, PP, 7B and U10.

**FEEDER STATION**, railway point, Wainfleet Township, Welland County, now in Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 10 km from Welland, on GTR. Present approved name is **FEEDER STATION**. Map position: 42°57' 79°19'. References: B, S, U, and V.

**FEE LANDING**, SEE: **FEE'S LANDING**, Victoria County.

**FEE'S LANDING**, settlement, Emily Township, Victoria County. Located 6 kilometres from Omemee, 1 km northeast of Cowans Bay, 7 km northwest of Fowlers Corners and 13 km southwest of Youngstown. Also spelled **FEES LANDING**. Present approved name is **FEE'S LANDING**. Map position: 44o20' 78o32'. References: B, U, V and 5L.

**FEE SPUR**, railway point, west of Lake Nipigon, Thunder Bay District, also 14 miles west of Collins and 22 miles east of Allan Water. Post office established as **FEE SPUR**, on June 1st, 1937. First Postmaster W.C. McDougall. Office closed December 2nd, 1955. Present approved name is **FEE SPUR**. Map position: 50°16' 89°46'. References: V and 6T.

**FEIR MILLS**, dispersed rural community, Ops Township, Victoria County. Located 13 km southeast of Lindsay, 6 km southwest of Omemee and 7 km north of Fleetwood. Present approved name is **FEIR MILL**. Map position: 44°16' 78°37'. References: B, V and 5L.

**FELDSPAR**, SEE: **MUD LAKE #2**, Lanark County.

**FELIX**, SEE: **GERARD**, Sudbury District.

**FELKER SURVEY**, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Population 75 in 1956. References: 5E.

**FELL**, SEE: **FELL'S SETTLEMENT**, Victoria County.

**FELLOWS**, SEE: **STORM'S CORNERS**, Lennox County.

**FELL SETTLEMENT**, dispersed rural community, Somerville Township, Victoria County. Located 9 miles from Coboconk and 23 miles north of Lindsay and 2 1/2 miles east of Fell's Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **BURY'S GREEN**, February 1st, 1862. First Postmaster John Fell. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Bury's Green post office is named for a place in Yorkshire, England and was given the name by Mr. John Fell, the first postmaster. This place also known as **FELL'S STATION**. Present approved name is **BURYS GREEN**. Population 20 in 1908 and 4 in 1976. Map position: 44°36' 78°40'. References: 8E, A, I, S, PP, 3N, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**FELL'S STATION**, SEE: **FELL SETTLEMENT**, Victoria County.

**FELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°35' 79°49'. References: V.

**FELTON**, dispersed rural community, Russell Township, Russell County. Located 3 miles south of Russell and 10 miles northwest of Chesterville Station on CPR. Post office established as **FELTON**, on July 1st, 1867. First Postmaster Alex McGregor. Office closed June 1st, 1919. First settler in the Township of Russel was John Purves, a native of Scotland, in 1830. Present approved name is **FELTON**. Population 25 in 1895 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 45°12' 75°20'. References: I, Z, MM, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**FENAGHVALE**, SEE: **CROXON'S CORNERS #1**, Prescott County.

**FENELLA**, concentrated rural community, Haldimand Township, Northumberland County. Located 15 miles northeast

of Cobourg and 4 miles from Roseneath. Post office established as FENELLA, in 1860. First Postmaster Thomas Frank. Post office closed by 1972. Present approved name is FENELLA. Population 100 in 1893 and 52 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 78°04'. References: I, S, MM, 3B, U10, 3Y, V, 5L and 9F.

FENELON FALLS, SEE: CAMERON'S FALLS, Victoria County.

FENELON (TOWNSHIP OF), Municipal Township, Victoria County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P5843-68, dated August 19th, 1968. In 1847, Colborne District, of which this was a part, had 323 persons. Population 580 in 1852 and 4,346 in 1980. Area 68,600 acres. Map position: 44°30' 78°47'. References: HH, 2M, 2W, M, 2L and V.

FENNEL, SEE: CROXTON'S CORNERS #2, Simcoe County.

FENNELL'S CORNERS, SEE: CROXTON'S CORNERS #2, Simcoe County.

FENNELS, SEE: CROXTON'S CORNERS #2, Simcoe County.

FENTONS LANDING, dispersed rural community, within District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is **FENTONS LANDING**. Map position: 44°53' 79°48'. References: V.

FENTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°01' 82°32'. References: V.

FENWICK, SEE: DIFFIN'S CORNERS, Welland County.

FENWICK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°45' 84°25'. References: V.

FENWOOD GARDENS, dispersed rural community, Ameliasburgh Township, Prince Edward County. Located 3 km southwest of Rossmore, 7 km northeast of Ameliasburg and 4 km east of Rednersville. Present approved name is **FENWOOD GARDENS**. Map position: 44°07' 77°23'. References: V+ and 5L.

FERGUS, SEE: LITTLE FALLS #2, Wellington County.

FERGUS HILL ESTATES, Simcoe County. Located 5 km southwest of Orillia, 12 km east of Coulson and 9 km north of Hawkestone. Present approved name is **FERGUS HILL ESTATES**. Population 258 in 1976. Map position: 44°34' 79°28'. References: 5L.

FERGUSLEA, SEE: OPEONGO, Renfrew County.

FERGUSLIE, SEE: OPEONGO, Renfrew County.

FERGUSON, SEE: MELROSE #1, Middlesex County.

FERGUSON & WATT SURVEY, SEE: SKENESVILLE, Wellington County.

FERGUSON CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Denbigh Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located near Eganville, 7 km northwest of Vennachar, 13 km north of Massanoga and 7 km southwest of Denbigh. A summer post office established, named **ASHBY LAKE**, on July 2nd, 1966. First Postmaster William A. Scott. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **ASHBY LAKE**. Map position: 45°03' 77°17'. References: V, 5L, U and 6T.

FERGUSON FALLS, SEE: MILLFORD, Lanark County.

FERGUSON'S, station, Lanark County, on Brockville and Ottawa Railway, located 32 1/2 miles from Brockville. This entry dated 1872. There is no modern reference to this name. References: 7B.

FERGUSONS BEACH, dispersed rural community, Horton Township, Renfrew County. Located on Ottawa River, 10 km northwest of Renfrew and 14 km northeast of Braeside. Present approved name is FERGUSONS BEACH. Map position: 45°31' 76°34'. References: V and 5L.

FERGUSONS CROSSING, flag station, Mosa Township, Middlesex County. Located 5 miles south of Alvinston. It does not have a post office. The station which is named Fergusons Crossing is on Grand Trunk Railway Loop Line. References from 1893 to 1907. There is no more modern reference to this place. References: Z and U10.

FERGUSON'S FALLS, SEE: MILLFORD, Lanark County.

FERGUSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°30' 80°03'. References: V.

FERGUSONVALE, SEE: CUMMINGS CORNERS, Simcoe County.

FERGUSONVILLE, SEE: CUMMINGS CORNERS, Simcoe County.

FERGUSSON TOWNSHIP, Parry Sound District. Surveyed by Mr. Fitzgerald in 1869. Area 31,837 acres. No more recent reference to this place. References: 1M.

FERGUS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°15' 83°09'. References: V.

FERLAND, railway point, north of Lake Nipigon, Thunder Bay District. Located 50 kilometres east of Armstrong, a station on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 969 feet above sea level. Post office established as FERLAND, on April 1st, 1949. First Postmistress Mrs. Emelia H. Goole. Located 5 miles from Willet and 16 miles west of Minataree. Office closed October 5th, 1943. Present approved name is FERLAND. Population 14 in 1961 and 68 in 1976. Map position: 50°18' 88°25'. References: R2, 3B, L2, 5A, V, 6T and TL.

FERMANAGH, post office, Newcastle District, Canada West, later Durham County. Post office established as FERMANAGH, on October 1st, 1861. First Postmaster R. Johnston. In 1863, this post office closed as further maintenance of the office considered unnecessary on the opening of the Janetville post office. References: I and 3N.

FERMOY, dispersed rural community, Bedford Township, Frontenac County. Located 40 miles north of Kingston and 10 miles east of Parham Station on Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office established as FERMOY, on October 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Edward Botting. Office closed April 12th, 1941. Present approved name is FERMOY. Population 100 in 1886 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 44°38' 76°31'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3L, V, 6T and 5L.

FERNBANK #1, dispersed rural community, Mornington Township, Perth County. Located 3 miles from Newton Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 20 miles north of Stratford. Post office established as FERNBANK, on November 1st, 1876. First Postmaster William D. Reid. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Present approved name is FERNBANK. Population 20 families in 1908. Map position: 43°36' 80°49'. References: S, PP, V, 6T, 7E and 5L.

FERNBANK #2, dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Town Township, Leeds County. Located on St. Lawrence River, 4 km southwest of Brockville and 5 km southeast of Lyn. Present approved name is FERNBANK. Map position: 44°33' 75°43'. References: V and 5L.

FERNDALE #1, SEE: FERNDALE HOUSE, Muskoka District.

FERNDALE #2, SEE: CASLOR'S CORNERS, Peel County.

FERNDALE #3, concentrated rural community, Eastnor Township, Bruce County. This place was named for the abundant fern in the area and is located Highway 6 and 20 miles northwest of Wiarton. Present approved name is FERNDALE. Population 100 in 1956 and 72 in 1976. Map position: 44°58' 81°17'. References: 7R, 5L, 3B, 5E and V.

FERNDALE #4, Vespra Township, Simcoe County. Population 430 in 1956 and 82 in 1971. References: 3B, 5A and 5E.

FERNDALE HOUSE, dispersed rural community, Medora Township, Simcoe County, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 13 kilometres from Bala. Post office opened as FERNDALE HOUSE in 1888, in summer only. First Postmaster R.G. Penson. Name changed to FERNDALE on June 1st, 1967. Present approved name is FERNDALE. Map position: 45°08' 79°36'. References: I, SS, V, 6T, 5T, U and 5L.

FERNDALE PARK, SEE: CASLOR'S CORNERS, Peel County.

FERNDELL, dispersed rural community, Aldborough Township, Elgin County. Located 7 km north of Rodney, 8 km southeast of Wordsville and 6 km northwest of West Lane. Present approved name is FERNDELL. Map position: 42°37' 81°41'. References: V and 5L.

FERN GLEN, dispersed rural community, Perry Township, Parry Sound District. Located 6 miles from Emsdale and 6 miles south of Burk's Falls. Post office established as FERN GLEN, in 1886. First Postmaster Samuel J. Elliott. Office closed on August 1st, 1967. Present approved name is FERN GLEN. Population 26 in 1951 and 27 in 1971. Map position: 48°28' 79°22'. References: I, Z, DD, 3B, 5E, V, 5T and 5L.

FERNHILL, SEE: SHEEPSKIN CORNERS, Middlesex County.

FERNLEE, dispersed rural community, Robinson Township, Manitoulin District. Located 96 kilometres from Little Current, 20 miles from Gore Bay and 48 miles from Cutler Station the Soo line of CPR. Post office named FERNLEE established July 1st, 1901. First Postmaster Andrew McMillan. Office closed March 31st, 1960. Present approved name is FERNLEE. No population shown. Map position: 45°51' 82°48'. References: U, V, 7N, 5L, LD, PP and 6T.

FERNLEIGH, dispersed rural community, Clarendon Township, Frontenac County. Located 50 miles north of Kingston, 20 miles from Clarendon Station and 30 miles from Sharbot Lake. Post office named FERNLEIGH established August 1st, 1902. First Postmistress Mrs. Manson Davy. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is FERNLEIGH. Population 24 in 1972 and 19 in 1976. Map position: 44°54' 76°59'. References: S, DD, O, V, 7P and 5L.

FERNOW TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°55' 86°03'. References: V.

FERONIA, SEE: WOODLAND, Nipissing District.

FERRAL'S LANDING, SEE: FIRST CHUTE, Renfrew County.

FERRIER STATION, station, Bruce County. Located on CNR - timetable 487, freight servise only. Located between the stations of Port Elgin and Southampton. Reference: U.

FERRIER TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 7F, Algoma District.

FERRIE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°47' 79°47'. References: V.

FERRIS, concentrated rural community, West Ferris Township, Nipissing District. Located 1 3/4 miles from North Bay. Post office established as FERRIS on July 10th, 1920. First Postmaster G. Mooney. On August 31st, 1957, the status of this post office was changed to a sub-post office of North Bay. Office closed July 2nd, 1965. Present approved name is FERRIS. Population 3,004 in 1966. Map position: 46°18' 79°28'. References: B, U, V, 6T and 2R.

FERRIS TOWNSHIP, Incorporated 1892. Dissolved. SEE: Township of East Ferris and City of North Bay (Township of West Ferris). References: M.

**FERRIS WEST**, Ferris West Township, Nipissing District. Population 1,394 in 1951 and 4,338 in 1966. References: 3B, 5A and 5E.

**FERRY POINT**, hamlet, Ameliasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 2 miles from Belleville across the water. In 1881, the post office opened and was named **ROSS MORE**. First Postmaster William Gerow. Office closed February 1st, 1928. In 1908, the spelling of this name was changed to **ROSSMORE**. Present approved name is **ROSSMORE**. Population 325 in 1885 and 401 in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 77°23'. References: A, PP, I, MM, 3R, 5V, 6T, 9F and 9J.

**FESSENDEN**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton Wentworth. Present approved name is **FESSENDEN**. Map position: 43°14' 79°55'. References: V.

**FESSERTON**, SEE: **BUSH'S POINT**, Simcoe County.

**FESTUBERT**, summer post office, Addington County. Located 4 miles north of Cloyne, 4 miles south of Bon Echo and 14 3/8 miles north of Kaladar Station. Summer post office established as **FESTUBERT**, on July 1st, 1927. First Postmaster Mike Schwager. This post office did not reopen after August, 1929, and was finally declared closed by the post office in the 1931 season. No further reference to this post office. References: 6T.

**FETHERSTON**, post settlement, Muskoka District, later Foley Township, Parry Sound District. Located 3 miles southeast of Parry Sound, 7 miles from Georgian Bay and 1 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at James Bay Junction. Post office opened as **FETHERSTON**, in 1875. First Postmaster William A. Scott. Office closed June 29th, 1929 (as Featherston). No recent references to this place. Population 100 in 1885, 50 in 1895 and 600 in 1908. Map position: 45°20' 79°59'. References: I, T, S, Z, U10, PP, 1M, 3R, 9I, 6T, 4N and 9F.

**FEVERSHAM**, concentrated rural community, Osprey Township, Grey County. Located 38 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 14 miles northeast of Flesherton Station on the Toronto, Grey and Bruce line of CPR. Post office established as **FEVERSHAM**, on September 1st, 1857. First Postmaster J. Sproule. Post office still open and operating in 1983. This place settled in early 1850's by Edward Horton who built a dam and saw and flour mill and was a forebearer of the author's husband. Population 200 in 1886 and 185 in 1976. Present approved name is **FEVERSHAM**. Map position: 44°20' 80°22'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3M, V, 7R and 5L.

**FICKO**, hamlet, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, later in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 11 km east of Honeygables, 8 km west of South Gloucester and 6 km north of Manotick Station. Present approved name is **FICKO**. Population 74 in 1976. Map position: 45°16' 75°38'. References: 3B and 5L.

**FIDDLER'S GREEN**, an old name of a small hamlet located in the immediate vicinity of Enniskerry, Osgoode Township, Carleton County. No time frame shown. References: M. Daley.

**FIDDLER TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 27,Range 24**, Algoma District.

**FIDLAR'S MILLS**, Victoria District, Canada West. The nearest post office being named Rawdon. This reference was made in 1848 and there is no modern reference to this place. References: C.

**FIELD**, concentrated rural community, Field Township, Nipissing District. Located 32 miles from North Bay, on Sturgeon River, on CNR and Highway 64. Settled in 1888. **FIELD STATION** on CNR main line at an altitude of 780 feet above sea level. This station named for C.R. Fields, M.P.P. Parish name for this place **ST. JOSEPH**. Post office established as **FIELD**, on May 19th, 1900. First Postmaster Romuald Vezina. Office still in operation in 1983. The village is the principal place in the township and had a population of 170 in 1917. Present approved name is **FIELD**. Population 568 in 1976. Map position: 4 6°31' 80°01'. References: MM, 3B, L3, SS, V, 7M, 7D and 5L.

**FIELDING #1**, post office ,Middlesex County. Post office opened in 1876. First Postmaster J. W. Scott. Office closed October 1st, 1879. No recent reference to this office. References: 9F, 9F and I.

**FIELDING #2**, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Iroquois, Cochrane District. Present approved name is **FIELDING**. Map position: 48°39' 80°52'. References: V.

**FIELDS**, dispersed rural community, Collingwood Township, Grey County. This place is a flag station on the North and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, 16 miles west of Collingwood and 11 miles from Meaford. This place is named for Thomas Fields, an early settler. The post office is at Camperdown, 1 mile distant in 1908. Post office established 1888 and named **CAMPERDOWN**. By 1907, the distance between the places had diminished and the post office, Camperdown, was in Field's Crossing. Office closed January 15th, 1964. Present approved name is **CAMPERDOWN**. Map position: 44°32' 80°24'. References: Z, PP, S, I, V, 5L, 6S and 6T.

**FIELDS CROSSING**, SEE: **FIELDS**, Grey County.

**FIELD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Incorporated as Township September 18th, 1915 by Judge's Declaration of Incorporation dated September 18th, 1915. Population 850 in 1977 and 552 in 1980. Map position: 46°30' 79°58'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**FIFE BAY**, Smith Township, Peterborough County. Located 9 km northwest of Peterborough, 6 km southwest of Bridgenorth and 3 km northeast of Fowlers Corners. Present approved name is **FIFE'S BAY**. Population 294 in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 78°21'. References: 3B and 5L.

**FIFTH TOWN**, SEE: **TOWN #5**, Prince Edward County.

**FIGHTING ISLAND**, SEE: **GROSSE ISLE AUX INDES**, Essex County.

**FILEY BEACH**, urban community, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located on Lake Simcoe, 1 km northeast of Willow Beach and 5 km northwest of Sutton. Present approved name is **FILEY BEACH**. Map position: 44°19' 79°24'. References: V and 5L.

**FINALE**, Haliburton County. Located 45 kilometres from Bancroft and north of Mumford. Last reference 1978. References: U and SS.

**FINAN TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 49**, Algoma District.

**FINCH #1**, SEE: **COCKBURN'S CORNERS**, Stormont County.

**FINCH #2**, SEE: **SOUTH FINCH**, Stormont County.

**FINCHLEY STATION**, railway point, Westmeath Township, Renfrew County. Present approved name is **FINCHLEY STATION**. Map position: 45°46' 76°59'. References: B, U and V.

**FINCH'S CORNERS**, urban community, York Township, York County. Located 1/2 mile from Newtonbrook and 1 mile from Willowdale. Post office established as **FINCH'S CORNERS** October 3rd, 1924. First Postmaster Nelson Smith. Daily mail is delivered by Electric Railway from Toronto. On May 1st, 1928, this post office name was changed to **NORTHMOUNT**. Northmount post office status changed to sub-post office of Willowdale September 5th, 1950. Later this community is noted as Part of Borough of North York, now Part of the City of North York within the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is **NORTHMOUNT**. Map position: 43°47' 79°24'. References: SS, 6T, V+, U and V.

**FINCH STATION**, station on CPR, Stormont County. Located 7 miles east of Chesterville, has telegraph and express. It is not a post office. This reference is dated 1895 and there are no more recent references to this place. References: Z.

**FINDLAY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°00' 80°20'. References: V.

FINDLEY STATION, railway point, Pittsburg Township, Frontenac County. Located near Lansdowne. Present approved name is FINDLEY STATION. Map position: 44°20' 76°16'. References: B, U and V.

FINGAL, village, Southwold Township, Elgin County, formerly in London District, Canada West. Located 9 miles southwest of St. Thomas and 2 1/2 miles southeast of Shedden Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as FINGAL, in 1841. First Postmaster Levi Fowler. Office still in operation in 1983. The name, Fingal, was given by the late Colonel Talbot, about 1855. Fingal became a Police Village on November 30th, 1906, by Bylaw #709. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order PFN8135-64, on December 29th, 1964, effective date January 1st, 1965 and annexed to Southwold Township. Present approved name is FINGAL. Population 500 in 1857 and 345 in 1976. Map position: 42°43' 81°19'. References: I, S, Z, EE, 2W, 5B, V, VV, 7V, 9L, 5L and 7D.

FINGAL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°33' 82°17'. References: V.

FINGERBOARD #1, SEE: PORT HOOVER, Victoria County.

FINGERBOARD #2, locality, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Present approved name is FINGERBOARD. Map position: 44°18' 76°18'. References: V.

FINGER STATION, station, Neebing Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on Nipigon Division of CPR. Station number 4751, between the stations of Hedge and Port Arthur, in 1911. References: 10B and 9K.

FIN HILL, In an unorganized township, Sudbury District. Population 60 in 1961 and 44 in 1966. References: 5A.

FINLAND, dispersed rural community, in Potts Township, Rainy River District. Located 5 1/2 miles from Black Hawk and 11 1/2 miles from Chapple. Post office established as FINLAND, on March 1st, 1913. First Postmaster George Thomas Ferris. Post office closed October 17th, 1969. Present approved name is FINLAND. Population 36 in 1927. Map position: 48°51' 93°55'. References: 2P, V, 6T, 9F and 5L.

FINLAYSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°29' 78°53'. References: V.

FINMARK, railway point, southwest of Dog Lake, Thunder Bay District. Located 52 kilometres west of Thunder Bay, 33 miles northwest of Port Arthur, recently in Dawson Road Township, Thunder Bay District. Post office name FINMARK established November 15th, 1915. First Postmaster George A. Enright. Office closed December 31st, 1951. The station at mile 1875 on CPR, is between the stations of Buda and Kaministiquia and is located on CPR main line at an altitude of 1,183 feet above sea level. This place settled in early 1900's by Scandanavians. Present approved name is FINMARK. Population 15 in 1941 and 100 in 1971. Map position: 48°35' 89°45'. References: R2, Z, 3B, L1, V, 6T, 6Z, 8K and 5L.

FINTER, post office, Russell County, at the Rockcliffe Airport. Located 5 miles west of Orleans, 4 miles east of Quarries and 1.4 miles east of Forbes. Office established as FINTER, on September 5th, 1947. First Postmaster Richard E. MacDonald. On September 1st, 1951, the status of this post office was changed to a sub-post office of Ottawa. On November 1st, 1952, office closed. No recent reference to this office. References: 6T.

FINTONIA, SEE: NORTH ADJALA, Simcoe County.

FINTRY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°54' 84°35'. References: V.

FIRE HILL, station, Township 92, Thunder Bay District. Located 13 kilometres east of Nipigon, on CPR main line at an altitude of 609 feet above sea level and 74 miles east of Port Arthur. The station is located at mile 1986, east of Kama Station (1903). Present approved name is FIRE HILL. Population 50 in 1893. Map position: 49°00' 88°06'. References: R2, Z, L1, U10, V and 8K.

FIRE RIVER, railway point, Hayward Township, Algoma District. A station on the CNR main line at an altitude

of 1,024 feet above sea level. Located 30 miles west of Elsas and 35 miles east of Oba. Mail is delivered 3 times weekly each way on the railway. Post office established as **FIRE RIVER** on July 30th, 1930. First Postmaster John Soak. Office closed June 1st, 1956. Present approved name is **FIRE RIVER**. Population 5 in 1972 and 7 in 1976. Map position: 48°45' 83°36'. References: U, L3, O, V, 6T and 5L.

**FIRSTBROOK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°27' 79°49'. References: V.

**FIRST CHUTE**, settlement, Horton Township, Renfrew County. Located 40 miles southeast of Pembroke, 8 miles east of Renfrew and 2 1/2 miles from Castleford Station on CPR. Between 1832 and 1872, the place names were **BONNECHERE POINT** or **FERRAL'S LANDING**. In 1832, the post office opened named **CASTLEFORD**. First Postmaster C.J. Bell. In 1889, Castleford post office name was changed to **WARNOCK**. This change was necessitated because CPR had opened a station 3 miles distant and taken the name Castleford. The citizens objected to the loss of the name, however, it took them until 1891 to have the name, Castleford, restored to the original post office in Castleford. Office closed July 15th, 1919. By then the place had assumed the post office name. Present approved name is **CASTLEFORD**. Population 150 in 1893 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 45°31' 76°35'. References: EE, B, I, S, MM, U10, 3S, 7B, 5V, 6T, 7X, AA and 5L.

**FIRTH'S CORNERS**, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located one km south of Midland, 9 km southwest of Port McNocholl and 11 km southeast of Lafontaine. Present approved name is **FIRTH'S CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 79°54'. References: 5L and 9K.

**FISH CREEK**, dispersed rural community, Blanshard Township, Perth County. Located 16 miles southwest of Stratford, 4 miles east of Granton Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **FISH CREEK** July 1st, 1854. First Postmaster John Bell. In 1892, the post office and place names were changed to **PROSPECT HILL**. Office closed January 1st, 1914. This place's name came from an unknown traveller, just passing through town. A group had met at the store to choose a name and he said "Call it Prospect Hill for it is surely high enough", which they did. First settlers Edward Stiles and William Hayes. Present approved name is **PROSPECT HILL**. Population 100 in 1886, 75 in 1926 and 14 in 1976. Map position: 43°13' 81°14'. References: I, T, AA, 3L, 8Q, Z, MM, 6T, 1W and V.

**FISHER HEIGHTS**, surburban community, Napean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **FISHER HEIGHTS**. Population 452 in 1956. Map position: 45°22' 75°44'. References: 5E, V and 5L.

**FISHER MILLS**, SEE: **FISHER'S MILLS**, Waterloo County.

**FISHERS**, Muskoka District. A boat stop on the Muskoka Lakes route to Gravenhurst. Boat service daily in 1893. No further reference to this place. References: U10.

**FISHERS GLEN**, dispersed rural community, Delhi Township, Norfolk County, now in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 5 km southeast of Vittoria and 12 km southwest of Nanticoke on Long Point Bay. Present approved name is **FISHERS GLEN**. Population 18 in 1976. Map position: 42°43' 80°18'. References: B, V and 5L.

**FISHER'S MILLS**, dispersed rural community, Waterloo Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 1 mile from Hespeler. First settlers, A. & J. Clemens, who have a flour, saw , shingle and heading mills in 1877. Alternate name **FISHER MILLS**. Present approved name is **FISHER'S MILLS**. Population 100 in 1875 and 54 in 1956. After 1971, population included in Cambridge. Map position: 43°27' 80°20'. References: A, 2F, V, 3B, 5E and 7B.

**FISHER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°56' 84°32'. References: V.

**FISHERVILLE #1**, concentrated rural community, Rainham Township, Haldimand County, later Part of Town of Haldimand in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 8 miles southwest of Cayuga, 4 miles southeast of Nelles Corners on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **FISHERVILLE** on December 1st,

1863. First Postmaster J. McCombs. Office still in operation in 1983. The first name asked for, for the post office of this place was Jacobs Town. That name was refused, then the place was named for Johaun Fischer, a shoemaker, who first settled in 1852. Actually, properly dedicated, the place should have been spelled, "Fischerville". On January 8th, 1917, Fisherville became a Police Village by Bylaw #585. Dissolved, effective January 1st, 1974, becomes Part of Town of Haldimand in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Present approved name is **FISHERVILLE**. Population 100 in 1893 and 232 in 1971. After 1976, population figures included in Town of Haldimand. Map position: 42°52' 79°54'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3O, 1C, V, 9L and 7D.

**FISHERVILLE #2**, dispersed rural community, Vaughan Township, York County, later Part of the Borough of North York in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. This tiny settlement was at Steeles Avenue at Dufferin Street. Present approved name is **FISHERVILLE**. Map position: 43°47' 79°28'. References: 3G and V.

**FISH LAKE**, hamlet, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 10 miles from Picton and 3 miles Northport. Post office established as **FISH LAKE**, in 1884. First Postmistress Mrs. E.A. Vanskriver. Office closed March 1st, 1914. Population 175 in 1893 and 260 in 1895. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, Z, PP, U10, 6T and 5P.

**FISKES CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Kenyon Township, Glengarry County. Located 12 km east of St. Isadore de Prescott, 14 km northwest of Alexandria and 14 km northeast of Maxville. Present approved name is **FISKES CORNERS**. Map position: 45°23' 74°46'. References: V and 5L.

**FITCHETT'S CORNERS**, concentrated rural community, Reach Township, Ontario County, later within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 2 miles from Prince Arthur, 14 miles north of Whitby and 3 miles south of Port Perry. Also located at Highway #12 and Highway #7. Named for the first settler, or possibly the family of, Fitchetts. Post office established November 6th, 1852, and named **MANCHESTER**. First Postmaster William Powson. Office closed September 30th, 1937. Present approved name is **MANCHESTER**. Population 200 in 1886 and 70 in 1976. Map position: 44°05' 78°59'. References: 3G, 7D, I, A, T, S, O, V and 6T.

**FITTON'S HEIGHTS**, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Population 62 in 1961 and 32 in 1966. References: 5A.

**FITZBACK**, urban community, Wicksteed Township, Algoma District. Located 37 miles from Oba, 90 miles from Franz and 40 miles west of Hearst. Post office established as **FITZBACK**on July 1st, 1915. First Postmaster J.G. Leggat. In December of 1915, office name was changed to **HORNEPAYNE** to honour the President of Canadian Northern Railway in Britain. Office still in operation in 1983. The place name, Fitzback, remained in use until 1920 and in that year was changed to correspond to the post office name of Hornepayne. The station is on the CNR main line at an altitude of 1,088 feet above sea level. This place is the railway divisional point in Algoma District. Present approved name is **HORNEPAYNE**. Population 910 in 1841 and 1,694 in 1976. Map position: 49°13' 84°47'. References: 2Y, L3, SS, 6T, R1, 3B, 5K and V.

**FITZ GERALD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°03' 78°12'. References: V.

**FITZROY**, SEE: **FITZROY STATION**, Carleton County.

**FITZROY HARBOUR**, SEE: **THE CHATS**, Carleton County.

**FITZROY STATION**, concentrated rural community, West Carleton Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 30 miles from Ottawa. **FITZROY STATION** on the CNR main line at an altitude of 243 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **FITZROY**. Map position: 45°27' 76°15'. References: B, L3, V and 5L.

**FITZROY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Carleton County, originally in Bathurst District, Canada West. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1963, C93. Amalgamated by Township of West Carleton January 1st, 1974. Area 55,014 acres. Population 2,086 in 1852 and 3,423 in 1879. Map position: 45°24' 76°13'. References: C, HH, 3H, 2W, M, UU and V+.

**FITZSIMMONS TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 22, Range 18**, Sudbury District.

**FITZWILLIAM ISLAND**, Manitoulin District, 19 kilometres from South Baymouth (1980). References: U.

**FIVE BRIDGES**, dispersed rural community, Townsend Township, Norfolk County, later Part of City of Nanticoke in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 10 miles northeast of Simcoe and 3 miles northeast of Waterford. Post office established as **TOWNSEND CENTRE**, for the Township, on September 1st, 1859. First Postmaster Hiram Slaght. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **TOWNSEND CENTRE**. Population 107 in 1893, 28 in 1971 and after 1976 population included in City of Nanticoke. Map position: 42°56' 80°15'. References: 7B, B, I, S, U10, 3X, 6T and V.

**FIVE CORNERS**, Douro Township, Peterborough County. Located 10 km northeast of Peterborough, 6 km west of Woodland Acres and 8 km southeast of Lakefield. Present approved name is **FIVE CORNERS**. Map position: 44°22' 78°19'. References: 5L and D.

**FIVE STAKES**, hamlet, London District, Canada West, later Southwold Township, Elgin County. Located 3 miles north of St. Thomas and 14 miles from London. Nearest railroad at St. Thomas on Grand Trunk Railway and CPR. Post office established August 1st, 1853 and named **TALBOTVILLE ROYAL**. First Postmaster John Cuthbertson. Office still in operation in 1983. Recently designated as a dispersed rural community. Although popular name, and road signs say **TALBOTVILLE**, the present approved name is **TALBOTVILLE ROYAL**. Population 75 in 1893 and 209 in 1976. Map position: 42°48' 85°15'. References: A, C, I, S, U10, 3K, VV and V.

**FLAKE**, urban community, Part of Town of Valley East in the Regional Municipaltiy of Sudbury. Present approved name is **FLAKE**. Map position: 46°37' 81°02'. References: V.

**FLAMBORO**, railway point, East Flamborough Township, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **FLAMBORO**. Map position: 43°24' 79°58'. References: B, U and V.

**FLAMBORO'**, SEE: **FLAMBOROUGH**, Wentworth County.

**FLAMBORO CENTRE**, dispersed rural community, East Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, later Flamborough Township within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 9 miles north of Hamilton and 5 miles northwest of Waterdown. Post office established as **FLAMBORO CENTRE**, in 1891. First Postmaster George Church. Office closed September 30th, 1937. Population 20 in 1893 and 70 in 1976. Present approved name is **FLAMBORO CENTRE**. Map position: 43°22' 79o56'. References: B, I, Z, 3B, U10, V, 5V, 6T and 5L.

**FLAMBORO EAST TOWNSHIP**, Gore District, then shown in Halton County and now in Wentworth County, to January 1st, 1974 when included in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Area 33,000 acres. Population 2,903 in 1852 and 24,018 in 1980. References: C, HH, 2W and 3H.

**FLAMBORO STATION**, East Flamboro Township, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth (1974). References: B.

**FLAMBORO WEST TOWNSHIP**, Gore District, Canada West, later in Halton County and finally Wentworth County. Incorporated into the Town of Dundas and Township of Flamboro, in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth, on January 1st, 1974. Area 31,200 acres. Population 3,533 in 1852. References: C, HH, 2W and 3H.

**FLAMBOROUGH**, SEE: **FLAMBORO**.

**FLAMBOROUGH**, hamlet, Flamborough East Township, Wentworth CounBty, later within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. This place established in 1846. Located 7 miles from Hamilton. Although there appears to be no post office or station, the name was changed to **PROGRESS TOWN** and with natural usage became **PROGRESTON**.

Present approved name is **PROGRESTON**. Population 150 in 1846 and 138 in 1956. Map position: 43°24' 79°58'. References: G, AA, 5E and V.

**FLAMBORO WEST**, hamlet, Flamboro West Township, Halton County, Canada West. Located 3 miles from Dundas, 8 miles from Hamilton (stage coach fare 1 shilling, 9 pence) and 16 miles from Galt. In 1853, Walter Coclough is shown as Postmaster of Flamboro West, but there is no documentation to support the office. This place probably became **PROGRESTON**. References: 5B, and 7A.

**FLANDERS**, SEE: **MAYFLOWER**, Rainy River District.

**FLANDERS HEIGHTS**, urban community, Part of City of Brockville, Leeds and Grenville County. Map position: 44°37' 75°42'. References: V.

**FLANDERS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°23' 85°12'. References: V.

**FLANIGAN'S**, hamlet, McGillivray and Biddulph Townships, Middlesex Counties. Located 40 miles from Goderich, 20 miles from London and 1 miles from Lucan. The first name **FLANIGAN'S CORNERS** is for Patrick Flanigan, founder of the place. Place name was changed to **VILLAGE OF IRELAND** in the 1850's. Post office established in 1836 and named **McGILLIVRAY** to November 1st, 1882, when office name changed to **CLANDEBOYE**. First Postmaster for McGillivary was Isaac Adamson, appointed October 6th, 1836. Post office closed on April 28th, 1970.The first postmark used at this post office was **GILLIVRAY**. A local name for this place in the 1870's was **IRELAND**. Recently designated as a dispersed rural community in Biddulph, Township, Middlesex County, under the name **CLANDEBOYE**. An alternate spelling for Flaningan's Corners was **FLANAGAN'S CORNERS**. The place was also spelled as**FLANIGAN'S CORNER**. Present approved name is **CLANDEBOYE**. Population 100 in 1885 and 180 in 1976. Map position: 43°12' 81°27'. References: A, EE, I, 3S, 7V, 7X, 3R, V, 5L and 7R.

**FLANIGAN'S CORNERS**, SEE: **FLANIGAN'S**, Middlesex County.

**FLANIGAN'S VILLAGE**, SEE: **FLANIGAN'S**, Middlesex County.

**FLANNIGAN CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, South Easthope Township, Perth County. Located 10 km northeast of Tavistock, 12 km southwest of Shakespeare and 5 km southeast of Stratford. Present approved name is **FLANIGAN CORNERS**. Population 6 in 1976. Map position: 43°20' 80°57'. References: B, V and 5L.

**FLAT LAKE**, Baird Township, Kenora District. Population 32 in 1951 and 52 in 1956. References: 5E.

**FLAT POINT**, concentrated rural community, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 kilometres from Port McNichol. Name changed to **PARADISE POINT**, 1974. Present approved name is **PARADISE POINT**. Map position: 44°46' 79°49'. References: V, B and U.

**FLAVELLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°59' 80°28'. References: V.

**FLECK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 82°58'. References: V.

**FLEETWOOD #1**, dispersed rural community, Durham County, Canada West, then Manvers Township, Durham County, subsequently Victoria County. Located 28 miles northwest of Coburg, the County Seat and 2 miles west of the Grand Trunk Railway at Franklin. Post office opened as **FLEETWOOD**, in 1860. First Postmaster Thomas Russell. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Population 100 in 1886 and 70 in 1926. Present approved name is **FLEETWOOD**. Map position: 43°13' 78°37'. References: I, T, B, S, Z, U, MM, 3Y, V, 6T and 5L.

**FLEETWOOD #2**, station, Rainy River District, on CNR. Located 66 miles from Fort Frances. Has telegraph and express office. Date of this reference 1933. No further reference to this station. References: LL.

**FLEMING CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Bucke Township, Timiskaming District. Present approved name is **FLEMING CORNERS**. Map position: 47°27' 79°43'. References: V and V+.

**FLEMING'S BAY**, Darling Township, Lanark County. Named for a lumberman called Fleming who died in 1880. No further reference to this place. References: 7D.

**FLEMING TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°52' 93°46'. References: V.

**FLESHER'S CORNERS**, Village, Artemesia Township, Grey County. Located 1 1/2 miles east of Ceylon Station on CPR and 31 miles southeast of Owen Sound. Post office established as **ARTEMESIA**, on July 6th, 1851. First Postmaster John Sproule. Post office named for the Township. Office name changed to **FLESHERTON** in 1867 to honour an early settler named William Kingston Flesher. Office still in operation in 1983. The first settler in Flesherton was A. Munshaw, an innkeeper. Present approved name is **FLESHERTON**. Population 800 in 1895 and 568 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 80°33'. References: I, F, 2Y, 3J, 8Q, S, Z, HH, 2T, V, 7B, 7V, 5L, NN and 7D.

**FLESHERTON**, SEE: **FLESHER'S CORNERS**, Grey County.

**FLESHERTON STATION**, station, Artemesia Township, Grey County. Located 36 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 3 miles from Flesherton. Post office established as **FLESHERTON STATION**, on April 1st, 1876. First Postmaster William Purdy. On January 1st, 1899, Flesherton Station post office name was changed to **CEYLON** and named for the island in Asia. Office closed September 30th, 1969. This place is famous for being the birthplace of Miss Agnes McPhail, the first women elected to a legislative chamber in Canada. Recently designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **CEYLON**. Population 150 in 1895 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 80°34'. References: I, Z, 7H, 4N, DD, 3B, 5L, V, 7V, 9F and 7D.

**FLESHERTON AND PRICEVILLE STATION**, Artemesia Township, Grey County. Located 1 mile from Flesherton, appearing in 1875. No references since. References: A.

**FLETCHER**, dispersed rural community, Tilbury East Township, Kent County. Located 11 miles southwest of Chatham. This place was named for John Fletcher, a prominent farmer. Post office established as **FLETCHER**, May 1st, 1875. First Postmaster Patrick. D. T. Barry. Office closed July 13th, 1973. Present approved name is **FLETCHER**. Population 150 in 1913 and 78 in 1976. Map position: 42°18' 82°18'. References: I, B, Z, 5L, 3B, DD and V.

**FLETCHER STATION**, station, East Tilbury Township, Kent County. This station is on Michigan Central Railway and was named for John Fletcher, a Scotsman who immigrated in 1836. No recent references to this place. References: A and 7D.

**FLETCHER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°22' 90°13'.

**FLETT**, railway point, Forbes Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 60 kilometres west of Thunder Bay. Map position: 48°36' 89°46'. No recent reference to this place. References: R2 and U.

**FLETT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°51' 79°34'. References: V.

**FLEURY**, settlement, in an unsurveyed area, Nipissing District, on Net Lake, southwest of Lake Timiskaming and northeast of Lake Temagami. Nearest station is Grey's on Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Located 3 miles from Temagami and 75 miles north of North Bay. Post office established as **FLEURY**, on November 1st, 1905. First Postmaster Adolph Bean. Post office closed by 1910. No further reference to this place. Population approximately 50 in 1908. References: S, PP, 7S and 9F.

**FLEURYVILLE**, Bucke Township, Timiskaming District. Population 84 in 1951. References: 3B.

**FLINDT LANDING**, railway point, Chevrier Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 115.68 kilometres east of Sioux Lookout. Present approved name is **FLINDT LANDING**. Map position: 50°14' 90°26'. References: R2 and V.

FLINT #1, SEE: FLINT'S MILLS, Addington County.

FLINT #2, dispersed rural community, O'Connor Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 13 kilometres from Kakabeka Falls, 2 1/2 miles from O'Connor and 4 miles from Hymers. This place has a station on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 719 feet above sea level. Post office established as FLINT, on October 1st, 1913. First Postmaster Robert F. Taylor. Office closed December 30th, 1950. Present approved name is FLINT. Map position: 48°20' 89°31'. References: U, L2, 6T and 5L.

FLINTDALE, SEE: FLINT SIDING, Thunder Bay District.

FLINTON, concentrated rural community, Kaladar Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 42 miles northwest of Napanee and 8 miles from Kaladar Station on CPR. Post office established as FLINTON, on December 31st, 1858. First Postmaster Sidney Wey. Name is later corrected to Way. Post office still in operation 1983. Present approved name is FLINTON. Population 400 in 1886 and 204 in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 77°13'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3X, V, 9F and 5L.

FLINTON CORNER, dispersed rural community, Kaladar Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 8 km northeast of Kaladar, 10 km southwest of Bordenwood and 14 km southeast of Cloyne. Present approved name is FLINTON CORNER. Map position: 44°43' 77°09'. References: V and 5L.

FLINT SIDING, railway point, Selwin Township, Cochrane District. Name for this place changed to FLINTDALE, in 1974. FLINTDALE STATION is located 85 kilometres east of Nakina on the Pagwa sub-line of CNR. Present approved name is FLINTDALE. Map position: 50°04' 85°36'. References: R2, V and D.

FLINT'S MILLS, concentrated rural community, Kaladar Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 40 miles north of Napanee and 8 miles from Kaladar Station and on the Salmon River. Post office established as FLINT, on July 1st, 1856. First Postmaster N. Trumper. In 1857, the name of this post office was changed to KALADAR and in 1890, the post office name was changed to NORTH BROOK. Office still in operation in 1983. This place name remained as FLINT'S MILLS and in use up to 1872. On July 1st, 1967, the spelling of the name was changed to one word. Present approved name is NORTHBROOK. Population 60 in 1895 and 409 in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 77°10'. References: 7B, 5L, 6T, I, 3M, S, AA, MM, 3B and V.

FLOODTOWN, dispersed rural community, West Oxford Township, Oxford County. Located 5 miles south of Woodstock and 5 miles from Beachville. Post office established as SWEABURG, sometimes spelled, as originally intended, as SWEABORG, on April 1st, 1857. The name comes from a place in Russia, about which an old resident had read a newspaper article referring to Sweaborg action in the Crimean War. The name became SWEABURG when the post office stamp arrived with the misspelling on it. First Postmaster W. Sudworth. Office closed May 1st, 1915. Present approved name is SWEABURG. Population 100 in 1893 and 185 in 1976. Map position: 43°04' 80°46'. References: 1S, I, S, 3B, U10, 3M, 1S, 6T and V.

FLOOD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°45' 85°23'. References: V.

FLORA, concentrated rural community, Woolwich Township, Waterloo County, later within Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 10 miles from Elora, 16 miles north of Berlin (later Kitchener) and 4 miles north of Elmira Station on Credit Valley Railway. Post office established and named FLORA April 1st, 1863. First Postmaster I. Devitt. In 1876, post office name was changed to FLORADALE. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is FLORADALE. Population 100 in 1893 and 196 in 1976. Map position: 43°37' 80°35'. References: I, 3N, T, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3R, V and 5L.

FLORADALE, SEE: FLORA, Waterloo County.

FLORAL PARK, dispersed rural community, Rama Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 miles north of Longford Mills, 2 miles south of Washago and 3 miles from Lake Couchiching. Post office established as FLORAL PARK, on July 1st, 1926. First Postmaster W.R. McRae. On July 1st, 1963, the summer post office of Floral Park was designated as to a year round post office. Present approved name is FLORAL PARK. Population 44 in 1976. Map

position: 44°43' 79°21'. References: B, 3B, V+, 6T and 5L.

**FLORANNA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°09' 83°18'. References: V.

FLORENCE, SEE: VICTORIA #5, Lambton County.

FLORENCEVALE, SEE: NORTHFIELD #3, Brant County.

**FLORIDA #1**, dispersed rural community, Kennedy Township, Cochrane District. Located 16 kilometres from Cochrane, 5 miles from Butcher and 3 1/2 miles from Dunning. Post office established as **FLORIDA**, on December 26th, 1927. First Postmistress Mrs. Olive Lamothe. Office closed November 20th, 1942. Present approved name is **FLORIDA**. Map position: 49°06' 80°51'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

**FLORIDA #2**, dispersed rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 3 km northeast of Wilton, 16 km east of Newburgh and 18 km northwest of Kingston. Present approved name is **FLORIDA**. Map position: 44°20' 76°41'. References: V and 5L.

FLOS, SEE: MORRISON'S CORNERS, Simcoe County.

**FLOS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Simcoe County, formerly in Simcoe District, Canada West. Incorporated January 1st, 1854, by County Bylaw #32, passed June 26th, 1853. Area 64,400 acres. Population 545 in 1852 and 2,506 in 1980. Surveyed in 1822. First settlers were the Davenport family. Map position: 44°33' 79°52'. References: C, HH, 2W, 3H, M, V and 2E.

**FLOUR MILL**, urban community, Part of the City of Sudbury in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Map position: 46°30' 80°59'. References: V.

FLOWER, SEE: FLOWER STATION, Lanark County.

FLOWER CITY, SEE: BUFFY'S CORNERS, Peel County.

**FLOWER STATION**, dispersed rural community, Lavant Township, Lanark County. Located 40 miles north of Perth and 24 miles south of Renfrew. Post office opened January 1st, 1886, as **FLOWER STATION**, for the Honourable Flower, President of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. First Postmaster Gilbert W. White. Post office closed April 15th, 1969. This place sometimes referred to as **FLOWER**. The station is named **FLOWER STATION** and is on Kingston and Pembroke Railway, later CPR. Present approved name is **FLOWER STATION**. Population 50 in 1893 and 9 in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 76°41'. References: I, Z, MM, U10, 5U, 7U, 5L, Z, 9F and 7D.

FLOWERTOWN, SEE: BUFFY'S CORNERS, Peel County.

**FLOYD AYESWORTH SUBDIVISION**, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Population 128 in 1961 and 130 in 1966. References: 5A.

**FLUORITE #1**, Morris Township, Algoma District, later Nipissing District. Located 22 1/2 miles from Cartier and mail is delivered daily by catch-post. May, 1915, place name changed to **WYE**. Post office established as **WYE**, on December 16th, 1929. First Postmaster Edward White. Office closed March 21, 1942. No recent reference to this place. References: SS and 6T.

FLUORITE #2, SEE: MUNROE, Sudbury District.

**FLYING POST INDIAN RESERVE #73**, Located west of Timmins, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°32' 82°00'. References: V and 5L.

FLYNNS TURN, SEE: BOBCAYGEON TURN, Peterborough County.

**FLYNNTOWN**, a tiny place. Located north of Sheppard Avenue on Leslie Street in what is today North York, Metropolitan Toronto, and is named for Martin Flynn, a shoemaker who also had a general store along with his cobblery (1858). References: 8S.

**FOCH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°15' 85°12'. References: V.

FOLDEN, SEE: FOLDEN'S CORNERS, Oxford County.

FOLDENS CORNERS, dispersed rural community, West Oxford Township, Oxford County. Located 10 miles southwest of Woodstock and 5 miles from Ingersoll Station on CPR and Grand Trunk Railway. This place name has been misspelled as FOLDERS CORNERS, FOULDEN'S CORNER and its latest name is **FOLDEN**. Post office established as **FOLDENS CORNERS** in 1896. First Postmaster Cicero E. Gamsby. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **FOLDEN**. Population 30 in 1913 and 120 in 1976. Map position: 43°02' 80°48'. References: S, PP, 3B, LL, 7E, 6T, 5L, V and DD.

FOLEY #1, SEE: WILLIAMSON #2, Ontario County.

FOLEY #2, station, Township not shown, Cochrane District. CNR main line at an altitude of 1,078 feet above sea level, 5.4 miles from Tombs Station, 6 miles from Goose River Station in 1915, and situtated between these 2 stations on the rail. Located 567.9 miles from Montreal and 37.5 miles from Kapuskasing. No recent reference to this station. References: L and L3.

FOLEYET, dispersed rural community, Foleyet Township, Sudbury District. Located 98 kilometres east of Chapleau and 102 kilometres west of Timmins. This place was founded in 1915 and up to 1973, a sawmill was still running in Foleyet. Post office established as **FOLEYET** on December 21st, 1916. First Postmaster John Audet. Post office still in operation in 1983. This place was named by Sir Donald Mann and is a divisional point on CNR. Present approved name is **FOLEYET**. Population 550 in 1956 and 538 in 1976. Map position: 48°15' 82°27'. References: R2, 5E, V, 6T, 8L and 5L.

**FOLEYET TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°16' 82°30'. References: V.

FOLEY MINES, Located on Shoal Lake in Rainy River District, 40 miles west of Fort Frances and 6 miles from Mine Centre Station on CNR. There is a highway to Mine Centre. Population200 in 1927. No recent reference to this place. References: 2P and DD.

FOLEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Incorporated June 2nd, 1873. Quieting Order M3184, dated March 29th, 1957. Population 700 in 1908. Area 36,043 acres. Surveyed in 1866 by Mr. Stewart, provincial land surveyor. Map position: 45°48' 79°56'. References: PP, 1M, M and V.

FOLGER, dispersed rural community, Lavant Township, Lanark County. This place has a station called **FOLGER STATION** on Kingston and Pembroke Railway, 74 miles north of Kingston and 45 kilometres from Perth. Post office established as **FOLGER**, on December 1st, 1896. First Postmaster Edward K. Roche. Office closed October 31st, 1928. Present approved name is **FOLGER**. Population 50 in 1893 and 9 in 1976. Map position: 45°04' 76°43'. References: Z, U, U10, V, 5L, 7E and 6T.

FOLGER STATION, SEE: FOLGER, Lanark County.

FONTAINE TOWNSHIP, SEE: O TOWNSHIP, Algoma District.

FONT HILL, SEE: OSBORNE'S CORNERS, Welland County.

FONTHILL, SEE: OSBORNE'S CORNERS, Welland County.

FOOTBANKS, SEE: MAJESTIC SIDING, Nipissing District.

FOOTBANKS SIDING, SEE: MAJESTIC SIDING, Nipissing District.

FOOTE BAY, SEE: FOOTE'S BAY, Muskoka District.

FOOTE'S BAY, dispersed rural community, Muskoka Lakes Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 30 miles north of Gravenhurst on Lake Joseph near Hamill's Point and has a station on the Canadian Northern Ontario Railway. On October 1st, 1903, the name of this place was changed to STANLEY BRAE. Post office established as FOOTE'S BAY, in 1890. First Postmaster Edward Gostic. On September 30th, 1959, the status of this office was changed to that of a summer post office under the name FOOTS BAY. Office still in operation in 1983. Foots Bay was established by William Edward Foot born in 1830. In 1860, he immigrated to Canada to escape the famine in Ireland. In June 1871, he moved to Bracebridge. Place was named for W. E. Foot. His occupation was a snuff manufacturer. Present approved name is FOOT'S BAY. Population 100 in 1908 and 48 in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 79°45'. References: B, I, PP, 7Q, G. Sinclair, CFRB Radio, V+, 5L, 6T, 3B and V.

FOOTE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°11' 85°23'. References: V.

FOOTS BAY, SEE: FOOTE'S BAY, Muskoka District.

FORBES, dispersed rural community, Gloucester Township, Russell County recently Part of City of Ottawa within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 1/4 mile east of Eastview Centre, 1 mile west of Quarries and mail is delivered by courier on the Ottawa Railway Train #1 (1928). Post office established as FORBES, on July 3rd, 1928. First Postmaster Diona Ringuette. Post office status changed to a sub-post office of Ottawa on August 1st, 1950. Present approved name is FORBES. Map position: 45°26' 75°38'. References: V and 6T.

FORBES TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°37' 89°39'. References: V.

FORCASTLE, Located in Thorah Township, Ontario County. Post office established as FORCASTLE, in 1856. First Postmaster Daniel Cameron. Office closed 1857. No further reference to this post office. References: I, EE and 3V.

FORCE'S CORNERS, hamlet, Burford Township, Brant County. Post office established as WOODBURY 1869. First Postmaster Lionel Shepherd who resigned June 1st, 1872 and the post office was closed. Post office department decided the office was no longer necessary. Located 3 miles from Princeton. Population 60 in 1875. No recent references to this place. References: 7B, I, A and 5X.

FORD, Sandwich Township, Essex County. Located 1 mile from Walkerville and 2 miles from Windsor. Post office established as FORD, on August 14th, 1913. First Postmaster Alfred L. Mitchell. Office closed July 1st, 1923. This place has a station named EAST WINDSOR on the Essex Terminal Railway. Recently designated as an urban community. Incorporated as a village, December 3rd, 1912. Became a Town, July 30th, 1915. Incoporated as City of East Windsor June 1st, 1929. Amalgamated with City of Windsor July 1st, 1935. Amended April 9th, 1936 and effective on August 8th, 1936. In 1932, its name was changed to EAST WINDSOR from FORD CITY. Parish name for this place NOTRE DAME. Present approved name is EAST WINDSOR. Population 5,860 in 1926 and 14,251 in 1931. After that date population shown with Windsor. Map position: 42°19' 82°59'. References: MM, 6T, M, 2S, HH, SS, 2S, 5C, V and 7V.

FORDACRES, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Population 91 in 1941 and 54 in 1951. References: 3B.

FORD CITY, SEE: FORD, Essex County.

FORD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°01' 81°57'. References: V.

FORDVILLE, SEE: CLARKSDALE, Halton County.

FORDWICH, SEE:TOWN PLOT OF HOWICK, Huron County.

**FORDWICK,** SEE:**TOWN PLOT OF HOWICK,** Huron County.

**FORDYCE,** dispersed rural community, West Wawanosh Township, Huron County. Located 8 miles from Lucknow, 18 miles northeast of Goderich and 4 miles south of Whitechurch Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **FORDYCE,** on September 1st, 1865. First Postmaster William Farquharson. Office closed December 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **FORDYCE.** Population 100 in 1875, 30 in 1895 and 60 in 1926. Map position: 43°52' 81°27'. References: I, A, S, Z, MM, 3P, V, 6T and 5L.

**FOREBAY,** post office, Niagara Township, Lincoln County. Located 5.1 miles northwest of Niagara Falls and 1.8 miles south of Queenston. Post office established as **FOREBAY,** on September 4th, 1951. There is no official postmaster but the Hydro Electric Company (later Commission), of Ontario administered the post office. Office closed July 26th, 1954. Present approved name is **FOREBAY.** Map position: 43°10' 79°03'. References: V and 6T.

**FOREMAN,** hamlet, Walpole Township, Haldimand County. Located 20 miles southwest of Cayuga and 10 miles south of Jarvis Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **FOREMAN,** in 1890. First Postmaster Charles Brown. Office closed October 1st, 1899. No recent references to this place. References: I, Z, U10 and 7H.

**FOREST #1,** Town, Bosanquet, Warwick and Plympton Townships, Lambton County. Located 146 miles from Toronto, 22 miles northeast of Sarnia, on Grand Trunk Railway and 5 miles from Lake Huron. Post office established as **FOREST,** on April 1st, 1862. First Postmaster R. Dier. There are 2 other spellings for the Postmaster's name, Dyer and Dire. Office still in operation in 1983. Incoporated as a village, June 5th, 1872. Proclaimed Town, the first Monday of January, 1889. First settler, Robert Dyer (Dire, Dier). This place was named for the timberstand in which it existed. It is currently on Highway 21 and on CNR. Forest's special claim to philatelic fame is its Squared Circle Cancellation, used, only from March 29th, 1897 to April 13th, 1898. It is rated as a "Top Rarity" to collectors. The Town of Forest developed with the coming of the Grand Trunk Railway in 1859. Present approved name is **FOREST.** Population 2,057 in 1895 and 2,557 in 1976. Map position: 43°06' 82°00'. References: I, M, S, Z, PP, HH, 2T, 2Z, E. Phelps, 2Y, 3N, V and 5L.

**FOREST #2,** dispersed rural community, Portland and Loughborough Townships, Frontenac County. Located 5 km southwest of Sydenham, 13 km northeast of Odessa and 7 km southeast of Harrowsmith. Present approved name is **FOREST.** Map position: 44°22' 76°37'. References: V and 5L.

**FORESTERS FALLS #1,** concentrated rural community, Ross Township, Renfrew County. Located 22 miles southeast of Pembroke and 7 miles northeast of Cobden Station on CPR. Post office established as **FORESTERS FALLS** on May 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Oliver Forester, for whom the place is named and who was the first settler in the area. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **FORESTERS FALLS.** Population 100 in 1886 and 148 in 1976. Map position: 45°41' 76°47'. References: I, T, S, Z, 2W, 8Q, 3L, V, 5L and 7D.

**FORESTERS FALLS #2,** railway point, Ross Township, Renfrew County. A station on the Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 398 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **FORESTERS FALLS.** Map position: 45°39' 76°45'. References: V and L3.

**FOREST ESTATES MOBILE HOMES,** Blandford-Blenheim Township, Oxford County. Located 10 km west of Princeton, 9 km northeast of Woodstock and 6 km southeast of Innerkip. This name is not approved. Present approved name is **FOREST ESTATES.** Population 211 in 1976. Map position: 43°10' 80°41'. References: 3B and 5L.

**FOREST GLADE,** urban community, Part of City of Windsor, Essex County. Present approved name is **FOREST GLADE.** Map position: 42°18' 82°55'. References: V+.

**FOREST HARBOUR,** Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 km north of Waubaushene, 4 km south of Port Severn and 18 km east of Penetanguishene. Name is not approved. Population 78 in 1976. Map position: 44°47' 79°43'. References: 3B and 5L.

FOREST HILL #1, York Township, York County, later a village within the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Incorporated as a village in 1923. Amalgamated by Toronto in 1966. Present approved name is FOREST HILL. Population 2,293 in 1928 and 15,305 in 1951. Recently designated as an urban community, Part of City of Toronto. Map position: 43°42' 79°25'. References: F, HH, 2T, 3K, 2Y, 3B and V.

FOREST HILL #2, urban community, Part of City of Sarnia, Lambton County. Present approved name is FOREST HILL. Map position: 43°00' 82°22'. References: V and V+.

FOREST HOME, dispersed rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 4 km southwest of Orillia, 18 km north of Oro Station and 20 km west of Martinville. Present approved name is FOREST HOME. Population 112 in 1961 and 138 in 1976. Map position: 44°34' 79°27'. References: U, 3B, 5A, V and 5L.

FOREST HOUSE, dispersed rural community, Rawdon Township, Hastings County. Located 24 miles northwest of Belleville and 8 miles north of Stirling and 5 kilometres from Bonarlaw. Post office established as SPRINGBROOK, in 1873. First Postmaster Peter Welsh. Post office still in operation in 1983. This place has a station called SPRINGBROOK STATION on Central Ontario Railway, later CNR. Present approved name is SPRINGBROOK. Population 200 in 1875 and 163 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 77°36'. References: A, I, S, U, 3B, 1E and V.

FOREST LAKE, Located 6 miles from South River Station on Grand Trunk Railway in Parry Sound District. Post office opened as FOREST LAKE, in 1885. Office closed in 1887. Postmaster for the term of the office P. McDermott. No recent references to this post office. References: I, U10 and 9F.

FOREST LEA #1, dispersed rural community, Alice Township, Renfrew County. Located 6 miles from Pembroke on Trout Creek land on CPR. Post office established as FOREST LEA, on June 15th, 1907. First Postmaster Andrew W. Young. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Present approved name is FOREST LEA. Population 50 in 1956 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 45°49' 77°13'. References: B, PP, 3B, 5E, V, 6T, 7K and 5L.

FORESTLEA #2, concentrated rural community, Tosorontio Township, Simcoe County. Located 25 miles south of Barrie and 10 1/2 miles southwest of Alliston. In 1878, after the railway was built, the name was changed NEW AIRLIE. In 1879, the post office was established and named LISLE, for the song of the day in that year. The name Forestlea was given by Thomas Crosbie, the oldest settler in the area. First Postmaster T.H. Harrison and the post office is still operating in 1973. The Grand Trunk Railway Station name was changed to LISLE to conform with the post office. The station was on North and Northwestern Railway, then Grand Trunk Railway and finally today on CNR. Present approved name is LISLE. Population 3,500 in 1886 and 258 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 79°59'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, JJ, 3B, 3R, MM, V, 5V and 7D.

FOREST MILLS, dispersed rural community, Richmond Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 9 miles northwest of Napanee, on the Salmon River and 5 kilometres from Roblindale. Post office established 1868 and named FOREST MILLS. First Postmaster Alex H. Roe. Office closed September 1st, 1916. Present approved name is FOREST MILLS. Population 100 in 1886 and 19 in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 77°03'. References: B, I, T, S, U, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 4G.

FOREST NOOK, summer resort, Croft Township, Parry Sound District. Located 4 1/2 miles from Magnetewan, 7 miles from Ahmic Harbour and 30 miles Burk's Falls on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as FOREST NOOK, on August 15th, 1904, as a summer post office. First Postmaster M.A. Rice. This post office not in operation since the season of 1936 and was considered permanently closed November 1st, 1937. References: S, PP, 7J and 6T.

FOREST, SHERBROOKE, SEE: SHERBROOKE, FOREST, Haldimand County.

FOREST STREAM PARK, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Population 55 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

FORESTVILLE, dispersed rural community, Charlotteville Township, Norfolk County. Located 12 miles from Delhi, 12 miles southwest of Simcoe, 3 miles from St. Williams on CNR. Post office established as FORESTVILLE, onNovember 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Titus Finch. Office closed June 15th, 1917. Place name was misspelled as

FORRESTVILLE . Name was given by an early settler who had formerly been a native of Forestville in New York State. Present approved name is FORESTVILLE. Population 100 in 1893 and 53 in 1976. Map position: 42°42' 80°23'. References: V, I, A, S, MM, 3B, 3J, U10, V, 6T, 5L, C and 7D.

FORET (ISLE au), Located 8 kilometres across the water from Kingston. Named GAGE ISLAND by Proclamation July 16th, 1792. In 1835, this island was noted as being as Gage or SIMCOE ISLAND, with the nearest post office being Kingston in 1848. Simcoe Island is recently designated as a dispersed rural community, Wolfe Island Township, Frontenac County. Simcoe Island was named by John Graves Simcoe for his father Captain John Simcoe, Royal Navy. Post office established named SIMCOE ISLAND, May 1st, 1904. First Postmaster Thomas Bush. Post office closed May 31st, 1968. Present approved name is SIMCOE ISLAND. Population 38 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 76°32'. References: 7W, C, 3H, A, 3B, 7J, 5K, 9F and V.

FORFAR #1, SEE: HALE'S CORNERS, Leeds County.

FORFAR #2, SEE: MUD RIVER, Bruce County.

FORFAR STATION, Bastard Township, Leeds County (1974). References: B.

FORGET, dispersed rural community, Russell Township, Russell County. Located 4 miles from Embrun Station on the New York and Ottawa Railway. Post office established May 1st, 1904, named FORGET. First Postmaster Harvey Berdeaux. Office closed January 15th, 1916. Present approved name is FORGET. Population 75 in 1926. Map position: 45°14' 75°16'. References: B, S, MM, PP, V, 6T, 7J and 5L.

FORGIE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°43' 94°57'. References: V.

FORKS, SEE: SPANISH FORKS, Sudbury District.

FORKS OF THE CREDIT, SEE: ADJUDA, Peel County.

FORKS ROAD, SEE: MAR'S HILL, Welland County.

FORMOSA, SEE: STONEY CREEK #2, Bruce County.

FORRESTVILLE, SEE: FORESTVILLE, Norfolk County.

FORT ABATIBI, a fur trading post built by Troyes in 1686 and operated by the French to 1760. Prior to 1774, occupied by the Hudson Bay Company as an outpost of Moose Factory. Not in use in 1914 when National Transcontinental Railway built La Sarre Station nearby for shipping furs to Montreal. This place is located at the east end of Lake Abatibi, at the mouth of the Abitibi River. The station later was served by CNR. References: 2Y and 7B.

FORT ALBANY, SEE: ALBANY POST, Cochrane District.

FORT ALBANY INDIAN RESERVE, Cochrane District. Located 128 air kilometres southwest of Moosonee. Originally set up as a Hudson Bay post. Language in use is mostly Cree with a little English and French. Post office established February 1st, 1960. First Postmaster William B. Anderson. Mail delivered 4 times yearly by Austin Airways via Moosonee and Weemisk. Population 700 in 1978. Map position: 52°17' 81°40'. References: R3 and 6T.

FORT ALBANY INDIAN RESERVE #67, Located on the west shore of James Bay, Cochrane District. Population 981 in 1976. Map position: 52°20' 81°45'. References: V and 5L.

FORT AMHERST, SEE: MALDEN FORT, Essex County.

**FORT BOURBON,** SEE: **HAYES ISLAND POST**, Cochrane District.

**FORT BRUCE,** hamlet, Bruce Township, Bruce County. Located on Baie du Dore (Map position: 44°20' 81°31'), 4 miles west of Underwood, and adjacent to Malta. Post office established as **BRUCE** on April 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Peter Sinclair. Office closed in 1860 when place also known as **PORT BRUCE**, along with adjoining hamlet of Malta, burned in a flash fire in one night. The postal area was taken over by Tiverton in 1860 and the area returned to bush condition. Present approved name is **FORT BRUCE**. Since re-populated. References: I, EE, 2W, 3K, 3U, A and 5L.

**FORT CAMENESTIGOYAN,** SEE: **DULHUT'S TRADING POST**, Thunder Bay District.

**FORT CATARAQUI,** SEE: **CATARAQUI**, Frontenac County.

**FORT CHIPPAWA,** SEE: **BRIDGEWATER #3**, Lincoln County.

**FORT DETROIT,** SEE: **FORT PONTCHARTRAIN**, (1789) **NEW FRANCE** and (1803) **UPPER CANADA**.

**FORT DRUMMOND**, built in 1814, near Queenston Heights, Niagara Region. Date of reference 1976. References: 6O.

**FORT ERIE (hamlet),** SEE:**FORT ERIE FORT**, Welland County.

**FORT ERIE**, AMALGAMATIONS: **FORT ERIE WEST** (formerly **AMAGARI**,) January, 1932; **FORT ERIE NORTH**, June, 1948; **CRYSTAL BEACH** and **TOWNSHIP OF BERTIE**, January, 1970.

**FORT ERIE BEACH**, urban community, Part of Town of Fort Erie in Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is **FORT ERIE BEACH**. Map position: 42°54' 78°55'. References: V.

**FORT ERIE FORT**, Town, Bertie Township, Welland County, later within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Originally a fort, this post was built in 1764 by Captain John Montresor for the British; rebuilt in 1799 and again in 1804. In the War of 1812, this post was lost to the Yankees July 3rd, 1814. The uneven battle was between 170 British soldiers against 4,500 of General Brown's invaders. Post office established in 1801 as a military office, with all mail dispatched under guard. After hostilities ceased the next office was established as a civilian post office in 1820, under the name **FORT ERIE**. First Postmaster Johnathan Sills. Office still in operation in 1983. The Village named **VICTORIA** and **VICTORIAVILLE**, also **WATERLOO**, changed its name to **INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE**, an Incorporated Village; which amalgamated with the Incorporated Village of **AMAGARI**, and formed the Incorporated Village of **BRIDGEBURG** on April 16th, 1895 and changed its name to Town of Bridgeburg. Village of Fort Erie became an Incorporated Village on June 10th, 1857. On December 31st, 1931 the Incorporated Town of **BRIDGEBURG** annexed the Incorporated Village of **FORT ERIE** and changed its name to Town of Fort Erie. On January 1st, 1970 the Town of **FORT ERIE**, the Township of Bertie and the Village of Crystal Beach amalgamated as the Town of Fort Erie. First settlers were United Empire Loyalists, including some members of Butler's Rangers. In 1880 Fort Erie overgrew the hamlet of **LITTLE AFRICA**, an early Black settlement. Located 20 miles southeast of Welland, the County Seat, 126 miles from Toronto, Provincial Capital (1833-York), at the junction of the Niagara River and Lake Erie, 100 miles from London and 31 miles from Niagara (1857). Railway service included Grand Trunk Railway, Michigan Central Railway, Erie & Niagara Railway, (later CNR), and Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway. Present approved name is **FORT ERIE**. Population 706 in 1861, 800 in 1886, 2,383 in 1931 and 24,030 in 1976. Map position: 42°54' 78°56'. References: 5B, 3H, A, 6T, SS, V, U, I, Z, 2S, M, 7D, HH, 2T, 3D, 7B, U12, 3R, 7X, 5L, 6O, 7V, 5C, 3S, 2Y, 2U, EE, K, P and G.

**FORT ERIE NORTH,** SEE:**FORT ERIE FORT**, Welland County.

**FORT ERIE TOWN,** SEE:**FORT ERIE FORT**, Welland County.

**FORT ERIE VILLAGE,** SEE:**FORT ERIE FORT**, Welland County.

FORT ERIE WEST, SEE:FORT ERIE FORT, Welland County.

FORTESCUE, Cavendish Township, Peterborough County. Located on White Lake, 12 miles east of Kinmount Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 4 miles from Irondale Station on Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway and 40 miles north of Peterborough. Post office established as FORTESCUE, on July 1st, 1891 and named for Lord Fortescue in England. First Postmaster Austin J. Ford. Office closed September 30th, 1948. Present approved name is FORTESCUE. Population 55 in 1895 and 800 in 1908. Map position: 44°50' 78°28'. References: I, B, Z, AA, PP, V, 6T and 5L.

FORT FINLAY, port of call of the Northern Navigation Company in Algoma District in 1908. No further reference to this port. References: PP.

FORT FLUSHER, SEE: LITTLE NIAGARA, Welland County.

FORT FRANCES, SEE: ST. PIERRE #6, Algoma District.

FORT FRANCIS, SEE: ST. PIERRE #6, Algoma District.

FORT FRANTENAC, SEE:KATARAKNE, Frontenac County.

FORT FRONTENAC, SEE:KATARAKNE, Frontenac County.

FORT GEORGE, British military post of the late 18th century and the principal military establishment on the frontier. This place saw action during the War of 1812 and formed Brock's headquarters in that year. It was attacked by the Americans in 1813. In 1835, a direction is sent from the general post office in Quebec City that mail for Fort George in Lincoln County is to be sent to the post office at Niagara. In 1848, this place was still shown in the Niagara District with the nearest post office being Niagara, Canada West. No further reference to this place. References: C, 3H and 6O.

FORT GLOUCESTER, Parke Township, Algoma District. Located 19 kilometres from Saulte Ste. Marie and on the North Channel of Lake Huron on St. Mary's River. Post office established 1870 and named POINTE aux PINS. First Postmaster W.G. Foot. Office closed 1891. Present approved name is FORT GLOUCESTER. Population 10 in 1908. Map position: 46°29' 84°28'. References: I, T, U, PP, 7W, V and 4H.

FORT GWILLIMBURY, Gwillimbury East Township, York County, on the Holland River and with rail service from Grand Trunk Railway later CNR. Located 32 miles from Toronto. Also known as LOWER LANDING, OLD SOLDIER'S LANDING and STEAMBOAT LANDING. When settlement started in the area, it was first called BEVERLY and later ST. ALBANS. Before settlement it was known as THE LANDING, in 1794. Village plot surveyed by Augustus Jones in 1794 and named Lower Landing. In 1831, the place name was changed to HOLLAND LANDING named for Samuel Holland first Surveyor General, in 1796. Post office established as HOLLAND LANDING on October 6th, 1831. First Postmaster George Lount. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village in 1861 and dissolved in the same year. Incorporated as a Police Village in 1933. Police Village status dissolved by Bill 102-1970, effective January 1st, 1971 and becomes part of the Township of East Gwillimbury in the Regional Municipality of York. Recently designated as a concentrated rural community. Present approved name is HOLLAND LANDING. Population 300 in 1857 and 1,782 in 1976. Map position: 44°06' 79°29'. References: 8A, 3H, I, G, S, EE, HH, 2T, 3B, U9, 2Y, 3G, 5C, 2J, V, 7X, 9G and 9L.

FORT HENRY, SEE:KATARAKNE, Frontenac County.

FORT HENRY HEIGHTS, surburban community, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Map position: 44°14' 76°27'. References: V and 5L.

FORT HOPE, Patricia District, on the Albany River, on the boundary of the Northwest Territories, Keewatin District and Ontario. It is situated above the height of land due north of Lake Nipigon. Recently designated a dispersed rural community, west of Eabamet Lake, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Post office name EABAMET

LAKE established December 21st, 1953. First Postmaster John D. Riley. Office still in operation in 1983. Located 90 miles south of Armstrong Station. All travel to this place is done by canoe or plane. There are no roads to it. Present approved name is FORT HOPE. Population 13 in 1972. Map position: 51°33' 87°59'. References: U, V, 5L, 6V and 6T.

FORT HOPE INDIAN RESERVE #64, Located on the north shore of Eabamet Lake, Kenora District. The Fort Hope Band live on the reserve and speak Ojibway and English. Population 450 in 1978 and 621 in 1976. Map position: 51°37' 87°55'. References: R3, B and 5L.

FORTHTON, misspelled as FORTHON, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County, with a station on the Brockville, Westport and Northwestern Railway. Located 13 miles from Brockville and 32 miles from Westport. The nearest post office to this place is Glen Buell. Present approved name is FORTHTON. Population 27 in 1972 and 11 in 1976. Map position: 44°38' 75°52'. References: B, U, SS, O, V and 5L.

FORT IRWIN, post office, Harburn Township, Haliburton County. Located 7 1/2 miles from Eagle Lake and 16 1/2 miles from Haliburton. Summer post office established as FORT IRWIN, on July 15th, 1955 at lot 11, concession 6 of Township of Harburn, Victoria County. First Postmaster Russell M. Dart. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is FORT IRWIN. Population 17 in 1976. Map position: 45°11' 78°25'. References: B, V, 6T and 5L.

FORT KAMINISTIKWIA, SEE: DULHUT'S TRADING POST, Thunder Bay District.

FORT KAMINISTIQUIA, SEE: DULHUT'S TRADING POST, Thunder Bay District.

FORT LAC LA PLUIE, Rainy River District. This is a Northwest Trading Company post which was built between 1775 and 1787. It was abandoned in 1821 after the amalgamation of the Northwest Company with the Hudson's Bay Company. This place is near Fort Francis. Reference date 1976. References: 6O.

FORT LA CLOCHE, dispersed rural community, Victoria Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°07' 82°05'. References: V and 5L.

FORT MATACHEWAN, locality, Cairo Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°00' 80°39'. References: V.

FORT McDONELL, Village, Hagerty Township, Renfrew County. Located 40 miles south of Pembroke, on Brennan's Creek, 32 miles from Cobden, 20 miles northwest of Egansville and a station on the Canada Standard Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, which was later purchased by CNR. This place is named for the first settler William McDonell. Station name KILLALOE. Incorporated as Village of KILLALOE STATION on March 24th, 1911. Post office names are KILLALOE STATION and KILLALOE. These two offices are nearby the other. The post office, Killaloe, was opened in 1879. First Postmaster Samuel Devine. This office closed in 1962. The post office, Killaloe Station, opened in 1896. First Postmaster Michael Holly. This office remains open in 1983. Currently designated a concentrated rural community. Religious Parish name ST. ANDRE. Present approved name is KILLALOE STATION although the Registered Plan still shows the hamlet name as FORT McDONELL. Population 600 in 1908 and 699 in 1980. Map position: 45°33' 77°25'. References: 2S, B, M, AA, S, PP, U, 5U, I, V, 9F and 7D.

FORT MICHILLIMACKINAC, Post office established May 28th, 1789 and was closed in 1796 when this place became United States Property. SEE: MICHILLIMACKINAC. References: 8O.

FORT MISSISSAUGA, The earthworks for this fort were erected in 1793 and the batteries were used during the War of 1812. It was occupied as a military post until 1845 and was built to defend the frontier and the Niagara River. It is now Part of NIAGARA ON THE LAKE, Regional Municipality of Niagara. The place name has been misspelled as FORT MASSASSAUGA. References: 6O and 7D.

FORT MOOSE, SEE: HAYES ISLAND POST, Cochrane District.

FORT NIAGARA, Niagara Region, 2 miles from Niagara on the Lake (1976). References: 6O.

FORT NORFOLK, SEE: PORT NORFOLK, Norfolk County.

FORT PENETANGUISHENE, SEE: WENRIO, Simcoe County.

FORT PONTCHARTRAIN, Located in New France in 1789, in Upper Canada in 1803, when the name was changed to DETROIT in 1789. Post office established 1791. First Postmaster George Leith and the post office was opened May 28th, 1789 and named DETROIT. When this post office was taken over from the British after the War of Separation, the United States official opening of the U.S.A. post office was in 1803. Formerly, the French called this place Fort Pontchartrain. It consisted of 3 parts, the Town, the Citadel and Fort Lanoult. Map position: 42°38' 81°40'. References: I, 7X and 7W.

FORT PRESENTATION, or OSWEGATCHIE. Located on the south side of the St. Lawrence River, above Point Gallo. (Point Gallo is now in U.S. territory.) This reference is dated 1799. References: 7W.

FORT ROSE, dispersed rural community, East Williams Township, Middlesex County. Located 6 1/4 miles from Sable, 5 miles from Nairn and 3 1/4 miles from Fernhill. Post office established as FORT ROSE, on July 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Alex G. McKenzie. Office closed April 1st, 1914. No recent reference to this community. Map position: 43°05' 81°38'. References: B, I and 6T.

FORT ROUILLE, SEE: TIEAIGON, York County.

FORT STE. ANNE, SEE: ALBANY POST, Cochrane District.

FORT STE. MARIE, Simcoe District. Located 5 kilometres from Midland. This place was a fortified mission built by the Jesuits in 1639. It was burned and abandoned in 1649. References: U and 7V.

FORT ST. JOSEPH ON ST. CLAIR RIVER, a post built by Dulhut about 1685 on St. Clair River. This site became the present day City of Port Huron in U.S.A. At times called PORT ST. JOSEPH. This site was abandoned in 1688. References: 2Y and 7V.

FORT ST. LOUIS, SEE: HAYES ISLAND POST, Cochrane District.

FORT SAINT PIERRE, SEE: ST. PIERRE #6, Algoma District.

FORT SEVERN, SEE: CHURCHILL FORT, Kenora District.

FORT SEVERN INDIAN RESERVE #89, at Sachigo River and Severn River in Kenora District. Population 226 in 1976. Map position: 55°03' 89°01'. References: V and 5L.

FORT SEVERN TRADING POST, Located northwest of Winisk in Kenora District, Patricia Portion. This trading post is on the reservation of the Fort Severn Band, 718 kilometres northwest of Red Lake. The language is Cree and this place is presently being surveyed for Reserve status. Population 266 in 1978. Map position: 55°59' 87°38'. References: V and R3.

FORT STEWART, concentrated rural community, Carlow Township, Hastings County. Located 30 miles north of Ormsby on Central Ontario Railway and located 100 miles north of Belleville. Post office established as FORT STEWART, in 1891. First Postmaster Eli T. Lumb. It is assumed that Fort Stewart was named for John Stewart, owner of a hotel and was one of the first settlers, in 1895. Present approved name is FORT STEWART. Population 50 in 1893 and 38 in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 77°37'. References: I, B, Z, AA, U10, V and 5L.

FORT TIMISKAMING, SEE: MATABANICK, Nipissing District.

FORT TORONTO, SEE: TEIAIGON, York County.

FORT TORRENTO, SEE: TEIAIGON, York County.

FORTUNE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°39' 81°58'. References: V.

FORT WELLAND, SEE: BRIDGEWATER #3, Lincoln County.

FORT WELLINGTON, SEE: AUGUSTA, Grenville County.

FORT WILLIAM #1, SEE: DULHUT'S TRADING POST, Thunder Bay District.

FORT WILLIAM #1, SEE: Amalgamation under City of Thunder Bay, Thunder Bay District.

FORT WILLIAM #2, settlement, Bathurst District, Canada West. Nearest post office being Pembroke in 1848. No further reference to this place. References: C.

FORT WILLIAM INDIAN RESERVE #52, near the southern limits of the City of Thunder Bay, Thunder Bay District. Fort William Band lives on the reserve under the Robinson Superior Treaty. Language spoken is Ojibway. Population 402 in 1976 and 469 in 1978. Map position: 48°20' 89°20'. References: R3, V and 5L.

FORT WILLIAM OF THE NORTH WEST COMPANY, SEE: DULHUTS TRADING POST, Thunder Bay District.

FORT WILLIAM WEST, Neebing Township, Algoma District, later Thunder Bay District. Located four miles from Fort William. Post office established as NEEBING in 1885. No Postmaster shown and office closed the same year. Office opened as FORT WILLIAM WEST, in 1895. Office absorbed into Fort William in later years. First Postmaster A. McLaren in 1895. Station name NEEBING, a station on CPR main line at an altitude of 710 feet above sea level at mile 1901, also a station on Canadian Northern Railway, 4 miles from Fort William. The stations were formerly WESTFORT STATION and that name applied to both CNR and CPR. In 1925, CNR changed to WEST FORT WILLIAM STATION. The place name was changed to FORT WILLIAM WEST in 1895 and in 1974 is designated as an urban community, Part of City of Thunder Bay. Present approved name is FORT WILLIAM WEST. Population 600 in 1893 and 500 in 1895. References: I, L1, 8K, U, SS, Z, PP and U10.

FORT WILLIAM WEST, SEE: THUNDER BAY (CITY OF),
Thunder Bay District.

FORTY, SEE: THE FORTY, Lincoln County.

FORT YORK #1, SEE: TEIAIGON, York County.

FORT YORK #2, SEE: HAYES ISLAND POST, Cochrane District.

FORTY MILE CREEK, SEE: THE FORTY, Lincoln County.

FORWARD, dispersed rural community, Winchester Township, Dundas County. Located 8 km east of Winchester, 2 km southwest of Chesterville and 5 km north of Bethune Bush. Present approved name is FORWARD. Map position: 45°06' 75°15'. References: V and 5L.

FOSSMILL, dispersed rural community, Chisholm Township, Nipissing District. Located 3 miles from Wasing, 10 miles from Alderdale and 15 miles from Powassan. Mail is delivery by courier on Powassan #4, at Pilgrim's Corners. Post office established as FOSSMILL, on March 9th, 1925. First Postmaster T.B. Howard. May, 1925, the name is corrected to FOSS MILLS. Office closed August 1st, 1947. Present approved name is FOSSMILL. Map position: 46°05' 79°07'. References: B, V, 6T and 5L.

FOSS MILLS, SEE: FOSSMILL, Nipissing District.

**FOSTER FARM**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **FOSTER FARM**. Map position: 45°21' 75°41'. References: V.

FOSTER SETTLEMENT, Norfolk County, Elias and Mary Foster established in 1803. Noted once more in 1877, no recent reference to this place. References: 1N.

FOSTER'S LOCKS, SEE: DAVIS LOCKS, Leeds County.

FOSTER'S RAPIDS, Carlow Township, Hastings County. Located 1 mile from Havergal. In 1906, the place was known as CAMPBELL'S RAPIDS. No further reference to this place. References: 7D.

FOSTER'S STATION #1, Montague Township, Lanark County. This reference dated 1875 and no further reference to this place. References: A.

FOSTER'S STATION #2, on Pere Marquette Railway in Essex County, also on Lake Erie and Duluth Railway. This place existed between 1893 and 1907. There is no further reference to this station. References: S and U10.

**FOSTER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°14' 81°38'. References: V.

FOUCAULT TOWNSHIP, SEE: K TOWNSHIP, Algoma District.

FOULDEN'S CORNERS, SEE: FOLDEN'S CORNERS, Oxford County.

FOULDS' RAPIDS, SEE: CROOK'S RAPIDS, Hastings County.

FOULDS TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 7E, Algoma District.

FOUNTAIN BEACH, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Ontario County. Located 1 km southwest of Uptergrove 2 km southeast of Atherley and 3 km north of Joyland Beach. Present approved name is **FOUNTAIN BEACH** Population 39 in 1971. Map position: 44°36' 79°20'. References: B, 3B, V and 5L.

FOUNTAIN FALLS, post office, Coleman Township, Timiskaming District. Located 11 1/2 miles south of Cobalt an 10 miles north of Silver Centre. Post office established as **FOUNTAIN FALLS**, in 1927. First Postmistress Mrs Margaret Adamson. Office closed June 11th, 1932. No further reference to this post office. References: 6T.

FOUNTAIN GREEN, hamlet, Esquesing Township, Halton County. Located 12 miles northwest of Milton, 32 mile from Toronto and 3 miles west of Georgetown and on the west branch of the Credit River. Post office opened a LIMEHOUSE on June 1st, 1857. First Postmaster John Newton. Office still in operation in 1983. First settle in 1840 and the first settler who bought land, Mr. Clendenning. Before the post office opened it was locall known as ROCKDALE but didn't appear on any documents under that name. First place name was mispelled a FAUNTAIN GREEN. It was named, Limehouse, for a suburb of London, England, by Mr. Sumpter. Recently designate as a dispersed rural community. Became Part of Town of Halton Hills in the Regional Municipality of Halton Present approved name is LIMEHOUSE. Population 60 in 1886 and 252 in 1971. After 1976, population is include in Halton Hills. Map position: 43°38' 79°58'. References: F, B, I, T, S, Z, PP, 3B, V, 7D, 1B and 3M.

FOUNTAIN HILL, SEE: SYDENHAM #3, Peel County.

FOUNTAIN VALLEY, SEE: WOLF PACK, Peel County.

FOUR CORNERS, Village, Flos Township, Simcoe County. Located 20 miles northwest of Barrie and 15 miles sou of Penetanguishene. Second name for this place was ELM FLATS in 1853. Post office established September 30t 1859 in Simcoe District, Canada West and named ELMVALE. First Postmaster William Harvey. Office still operation in 1983. First settler was James Harvey, in 1848. In 1878, there was an attempt made by engineer, James Saurin Murray, to change the name of the place to SAURIN, but the villagers objected to t change and the post office name was never adopted. ELMVALE was first established as a Police village

November 22nd, 1939 and Incorporated as a Village November 25th, 1948. The name Elmvale was given because of the great number of elm trees that grew near this Village. Present approved name is **ELMVALE**. Population 300 in 1886 and 1,152 in 1979. Map position: 44°35' 79°52'. References: B, I, M, N, T, S, Z, HH, 2T, JJ, 2Y, 3X, V, 7V, 7D, 5L and 9F.

**FOURNIER #1,** SEE: **FOURNIERVILLE**, Prescott County.

**FOURNIER #2,** unorganized community, Cochrane District. Located 3.2 kilometres west of Cochrane on Highway #11, also on CPR. Population 79 in 1978. References: R2 and U10.

**FOURNIER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°00' 81°08'. References: V.

**FOURNIERVILLE,** Police Village, South Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 18 miles southwest of L'Orignal and 12 miles north of Maxville Station on Canada Atlantic Railway. Post office established as **FOURNIER** on December 1st, 1856. First Postmaster C. Fournier and the place is named for him. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village July 1st, 1910, by Bylaw #634. Police Village status dissolved by Statute on January 1st, 1981 and reverts to Township of South Plantagenet. Religious Parish name **ST. BERNARD**. Present approved name is **FOURNIER**. Population 100 in 1886 and 225 in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 74°54'. References: EE, 1X, B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3M, SS, V, 9L, 5L, 7D and 7L.

**FOURTH CHUTE,** dispersed rural community, Wilberforce and Grattan Township, Renfrew County. Located 18 miles from Renfrew and 5 miles from Eganville. Post office established December 1st, 1905, and named **KNIGHTINGTON**. First Postmaster John Knight and post office named for the first Postmaster. Office closed February 15th, 1933. Station for this place was called **FOURTH CHUTE STATION** on the Eganville Division of the CPR. Station number 3648, between the stations of Douglas and Jamiesons Siding, in 1911. Present approved name is **FOURTH CHUTE**. Population 28 in 1976. Map position: 45°31' 77°00'. References: PP, 3B, V, 5L, 2Y, 7S, 7D, 10B and 6T.

**FOURTH LINE,** hamlet, Sarnia Township, Lambton County. Located 5 miles east of Sarnia, 3 miles from Lucasville. Post office opened as **FOURTH LINE**, on December 9th, 1908. First Postmaster George Turnbull. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Once listed on an official lake as **FOURTH LAKE** which was an error. Present approved name is **FOURTH LINE**. Population 87 in 1941 and 154 in 1951. Map position: 42°57' 82°19'. References: 3B, 6T, V, D and 5L.

**FOURTH TOWN,** SEE: **TOWN #4**, Lennox County.

**FOWLER,** railway point. Located east of Lac Seul, Kenora District, also 77.6 kilometres east of Sioux Lookout. This station is on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,373 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **FOWLER** Population 87 in 1961 and 4 in 1978. Map position: 50°14' 90°58'. References: R2, L2, 5A and V.

**FOWLER'S CORNERS #1,** SEE: **LAKEVALE**, Peterborough and Victoria County.

**FOWLER'S CORNERS #2,** SEE: **LANGMAN'S MILLS**, Simcoe County.

**FOWLER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°41' 89°31'. References: V.

**FOXBORO,** SEE: **SMITHVILLE #1**, Hastings County.

**FOX CORNERS,** dispersed rural community, Madoc Township, Hastings County. Located 6 km south of Bannockburn, 13 km northwest of Madoc and 18 km northeast of Marmora. Present approved name is **FOX CORNERS**. Map position: 44°36' 77°32'. References: V and 5L.

**FOXEY**, dispersed rural community, Gordon Township, Manitoulin District. Located 3 miles from Gore Bay, 10 miles from Silver Water and 50 kilometres from Little Current. Post office established as **FOXEY**, on August 1st, 1911. First Postmaster Jacob Wismer. Office closed April 30th, 1937. Present approved name is **FOXEY**. Map position: 45°53' 82°31'. References: U, V, 6T and 5L.

**FOX ISLAND**, Georgina Township, York County. This island has a lighthouse and is an Indian Reserve (1893). References: 3G and 8A.

**FOX LAKE**, railway point, Curtin Township, Sudbury District. Present approved name is **FOX LAKE**. Map position: 46°10' 81°44'. References: V.

**FOXMEAD**, SEE: **SATTERTHWAITE**, Simcoe County.

**FOX POINT**, dispersed rural community, Franklin Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 30 miles northeast of Bracebridge and 20 miles southeast of Huntsville. Post office established a **FOX POINT** in 1891. First Postmaster T.E.J. Salmon. Status of office changed to Summer Post Office on December 1st, 1964. Office closed by 1972. In 1908, the local name of this place was **RONVILLE**. Present approved name is **FOX POINT**. Population 50 in 1895 and 15 in 1926. Map position: 45°16' 79°00'. References: I, S, Z, MM, V, 9F, 5L and SS.

**FOX'S SIDING**, station, Ops Township, Victoria County. Located on Lindsay Division of CPR. Station number 1310, between the stations of Lindsay and Burnell, in 1911. No recent reference to this station. References: 10B and 7R.

**FOX TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°00' 80°45'. References: V.

**FOXVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Parliament Township, Cochrane District. Has a station on the Ontario Northland Railway between the stations of Relay and Otter Rapids, in Cochrane District. Present approved name is **FOXVILLE**. Population 3 in 1972. Map position: 50°04' 81°38'. References: V, 5L and O.

**FOY MOUNT**, SEE:**RCAF FOYMOUNT**, Renfrew County.

**FOYMOUNT**, SEE:**RCAF FOYMOUNT**, Renfrew County.

**FOYMOUNT RCAF STATION**, SEE: **MADRID**, Renfrew County.

**FOY'S STATION**, Sebastopol Township, Renfrew County. Located 33 miles from Renfrew. Nearest post office named Clontarf. Population 100 in 1875. No further references to this place. References: A.

**FOY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°46' 81°16'. References: V.

**FRALECK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°56' 80°52'. References: V.

**FRALEIGH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°11' 89°49'. References: V.

**FRALICK'S BEACH**, Ontario County, later Scugog Township, Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Lake Scugog, 5 km east of Seagrave, 13 km northeast of Port Perry and 22 km southwest of Lindsay. Present approved name is **FRALICK'S BEACH**. Population 50 in 1976. References: 3B and 5L.

**FRAMPTON**, settlement, Located 1 mile from Dorchester, North Dorchester Township, Middlesex County.Nearest Post office named **DORCHESTER STATION**. Population 100 in 1875. References: A.

**FRANCES**, Village, Hay, Usborne and Stephen Townships, Huron County, presently in Usborne and Stephen Townships. Located 31 miles from London, 21 miles from Clinton and 31 miles from Goderich. Post office established named **EXETER** in 1855. First Postmaster William Sanders. Office still in operation in 1983. Exeter

was named for a City in Devonshire, England by an early settler William McConnell. First settler in Exeter in 1832 was James Willis. On March 29th, 1873, the two small villages of Frances and Exeter were Incorporated as the Village of Exeter. Became Town January 1st, 1951. The area named **EXETER NORTH** was overgrown by Exeter about 1895 and before 1855 the place name was **FRANCESTOWN**, at times misspelled as **FRANCISTOWN**. Present approved name is **EXETER**. Population of the Incorporated Village of Exeter was 1,725 in 1885 and 3,494 in 1976. Map position: 43°21' 81°29'. References: I, M, T, 3U, V, 1G, 7V, 2T, 2Y, A, Z, LHC and 5K.

**FRANCESTON**, hamlet, Usborne Township, HuronCounty. Located one mile from Exeter, 20 miles from Clinton and 31 miles from London. Post office established as **HAY** on October 6th, 1842. First Postmaster Joseph Hardy. Office still in operation in 1983. Designated a suburban Community in 1974. Present approved name is **HAY**. Population 200 in 1857 and 60 in 1951. Map position: 43°22' 81°29'. References: 7B, B, I, PP, 3B, V, 8P, F, 5T and EE.

**FRANCESTOWN**, SEE: **FRANCES**, Huron County.

**FRANCES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°30' 82°12'. References: V.

**FRANCEVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Gibson Township, Muskoka District, later Georgian Bay Township, within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Settled in 1850 near Muskoka Mills and Musquash River, 6 miles from Go Home, 4 miles from Minnicoganashene and 14 miles from Penetanguishene. Post office established May 1st, 1919 as a summer post office, named **FRANCEVILLE**. First Postmaster Wilfred France Jr. for whom office was named. Office officially closed October 1st, 1922, but had not seen service since December, 1919. Present approved name is **FRANCEVILLE**. Map position: 45°56' 79°54'. References: B, E, V and 6T.

**FRANCHERE TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 32, Range 23, Algoma District.**

**FRANCISTOWN**, SEE: **FRANCES**, Huron County.

**FRANCONIA**, settlement, Moulton Township, Haldimand County, later within the Town of **DUNNVILLE** in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 20 miles southeast of Cayuga, 6 miles east of Dunnville Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 3 miles from Moulton. Post office established as **FRANCONIA** in (Monck Electoral District) in 1883. First Postmaster Oliver Clark. Office closed October 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **FRANCONIA**. Population 50 in 1895, 20 in 1971 and after 1976 population included in Town of Dunnville. Map position: 42°56' 79°31'. References: B, S, I, Z, PP, 3B, 6T and 5P.

**FRANKFORD**, SEE: **SCOTT'S MILL**, Hastings County.

**FRANKFORT #1**, SEE: **SCOTT'S MILL**, Hastings County.

**FRANKFORT #2**, hamlet, Normanby Township, Grey County. Located 40 miles southwest of Owen Sound, 9 miles northwest of Harriston, 12 miles southeast of Hanover and four miles from Clifford. Post office established as **ALSFELDT** July 1st, 1875. First Postmaster Frederick Weigel. Office closed January 31st, 1915. The office was named by Mr John Koenig for his birthplace in Alsfeldt, Germany. **ALSFELDT STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway, later CPR. Present approved name is **ALSFELDT**. Population 100 in 1886 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°01' 80°56'. References: 7D, I, T, S, Z, DD, 3R, V, 6T, 5L and 7R.

**FRANK HILL**, hamlet, Emily Township, Victoria County. Located 18 miles east of Lindsay and 8 miles northeast of Omemee Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **FRANK HILL**, on January 1st, 1872. First Postmaster Thomas Franks and the place is named for him. Office closed October 26th, 1912. Population 25 in 1885 and 100 in 1895. No recent references to this place. Last noted in 1908. References: I, S, Z, 3R, 6T and 5X.

**FRANKLIN #1**, settlement, York County. Located 1 1/4 miles southwest of Mount Albert Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Population 50 in 1895. This place noted between 1893 and 1895 only. References: Z and U10.

**FRANKLIN #2,** SEE: **LYTLE'S CROSSING**, Victoria County.

**FRANKLIN BEACH,** urban community, Georgina Township, York County, later within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 4 km northeast of Sutton and 14 km west of Pefferlaw on Lake Simcoe. Present approved name is **FRANKLIN BEACH**. Population 46 in 1971. Map position: 44°19' 79°23'. References: U, 5L, 3V and V.

FRANKLIN CORNERS, post office, South Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 6 miles from Plantegenet Station on the Montreal and Ottawa short line railway, a division of CPR. Post office established as FRANKLIN CORNERS, on November 1st, 1899. First Postmaster William Franklin, for whom the post office was named. Office closed 1909. Alson shown as FRANKLIN'S CORNERS. In 1974 is a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **FRANKLIN'S CORNERS**. Map position: 45°26 74°56. References: S, PP, 5U, 7H 9F and V.

FRANKLIN PARK, dispersed rural community, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Located 27 kilometres from Parry Sound, 4 miles from Snug Harbour, 13 miles from Ojibway Island and 11 miles south of Skerryvore. Summer post office established as FRANKLIN PARK, on July 1st, 1925. First Postmaster P.A. Christie. Mail was delivered to this office by steamer. Office closed August 31st, 1955. Present approved name is FRANKLIN PARK. Map position: 45°23' 80°19'. References: U, V, 5L, V+ and 6T.

FRANKLIN'S CORNERS, SEE: FRANKLIN CORNERS, Prescott County.

FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Muskoka District. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1929. Dissolved by Ontario Statute, 1970, C321. Amalgamated by Township of Lake of Bays, effective January 1st, 1971. Area 31,624 acres. Township opened up in 1877 and in 1879, the first sawmill was put up by Mr. G.F. Marsh. Map position: 45°18' 79°00'. References: HH, M, 1L and V.

FRANK'S BAY, settlement, Patterson Township, Parry Sound District. Located 180 miles north of Barrie and 25 miles south of Callander Station on CPR. It is at the head of the French River, 15 miles from Sturgeon Falls. Post office established as FRANK'S BAY, in 1886. First Postmaster J. McA. Smith. Office closed December 15th, 1905. Population 75 in 1895 and 200 in 1908. No recent reference to this settlement. Map position: 46°12' 79°48'. References: I, Z, PP, 5T, 7T and 9J.

FRANKTOWN, concentrated rural community, Beckwith Township, Lanark County. Located 14 miles northeast of Perth and 1 1/2 miles from Franktown Station on CPR. Post office established as **FRANKTOWN** in Bathurst District, Upper Canada, January 6th, 1832. First Postmaster Joseph Hume. In 1833, the charge for a single sheet letter delivered by the post office to York which was 290 miles distant, was 11 pence. A misspelling fo this post office FRANKTON in 1890's. Office closed by 1972. Franktown was started by a government storehouse supplied for settler's provisions in 1818. Present approved name is **FRANKTOWN**. Population 100 in 1886 and 135 in 1976. Map position: 45°02' 76°04'. References: I, K, T, S, Z, 5L, 3B, V, 7X, 9F and 9J.

FRANKVILLE, SEE: **WILLSON'S CORNERS**, Leeds County.

FRANZ, SEE: **HOBON**, Algoma District.

**FRANZ TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°07' 84°07'. References: V.

FRASER #1, station, Mulloy Township, Cochrane District. This is a station on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 689 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **FRASER**. Map position: 49°54' 84°52'. References: L2 and V.

FRASER #2, railway point, Welland County, later Part of City of Niagara Falls in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is **FRASER**. Map position: 43°03' 79°07'. References: B, U and V.

FRASERBURG, dispersed rural community, Oakley Township, Ontario County, later Muskoka District, most recently Part of Town of Bracebridge in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Post office established as FRASERBURG in 1882. First Postmaster Alexander Fraser. Office closed April 30th, 1965. Present approved name is **FRASERBURG**.

Population 50 in 1895 and 10 in 1972. Map position: 45°04' 79°09'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, O, V, 5P and 9F.

FRASERDALE, railway point, Pinard Township, Cochrane District. Located 27 miles north of Island Falls Junction and 27 miles south of Coral Rapids. Post office established as FRASERDALE, on December 17th, 1930. First Postmaster W.H. Peterson. Post office is still operating in 1983. Present approved name is FRASERDALE. Population 194 in 1956 and 385 in 1976. Map position: 49°51' 81°37'. References: 5L, 3B, 5E, V, 6T and 9F.

FRASER LUMBER CO'Y SIDING, station, Stafford Township, Renfrew County. Located on Chalk River Division of CPR. Station number 3710, between the stations of Government Road and Colonial Lumber Co'y Siding, in 1911. These two last stations are between Graham and Pembroke. References: 10B, 9K and 10E.

FRASER RIDGE, West Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located near Vankleek Hill Station on the Ottawa and North and Western Railway on the Montreal to Ottawa run. Post office established as FRASER RIDGE, on May 1st, 1900. First Postmistress Mrs. Mary C. Fraser. Office closed December 4th, 1915. No recent references to this office. References: 6T and 9F.

FRASER'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Toronto Gore Township and Chinguacousy Township, Peel County. Settled by Robert Fraser in 1821. Appeared on the 1859 Tremaine Map of Peel County. The settlement was on Steeles Avenue on the railway line, 4 miles southeast of Brampton. Now Part of City of Brampton. Present approved name is FRASER'S CORNERS. Map position: 43°42' 79°42'. References: A, W3, 3G, 3C and V.

FRASER'S FARM, SEE: SANDRINGHAM, Stormont County.

FRASERS POINT, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Located on lot A, concession 1 Front. This reference dated 1879. There is no other reference to this place. References: 2B.

FRASER SIDING, SEE: ST. AZILDA, Algoma District.

FRASER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Map position: 45°43' 77°24'. References: V.

FRASERVILLE #1, dispersed rural community, South Monaghan Township, Northumberland County and Cavan Township, Durham County, apparently on the border. Located 7 miles from Millbrook and 5 miles from Bailieboro. FRASERVILLE STATION on Midland Railway later Grand Trunk Railway and finally CNR. Post office established as FRAZERVILLE in 1876. First Postmaster Josiah Robertson. Post office is still open in 1983. Present approved name is FRASERVILLE. Population 200 in 1893 and 118 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 78°23'. References: MM, I, PP, U10, V, 5L, 9F and 5V.

FRASERVILLE #2 SEE: SWAYSE'S CORNERS, Wentworth County.

FRASHERVILLE, SEE: FRAZERVILLE #2, Wellington County.

FRATER, SEE: BEAVER #2, Algoma District.

FRATER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°43' 82°04'. References: V.

FRAXA, SEE: ORANGEVILLE JUNCTION, Dufferin County.

FRAXA JUNCTION, SEE: ORANGEVILLE JUNCTION, Dufferin County.
FRAZERVILLE #1, SEE: FRASERVILLE, Durham County.

FRAZERVILLE #2, dispersed rural community, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located 9 miles south of Guelph and 3 miles from Schaw Station on Credit Valley Railway, later CPR. Post office established as CRIEFF July 1st, 1863. First Postmaster H. Stewart. Office closed August 30th, 1912. Two other names for this place are FRASHERVILLE or FROSHERVILLE. Population 100 in 1836, 40 in 1908 and 14 in 1976. Present approved name is CRIEFF. Map position: 43°26' 80°09'. References: I, T, S, Z, PP, 3N, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**FRECHETTE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 81°17'. References: V.

**FRECHEVILLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 79°41'. References: V.

FREDA, dispersed rural community, Rowell Township, Kenora District. Located 82 kilometres west of Sioux Lookout. This is a station on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,300 feet above sea level. Located 5.4 miles west of Richan, 24 miles east of Quibell. In 1926, the name was changed from Freda to **AMESDALE** on June 1st, 1926 when the post office opened under that name. First Postmaster G. Ames and the office and place are named for him. This post office received mail twice weekly from the railway station. Office closed August 1st, 1963. Present approved name is **AMESDALE**. Population 17 in 1941 and 18 in 1978. Map position: 50°01' 92°56'. References: L2, SS, R2, 3B, V, 6T and 5L.

FREDERICK, SEE: **FREDERICKHOUSE**, Cochrane District.

FREDERICKHOUSE, dispersed rural community, Clute Township, Cochrane District. Located on the border of Nipissing and Algoma Districts, on Highway 11 and 9.5 kilometres west of Cochrane. Post office established as **FREDERICKHOUSE** on August 1st, 1912. First Postmaster David Rolston. Office still in operation in 1983. **FREDERICK STATION** is on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 861 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **FREDERICKHOUSE**. Population 51 in 1971 and 58 in 1976. Map position: 49°05' 81°10'. References: R2, PP, 5L, 3B, V, 6T, 9F and L2.

FREDERICKSBURG #1, SEE: **TOWN #3**, Lennox County.

FREDERICKSBURG #2, SEE: **SOVEREEN'S CORNERS**, Norfolk County.

FREDERICKSBURGH TOWNSHIP, SEE: **THE GORE TOWNSHIP**, Lennox County.

FREDERICKSBURG STATION #1, SEE: **CLOSE MILLS**, Lennox County.

FREDERICKSBURG STATION #2, Norfolk County. The railway name is **FREDERICKSBURG** and the post office name is shown as **CHAMBERS**. Chambers shown in 1893 but no other year and there is no other documentation on the office. Population shown as 160 for Chambers, hamlet, in 1893 and 500 for Fredericksburg Station in 1893. There is no logical support for this high population for a station in that year. References: U10 and 9F.

FREDERICKSBURG TOWNSHIP, SEE: **THE GORE TOWNSHIP**, Lennox County.

FREDERICKSBURY, settlement, North Fredericksburgh Township, Lennox & Addington County. Present approved name is **FREDERICKSBURY**. Map position :44°13' 76°52'. Reference: V.

FREEBORN, SEE: **PFEFFER'S CROSSING**, Perth County.

**FREEBORN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°49' 91°42'. References: V.

FREELAND, SEE: **THE EATON APPOINTMENT**, Leeds County.

**FREELE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°07' 80°23'. References: V.

FREELTON, concentrated rural community, West Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 14 miles northwest of Hamilton and 3 1/2 miles south of Schaw Station on Credit Valley Railway later CPR. Post office established as **FREELTON**, on December 1st, 1854. First Postmaster James F. Douglas. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was named for the first settler, Patrick Freel, hotel owner and first settler. Freelton was Incorporated as a Police Village June 7th, 1907 by Bylaw #533. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order, becomes Part of Township of Flamborough in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth, effective January 1st, 1974. Present approved name is **FREELTON**. Population 150 in 1857 and 310 in 1976. Map position: 43°24' 80°02'. References: I, P, S, Z, EE, 3B, 3L, V, 5L, 9F, 9L

and 7D.

FREEMAN #1, urban community, Nelson Township, Halton County, now Part of City of Burlington in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 16 miles south of Milton, 1 kilometre from Burlington and 8 miles from Hamilton. Post office established 1879 under the name FREEMAN. First Postmaster Alexander Duffes. Office closed January 29th, 1952. This place is on the railroad and the station name is BURLINGTON CROSSING. The station is served by Grand Trunk Railway, Northwestern Railway, and North and Northwestern Railway, later CNR. On October 8th, 1980 this place is reported to be at the Plains Road and Brant Street area within the Town of Burlington where an appropriate sign has been erected to recognize the historical spot of this defunct Village. It was named Freeman for the Freeman farm which covered an area of 400 acres. Population 150 in 1893 and 150 in 1933. No recent reference to this post office. Map position: 43°20' 79°49'. References: I, S, Z, U, The Burlington Post, PP, LL, U10, V, 5V, 5P, 6T and 7D.

FREEMAN #2, railway point, Gillies Limit Township, Timiskaming District. This station is on Ontario Northland Railway, also on Rib Lake. Present approved name is FREEMAN. Map position: 47°14' 79°44'. References: U, 22-6 and V.

FREEMAN CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Belmont Township, Peterborough County. Located 8 km southwest of Marmora, 10 km northeast of Havelock and 7 km south of Cordova Mines. Present approved name is FREEMAN CORNERS. Map position: 44°29' 77°47'. References: B, 5L and V.

FREEMAN'S POINT, Brighton Township, Northumberland County. This point juts into Brighton Harbour and is a suburban community within the Village of Brighton in Northumberland County. Second name is GOSPORT. This place is also known as BRIGHTON HARBOUR. Present approved name is FREEMAN POINT. Map position: 44°01' 77°43'. References: 1Q and V+.

FREEMAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Muskoka District. Incorporated as Township October 1st, 1919. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1970, C32. Amalgamated by Township of Georgian Bay January 1st, 1971. Map position: 45°06' 79°52'. References: V, HH and M.

FREEPORT, SEE: TOLL BRIDGE, Waterloo County.

FREER'S FALLS, concentrated rural community, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located on the Mississippi River, 12 miles north of Perth and 9 miles southwest of Carleton Place. Post office established as FREER'S FALLS, on June 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Michael Murphy. When this post office opened, it was named INNISVILLE, in error. Office closed by 1972. The intended name of the post office was to be ENNISVILLE, for the early family of that name who settled the area. The first local name was FRIERS, then FREERS FALLS after an army officer who drew the land and sold it to the Ennis family. The land was deeded originally to Captain Noah Freer in 1815. The first person to build a grist mill in 1825, was James Ennis. Present approved name is INNISVILLE. Population 200 in 1893 and 102 in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 76°15'. References: 7U, I, S, 3B, U10, V, 8Q, 5V, EE, 9F and 7D.

FREIBURG #1, SEE: NEW GERMANY, Waterloo County.

FREIBURG #2, Village, East Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 15 miles north of Woodstock and 8 miles southeast of Stratford, on the River Thames and 85 miles west of Toronto. Post office established June 1st, 1857. First Postmaster J.J. Voelker and the post office was named TAVISTOCK. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler was Henry Eckstein and he named the place FRYBERG for his native town. During the Crimean War, this place was called INKERMANNN. These names applied before the post office name, Tavistock. TAVISTOCK STATION had 2 railway stations, one, the Buffalo and Goderich Railway and the other, the Port Dover and Lake Huron Railway, later the Georgian Bay and Lake Erie Railway, and later had service from Grand Trunk Railway and presently has CNR service. This place appears to have straddled a County line between Perth and Oxford between 1901 and 1941. Incorporated as a Village in 1909. Then January 1st, 1975, Incorporated into the Township of East Zorra-Tavistock. Present approved name is TAVISTOCK. Population 1,000 in 1886 and 1,269 in 1969. Map position: 43°19' 80°50'. References: 2Y, I, P, T, S, AA, HH, 2T, 5C, 3M, 1S, 1W and V.

FREMO CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Admaston Township, Renfrew County. Located 12 km southwest of Renfrew, 6 km north of Shamrock and 7 km northeast of Ferguslea. Present approved name is FREMO CORNERS. Map position: 45°26' 76°50'. References: 5L and V.

FRENCH #1, dispersed rural community, Bigwood Township, Sudbury District. An Indian settlement, on the Old Dawson Route, 100 miles west of Port Arthur. Located 2 km south of Bon Air, 3 km east of Bigwood and 26 km west of French River in Parry Sound District. Summer Post office established as ASINKA on July 2nd, 1923. First Postmaster Clarence Sayder. On May 24th, 1937 the post office name was changed to FRENCH RIVER. Office closed on July 20th, 1968. First settled by Mennonites. Present approved name is FRENCH RIVER. Population 77 in 1941 and 90 in 1978. Map position: 46°02' 80°35'. References: Z, SS, V, 6T, 5E, O, R, 3B and 9F.

FRENCH #2, SEE: BOB'S, Sudbury District.

FRENCH BAY #1, dispersed rural community, Amabel Township, Bruce County. Located 40 miles northwest of Walkerton and 8 miles northwest of Allenford Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as FRENCH BAY in 1882. First Postmaster Henry Shannon. Office closed April 1st, 1918. Office reopened as a summer post office June 23rd, 1949. On the Saugeen Indian Reserve, Bruce County, the post office name was changed to SAUBLE BEACH SOUTH, June 16th, 1950. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is SAUBLE BEACH. Population 50 in 1893 and 50 in 1895. Map position: 44°36' 81°15'. References: I, Z, U10, 5T, 6T, 5L and V.

FRENCH BAY #2, dispersed rural community, East of Sault Ste. Marie, Algoma District. Present approved name is FRENCH BAY. Map position: 46°33' 84°11'. References: V.

FRENCH HILL, dispersed rural community, Cumberland Township, Russell County, later within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 4 1/2 miles from Leonard, 6 km southeast of Cumberland, 11 km southwest of Rockland and 7 km northeast of Navan. Post office established as FRENCH HILL on January 1st, 1913. No postmaster shown. Office closed July 10th, 1928. Present approved name is FRENCH HILL. Population 25 in 1941 and 53 in 1976. Map position: 45°28' 75°23'. References: B, 3B, V, 5L and 6T.

FRENCH LINE, SEE: GREEN MOUNTAIN, Lanark County.

FRENCHMAN'S BAY #1, SEE: GANATCEKWYAGON, Ontario County.

FRENCHMANS BAY #2, Bruce County, 24 kilometres from Wiarton. Date of the entry 1980. References: U.

FRENCH PORTAGE, dispersed rural community, Aulneau Peninsula, Kenora District. Located on Lake of the Woods, 40 km southwest of Kenora and 38 km east of the Manitoba border. Present approved name is FRENCH PORTAGE. Map position: 49°25' 94°42'. References: V and 5L.

FRENCH RIVER #1, dispersed rural community, Hennesy Township, Parry Sound District. Located 26 km west of French River (place in Parry Sound District) 22 km southeast of Beaverstone and 60 miles north of Parry Sound and 120 miles north of Collingwood and located on the French River, for which it is named. Post office established as FRENCH RIVER in 1875. First Postmaster D. Macdonald. Office closed November 8th, 1922. Religious Parish name of this place SACRE COEUR de JESUS. Present approved name is FRENCH RIVER. Population 30 in 1893 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 45°58' 80°54'. References: I, S, Z, PP, U10, V, 5L, 6T and 4N.

FRENCH RIVER #2, SEE:FRENCH #1, Sudbury District.

FRENCH RIVER #3, Simcoe District. The nearest post office being Penetanguishene (1846). Population 250 in 1898. This place declined when the logging boom subsided about 1916. No further references to this place. References: C and E.

FRENCH RIVER INDIAN RESERVE #13, Located northwest of Parry Sound, Parry Sound District. Population 74 in 1976. Map position: 46°00' 80°30'. References: V and 5L.

**FRENCH SETTLEMENT**, dispersed rural community, Stafford Township, Renfrew County. Located 9 km south of Pembroke, 18 km west of Beachburg and 22 km northwest of Cobden. Present approved name is **FRENCH SETTLEMENT**. Map position: 45°44' 77°04'. References: V and 5L.

**FRENCH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°30' 79°11'. References: V.

**FRENCH VILLAGE**, consisting of the back streets along the 16 Mile Creek in Oakville, housing the ship yard employees who were mostly French Canadians, a hot-headed lot. In Halton County, in between the years 1830-1840. No recent reference to this place. References: 8D.

**FRESWICK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°51' 78°30'. References: V.

**FREY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°22' 81°57'. References: V.

**FRIBURG**, SEE: FREIBURG, Waterloo County.

**FRICKER**, urban community, Part of the City of North Bay, Nipissing District. Present approved name is **FRICKER**. Map position: 46°21' 79°26'. References: V+.

**FRIDAYS**, dispersed rural community, Joan Township, Nipissing District. Located 2 km east of Bear Island, 23 km southwest of Temagami and 55 km north of the CNR at Field Station. Present approved name is **FRIDAYS**. Map position: 46°59' 80°02'. References: V and 5L.

**FRIENDLY CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, West Nissouri Township, Middlesex County. Located 4 km from CNR at Thorndale Station, 5 km southeast of Plover Mills, 9 km west of Kintore and 14 km south of St.Mary's. Present approved name is **FRIENDLY CORNERS**. Map position: 43°07' 81°07'. References: V, 5L and B.

**FRIER'S FALLS**, SEE: FREER'S FALLS, Lanark County.

**FRINGEWOOD**, Goulbourn Township, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 5 km north of Stittsville, 12 km south of Kanata and 14 km southwest of Fallowfield. Population 164 in 1971 and 174 in 1976. Name not approved. References: 3B and 5L.

**FRIPP TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 81°25'. References: V.

**FRIZZELL'S MILLS**, hamlet, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Located 10 miles from Napanee. Post office named **WATER MILL** in 1872. No record of either First Postmaster or post office closing. Population 150 in 1875. No further reference to this place. References: 7B and A.

**FROATBURN**, SEE: FROATSBURN, Dundas County.

**FROATSBURN**, settlement, Williamsburg Township, Dundas County. Located 6 miles north of Morrisburg and 21 miles east of Prescott. Post office established as **FROATSBURN**, in 1889. First Postmaster Guy Casselman. Office closed December 24th, 1913. Later designated a dispersed rural community in the same Township and County. Present approved name is **FROATSBURN**. Population 75 in 1895, 62 in 1956 and 12 in 1976. Map position: 44°57' 75°09'. References: V, I, Z, AA, PP, 5L, 5E and 6T.

**FROGGETTS CORNERS**, SEE: NELLIS CORNERS, Elgin County.

**FROGMORE #1**, dispersed rural community, Houghton Township, Norfolk County, later within Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 25 miles southwest of Simcoe and 11 miles south of Courtland Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **FROGMORE** in 1886. First Postmaster James Fairbairn. Office closed July 31st, 1924. Present approved name is **FROGMORE**. Population 50 in 1893 and 106 in 1976. Map position: 42°41' 80°40'. References: I, Z, 3B, U10, V, 5T and 6T.

FROGMORE #2, post office, Toronto Township, Peel County. Located 7 miles from Port Credit. Post office established as FROGMORE on February 1st, 1863. First Postmaster B. Anderson. Office closed 1874. No recent references to this place. References: I, A, 3C, 3N and 4F.

FROGMORE #3, SEE: ATKIN, Lambton County.

FROGSPOND, dispersed rural community, Reach Township, Ontario County, later Scugog Township, Durham County. Located 25 miles north of Whitby, 2 miles south of Grand Trunk Railway at Wick Station, at Highways #6, #7 & #12, and 5 kilometres from Blackwater. Post office established 1862 and named SAINTFIELD. First Postmaster Edward Taylor. Office closed June 1st, 1914. The name SAINTFIELD was given by an influential farmer, for his native town of the same name in Ireland. In 1974, Scugog Township amalgamated with Reach Township to form Part of Scugog Township. Present approved name is SAINTFIELD. Population 180 in 1875 and 37 in 1976. Map position: 44°11' 79°02'. References: B, I, A, S, U, 3B, 3G, 5V, V and 4C.

FROGVILLE, settlement, on the border of York and Peel Counties, on 11th Line and on Highway #50. Located 12 miles northeast of Brampton and 5 kilometres from Kleinburg Station on CPR. Post office established 1852 and named TRAINSVILLE. First Postmaster Thomas St. John. In 1853, the post office name was changed to COLERAINE. The name, Coleraine, comes from two early settlers and is a combination of the last names of Thomas Cole and George Raine. The name, Trainsville, has been mispelled as TAIMSVILLE. Office closed March 1st, 1916. Recent designation for this place is a dispersed rural community, forming Part of the City of Brampton and Part of the Town of Vaughan. Present approved name is COLERAINE. Population 200 in 1875 and 50 in 1907. Map position: 43°49' 79°41'. References: 3G, 3C, I, A, S, U, V, 1V, 7A, 6T and 6S.

FROME, dispersed rural community, Southwold Township, Elgin County. Located 7 miles west of St. Thomas and 2 1/2 miles north of Shedden Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as FROME on January 1st, 1861. First Postmaster R. Kettlewell. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Present approved name is FROME. Population 100 in 1886 and 53 in 1976. Map position: 42°46' 81°19'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, 3Z, 3N, V and 6T.

FROND LAKE, Located in Patricia District. Date of this reference 1980. References: U.

FRONTENAC, a station, Frontenac County. Located 22 miles from Kingston and 18 miles from Napanee. This place is on Bay of Quinte Railway and has 2 express offices. In 1893, it was listed in Addington County. There is no more recent reference than 1908 for this place. References: PP and U10.

FRONTENAC COUNTY, in Province of Ontario, formerly in Midland District, Canada West. The Counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington were united for judicial and other purposes by Canada Statutes 1849, C78, sch. A - effective January 1st, 1850. By Canada Statues 1860, C39, Schedule 1 assented to May 19th, 1860. From and after passing of this act, the County of Lennox shall be Incorporated with the County of Addington as the County of Lennox and Addington, which County shall be united with the County of Frontenac and shall form the junior County of the two united counties of Frontenac and Lennox and Addington, effective May 19th, 1860. By proclamation dated September 30th, 1864 the County of Lennox and Addington was separated from the County of Frontenac, the County of Frontenac being the senior County of the United Counties of Frontenac and Lennox and Addington, effective January 1st, 1865. The first survey was done by John Collins in 1783 and he named it the King's Township, which was the forerunner of King's Town or Kingston. Settled by disbandees of Captain Grass' Company of Associated Loyalists, Kings Royal Regiment of New York, Regulat, British and German. Total 220 persons in 1783. The County of Frontenac consists of the City of Kingston, the townships of: Barrie, Bedford, Clarendon and Miller, Hinchinbrooke, Howe Island, Kennebec, Kingston, Loughborough, Olden, Oso, Palmerston and North and South Canonto, Pittsburgh, Portland, Storrington, and Wolfe Island including Garden Island, Simcoe Island, Horseshoe Island and Mud Island. Population 30,735 in 1852 and 114,237 in 1980. Map position: 44°40' 76°45'. References: M, C, HH, 2W, V and Gavin Watt.

FRONTHILL, SEE: OSBORNE'S CORNERS, Welland County.

**FRONT OF ESCOTT TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Leeds County. Incorporated December 22nd, 1905. Quieting Order N7479-69, dated December 30th, 1964 and varied by Order dated December 30th, 1969. Population 1,097 in 1980. Map position: 44°26' 75°57'. References: HH, M and V.

**FRONT OF LANSDOWN TOWNSHIP**, Leeds County. Population 2,054 in 1861. This Township was named for Major-General William Fitzmaurice, Marquis of Lansdowne. Reference: 2N.

**FRONT OF LEEDS TOWNSHIP**, Leeds County. Population 2,567 in 1861. References: 2N.

**FRONT OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Leeds County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P6184-68, dated August 13th, 1968. Population 4,160 in 1980. Map position: 44°25' 76°02'. References: HH, M and V.

**FRONT OF YONGE TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Leeds County, in the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville. Incorporated as Township December 22nd, 1905. Quieting Order P6185-69, dated December 31st, 1969. Population 1,888 in 1980. Map position: 44°32' 75°53'. References: HH, M and V.

**FROOD MINE**, dispersed rural community, McKim Township, Nipissing District, later Part of City of Sudbury. Located 4 1/2 miles from Sudbury, 1 mile from Stobie Mines and receives mail daily. Post office established September 10th, 1913. First Postmaster C.H. Parry. Office closed June 30th, 1938. Incorporated as Town in 1913. Amalgamated by Coppercliff in 1960. Incorporated into City of Sudbury January 1st, 1960. In January, 1960 the Town Incorporated into the City of Sudbury was named **FROOD MINE TOWN**. Population 173 in 1931 and 129 in 1980. Map position: 46°32' 81°01'. References: HH, 2T, 2Y, 3B, V and 6T.

**FROOD MINE TOWN**, SEE: FROOD MINE, Nipissing District.

**FROOMEFIELD**, SEE: FROOMFIELD, Lambton County.

**FROOMFIELD**, concentrated rural community, Moore Township, Lambton County. Located 6 miles from Sarnia on the St. Clair River and 5 miles from Corunna Station on Pere Marquette Railway. This place was laid out in 1836, in Western District, Upper Canada. Also known as **TALFOURD'S**. The Town plot was laid out by Froome Talfourd, who immigrated from England with his brother, Field in 1832, and that is the source of the naming of Froomfield, from the two brothers' first names. Population 150 in 1857 and 162 in 1976. Map position: 42°54' 82°27'. References: G, F, A, EE, PP, 3B, 6O, V and C.

**FROSHERVILLE**, SEE: FRAZERVILLE, Wellington County.

**FROST TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°30' 84°47'. References: V.

**FRUITLAND**, concentrated rural community, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County, later Part of Town of Stoney Creek in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 9 miles east of Hamilton, 2 miles from Winona and 2 1/2 miles from Stoney Creek Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **FRUITLAND** in 1894. First Postmaster R.H. Dewar. Post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **FRUITLAND**. Population 50 in 1907 and 300 in 1926. Map position: 43°13' 79°43'. References: I, S, MM, PP, 5U, V and 9F.

**FRYATT**, SEE: EMRA, Cochrane District.

**FRYATT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°02' 82°45'. References: V.

**FRYBERG**, SEE: FREIBURG #2, Oxford County.

**FRY'S CORNER**, dispersed rural community, South Cayuga Township, Haldimand County, now Part of **TOWN OF HALDIMAND**, formerly in Monck Electoral District. Located 10 miles southeast of Cayuga and 6 miles southwest of

Dunnville. Post office established 1853 as **SOUTH CAYUGA**. First Postmaster Isaac Fry. Office closed by 1972. Population 60 in 1895 and 50 in 1971. In 1976, population included in Haldimand. Map position: 42°52' 79°43'. References: I, S, AA, Z, EE, 3B, 5B, 5P, V and 9F.

**FULLARTON,** SEE: **SUMMERVILLE #4**, Perth County.

**FULLARTON CORNERS,** SEE: **SUMMERVILLE #4**, Perth County.

**FULLARTON TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Perth County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. Area 41,657 acres. First settler Hugh Kennedy Junck. On September 5th, 1832 he built the first sawmill. Population 1,750 in 1852 and 1,576 in 1980. Map position: 43°24' 81°13'. References: HH, 2W, M and V.

**FULLER,** dispersed rural community, Huntingdon Township, Hastings County. Located 20 miles north of Belleville and 2 1/2 miles east of Ivanhoe Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **FULLER** in 1876. First Postmaster John S. Fuller. The post office and the place was named for John Fuller. Office closed July 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **FULLER**. Population 50 in 1893 and 95 in 1908. Map position: 44°24' 77°25'. References: I, S, PP, U10, V, 6T and 7D.

**FULTON,** dispersed rural community, Caistor Township, Lincoln County, later within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 20 miles west of St. Catharines and 5 miles south of Winona Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **FULTON** on June 1st, 1853. First Postmaster L. Greenman. Office closed November 30th, 1915. Present approved name is **FULTON**. Population 300 in 1895 and 44 in 1976. Map position: 43°08' 79°40'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, 3K, V and 6T.

**FULTON MILLS,** SEE: **FULTON'S MILLS**, Wellington County.

**FULTONS,** SEE: **FULTON'S MILLS**, Wellington County.

**FULTON'S MILLS,** dispersed rural community, Minto Township, Wellington County. Located 48 miles northwest of Guelph, on Grand Trunk Railway, and 4 miles from Harriston. Post office established as **FULTON MILLS** in 1891. First Postmaster George Fulton. Office closed February 1st, 1914. The station at this place named **FULTONS** later changed to **FULTON'S MILLS**. It was a flag station on the Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **FULTONS**. Population 25 in 1913 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 43°57' 80°57'. References: S, Z, DD, MM, PP, 6T and V.

**FULTON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 82°32'. References: V.

**FURLONGE TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°17' 90°13'. References: V.

**FURNACE FALLS #1,** urban community, Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 27 miles south of Brockville and 2 3/4 miles from Lyndhurst Station. Post office established 1836 and named **FURNACE FALLS**. First Postmaster Chester Gurney. Office closed 1838. In 1851, another post office opened on this site in Johnstown District, Canada West. It was named **LYNDHURST**. Office still in operation in 1983. This name was given to honour Baron Lyndhurst, John Singleton Copely, an English public figure of the time (1846). The name Furnace Falls was changed to Lyndhurst, at the instigation of Okill Jones. Lyndhurst was Incorporated as a Police Village on June 20th, 1888 by Bylaw #625. The local name for this place is **FALLS**. Original owner, Mr. Charles Sutherland, being an American, in 1837 and 1838 got into political difficulties, and the property was confiscated. The Honourable Charles Jonas Jones acquired the property and about 1850, the name was changed from Furnace Falls to Lyndhurst. Present approved name is **LYNDHURST**. Population 300 in 1893 and 213 in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 76°08'. References: I, C, 7X, S, 3B, U10, 2N, NN, V, 9L and 7D.

**FURNACE FALLS #2,** dispersed rural community, Snowdon Township, Haliburton County, located on Burnt River and on Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway, 19 miles south of Minden and 7 miles east of Kinmount Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **FURNACE FALLS** in 1884. First Postmaster J.C. Parry. Office

closed on November 1st, 1967. Present approved name is FURNACE FALLS. Population 50 in 1895 and 40 in 1908. Map position: 44°49' 78°33'. References: I, Z, PP, V, 5P and 9F.

**FURNISS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°20' 91°10'. References: V.

**FUSHIMI TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°54' 83°59'. References: V.

**FYFIELD**, hamlet, Culross Township, Bruce County. Located 16 miles southwest of Walkerton and 5 miles from Teeswater Station on CPR. Post office established as FYFIELD in 1884. First Postmaster was Alfred Gibson. Office closed on July 1st, 1900. No recent references to this hamlet. Population 50 in 1892 and 75 in 1908. References: I, Z, AA, PP, 7M and 5P.

G TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Later named, in 1974, GERVAIS TOWNSHIP for A. Gervais, Mayor of Iroquois Falls. Map position: 46°51' 82°09'. References: V and 10F.

GABY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 51°12' 81°11'. References: V.

GAD'S HILL, SEE: THE RIDGE, Perth County.

GAD'S HILL STATION, hamlet, Ellice Township, Perth County. Located 10 km from Stratford and one mile from Gad's Hill. Railway station named GAD'S HILL STATION, on the Stratford and Huron Railway. Post office established as GADS HILL STATION on September 1st, 1911. First Postmaster Jacob Yundt. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is GADS HILL STATION. Population 137 in 1980. Map position: 43°27' 80°57'. References: B, U, V, 6T, 5L and 1W.

GAFFER, SEE: PULP SIDING, Sudbury District.

GAFFNEY'S CORNERS, SEE: HART'S CORNERS #1, Peel County.

GAGE ISLAND, SEE: FOR'ET (Isle au), Frontenac County.

GAGES, station, Wentworth County. On Grand Trunk Railway, has express office. Not a post office. Shown in the years between 1893 and 1907. No more modern reference to this station. References: S and U10.

GAGNON, dispersed rural community, Cambridge Township, Russell County. Located 6 km from Limoges, 2 1/2 miles from South Indian Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 22 miles from Ottawa. Post office established as GAGNON, on February 1st, 1906. First Postmaster Odillion Gagnon for whom office is named. Office closed October 17th, 1931. Present approved name is GAGNON. Population 39 in 1951 and 67 in 1956. Map position: 45°20' 75°12'. References: B, S, U, 7D, 5L, PP, 5E, V, 7T and 6T.

GAIASHK TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 137, Algoma District.

GAINESBOROUGH, SEE: WILKINSON CORNERS, Essex County.

GAINSBOROUGH TOWNSHIP or GAINSBORO TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Lincoln Township. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1968-69, C106. Amalgamated by Township of WEST LINCOLN, January 1st, 1970. Formerly in Niagara District, Canada West. Area 38,451 acres. First Settler John Dochstader in 1782. First mill built in 1816. Population 2,538 in 1852. Map position: 43°03' 79°30'. References: C, HH, 3H, M, 2W, V and 2C.

GAINSBOROUGH VILLAGE, mail for this place to be sent to the post office at Smithville as directed from General Post Office in Quebec in the year 1835. No modern references to this place. References: 3H.

GAINSVILLE, SEE: KAREHOGUH, Brant County.

GAIRBRAID, dispersed rural community, Colborne Township, Huron County. Located 1 mile north of Goderich, on the Maitland River and a station on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened 1879, under the name SALTFORD, sometimes misspelled as SALTFORT. First Postmistress Ellen McQuarrie. Office closed March 1st, 1915. Place name changed to MAITLANDVILLE in 1880's. Place later assumed name of post office, SALTFORD. Present approved name is SALTFORD. Population 150 in 1875 and 175 in 1976. Map position: 43°45' 81°42'. References: 1G, 3B, 3R, I, T, S, AA, 6T, A, PP, 5V and V.

GALBRAITH #1, dispersed rural community, Ramsay Township, Lanark County. Located 14 miles northeast of CPR at Almonte Station and 20 miles north of Perth. Post office opened as GALBRAITH, on April 1st, 1874, and named for the late Honourable Daniel Galbraith. First Postmaster Joseph Matthie. Office closed December 10th, 1913. Present approved name is GALBRAITH. Population 50 in 1895 and 62 in 1951. Map position: 45°10' 76°14'. References: 7D, S, Z, PP, 3B, V, 6T and 5Y.

GALBRAITH #2, station, Addington County. Located on Bay of Quinte Railway and has two express offices. Not a post office. This station noted between the years 1893 and 1907. No modern reference to this station. References: S and U10.

GALBRAITH ROAD, station, Hastings County. Located 15 miles north of Napanee. Not a post office. Located on the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway. Shown only in the year 1895. References: Z.

GALBRAITH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Algoma District. Map position: 46°29' 83°39'. References: V.

GALENA, SEE: GALWAY, Peterborough County.

GALENA HILL, dispersed rural community, Somerville Township, Victoria County. Located 7 km northeast of Burnt River, 10 km south of Kinmount and 21 km northeast of Fenelon Falls. Present approved name is GALENA HILL. Map position: 44°41' 78°37'. References: B, 5L and U.

GALESBURG, dispersed rural community, Douro Township, Peterborough County. Located 6 1/2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Lakefield Station and 9 miles from Peterborough. Post office opened as GALESBURG, on February 1st, 1904. First Postmaster Benjamin C. Gale for whom the office is named. Office closed September 1st, 1918. Present approved name is GALESBURG. Map position: 44°28' 78°12'. References: B, 5L, PP, V, 6T and 7J.

GALES CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Holland Township, Grey County. Located on Highway #10, 12 miles from Owen Sound and 2 1/2 miles south of CPR at Chatsworth Station. An alternate name for the place was MURRAYS CORNERS. Place name changed to HOLLAND CORNERS in 1872. Post office opened as ARNOTT, April 1st, 1868. First Postmaster William G. Murray. Office closed June 1st, 1917. Present approved name is ARNOTT. Population 30 in 1875 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 44°26' 80°51'. References: A, 7B, I, Z, MM, 3Q, V, 7R and 7D.

GALETON, dispersed rural community, Winnington Township, Cochrane District. Located 25 km southwest of Moosonee, 51 km northeast of Moose River and 22 km west of Moose Factory 68. Present approved name is GALETON. Population 1 in 1972. Map position: 51°08' 80°55'. References: U, 5L, O and V.

GALETTA, dispersed rural community, Fitzroy Township, Carleton County, later Lanark County, subsequently, West Carleton Township, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 13 miles west of Ottawa the County Seat, 5 miles east of Arnprior, on the Ottawa, Arnprior & Parry Sound railway (1895), on the Mississippi River and on the CNR railway (1926). Post office was moved here from HUBBEL'S FALLS by Postmaster Galetti Whyte in 1878 and renamed GALLETA (probably for himself), and was never known as Hubbel's Falls at this location. Office still in operation in 1983. The Kingdom Mine, a lead mine, is nearby. Alternate spelling for this place GALLETA. Present approved name is GALETTA.Population 100 in 1885, 200 in 1908 and 177 in 1980. Map position: 45°25' 76°15'. References: B, I, S, Z, U, MM, 2Y, 3R, 5U, V, 5T and 7D.

GALINGERTOWN, SEE: GALLINGERTOWN, Stormont County.

GALLAGHER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Map position: 47°48' 83°18'. References: V.

GALLIMERE BEACH, summer settlement, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located 1 mile east of Blue Point on the Lake Huron shore. Named for the local Gallie family. References: 1H and Charles Addington.

GALLINGERTOWN, dispersed rural community, Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located 22 miles west of Cornwall and 4 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Aultsville Station. Post office opened as GALLINGERTOWN, on January 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Edward Marshall. Office closed on June 1st, 1960. Place was named for the Gallinger family who were United Empire Loyalists. Present approved name is GALLINGERTOWN. Population 50 in 1895 and 96 in 1956. Map position: 45°01' 75°05'. References: B, I, S, Z, 5E, 5Y, 9J and 5L.

GALNA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Map position: 48°50' 80°13'. References: V.

GALSTON, dispersed rural community, Calvin Township, Nipissing District. Located 12 miles west of Mattawa, on the Ottawa River. Post office opened as GALSTON, on October 1st, 1900. First Postmaster John S. McDonald. Office closed June 20th, 1917. Present approved name is GALSTON. Population less than 100 in 1908. Map position: 46°13' 78°58'. References: S, PP, V, 6T and 7M.

GALT, SEE: SHADE'S MILLS, Waterloo County.

GALT, SEE: CITY OF CAMBRIDGE, Waterloo County.

GALTS CORNERS, dispersed rural community, South Fredericksburgh Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 7 km east of Bath, 6 km north of Sandhurst and 7 km southeast of Morven. Present approved name is GALTS CORNERS. Map position: 44°11' 76°52'. References: 5L and V.

GALWAY, dispersed rural community, Somerville Township, Victoria County and Galway Township, Peterborough County. Located 12 miles from Coboconk, 30 miles northwest of Peterborough and 6 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Retties Station. Post Office opened as GALWAY, December 31st, 1858. First Postmaster Thomas Probert. Office name changed to GALENA in 1870 and to SILVER LAKE in 1874. Office closed April 30th, 1927. Religious Parish name IMMACULATE CONCEPTION. Present approved name is SILVERLAKE. Population 30 in 1885 and 120 in 1895. Map position: 44°39' 78°35'. References: I, A, 3X, 7B, S, Z, 3R, V and SS.

GALWAY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Peterborough County. Map position: 44°44' 78°31'. References: V.

GALWAY AND CAVENDISH UNITED TOWNSHIP: Incorporated First Monday of January, 1864, by County Bylaw #228, passed November 18th, 1863. Population 372 in 1980. References: HH and M.

GAMBLE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°22' 80°35'. References: V.

GAMEBRIDGE, concentrated rural community, Thorah later Brock Township, Ontario County, and now within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 45 miles north of Whitby, on the Talbot River, on Grand Trunk Railway and 6 miles north of Beaverton. Post office opened as GAMEBRIDGE, in 1869. First Postmaster Nicholas Dure. Office closed by 1972. Population 100 in 1886 and 68 in 1980. Present approved name is GAMEBRIDGE. Map position: 44°30' 79°09'. References: I, T, S, U, AA, V, 4G, 9J and 5L.

GAMEBRIDGE BEACH, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Ontario, later Simcoe County. Located 4 km northwest of Gamebridge and 9 km northwest of Beaverton on Lake Simcoe. Present approved name is GAMEBRIDGE BEACH. Map position: 44°30' 79°12'. References: B, V and 5L.

GAMEBRIDGE STATION, station, Mara Township, Ontario County. Located on Midland Railway, 2 miles from Gamebridge in Thorah Township. No further reference to this statio after 1877. References: 1R.

GAMELAND, dispersed rural community, Pratt Township, Rainy River District. Located 13 km from Sleemans, near Rainy River and 8 1/2 miles from Bergland. Post office opened as GAMELAND, on October 1st, 1912. first Postmaster Harold King. Office closed March 1st, 1952. Population 22 in 1972. Present approved name is GAMELAND. Map position: 48°50' 94°25'. References: R2, U, O, V, 6T and 5L.

GAMEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 83°03'. References: V.

GAMORRA, SEE: GOMMORAH, Halton County.

**GAMSBY**, railway point, Thunder Bay District. Located north of Manitouwadge, near Stevens and 64 km southeast of Longlac on the Canadian Northern Railway at an altitude of 1,055 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **GAMSBY**. Map position: 49°33' 85°52'. References: R2, U, L3 and V.

GANANOQUE, Town, Johnstown District, Upper Canada, later Leeds Township, Leeds County, subsequently Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Townships, Leeds County. Located 32 miles southwest of Brockville at the confluence of the St. Lawrence and Gananoque Rivers, 18 miles from Kingston and 155 miles from Montreal, Quebec. Post office opened as GANANOQUE, in 1817. First Postmaster Ephraim Webster. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Village October 15th, 1862, by United County of Leeds and Grenville Bylaw #CCXXVII (#227). Proclaimed a Town on the First Monday of January, 1890. Separated from the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville, October 12th, 1922. Founded in 1798 by Colonel Joel Stone, a United Empire Loyalist, who arrived in 1787 and erected the first sawmill. The name GANANOQUE is from an Indian word meaning "rocks rising out of the water" and was first applied to the river. Religious Parish name ST. JEAN l'EVANGELISTE. Present approved name is GANANOQUE. Population 1,700 in 1863, 2,700 in 1886 and 5,120 in 1979. Map position: 44°20' 76°10'. References: M, I, N, T, NN, SS, HH, S, V, B, 2T, 5K, 6E, 7V, 7X, and 7D.

GANANOQUE JUNCTION, hamlet, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Townships, Leeds County. Located 7 miles from Lansdowne and 4 miles from Gananoque. Post office established as GANANOQUE JUNCTION in 1895. First Postmaster W. Ford. Office closed on January 31st, 1923. GANANOQUE STATION served by Grand Trunk Railway and name changed to THOUSAND ISLAND JUNCTION then to Gananoque Junction. Present approved name is GANANOQUE JUNCTION. Population 50 in 1893 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 76°10'. References: B, I, A, AA, PP, 5U, 3B, V, 6T and S.

GANANOQUI RIVER: This river was called the THAMES, before the division of the Province of Quebec. It discharges into the St. Lawrence River in Leeds Township (1799). References: 7N.

GANARASKA RIVER: This river is called PETNETESCOUTIANG by some. From its mouth to Rice Lake is a distance of about 11 miles (1799). References: 7W.

GANARASKI, an Iroquois Indian Village (1680), alternate name GANANASKE, a Cayuga Indian Village (1791) called PEMETASCUTIANG or COCHINGOMINK, then a trading post (1778) named SMITH'S CREEK (for trader Peter Smith). Settled by United Empire Loyalist (1793) where first settler was Myndert Harris. Located on the north shore of Lake Ontario, in New France, later Newcastle District, Upper Canada; subsequently Canada West, presently in Hope Township, first in Durham, then Northumberland County, now located 63 miles east of Toronto, 7 miles west of Cobourg, 29 miles from Peterborough and 98 miles from Kingston. Post office opened 1817, named TORONTO. First Postmaster John D. Smith. Office name changed to PORT HOPE in 1820. Name was proposed at a public meeting, by G. S. Bolton, to honour Colonel Henry Hope. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious Parish name was NOTRE DAME de la MERCI. PORT HOPE STATION on the Port Hope, Lindsay & Beaverton Railway, Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR and CPR. First child born, Simeon Stevens. Erected as Board of Police, by Upper Canada Statutes March 6th, 1834. Incorporated by Act 12, Vic, Cap 81, May 30th, 1849 as TOWN OF PORT HOPE which took the name of the post office, effective date January 1st, 1850. In 1963 Port Hope, Town, Annexed Part of Port Hope Township. Various sections of the place had extremely interesting local names such as ENGLISHTOWN, MONKEY MOUNTAIN, PIGEON HILL and PROTESTANT HILL. Present approved name is PORT HOPE. Population 1,200 in 1846, 5,600 in 1886, 4,456 in 1921, 6,548 in 1951 and 10,054 in 1980. Map position: 43°57' 78°18'. References: 9H, 7V, G, T, AA, EE, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3B, V, NN, SS, 1F, 7X, 1P, I and 7W.

GANATCEKWYAGON, Seneca Indian Village, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Name also noted as GANATSEKWYAGON which (both) mean "opening in the sand cliffs", which existed from approximately 1650-1700. It was the head of one of the earliest routes from Lake Ontario to Georgian Bay. Located 23 miles east of Toronto, 6 miles from Whitby Junction and 3 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Pickering. Had a station on CPR c1872. Name changed to FRENCHMAN'S BAY to commemorate the first recorded residence of a white man, Francois de Salegnac de Fenelon. He was an explorer and Sulpician missionary who stayed at the Indian Village called Ganatsekwyagon. This site may very well be the place where the first school in Ontario was built, by Fénélon and his co-missionary Trouvé.

Early spelling for this place was **GANDATSETIAGON**. Population 100 in 1875 and 150 in 1926. References: 7V, A, MM, PP, 5N, 7B and 7D.

**GANDATSETIAGON**, SEE: **GANATCEKWYAGON**, Ontario County.

**GANNEIOUS**, Iroquois Indian Village, which existed in the 17th century on the north shore of Lake Ontario, near the present site of Napanee (1949). References: 7V.

**GANNON**, Ennismore Township, Peterborough County. Located on Buckhorn Lake, 4 km northwest of Youngs Cove, 20 km northeast of Omemee and 16 km northwest of Lakefield. Name became **GANNON VILLAGE**, prior to 1976. Present approved name is **GANNON VILLAGE**. Population 27 in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 78°27'. References: 3B and 9I.

**GANNON BEACH**, Ennismore Township, Peterborough County. Located 2 km southeast of Gannon Village, 3 kmsouthwest of Youngs Cove and 25 km northeast of Lindsay. Population 29 in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 78°26'. References: 5L and 3B.

**GANNON'S NARROWS**: crossing point. This is the other end of a road from Buckhorn in 1865, in Harvey Township, Peterborough County. In 1872, William Parse Chase built a sawmill and operated a daily Ferry by using a hand operated windlass to tow a raft, capable of holding two team of horses across the narrows. No further reference to this place. References: 2M.

**GANONG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Map position: 50°09' 81°10'. References: V.

**GANTON**, settlement, now in City of Brampton, Peel County. Settled in 1830 by a mission whose first settler was Reverend G. Holtby. In 1870 had a blacksmith shop and wagon-maker. This place was overgrown in the 1870's by the City of Brampton (which see). References: 3G and 3C.

**GAPP TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 23, Range 13, Algoma District.**

**GARAFRAXA**, SEE: **SKENESVILLE, Wellington County.**

**GARAFRAXA TOWNSHIP**, Township, Halton County, Wellington District, later Wellington County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850 (See: East Garafraxa Township and West Garafraxa Township). Has an area of 94,300 acres. Population 2,083 in 1852. Maile for this place to be sent to office at Guelph (1835) and Fergus or Arthur (1848). References: C, 2W, 3H and M.

**GARAFRAXA TOWNSHIPS, EAST AND WEST**, Townships and Electoral Districts in Wellington County. Combined area of both is about 90,000 acres. Population 2,579 in east part and 3,128 in west part in 1871 and 2,700 combined in 1908. References: PP and W.

**GARDA**, unincorporated community, Thunder Bay District. Located 58 km west of Thunder Bay. Population 0. Map position: 49°30' 88°30'. References: R2.

**GARDEN #1**, SEE: **KETEGAUNE-SEEBE, Algoma District.**

**GARDEN #2**, hamlet, located on Garden Island, 2 miles from Kingston, opposite Cataraqui River and 1/2 a miles north of Wolfe Township. Date of this reference 1960. No other reference to this place. Reference: 2Y.

**GARDEN CITY BEACH**, hamlet, Grantham Township, Lincoln County, later within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 5.6 miles northeast of St. Catharines. Post office opened under the name **GARDEN CITY BEACH** March 17th, 1948. First Postmaster William Burtnik. Office named **WELLER PARK**, on January 9th, 1950. Office status changed to that of a sub-post office of St. Catherines June 24th, 1958. Present approved name is **WELLER PARK**. Population 681 in 1951 and 862 in 1976. Map position: 43°14' 79°13'. References: U, 3B, SS, V and 6T.

**GARDENDALE SURVEY**, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Population 144 in 1961, 303 in 1971 and included in Stoney Creek in 1976. References: 3B and 5A.

**GARDEN HILL**, concentrated rural community, Hope Township, Durham County, later Northumberland County. Located 17 miles northwest of Cobourg, 10 miles north of Port Hope and 1 1/2 miles from **GARDEN HILL STATION** on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened under the name **GARDEN HILL** on April 1st, 1871. The name first suggested was **WATERFORD**, but was rejected when it was learned one of that name existed. First Postmaster James Dyer. Post office closed February 28th, 1970. Place was named Garden Hill to honour the name of the Loyal Orange Lodge. Present approved name is **GARDEN HILL**. Population 200 in 1886, 400 in 1893 & 1908, and 73 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 78°24'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, PP, 3B, U10, V, 5V, 7D, 5L and 9F.

**GARDEN ISLAND**, settlement, Garden Island Township, Frontenac County. Located on Garden Island in the St. Lawrence River, 1 3/4 miles from Kingston. Post office opened as **GARDEN ISLAND**, on April 1st, 1868. First Postmaster George Cumming. Office closed September 15th, 1961. This place was a very important logging and shipbuilding centre. Now used primarily by summer residents. Incorporated as a Village in 1866; Incorporated with Township of Wolfe Island on January 1st, 1920; Amalgamated by Kingston in 1920. Present approved name is **GARDEN ISLAND**. Population 762 in 1871, 600 in 1893 and 150 in 1911; in 1921 population included with Wolfe Island Township. Map position: 44°12' 76°28'. References: S, AA, HH, 2T, F, U10, 3R, 5C, 3D, V, 6T and 7V.

**GARDEN OF EDEN**, dispersed rural community, Ross Township, Renfrew County. Located 11 km northwest of Renfrew, 14 km southeast of Cobden and 6 km southwest of Rosebank. Present approved name is **GARDEN OF EDEN**. Map position: 45°33' 76°45'. References: V and 5L.

**GARDEN RIVER**, SEE: **KETEGAUNE-SEEBE**, Algoma District.

**GARDEN RIVER #14**, Indian Reservation, East of Sault Ste. Marie, Algoma District. Population 900 in 1878 and 691 in 1976. Map position: 46°33' 84°05'. References: V, R3 and 5L.

**GARDEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Map position: 50°09' 82°45'. References: V.

**GARDEN VILLAGE**, hamlet, Pedley Township, Nipissing District. Located on Lake Nipissing, 7 km southeast of Sturgeon Falls and 11 km southwest of Meadowside. Present approved name is **GARDEN VILLAGE**. Population 265 in 1976. Map position: 46°19' 79°52'. References: 9K, 10E, 3B and 5L.

**GARDENVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Ameliasburgh Township, Prince Edward County. Located 6 km from Consecon and 1 miles from Central Ontario Railway at Weller's Bay. Post office opened as **GARDENVILLE**, on August 1st, 1899. First Postmaster John Dymond. Office closed January 15th, 1917. Present approved name is **GARDENVILLE**. Population 79 in 1941 and 58 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 77°35'. References: B, U, PP, 3B, 5L, V, 7H and 6T.

**GARDHOUSE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 82°04'. References: V.

**GARDINER**, dispersed rural community, Blount Township, Timiskaming District, later Cochrane District. Located 18 1/2 miles north of Cochrane and 18 miles northeast of Clute. Post office opened as **GARDINER**, on October 27th, 1925. First Postmaster H.W. Ashworth. Office closed November 1st 1949. Present approved name is **GARDINER**. Population 23 in 1972 and 1976. Map position: 49°18' 81°02'. References: U, O, V, 6T and 5L.

**GARDINER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Map position: 50°41' 81°35'. References: V.

**GARDNER MILL** or **GARNER MILL**, Enniskillen Township, Lambton County. Located on west side of Highway #21 at Bear Creek, on Lot 15, Concession 1. Nearest post office is Ennis. Name changed to **WOODLEY'S MILLS** 1850. No recent reference to this place. References: 1H.

**GARDNER'S**, dispersed rural community, Toronto Township, Peel County, later Part of City of Mississauga within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 6 miles southeast of Brampton, 4 1/2 miles south of Streetsville, on the CPR. Post office opened May 1st, 1863, under the name **BRITANNIA**, sometime misspelled as **BRITTANIA**. First

Postmaster J. Muir. Office closed July 1st, 1915. First settled by the Gardner family. Present approved name is **BRTIANNIA**. Population 100 in 1875 and 25 in 1893. Map position: 43°37' 79°41'. References: A, B, T, Z, U10, 3C, 3N, V and 6T.

**GARDNER'S MILLS**, Village, Brooke Township, Lambton County. Located 10 miles southeast of Sarnia, 35 miles west of St. Thomas, on the Sydenham River and 40 miles from London. Also noted on the Grand Trunk Railway later Michigan Central Railway. Place name changed to **BROOKE MILLS** for the Township. Hamlet name changed to **BRANNAN**. Post office established as **ALVINSTON** on September 1st, 1854. First Postmaster John Branan. Office still open in 1983. Incorporated as a Village June 12th, 1880 as **ALVINSTON**. Present approved name is **ALVINSTON**. Population 50 in 1857 and 708 in 1980. Map position: 42°49' 81°52'. References: A, B, I, T, Z, U10, 3C, 3N, V, 6T, 1H, M, S, EE, DD, MM, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3L, 5L, 5K and 8Q.

**GARFIELD**, post office, Goderich Township, Huron County. Post office opened in 1881. Only Postmaster was John Middleton. Office closed in 1883. No further reference to this office. References: I and 5U.

**GARGANTUA**, dispersed rural community, 31-XVIII, later Bray Township, Algoma District. Located 10 km west of the Trans-Canada Highway, 37 km northwest of Agawa Bay, 39 km west of Millwood and 50 km southwest of Wawa. Present approved name is **GARGANTUA**. Map position: 47°34' 84°58'. References: V and 5L.

**GARIBALDI**, corners, Uxbridge Township, Ontario County. This is a name given to the intersection of 2nd Concession Road and Highway #47 (Stouffville and Uxbridge Road). References: 3G.

**GARIBALDI TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Map position: 47°27' 81°25'. References: V.

**GARLAKE**, station, Garson Township, Sudbury District. Present approved name is **GARLAKE**. Map position: 46°36' 80°54'. References: V.

**GARLICK SETTLEMENT**, North Gower Township, Carleton County. First settler Richard Garlick in 1820. Name changed to **LINDSAY'S CORNERS** 1879. No recent reference to this place. References: UU.

**GARNER MILL**, SEE: **GARDNER MILL**, Lambton County.

**GARNER'S CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **GARNER'S CORNERS**. Population 134 in 1971 and in 1976 was included in Ancaster. Map position: 43°12' 79°57'. References: 3B and V.

**GARNET**, SEE: **SANDUSK**, Haldimand County.

**GARNETT** SEE: **SANDUSK**, Haldimand County.

**GARNET TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Map position: 47°43' 82°32'. References: V.

**GARRETTON**, dispersed rural community, Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 9 miles west of the CPR at Spencerville, 22 miles north of Brockville and 1 1/4 miles northwest of Prescott. Post office opened 1882 as **GARRETON**, a misspelling, later corrected. First Postmaster Nathaniel Garrett, for whom the place and office is named. Office closed June 24th, 1914. Population 100 in 1892 and 2 in 1976. Present approved name is **GARRETTON**. Map position: 44°50' 75°40'. References: B, I, S, AA, V, 6T, 5P and 5L.

**GARRISON**, dispersed rural community, Part of the Town of Fort Erie within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is **GARRISON**. Map position: 42°54' 79°03'. References: V and HH.

**GARRISON ROAD**, hamlet, Bertie Township, Welland County. Located 3 miles west of Grand Trunk Railway at Fort Erie. Post office opened as **GARRISON ROAD**, in 1875. First Postmistress shown S.L. Jansen. Office closed May 1st, 1902. No recent references to this hamlet. Population 25 in 1885 and 15 in 1926. References: I, AA, MM, PP, 3R, 5V and 7P.

**GARRISON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Map position: 48°30' 79°57'. References: V.

**GARROW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Nipissing District. Map position: 46°41' 79°19'. References: V.

**GARRYOWEN**, dispersed rural community, Sydenham Township, Grey County. Located 9 miles northeast of the CPR and Grand Trunk Railway at Owen Sound and 3 miles southeast of Annan. Post office opened as **GARRYOWEN**, in 1882. First Postmaster James Godfery (later corrected to Godfrey). Office closed April 1st, 1914. Population 50 in 1892 and 15 in 1926. Present approved name is **GARRYOWEN**. Map position: 44°37' 80°49'. References: 5P, 5U, 3R, V, 6T, 5T, 5L, I, AA, MM, PP and U10.

**GARSON**, concentrated rural community, Garson Township, Nipissing District, later Sudbury District, now Part of the Town of Nickel Centre within the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Located 1 km from Garson Mines and 8 miles northeast of Sudbury. Post office opened as **GARSON**, on November 1st, 1907. First Postmaster Alex McIntyre. Office still in operation in 1983. Name changed to **GARSON MINES** January 1938. At times spelled **GARSON MINE**. Religious Parish name **ST. JEAN l'EVANGELISTE**. This place was named for the Township. Present approved name is **GARSON MINE**. Population 1,311 in 1941 and 3,901 in 1980. Map position: 46°34' 80°52'. References: DD, SS, V, U, 7K, 2Y and 3B.

**GARSON JUNCTION**, railway point, Part of Town of Nickel Centre, later Part of City of Sudbury, within the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved name is **GARSON JUNCTION**. Map position: 46°32' 80°55'. References: V and V+.

**GARSON MINE**, SEE: **GARSON**, Sudbury District.

**GARSON MINES**, SEE: **GARSON**, Sudbury District.

**GARSON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township in Sudbury District. Incorporated as Township March 18th, 1905. This Incorporation was Dissolved-see: Neelon and Garson Township. This Township was named for William Garson, a member of the Ontario Legislature for Lincoln. Map position: 46°35' 80°52'. References: M, 5K and V.

**GARVEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Map position: 47°27' 81°31'. References: V.

**GARVILLE**, settlement, Dawn Township, Lambton County. Located on Lot 19, Concession 5, Dawn Township. Post office opened as **GARVILLE**, on September 1st, 1908. First Postmaster George Boyle. Office closed August 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **GARVILLE**. Map position: 42°40' 82°11'. References: 2Z, 1H, V and 6T.

**GARWOOD**, station, Rainy River District. Located 5 miles east of Rat Portage, on Lake of the Woods, at mile 1620 of the CPR, east of Margach. This is not a post office. **GARWOOD STATION** appears to have existed only between the years 1903 to 1908. No recent reference to this place. References: S, PP and 8K.

**GASFIELD**, post office, Moulton Township, Haldimand County. Post office opened September 1st, 1907. First Postmaster G. Rinker. Office closed May 1st, 1914. No other reference to this office. References: 6T and 7K.

**GASH POINT**, hamlet, in unsurveyed area, Rainy River District. The nearest banking and railway service, located 20 miles from Rainy River in (1913) and 30 miles from Rainy River in 1926. No further reference to this place. References: DD and MM.

**GASLINE**, dispersed rural community, Humberstone Township, Welland County, later Part of City of Port Colborne, within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located on Lake Erie, 2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Sherkston and 6 miles from Port Colborne. Post office opened as **GASLINE**, on April 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Daniel J. Robins. Office closed March 15th, 1916. Present approved name is **GASLINE**. Population 300 in 1908 and 103 in 1966. Map position: 42°53' 79°11'. References: 6T, 7M, V, 5A, PP, DD, S and B.

**GASTON**, summer post office, Rutherford Township, Algoma District. Located 17 1/2 miles east of Little Current

and 4 miles west of Killarney. Post office opened as **GASTON** on May 7th, 1925. First Postmaster Percy Mitchell. Office has not operated since October 31st, 1925 and since July 1st, 1926 has been considered permanently closed. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

**GATCHELL**, urban community, McKim Township, Sudbury District, later Part of the City of Sudbury, within the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Located 1/2 a mile from Sudbury and 2 3/4 miles from Copper Cliff. Post office opened as **GATCHELL**, on September 16th, 1935. First Postmaster J.J. Gatchell. Office status changed to that of sub-post office of Sudbury on March 1st, 1948. Present approved name is **GATCHELL**. Population 1,434 in 1941 and 3,787 in 1980. Map position: 46°29' 81°02'. References: 9I, 6T, U, 3B and V.

GATES GROVE, SEE: GATES GULLY, York County.

GATES GULLY, local name, Lot 19, Concession C, Scarborough Township, York County. This place is also known as GATES GROVE. References: 8H.

GATEWAY, dispersed rural community, Widdifield Township, Nipissing District. Located 1 1/2 miles north of North Bay. Post office opened as **GATEWAY**, on March 15th, 1928. First Postmaster Duncan Dashney. Office became sub-post office #2, of North Bay, October 1st, 1956. Present approved name is **GATEWAY**. Population 3,948 in 1956 and 5,590 in 1980. Map position: 46°20' 79°28'. References: U, 5E, V and 6T.

GAUD CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Darlington Township, Durham County, and in 1974 it became Part of Town of Newcastle, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Highway #57, north of Bowmanville. Present approved name is **GAUD CORNERS**. Map position: 43°56' 78°43'. References: B, 3G and V.

**GAUDETTE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Algoma District. Map position: 46°50' 84°02'. References: V.

GAUDREAU, concentrated rural community, 27-XXVI later, Aguonie Township, Algoma District. Located on Algoma Central Railway, 147 miles from Searchmount, 30 miles from Michipicoten Harbour and 18 miles from Franz. Post office opened as **GOUDREAU** on November 10th, 1915. First Postmaster L.L. Legatt. Office closed on October 1st, 1966. Place name changed to **GOUDREAU** in August of 1916. Present approved name is **GOUDREAU**. Population 60 in 1961 and 5 in 1976. Map position: 48°16' 84°32'. References: U, 5A, SS, V and 6T.

GAUDRY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 22, Range 13, Algoma District.

GAUNT TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 7 D, Algoma District.

GAUTHIER IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, Improvement District, Timiskaming District. Located 2.4 km north of Highway #66, 242 km east of Kirkland Lake and 11.2 km west of Larder Lake. The unorganized Township of Gathier was erected into Improvement District of Gauthier by O. M. B. Order #B-3337, dated April 28th, 1945, effective midnight May 31st, 1945. Population 177 in 1977 and 159 in 1980. Map position: 48°09' 79°49'. References: HH, R1 and V.

**GAUTHIER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°09' 79°49'. References: V.

GAWAS, locality, St. Joseph Township, Algoma District. Located 30 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie, on St. Joseph Island, 5 miles from CPR (on Main Shore) at Desbarats Station and on St. Mary's River at the west end of the North Channel of Lake Huron. Post office opened as **GAWAS**, on December 1st, 1895. First Postmaster William Pollock. Office closed May 18th, 1923. No recent reference to this place. No Population shown. Map position: 46°16' 83°57'. References: 9I, 6T, S, PP, 9F, 5U and 7S.

GAZER SUBDIVISION, subdivision, Guelph Township, Wellington County. Located 4 km north of Guelph, 5 km southwest of Eramosa and 8 km east of Eden Mills. Name not approved. Population 75 in 1961 and 256 in 1976. Map position: 43°35' 80°14'. References: 3B, 5A and 5L.

GEARY CORNERS, dispersed rural community, London Township, Middlesex County, later Part of the City of London.

Name changed in the mid-1970's to **NORTHDALE**. Present approved name is **NORTHDALE**. Population 515 in 1956. Map position: 43°01' 81°16'. References: 5E, V and B.

**GEARY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Map position: 48°50' 81°40'. References: V.

**GECO #1**, SEE: **GECO MINES CAMP**, Thunder Bay District.

**GECO #2**, emergency war-time housing community, Scarborough Township, York County. Located 2.2 miles north-northeast of Dawes Road, 2.3 miles north-northwest of Scarborough Junction and 3.6 miles west of Scarborough. Post office opened as **GECO** on April 29th, 1947. First Postmaster Albert E. Smith. Office closed October 1st, 1954. No recent references to this post office. References: 6V and 6T.

**GECO MINES CAMP**, railway point, Manitouwadge Improvement District, Thunder Bay District. Located north of Lake Manitouwadge, 40 miles from CPR mainline at Struthers and 33 miles west of CPR mainline at White River. Name changed to **GECO MINES CAMP #15** and later to simply **GECO**. Present approved name is **GECO**. Population 275 in 1961 and 275 in 1980. Map position: 49°10' 85°46'. References: U, 5A, V and 6V.

**GEHAN'S STATION**, station, Clarence Township, Russell County. Located on Montreal and Ottawa Division of CPR. Station number 3421, between the stations of Hammond and Leonard, in 1911. References: 10B and 10E.

**GEIKIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°09' 81°06'. References: V.

**GELERT**, SEE: **SNOWDONVILLE**, Haliburton County.

**GEMLEY**, SEE: **PLAYFAIR'S CORNERS**, Addington County.

**GEMMELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°10' 85°45'. References: V.

**GENCO**, Thunder Bay District. Located 27 km from Kashabowie (1980). References: U.

**GENESEE RAPIDS**, settlement, Chisholm Township, Parry Sound District, later Nipissing District. Located 5 1/2 miles from Powassan and 3 miles from Kells. Post office opened as **GENESEE RAPIDS** on January 19th, 1909. First Postmaster E.C. Mick. Office closed January 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **GENESEE RAPIDS**. Map position: 46°05' 79°15'. References: B, V and 6T.

**GENEVA**, railway point, Hess Township, Sudbury District. Present approved name is **GENEVA**. Map position: 46°45' 81°34'. References: V.

**GENEVA LAKE #1**, SEE: **BURLINGTON BAY #2**, Halton County.

**GENEVA LAKE #2**, post office, Hess Township, Algoma District, later Nipissing District. Post office opened as **GENEVA LAKE**, on July 1st, 1898. First Postmaster Charles A. McCool. Office closed April 2nd, 1903. No further reference to this office. References: 5U, 7Q and 7G.

**GENEVA PARK**, SEE: **LAKE COUCHICHING**, Simcoe County.

**GENIER**, dispersed rural community, Glackmeyer Township, Cochrane District. Located 3 miles from Larocque, 5 miles from Chute and 8 miles from Cochrane. Post office opened as **GENIER**, on 1st, 1920. First Postmaster J.F. Genier. Present approved name is **GENIER**. Population 23 in 1941 and 81 in 1972. Map position: 49°10' 81°01'. References: U, 3B, O, 5L, V and 6T.

**GENIER TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 11 H**, Sudbury District.

**GENOA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°48' 82°10'. References: V.

**GENTLES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°33' 82°00'. References: V.

GEORGE, railway point, north of Lac des Mille Lacs, Thunder Bay District. Located 13 km east of Graham. Present approved name is **GEORGE**. Population 0 in 1978. Map position: 49°13' 90°29'. References: V and R2.

GEORGE ISLAND TOWNSHIP, SEE: RUTHERFORD and GEORGE ISLAND TOWNSHIP, Manitoulin District.

GEORGE LOYER TRAILER PARK: Located in Cochrane, Cochrane District. Population 93 in 1976. References: 3B.

GEORGETOWN #1, hamlet, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 24 miles from Belleville, 1 mile south of Tweed, in Concession 9 of Hungerford Township. Founded by Felix Gabourie in the mid-1800's. Population 180 in 1875 and 100 in 1878. No further reference to this place. References: A, EE, 7B and 1E.

GEORGETOWN #2, SEE: HUNGRY HOLLOW, Halton County.

GEORGETOWN JUNCTION, station, Halton County. Located at the junction of the North & North Western and the Grand Trunk Railway. This not a post office. It has an express office and telegraph (1892). References: AA.

GEORGIAN BAY (TOWNSHIP OF), Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1971 by Ontario Statute 1970, C32. Municipal Township, in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Population 1,944 in 1980. Note: two parts: **TOWNSHIP OF GEORGIAN BAY, NORTH ARCHIPELIGO** in District of Parry Sound. Population 307 in 1980, and **TOWNSHIP OF GEORGIAN BAY, SOUTH ARCHIPELIGO** in District of Parry Sound. Population 189 in 1980. Map position: 45°00' 79°50'. Quieting Order dated 1983 re 12 Mile Bay Area. References: HH, M and V.

GEORGIAN BEACH, hamlet, St. Vincent Township, Grey County. Located 7 km northwest of Meaford, 8 km south of Cape Rich (cape) and 9 km east of Morley. Present approved name is **GEORGIAN BEACH**. Map position: 44°39' 80°38'. References: V+ and 5L.

GEORGIAN HEIGHTS, hamlet, Flos Township, Simcoe County. Located on Georgian Bay, 2 km west of Gibson, 10 km north of Wasaga Beach and 12 km northwest of Elmvale. Present approved name is GEORGIAN HEIGHTS. Map position: 44°36' 80°00'. References: 5L.

GEORGIAN INLET, dispersed rural community, Harrison Township, Parry Sound District. Located 8 1/2 miles from Point au Baril Station. Summer post office opened as **GEORGIAN INLET** on July 1st, 1946. First Postmaster Gerald Ernest Penfold. Office closed September 12th, 1969. Present approved name is GEORGIAN INLET. Map position: 45°37' 80°31'. References: U, 5L, V and 6T.

GEORGIAN SANDS BEACH, hamlet, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located on Georgian Bay, 4 km southwest of Lafontaine, 7 km north of Balm Beach and 9 km south of Thunder Beach. Present approved name is **GEORGIAN SANDS BEACH**. Map position: 44°44' 80°05'. References: 5L.

GEORGIAN SHORE, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Population34 in 1971 and 38 in 1976. References: 3B.

GEORGINA, SEE: BOURCHIER'S MILLS, York County.

GEORGINA BEACH, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located on Nottawasaga Bay, 6 km southwest of Wyevale, 9 km south of Perkinsfield and 10 km northwest of Elmvale. Present approved name is **GEORGINA BEACH**. Map position: 44°38' 79°59'. References: V and B.

GEORGINA ISLAND, SEE: GRAVES ISLAND, York County.

GEORGINA ISLAND #33, Indian Reservation, Georgian Island on lake Simcoe, York County. Present approved name is **GEORGINA ISLAND**. Map position: 44°24' 79°18'. References: V.

GEORGINA TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Ontario County, later York County, subsequently within the Regional Municipality of York. Incorporated January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. Situated along the southeastern shores of Lake Simcoe, in 1851 was transfered from Ontario County to York County. In 1971 the TOWNSHIP OF NORTH GWILLIMBURY (including Fox and Snake islands), the VILLAGE OF SUTTON and the TOWNSHIP OF GEORGINA (including Georgina Island) amalgamated to form the larger GEORGINA TOWNSHIP. Population 182 in 1830, 1,005 in 1852, 2,082 in 1878 and 18,969 in 1960. Map position: 44°17' 79°17'. References: V, 2J, HH, 3G, 2W and M.

GERALDTON #1, SEE: GERALDTON STATION, Thunder Bay District.

GERALDTON #2, Town, Ashmore Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on CNR, 4 miles north of Highway #11 and 169 miles northeast of Port Arthur. Name is taken from the two names of the mining financiers Fitzgerald and Errington. Post office opened July 16th, 1933 as GERALDTON. First Postmaster G.A. Grant. Post office name changed to OKLEND sometimes misspelled as OKLENE on January 15th, 1936. Office name again changed to LITTLE LONGLAC on April 18th, 1936 and this office closed on January 15th, 1941. The present post office is GERALDTON and still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Town September 1st, 1937, and detached from the unorganized territory. Gold was the support of the Town from 1938-1970. Present approved name is GERALDTON. Population 3,700 in 1931 and 2,988 in 1980. Map position: 49°44' 86°57'. References: M, P, R1, HH, 2T, 2U, 2Y, D, V and 6T.

GERALDTON NORTH, separate residential development, Thunder Bay District. Located 1 km north of Geraldton, just outside of the Town boundries. Present approved name is GERALDTON NORTH. Population 55 in 1978. Map position: 49°44' 86°57'. References: R2.

GERALDTON STATION, station/post office, Thunder Bay District. Located 2 1/2 miles north of Geraldton and 29 miles west of Hardrock. Post office opened as GERALDTON STATION, on February 20th, 1935. First Postmaster Claude H. Douglas. Name changed from GERALDTON STATION to GERALDTON, on January 29th, 1936. SEE: GERALTON. References: SS and 6T.

GERARD, railway point, Marshay Township, Sudbury District. Located near Sudbury and 6 km from Ruel. Name changed to FELIX in 1916. Present approved name is FELIX. Map position: 47°12' 81°25'. References: U, SS and V.

GERMANIA, dispersed rural community, Draper Township, Muskoka District, now Part of the Town of Bracebridge. Located 10 miles northeast of Grand Trunk Railway at Gravenhurst, 5 miles from Uffington and 11 miles southeast of Bracebridge. Post office opened as GERMANIA, in 1894. First Postmaster John Weismiller. Office closed November 30th, 1957. Present approved name is GERMANIA. Population 195 in 1892 and 52 in 1966. Map position: 44°57' 79°13'. References: B, I, AA, PP, 5A, V, 5P and 6T.

GERMANICUS, dispersed rural community, Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Located 7 miles west of Eganville, 30 miles southwest of Pembroke and 33 miles west of Renfrew. Post office opened as GERMANICUS, in 1889. First Postmaster August Sack. Office closed February 1st, 1916. Present approved name is GERMANICUS. Population 75 in 1892 and 85 in 1951. Map position: 45°36' 77°11'. References: B, I, S, AA, Z, 3B, 5U, V, 6T and 5L.

GERMAN LANDING, dispersed rural community, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Located on the Trent River, 9 km southeast of Frankford, 11 km southwest of Stirling and 11 km southeast of Campbellford. Present approved name is GERMAN LANDING. Map position: 44°15' 77°40'. References: V and 5L.

GERMAN MILLS #1, settlement, South Dumfries Township, Brant County. Located 4 miles from Harrisburg and 1 mile from Rosebank. Nearest post office in Rosebank. Population 30 in 1875. no further reference to this place after 1875. References: A and 7B.

GERMAN MILLS #2, concentrated rural community, Waterloo Township, Waterloo County, later Part of City of Kitchener within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 4 miles southeast of Berlin (Kitchener). Post office opened as GERMAN MILLS in 1878. First Postmaster T.B. Snider. Office closed May 18th, 1929. Post

office name changed to PARKWAY in 1974. The station name is known as JEWSBURG in 1974. Present approved name is PARKWAY. Population 100 in 1875 and 100 in 1926. Map position: 43°25' 80°27'. References: I, A, S, MM, V, 5V and 6T.

GERMAN MILLS #3, settlement, Upper Canada later Markham Township, York County. Located on Green Lane, east of Leslie Street. Settled in 1792 by William Berczy's band of 300 families in York County ,north of York, the capital of Upper Canada. In 1799. The founder left and the families dis-banded. The mill site was listed for sale in 1805, but had no buyers. Nature reclaimed the area and no trace is left in 1977. Name changed to NONANVILLE in 1878 when a Mr. Nonan tried to sell the site. Population 146 in 1801. There is no further reference to this place. References: E, 3G and 2J.

GERMAN SETTLEMENT #1, dispersed rural community, Hagerty Township, Renfrew County. Located 5 km northeast of Killaloe Station, 12 km southeast of Round Lake and 18 km southwest of Barrys Bay. Present approved name is GERMAN SETTLEMENT. Map position: 45°31' 77°27. References: 5L and V.

GERMAN SETTLEMENT #2: Located southwest of Delhi, Middleton Township, Norfolk County. Founded in 1847. Population 80 in 1877. No further reference to this place. References: 1N.

GERMAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 80°53'. References: V.

GEROW'S SETTLEMENT, dispersed rural community, Belmont Township, Peterborough County. Located 8 miles north of CPR at Havelock, 35 miles north of Peterborough, the County Seat and 15 miles from Norwood Station. Post office opened September 1st, 1873, as ROUND LAKE, for a local lake of the same name. First Postmaster Hy N. Cooper. Office closed August 15th, 1950. Name was derived from name of first man to settle there. Present approved name is ROUND LAKE. Population 60 in 1892 and 67 in 1951. Map position: 44°31' 77°53'. References: V, 6T, 5Y, PP, B, S, AA and 7D.

GEROW TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 130, Algoma District.

GERROW BEACH, Scugog Township, Durham Region. Located 2 km northeast of Port Perry, 9 km southeast of Blackstock and 15 km west of Uxbridge. Present approved name is GERROW'S BEACH. Population 47 in 1976. Map position: 44°07' 78°56'. References: 3B and 5L.

GERSHOME, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is GERSHOME. Map position: 43°13' 79°46'. References: V.

GERTRUDE #1, Medora Township, Simcoe County, formerly Muskoka District. Post office opened as GERTRUDE, on September 1st, 1894. First Postmaster James Jackson. Post office closed September 30th, 1895. No further reference to this place. References: I, 9F and Z.

GERTRUDE #2, dispersed rural community, Creighton Township, Sudbury District. Located 2 km from Creighton. Present approved name is GERTRUDE. Map position: 46°27' 81°12'. References: U and V.

GERTRUDE MINE, mine, Creighton Township, Nipissing District, later Algoma District. Located near Sudbury, which is the railway and banking point and on the Manitoulin and North shore Section, of the Algoma Central & Hudson Bay Railway. Post office opened as GERTRUDE MINE, on May 26th, 1902. First Postmaster J. T. O'Connor. Office closed April 7th, 1909.No recent references to this place. Population 150 in 1913 and 150 in 1926. References: S, DD, NN, PP, 6T and 7P.

GERTUDE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°06' 85°48'. References: V.

GERVAIS TOWNSHIP, SEE: 6 TOWNSHIP, Algoma District.

GESTO, SEE: NEW DARLINGTON (to 1873), Essex County.

**GHENT**, urban community, Part of City of Burlington, within the Regional Municipality of Halton. Present approved name is **GHENT**. Map position: 43°20' 79°48'. References: V and HH.

**GHENTS**, flag station, also known as **GHENT'S CROSSING**. Located on the North & North Western division of the Grand Trunk Railway, 11 miles east of Hamilton. This is not a post office. No further reference to this place. References: S and AA.

**GHOST LAKE**, SEE: **GHOST LAKE MILL**, Bruce County.

**GHOST LAKE MILL**, lumber mill, Bruce County. This place was settled in 1881. The mill was built by Horace Lymburner and lumbering carried on for 24 years. The mill turned out 12,000 board feet of lumber per day. Houses and cottages followed for the mill hands. The business faded out in 1905. After the mill was abandoned the name was changed to **GHOST LAKE**. No recent reference to this place. References: E.

**GHOST RIVER #1**, SEE: **SMITH**, Thunder Bay District.

**GHOST RIVER #2**, dispersed rural community, Cochrane District. Located at the exit of the Cheepay River into the Albany River, 192 km west of Moosonee, 140 km southwest of Fort Albany and 138 km northeast of Mammamattawa. Present approved name is **GHOST RIVER**. Map position: 51°29' 83°25'. References: V and 5L.

**GIBBARD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°59' 90°05'. References: V.

**GIBBONS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°35' 80°06. References: V.

**GIBB'S MILLS**, SEE: **SKAE'S CORNERS**, Ontario County.

**GIBRALTAR #1**, dispersed rural community, Collingwood Township, Grey County. Located 45 miles southeast of Owen Sound, 10 miles southwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Collingwood and on Silver Creek. Post office opened as **GIBRALTAR**, in 1872. First Postmaster John Glenn. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **GIBRALTAR**. Population 40 in 1875, 300 in 1908 and 24 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 80°21'. References: 4K, B, I, A, PP, S, V, 6T and 5L.

**GIBRALTAR #2**, locality, Sandfield Township, Manitoulin District. Located 3 km southeast of Big Lake, 7 km northeast of Mindemoya and 9 km southwest of West Bay. Present approved name is **GIBRALTAR**. Map position: 45°45' 82°06'. References: B, 5L and V+.

**GIBRALTAR POINT**, point, York Township, York County. Located on Toronto Island. This is the place where storehouses and Blockhouses command the entrance to York Harbour, and is opposite the Garrison. The first Blockhouse was built in 1812. The barracks were built on a knoll, well situated for health, and command the lake to the west and the harbour to the east. Colonel Simcoe named the site Gibraltar Point. In 1880, the place was renamed **ISLAND PARK** by a City Bylaw. References: 2J, 7W and 5J.

**GIBSON #1**, dispersed rural community, Windham Township, Norfolk County, later Delhi Township, Norfolk County, now in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 7 miles northwest of Simcoe, 14 miles from Port Dover and has a station on the Georgian Bay & Lake Erie line, later Grand Trunk Railway named **GIBSON** or **ELLATOWN**. Post office opened in 1877 as **ELLATON**, occassionally misspelled as **ELLATOWN**, which was named for the Postmaster's daughter. First Postmaster William Gibson. Office closed May 9th, 1928. Present approved name is **ELLATON**. Population 60 in 1885 and 55 in 1976. Map position: 42°52' 80°25'. References: S, B, I, 4P, S, PP, E, 3R, SS, V, 6T and 5L.

**GIBSON #2**, SEE: **McRAE SETTLEMENT**, Siomcoe County.

**GIBSON #3**, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **GIBSON**. Map position: 43°15' 79°51'. References: V and HH.

GIBSON #31, Indian Reservation, on the east shore of Gibson Lake, Muskoka District. Population 76 in 1976. Map position: 45°01' 79°43'. References: V and 5L.

GIBSON'S LANDING, station, Nelson Township, Halton County. Located 1 miles south of of Burlington, on the North & North Western division of the Grand Trunk Railway. This is not a post office. No further reference to this place. References: S and Z.

GIBSON'S SETTLEMENT, Dalhousie Township, Lanark County. Located 15 miles northwest of Perth and 10 miles east of Kingston and Pembroke Railway at Lavant Station. Post office established in 1885, named **LAMMERMOOR** for the Moors of Scotland. First Postmaster William Gibson. Office closed February 28th, 1927. Settled in 1821 with Highland and Lowland Scotch, one of the first being James Gibson, a stone mason. With his wife and four children, he took land, and from this family the place was known as Gibson's settlement up to the year 1885. Present approved name is **LAMMERMOOR**. Population 30 in 1892 and 105 in 1908. Map position: 45°06' 76°32'. References: 7D, S, I, AA, PP, V and 6T.

GIBSON STATION, SEE: GIBSON #1, Norfolk County.

**GIBSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Muskoka District. Map position: 45°00' 79°48'. References: V.

**GIDLEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°48' 94°50'. References: V.

GIFFORD, hamlet, South Cayuga Township, Haldimand County. Located 4 1/2 miles from Cayuga and 5 miles from Rainham. Post office opened as **GIFFORD**, December 1st, 1863. First Postmaster G.M. Gifford. In 1868, the office name was changed to **BINGHAM ROAD**. Office closed May 1st, 1915. Population 50 in 1875 and 40 in 1895. No recent references to this place. References: I, 3O, 7B, A, S, Z, 5U and 6T.

GILBERT #1, station, Rainy River District. Located 250 miles northwest of Port Arthur, 18 miles west of Eagle River, 47 miles east of Rat Portage (Kenora) and 8 miles west of Vermillion Bay. **GILBERT STATION** on CPR at mile 1662, between Parrywood and Vermillion. This station seems to haved existed between 1892-1908. No recent references to this place. References: AA, PP, Z, 6Z and 8K.

GILBERT #2, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 5 miles from Gilbert's Mills (1805). No further references to this place. References: 3R.

GILBERT #3, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **GILBERT**. Map position: 43°14' 79°54'. References: V.

GILBERT LAKE, Rainy River District. Population 40 in 1976. References: 3B.

GILBERT MILLS, dispersed rural community, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 9 miles west of Picton and 5 miles north of Central Ontario Railway at Bloomfield Station. Post office opened as **GILBERTS MILLS** July 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Daniel Gilbert for whom the office was named. Office closed March 15th, 1913. Population 60 in 1875 and 34 in 1976. Present approved name is **GILBERT MILLS**. Map position: 44°03' 77°15'. References: I, A, S, 3B, 3L, V, 6T, 8Q and 5L.

GILBERTSON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 7 C, Algoma District.

**GILBERT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°51' 81°53'. References: V.

GILBERTVILLE, concentrated rural community, Delhi and Windham Township, Norfolk County, later within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 1 km southeast of Weis Subdivision, 4 km south of Delhi and 20 km east of Tillsonburg. Present approved name is **GILBERTVILLE**. Population 184 in 1961 and 171 in 1976. Map position: 42°50' 80°29'. References: 3B, 5A, V and 5L.

GILBERT WYE STATION, station, Pecfer and Langton Townships, Kenora District. Located on Ignace Division of CPR.

Station number 5166, between the stations of Vermilion Bay and Edison, in 1911. References: 10B and 10K.

GILCHRIST, dispersed rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located on Kempenfeldt Bay, 7 miles northeast of Barrie and 4 miles north of the North & North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway at Gowan Station. Post office opened as GILCHRIST in 1890. First Postmaster Henry Gilchrist. Office closed September 15th, 1910. Present approved name is GILCHRIST. Population 50 in 1892 and 111 in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 79°35'. References: I, AA, 3B, JJ, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

GILCHRIST BAY, dispersed rural community, Dummer Township, Peterborough County. Located 3 1/2 miles east of McCracken's Landing, 19 km from Lakefield, and 4 miles west of Clarina. Post office opened as GILCHRIST BAY, August 14th, 1947, on Lot 49, Concession 6, in Dummer Township. First Postmaster Arthur Little. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is GILCHRIST BAY. Population 31 in 1971 and 45 in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 78°06'. References: B, U, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

GILDALE, dispersed rural community, Proton Township, Grey County. Located 4 miles from Cedarville, 4 miles from Kingscote. Post office opened as GILDALE, on October 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Charles Gillies. Office closed November 1st, 1912. Present approved name is GILDALE. No population shown. Map position: 44°04' 80°32'. References: V, 6T and 5L.

GILDWOOD, station, Algoma District. Located on CPR, 227 miles east of Port Arthur. The nearest post office is at Biscotasing. Station has telegraph and Express offices (1892). No further references to this station. References: AA.

GILEAD, hamlet, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Located 8 miles north of Belleville and in 1895, semi weekly to Grand trunk Railway at Corbyville Station. Post office opened as GILEAD, in 1893. First Postmaster Henry A. Fairman. Office closed October 26th, 1912. Population 20 in 1895. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, Z, PP and 6T.

GILES TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 30, Range 17, Algoma District.

GILFORD, dispersed rural community, West Gwillimbury Township, Simcoe County. Located 15 miles south of barrie, 8 miles north of Bradford and 49 miles from Toronto. Post office opened as GILFORD, on April 1st, 1863. First Postmaster Thomas MacConchy, who was the founder, owned the mills and other business interestes in this town that he named for a Village in County Down, Ireland. Post office is still in operation in 1983. GILFORD STATION is on the Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is GILFORD. Population 400 in 1886 and 127 in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 79°33'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, JJ, 3B, 3N, V, 7B, 9J, 5L and 7D.

GILFORD BEACH, West Gwillimbury Township, later Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located on Cooks Bay in Lake Simcoe, 6 km southeast of Lefroy, 12 km north of Bradford and 22 km southeast of Barrie. Present approved name is GILFORD BEACH. Population 83 in 1961 and 304 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 79°32'. References: 3B, 5A and 5L.

GILKSON, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is GILKSON. Map position: 43°13' 79°55'. References: V.

GILL, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Haldimand , within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk, formerly North Cayuga Township, Haldimand County. Located 5 miles west of Cayuga, 1 miles west of Nelles Corners and 2 miles from Canfield. Post office opened as GILL in 1878. First Postmaster Robert Fleming. Office closed October 1st, 1903. Present approved name is GILL. Population 40 in 1892 and 60 in 1908. Map position: 42°56' 79°59'. References: B, I, T, AA, PP, 3R, V, 7D and 5V.

GILLIES, dispersed rural community, Coleman Township, Timiskaming District. Located 6 km southwest of Cobalt, 6 km northeast of Latchford and 16 km southwest of New Liskeard. Present approved name is GILLIES. Population 299 in 1956 and 39 in 1976. Map position: 47°23' 79°45'. References: U, 3B, 5E, V, V+ and 5L.

**GILLIES CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Beckwith Township, Lanark County. Located 5 km southwest of Franktown, 16 km south of Carleton Place and 18 km east of Lanark. Settled in 1819 by Archibald Gillies. Mr. Gillies ran the hotel from 1830 to 1850. By 1968 the place had declined to a few houses and an unused church building. Present approved name is **GILLIES CORNERS**. Population 26 in 1971 and 27 in 1976. Map position: 45°00' 76°06'. References: B, E, 3B, V, 7U and 5L.

**GILLIES DEPOT**, railway point, Coleman Township, Timiskaming District. Located 4 miles south of Cobalt, 17 miles north of Temagami and 99 miles north of North Bay; presently it is on High #11 and Highway #11B, at the junction south of Haleybury. Post office opened as **GILLIES DEPOT**. December 1st, 1905. First Postmaster Alex Carmichael. Office closed March 31st, 1944. **GILLIES STATION** is on the Timiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway. Present approved name is **GILLIES DEPOT**. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 47°22' 79°45'. References: PP, 22-6, V, V+, 7S and 6T.

**GILLIE'S HILL**, dispersed rural community, Elderslie Township, Bruce County. Located 16 miles north of Walkerton and 5 1/2 miles northeast of Paisley. Post office opened as **GILLIE'S HILL**, in 1874. First Postmaster William A. Stevens. Office closed May 1st, 1909. This place has a station on the Grand Trunk Railway by the same name. It has a historic plaque which reads: "Gillies Hill site of Municipal Government 1856-1963 in memory of the pioneers of Elderslie Township." Present approved name is **GILLIES HILL**. Population 25 in 1885 and 50 in 1907. Map position: 44°20' 81°11'. References: I, S, PP, 3R, V, 6T, 5T, 5L and FF.

**GILLIES LAKE**, hamlet, Lindsay Township, Bruce County. Located on Bruce Peninsula in Georgian Bay, 4 km north of Dyers Bay, 6 km south of Cabot Head and 27 km southeast of Tobermory. Name is not approved. Population 13 in 1976. Map position: 45°12' 81°19'. References: 5L and 9K.

**GILLIES LIMIT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°17' 79°44'. References: V.

**GILLIES SIDING**,, station, Petawawa Township, Renfrew County. Located on Chalk River Division of CPR. Station number 3720, between the stations of Thistle and Chalk River, in 1911. References: 10B, 9F and 10E.

**GILLIES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on Highway #595, 41 km southwest of the City of Thunder Bay. Incorporated May 21st, 1920 by Judge's Declaration of Incorporation, dated May 31st, 1920. Population 373 in 1978 and 429 in 1980. Map position: 48°16' 89°42'. References: R1, M, HH and V.

**GILLIES TOWNSITE**, Temagami Township, Nipissing District. Population 56 in 1971 and 47 in 1976. References: 3B and 5A.

**GILLILAND TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 35**, Sudbury District.

**GILLIVRAY**, SEE: **FLANIGAN'S** Middlesex County.

**GILLSON'S POINT**, hamlet, Cartwright Township, in Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Lake Scugog, 4 km northeast of Seagrave, 13 km north of Port Perry and 14 km southeast of Sunderland. Present approved name is **GILLSON'S POINT**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 78°55'. References: 5L, 9K and 10E.

**GILL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 84°21'. References: V.

**GILMAN'S SURVEY**, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County, later Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Population 89 in 1961 and 120 in 1971; after 1976, population included in Stoney Creek. References: 3B and 5A.

**GILMORE**, SEE: **GUNTER**, Hastings County.

**GILMOR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°39' 83°47'. References: V.

**GILMOUR**, dispersed rural community, Tudor Township, Hastings County. Located 60 miles north of Trenton and 50 miles north of Belleville. The station is named **GILMOUR STATION**, and is on Central Ontario Railway. Post office

opened as **GILMOUR**, in 1887. First Postmaster J. Caverly. Office still operating in 1983. Present approved name is **GILMOUR**. Population 50 in 1892 and 97 in 1980. Map position: 44°49' 77°37'. References: B, I, U, AA, DD, V, 5T and 9F.

**GIMBLET TOWN**, SEE: **SMITHTOWN**, Ontario County.

**GIMBY'S CORNERS**, concentrated rural community, Simcoe District, Canada West, later Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 12 miles south of Barrie and 2 1/2 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Lefroy Station. Named for the first settler John Gimby in 1833. In 1842, it assumed the name of **CHURCHILL**, as the religious service was held, at Mr. Sloan's place, on the hill. For a time, a rough group of characters moved in, and this resulted in the local name **BULLY'S ACRE**. Post office opened September 1st, 1858, as **CHURCHILL**. First Postmaster Henry Sloane. Post office still operating in 1983. Present approved name is **CHURCHILL**. Population 100 in 1893 and 196 in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 79°35'. References: B, I, S, JJ, 3B. U10, 3W, V, 6S, 5L and 9F.

**GIMLET TOWN**, SEE: **SMITHTOWN**, Ontario County.

**GIRDWOOD**, railway point, Township 61, later Atkinson Township, Algoma District. Located on CPR mainline, at an altitude of 1,433 feet above sea-level, at mile 2188 and being east of Grasett Station. Present approved name is **GIRDWOOD**. Population 10 in 1893. Map position: 48°28' 84°46'. References: S, L1, U10, V and 8K.

**GIROUX LAKE**, post office, Coleman Township, Nipissing District. Located 4 miles from Timiskaming & Northern Ontario railway at Cobalt Station, 103 miles north of North Bay. Post office opened as **GIROUX LAKE**, on February 1st, 1906. First Postmaster Joseph Edward(s). Office closed September 2nd, 1927. No further reference to this place. References: S, PP, 7T and 6T.

**GIRVAN**, post office, Ottawa District, Canada West, later Cambridge Township, Russell County. Post office opened as **GIRVAN**, in 1860. First Postmaster James Stevenson, who resigned on September 30th, 1862 and further continuance of this office was considered unnecessary. No recent reference to this post office. References: I, 3N and 3Y.

**GISBORN TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 7 B**, Algoma District.

**GISSINAUSEBING**, SEE: **COLEWATER**, Simcoe County.

**GLACKMEYER TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Cochrane District. Incorporated as Township December 12th, 1919, by Judge's Declaration of Incorporation, dated December 12th, 1919. Population 1,123 in 1977 and 1,135 in 1980. Map position: 49°07' 80°58'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**GLADMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°41' 79°41'. References: V.

**GLADSTONE #1**, dispersed rural community, North Dorchester Township, Middlesex County. Located 14 miles southeast of London, 15 miles from St. Thomas and 3 miles west of CPR at Harrietsville Station. Post office opened, in Dorchester Township, as **GLADSTONE** on July 1st, 1864. First Postmaster C. H. Shain. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **GLADSTONE**. Population 200 in 1886 and 66 in 1976. Map position: 42°55' 81°03'. References: I, T, S, U, PP, 3B, V, 4F and 6T.

**GLADSTONE #2**, hamlet, Grenville County. Located 3 miles from Prescott. **GLADSTONE STATION** is on Grand Trunk Railway. Not a post office. This place noted between the years 1892 and 1908. No further references to either the station or the hamlet. References: AA, Z and PP.

**GLADSTONE #3**, SEE: **MOOREFIELD**, Wellington County.

**GLADSTONE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT**, SEE: **TALLY HO**, Algoma District.

**GLADSTONE STATION**, North Dorchester Township, Middlesex County. Population 31 in 1971 and 25 in 1976.

References: 3B.

GLADSTONE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°19' 83°16'. References: V.

GLADWICK, railway point, Regan Township, Sudbury District. Located 10 miles from Tionaga, on CNR, and has an Express office. This is not a post office and does not have an agent for forwarding. Map position: 48°01' 81°59'. References: U, V and 22-6.

GLADWIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 82°24'. References: V.

GLAMMIS, concentrated rural community, Kincardine Township, Bruce County. Located 18 miles northwest of Walkerton, 10 miles from Paisley and 8 1/2 miles west of Grand Trunk Railway at Pinkerton Station. Post office opened as GLAMMIS, in 1860. First Postmaster J. Crawford. Post office closed by 1972. In 1880, prayer meetings were held in both Galeic and English. This place is named after Glammis Castle in Scotland. Present approved name is GLAMMIS. Population 250 in 1893 and 56 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' and 81°23'. References: I, S, AA, A, 3B, 2Y, F, U10, 3Y, V and 9F.

GLAMORGAN, dispersed rural community, Manvers Township, Durham County, later Part of Town of Newcastle, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 25 miles northwest of Cobourg, 6 miles southwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Millbrook Station and 4 miles north of Elizabethville. Post office opened as GLAMORGAN, on January 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Kendall Kennedy. Office closed March 1st, 1932. Present approved name is GLAMORGAN. Population 10 in 1893 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 44°06' 78°31'. References: I, S, PP, U10, 3R, V, 5Y and 6T.

GLAMORGAN TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Haliburton County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1881. Quieting Order M6605-57, dated June 1st, 1959. Population 525 in 1980 and shown in the Provisional, later County of Haliburton. Map position: 44°55' 78°28'. References: HH, M and V.

GLANBROOK TOWNSHIP, Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1974, by Ontario Statutes 1973, C74. Most recently within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Population 9,934 in 1980. **History:** Binbrook Township Dissolved by Ontario Statutes 1973, C74 and amalgamated with TOWNSHIP OF GLANFORD as TOWNSHIP OF GLANBROOK January 1st, 1974. References: HH and M.

GLANDINE, dispersed rural community, Ops and Mariposa Townships, Victoria County. Located 5 miles west of Lindsay and 3 miles south of Ops Station. Post office opened as GLANDINE, in 1882. First Postmaster Charles H. Jones. Office closed September 1st, 1906. Present approved name is GLANDINE. Population 50 in 1893 and 25 in 1908. Map position: 44°19' 78°48'. References: I, S, PP, U10, V, 7T and 5P.

GLANFORD, SEE: GLANFORD CENTRE, Wentworth County.

GLANFORD CENTRE, concentrated rural community, Glanbrooke Township, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth, formerly in Township of Glanford, Wentworth County. Located 8 miles south of Hamilton and 2 miles northwest of Glanford Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GLANFORD March 6th, 1847. First Postmaster D.K. Choate. On August 1st, 1913 post office name was changed to MOUNT HOPE. Present approved name is MOUNT HOPE. Population 500 in 1886 and 687 in 1976. Map position: 43°09' 79°55'. References: I, T, S, AA, SS, 6T, 8Q, 2W, 3B and V.

GLANFORD STATION, SEE: RENTONVILLE JUNCTION, Wentworth County.

GLANFORD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Wentworth County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C74. Amalgamated by Township of Glanbrooke January 1st, 1974. This township was in Gore District, Canada West. The township was organized in 1798 and named after Glanford Bridge, Lincolnshire, England. Area 23,000 acres. Population 2,008 in 1852. Glanford Township was amalgamated with Binbrooke Township in order to form the Township of Glanbrooke on January 1st, 1974. Map

position: 43°09' 79°53'. References: C, HH, 3E, 2W, M and V.

GLANMIRE, SEE: JELLY'S RAPIDS, Hastings County.

GLANWORTH, dispersed rural community, Westminster Township, Middlesex County. Located 8 miles south of London and has a station on the London and Port Stanley Railway (1872). Post office established June 1st, 1857 and named GLANWORTH. First Postmaster R.J. Webb. Office still operating in 1983. Present approved name is GLANWORTH. Population 200 in 1893 and 123 in 1976. Map position: 42°52' 81°12'. References: I, S, 3B, U10, 3M, V and 7B.

GLASCOTT, dispersed rural community, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 20 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 8 miles west of Markdale Station on the Orangeville and Owen Sound branch of CPR, and 6 miles from Flesherton. Post office established as GLASCOTT, on September 1st, 1863. First Postmaster J. English. Office closed August 1st, 1914. Present approved name is GLASCOTT. Population 55 in 1885 and 60 in 1908. Map position: 44°19' 80°46'. References: I, S, PP, 3R, 3N, V and 6T.

GLASGOW #1, SEE: SCHUMACKER'S MILLS, Wellington County.

GLASGOW #2, dispersed rural community, Uxbridge Township, Ontario County. Located 22 miles west of Whitby and 3 miles northeast of Stouffville Station on Grand Trunk Railway and located on Duffin's Creek. Post office established as GLASGOW, in 1868. First Postmaster Benjamin Parker. Office closed November 1st, 1913. On July 23rd, 1949, Glasgow, Ontario County was deleted from the Canadian Guide as confusing with the Glasgow in Renfrew County. Settled east of Highway #5 and north of Altona Road. At present in Regional Municipality of Durham. It became part of Uxbridge Township, and Regional Muncipality of Durham in 1974. Present approved name is GLASGOW. Population 100 in 1886 and 34 in 1971. Map position: 44°00' 79°12'. References: I, T, S, PP, 3G, 3B, V, 6V, 6T and 4G.

GLASGOW #3, Located 1/2 mile from Bolton, Albion Township, Peel County (1875). It had been a subdivision of Bolton in 1875. Named for the Glasgow Woolen Mills in 1860. Population 30 in 1875 and 34 in 1971. Described as a dispersed rural community, within Regional Municipality of Peel, 1977. Present approved name is GLASGOW. Map position: 43°53' 79°46'. References: A, W3, 3G, 3C and V+.

GLASGOW STATION, SEE: HARVEY #1, Renfrew County.

GLASGOW TOWNSHIP, Now called the Township of Scarborough. Date of reference 1799. References: 7W.

GLASS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°37' 94°57'. References: V.

GLASTONBURY, dispersed rural community, Kaladar Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 41 miles north of Napanee, 10 miles north of Kaladar Station on CPR and located on Beaver Creek. Post office established as GLASTONBURY, on June 1st, 1862. First Postmaster G.H. Comer. Office closed January 1st, 1898. Present approved name is GLASTONBURY. Population 1,000 in 1885 and 35 in 1893. References: I, AA, Z, U10, 3R, 3N, V and 7G.

GLEASON'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Haldimand Township, Northumberland County. Located 10 miles from Colborne. Post office established as CARMEL January 1st, 1974. First Postmaster W.W. Gleason. Office closed June 20th, 1921. Present approved name is CARMEL. Population 70 in 1908. Map position: 44°05' 78°00'. References: PP, B, V, 7J, 6T and 5L.

GLEBE, urban community, Carleton County, Part of the City of Ottawa, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Glebe, a sub-office of Ottawa was permanently closed April 1st, 1960. Present approved name is GLEBE. Map position: 45°24' 75°42'. References: U, V and 6T.

GLEBE FARM INDIAN RESERVE #40B, Located east of Brantford, in Brant County. Map position: 43°10' 80°04'. References: V and 5L.

GLEESON, post office, Phelps Township, Nipissing District. Located 16 kilometres east from North Bay and 5 miles from Redbridge. Post office established as GLEESON, on June 1st, 1935. First Postmaster Colonel L.T. Martin. Daily mail received from North Bay. Office closed July 15th, 1935. No recent references to this office. References: U and 6T.

GLEN #1, dispersed rural community, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 2 km east of Bunnesan, 5 km west of Priceville and 14 km southwest of Markdale. Present approved name is GLEN. Map position: 44°11' 81°41'. References: B and V.

GLEN #2, SEE: GLENN, Parry Sound District.

GLEN ACRES SUBDIVISION, Uxbridge Township, within Regional Municipality of Durham (1983). Present approved name is GLEN ACRES SUBDIVISION. Population 110 in 1971 and 1976 population included in Uxbridge. Map position: 46°06' 79°07'. References: 3B and HH.

GLEN AFTON, railway point, Jones Township, Sudbury District. Located 5 kilometres from Azen and 33 miles northwest of River Valley. Formerly in Afton Township, Timiskaming District. Post office established as GLEN AFTON, on January 18th, 1938. First Postmaster W.E. Aitchison. Office closed October 8th, 1941. Present approved name is GLEN AFTON. Map position: 46°38' 80°17'. References: U, V and 6T.

GLEN ALDA, dispersed rural community, Chandos Township, Peterborough County. Located 50 miles northeast of Peterborough, 15 miles from Bancroft, 6 miles from Coe Hill on Central Ontario Railway and on Deer River. Post office established as GLEN ALDA, in 1883. First Postmaster Ira A. Rosebush. Office closed November 15th, 1950. Present approved name is GLEN ALDA. Population 300 in 1908 and 16 in 1972. Map position: 44°51' 77°57'. References: I, S, DD, PP, O, V, 5P and 6T.

GLEN ALLAN, SEE: ALLANSVILLE #2, Wellington County.

GLEN ALLEN, SEE: ALLANSVILLE #2, Wellington County.

GLEN ANDREW, dispersed rural community, East Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 3 miles from Dalkeith Station on Hawkesbury division of Grand Trunk Railway and 5 miles from Vankleek Hill. Post office established as GLEN ANDREW, on March 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Andrew McDonald. Office closed May 21st, 1921. Present approved name is GLEN ANDREW. Population 100 in 1908 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 45°27' 74°31'. References: B, S, MM, PP, V, 7M and 6T.

GLENANNAN, SEE: WINGHAM ROAD STATION, Huron County.

GLENARM, dispersed rural community, Fenelon and Eldon Townships, Victoria County. Located 15 miles northwest of Lindsay and 11 miles northeast of Woodville Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GLENARM, in 1865. First Postmaster W. Cooper. Office closed by 1972. Glenarm had a local name HARDSCRABBLE. Glenarm was named after a place in Ireland. Present approved name is GLENARM. Population 100 in 1886 and 41 in 1976. Map position: 44°29' 78°53'. References: I, T, S, 3B, V, 4F, 8E and 9F.

GLEN BECKER, concentrated rural community, Williamsburgh Township, Dundas County. Located 25 miles west of Cornwall and 6 miles north of Morrisburg Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as GLEN BECKER, in 1883. First Postmaster L.S. Becker. Office closed February 5th, 1913. The place, Glen Becker, was named for a farmer Schemeham Becker. Present approved name is GLEN BECKER. No population shown for this place. Map position: 44°56' 75°13'. References: B, I, S, AA, V, 6T, 5P and 7D.

GLEN BELL, SEE: GLEN BUELL, Leeds County.

GLENBROOK, dispersed rural community, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. This place also shown spelled as GLEN BROOK. Located 11 kilometres from Cornwall. Post office established November 1st, 1906 as

GLEN BROOK. First Postmaster Archibald R. McDonald. Office closed August 15th, 1913. Present approved name is GLENBROOK. No population shown for this place. Map position: 45°07' 74°39'. References: B, S, U, V, 6T and 7T.

GLENBROOKE STATION, Charlottenburg Township, Glengarry County. Present approved name is GLENBROOKE STATION. Date of reference 1972. References: B.

GLEN BUELL, dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 9 miles northwest of Brockville and 1 mile from Forthton Station on the Brockville, Westport and Sault Ste. Marie Railway, and 6 miles from Athens. Post office opened as GLEN BUELL, in 1879. First Postmaster Crofton J. Gilroy. Office closed April 30th, 1923. There is a possibility that there was a post office before 1879 at this site. Postal records are hazy on this subject. There is a Glenbuell shown in Brockville County, which earlier was shown as UNIONVILLE from 1831 to 1833, in Leeds County. There is another post office reference, GLEN BELL which is cross references to Forthton, which is very close to Glenbuell. All this is mentioned for interest since no proof is available at the present time and may only represent that this was the nearest post office available in that year. Present approved name is GLEN BUELL. Population 200 in 1892 and 15 in 1913. Map position: 44°38' 75°51'. References: I, S, AA, DD, MM, PP, V, 5V and 6T.

GLENBURN, dispersed rural community, Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 4 km northwest of Pendleton, 7 km west of Curran and 9 km southeast of Plantagenet. Present approved name is GLENBURN. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°29' 75°05'. References: V and B.

GLENBURNIE, dispersed rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 6 miles north of Kingston, on Collins Lake and 2.3 miles east of Elginburg. Post office established as GLENBURNIE, on January 1st, 1861. First Postmaster D.J. Waggoner. Post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is GLEN BURNIE. Population 200 in 1892 and 78 in 1956. Map position: 44°19' 76°29'. References: I, S, AA, PP, 5E, 3Z, 3N, V, 6T and 9F.

GLEN CAIRN #1, suburban community, Goulbourn Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is GLEN CAIRN. Population 544 in 1966 and 4,877 in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 75°53'. References: 3B, 5A, O and V.

GLEN CAIRN #2, SEE: HOG'S BACK #2, Simcoe County.

GLEN CAIRN WOODS, urban community, Part of City of London, Middlesex County. Present approved name is GLEN CAIRN WOODS. Map position: 42°58' 81°12'. References: V.

GLENCHRISTIE, railway point, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located 3 miles from Hespeler. Present approved name is GLENCHRISTIE. Population 68 in 1941 and 100 in 1956. Map position: 43°28' 80°17'. References: 3B, LL, 5E and V.

GLENCOE #1, SEE: MOSA STATION, Middlesex County.

GLENCOE #2, railway point, Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. A station on the CPR, 31 miles from London and 1 1/2 miles north of Glencoe and connected therewith by a free bus service. Not a post office (1892). In 1892, known as NORTH GLENCOE. The station known as NORTH GLENCOE STATION. Present approved name is NORTH GLENCOE STATION. Map position: 42°46' 81°43'. References: V, AA and PP.

GLENCOE CORNERS, hamlet, Caledon Township, Peel County. Not a post office. Once located near Boston Mills. It was named for a place in Scotland by the early settlers. This place had simply dwindled away by 1900. No recent references to this hamlet. References: 3C.

GLENCOLIN, dispersed rural community, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Located 3 miles northeast of Aylmer West, 15 miles east of St. Thomas and on Catfish Creek. Post office established 1875 and spelled GLEN COLIN, two words. First postmaster S.T. Young. Office closed July 22nd, 1911. Present approved name is GLENCOLIN,

one word. Population 100 in 1892 and 48 in 1976. Map position: 42°47' 80°56'. References: I, S, AA, Z, 3B, 3R, V, 6T and 5V.

GLEN CROSS, dispersed rural community, Mono Township, Dufferin County. Located 7 miles north of Orangeville and on the Nottawa River. Post office established as GLEN CROSS, in 1887. First Postmaster Joseph Jeffers. Office closed by 1972. This place is shown in Simcoe, Dufferin and Cardwell Electoral District, at different times. Present approved name is GLEN CROSS. Population 83 in 1892 and 75 in 1971. Map position: 43°59' 80°03'. References: I, AA, Z, 3B, 5U, V and 9F.

GLENDALE #1, dispersed rural community, Westminster Township, Middlesex County, later Part of City of London, Middlesex County. Located 3 miles south of London. The nearest shipping by water is at Lake Erie ports. Post office established as GLENDALE, in 1882. First Postmaster A. Baughart. Office closed March 30th, 1912. Present approved name is GLENDALE. Population 10 in 1893 and 66 in 1951. Map position: 42°56' 81°15'. References: I, S U1, PP, 3B, V, 6T and 5P.

GLENDALE #2, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Present approved name is GLENDALE. Population 25 in 1971 and 38 in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 74°35'. References: B, 3B and V.

GLENDALE #3, SEE: SILVER CREEK #1, Simcoe County.

GLENDALE BEACH, dispersed rural community, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. Located 7 km northeast of Forest, 8 km south of Aberarder and 30 km northeast of Sarnia. Present approved name is GLENDALE BEACH. Map position: 42°08' 82°04'. References: V and B.

GLENDALE STATION, Hodgins Township, Algoma District. Located 3 miles south of Searchmont, 11 miles north of Bellevue Station and 7 miles south of Wabos. Post office established as GLENDALE STATION, in 1937. First Postmaster W.H. Spence. Office closed May 6th, 1941. No further reference to this post office. References: 6T.

GLENDALE SUBDIVISION #1, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Located 4 km south of Cashions Glen, 5 km northeast of Glen Walker and 8 km northwest of Cornwall. Name is not approved. Population 87 in 1961 and 193 in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 74°39'. References: 5A and 3B.

GLENDALE SUBDIVISION #2, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Population 273 in 1956. References: 5E.

GLEN DONALD, dispersed rural community, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Located 4 miles northeast of Cornwall. Post office established as GLEN DONALD, in 1874. First Postmaster A.B. McDonald. Office closed August 23rd, 1913. This place is also shown spelled as GLENDONALD. Present approved name is GLEN DONALD. Population 10 in 1893. Map position: 45°04' 74°40'. References: I, S, U10, V, V+, 6T, 5T and 5V.

GLENDOWER, dispersed rural community, Bedford Township, Frontenac County. Located 25 miles from Kingston, 4 miles east of Bedford Station on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, and 8 miles from Verona Station on Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office established as GLENDOWER, in 1869. First Postmaster Richard Howes. Office closed November 7th, 1927. Present approved name is GLENDOWER. Population 50 in 1875 and 75 in 1893. Map position: 44°34' 76° 38'. References: I, A, AA, PP, U10, V, 6T and 4G.

GLEN ECHO, SEE: ISLAND F, Muskoka District.

GLENEDEN #1, hamlet, Normanby Township, Grey County. Located 32 miles south of Owen Sound and 4 miles northwest of Mount Forest. Post office established as GLENEDEN, in 1878. First Postmaster J.H. Dickson. Office closed February 1st, 1914. The post office was built in a little glen, therefor named Gleneden. Population 100 in 1892 and 15 in 1926. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, 7D, AA, MM, 6T and 5V.

GLEN EDEN #2, dispersed rural community, Malden Township, Essex County. Located 3 km southeast of Willowood

6 km south of Amherstburg and 16 km west of Harrow. Present approved name is GLEN EDEN. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°04' 83°07'. References: B, 5L and V.

GLEN ELBA, SEE: ELBE, Leeds County.

GLEN ELBE, SEE: ELBE, Leeds County.

GLENELG, hamlet, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 3 miles from Ceylon, 21 miles south of Owen Sound, 7 miles north of Durham Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 14 miles from Chatsworth. Post office established as GLENELG, on July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Mark Appleby. In 1864, post office name changed to LATONA. In 1888, Latona post office was closed. Population 250 in 1875 and 200 in 1885. No recent references to this place. References: I, DD, MM, A, AA and 3R.

GLENELG CENTRE, dispersed rural community, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Pomona. Post office established as GLENELG CENTRE on March 2nd, 1909. First Postmaster W.H. Arrowsmith. Office closed September 1st, 1913. Present approved name is GLENELG CENTRE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 80°42'. References: V, 5L and 6T.

GLEN ELGIN, Louth Township, Lincoln County. Settled in 1807, in Upper Canada. In 1812, the name was changed BALL'S FALLS. By 1820, it had a boarding house, a grist, saw and woolen mill. In 1850, the railway passed by which resulted in the demise of this place. Now a conservation area near Jordan on Highway #8. Reference: E.

GLENELG TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Grey County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Area 68,064 acres. This township was surveyed in 1850. In 1841, the first settlers were James Bolton and Thomas Laybourn. This township was originally in Wellington District, Canada West. Population 1,256 in 1852 and 1,416 in 1980. Map position: 44°15' 80°45'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, V and 2K.

GLEN ELM, settlement, South Elmsley Township, Leeds County. Named changed to SHANES and designated a dispersed rural community in Kitley and South Elmsley Townships. Located 5 km northeast of Newbliss, 7 km west of Lombardy and 8 km south of Smiths Falls. Present approved name is SHANES. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 76°01'. References: V and B.

GLEN FALLOCH, dispersed rural community, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Located 4 km south of Martintown, 7 km northwest of St. Andrews and 17 km east of Lancaster. Present approved name is GLEN FALLOCH. Map position: 45°07' 74°43'. References: V and 5L.

GLEN FARROW, dispersed rural community, Turnberry Township, Huron County. Located 35 miles northeast of Goderich, 6 miles east of Wingham and 5 miles from Wroxeter Station. Post office established as GLEN FARROW, in 1883. First Postmaster William McKersic. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Present approved name is GLEN FARROW. Population 50 in 1892. Map position: 43°54' 81°12'. References: I, S, AA, V, 6T and 5P.

GLENFIELD, dispersed rural community, Denbigh Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 40 miles from Lavant Station on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office established as GLENFIELD, in 1894. First Postmaster M. C. Snider. Office closed November 16th, 1929. Present approved name is GLENFIELD. Map position: 45°07' 77°11'. References: I, PP, 5U, 6T, 5L and 9F.

GLENGARRY, settlement, Eastern District, Canada West. Nearest post office Cornwall. Date of entry 1848. References: C.

GLENGARRY COUNTY, Geographic County, Province of Ontario. Part of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry. Area 283,000 acres. First settled by dishandees of Herkimer's Battesu Company, Kings Royal Rangers of New York and 84th Regiment of Foot. Total 90 persons in 1783. Settled in 1784 by a massive group of first United Empire Loyalist settlers. Its southeastern boundary is formed by St. Lawrence River. The County of Glengarry consists of: the Town of Alexandria, the villages of Lancaster and Maxville, the townships of: Charlottenburgh, Kenyon, Lancaster and Lochiel. Population 17,700 in 1852 and 19,217 in 1966. Map position:

45°15' 74°40'. References: 2R, 2W, 2B, PP and V.

GLENGARRY LANDING, an historic spot in Flos Township, Simcoe County, where highway #26 crosses the Nottawasaga River. A cairn is placed to mark the site where Lieutenant Colonel Robert McDougall built the flotilla that relieved the British garrison at Fort Michilimackinac in May of 1814. References: 2Y.

GLENGARRY LODGE, on Water Route 292, Parry Sound District. Located 4 miles from Ahmic Harbour and 36 miles from Burks Falls. In July 1913, name changed to CHICOPI. Chicopi post office in Croft Township, Parry Sound District. Summer post office established as GLENGARRY LODGE, on July 1st, 1913. First Postmaster D.J. Holland. In 1921, name spelling changed to CHIKOPI. In 1974, designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is CHIKOPI. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°39' 79°43'. References: SS, 6T, U, V, aS and 5L.

GLEN GORDON, dispersed rural community, Charlottenburgh and Lancaster Township, Glengarry County. Located 17 miles northeast of Cornwall and 3 miles from Lancaster Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GLEN GORDON, on April 1st, 1874. First Postmaster A.R. McLennan. Office closed 1876 and reopened 1879 at lot K and L, concession 2. Office closed by 1966. Present approved name is GLEN GORDON. Map position: 45°11' 74°32'. References: I, S, 5L, AA, V, 5Y, 2B and 9F.

GLEN GORDON STATION, Lancaster Township, Glengarry County. Date of entry 1972. References: B.

GLENGROVE #1, suburb of Toronto, at 2800 Bathurst Street, North York. Post office established as GLENGROVE, on March 6th, 1940. First Postmaster. R.A. Haire. Park Road located 1 1/2 miles west. Mail daily. On January 1st, 1946 this post office was given the status of a sub-post office of Toronto. On January 2nd, 1959, the status changed to a full sub-post office of Toronto. Now Part of the Municipality of Metropolitan of Toronto. References: U and 6T.

GLENGROVE #2, a small place, Simcoe County. Not a post office. Located 8 miles from Alliston. Population 25 in 1893. This place seems to have existed between 1893 and 1907. No further references to this place. References: S and U10.

GLENGROVE #3, concentrated rural community, Part of Town of Pickering, in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is GLENGROVE. Map position: 43°50' 79°04'. References: V+.

GLENGROVE ROAD, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Population 51 in 1956. References: 5E.

GLENHAVEN BEACH, concentrated rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located on Lake Simcoe, 3 km north of Sandycove Acres and 13 km east of Barrie. Present approved name is GLENHAVEN BEACH. Map position: 44°23' 79°32'. References: V and 5L.

GLEN HURON, concentrated rural community, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located 35 miles southwest of Barrie, 10 miles from Collingwood and on the Mad River. Post office established 1869. First Postmaster H.M. Frame. Office name GLEN HURON given by Hugh M. Frame, uncle of the Police Magistrate of Collingwood. Post office still operating in 1983. Present approved name is GLEN HURON. Population 100 in 1886 and 54 in 1971. Map position: 44°21' 80°11'. References: I, T, S, AA, Z, JJ, 3B, V, 4G and 9F.

GLEN HURON STATION, dispersed rural community, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located on the Mad River, 35 miles west of Barrie, 4 1/2 miles from Creemore, 12 miles from Collingwood and 29 miles from Beeton. The Grand Trunk Railway station name GLEN HURON STATION. Post office established 1881 named GLEN HURON STATION. First Postmaster Peter McMillan. In 1886, the post office name was changed to SMITHDALE. The 1886 name changed occurred because the new postmaster, Charles Smith took over and changed the office name to reflect his family name. The station name, however, remained Glen Huron Station. Office closed on December 24th, 1923. Present approved name is SMITHDALE. Population 40 in 1892 and 20 in 1908. Map position: 44°21' 80°09'. References: I, 5L, 5P, AA, JJ, PP, 6T and V.

GLENIFFER, concentrated rural community, Caledon Township, Peel County, later Part of Town of Caledon in the Regional Municipality of Peel. The name, Gleniffer, is a Scotch word for dream town. Settled in 1818, as the result of an unsuccesful gold rush to the area. Located 3 1/2 miles from Alton, on the Credit River, 18 miles north of Brampton and 8 miles southeast of Orangeville. Mr. Crooks purchased the land in 1819, when it was thought that there was gold in the area. When the gold did not pan out, the area was abandoned. In 1858, the town site was purchased by Mr. Richard Church and renamed CHURCH'S FALLS. In 1865, when a post office was being established, Mr. Church became the First Postmaster and he named the post office CATARACT. An alternate name for this place was CHURCH FALLS. Office closed September 30th, 1943. The station at this place is called CATARACT STATION on CPR, just south of Highway 24, on Third Line West, Caledon Township. Present approved name is CATARACT. Population 200 in 1875, 90 in 1971 and after 1976, population included in Town of Caledon. Map position: 43°49' 80°01'. References: 3G, W3, 7B, B, A, I, 3B, S, Z, V, 1V, 6T and 6S.

GLENILA, hamlet, Ferrie Township, Parry Sound District. Located 30 miles northeast of Parry Sound and 12 miles from Ahmic Harbour. Post office established as GLENILA in 1880. First Postmaster Andrew W. Sinclair. Office closed March 27th, 1909. Population 50 in 1892 and 200 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, AA, PP, 6T, and 5V.

GLEN ISLAND, post office, Adolphustown Township, Lennox County. This is a summer resort on the Bay of Quinte, 5 miles from Picton Station on Central Ontario Railway. Post office established as GLEN ISLAND on June 15th, 1900. First Postmaster Dugall Dingman. In 1928, a notice was posted by the Post Office department stating that the post office of Glen Island was not in operation the summer season of 1928. On August 1st, 1930, post office informed that the office was being considered permanently closed. References: S, PP, 7M and 6T.

GLEN JAMES, SEE: QUIGLEY'S CORNERS, Glengarry County.

GLEN LAWRENCE SUBDIVISION, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Population 136 in 1971 and 102 in 1976. References: 3B.

GLEN LAWSON, small village, Township of Esquesing, Halton County. Located between Acton and Limehouse. James Scott is shown as the first flour and grist mill proprietor and J. Lawson, a farmer in 1869. No further reference to this small village. References: 8I.

GLENLEE, dispersed rural community, Minto Township, Wellington County. Located 8 miles from Mount Forest, 2 1/2 miles from Cotswold and 5 1/2 miles from Harriston. Post office established as GLENLEE on November 1st, 1897. First Postmaster Robert Sinclair. Office closed November 25th, 1911. Present approved name is GLENLEE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°53' 80°47'. References: 6T, 7F, 5U, PP, 5L and B.

GLEN LEVEN, Settled in 1902 as a summer resort which belonged to L.A. Hamilton. It was in the area of Lorne Park. Later in the 1970's, this area was purchased by a residential development company and the name GLEN LEVEN ESTATES has been used for that development. Recently designated as an urban community, Part of the City of Mississauga in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is GLEN LEVEN. Population not shown in 1977. Map position: 43°21' 79°36'. References: 3C and V+.

GLEN LEVEN ESTATES, SEE: GLEN LEVEN, Peel County.

GLEN LEWIS, post office, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Post office opened as GLEN LEWIS, on June 1st, 1875. First Postmaster John C. Cruickshank. Office closed on May 31st, 1877. No further references to this office. References: I.

GLEN LOMOND, settlement, Garafraxa West Township, Wellington County. Located opposite Fergus. Population 128 in 1941 and 136 in 1951. References: 2H and 3B.

GLEN LYON #1, SEE: BALAKLAVA, Bruce County.

GLEN LYON #2, SEE: KENMORE, Russell County.

GLEN MAJOR, SEE: GLENSHARRED, Ontario County.

GLEN MAYOR, SEE: GLENSHARRED, Ontario County.

GLEN MEYER, dispersed rural community, Walsingham (1872), later Houghton Township, Norfolk County, now Norfolk Township in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 20 miles southwest of Simcoe and 10 miles southeast of Tillsonburg. Post office established as GLEN MEYER, in 1865. First Postmaster George E. Meyer. Office still in operation in 1973. Present approved name is GLEN MEYER. Population 100 in 1886 and 78 in 1976. Map position: 42°44' 80°41'. References: 5L, B, I, T, S, 3B, V, 4F and 9F.

GLEN MILLAR, SEE: GORDON MILLS, Hastings County.

GLEN MILLER, SEE: GORDON MILLS, Hastings County.

GLENMORE, dispersed rural community, Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 13 miles northeast of Brockville, 10 miles northwest of Prescott and 8 miles from Maitland Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GLENMORE, in 1883. First Postmaster John G. Smith. Office closed October 5th, 1912. Present approved name is GLENMORE. Population 50 in 1892 and 30 in 1907. Map position: 44°44' 75°39'. References: B, I, 5L, S, AA, PP, V, 6T and 5P.

GLEN MORRIS #1, SEE: DAWSON'S BRIDGE, Brant County.

GLEN MORRIS #2, dispersed rural community, Rear of Yonge and Escott Township, Leeds County. Located 5 km southwest of Athens, 13 km southeast of Delta and 14 km west of Seeley. Present approved name is GLEN MORRIS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 75°58'. References: V and 5L.

GLENMOUNT, dispersed rural community, Ridout Township, Muskoka District, later in Lake of Bay Township, and currently within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 35 kilometres from Bracebridge and 1 1/2 miles from Brown's Brae. There is a boat service 6 and 12 times weekly from Huntsville. Post office established as GLENMOUNT, on June 1st, 1911. First Postmaster John E. Brown. Office closed 1971. Present approved name is GLENMOUNT. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°13' 79°02'. References: B, U, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

GLENN, post office, South Himsworth Township, Parry Sound District. Located 4 1/4 miles from Powassan and 3 1/4 miles from Storie. Post office established as GLENN on July 1st, 1912. First Postmaster C. Glenn. Post office named for the first postmaster. Office closed September 1st, 1915. This office once listed as GLEN. Present approved name is GLENN. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 46°04' 79°24'. References: V and 6T.

GLENNEVIS, dispersed rural community, Lancaster Township, Glengarry County. Located 23 miles northeast of Cornwall and 2 miles south of Dalhousie Mills Station on CPR. Post office established as GLENNEVIS in 1865. First Postmaster Alex E. McRae. Office closed August 1st, 1914. Religious Parish name for this place ST. MARGARETS. Present approved name is GLEN NEVIS, two words. Population 100 in 1886 and 52 in 1976. Map position: 45°17' 74°29'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, SS, V, 6T, 5L and 4F.

GLEN NORMAN, dispersed rural community, Lancaster Township, Glengarry County. Located 28 miles northeast of Cornwall, 5 miles northwest of Dalhousie Mills Station on CPR and on the River DeLisle which is also shown as River Lisle. Post office established as GLEN NORMAN on March 1st, 1874. First Postmaster William D. McMillan. Office closed August 1st, 1914. Present approved name is GLEN NORMAN. Population 50 in 1893 and 41 in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 74°32'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 5L, U10, V, 6T, 5Y and 2V.

GLEN OAK, dispersed rural community, Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 21 miles southwest of London and 3 1/2 miles from Longwood Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GLEN OAK, in 1875. First Postmaster Levi J. Hixon. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is GLEN OAK.

Population 50 in 1892 and 125 in 1908. Map position 42°53' 81°36'. References: B, I, S, AA, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 5V.

GLEN OMO, SEE: OMO, Cochrane District.

GLENORA, SEE: VAN ALSTINE'S, Prince Edward County.

GLEN ORCHARD, Medora Township, Muskoka District, later Muskoka Lakes Township, within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 20 miles northwest of Bracebridge, 8 kilometres from Bala and 11 miles from Torrance. Post office established as GLEN ORCHARD, in 1877. First Postmaster Nathaniel Orchard for whom post office is named. Office still in operation in 1973. Present approved name is GLEN ORCHARD. Population 100 in 1892 and 52 in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 79°39'. References: B, I, S, U, AA, 3B, 5L, V, 5V and 9F.

GLENORCHY #1, Trafalgar Township, Halton County, later in the Town of Oakville, within the Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 8 miles southeast of Milton and 8 miles northwest of Oakville. Post office established as GLEN ORCHY in 1894. First Postmistress Mrs. Anne Halliday. Office closed October 5th, 1912. Present approved name is GLENORCHY. No population shown in 1974. Map position: 43°29' 79°46'. References: B, I, S, Z, V and 6T.

GLENORCHY #2, railway point, east of Rainy Lake, Rainy River District. Located 61 kilometres west of Atikokan and 181 miles west of Port Arthur. This station is on the CNR main line at an altitude of 1,177 feet above sea level (1915). Post office established as GLENORCHY on February 15th, 1950. First Postmaster Eric Pearson. Post office located 7 miles west of Crilly and 9 miles east of Mine Centre. Mail is received 6 times weekly. Office closed temporarily on January 15th, 1964 and permanently on September 1st, 1964. Present approved name is GLEN ORCHY. Population 10 in 1978. Map position: 48°45' 92°25'. References: R2, PP, L3, V, 5L, 6T and 9F.

GLEN OTTER, railway point, Lefroy Township, Algoma District. Located 10 kilometres from Thessalon. Present approved name is GLEN OTTER. Map position: 46°17' 83°39'. References: U and V.

GLEN PAYNE, Finch Township, Stormont County. Located 25 miles northwest of Cornwall and 3 1/2 miles from Berwick on the New York and Ottawa Railway. This was named for the location on the Payne River, which in turn was named for Lord Glen Payne, who in the early part of the 18th century brought Scotish Highlanders to settle on the Ottawa River. Post office established as GLENPAYNE on September 1st, 1896. First Postmaster J.D. McInnes. Office closed February 1st, 1915. Recently designated as a locality. Present approved name is GLENPAYNE. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 45°13' 75°06'. References: B, S, PP, V, 7E, 6T and 7D.

GLEN RAE, hamlet, Enniskillen Township, Lambton County. Located 23 miles southeast of Sarnia, 10 miles southeast of Petrolia. Post office established as GLEN RAE on June 1st, 1887. First Postmaster R.A. Riley. Office closed January 30th, 1960. This place served by the Canada Southern Railway, later Michigan Central Railway. Station name GLEN RAE and is 4 miles east of Oil City. Present approved name is GLEN RAE. Population 150 in 1892 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 42°49' 82°02'. References: I, AA, 5L, MM, PP, 2Z, V and 6T.

GLEN REST, SEE: OAKLAWN BEACH #1, Ontario County.

GLENREST BEACH, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Ontario County, now in Simcoe County. Located 4 km southwest of Joyland Beach, 20 km southeast of Washago and 23 km west of Kirkfield. Present approved name is GLENREST BEACH. Map position: 44°34' 79°15'. References: B, 5L and V.

GLENRIDGE, urban community, Part of City of St. Catherines in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is GLENRIDGE. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 43°09' 79°14'. References: V.

GLEN RIDGE TERRACE, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 11 km west of Elizabeth Park, 12 km northeast of Barr Haven and 5 km southeast of Ryan Farm. Present approved name is GLEN RIDGE TERRACE. Map position: 45°20' 75°44'. References: B and 5L.

GLEN ROBERTSON, concentrated rural community, Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located 25 miles northeast of Cornwall, 16 miles from Coteau. GLEN ROBERTSON STATION on Canada Atlantic Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, is 8 miles east of Alexandria. Post office established as GLEN ROBERTSON, in 1874. First Postmaster W. T. Robinson. Office still operating in 1983. Religious parish name ST. MARTIN OF TOURS. Present approved name is GLEN ROBERTSON. Population 650 in 1892 and 312 in 1976. Map position: 45°21' 74°30'. References: 5L, B, I, S, AA, PP, 3B, 2Y, SS, V, 4N and 9F.

GLEN ROBERTSON STATION, SEE: GLEN ROBERTSON, Glengarry County.

GLEN ROSS, SEE: CHISHOLM'S RAPIDS, Hastings County.

GLENROY, SEE: SIERRA, Glengarry County.

GLENROY STATION, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Date of reference 1972. References: B.

GLEN SANDFIELD, SEE: SANDFIELD #2, Glengarry County.

GLENSHARRED, dispersed rural community, Uxbridge Township, Ontario County, later Part of the Town of Pickering, in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 6 miles from Summit, 15 miles northwest of Whitby and 5 kilometres from Claremont. Post office established as GLEN MAJOR, in 1873. First Postmaster Edward Major. Office closed November 15th, 1923. This place name misspelled as GLEN MAYOR. Present approved name is GLEN MAJOR. Population 200 in 1886 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°00' 79°04'. References: I, A, T, S, U, PP, 3G, V, 6T and 4L.

GLENSHEE, SEE: GLEN STUART, Norfolk County.

GLENSIDE, suburb of Toronto Junction, York County. Became part of Toronto Junction which eventually became part of the city of Toronto. Date of reference 1872 and 1875. References: AA and Z.

GLEN SMAIL, sometimes misspelled as GLEN SMALL. A dispersed rural community, Edwardsburgh Township, Grenville County. Located 21 miles northeast of Brockville and 7 miles northeast of Prescott and 3 miles southeast of Spencerville Station on CPR. Post office established 1879 under the name GLEN SMAIL. First Postmaster Edward Ellis Jr. Office closed May 28th, 1913. This place was named for the first settler, William Smail. Present approved name is GLEN SMAIL. Population 100 in 1886 and 75 in 1908. Map position: 44°49' 75°31'. References: B, I, T, S, PP, 5L, V, 6T, 5V and 7D.

GLEN SMALL, SEE: GLEN SMAIL, Grenville County.

GLEN STEWART, dispersed rural community, Matilda Township, Dundas County. Located 40 miles west of Cornwall and 9 miles northwest of Iroquois Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established 1874. First Postmaster William Stewart. Post office named GLEN STEWART for the first Postmaster. Office closed November 12th, 1913. Present approved name is GLEN STEWART. Population 100 in 1886 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 44°55' 75°25'. References: B, I, T, S, MM, V, 6T, 5L and 5V.

GLEN STUART, Charlotteville Township, Norfolk County, later Delhi Township, in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 10 miles southwest of Simcoe, 7 miles south of Delhi on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GLEN STUART on April 1st, 1874. First Postmistress Mrs. M. A. Smith. Later in 187[illegible] the post office name was changed to GLENSHEE. This name has since been applied to the place. Post office closed March 1st, 1919. Present approved name is GLENSHEE. Population 100 in 1886 and 70 in 1893. Recently designated a locality. Map position: 42°46' 80°29'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 5Y, U10, 6T, 9J and 7D.

GLEN TAY, SEE: ADAMSVILLE #2, Lanark County.

GLEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°53' 85°38'. References: V.

GLENVALE #1, SEE: BALLYNAHINCH, Frontenac County.

GLENVALE #2, dispersed rural community, Sharpe Township, Timiskaming District. Located 31 kilometres from Englehart, Savard Township, formerly Sharpe Township, near Kincaid Lake and also 3 miles northwest of Costello. Post office established November 18th, 1937 named GLENVALE. First Postmaster C.C. McDougall. Office closed on December 1st, 1966. Present approved name is GLENVALE. Map position: 47°52' 80°40'. References: U, 22-6, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

GLENVALE STATION, railway point, Kingston Township, Frontenac County, sometimes shown as just GLENVALE. Present approved name is GLENVALE. Map position: 44°19' 76°35'. References: B and V.

GLENVIEW #1, Located 8 kilometres from Toronto, in Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Date of reference 1980. References: U.

GLENVIEW #2, SEE: MUD CREEK #1, Lanark County.

GLENVIEW EAST, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is GLENVIEW EAST. Map position: 43°14' 79°47'. References: V.

GLENVIEW HEIGHTS, urban community, Part of the City of Cornwall, in Stormont County. Present approved name is GLENVIEW HEIGHTS. Map position: 45°01' 74°42'. References: V.

GLENVIEW ROAD, hamlet, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Population 68 in 1956. References: 5E.

GLENVIEW WEST, urban community, Part of the City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is GLENVIEW WEST. Map position: 43°14' 79°48'. References: V.

GLENVILLE, SEE: CAWTHRA'S MILLS, York County.

GLEN WALKER, hamlet, Metcalfe Township, Middlesex County. Located on the St. Clair branch of Canada Southern Railway, 34 miles southwest of London and 30 miles from St. Thomas. Post office established as GLEN WALKER in 1879. First Postmaster James Greaves. Office name changed to WALKERS and WALKER'S, 1885. Present approved name is WALKERS. Population 20 in 1885 and 25 in 1936. Map position: 42°49' 81°46'. References: I, 3F, 5, 5P, S, AA, MM, PP and 9J.

GLEN WALTER, concentrated rural community, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Located 5 miles east of Cornwall. Post office established as GLEN WALTER. 1874. First Postmaster D.J. Deruchil. Name later corrected to Deruchie. Office closed February 12th, 1913. Population 50 in 1892 and 662 in 1976. Religious parish name PRECIOUS BLOOD. Present approved name is GLEN WALTER. Map position: 45°01' 74°37'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3B, SS, V, 6T, 5L and 4M.

GLEN WATER, SEE: MATTAWIN, Thunder Bay District.

GLEN WAY, Verulam Township, Victoria County.Located 2 km east of Dunsford, 6 km south of Anacona Point and 14 km northeast of Lindsay. Present approved name is GLENWAY VILLAGE. Population 47 in 1976. References: 3E and 5L.

GLENWAY VILLAGE, SEE: GLEN WAY, Victoria County.

GLEN WILLIAMS, SEE: WILLIAM'S MILL, Halton County.

GLEN WILLOW, hamlet, Metcalfe Township, Middlesex County. Located 30 miles southwest of London and 5 miles from Appin Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GLEN WILLOW in 1875. At times spelled

**GLENWILLON.** First Postmaster Archibald Moore. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Population 50 in 1892 and 225 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, T, S, AA, PP, 6T and 4N.

**GLENWOOD,** dispersed rural community, East Tilbury Township, Kent County. Located 18 miles southwest of Chatham and 4 miles from Stewart. It has a station called **GLENWOOD STATION** on Pere Marquette Railway and is 5 miles from Merlin. It is not a post office. Present approved name is **GLENWOOD.** Population 50 in 1926 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 43°13' 82°16'. References: B, 5L, Z, MM, 3B, and V.

**GLENWOOD BEACH #1,** post office, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 4 miles southwest of Big Bay Point, 1 3/4 miles north of Alcona Beach and 3 1/2 miles east of Craigvale. Summer post office established as **GLENWOOD BEACH** on July 3rd, 1934. First Postmaster George P. Simpkin. Office still in operation in 1973. Present approved name is **GLENWOOD BEACH.** Population 29 in 1941 and 372 in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 79°32'. References: B, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 9J.

**GLENWOOD BEACH #2,** SEE: **GLENWOOD PARK BEACH,** York County.

**GLENWOOD HEIGHTS,** urban community, West Flamborough Township, Wentworth County. Located 4 km northwest of Dundas, 8 km north of Ancaster and 13 km southwest of Waterdown. Name is not approved. Population 1,429 in 1976. Map position: 43°16' 79°59'. References: 5L.

**GLENWOOD PARK,** Gwillimbury North Township, York County, later Georgina Township,Regional Municipality of York. Located 14 km from Sutton. Population 60 in 1951 and 90 in 1978. References: U, 3B and 5E.

**GLENWOOD PARK BEACH,** concentrated rural community, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located on Cook's Bay in Lake Simcoe, adjacent to Youngs Harbour, 12 km north of Holland Landing and 16 km northwest of Mount Albert. Present approved name is **GLEN WOOD BEACH.** Population 372 in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 79°28'. References: V and 5L.

**GLENWOOD STATION,** hamlet, Tilbury Township, Kent County. Has a station on Pere Marquette Railway, and is 18 miles southwest of Chatham. Post office established as **GLENWOOD STATION,** in 1894. First Postmaster W.C. Estabrook. Office closed May 1st, 1915. Population 200 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, PP, 5U and 6T.

**GLENWOOD SURVEY,** urban community, Part of the City of Burlington in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Present approved name is **GLENWOOD SURVEY.** Map position: 43°21' 79°49'. References: V.

**GLOUCESTER,** concentrated rural community, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. Located 4.1 miles south of Billings Bridge, 5 miles from Ottawa, now within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Original post office established as **GLOUCESTER** in 1842. No postmaster shown in records. Office closed in 1846. Recent post office established August 1st, 1952. First Postmistress Mrs. Mary P. Lafrance. Absorbed by Ottawa. No date shown. Present approved name is **GLOUCESTER.** Map position: 45°21' 75°38'. References: I, J, U10, V, 6V and 6T.

**GLOUCESTER CITY,** SEE: **GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP,** Carleton County.

**GLOUCESTER GLEN,** dispersed rural community, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 4 km north of Honeygables, 5 km south of Cedardale, 13 km northeast of Barr Haven and 19 km west of South Gloucester. Present approved name is **GLOUCESTER GLEN.** Population 68 in 196 and 193 in 1976. Map position: 45°17' 75°42'. References: 3B, 5A, 5L and V.

**GLOUCESTER POOL,** hamlet, Baxter Township, Muskoka District. Population 66 in 1956. References: 5E.

**GLOUCESTER STATION,** SEE: **CUNNINGHAM,** Carleton County.

**GLOUCESTER TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Carleton County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 b Canada Statutes 1849 - C.81. Formerly a township in Bathurst District, Canada West. Nearest post office bein

For references see Works Cited.

Bytown (1848). First settler Bradish Billings. Area 83,573 acres. On January 1st, 1981 Gloucester became a City known as **GLOUCESTER CITY**. Population 7,515 in 1979 and 66,324 in 1981. Map position: 45°21' 75°34'. References: C, 5L, HH, M, V, 7L and UU.

**GOBLES,** SEE: **ARNOLD'S**, Oxford County.

**GOBLE'S CORNERS,** SEE: **ARNOLD'S**, Oxford County.

**GODERICH,** SEE: **MENESETUNG**, Huron County.

**GODERICH TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Huron County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C.61. First settler named Taylor in 1826. Formerly a township in Huron District, Canada West. In 1835, mail was directed to be delivered to the post office at Galt for Goderich Township. Population 2,715 in 1852 and 2,407 in 1980. Map position: 43°38' 81°38'. References: C, HH, 3H, M, 2W, V and 1G.

**GODFREY,** SEE: **PICCADILLY**, Frontenac and Addington Counties.

**GODFREYS BEACH**, summer post office , St. Vincent Township, Grey County. Located 3 miles west of Meaford. Post office named **GODFREY** for the first Postmaster. This post office department notice is dated August 13, 1936. No other references to this office. References: 7D.

**GODFREY STATION,** SEE: **PICCADILLY**, Frontenac & Addington Counties.

**GODFREY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°30' 81°31'. References: V.

**GODOLPHIN**, dispersed rural community, Percy Township, Northumberland County. Located 30 miles northeast of Cobourg and 5 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Campbellford Station. Post office opened as **GODOLPHIN** in 1886. First Postmisstress E. Thinkle (later misspelled as Sinkle). Office closed March 15th, 1913. Present approved name is **GODOLPHIN**. Population 50 in 1892 and 30 in 1908. Map position: 44°17' 77°53'. References: E, I, S, 5L, AA, PP, V, 6T and 5T.

**GODSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°09' 93°51'. References: V.

**GOGAMA**, dispersed rural community, Jack and Nobel Townships, Sudbury District. Located 61 miles from Foleyet, 22 miles from Coyne, 35 miles from Ruel, 9 miles from Gowganda, on Highway #560 and 112 km south of Timmins. Place was founded in 1820 and opened by the railway. Post office opened as **GOGAMA** on November 1st, 1919. First Postmaster Arthur Labbe. Office still in operation in 1983. Gogama is an Indian name meaning "leaps over the surface of water like a flying fish." Present approved name is **GOGAMA**. Population 150 in 1926 and 700 in 1978. Map position: 47°40' 81°43'. References: R2, MM, 2U, V, 5K, 5L and 6T.

**GO HOME**, dispersed rural community, Gibson later Georgina Bay Township, Muskoka District, recently within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on the Go Home River, on Georgian Bay, 21 miles equidistant, on the Grand Trunk Railway, from Midland and Penetanguishene Stations. Post office opened as **GO HOME**, June 15th, 1899 a summer office. First Postmaster C.H.C. Wright. Office still in operation in 1983. This place, at times called **GO HOME BAY**, was founded at the beginning of the 1900s by members of the staff, of the University of Toronto. Present approved name is **GO HOME**. Population 200 winter/400 summer, 1908. Map position: 45°00' 79°56'. References: B, S, PP, 5L, V, 7H, 7V and 9J.

**GOLD CENTRE**, urban community, Part of the City of Timminsin Cochrane District. Located 24 km from Schumacher. Present approved name is **GOLD CENTRE**. Population 206 in 1966 and 185 in 1971. In 1976, population is included in the City of Timmins. Map position: 48°28' 81°18'. References: U, 3B, 5A, V and HH.

**GOLD CREEK,** SEE: **PORT FRANKS**, Lambton County.

**GOLDEN ACRES**, urban community, Part of the Borough of Etobicoke, within the Regional Municipality of

Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is **GOLDEN ACRES**. Map position: 43°42' 79°33'. References: V.

GOLDEN ARM, post office, Kenora District. Located 9 miles from Cole and 15 miles from Red Lake. Post office opened as GOLDEN ARM, on June 8th, 1936. First Postmaster S. F. Porteous. Mail came twice weekly, by air. On February 1st, 1939, a notice was issued, saying this post office was considered permanently closed. References: 6T.

GOLDEN BEACH, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Bracebridge in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is **GOLDEN BEACH**. Map position: 45°02' 79°24'. References: V.

GOLDENBURGH, hamlet, Wells Township, Algoma District. Located 50 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie, on the Mississauga River and 9 miles from CPR at Dayton Station. Post office opened as GOLDENBURGH in 1893. First Postmaster James Ralph. Office closed October 31st, 1950. Population 25 in 1895 and 100 in 1908. The first name this office had was GOLDEN VALLEY, but the post office decided that since another place had that name, it should be called GOLDENBURGH, sometime misspelled as GOLDENBURG. First settler in 1892, was also the first Postmaster, James Ralph. Present approved name is GOLDENBURGH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°21' 83°21'. References: S, I, 5L, Z, PP, 6T and 7D.

GOLDEN CITY#1, SEE: PORCUPINE, Cochrane District.

GOLDEN CITY #2, urban community, Part of City of Timmins, Cochrane District. Located 2 km from Porcupine. Map position: 48°30' 81°10'. References: V and U.

GOLDEN CREEK, SEE: PORT FRANKS, Lambton County.

GOLDEN HILL, dispersed rural community, East Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 4 km southeast of Vankleek Hill, 7 km northwest of Dalkeith and 11 km south of Hawkesbury. Present approved name is GOLDEN HILL. Map position: 45°31' 74°36'. References: V and 5L.

GOLDEN LAKE #1, concentrated rural community, North Algona Township, Renfrew County. The Township sometimes misspelled as North Algoma. Located 29 miles south of Pembroke, 8 miles from Killaloe and on the Bonnechere River. Post office opened as GOLDEN LAKE, on October 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Peter Jeffry, (Jeffrey). Office still in operation in 1983. Golden Lake, a Police Village in Algona North Township, Renfrew County. This Incorporation was reported for the first time in 1936. Present approved name is GOLDEN LAKE. Population 50 in 1893 and 229 in 1976. Map position: 45°35' 77°14'. References: B, I, S, 3B, U10, 5Y, 9L, 9F, 5L and 7D.

GOLDEN LAKE #2, hamlet, Bathurst District, Canada West. The nearest post office was Castleford. Date of this reference: 1848. No further reference to this place. References: C.

GOLDEN LAKE INDIAN RESERVE #39, Renfrew County. Located of east shore of Golden Lake. Population 223 in 1976. Map position: 45°33' 77°15'. References: V and 5L.

GOLDEN VALLEY #1, hamlet, Albemarle Township, Bruce County. Located 62 miles northwest of Walkerton, on Lake Huron and 12 miles northwest of Wiarton. Post office opened as RED BAY in 1881. First Postmaster James Christison. Office closed by 1971. The Chippewa's name for this place was RED STONE BAY, for the large red boulder which sat on a sandy stretch of the shore. Present approved name is RED BAY. Population 60 in 1893 and 55 in 1976. Map position: 44°48' 81°17'. References: AA, B, I, S, 3B, 5L, 6S, U10, 5V, 9F and 9J.

GOLDEN VALLEY #2, hamlet, Pringle Township, Parry Sound District. Located 50 miles northeast of Parry Sound, 47 km from Trout Creek and 30 miles from the Grand Trunk Railway at Powassan. Post office opened as GOLDEN VALLEY in 1888. First Postmaster George Dobbs. Office still operating in 1983. Place was named by Mr. Barnard Fagan, an early settler in 1878. Present approved name is GOLDEN VALLEY. Population 60 in 1892 and 96 in 1976. Map position: 45°56' 79°48'. References: B, I, S, U, AA, 3B, 5L, V, 5T, 7D and 9F.

GOLDEN VALLEY #3, SEE: THE SETTLEMENT, Russell County.

GOLDEN VALLEY #4, SEE: GOLDENBURGH, Algoma District.

GOLDFIELD, dispersed rural community, Finch Township, Stormont County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Finch and 29 miles east of Kemptville Junction on CPR. Post office established as GOLDFIELD in 1884. First Postmaster Malcolm McLean. Office closed February 19th, 1913. Present approved name is GOLDFIELD. Population 24 in 1885 and 75 in 1895. Map position: 45°07' 75°08'. References: B, I, Z, PP, 5L, 3R, V, 6T and 5P.

GOLDIE, post office, Algoma District. Located 5 miles from Wayland and 26 miles from Missanabie. Post office established as GOLDIE, on January 1st, 1914. First Postmaster Thomas Huff. Post office closed October 9th, 1914. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

GOLDIE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°37' 89°49'. References: V.

GOLDING TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°49' 89°57'. References: V.

GOLDLANDS, SEE: KELSO MINES, Cochrane District.

GOLD MINE CAMP, settlement, Summers Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 2 kilometres from Beardmore. Post office established August 31st, 1933 named EMPIRE. First Postmaster E. M. Currie. This post office is 19 1/2 miles southwest of Jellicoe. The place has a station on CNR which in November 1933, changed from GOLD MINE CAMP to EMPIRE STATION. Mail received at this post office 6 times weekly from the railroad station. Office closed September 15th, 1942. Present approved name is EMPIRE. Map position: 49°37' 87°56'. References: SS, U, V and 6T.

GOLDORE, post office, Munroe Township, Cochrane District. Mail delivered via Matheson Station located 12 miles distant. Post office established as GOLDORE, on January 1st, 1916. First Postmaster Andrew Hill. Office closed July 29th, 1916. No further reference to this office. References: V, D and 6T.

GOLDPARK, post office, Algoma District. Located 11 kilometres from Wawa and 7 miles from Michipicoten River. Post office established as GOLDPARK, on April 1st, 1935. First Postmaster Clifford Miller. Office closed November 30th, 1940. No further reference to this office. References: U and 6T.

GOLDPINES, SEE: PINE RIDGE, Patricia Portion, Kenora District.

GOLDROCK #1, SEE: DENMARK #2, Kenora District.

GOLDROCK #2, SEE: DENMARK #2, Kenora District.

GOLDSMITH, dispersed rural community, Mersea Township, Essex County. Located 85 miles southeast of Sandwich, 3 miles from Blytheswood Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as GOLDSMITH, in 1877. First Postmaster William Ogle. Mr. Ogle was a bachelor and fond of reading Oliver Goldsmith's writing so he named the post office after that author. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is GOLDSMITH. Population 300 in 1892 and 325 in 1895. Map position: 42°07' 82°32'. References: I, S, AA, Z, PP, WW, 5L, V, 6T and 7D.

GOLDSPIE, SEE: ELMSDALE #2, Oxford County.

GOLDSTONE, dispersed rural community, Peel Township, Wellington County. Located 28 miles northwest of Guelph, 5 kilometres from Drayton and 11 miles from Elora. Post office established as GOLDSTONE on March 1st, 1864. First Postmaster John Hans named the community for a glittering rock that he picked up, for it appeared to have gold in it. Post office closed May 15th, 1918. The hotel was named "The Bird in Hand." Present approved name is GOLDSTONE. Population 60 in 1875 and 52 in 1976. Map position: 43°43' 80°35'. References: 5L, B, I, A, S, U, 3B, V and 6T.

For references see Works Cited.

**GOLDSTONE STATION**, station, Peel Township, Wellington County. Located 26 miles northwest of Guelph, 3 1/2 miles east of Drayton, on the Hamilton and Southampton division of Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR, and located 12 miles from Fergus. Post office established as **GOLDSTONE STATION**, on December 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Francis Mayne. Office closed April 11th, 1913. No recent references to this place. References: S, AA, PP, oT, 7N and 2H.

**GOLDTHORPE**, station, Grenfell Township, Timiskaming District. Located 2 miles from Kenogami Lake, 5 miles from Sesikinika Lake and 5 miles from Kirkland Lake. **GOLDTHORPE STATION** served by Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post office opened as **GOLDTHORPE** on January 8th, 1925. First Postmaster J. T. Goldthorpe. Mail received daily from the railroad. Office closed March 31st, 1941. Present approved name is **GOLDTHORPE**. Map position: 48°08' 80°10'. References: U, V, 9Y and 6T.

**GOLDWIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°54' 83°10'. References: V.

**GOLFCOURSE POND**, Town of Wasaga Beach, Simcoe County. Population 47 in 1971. After 1976, population included in Town of Wasaga Beach. References: 3B and HH.

**GOLF GROUNDS**, station on Grand Trunk Railway, York County. Located 4 miles east of Toronto. Date of reference 1908. References: PP.

**GOLF LINKS**, Toronto Township, Peel County, later in City of Mississauga, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 1 3/4 miles east of Port Credit, 2 1/2 miles west of Long Branch and mail is delivered daily by courier on the Port Credit Railway #1. In October, 1931, the name was changed to **LAKEVIEW**. Post office established as **LAKEVIEW** on April 1st, 1927. First Postmaster J.J. Mond. Status of this post office was changed to a sub-office of Port Credit on May 11th, 1953. This place is on Highway #2 or Lakeshore Drive. In 1945, several subdivisions were built and Lakeview became Part of the City of Mississauga when that area was formed on January 1st, 1968. Present approved name is **LAKEVIEW**. Population 2,941 in 1941 and 15,201 in 1980. Map position: 43°35' 79°34'. References: SS, B, U, 3G, 3B, 3C, V, 7D and 6T.

**GOLF SIDE GARDENS**, concentrated rural community, Part of the City of Brockville, Leeds and Grenville County. Present approved name is **GOLF SIDE GARDENS**. Population not shown in 1977. Map position: 44°35' 75°43'. References: V+.

**GOLSPIE**, SEE: **ELMSDALE #2**, Oxford County.

**GOMMORAH**, station, Nassagaweya Township, Halton County. Located 11 miles west of Milton the County Seat, 16 miles from Guelph, 4 miles from Guelph Junction 5 miles northwest of CPR at Campbellville Station. Post office established as **MOFFATT** in 1868 and named for James Moffatt, Blacksmith. First Postmaster Peter Little. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler in 1836 Hiram Wallace, a Canadian shoemaker. **MOFFATT STATION** on CPR. Present approved name is **MOFFATT**. Population 25 in 1886, 500 in 1908, 81 in 1971 and included in the Town of Milton in 1976. References: U10, B, I, AA, 3B, 1B, 4F, V, 8I, F, 7D and Robert Zsudanyi.

**GOODALL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 51°15' 92°45'. References: V.

**GOODERHAM**, SEE: **PINE LAKE**, Haliburton County.

**GOODERHAM TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°46' 79°34'. References: V.

**GOOD FELLOW BEACH**, SEE: **BON SECOURS BEACH**, Simcoe County.

**GOODFELLOW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°54' 90°14'. References: V.

**GOODFISH ROAD SETTLEMENT**, Teck Township, Timiskaming District. Population 269 in 1956. References: 5E.

**GOODISONS,** SEE: **LAKE ERIE (STATION)**, Kent County.

**GOODSTOWN,** post office, Carleton County. Located 4 miles from Richmond, 23 miles southwest of Ottawa and 4 miles south of Stittsville Station. Post office established as **GOODSTOWN** in 1885. First Postmaster Thomas H. Mills. Office closed November 15th, 1913. Recently designated a dispersed rural community, Marlborough Township, Carleton County. Most recently within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **GOODSTOWN.** Population 50 in 1892. Map position: 45°09' 75°48'. References: 5L, I, 6T, 7F, 5T, B and V.

**GOODWILLIE TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 29, Range 17,** Algoma District.

**GOODWIN,** railway point, Sargeant Township, Cochrane District. Goodwin station is on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line, at an altitude of 944 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **GOODWIN.** Map position: 48°54' 79°41'. References: U, L2 and V.

**GOODWIN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°02' 86°03'. References: V.

**GOODWOOD #1,** hamlet, Uxbridge Township, Ontario County, formerly in Home District, Canada West, now in Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 25 miles northwest of Whitby, 7 miles southwest of Uxbridge and 8 kilometres from Stouffville. In 1850, William Todd arranged to have the post office and he and a man named Michael Chapman drew cards as to the name the office was to have. Chapman won and named it **GOODWOOD** after a Town in England. It appears that Mr. Todd lost more than the post office name, for the first Postmaster of Goodwood post office was Michael Chapman. Office opened August 6th, 1852. Michael Chapman operated it for 40 years. Office still in operation in 1983. Recently designated a concentrated rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **GOODWOOD.** Population 400 in 1893 and 383 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 79°12'. References: B, I, S, U, 5L, 3B, 3K, U10, V, 9F and 7D.

**GOODWOOD #2,** dispersed rural community, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 12 miles north of London, 10 miles from Granton Station and 10 miles southeast of Lucan. Post office established as **BRYANSTON** on July 1st, 1863. First Postmaster J. Standfield. Office closed July 1st, 1914. The name Goodwood, for the village remained in use up to 1872, but the post office name took over after that. Present approved name is **BRYANSTON.** Population 200 in 1886 and 138 in 1976. Map position: 43°07' 81°16'. References: B, I, 7B, T, S, Z, 3B, 3N, V, 6T and 5L.

**GOOSENECK,** Hydro camp site, not a post office, but served with their mail through White Dog Falls near Minaki. Source of this information, a post office operating order dated March 8, 1957. References: SS.

**GOOSE RIVER,** station, Cochrane District. Located on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,045 feet above sea level, on the line between Foley Station and Mishiongo Station. Located 31.4 miles from Nagushasing in 1915. References: L3 and L.

**GOOSEVILLE,** SEE: **GRANTVILLE,** Peel County.

**GORDON #1,** SEE: **ANDERDON,** Essex County.

**GORDON #2,** SEE: **LIME KILN CROSSING,** * County. References: SS.

**GORDON AND ALLEN TOWNSHIP,** District of Manitoulin. Population 403 in 1980. References: HH.

**GORDON BAY #1,** post office, Humphrey Township, Parry Sound District. Located 20 miles southeast of Parry Sound. Post office established named **GORDON BAY** February 1st, 1896. First Postmaster John Joseph Barnes. Gordon Bay post office name changed to **BARNESDALE** July 1st, 1898. On June 1st, 1959 Barnesdale post office closed. The community uses the name **BARNESDALE.** The station on the west side of Lake Joseph and on the Ontario division of the CNR, located 5 miles north of Foote's Bay, 19 miles south of Parry Sound, had its name

changed from **BARNESDALE STATION** to **LAKE JOSEPH**. Present approved name is **LAKE JOSEPH**. Population 41 in 1971. Map position: 45°11' 79°47'. References: 7G, 7E, SS, B, S, V, 6T, 6S, U and V.

**GORDON BAY #2**, dispersed rural community, Conger Township, Parry Sound District. Located 18 miles from Parry Sound and 10 kilometres from Mac Tier. Summer post office established as **GORDON BAY** on July 1st, 1898. First Postmaster Alfred White. On October 1st, 1898 it was made a full post office. On September 15th, 1959 Gordon Bay status was changed back to a summer post office. On September 15th, 1962 the office was temporarily closed. On November 1st, 1963, the office was permanently closed. **GORDON BAY STATION** served by CNR. Present approved name is **GORDON BAY**. Population 25 in 1913 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 45°13' 79°48'. References: B, U, 5L, DD, MM, PP, V, 7G and 6T.

**GORDON DEPOT**, SEE: **RIVER VALLEY #1**, Nipissing District.

**GORDONIER'S**, settlement, Midland District, Canada West, later Ernestown Township, Lennox County which became Part of Lennox and Addington County. Located 4 miles east of Napanee and 1 mile north of Fredericksburgh Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MORVEN** on August 6th, 1847. First Postmaster John Gordonier. Office closed October 15th, 1914. The first name suggested for this office was **BLOOMVILLE** but on January 16th, 1847 it was named Morven. Recently designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **MORVEN**. Population 100 in 1856 and 114 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 76°51'. References: B, I, S, EE, 3B, 6T, 8Q, 8P, V, 5L and C.

**GORDON LAKE #1**, SEE: **DESERT**, Algoma District.

**GORDON LAKE #2**, hamlet, Kenora District. References date 1978. References: U.

**GORDON MILLS**, concentrated rural community, Sidney Township, Hastings County. Located 12 miles west of Belleville, 2 miles east of Trenton on Grand Trunk Railway. The stage daily fare to Trenton, 10 cents in 1892. Post office established 1877 and named **GORDON MILLS**. First Postmaster Peter Ford. In 1884, the post office name was changed to **GLEN MILLAR**, later spelled **GLEN MILLER**. Office closed May 15th, 1963. Present approved name is **GLEN MILLER**. Population 100 in 1893 and 605 in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 77°35'. References: I, 5V, B, Z, 3B, U10, V, 5P, 5L and 6T.

**GORDON RAPIDS**, dispersed rural community, Lavant Township, Lanark County. Located 4 miles from Caldwell Mills and near Brightside. Post office established as **GORDON RAPIDS** on February 1st, 1913. First Postmaster A. Closs. Office closed April 19th, 1921. In 1974, the name was changed to **JOES LAKE** which was named for Captain Joe, Indian dead many years ago, but was a resident at that lake when the first settlers came. Present approved name is **JOES LAKE**. Population 17 in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 76°38'. References: V, 6T, B, 5L and 7D.

**GORDON'S PIT**, SEE: **NORTHLANDS PARK**, Timiskaming District.

**GORDON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Manitoulin District. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1875. Annexed part of Allen Geographic Township. Quieting Order M1459, dated December 19th, 1956. Population 396 in 1977. Map position: 45°53' 82°30'. References: V, R1 and M.

**GORDONVILLE**, dispersed rural community, West Luther Township, Wellington County. Located 30 miles northwest of Guelph and 5 miles south of Arthur Station on CPR. Post office established as **GORDONVILLE** in 1876. First Postmaster P. Shaughnessy. Office closed July 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **GORDONVILLE**. Population 25 in 1885 and 100 in 1913. Map position: 43°54' 80°33'. References: 5L, B, I, S, DD, 3R, V, 6T and 4P.

**GORE**, Coldchester South Township, Essex County. Date of reference 1976. References: B.

**GORE BAY**, SEE: **DUCK ISLAND**, Algoma District.

**GORE MILLS**, small settlement, Toronto Gore Township, Peel County. Located near the 6th Line. No date of this

entry but it would have been in the early days of settlement for Peel County. (Pre-1877) References: 3G and 1V.

GORE OF TORONTO, SEE: TORONTO GORE TOWNSHIP, Peel County.

GORE'S LANDING, SEE: TIDY'S TAVERN, Northumberland County.

GOREWOOD ACRES, urban community, Part of the City of Brampton in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is **GOREWOOD ACRES**. Map position: 43°45' 79°39'. References: V.

GOREHAM'S LANDING, Sudbury District. Population 108 in 1971 and in 1976 population included in Town of Onaping. References: 3B and HH.

**GORHAM TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°34' 89°19'. References: V.

GORING, dispersed rural community, Euphrasia Township, Grey County. Located 9 miles northwest of Markdale and 29 miles south of Owen Sound. This place name mispelled as GORIING. Post office established as GORING, in 1884. First Postmistress Mrs. Susan Bailey. Office closed June 12th, 1948. Present approved name is GORING. Population 25 in 1892 and under 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°27' 80°40'. References: I, AA, PP, LL, V, 5L, 5F and 6T.

GORMAN, post office, Admaston Township, Renfrew County. Post office established as GORMAN on May 1st, 1900. First Postmaster James Sammon. Office closed September 30th, 1916. Present approved locality name is GORMAN. Map position: 45°25' 76°55'. References: S, V, 7M and 6T.

GORMLEY #1, SEE: GORMLEY CORNERS, York County.

GORMLEY #2, railway point, Part of the Town of Richmond Hill in the Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is **GORMLEY**. Map position: 43°56' 79°24'. References: V and HH.

GORMLEY'S CORNERS, hamlet, Markham Township, York County, formerly in Home District, Canada West and presently in Town of Whitchurch-Stouffville, in the Regional Municipality of York. Located 24 miles north of Toronto and 6 1/2 miles west of Stouffville Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Also located on Rush Creek. Post office established as GORMLEY'S CORNERS ON June 1st, 1851. First Postmaster James Gormley. In 1857, the post office name was changed to GORMLEY. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1970, York Region was formed and Gormley's Corners became Part of Town of Whitchurch-Stouffville. Present approved name is GORMLEY. Population 100 in 1885 and 108 in 1966. Map position: 43°56' 79°23'. References: EE, 2W, 3G, 8Q, 3J, B, S, Z, 2R, 3R and V.

GORMLEY STATION, SEE: EMERY'S CORNERS #1, York County.

GORRIE #1, SEE: LEECHVILLE, Huron County.

GORRIE #2, station, Thunder Bay District. Located on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,137 feet above sea level and located on the track west of Jack Station and 852 miles from Montreal. (1915) References: L and L3.

GORR SUBDIVISION, SEE: GORR'S SUBDIVISION, Renfrew County.

GORR'S SUBDIVISION, Alice and Fraser Townships, Renfrew County. Name is not approved. Population 85 in 1976. Map position: 45°51' 77°12'. References: 3B and 5L.

GORWOOD ACRES, Toronto Gore Township, Peel County. Population 65 in 1961 and 95 in 1971. In 1976, population included in City of Brampton, in Regional Municipality of Peel. References: 3B and 5A.

GOSCHEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°09' 81°16'. References: V.

**GOSFIELD,** SEE: **ALBERTVILLE**, Essex County.

**GOSFIELD TOWNSHIP**, Essex County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1887, C.51. Renamed **GOSFIELD NORTH TOWNSHIP** and is a continuation of Gosfield Township. In 1848, this Township in Western District, Canada West. Population 1,802 in 1852. References: C, M and 2W.

**GOSFIELD TOWNSHIP SOUTH**, Geographic Township, Essex County. Incorporated as a Township last Monday, December 1887 by Ontario Statute 1877, C.51. Population 7,486 in 1980. Map position: 42°04' 82°45'. References: HH, M and V.

**GOSHAWK LAKE**, Hydro camp site. It is a non post office which is served via Whitedog Falls near Minaki. This reference is a post office operating order March 8th, 1957. References: SS.

**GOSHEN #1**, dispersed rural community, MacNab Township, Renfrew County. A station on the Parry Sound & Ottawa Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Located 11 miles west of Arnprior and 5 miles east of Renfrew. Present approved name is **GOSHEN**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°27' 76°35'. References: 5L, B, S, PP and V.

**GOSHEN #2**, dispersed rural community, Stanley Township, Huron County. Located 7 miles from Brucefield Station on Grand Trunk Railway (London & Wingham branch) and 6 miles from Clinton Junction. Post office established as **GOSHEN** in 1879. First Postmaster A.G. England. Office closed 1882. This place name was misspelled as **GOSEEN** in one record. Present approved name is **GOSHEN**. Population 10 in 1893. Map position: 43°29' 81°38'. References: B, I, PP, U10, V, 5L and 5V.

**GOSHEN MILLS**, small place, Norfolk County. Located 4 miles from Tillsonburg and on Grand Trunk Railway and Michigan Central Railway. Population 10 in 1893. This place seems to have existed between 1893 and 1907. There are no other references for this place. References: S and U10.

**GOSPORT #1**, dispersed rural community, Adolphustown Township, Lennox and Addington County, formerly in Midland District, Canada West. Located 12 miles southwest of Napanee, on Hay Bay. Post office established as **GOSPORT** on June 1st, 1856. First Postmaster N. Bogart. Office closed July 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **GOSPORT**. Population 60 in 1892 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 44°07' 77°02'. References: I, S, AA, 3B, 5L, 3M, V and 6T.

**GOSPORT #2,** SEE: **FREEMAN'S POINT**, Northumberland County.

**GOTHAM**, dispersed rural community, Elma Township, Perth County. Located 28 miles north of Stratford the County Seat, one mile south of Britton and 6 miles from Listowel. Post office established 1865 and named **HAMMOND**. First Postmaster J. Hammond. Office closed in 1891. The place resumed the name Gotham. Present approved name is **GOTHAM**. Population 100 in 1886, 50 in 1893 and 12 in 1976. Map position: 43°39' 80°57'. References: AA, 5L, V, I, T, U10, 4F and 5V.

**GOUCHICHING LAKE,** SEE: **COUCHICHING LAKE**.

**GOUDREAU,** SEE: **GAUDREAU**, Algoma District.

**GOUGH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°20' 82°00'. References: V.

**GOUIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°59' 81°31'. References: V.

**GOULAIS**, dispersed rural community, Hodgins Township, Algoma District. Located 31 miles north of Sault Ste. Marie. Post office opened as **SEARCHMONT** on May 1st, 1903. First Postmaster J.L. Naylor. Office stil operating in 1983. **GOULAIS STATION** served by the Algoma Central Railway. Place re-named for hotel-owner Peter Searchmont, OR for Theodore C. Search, one of the original directors of the Algoma Central Railway. Present approved name is **SEARCHMONT**. Population 50 in 1907 and 488 in 1978. Map position: 46°47' 84°03'. References: S, 5L, DD, 9F,

PP, 7Q, 7D and V.

GOULAIS BAY, dispersed rural community, Fenwick Township, Algoma District. Located on the Goulais River, 25 miles north of Sault Ste. Marie and 9 miles Bellevue Station on Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. Post office established 1886 and named GOULAIS BAY. First Postmaster Andrew McAuley. Office closed January 1st, 1919. Present approved name is GOULAIS BAY. Population 150 in 1892, 400 in 1908 and 129 in 1976. Map position: 46°43' 84°25'. References: I, S, AA, PP, 5L, V and 6T.

GOULAIS BAY INDIAN RESERVE #15A. Located northwest of Sault Ste. Marie, Algoma District. Population 17 in 1976. Map position: 46°45' 84°32'. References: V and 5L.

GOULAIS BAY INDIAN RESERVE #15E, Algoma District. Located 54 kilometres north of Sault Ste. Marie. The Batchewana Band #15 own the Reserve under the Robinson Huron Treaty. Population 5 in 1978. Map position: 46°45' 84°32'. References: R3.

GOULAIS BAY MISSION, Also known as GOULAIS MISSION. Located on the west shore of Goulais Bay, Algoma District. Population 75 in 1961 and 129 in 1976. Map position: 46°42' 84°31'. References: 3B, 5A and V.

GOULAIS RIVER, (place). SEE: SILVER CREEK #5, Algoma District.

GOULAIS RIVER, (post office). SEE: KIRBY #2, Algoma District.

GOULBOURN SEE: STE. CLAIRE, Carleton County.

GOULBOURN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Carleton County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order N8144-64, dated July 4th, 1966. This Township was in Bathurst District, Canada West and was well settled before 1835. Area 55,060 acres. Population 2,520 in 1852, 2,401 in 1878 and 9,452 in 1980. Map position: 45°10' 75°56'. References: C, HH, 3H, M, 2W, V and UU.

GOULDS, SEE: GOULDS LANDING #2, Haliburton County.

GOULD'S CROSSING, SEE: GOULDS LANDING #2, Haliburton County.

GOULDS LANDING #1, SEE: HORTON CORNERS, Renfrew County.

GOULDS LANDING #2, railway point, Dysart Township, Haliburton County. Located 2 miles south of Haliburton and 53 miles from Lindsay. The railway name is GOULD'S CROSSING. Local names are Goulds Landing and GOULDS POINT. Present place and railway names GOULDS. Not a post office. Present approved name is GOULDS. Population 150 in 1893. Map position: 45°01' 78°32'. References: B, S, U, AA, PP, D, U10 and V.

GOULDS POINT, SEE: GOULDS LANDING #2, Haliburton County.

GOULD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°29' 83°24'. References: V.

GOULDVILLE, Uxbridge Township, Ontario County, later Durham County and most recently in the Township of Uxbridge, in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Founded by Joseph Gould, first settler in 1806. Presently an Incorporated Town, located 41 miles northeast of Toronto, on the Midland division of Grand Trunk Railway, 22 miles northwest of Whitby and on Beaver Creek. Post office established as UXBRIDGE on August 6th, 1832. First Postmaster George Boscom. Office still in operation in 1983. Office named UXBRIDGE for a Town in Middlesex, England by Joseph Gould. Local nickname for this place is OXBRIDGE. Reason unknown. In 1808, D.R. Beswick arrived and built mills between 1809 and 1810. The place was then known as UXBRIDGE MILLS. The next mill, a grist mill, was built by Joseph Collins. Incorporated as Police Village of Uxbridge in 1862, as a Village June, 1872 and as a Town September 19th, 1885. Uxbridge was the first Town in Ontario to receive an official coat of arms in 1956. Present approved name is UXBRIDGE. Population 5 in 1830, 2,023 in 1891 and 4,354 in 1976. Map position: 44°06' 79°07'. References: 3G, B, I, S, AA, HH, 2T, V, 5L, 3B, F, 2Y, 2J, FF, 3S, 5K, 1R,

7D, 7W, 9F and 9J.

**GOULET TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°58' 86°37'. References: V.

**GOURLAY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°52' 84°54'. References: V.

GOULOCK, SEE: GOUROCK, Wellington County.

GOURLEY, concentrated rural community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **GOURLEY**. Map position: 43°13' 79°54'. References: V.

GOUROCK, sometimes mispelled as **GOULOCK**. A hamlet, on the Speed River, located 4 miles from Guelph. It has a station named **GOUROCK STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway, 3 miles from Guelph Junction and 50 miles from Toronto. Post office established as **GOUROCK** on January 1st, 1857. First Postmaster James Mewhort. Office closed June 1st, 1913. First railway serving this place was Great Western Railway, 1872, 24 1/4 miles from Harrisburg. No recent references to this place. Population 200 in 1885 and 75 in 1913. Map position: 43°30' 80°17'. References: I, A, Z, DD, PP, 3R, W, 3M, 7B, 6T and 9J.

**GOUR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°30' 91°40'. References: V.

GOVERNMENT LANDING, hamlet, Dance Township, Rainy River District. Located south of lake Despair, 6 km southwest of Northwest Bay, 9 km northeast of Dance, 12 km southeast of Manomin and 15 km northeast of Off Lake Corner. Present approved name is **GOVERNMENT LANDING**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48-50' 93°39'. References: 5L and 9K.

GOVERNMENT PARK, Boyd Township, Nipissing South, later Nipissing District. Present approved name is **GOVERNMENT PARK**. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 46°03' 78°33'. References: B, U and V.

GOVERNMENT ROAD, dispersed rural community, Pembroke Township, Renfrew County. Located 6 miles southeast of Pembroke. **GOVERNMENT ROAD STATION**, on CPR. Present approved name **GOVERNMENT ROAD**. Population 50 in 1893 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°46' 77°03'. References: AA, S, PP, V and 5L.

GOVERNOR ROAD, SEE: GOVERNOR'S ROAD SETTLEMENT, Oxford County.

GOVERNOR'S ROAD, SEE: GOVERNOR'S ROAD SETTLEMENT, Oxford County.

GOVERNOR'S ROAD SETTLEMENT, Blandford-Blenheim Township, Oxford County. Located on Horner's Creek, 12 miles east of Woodstock, formerly in Brock District, Canada West. Post office established as **PRINCETON** on May 6th, 1836. First Postmaster Jeremiah Cowan installed in office in 1832. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village December 6th, 1906 by Bylaw #551. Dissolved, effective January 1st, 1975, becomes Part of Township of Blandford-Blenheim. **GOVERNOR'S ROAD STATION** name changed to **PRINCETON STATION**. Thomas Hornor was one of first settlers in area. Name at times shown as **GOVERNOR ROAD**. Present approved name is **PRINCETON**. Population 150 in 1846, 500 in 1886 and 480 in 1976. Map position: 43°10' 80°32'. References: C, 7B, B, I, G, T, S, 3B, 2Y, 3S, V, 1S and 9L.

GOWAN, station, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 1/4 mile distant. This place is 5 miles from Barrie. In 1922, the station name was changed to **SHANTY BAY STATION** . Originally, **GOWAN STATION** served by the Toronto & North Bay division of Grand Trunk Railway, and was formerly shown on the Northern Railway. This place named for Senator James Robert Gowan, K.C.M.G. Population 10 in 1893. The nearest post office at Shanty Bay. No recent references to this place. References: A, S, AA, PP, JJ, U10, SS and 7B.

GOWAN STATION, SEE: GOWAN, Simcoe County.

GOWANSTOWN, concentrated rural community, Wallace Township, Perth County. Located 26 miles north of Stratford and 5 miles north of Listowel. Post office established May 1st, 1863 named **GOWANSTOWN**. First Postmaster T. H.

Gowan and the place is named for the first Postmaster. Office still operating in 1983. Present approved name is **GOWANSTOWN**. Population 50 in 1885 and 42 in 1976. Map position: 43°46' 80°55'. References:R, I, S, 5L & V.

**GOWAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°40' 81°00'. References: V.

**GOWARD**, hamlet, Strathy Township, Nipissing District. Located 2 1/2 miles from Temagami. Post office established as **GOWARD**, on February 26th, 1924. First Postmaster L. A. Lusignan. Mail is received daily from the railway. Office closed on April 1st, 1967. Station name **GOWARD STATION**. Present approved name is **GOWARD**. Population 97 in 1941 and 144 in 1978. Map position: 47°07' 79°48'. References: U, 3R, LL, V, 6T and 9F.

**GOWER NORTH TOWNSHIP**, Dathurst District, Canada West, later North Gower Township, Carleton County. Population 1,777 in 1852. This Township was Incorporated into the Township of Rideau January 1st, 1974, in Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. References: C, HH, 3H and 2W.

**GOWER POINT**, concentrated rural community, Westmeath Township, Renfrew County, formerly in Bathurst District, Canada West. Located 30 miles from Castleford, 24 miles east of Pembroke, 18 miles north of Cobden Station on CPR and 2 miles from Fort Coulogne, Quebec and is separated by the Ottawa River. Post office established as **GOWER POINT** on July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Gilbert Cannon. On April 1st, 1906 the post office name changed to **LA PASSE**. Office closed by March 1st, 1969. Religious Parish name **NOTRE DAME du MONT CARMEL**. Present approved name is **LaPASSE**. Population 100 in 1886 and 103 in 1966. Map position: 45°49' 76°46'. References: 5L, I, A, T, AA, 3K, SS, 7T, DD, PP, 5A and V.

**GOWER SOUTH TOWNSHIP**. Formerly in Johnstown District, Canada West, later **SOUTH GOWER TOWNSHIP**, presently in Grenville County. This place settled before 1835.Incorporated into Township of Rideau, January 1st, 1974, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Population 863 in 1852. References: C, 3H and 2W.

**GOWER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Grenville County, now Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. This Township was split to form the present Townships and Incorporated as Municipal Township of Rideau containing North Gower Township and South Gower Township. References: M.

**GOWGANDA**, dispersed rural community, Nichol Township, in Timiskaming District. The name, Gowganda, is an Indian word meaning Porcupine Country. Located 43 kilometres from Elk Lake, 112 kilometres west of New Liskeard and on Highway 560, south of O'Brien. Established in 1909 with the discovery of silver. It is a station on the CNR at an altitude of 1,354 feet above sea level. Post office established as **GOWGANDA** on March 29th, 1909. First Postmaster F. E. Chalmers. Office still in operation in 1983. Population estimated between 10,000 and 25,000 in the boom years. Present approved name is **GOWGANDA**. Population 400 in 1926 and 250 in 1978. Map position: 47°39' 80°46'. References: R2, U, MM, L3, 22-6, 5L, 9H, V, 6T and 7V.

**GOWGANDA JUNCTION**, post office, in an unsurveyed area, Nipissing District. Located 26 miles from Sellwood and 40 miles from Sudbury. Post office established as **GOWGAND JUNCTION** on October 1st, 1910. First Postmaster John McDougall. Office closed November 9th, 1911. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

**GOWRIE**, hamlet, Fullarton Township, Perth County. Located 20 miles southwest of Stratford and 6 miles south of Mitchell Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened 1882 and named **GOWRIE**. First Postmaster W. I. Lushbrooke. Office closed March 15th, 1913. The first name that was selected for this place was **LAWN** but the post office refused that name. No recent references to this place. Population 50 in 1893. References: I, S, 6T, 5O, U10 and 7D.

**GOZO**, station on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,139 feet above sea level, Thunder Bay District. Located between Kinghorn Station and Gorrie Station,(1915). No recent reference to this station. References: L3.

**GRACEFIELD**, SEE: SEYMOUR, Northumberland County.

**GRAFTON**, SEE: NEW CASTLE #2, Northumberland County.

GRAFTON HARBOUR, Newcastle District, Canada West. Located 2 miles from the Village of Grafton in the Township of Haldimand, Northumberland County, Canada West (1851). Nearest post office being Haldimand (1848). First settler, Samuel Welsh, custom house officer and wharfinger, at Grafton Harbour. No recent references to this place. References: C and 5B.

GRAFTON STATION, Haldimand Township, Northumberland County. Population 55 in 1951. References: 3B.

GRAHAM #1, post office, Yonge Township, Leeds County. Located 4 1/2 miles from Seeleys (or Lyndhurst) Station on Brockville, Westport & North Northwestern Railway, a few miles northwest of Brockville. Post office established as GRAHAM on July 1st, 1905. First Postmaster A. W. Ladd. On March 1st, 1911 Graham post office, (shown in County of Brockville), name changed to GRAHAMTON. Office closed September 1st, 1913. No further reference to this office. References: SS, PP, 6T and 7S.

GRAHAM #2, railway point, north of Lac des Mille Lacs, Thunder Bay District, 195 kilometres northwest of Thunder Bay. This place had a steam engine turn around until the locomotives changed, then became a through terminal. Hudson Bay had a trading post in the early years. Graham Station is on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,197 feet above sea level, and at mile 2691 and east of Snake River Station (1903). In this community, there are 12 homes but no churches or schools,(1978). Present approved name is GRAHAM. Permanent residents number 30 but winter logging jumps the total to 200. Population 52 in 1961 and 60 in 1976. Map position: 49°15' 90°34'. References: R2, 3B, L2, 5A, V, 6T and 8K.

GRAHAM #3, SEE: KNOWLTON, Thunder Bay District.

GRAHAM #4, post office, Port Arthur Township, Kenora District. Located 42 miles from Raith and 39.3 miles from Tannin. Post office established as GRAHAM, on July 1st, 1924. First Postmistress Mrs. Josie A. Swain. Mail is delivered 6 times weekly from the railway station. Office still in operation in 1983. Graham is on CNR on the Graham division between Conmee and Superior Junction (1926). In 1929, the post office Graham is still open but the designation is changed to Port Arthur-Thunder Bay on the same division of CNR in 1929. This office since taken over by City of Thunder Bay. References: 9F and 6T.

GRAHAM BAY, station, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Located 9 miles west of Ottawa City and 3 kilometres from Bells Corners. GRAHAM STATION on the Ottawa & Parry Sound division of Grand Trunk Railway,(1908) and on CNR (1932). Present approved name is GRAHAM BAY. Population 55 in 1951. Map position: 45°21' 75°48'. References: B, U, PP, 9Y and 3B.

GRAHAM PARK, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is GRAHAM PARK. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°21' 75°48'. References: V and 5L.

GRAHAMS #1, station, Westmeath Township, Renfrew County, on CPR. Located 9 miles southeast of Pembroke. It is not a post office. Name changed to MEATH after 1915. MEATH STATION on CPR main line at an altitude of 416 feet above sea level. Present approved name is MEATH. Population 90 in 1941 and 55 in 1978. Map position: 45°44' 76°59'. References: S, I, U, L1, 3B, SS and V.

GRAHAM'S #2, SEE: GRAHAM'S INN, Durham County.

GRAHAM'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Chinguacousy Township, Peel County, formerly in Home District, Canada West later Part of City of Brampton in Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 7 miles northeast of Brampton and 1 mile from Milton. Post office established Opened as GRAHAMSVILLE on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster George Graham. Office closed July 1st, 1915. Present approved name is GRAHAMSVILLE. Population 100 in 1875 and 35 in 1908. Map position: 43°43' 79°40'. References: 3G, B, I, A, S, AA, PP, 3J, 3G, V, 1V, 6T and 8Q.

GRAHAM'S INN, Cavan Township, Newcastle District, Canada West. In 1817, Michael Graham, then 70 years of age immigrated from Fermanagh, Ireland. He and his family settled on the present site of Bailieboro of which he

was the founder. His son, Joseph, established an inn and for many years the settlement continued to be called **JOSEPH GRAHAM'S TAVERN** or **GRAHAMS**. References: 5N. Source Cobourg Star, October 6th, 1834, Durham County, 5N and 9J.

**GRAHAM'S STATION,** SEE: **SNAKE RIVER**, Renfrew County.

**GRAHAMSVILLE,** SEE: **GRAHAM'S CORNERS**, Peel County.

**GRAHAMTON,** SEE: **GRAHAM #1**, Leeds County.

**GRAHAM TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' 81°16'. References: V.

**GRAHAMVALE,** railway point, Chisholm Township, Nipissing District. Present approved name is **GRAHAMVALE**. Map position: 46°08' 79°15'. References: B and V.

**GRAIN TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 79**, Thunder Bay District.

**GRAND BEND,** SEE: **BREWSTER'S MILLS**, Lambton & Huron County.

**GRANDE POINTE,** SEE: **BIG POINT**, Kent County.

**GRAND ISLE,** now called **WOLFE ISLAND** by Proclamation of Lord Simcoe on the 16th of July, 1792. References: 7W.

**GRAND LAKE,** station on CNR main line at an altitude of 745 feet above sea level, Nipissing District. Located 7.4 miles from Clemow Station and 6.9 miles from Kathmore Station. References: L3 and L.

**GRAND RIVER OUSE,** Home District, Canada West. Nearest post office named Brantford in 1848. Grand River, called The Ouse, by Proclamation of Lord Simcoe on the 16th of July, 1972. References: C and 7W.

**GRAND RIVER OTTAWA,** Canada West. Nearest post office to this place, named Bytown, in 1848. References: C.

**GRAND RIVER PARK,** hamlet, North Dumfries Township, Waterloo County. Located 3 km northeast of Glen Morris, 4 km south of Cambridge and 18 northwest of Brantford. Present name is not approved. Population 35 in 1961 and 116 in 1971. Map position: 43°17' 80°18'. References: 3B, 5L and 5A.

**GRAND RIVER TRACT,** This is a directive sent from the Postmaster General's office to all the Postmasters. Mail for the settlement at Grand River Tract, on Indian Lands, to be sent to the post office at Brantford. This notice dated 1835. References: 3H.

**GRAND VALLEY,** SEE: **LUTHER**, Wellington County.

**GRAND VIEW #1,** post office, Brant County. Located 1/4 mile from Brantford, on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **GRAND VIEW**, in 1895. First Postmaster N.J. Klinkhammer. In 1907, this post office had been surrounded by the City of Brantford. Post office was still in operation but was a sub-post office of Brantford. References: I, S, U, PP and 5U.

**GRANDVIEW #2,** dispersed rural community, Lake of Bays Township, Muskoka District, formerly within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 19 km southeast of Huntsville, 8 km southwest of Maple Ridge and 5 km northeast of Baysville. Present approved name is **GRANDVIEW**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°12' 79°03'. References: B, U, 5L and V.

**GRANDVIEW #3,** Shuniah Township, Thunder Bay District. Population 100 in 1961 and 54 in 1966. References: 5A.

**GRANDVIEW BEACH,** post office, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 1.6 miles south of Port McNicol and 6.5 miles southeast of Midland. Post office established as **GRANDVIEW BEACH** on July 17th, 1959, as a summer post

office. The office being on lot 2, concession 5, Tay Township. First Postmistress Mrs. Nelsie Watson. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is GRANDVIEW BEACH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°46' 79°49'. References: U, 5L, F and 6T.

GRANDVIEW PARK, urban community, Part of City of Sarnia in Lambton County. Present approved name is GRANDVIEW PARK. Map position: 42°59' 82°22'. References: V and V+.

GRAND VISTA SURVEY, Flamborough West Township, Wentworth County. Name changed to GRAND VISTA GARDENS by 1956. Population 91 in 1951 and 93 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

GRANGER, dispersed rural community, Mono Township, Dufferin County and sometimes shown in Simcoe County. Located 12 miles north of Orangeville and 8 miles northwest of Shelburne Station on CPR. Post office established as GRANGER. 1881. First Postmaster William Dynes. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is GRANGER. Population 30 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°04' 80°06'. References: I, 5L, S, AA, V, 6T and 5V.

GRANITE HALL. Also known as GRANITE HILL. A post office, Gurd now Nipissing Township, Parry Sound District. Located 9 miles west of Trout Creek Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened in 1882 as GRANITE HILL. First Postmaster John S. Driscoll. Office closed July 31st, 1918. By 1885, both names were in constant use. Population 100 in 1892. No recent references shown. References: I, S, AA, 6T and 5P.

GRANITE HILL, SEE: GRANITE HALL, Parry Sound District.

GRANITE LAKE, summer post office, Boys Township, Kenora District, on lot LK307, Township of Boys. Located 15 miles east of Whiteshell, 15 miles west of Keewatin and 19 miles west of Kenora. Summer post office established as GRANITE LAKE on June 16th, 1947. First Postmistress Mrs. Mary C. Sherrington. Office closed Sember 17th, 1971. Present approved name is GRANITE LAKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°43' 94°51'. References: 5L, V+ and 6T.

GRANITE QUARRY, station on the Algoma Central & Hudson Bay railway, Algoma District. Located 10 miles from Sault Ste. Marie. Date of reference 1908. No further reference to this place name. References: PP.

GRANITEVILLE, urban community, Part of the City of North Bay, Sudbury now Nipissing District. Present approved name is GRANITEVILLE. Map position: 46°20' 79°26'. References: V+.

GRANNY CUMMING'S CORNERS, hamlet, Dalhousie Township, Lanark County. Located 18 miles northwest of Perth, 7 miles from Lanark and north of the Mississippi River. Post office established April 6th, 1852 and named WATSON'S CORNERS. First Postmaster William Watson Sr. Office closed February 29th, 1952. This was place was established in 1820 and was called, Granny Cumming's Corners, for an elderly lady in the community. She is presumed to be a relative of the first settler Robert Cumming who, with James and Alex Park, came as Lanark Society settlers in 1820. Present approved name is WATSONS CORNERS. Population 100 in 1892 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 45°01' 76°28'. References: 7U, B, I, S, AA, EE, 3B, 5L, 3K, 9J, 8Q and 6T.

GRANT #1, hamlet, Cambridge Township, Russell County. Located 45 miles southwest of L'Orignal and 4 miles north of South Indian Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GRANT, in 1869. First Postmaster James Edmonstone. On February 1st, 1913, office name changed to DUKE. On March 17th, 1913, Duke post office name changed to Grant. Grant post office closed March 20th, 1915. No further reference to this place. References: I, S, 6T, 4G and SS.

GRANT #2, railway point, north of Chipman Lake, Cochrane District. Located 32 kilometres east of Nakina on the Pagwa sub-line of the railroad, 124 miles from Hearst and 250 miles from Sioux Lookout. GRANT STATION on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 997 feet above sea level. Post office established as GRANT, on November 22nd, 1916. First Postmaster William Gall. Office closed December 7th, 1923. Present approved name is GRANT. Population 0 in 1978. Map position: 50°08' 86°18'. References: V, R2, L2 and 6T.

**GRANT #3**, railway station, Kendall Township, Cochrane District. A station on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line, at an altitude of 800 feet above sea level, 132 miles from Cochrane, on the Mattawishkwia River, at Highway #11, on CNR, Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. In 1911, the name Grant, was changed to **HEARST**. Incorporated as a Town August 3rd, 1922. Named for Sir William Howard Hearst. This place has been hard hit by forest fires, and has been burned to the ground twice and rebuilt each time. **HEARST** post office opened March 9th, 1912. First Postmaster Smith Ballentyne. Post office still in operation in 1984. In 1938, the town was Incorporated into the Township of Larder Lake. Present approved name is **HEARST**. Population 10 in 1913, 751 in 1931 and 5,195 in 1976. Map position: 49°41' 83°40'. References: M, R1, U, 5L, HH, 2T, 2Y, 2L, 3B, 5K, V, 9F and DD.

**GRANT CORNERS**, SEE: **GRANT'S CORNERS**, Stormont County.

**GRANTHAM TOWNSHIP**, MunicipalTownship, Lincoln County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order M9718-59, dated November 22nd, 1960. Part amalgamated by **TOWNSHIP OF NIAGARA** and Part amalgamated with **CITY OF ST. CATHARINES**, effective January 1st, 1961. This Township used to be in Newcastle District, Canada West. Area 23,415 acres. First settled in 1784 by Butlers Rangers, disbanded military men. Population 8,216 in 1852. Map position: 43°11' 79°13'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, B and 2C.

**GRANTHURST**, hamlet, East Nissouri Township, Oxford County. Located 25 miles northwest of Woodstock and 5 miles south of St. Marys. The stage travels twice weekly to St. Marys with the mail (1895). Post office opened as **GRANTHURST** in 1890. First Postmaster J. Sheldon. Office closed August 31st, 1911. Population 80 in 1892 and 100 in 1907. Present approved name is **GRANTHURST**. Map position: 43°12' 81°06'. Recently designated as a locality, 1974. References: I, S, AA, Z, V and 6T.

**GRANTLEY**, dispersed rural community, Williamsburgh Township, Dundas County and Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located 30 miles northwest of Cornwall, 6 miles from Chesterville Station on CPR, and 10 miles Aultsville. Post office established as **GRANTLEY**, on August 1st, 1867. First Postmaster John C. Monro (later spelled Munro). Office closed November 1st, 1915. The name for this post office has a little story with it. The application was made by John C. Munro who became the first Postmaster. After he made the application the post office returned it, with a large word scrawled across the face of it, saying "Granted". That was sufficient reason to call the post office **GRANTLEY**. Present approved name is **GRANTLEY**. Population 100 in 1886 and 62 in 1956. Map position: 45°04' 75°09'. References: B, I, 5L, A, T, S, 3Q, V, 5E, 6T and 7D.

**GRANTON**, Police Village, Biddulph Township, Middlesex County. Located 19 miles north of London, 5 miles north of Manes and 108 miles west of Toronto. It has a station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **GRANTON**, in 1864. First Postmaster James Jamieson. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was named after Peter Grant, the first settler in the area about 1830. Granton was Incorporated a Police Village, January 8th, 1907 by Bylaw #598. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. **GRANTON STATION** now on CNR, formerly on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **GRANTON**. Population 400 in 1886 and 313 in 1976. Map position: 43°13' 81°18'. References: B, I, T, S, MM, 3B, 3R, V, 4F, 7B, 1G, 5L and 9L.

**GRANT'S CORNERS #1**, dispersed rural community, on the borders of Cornwall Township, Stormont County and Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Located 6 miles from Cornwall. Post office established as **GRANT'S CORNERS** in 1889. First Postmaster John D. Grant. Also shown as **GRANT CORNERS**. Post office closed August 13th, 1913. Present approved name is **GRANTS CORNERS**. Population 53 in 1892. Map position: 45°05 74°42'. References: I, 5L, AA, Z, V and 6T.

**GRANT'S CORNERS #2**, dispersed rural community, North Easthope Township, Perth County. Located 10 miles northeast of Stratford, 6 miles north of Shakespeare, 2 miles southeast of Lisbon and 4 miles from Wellesley. Post office established 1865 and named **HAMPSTEAD**. First Postmaster Henry Liesemer. Office closed December 30th, 1912. Present approved name is **HAMPSTEAD**. Population 100 in 1886, 30 in 1913 and 11 in 1976. Map position: 43°27' 80°50'. References: 1W, V, I, T, 5L, S, DD, MM, 3R, V, 7B, 6T, 1W and 7D.

**GRANT'S MILLS**, hamlet, Edwardsburgh Township, Grenville County. Located 7 miles from Spencerville and 2 1/2

miles from Heckston. Population 50 in 1875. Nearest post office at Heckston. This place seems to have existed between 1872 and 1875. There is no further reference to the place. References: A and 7B.

GRANT'S SETTLEMENT, dispersed rural community, Ross Township, Renfrew County. Located 10 km southeast of Beachburg, 14 km north of Haley and 15 northeast of Cobden. Present approved name is GRANTS SETTLEMENT. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°42' 76°44'. References: 5L and V.

GRANT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°30' 79°49'. References: B.

GRANTVILLE, also GRANTSVILLE, hamlet, Toronto Gore Township, Peel County. Located 4 miles from Klimburg (old spelling for Kleinburg), on the border of Albion and Toronto Gore Townships. The nearest post office in 1848 was Matilda, when this place was in Eastern District, Canada West. Post office opened as GRIBBIN on September 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Daniel Boyle. On July 1st, 1891, post office name was changed to WILDFIELD. Office closed on August 1st, 1915. At times shown on post office lists as GRIFFEN. Religious parish name ST. PATRICK'S PARISH. At one time Gribbin was on the north and St. Patrick's Parish on the south side of 17th Road. The nearest railway was at Kleinburg, on the Toronto and Owen Sound branch of CPR (1908). In 1859, this place was known locally as GOOSEVILLE. The name MARYSFIELD was suggested by Pastor L.J. Austin on March 23rd, 1950. There is no evidence that this name ever came into use. Present approved name is WILDFIELD. Population 75 in 1877, 100 in 1892 and 373 in 1971. In 1976, the population was included in Caledon and Brampton. References: A, C, PP, I, 1V, 5Y, AA, 3G, 3B, 3C, V and 6T.

GRAPE ISLAND, Originally in Prince Edward District, Canada West. Nearest post office named Demorestville. This is a small island in the Bay of Quinte, situated between Hastings and Prince Edward Counties, near Belleville. Mail for the settlement on Grape Island, Sophiasburg Township to be sent to the post office at Demorestville. This notice was sent from the Postmaster General of Canada and is dated 1835. No recent references to this place. References: C, PP and 3H.

GRAPHITE, dispersed rural community, Monteagle Township, Hastings County. Located 5 km southeast of Maynooth, 6 km northwest of Hybla and 16 km north of Bancroft. Present approved name is GRAPHITE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°12' 77°53'. References: B, U, 5L and V.

GRASETT, SEE: GRASSETT, Algoma District.

GRASETT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°29' 83°16'. References: V.

GRASSIE'S CORNERS, misspelled GRASIE'S CORNERS and GRASSYS CORNERS in listings. In 1905, name was changed to GRASSIE, at times misspelled as GRASSY. Situated in Grimsby Township, Lincoln County, later within the Town of Grimsby, in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 24 miles west of St. Catherines and 3 miles from Grimsby, 15 miles from Hamilton and 23 miles from Welland. Post office opened as GRASSY'S CORNERS 1883. First Postmaster G. M. Marshall. On September 1st, 1904 post office name was changed to GRASSIE. Office still in operation in 1983. This post office was named after Mr. John Grassie who was the first blacksmith and settler at this place. GRASIE STATION on the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway. In 1974, designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is GRASSIE. Population 20 in 1913 and 35 in 1976. Map position: 43°09' 79°37'. References: DD, MM, SS, I, AA, 7J, 5P, S, B, PP, 3B, V, 5L, 3D, F and 7D.

GRASSETT, station, Grassett Township, Algoma District. Located 295 miles east of Port Arthur. Post office established as GRASETTE on August 1st, 1906. First Postmaster William Watson. Office closed October 30th, 1909. The station, Grassett, is on the CPR main line at mile 2195, east of Williams Station, at an altitude of 1,238 feet above sea level. In 1925, the place name was changed to GRASETT. Now in Tilston Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is GRASETT. Population 10 in 1893. Map position: 48°28' 84°38'. References: S, AA, L1, 6T, 7T, 8K and V.

GRASS HILL, dispersed rural community, Mariposa Township, Victoria County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Woodville Junction, 4 miles east of Lorneville Junction, 5 miles from Cambray Station and 12 miles north of Lindsay. GRASS HILL STATION on the Midland division of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GRASS HILL in

1875. First Postmaster Malcolm McArthur. In 1882, the post office name was changed to PERRIN, because another Postmaster took over and named it for himself. Office closed in 1884. Grass Hill post office reopened 1908 and was closed on June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is GRASS HILL. Population 25 in 1893, 20 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 78°55'. References: I, S, 5L, PP, U10, 2L, V, 6T, 5V and 5P.

GRASSIE, SEE: GRASIE'S CORNERS, Lincoln County.

GRASSIES, SEE: GRASIE'S CORNERS, Lincoln County.

GRASSMERE, dispersed rural community, Sinclair and Chaffey Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 6 miles from Huntsville, on Peninsula Lake and 10 miles from Utterson. Post office opened as GRASSMERE in 1874. First Postmaster Robert Ballantyne. Office closed November 30th, 1957. Present approved name is GRASSMERE. Population 10 in 1893 and 97 in 1951. Map position: 45°22' 79°07'. References: B, I, S, 5L, AA, PP, 3B, U10, V and 6T.

GRASSY DEPOT, lumbering camp of George Gordon & Son. Head office was at Cache Bay, Ontario in early 1900's. No further reference to this place. References: SS.

GRASSY LAKE, station on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,107 feet above sea level, Sudbury District. Located 581.8 miles from Montreal and situated between Goose River Station and Mishiongo Station in 1915. References: L and L3.

GRASSY NARROWS, post office, southwest of Lac Seul, Kenora District. Post office established as GRASSY NARROWS on March 16th, 1960. First Postmaster Norman G. Simpson. Office still in operation in 1983. Kenora is 55 miles south by road and 35 miles south by air. Present approved name is GRASSY NARROWS. Map position: 50°10' 93°58'. References: U, V, F and 6T.

GRASSY NARROWS INDIAN RESERVATION #21, Kenora District, 80 kilometres northeast of Kenora. This reserve belongs to the Grassy Narrows Band #21 under Grand Council Treaty #3. Population 583 in 1978. This place is called ENGLISH RIVER. Map position: 50°09' 94°02'. References: R3 and V+.

GRASSY POINT, hamlet, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. First settler John Trumpour who kept a public house which was the first in the Township of Sophiasburg. Reference dated 1878. No further references to this place. References: 1F.

GRASSY RIVER, post office, Rainy River District. First Postmaster T. M. McCune who also operated the general store. This place existed between 1913 and 1926. No further references to this office. References: DD and MM.

GRASSY'S CORNERS, SEE: GRASIE'S CORNERS, Lincoln County.

GRATAN, Maria Township, Renfrew County. One entry spelled as GRATTAN. Present approved name is GRATTAN. Map position: 46°14' 78°08'. References dated 1972 and 1974. References: V and B.

GRATTAN #1, settlement, Grattan Township, Renfrew County. Located 26 miles south of Pembroke, 6 miles southwest of Douglas Station on Grand Trunk Railway, and 20 miles west of Renfrew Station on CPR. Post office established as GRATTAN in 1880. First Postmaster M. McFarlane. Office closed September 29th, 1945. In 1974, the place name was changed to SCOTCH BUSH and designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is SCOTCH BUSH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 76°58'. References: B, I, S, 5L, AA, V and 6T.

GRATTAN #2, SEE: GRATAN, (Maria Township), Renfrew County.

GRATTON CORNERS, SEE: COINS GRATTON, Prescott County.

GRATTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1852 by

Resolution dated October 8th, 1851. Population 554 in 1852 and 1,271 in 1980. Map position: 45°28' 77°02'. References: HH, M, 2W, and V.

GRAVEL, railway point, Township 88, Thunder Bay District. Located on the Gravel River, 31 miles west of Schrieber, 38 km east of Nipigon and 16 miles from Rosport. GRAVEL STATION on CPR main line at an altitude of 629 feet above sea level and at mile 2010, east of Pays Plat. Post office established as GRAVEL STATION on August 25th, 1913. First Postmaster R. G. Baker. Office closed November 25th, 1914. Present approved name is GRAVEL. Population 2 in 1978. Map position: 48°55' 87°56'. References: R2, PP, L1, V, 6T and 8K.

GRAVEL HILL, dispersed rural community, Roxborough Township, Stormont County. Located 16 miles northwest of Cornwall and 4 miles from Avonmore Station on CPR. Post office established as GRAVEL HILL in 1870. First Postmaster John Crawford. Office closed November 16th, 1931. Post office located on lot 12, concession 3, Roxborough Township. Present approved name is GRAVEL HILL. Population 50 in 1885 and 20 in 1893. Map position: 45°13' 74°54'. References: B, I, S, U10, 5L, 3R, V, 6T and 4J.

GRAVEL LAKE, station, Thunder Bay District, on the Duluth section of the Canadian Northern Railway, formerly on the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway, 52 miles southwest of Port Arthur on Lake Superior. Not a post office. This place is noted only between the years 1907 and 1908. No further references. References: S and PP.

GRAVELLY BAY, Niagara District, Canada West. Located on Lake Erie, in Humberstone Township and Welland County, 8 miles from Merrittsville, 45 miles from Hamilton and 23 miles from Buffalo, New York. The Welland Canal strikes Lake Erie at this place. Post office opened as PORT COLBORNE on April 6th, 1832. First Postmaster James Black. Office still in operation in 1983. The place has since taken the post office name. Named by William Hamilton Merritt for Sir John Colborne, Lord Seaton, Governor of Upper Canada. Port Colborne was Incorporated as a Village June 18th, 1869. It became a Town December 28th, 1917 and was Incorporated as a City January 1st, 1966. PORT COLBORNE STATION served by the Grand Trunk Railway, later on CNR. First settled in 1832, a sister village called, STONEBRIDGE, later HUMBERSTONE has been amalgamated by Port Colborne. Present approved name is PORT COLBORNE. Population 800 in 1857, 1,300 in 1892 and 20,536 in 1976. Map position: 42°54' 79°14'. References: C, B, U, I, M, AA, EE, 2T, 2Y, 3S, 5K, 7V, 5L and V.

GRAVELLOTTE, SEE: CROTON #1, Norfolk County.

GRAVEL PIT, station, North and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, then CPR, Laurier Township, Parry Sound District. Located 32 miles south of North Bay. This is not a post office and appears in 1895 in reference. References: Z.

GRAVEL RIVER, On north shore of Lake Superior, formerly in Township 86, in Algoma District, now in Lahontan Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 23 kilometres west of the Town of Schreiber, 113 miles east of Port Arthur and is on Highway #17. Post office opened as ROSSPORT in 1880. First Postmaster P. A. Leitch. Rossport post office still operating in 1983. GRAVEL RIVER STATION on CPR, at an altitude of 646 feet above sea level. This place served as a supply depot for the building of the railroad. Present approved name is ROSSPORT. Population 20 in 1893 and 96 in 1976. Map position: 48°50' 87°31'. References: 7B, S, I, R2, 5L, V, 5T, F, 3B, 2Y, U10 and 9F.

GRAVEL RIVER STATION, SEE: GRAVEL RIVER, Thunder Bay District.

GRAVEL STATION, SEE: GRAVEL, Thunder Bay District.

GRAVENHURST, SEE: McCABES LANDING, Muskoka District.

GRAVENHURST (TOWN OF), Muskoka District, later District of Municipality of Muskoka. Amalgamation of Town of Gravenhurst, Township of Morrison, Township of Ryde as TOWN OF GRAVENHURST on January 1st, 1971. References: M and HH.

**GRAVES ISLAND**, Located in Lake Simcoe, Ontario County, 1875. In 1893, Graves Island was named for the daugther of Governor Simcoe, as **GEORGINA ISLAND**. Located 54 miles northeast of Toronto, 23 miles northeast of Newmarket and 8 miles from Sutton. Post office established 1886 named **GEORGINA ISLAND**. First Postmaster Charles Bigcanoe. Office closed on March 1st, 1967. Recently designated a dispersed rural community, in the Regional Municipality of York. This settlement is an Indian Reserve and is called the Georgina Island Indian Reserve #33. Area 4,000 acres. Present approved name is **GEORGINA ISLAND**. Population 128 in 1892. Map position: 44°22' 79°19'. References: A, BA, I, S, AA, PP, 3G, V, 5T and 5L.

**GRAVES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 51°10' 93°59'. References: V.

**GRAYDON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°17' 88°38'. References: V.

**GRAYDONVILLE**, Middleton Township, Norfolk County. Located 2 miles east of Courtland. Named for Thomas Graydon, first settler and owner of the saw mill. References on this place exist between 1877 and 1879. No recent references to this place. References: 1D and 1N.

**GRAYS**, dispersed rural community, Brooke Township, Lambton County. Located 13 kilometres from Glencoe, 4 km southeast of Alvinston, 16 km west of Appin and 18 km north of Bothwell. Also shown on lot 21, concession 3 of Brooke Township. Present approved name is **GRAYS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°47' 81°51'. References: 1H, U, 5L and V.

**GRAYS BAY**, dispersed rural community, Rama Township, Ontario County, at times shown as **GREYS BAY** and in Simcoe County. Located on Lake Couchiching, 5 km northeast of Atherley, 7 km southwest of Rathburn and 12 km south of Washago. Present approved name is **GRAYS BAY**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°39' 79°21'. References: V, 5L and B.

**GRAYSIDE**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Map position: 43°14' 79°45'. References: V.

**GRAYSTOCK**, SEE: **ZION CORNERS**, Peterborough County.

**GREAT CLOCKE ISLAND**, SEE: **CLOCHE**, Manitoulin District.

**GREAT DESERT**, dispersed rural community, Bonfield Township, Nipissing District. Located near Lake Talon and Ruther Glen Station on CPR, on the branch from North Bay to Fort William, on the north shore of Lake Superior. Nearest bank is at the Mattawa. Post office established as **GREAT DESERT**, in 1896. First Postmaster P. Boissonault. Office closed September 17th, 1937. Present approved name is **GREAT DESERT**. No population shown for this place in 1976. Map position: 46°13' 79°01'. References: B, S, PP, 5U, V, 5L and 6T.

**GREAT MANITOULIN**, island on the north channel of Georgian Bay, Algoma District. It is 100 miles long by 30 miles wide. Population 10,000 in 1908. References: PP.

**GREELY**, SEE: **ROSSITER'S CORNER**, Russell County.

**GREEN**, railway point, north of Lake Nipigon, Thunder Bay District. Located 25 kilometres east of Armstrong. **GREEN STATION** on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 975 feet above sea level, and near Ferland. Present approved name is **GREEN**. Population 8 in 1978. Map position: 50°17' 88°40'. References: R2, U, L2 and V.

**GREEN ACRES #1**, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 7 km west of Glen Ross, 9 km southeast of Campbellford and 14 km north of Wooler. Present approved name is **GREEN ACRES**. Population 71 in 1976. References: 3B and 5L.

**GREEN ACRES #2**, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Population 99 in 1956. References: 5E.

**GREEN ACRES #3**, settlement, Osgoode Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located adjacent to South Gloucester, 4 km northwest of Greely, 9 km west of Ficko and 22 km south of Ramsayville. Name is not approved. Population 543 in 1976. Map position: 45°16' 75°35'. References: 5L.

GREENBANK, SEE: **SMITHTOWN**, Ontario County.

GREEN BAY, SEE: **SKIPPEN'S SETTLEMENT**, Algoma District.

GREEN BRIAR, March Township, Ottawa-Carleton, Now in Kanata. Population 97 in 1971. References: 3B.

GREENBUSH, concentrated rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 12 miles northwest of Brockville, 4 1/2 miles west of Bellamys on CPR. Post office established as **GREENBUSH** in Johnstown District, Canada West, on September 6th, 1852. First Postmaster H.W. Blanchard. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **GREENBUSH**. Population 100 in 1886 and 61 in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 75°51'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 3K, 3Y, V, 6T, 5L and 7B.

GREEN CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Dungannon Township, Hastings County. Located 70 miles north of Belleville and 11 miles north of Ormsby Station on Central Ontario Railway, 8 km southeast of Bancroft, 17 km northeast of Coe Hill and 19 km east of Cardiff. Post office established July 1st, 1869 and named **L'AMABLE**. First Postmaster John R. Tait. Office still in operation in 1973. This is one of the few places in Ontario that has a post office with a different name from the town. Green Corners is the name of the community, and L'Amable is the name of the post office and they exist at the same time in the same place. Present approved names are **GREEN CORNERS** and **L'AMABLE**. Population 65 in 1885 and 46 in 1976. Map position: 45°01' 77°47'. References: B, V, S, I, 5L and 5W.

GREENFIELD #1, dispersed rural community, North Dumfries Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 1 km northwest of Ayr, 13 km west of Plattsville and 18 km south of Kitchener. Present approved name is **GREENFIELD**. Population 53 in 1956 and 42 in 1971. Map position: 43°18' 80°28'. References: B, 3B, 5E, 5L and V.

GREENFIELD #2, concentrated rural community, Kenyon Township, Glengarry County. Located 25 miles north of Cornwall and 4 miles from Maxville. Post office established as **GREENFIELD** in 1873. First Postmaster Alexander McDougald or Mc Dougall. Office closed April 1st, 1970. Religious parish name **ST. CATHERINE** at times **ST. CATHERINES**. Present approved name is **GREENFIELD**. Population 60 in 1875 and 106 in 1971. Map position: 45°18' 74°46'. References: B, I, A, S, 3B, SS, V, 4L and 9F.

GREENFIELD #3, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Townships, Leeds County. Present approved name is **GREENFIELD**. Map position: 48°28' 76°01'. References: V.

GREENFORD, dispersed rural community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 7 km north of Lansdowne, 10 km southwest of Mallorytown and 18 km east of Seeleys Bay. Present approved name is **GREENFORD**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°14' 79°46'. References: 5L and V.

GREEN GROVE, Police Village, Etobicoke Township, York County. Located 12 miles northwest of Toronto and 4 miles north of Weston Station. In the early 1850's, the name Green Grove changed to **ST. ANDREW'S** but that name was confused with the St. Andrew's in New Brunswick, so when it came time to name the post office which opened July 6th, 1851 the name **THISTLETOWN** was given to the post office. First Postmaster J.A. Thistle and he named the office for himself. On August 26th, 1960 the status of the Thistletown post office was changed to a sub-post office of Rexdale, a suburb of Toronto. Thistletown was Incorporated as a Police Village June 17th, 1933 by Bylaw #1753. Dissolved December 31st, 1961 by Ontario Municipal Board Order N2630-61 and reverts to Township of Etobicoke. Thistletown is presently Part of the Borough of Etobicoke, in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is **THISTLETOWN**. Population 100 in 1857 and 1,496 in 1956. Map position: 43°44' 79°33'. References: 7B, 5K, I, S, EE, 2W, 3J, 6T, 9L, V and 7L.

GREEN HAVEN TRAILER PARK, Sarnia Township, Lambton County. Located 8 km east of Sarnia, 4 km south of Blackwell and 16 km northwest of Wyoming. Place name is not approved. Population 24 in 1961 and 209 in 1976. Map position: 42°59' 82°19'. References: 3B, 5A and 5L.

GREENHURST, SEE: THURSTONIA, Victoria County.

GREENHUST-THURSTONIA, SEE: THURSTONIA, Victoria County.

GREEN HYTHE, settlement, Western District, Canada West. Nearest post office at Raleigh (later Chatham) in 1848. This place is only documented in 1848. No further references to this place. Reference: C.

GREENINGDON, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Map position: 43°13' 79°53'. Reference: V.

GREEN LAKE, dispersed rural community, Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Located 20 km southeast of Cobden, 16 km south of Pembroke and 15 km north of Eganville. Present approved name is GREEN LAKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°40' 77°08'. References: 5L and V.

GREEN LAKE SETTLEMENT, dispersed rural community, Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Located 11 miles south of Pembroke, 25 miles northwest of Renfrew and near Locksley Station on Grand Trunk Railway (1907). Post office established as RANKIN on March 1st, 1869. First Postmaster William P. Edwards. Office closed April 15th, 1969. Present approved name is RANKIN. Population 100 in 1893 and 17 in 1976. Map position: 45°41' 77°06'. References: 7B, B, I, S, V, U10, PP, 4G, 5L and 9F.

GREENLANDS, hamlet, Torbolton Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located on Ottawa river, 5 km southwest of Constance Bay, 7 km north of Dunrobin and 16 West of Fitzroy Harbour. Present approved name is GREENLANDS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°29' 76°03'. Reference: 5L.

GREEN LANE, SEE: STEPNEY, Prescott County.

GREEN LANE EAST, SEE: STEPNEY, Prescott County.

GREEN LANE WEST, SEE: STEPNEY, Prescott County.

GREENLAW, an early pioneer church community, Caledon Township, Peel County. Located 1 mile from the Grange and 2 miles southwest of Belfountain. Not a Post Office. No recent reference to this place. Reference: 3C.

GREENLAW TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°43' 82°48'. Reference: V.

GREENLEAF, post office, Arthur Township, Wellington County. Post Office established as GREENLEAF, on August 1st, 1863. First Postmaster D. McIntyre. Office closed May 1st, 1864 on the resignation of the postmaster and no suitable successor available for office. No further reference to this office. Population not shown. References: I, 3N and 3O.

GREENLEYS CORNERS, SEE: BROWN CORNERS, Northumberland County.

GREENLEY'S CORNERS, urban community, Part of Town of Perth, Lanark County. Present approved name is GREENLEY'S CORNERS. Population not shown. Map position: 44°54' 76°16'. Reference: V.

GREEN MOUNTAIN, settlement, Darling Township, Lanark County. Located 8 km east of Joe's Lake, 4 km north of Lammermoor, 18 km northwest of Lanark and 5 km southwest of Tatlock. Post Office established as GREEN MOUNTAIN on November 1st, 1912. First Postmaster William Sculland. Office closed July 5th, 1930. In 1974 the name of this place was changed to FRENCH LINE. No reason given for the name change. Present approved name is FRENCH

**LINE.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 76°32'. References: B, 6T, V and 5L.

GREENOCK, SEE: **ENNISKILLEN**, Bruce County.

GREENOCK SWAMP, SEE: **MICKLES**, Bruce County.

GREENOCK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Bruce County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1854 by County Bylaw #7 (S.4), Passed June 21st, 1853. First settler John Caskanette a surveyor from Quebec who arrived in 1849 and in 1850 settled at Riversdale. Population 214 in 1852, 3,087 in 1880 and 1,909 in 1980. Map position: 44°10' 81°20'. References: HH, M, 2W, TT and 9J.

GREEN PARK, dispersed rural community, West Luther Township, Wellington County. Located 11 km southwest of Grand Valley, 8 km northeast of Arthur and 25 km southeast of Mount Forest. post office established as **GREEN PARK** on October 1st, 1908. First Postmaster William Patterson. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **GREEN PARK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°52' 80°28'. References: V, 9F, 5L and 6T.

GREEN POINT #1, hamlet, Sophiasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 12 miles north of Picton the County Seat, 15 miles from Napanee and on the Bay of Quinte. Post office established as **GREEN POINT** on November 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Philip Roblin. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **GREEN POINT**. Population 40 in 1875 and 35 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 77°04'. References: I, A, S, Z, 3B, 3K, V, 7B, 6T, 5X and 5L.

GREEN POINT #2, hamlet, MacGregor Township, Thunder Bay District. Population 64 in 1941 and 101 in 1951. Reference: 3B.

GREEN RIVER, concentrated rural community, Pickering Township, Ontario County, later Part of Town of Pickering in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located one and a half miles from Locust Hill Station on CPR, 16 miles northwest of Whitby and 5 miles west of Markham. Post office established as **GREEN RIVER** on May 1st, 1870. First Postmaster J. H. Smith. Office closed July 1st, 1966. This place at times known as **GREEN RIVER WEST**. Present approved name is **GREEN RIVER**. Population 150 in 1885 and 142 in 1971. Map position: 43°53' 79°11'. References: I, T, 3B, 3R, V, 5W, 1S, AA, 9F and 6T.

GREEN RIVER STATION, concentrated rural community, Markham Township, York County, later Part of Town of Markham, Regional Municipality of York. Located on Highway #7, east of the 10th concession Road, at the CPR tracks, 20 miles northeast of Toronto and 3 miles east of Markham. Post office established in 1886 as **GREEN RIVER STATION**. First Postmaster P. R. Hoover. Office name changed in 1887 to **LOCUST HILL**. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **LOCUST HILL**. Population 200 in 1893 and 67 in 1966. Map position: 43°53' 79°12'. References: I, 3G, 5Q, B, S, U10, 5A, V, 9F and F.

GREEN RIVER WEST, SEE: **GREEN RIVER**, Ontario County.

GREEN ACRES, hamlet, Osgoode Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Population 79 in 1956 and 543 in 1976. References: 3B, 5A and 5E.

GREENS CORNERS #1, dispersed rural community, Delhi Township, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 9 km southeast of Delhi, 5 km northwest of Walsh and 10 km south of Ellaton. Present approved name is **GREENS CORNERS**. Population 54 in 1971 and 180 in 1976. Map position: 42°48' 80°25'. References: B, 3B, V and 5L.

GREEN'S CORNERS #2, hamlet, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Located 4 miles from Stoney Creek. No further reference to this name after 1875. Population not shown. Reference: A.

GREENS CORNERS #3, urban community, Part of City of Niagara Falls in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is **GREENS CORNERS**. Population not shown. Map position: 43°05' 79°07'. Reference: V.

GREEN SETTLEMENT, hamlet, West Garafraxa Township, Wellington County. Named for the early settlers who were the Green family. First school house built in 1856. Date of the reference 1908. No further reference to this place. Reference: 2H.

GREENSIDE, hamlet, Egremont Township, Grey County. Located 40 miles south of Owen Sound, 9 miles from Holstein Station on the "D" branch of Grand Trunk Railway and 7 miles from Varney, (1892). Post office established in 1884 as GREENSIDE. First Postmaster Robert Legate. Office closed by 1896. Named for a clump of Evergreens growing nearby. No recent references to this place. Population 50 in 1892. References: I, AA, 3R, 5P and 9F.

GREENSIDE ACRES, urban community, Within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **GREENSIDE ACRES**. Population not shown. Map position: 43°13' 79°59'. Reference: V.

GREENSVILLE #1, dispersed rural community, West Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, later Within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located on Glen Creek, 6 miles northwest of Hamilton and one mile northwest of Dundas. Post office established in Gore District, Canada West on June 1st, 1853 as GREENSVILLE. First Postmaster James Joyce. Office still in operation (in Halton County) in 1973. Office was named for the first settler John Green who arrived in 1797. Present approved name is GREENSVILLE. Population 150 in 1893 and 204 in 1976. Map position: 43°17' 80°00'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, U10 2I, 3K, V, 4G and 9F.

GREENSVILLE #2, SEE: BULLOCK'S CORNERS, Wentworth County.

GREEN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 116, Sudbury District.

GREEN VALLEY #1, concentrated rural community, Lancaster and Charlottenburg Townships, Glengarry County. Located 25 miles northeast of Cornwall and 4 miles south of Alexandria Station on the Canada Atlantic Railway. Post office established as GREEN VALLEY in 1878. First Postmaster George Blair. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **GREEN VALLEY**. Population 200 in 1885 and 478 in 1976. Map position: 45°16' 74°36'. References: B, I, S, 3B, 3R, V, 5V and 9F.

GREEN VALLEY #2, Police Village, Mara Township, Ontario County. After January 1st, 1974, in Simcoe County. Located 50 miles north of Whitby, 10 miles from Beaverton and 13 miles southeast of Orillia. Post Office established in Home District, Canada West on April 1st, 1863 as BRECHIN. First Postmaster J. P. Foley. Office still in operation in 1983. Office named by Mrs. J. P. Foley for her hometown in Scotland. Incorporated as a Police Village February 17th, 1929 by Bylaw # 724. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is **BRECHIN**. Population 400 in 1893 and 225 in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 79°10'. References: I, P, T, S, Z, 3B, U10, 3N, V, 7B, 5L, 7R, 9L, 7D and 7L.

GREENVIEW, dispersed rural community, Monteagle Township, Hastings County. Located 80 miles north of Belleville, with the nearest railway station at Bird's Creek on the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway, (1907) and 30 miles north of St. Ola Station on Central Ontario Railway, (1892). Post Office established as GREENVIEW, on December 1st, 1873. First Postmaster John Fitzgerald. Office closed by 1970. Present approved name is **GREENVIEW**. Population 25 in 1885 and 69 in 1951. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°15' 77°49'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 3R, V, 5Y, 5L and 9F.

GREENWATER, station, Thorah Township, Ontario County. GREENWATER STATION still in operation in 1960. Name adopted August 4th, 1960 by Geographic Names Board. Present approved name is **GREENWATER**. Map position: 44°28' 79°09'. References: V and 7D.

GREENWAY, SEE: BOSTON, Huron County.

GREENWOOD #1, SEE: NORWOOD, Ontario County.

GREENWOOD #2, dispersed rural community, Pembroke Township, Renfrew County. Located 6 miles from Pembroke on CPR (1895), 2 km southwest of Government Road, 8 km northwest of Perreton and 9 km northeast of Huckabones Corners. Post Office established as ALBA in 1894. First Postmaster Charles Whitmore. Office name changed to

**GREENWOOD**, on August 3rd, 1912. Office still in operation in 1983. Shown in both Pembroke and Westmeath Townships in 1941, and only Westmeath Township in 1974. Present approved name is **GREENWOOD**. Population (both listed as Greenwood) 400 in 1893, 15 in 1913, 145 in 1951 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°46' 77°01'. References: U10, V, 5L, 3B, V, F, I, Z and 6T.

**GREENWOOD TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 28, RANGE 17**, Algoma District.

**GREER'S MILLS**, hamlet, McDougall Township, Algoma District 1872, (Parry Sound District in 1975.) Located 7 miles from Parry Sound in 1872. No recent references to this place. Reference: 7B.

**GREER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 51°20' 80°58'. Reference: V.

**GREETVILLE**, SEE: **MORGANTOWN**, Wellington County.

**GREGOIRES MILL**, dispersed rural community, Shackleton Township, Cochrane District. Located 4 miles from Strickland and 4 miles from Fauquier. Post Office established April 1st, 1918 as **GREGOIRES MILL**. First Postmaster Napoleon Gregoire. Office closed October 31st, 1969. Present approved name is **GREGOIRES MILL**. Population 37 in 1941 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°17' 81°57'. References: U, 3B, O, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

**GREGOR**, hamlet, Colchester North Township, Essex County. Shown as a map point in 1976. Reference: B.

**GREGORY**, SEE: **NEPAHWIN**, Muskoka District.

**GREIG**, SEE: **KENNOWAY**, Bruce County.

**GRENADIER ISLAND**, dispersed rural community, on Grenadier Island, Yonge and Escott Townships, in Leeds County. Located 10 km from Mallorytown Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Summer Post Office established July 1st, 1904 as **GRENADIER ISLAND**. First Postmaster Anthony Senecal. On June 1st, 1905 office status changed to a regular post office. Office closed August 30th, 1968. Present approved name is **GRENADIER ISLAND**. Population 11 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 75°53'. References: S, U, PP, V, 7J, 7S and 9F.

**GRENFEL**, (one "L"), dispersed rural community, Vespra Township, Simcoe County. Located 6 miles southwest of Barrie, 2 miles northwest of Colwell Station on Grand Trunk Railway, (1892), 5 and a half miles west of Allandale, (1908). Post Office established September 1st, 1873 as **GRENFEL**. First Postmaster Duncan McIntosh. Office named by the schoolmaster and for a place in Scotland. Office closed on December 1st, 1911. Place name spelled as Grenfel to 1911, changed to **GRENFELL** by 1941. First settler Mrs. Meacham, who was widowed in Montreal, but continued to the land grant assigned and settled with her family. Present approved name is **GRENFELL**. Population 100 in 1895, 162 in 1956 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 79°48'. References: B, I, S, AA, Z, PP, JJ, 3B, 5E, V, 6T, 2E, 5Y and 7D.

**GRENFELL GLEN**, suburban community Within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 10 km southwest of Elizabeth Park, 12 km northwest of Hearts Desire and 25 km northeast of Glen Cairn. Present approved name is **GRENFEL GLEN**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°19' 75°44'. References: V and 5L.

**GRENFELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°09' 80°13'. Reference: V.

**GRENNON**, hamlet, north Crosby Township, Leeds County. Located on the Rideau Canal, 20 miles from Perth and 5 miles from Darcyville (which in 1895, was the nearest post office.) Settled in 1832 by the Grennon family. Post Office established 1908 as **GRENNON** and named for the first Postmaster, E. J. Grennon. Office closed by 1915. Office named for the first Postmaster. In 1895 it had a local name of **NARROWS LOCKS**, and was also known as **NARROWS**, being a port of call for the Rideau Navigation Company Steamers. After the post office closed this place appears to have used the name Narrows Locks, but neither name survives in 1980. Map position: 44°41' 76°24'. References: SS, 9F, Z, PP and 7D.

GRENOBLE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 25, RANGE 12, Algoma District.

GRENVILLE, post office, established in 1819. There is no location shown for this office, but at that time there were few other designations than that of the townships. It is presumed to have been in the County of Grenville. No Postmaster or closing date shown. No further reference to this office. Reference: 8O.

GRENVILLE COUNTY, Part of the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville. The County of Grenville consists of the Separated Town of Prescott, the Town of Kemptville, the Villages of Cardinal and Merrickville and the Townships of: Augusta, Edwardsburgh, Oxford On Rideau, South Gower and Wolford. Settled in 1874 by 166 disbandees of Jessup's Loyal Rangers. In 1891 a separate population is shown for GRENVILLE COUNTY SOUTH in the total of 12,931. Population (Grenville County) 20,702 in 1852 and 15,989 in 1941. Map position: 44°50' 75°40'. References: M, 5C, 2W, 10E and V.

GRENVILLE PARK, urban community, Part of City of Kingston, Frontenac County. Present approved name is GRENVILLE PARK. Map position: 44°14' 76°32'. Reference: V.

GRENVILLE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°06' 86°03'. Reference: V.

GRESHAM, dispersed rural community, Bruce Township, Bruce County. Located 22 miles west of Walkerton and 8 miles west of Paisley Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GRESHAM, on June 1st, 1861. First Postmaster E. J. Brown. Office closed March 1st, 1915. Present approved name is GRESHAM. Population 120 in 1892, 25 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 81°24'. References: I, S, AA, PP, 3Z, 3N, V and 6T.

GRETNA, dispersed rural community, North Fredericksburg Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 4 miles east of Napanee on the Bay of Quinte. Post Office established as GRETNA, on March 1st, 1864. First Postmaster W. J. Mellow. Office closed March 1st, 1914. A quote from the postmaster as to why the place was named Gretna :"I applied for a post office in 1863 and was handed these stamps (cancellation hammers?) to commence April of 1864. Someone told me that they were intended for another place but the office did not start. The stamps were sent here and I have used them ever since." Present approved name is GRETNA. Population 1,076 in 1885 and 10 in 1976. Map position: 44°11' 76°59'. References: B, I, S, PP, 3R, 3O, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

GREVY, SEE: CLARINA #2, Prescott County.

GREY #1, SEE: TANNERSVILLE, Huron County.

GREY #2, post settlement, Sydenham Township, Grey County. Located two and a half miles from Rockford on the Owen Sound Road. It has one sawmill, (1908.) Post office established July 1st, 1907 as GREY. First Postmistress Matilda Campion. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Name deleted from active list of the Geographic Names Board on May 21st, 1945. No further reference to this name. References: PP, 6T and 7K.

GREY #3, flag station, Nipissing District. Located on Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, 3 miles north of Temagami and 75 miles north of North Bay. Date of this reference 1908. No recent reference to this station. Reference: PP.

GREY ALLAN, concentrated rural community, Peel Township, Wellington County. Present approved name is GREY ALLAN. Map position: 43°39' 80°42'. Reference: V.

GREY COUNTY, history: For 1850 and 1851 area later Incorporated as Grey County was situated in either Waterloo or Simcoe Counties. (1) Incorporated by Canada Statute 1857, C5, schedule B, Counties of Wellington, Waterloo and Grey are United for Municipal, Judicial and other puposes, effective January 1st, 1852. (2) By Proclamation dated January 22nd, 1853 the Union of the United Counties of Wellington, Waterloo and Grey is dissolved; and that the County of Waterloo is disunited from the Counties of Wellington and Grey; and form a separate and independant organization of its own - and the Counties of Wellington and Grey will form a Union of Counties

under the names of the United Counties of Wellington and Grey. (3) By Proclamation dated December 30th, 1853, the County of Grey was disunited from the County of Wellington and Union of the United Counties of Wellington and Grey, shall be dissolved, effective December 30th, 1853. The County of Grey consists of: the City of Owen Sound, the Towns of Durham, Hanover, Meaford and Thornbury, the villages of Chatsworth, Dundalk, Flesherton, Markdale, Neustadt and Shallow Lake, the Townships of: Artemesia, Bentinck, Collingwood, Derby, Egremont, Euphrasia, Glenelg, Holland, Keppel, Normanby, Osprey, Proton, St. Vincent, Sarawak, Sullivan and Sydenham. Population 13,200 in 1852 and 72,881 in 1980. Area 1,485,935 acres. Map position: 44°20' 80°45'. References: M, HH, 2W and V.

GREY EAGLE, post office, Macher Township, Parry Sound District. Located 65 miles north of Bracebridge and 6 miles from North & North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway at south River Station. Post office opened as GREY EAGLE October 1st, 1883. First Postmaster Jasper J. Vrooman. Office closed September 6th, 1893. Population 25 in 1893. No recent references to this office. References: I, AA, Z, U10 and 5P.

GREYS BAY, SEE: GRAYS BAY, Simcoe County.

GREY'S CREEK, station, Cornwall County, Province of Ontario. GREY'S CREEK STATION, served by Grand Trunk Railway. Date of this entry 1893. No recent reference to this station. References: U10.

GREY SIDING, hamlet, Nipissing District. Located near Temagami, on Timiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway. Post office opened as GREY SIDING, on June 12th, 1907. First Postmaster Adolph Bean. Office closed April 11th, 1910. No further reference to this hamlet. References: 6T.

GREYSTEAD, hamlet, Lobo Township, Middlesex County. Located 18 miles northwest of London and 3 miles southwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Brecon, and 3 miles southwest of Denfield and 3 miles from Ailsa Craig. Post office opened as GREYSTEAD, on October 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Edward Shipley. Office closed December 25th, 1893. Present approved name is GREYSTEAD. Population 50 in 1892 and 35 in 1908. Map position: 43°06' 81°28'. References: B, I, AA, Z, PP, V, 5V and 9F.

GREY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Huron County. Incorporated as Township, the first Monday of January 1856. First settler Beauchamp, French-Canadian, in 1850. Population 250 in 1852, 3,942 in 1878 and 2,016 in 1980. Map position: 43°43' 81°10'. References: HH, M, 2W, V and 1G.

GRIBBEN, SEE: GRANTVILLE, Peel County.

GRIBBIN, SEE: GRANTVILLE, Peel County.

GRIERSFORD, SEE: LITTLE CORNERS, Renfrew County.

GRIERSVILLE, dispersed rural community, St. Vincent Township, Grey County. Located 25 miles south of Owen Sound, 5 miles south of Meaford Station on Grand Trunk Railway and located in the 4th concession of the Township of St. Vincent, 23 miles from Collingwood. Post office established as GRIERSVILLE on April 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Andrew Grier. Office was named for the first Postmaster. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Present approved name is GRIERSVILLE. Population 200 in 1886, 30 in 1913 and 12 in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 80°34'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, EE, DD, V, 6T, 5L and 8Q.

GRIESINGER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°47' 93°29'. References: V.

GRIEVES CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Richmond Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 7 km northeast of Selby, 11 km southwest of Centreville and 12 km southeast of Marlbank. Present approved name is GRIEVES CORNERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°41' 70°01'. References: B, 5L and V.

GRIFF, unincorporated community, with a railway point, Soper Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 25 kilometres east of Raith. Present approved name is GRIFF. No population shown in 1978. Map position: 48°41'

89°49'. References: R2, U and V.

GRIFFEN, SEE: GRANTVILLE, Peel County.

GRIFFIN CORNERS, SEE: NELLIS CORNERS, Elgin County.

GRIFFIN LAKE, small settlement, Leeds County. Date of reference 1906. No recent reference to this place. References: PP.

GRIFFIN'S CORNERS #1, concentrated rural community, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 20 miles south of Owen Sound and 8 miles north of Durham Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established 1880. First Postmaster Philip McIntosh. Office named DORNOCH for the birth place of the first Postmaster's father. Office closed in 1971. First settler Bartholomew Griffin also built the first store. Present approved name is DORNOCH. Population 40 in 1875, 41 in 1972 and 9 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 80°50'. References: A, 7B, B, I, S, O, V, 5B, 9F, 5L, 5S, 7R and 7D.

GRIFFIN'S CORNERS #2, SEE: NELLIS CORNERS, Elgin County.

GRIFFIN'S STATION, station, Bayham Township, Elgin County. Located on Port Burwell Division of CPR. Station number 1807, between the stations of South-Innes and Straffordville, in 1911. In 1921 the station name was changed to KINGLAKE STATION. No reason given for name change. Present approved name is KINGLAKE STATION. Map position: 42°43' 80°46'. References: 10B, SS and V.

GRIFFINTOWN, concentrated rural community, Grimsby Township, Lincoln County. Located 18 miles southwest of St. Catharines, on the River Jordan, 8 miles south of Grimsby Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 22 miles from Hamilton. Post office opened as SMITHVILLE, on July 5th, 1831. First Postmaster Smith Griffin. Office still in operation in 1983. The early name for this place was GRIFFINTOWN, after Richard Griffin, the original United Empire Loyalist settler. The post office was named SMITHVILLE by his son, Smith Griffin in memory of his mother's maiden name. Incorporated as Police Village of Smithville on December 3rd, 1911 by Bylaw #558. Increased area approved June 21st, 1922 by Bylaw #704. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order M9997-65, November 18th, 1966. Effective dated January 1st, 1967. SMITHVILLE STATION served by the Hamilton and Buffalo Railway, Michigan Central Railway and CPR. The river on which Smithville is situated was called the Jordan but the name was changed to Twenty Mile Creek. This post office was sometimes shown named SMITHVILLE LINCOLN. Present approved name is SMITHVILLE. Population 150 in 1846 and 1,737 in 1976. Map position: 43°06' 79°33'. References: B, I, G, S, AA, EE, 3B, 3S, 5K, PP, 5V, 7X, 5L, V and 9L.

GRIFFIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°55' 82°20'. References: V.

GRIFFIS CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Cramahe Township, Northumberland County. Located 5 km northeast of Colborne, 6 km east of Vernonville and 14 west of Brighton. Present approved name is GRIFFIS CORNERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 77°54'. References: V and 5L.

GRIFFITH, dispersed rural community, Griffith Township, Renfrew County. Place is named for the Township. Located 30 miles west of Opeongo Station on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, on the Madawaska River and 50 miles southwest of Pembroke. Post office established as GRIFFITH on April 1st, 1861. First Postmaster William B. Aird. Office closed 1971. Present approved name is GRIFFITH. Population 30 in 1885 and 119 in 1976. Map position: 45°15' 77°10'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, 3R, 3Z, 3N, V, 5L and 9F.

GRIFFITH CORNERS, SEE: GRIFFIS CORNERS, Northumberland County.

GRIFFITH TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Renfrew County. Incorporated from and after December 31st, 1866 by County Bylaw passed June 22nd, 1866. Map position: 45°18' 77°10'. References: V and M.

GRIFFITH & MATAWATCHAN (TOWNSHIP OF), Renfrew County. Population 351 in 1980. References: HH.

**GRIGG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°02' 80°52'. References: V.

GRIMSBY, SEE: THE FORTY, Lincoln County.

GRIMSBY (Amalgamations),
Town of Grimsby & Township of North Grimsby, January 1st, became Town of Grimsby in Regional Municipality of Niagara.
Also SEE Grimsby Camp,
Grimsby East,
Grimsby Centre.

GRIMSBY BEACH, SEE: GRIMSBY EAST, Lincoln County.

GRIMSBY CAMP, summer resort, Grimsby Township, Lincoln later Wentworth County. Also known as **GRIMSBY CAMP GROUND**. Located near Grimsby, on the south shore of Lake Ontario, 2 miles east of Grimsby, 14 miles west of St. Catherines. Post office established as **GRIMSBY CAMP** August 1st, 1877. First Postmaster James Noble. On April 1st, 1886, the post office name was changed to **GRIMSBY PARK** , incorrectly listed the first time as **GRIMBY PARK**. The post office was a summer post office opened from June to September 15th, each year. Closed in 1922. Summer population 100 in 1893 and 1,000 in 1908. No further references to this place as it was overgrown by Grimsby. References: I, PP, 5P, U10, 9F, AA and 5U.

GRIMSBY CENTRE, post office, South Grimsby Township, Regional Municipality of Niagara, formerly in Lincoln County and sometimes in Wentworth County. Located 20 miles southwest of St. Catherines and 4 miles south of Grimsby. Post office established as **GRIMSBY CENTRE** in 1889. First Postmaster Joseph M. Book. Office closed July 1st, 1914. This place is recently designated a dispersed rural community within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is **GRIMSBY CENTRE**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 43°08' 79°55'. References: B, S, I, 5T, 5U, V, 5L and 6T.

GRIMSBY EAST, Grimsby Township, Lincoln County, lately designated as an urban community, Part of Town of Grimsby in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 2 kilometres from Grimsby. Post office established as **GRIMSBY EAST** on March 19th, 1912. First Postmaster Beverly Book. On September 1st, 1926 the post office name was changed to **GRIMSBY BEACH** and was named for the English town. Office closed October 1st, 1960. Present approved name is **GRIMSBY BEACH**. Population 614 in 1956 and 3,115 in 1980. Map position: 43°12' 79°32'. References: 6T, B, U, 5E, 5K and V.

GRIMSBY GARDENS, Grimsby North Township, Lincoln County. Population 66 in 1956. References: 5E.

GRIMSBY NORTH TOWNSHIP, Incorporated into the Town of Grimsby, January 1st, 1970. Originally, Grimsby Township divided into North and South on the last Monday, December, 1882. Township of Grimsby was Incorporated January 1st, 1850. References: HH and M. SEE: **GRIMSBY TOWNSHIP**.

GRIMSBY PARK, SEE: GRIMSBY CAMP, Lincoln County.

GRIMSBY SOUTH TOWNSHIP, Township of Grimsby Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Grimsby Township divided into North and South Townships, the last Monday, December, 1882. Incorporated into the Township of West Lincoln, January 1st, 1980. A note is sent from the Postmaster General in Quebec, informs the Postmasters, that mail for Grimsby Township, Lincoln County, to be sent to the post office at Grimsby. This notice is dated 1835. References: HH, M and 3H. SEE: **GRIMSBY TOWNSHIP**.

GRIMSBY TOWNSHIP, Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Township Divided into North Grimsby Township and South Grimsby Township on the last Monday December 1882. Dissolved the last Monday, December, 1882. Part amalgamated by the Town of Grimsby (Township of North Grimsby) and Part to Township of West Lincoln (Township of South Grimsby) on the last Monday, December, 1882. Population 2,148 in 1852. References: M and 2W. SEE: GRIMSBY NORTH Township, GRIMSBY SOUTH Township, NORTH GRIMSBY Township and SOUTH GRIMSBY Township.

GRIMSHAWE'S MILLS, SEE:GRIMSHAW SETTLEMENT, Northumberland County.

GRIMSHAW SETTLEMENT, Also known as GRIMSHAWE'S MILLS. Located on the 8th and 9th concession, Haldimand Township, Northumberland County. First settler Thomas Grimshaw who also built the first saw mill, shingle mill, asherey, store and tavern. Modern location for this place, 21 miles northeast of Cobourg and 14 miles north of Colborne. Post office established 1864 and named BURNLEY for a Town in Lancashire, England. First Postmaster Thomas Grimshaw. Office closed July 31st, 1946. A Postmaster in 1906 stated that the place might have been known as CRAIGS MILLS prior to the post office opening. There is no documentation to this effect. Religious parish name ST. PIERRE. Present approved name is BURNLEY. Population 100 in 1886 and 24 in 1976. Map position: 44°10' 78°00'. References: 7B, 10, B, I, T, S, SS, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

GRIMSTHORPE, dispersed rural community, Campbell Township, Manitoulin District. Located 20 miles from Gore Bay, on Providence Bay and in the north channel of Lake Huron. The nearest station is Massey. Post office established as GRIMSTHORPE in 1889. First Postmaster Samuel Grimes. The post office was named for the first Postmaster. Office closed December 31st, 1936. Present approved name is GRIMSTHORPE. Population 50 in 1892, 111 in 1966 and 2 in 1976. Map position: 45°43' 82°19'. References: I, S, AA, PP, 5A, V, 5T, 6T and 7D.

GRIMSTHORPE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Hastings County. Sometimes mispelled as GRIMSTHORP TOWNSHIP. Located Midland District, Canada West. Established before 1835. Area 68,200 acres in 1852. Map position: 44°48' 77°28'. References: C, 3H, 2W and V.

GRIMSTON, dispersed rural community, Sullivan Township, Grey County. Located 16 miles south of Owen Sound, on Aux Sables River, 4 miles from Dobbinton Station on Grand Trunk Railway and near Tara Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as GRIMSTON, in 1884. First Postmaster Donald Gillespie. Office closed August 1st, 1913. Present approved name is GRIMSTON. Population 115 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 81°05'. References: I, 5L, S, AA, Z, PP, V, 6T and 5P.

GRINDSTONE ISLAND, Located in the St. Lawrence River, opposite Gananoque. Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company Steamers call daily. This is not a post office. Date of reference 1892. No further reference to this place. References: AA.

GRIT, post office, recently designated a dispersed rural community, East Ferris Township, Nipissing District. Located 5 miles east of North Bay on Lake Nipissing. Post office established as GRIT June 1st, 1900. First Postmaster N. Nelan. Office name changed to CORBEIL May 1st, 1906. Office still in operation in 1983. CORBEIL STATION located at mile 2552, on CPR, and is east of the Nosbonsing Station (1903). There is notice in 1977, that East Ferris Township administers both Corbeil and Astorville. Present approved name is CORBEIL. Population 25 in 1908 and 79 in 1976. Map position: 46°16' 79°18'. References: PP, 7M, 7T, B, MM, 3B, SS, 8K and 5L.

GROOTENBOER TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 27, Range 17, Algoma District.

GROOVE MILLS, SEE: GROVE MILLS, Kent County.

GROS CAP, dispersed rural community, Prince Township, Algoma District. Located 8 km north of the United States border, on Whitefish Bay and 18 km east of Sault Ste. Marie. Present approved name is GROS CAP. Population 185 in 1956 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°32' 84°34'. References: V, 5L and 5E.

GROS CAP INDIAN RESERVE #49, Located west of Wawa, Algoma District. The Gros Cap Band #49 own the reserve under the Robinson Huron Treaty. Population 34 in 1976 and 50 in 1978. Map position: 47°59' 84°55'. References: R3, 5L and V.

GROS CAP VILLAGE, Indian Reservation #49A. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°00' 84°55'. References: 5L.

GROSEILLIERS TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 33, Range 23, Algoma District.

GROSSE ISLE aux d'INDES, Also called FIGHTING ISLAND. Located in the River Detroit, 3 miles below Sandwich, Essex County. This island was seized by a party of insurgents in 1837-1838, but the appearance of Canadian troops soon compelled them to make a hasty retreat. It is now used mostly for grazing on the growth of natural hay found on it. This place seems to have existed between 1799 and 1908. Date of reference 1908. No further reference to it. References: 7W and PP.

GROSSE (ISLE LA), SEE: MICHILIMACKINAC, Elgin County.

GROSSMAN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 7 A, Algoma District.

GROSS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°59' 80°20'. References: V.

GROUNDHOG, station on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,138 feet above sea level. Also shown as GROUND HOG STATION on the track between Nicholls Station and Goose River Station in 1915. References: L3 and L.

GROUNDHOG RIVER, railway point, Keith Township, Sudbury District. Located 3 miles from Joburke. Present approved name is GROUNDHOG RIVER. Map position: 48°08' 82°14'. References: U and V.

GROUSE HILL, SEE: DAWTON, York County.

GROVE #1, SEE: THE GROVE, Middlesex County.

GROVE #2, SEE: GROVE AVENUE #1, Essex County.

GROVE AVENUE #1, dispersed rural community, Pelee Island, Pelee Township, Essex County. Post office established as GROVE AVENUE, on May 1st, 1908. First Postmaster James Srigley. Office closed November 12th, 1912. Present approved name is GROVE AVENUE. Population not shown in 1977. Map position: 41°45' 82°39'. References: V, 6T and 9F.

GROVE AVENUE #2, dispersed rural community, within the District Municipality of Muskoka, formerly in Lake of Bays Township, Muskoka District. Located 40 kilometres from Bracebridge, 1 1/2 miles from Bigwin Island, 2 miles from Fox Point, 4 miles from Brown's Brae and 8 miles from Dorset. Post office established June 15th, 1927 named GROVE PARK LODGE, Ridout Township, Muskoka District. First Postmaster H. C. Schwenker. In June 1967, name was changed to GROVE PARK. Present approved name is GROVE PARK. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°24' 78°59'. References: SS, V, B, U, 5L and 6T.

GROVE MILLS, post office, Camden Gore Township, Kent County. Located 7 miles from Thamesville, 7 miles northeast of Dresden on the Erie and Huron Railway, 17 miles north of Chatham and on the Sydenham River. Post office established 1881 named GROVE MILLS. Post office name sometimes misspelled as GROOVE MILLS. First Postmaster Alonzo Reeble. Office closed 1890. Population 20 in 1893. At times, this place is shown in Bothwell Electoral District. No recent references to this place. References: I, T, U10, 3R, XX, 5V and AA.

GROVE PARK, SEE: GROVE AVENUE #2, Muskoka District.

GROVE PARK LODGE, SEE: GROVE AVENUE #2, Muskoka District.

GROVES, post office, Huntley Township, Carleton County. Located 3 miles from Huntley and 3 miles from Naev Meehal. Office established as GROVES, on October 1st, 1910. First Postmaster Joseph Cox. Office closed May 20th, 1914. No recent reference to this office. References: 6T.

GROVESEND, dispersed rural community, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Located 23 miles southeast of St. Thomas, 10 miles south of Aylmer, 6 miles east of Port Bruce and 6 miles northwest of Port Burwell. Post office established as GROVESEND on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Joseph W. Stone. Office closed August 14th, 1914. Present approved name is GROVESEND. Population 200 in 1892 and 94 in 1976. Map position: 42°40'

80°56'. References: B, I, S, AA, Z, 3B, 3J, V, 6T, 5L and 8Q.

**GROVES TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°38' 81°37'. References: V.

**GROVE,** SEE: THE GROVE, Middlesex County.

**GROVETON,** settlement, Edwardsburg Township, Grenville County. Located 24 miles northeast of Brockville and 4 miles from Spencerville Station on CPR. Post office established as GROVETON in 1886. First Postmaster James McAuley. Office closed August 25th, 1913. Present approved name is GROVETON. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°53' 75°34'. References: B, I, S, 6T, 5L and 5T.

**GROVETON STATION,** Edwardsburg Township, Grenville County. Date of reference February 1974. References: B.

**GRUMMETT TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°15' 91°26'. References: V.

**GRZELA TOWNSHIP,** SEE: TOWNSHIP 26, Range 17, Algoma District.

**GUAYTOWN,** dispersed rural community, Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located 3 km northwest of Alexandria, 8 km south of Kirkhill and 11 km east of Baltics Corners. Present approved name is GUAYTOWN. Population 58 in 1961 and 65 in 1976. Map position: 45°20' 74°39'. References: 3B, 5L, 5A and V.

**GUELPH,** town, Guelph Township, Wellington County. Located on the main line of Grand Trunk Railway and CPR, 26 miles from Hamilton, 20 miles from Erin. This place founded 1827 by John Galt, Superintendent of the Canada Company and named to honour the Royal Family. The Town is laid out in a radial street pattern. Post office established as GUELPH in Wellington District, Upper Canada on September 25th, 1827. First Postmaster John Reid. Office still in operation in 1983. The first train from Toronto arrived in Guelph, on January 30th, 1852. Guelph became a Town with Village powers on January 1st, 1851. It became a Town on December 27th, 1855 and was Incorporated as a City April 23rd, 1879. Population 4,500 in 1857, 10,000 in 1886 and 71,408 in 1980. The Town had 11 telephones in 1880 and 212 in 1891. Religious parish name NOTRE DAME. Present approved name is GUELPH. Map position: 43°33' 80°15'. References: B, I, M, NN, G, T, Y, EE, HH, 2T, 2U, 2Y, SS, 5K, V, 2H and 7X.

**GUELPH JUNCTION #1,** station on Grand Trunk Railway and CPR, Wellington County, at the junction of the Toronto and Sarnia branch of Grand Trunk Railway and the Harrisburg and Southampton branch. Located 1 mile east of Guelph. This station is noted in 1907 and 1908. No recent reference to this station. References: S and PP.

**GUELPH JUNCTION #2,** railway point, Halton County, later Part of Town of Milton in the Regional Municipality of Halton. A station on CPR, at the junction of the main line (Montreal to Detroit) with the Guelph branch, 15 miles east of Guelph. Present approved name is GUELPH JUNCTION. Population 27 in 1971 and in 1976, population included in Town of Milton. Map position: 43°28' 80°00'. References: B, U, PP, 3B and V.

**GUELPH TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Wellington County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1859, C.81. Area 42,000 acres. Surveyed by John McDonald in 1830. First settler Samuel Rife 1825 (squatter). Population 2,879 in 1852, 6,955 in 1871 and 2,899 in 1980. Map position: 43°34' 80°18'. References: HH, 2W, M, 2G and V.

**GUERIN,** SEE: INDIAN, Peterborough County.

**GUIBORD TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Dufferin District. Map position: 48°30' 80°13'. References: V.

**GUIDE BOARD SWAMP,** hamlet, Tuckersmith and McKillop Townships, Huron County. Located 123 miles northwest of Toronto on the Buffalo and Goderich line of Grand Trunk Railway, 21 miles southeast of Goderich and on Highway #8. Post office established as SEAFORTH in 1859. First Postmaster A.M. Patton. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler Andrew Steene, in a swampy area known as Guide Board Swamp at the site of a post and fingerboard pointing to other communities. It was located at four corners which explains the first name this

place had. The Town was surveyed and named by Patton, Bernard and LeFroy. It was named Seaforth for one of their native places in England. This Patton, the surveyor was a brother of the first Postmaster. Seaforth was Incorporated as a Village December 1st, 1867 and was proclaimed a Town October 2nd, 1874. The Montreal Telegraph Company tariff was 25 cents for 10 words to Hamilton or Toronto in 1870. Present approved name is **SEAFORTH**. Population 2,800 in 1886 and 2,043 in 1980. Map position: 43°33' 81°24'. References: B, I, M, T, S, HH, 2T, U9, 2Y, 1G, V and 8X.

GUILDFORD, SEE: **BENTLEY**, Kent County.

GUILD ROAD, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Population 109 in 1956. References: 5E.

GUILDS, SEE: **BENTLEY**, Kent County.

GUILDWOOD, urban community, Part of Borough of Scarborough in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located on concession C, lots 14 to 20. Present approved name is **GUILDWOOD**. Map position: 43°44' 79°12'. References: U, V and 8H.

GUILDWOOD ESTATES, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **GUILDWOOD ESTATES**. Map position: 45°23' 75°39'. References: V.

GUILFORD, SEE: **BENTLEY**, Kent County.

**GUILFORD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°09' 78°34'. References: V.

**GUILFOYLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 82°22'. References: V.

GUILLETVILLE, concentrated rural community, Blezard Township, Sudbury District, later Part of Town of Valley East, in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Post office opened as **GUILLETVILLE**, on May 1st, 1953. First Postmaster Aime Lepage. Office closed on November 1st, 1965. This post office is located 6.7 miles north of Sudbury and 2.1 miles south of Val Caron. Present approved name is **GUILLETVILLE**. Population 1,076 in 1961 and 1,357 in 1971. After 1976, population included in Valley East. Map position: 46°35' 81°00'. References: U, 3B, 5A, V, 6V and 6T.

GUINDON TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 7 I**, Algoma District.

GUINEY, dispersed rural community, Lyndoch Township, formerly Raglan Township, Renfrew County. Located 34 kilometres from Barrys Bay, 7 miles from Palmer Rapids and 6 miles from Quadville. Post office established as **GUINEY** on July 1st, 1914. First Postmaster William Guiney. Office named for the first Postmaster. Office closed April 1st, 1956. Present approved name is **GUINEY**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 77°26'. References: B, U, V, 5L and 6T.

GULL BAY, SEE: **NIPIGON HOUSE**, Thunder Bay District.

GULL CREEK, dispersed rural community, Sheffield Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 29 miles north of Napanee and 8 miles from Tamworth Station on Bay of Quinte Railway. Post office established as **GULL CREEK**, in1884. First Postmaster J.H. Jones. Office closed June 1st, 1910. Present approved name is **GULL CREEK**. Population 75 in 1892. Map position: 44°35' 77°00'. References: I, S, AA, PP, 5U, V, 6T, 5L and 5T.

GULL RIVER INDIAN RESERVE #55, Thunder Bay District. Located on the west shore of Lake Nipigon, 64 kilometres south of Armstrong. The Gull Bay Band lives on the reserve and the language is Ojibway. Population 257 in 1976 and 378 in 1978. Map position: 49°49' 89°08'. References: R3 and V.

GULL ROCK, dispersed rural community, Watt Township, Muskoka District, later in Muskoka Lakes Township, within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 7 miles south of Rosseau and 1 mile (across the lake) from Judhaven. Summer post office established as **GULL ROCK** on July 1st, 1954 on lot 33, concession 14, Watt

Township. First Postmistress Mrs. Edith W. Plested. Office closed August 1st, 1963. Present approved name is **GULL ROCK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°13' 79°36'. References: B, V, 6V, 5L and 6T.

**GULL ROCK LAKE**, Patricia District. Date of reference 1980. References: U.

**GUNDY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°48' 95°05'. References: V.

**GUNNE**, SEE: **WALDHOF**, Kenora District.

**GUNTER**, dispersed rural community, Cashel Township, Hastings County. Located 60 miles north of Belleville and 6 miles northeast of Gilmour Station on Central Ontario Railway and 10 miles from Madoc. Post office established as **GUNTER**, on March 1st, 1883. First Postmaster John H. Gunter. Office closed May 1st, 1969. The local other name for this place (1872) is **GILMORE**. Present approved name is **GUNTER**. Population 100 in 1892 and 44 in 1976. Map position: 44°53' 77°33'. References: B, I, S, AA, MM, PP, 3B, V, 7B, 5P, 9F, 5L and FF.

**GUNTERMAN TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 149**, Algoma District.

**GUNTERS**, railway point, Sabine Township, Nipissing District. Present approved name is **GUNTERS**. Map position: 45°23' 78°04'. References: V.

**GURD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Area 36,716 acres. Population 12 in 1875 and 150 in 1877. Map position: 45°58' 79°33'. References: 1M and V.

**GURNETT**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **GURNETT**. Map position: 43°13' 79°55'. References: V.

**GURNEY**, SEE: **CYPRESS**, Thunder Bay District.

**GURNEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°30' 82°10'. References: V.

**GUSTIN GROVE**, dispersed rural community, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. A settlement at lot 71 and 72, Lake Range West, on the Lake Shore, 8 km northeast of Forest, 9 km southwest of Ipperwash Beach and 15 km west of Thedford. Named for first settler Mr. Gustin. Present approved name is **GUSTIN GROVE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°09' 82°03'. References: 1H, 5L and V.

**GUTELIUS**, railway point, Township 47, later Riggs Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is **GUTELIUS**. Map position: 48°21' 84°12'. References: V.

**GUTHRIE**, dispersed rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 10 miles north of Barrie, 3 miles north of Oro Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 7 miles from Hawkestone. Post office opened as **GUTHRIE** in 1876. First Postmaster Duncan Livingstone. Office closed January 1st, 1953. This place was named for an early settler, Duncan Guthrie. Present approved name is **GUTHRIE**. Population 50 in 1892 and 165 in 1966. Map position: 44°28' 79°33'. References: B, I, S, AA, 5A, JJ, V, 5V and 6T.

**GUTHRIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°45' 77°50'. References: V.

**GUYSBORO'**, SEE: **BLAKELEY'S CORNERS**, Norfolk County.

**GUYSBOROUGH**, SEE: **BLAKELEY'S CORNERS**, Norfolk County.

**GWILLIMBURY**, settlement, East Gwillimbury Township, York County. Located 1/2 mile from Holland Landing. Population 3,920 in 1961, 4,528 in 1966. Later reference to SEE: **EAST GWILLIMBURY TOWNSHIP**, York County. References: A, 3G, 5A and 7B.

**GWILLIMBURY EAST TOWNSHIP**, Simcoe District. Post office name, 1848 was Holland Landing. Population 1,106 in

1830. In 1835, mail was directed for Gwillimbury East Township to be sent to the post office at Holland Landing. In 1983, Gwillimbury East Township annexed Holland Landing. References: C, 3G, 2J, 5C and 3H.

GWILLIMBURY NORTH TOWNSHIP, Township, Home District, Canada West. Post office name KESWICK in 1848. Area 34,200 acres. Population 72 in 1830 and 1,170 in 1852. Incorporated into the Township of Georgina, January 1st, 1971. References: C, HH, 2W and 2J.

GWILLIMBURY TOWNSHIP, Township, York County. Area 73,000 acres. Population 3,200 in 1852. SEE: TOWNSHIP OF WEST GWILLIMBURY, TOWN OF GEORGINA (TOWNSHIP OF NORTH GWILLIMBURY) AND TOWN OF EAST GWILLIMBURY (TOWNSHIP OF EAST GWILLIMBURY). References: 2W and M.

GWILLIMBURY WEST TOWNSHIP, Township, Simcoe District, Canada West. Post office name Bond Head, 1848. Area 33,600 acres. Population 352 in 1830 and 3,894 in 1852. References: C, 2W and 2J.

GYPSUM MINES, settlement, settled in 1822, North Cayuga Township, Haldimand County. Settlement due to the discovery of gypsum. Located 6 miles southeast of Cayuga. Post office established as GYPSUM MINES, in 1884. First Postmaster Culbert Watton. Office closed March 2nd, 1912. The gypsum mines operated to 1911, then closed down. Population 75 in 1895 and 100 in 1907. No recent references to this place. References: I, E, T, Z, S, 5P and 6T.

GYRYRAN, hamlet, Cambridge Township, Russell County, in 1875. Located 24 miles from Dickinson's Landing. No other references to this place. References: A.

GZOWSKI TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°18' 87°30'. References: V.

**H TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township. Name changed to **BEEBE TOWNSHIP** in 1974 for A. L. Beebe, Mayor of Sioux Lookout. Map position: 46°56' 82°09'. References: V and 10F.

**HABEL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°25' 82°34'. References: V.

**HABERMEHL**, dispersed rural community, Bentinck Township, Grey County. Located 35 miles south of Owen Sound and 4 miles from Elmwood Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **HABERMEHL** on January 1st, 1897. First Postmaster Charles Habermehl and post office named for him. Office closed May 5th, 1913. Present approved name is **HABERMEHL**. There is no population shown for this small place. Map position: 44°13' 81°01'. References: B, S, PP, 5U, 7F, 5L and 6T.

**HADDO**, dispersed rural community, Matilda Township, Dundas County. Located 6 miles from Iroquois Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **HADDO** October 1st, 1894. First Postmaster George E. McKnight. Office closed October 15th, 1913. This place was named for/by (?) Lord Dufferin, then Governor of Canada. Present approved name is **HADDO**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°52' 75°22'. References: B, I, S, PP, 5L, 5U, V and 6T.

**HADDO TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°14' 80°22'. References: V.

**HADEN'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Located 4 miles from Belleville. Date of this entry 1875 and there is no other reference to this place. References: A.

**HADLEYS**, station, Peterborough County. On Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. It is not a post office. Date of reference 1907. This place may be the same as HADLINGTON, which see. Reference:S.

**HADLEY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 25, Range 17**, Algoma District.

**HADLINGTON**, sometimes misspelled as **HADDINGTON**. Hamlet, located in Anstruther Township, Peterborough County. Located 20 miles from Gooderham, 30 miles from Fenelon Falls, 32 kilometres from Haliburton and 10 miles from Gooderham Station on the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. Post office established as **HADLINGTON** on September 1st, 1899. First Postmaster Joseph J. Hadley. Office closed June 2nd, 1948. Local name may have been **HADLEYS** since J. J. (also 1st P.M.) owned a stock farm, general store and saw mill. First settler was his father William Hadlington for whom the place is named. Population 30 in 1913. No recent references to this place. References: S, U, DD, 7H and 6T.

**HAENTSCHEL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°11' 80°52'. References: V.

**HAFSTROM**, SEE: **MARATHON PAPER MILL**, Cochrane District.

**HAGAR**, dispersed rural community, Hagar and Ratter Townships, Sudbury District. A station on CPR main line at an altitude of 680 feet above sea level. Located 31 miles east of Sudbury and 48 miles north of North Bay. Post office established as **HAGAR** on May 3rd, 1927. First Postmaster Joseph Roy. This post office is 5 miles east of Warren, 7 miles west of Markstay and 6 1/2 miles south of St. Charles. Post office still operating in 1983. Mail is delivered 3 times weekly by catch post on railway. Present approved name is **HAGAR**. Population 117 in 1961 and 163 in 1976. Map position: 46°27' 80°25'. References: PP, 2U, 3B, L1, 5A, V and 6T.

**HAGARTOWN**, dispersed rural community, Trafalgar Township, Halton County, later Part of **TOWN OF OAKVILLE** in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 8 miles southeast of Milton, 3 miles from Bronte and 30 miles from Toronto. Post office established April 6th, 1837. First Postmaster Robert Webster. The post office was named **PALERMO**, to honour Lord Nelson, the Duke of Palermo. Post office still operating in 1983. This place settled in 1805 by Lawrence Hagar, United Empire Loyalist from Maryland who was the first white man to settle in Trafalgar Township. He located at Dundas Highway and the 2nd Line which then was 2 1/2 miles west of Proudfoot's Hollow or the Sixteen Hollow.The name Palermo was suggested at a public meeting by Dr. William Cobban. Present approved name is **PALERMO**. Population 200 in 1846, 300 in 1907 and 269 in 1980. Map position:

43°26' 79°47'. References: 8I, B, I, G, S, U, 3S, D. Carter, 7X, V and 9A.

HAGAR TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1906. Quieting Order M1432, dated June 15th, 1954. Population 1,100 in 1977 and 1,080 in 1980. Map position: 46°30' 80°29'. References: R1, H, M and V.

HAGARTY, SEE: BELFORT, Sudbury District.

HAGERMAN, railway point, Part of the TOWN OF MARKHAM in the Regional Municipality of York. Map position: 43°51' 79°19'. References: V.

HAGERMAN CORNER, dispersed rural community, Markham Township, York County, later Part of TOWN OF MARKHAM in the Regional Municipality of York. Located 18 miles northeast of Toronto and 1 mile south of Unionville Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as HAGERMAN'S CORNERS in 1874. First Postmaster Thomas Gibson. Office closed August 31st, 1918. Present approved name is HAGERMAN CORNERS. Population 100 in 1886 and 84 in 1951. Map position: 43°50' 79°18'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, V, 6T and 5V.

HAGERSVILLE, Village, Oneida Walpole Township, Haldimand County, formerly in Talbot District, Canada West, Located 10 miles west of Cayuga and 14 miles from Port Dover. Post office established as HAGERSVILLE on January 6th, 1852. First Postmaster J.G. Haskett. Post office still in operation in 1973. Incorporated as a Police Village in 1875 and as a Village in 1887. Settled in 1845. First settlers, Charles and David Hager. Charles built the first mill and David, the first hotel. They were United Empire Loyalists. Present approved name is HAGERSVILLE. Population 600 in 1886 and 2,075 in 1966. Map position: 42°58' 80°03'. References: B, I, T, S, EE, HH, 2T, 2R, V, NN and 8Q.

HAGARTY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Incorporated as Township March 2nd, 1877 by Ontario Statute 1877, C30. Map position: 45°33' 77°29'. References: V and M.

HAGARTY & RICHARDS (TOWNSHIP OF), Renfrew County. Population 1,421. Reference date 1980. References: HH.

HAGERMAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Incorporated May 1st, 1890. Quieting Order M3220-55, dated April 5th, 1957. Area 43,389 acres in McMurrich Township, Parry Sound District. Population 400 in 1980. Map position: 45°37' 79°54'. References: 1M, M, HH and V.

HAGEY, railway point, Waterloo County, lately within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Present approved name is HAGEY. Map position: 43°25' 80°22'. References: U and V.

HAGEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°37' 90°14'. References: V.

HAGGART TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°15' 81°46'. References: V.

HAGLE'S CORNERS, settlement, Dereham Township, Oxford County. Located 5 km southeast of Ingersoll, 4 km southwest of Foldens and 15 km northeast of Norwich. Nearest post office is Salford. Present approved name is HAGLES CORNERS. Population 50 in 1875 and 25 in 1893. Map position: 43°01' 80°50'. References: A, U10, 5L and 7B.

HAGNAS HILL, dispersed rural community, Thessalon Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°16' 83°26'. References: V.

HAGYARD'S CORNERS, SEE: WRIGHT'S CORNERS, Huron County.

HAHNSEN STATION, SEE: BAHNSEN, Algoma District.

HAIG TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°15' 84°35'. References: V.

**HAIGHT TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°48' 81°48'. References: V.

**HAILEYBURY,** SEE: MATABANICK, Nipissing District.

HAILEYBURY (TOWN OF)
Amalgamated Township of Bucke and Town of Haileybury
January 1st, 1971.

**HAINES LAKE,** dispersed rural community, Foley Township, Parry Sound District. Located 4 miles from Featherston and 6 1/2 miles from Parry Sound. Post office established as HAINES LAKE on May 1st, 1914. First Postmaster H.J. Drury. Office closed June 29th, 1929. Present approved name is HAINES LAKE. Population 37 in 1971 and 32 in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 79°56'. References: 3B, V and 6T.

**HAINES TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°57' 90°21'. References: V.

**HAINSTOCK'S CORNERS,** SEE: COATES' CORNERS, York County.

**HAINSVILLE,** dispersed rural community, Matilda Township, Dundas County. Located 40 miles west of Cornwall, 7 miles northwest of Iroquois Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as HAINSVILLE, on March 1st, 1881. First Postmaster W. Dillion. Office closed November 19th, 1913. Present approved name is HAINSVILLE. Population 200 in 1885 and 72 in 1976. Map position: 44°54' 75°24'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, PP, 3B, 3R, V, 5L and 6T.

**HALBORD,** SEE: HOG'S BACK #1, Carleton County.

**HALCROW TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°48' 82°56'. References: V.

**HALDANE HILL,** dispersed rural community, McMurrich Township, Parry Sound District. Located 5 miles north of Bracebridge, 21 miles northeast of Rosseau and 6 miles from Sprucedale Station on Ottawa, Arnprior & Parry Sound Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as HALDANE HILL in 1879. First Postmaster J. McIntyre Murray. Office closed October 1st, 1949. Place is named after a place in Scotland. Present approved name is HALDANE HILL. Population 50 in 1892 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 45°25' 79°26'. References: B, I, S, AA, Z, MM, 1M, V, 5T, 5V, 5L and 6T.

**HALDIMAND #1,** SEE: NEWCASTLE #2, Northumberland County.

**HALDIMAND #2,** concentrated rural community, Dunn Township, Haldimand County. This place was named for Sir Frederick Haldimand. Post office opened as HALDIMAND, in 1865 and named BYNG. First Postmaster J. M. Thomson. Office closed September 1st, 1915. First settler, William Bowden in 1835. Present approved name is BYNG. Population 200 in 1895 and 243 in 1971. Map position: 42°53' 79°37'. References: 5K, I, 3B, Z, V, 7B, 6T, 7R and 4C.

**HALDIMAND COUNTY,** Geographic County, Ontario Province. Population 18,788 in 1852, 16,318 in 1891 and 28,197 in 1966. On April 1st, 1974, this County was dissolved by Ontario Statute 1963, C.155, S.130. References: SEE Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Map position: 42°57' 79°50'. References: M, HH, J, 2R, 2W and V.

**HALDIMAND-HAMILTON LINE,** English farm settlement (not named), Northumberland County. References: 10.

**HALDIMAND-NORFOLK (REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF),** Haldimand and Norfolk Counties. Inhabitants of the regional area constituted a body corporate as "Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk" by Ontario Statute 1973, C.96, S.6, SS(1), effective January 1st, 1974. Area municipalitites constituted by Ontario Statute 1973, C.96, S.2, SS(1), effective April 1st, 1974. Note: Haldimand County and Norfolk County both dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C.155, S.130, effective April 1st, 1974. Haldimand County - Incorporation history. Lincoln, Haldimand and Welland Counties were united judicial and other purposes, Canada Statutes 1849, C.78, SCH. A - effective January 1st, 1850. County of Haldimand separated from United Counties of Lincoln, Haldimand and

Welland by proclamation dated December 31st, 1850 and effective January 1st, 1851. Norfolk County - Incorporation history. By Canada Statutes 1849, C.78, SCH.B - Proceedings for the late District of Talbot transferred to the County of Norfolk, effective January 1st, 1850. Population 87,262 in 1980. Map position: 52°55' 80°05'. References: HH, V+ and M.

HALDIMAND (TOWN OF), Town, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk, formed from the amalgamation of Town of Caledonia, Village of Cayuga, Village of Hagersville, Township of North Cayuga, Township of Oneida, Township of Seneca and Township of South Cayuga, April 1st, 1974. Population 16,365 in 1976 and 16,428 in 1980. Map position: 43°00' 79°50'. References: M, U, HH and V.

HALDIMAND TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Newcastle District, later Northumberland County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P4888-67, dated May 29th, 1968. Surveyed partly in 1797 and the remainder was done in 1822. First settler Benjamin Ewing. Other Villages in the Township include Eddystone, Bowmanton, Fenella and Burnley. Population 4,634 in 1852 and 3,380 in 1980. Map position: 44°05' 78°03'. References: 1O, C, HH, M, 2W and V.

HALE #1, railway point, Templeton Township, Algoma District. Located 21 miles north of Oba and 15 miles south Cappell. Post office opened as HALE, on October 12th, 1937. First Postmaster Kenneth Moland. Office closed August 31st, 1940. Present approved name is HALE. Map position: 49°21' 83°58'. References: V and 6T.

HALE #2, post office, Dawn Township, Lambton County. Located 3 1/8 miles from Edys Mills and 3 1/4 miles from Oil Springs. Post office opened as HALE on May 16th, 1910. First Postmaster Robert J. Hale. Office closed March 8th, 1913. References: 2Z, 1H, 5L and 6T.

HALE #3, dispersed rural community, Talbot Township, Algoma District. Located 7 miles south of Mead, 12 1/2 miles south of Coppell and 24 miles north of Oba. Post office opened as HANSEN on August 1st, 1941. First Postmaster Howard Hicks. Office closed April 1st, 1956. Present approved name is HALE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°18' 84°01'. References: V, 5L and 6T.

HALE'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Leeds County, Canada West, later Bastard Township, Leeds County. Located 27 miles from Gananoque, 33 miles west of Brockville and 40 miles from Kingston. Post office established as FORFAR October 1st, 1854. First Postmaster W.H. Young. The name, Hale's Corners, was for an early resident of the place. The post office named for Forfar, a place in Scotland. Present approved name is FORFAR. Population 125 in 1885 and 24 in 1976. Map position: 44°40' 76°13'. References: B, I, A, S, EE, V, 3L, 3R, 7D and 5L.

HALEY,hamlet, Ross Township, Renfrew County. Located 4 km northeast of Haley Station, 10 km south of foresters Falls, 12 km southeast of Cobden and 13 km northwest of Renfrew. Present approved name is HALEY. Population 163 in 1976. Map position: 45°36' 76°46'. References: 3B and 5L.

HALEY'S, concentrated rural community, Ross Township, Renfrew County. Located 7 miles southeast of Cobden, 26 miles southeast of Pembroke and 9 miles north of Renfrew. Post office opened as HALEY'S STATION 1878. First Postmaster Dudley Moore. Office still in operation in 1983. This place also has a station named, HALEY'S STATION on CPR main line at an altitude of 529 feet above sea level (1915). Present approved name is HALEY STATION. Population 50 in 1892 and 175 in 1976. Map position: 45°34' 76°47'. References: I, S, U, AA, Z, 2Y, L1, 5L,3R, V, 5P and 7D.

HALEY STATION, SEE: HALEY'S, Renfrew County.

HALFPENNY, SEE: HALPENNY, Lanark County.

HALFWAY #1, post office, Cameron Township, Nipissing District. Located 15 miles from Mattawa Station and 15 miles from Dieux Rivieres Station on CPR main line. Post office opened as HALFWAY in 1896. First Postmaster John Kennedy. Office closed June 30th, 1916. Present approved name is HALFWAY. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°14' 77°35'. References: 5L, S, PP, 5U, 7E and 6T.

**HALFWAY #2**, dispersed rural community, Radcliffe Township, Renfrew County. Located 14 kilometres from Barry's Bay and 5 miles from Combermere. Post office opened as **HALFWAY** on December 2nd, 1921. First Postmistress Mrs. Mary Smaglinski. Office closed on September 1st, 1967. Map position: 45°25' 77°35'. References: 6T, U, V and 9F.

**HALFWAY CORNER**, dispersed rural community, Part of the City of Nanticoke. Present approved name is **HALFWAY CORNER**. Map position: 42°47' 80°17'. References: V.

**HALFWAY HOUSE**, SEE: **MORTLAKE**, York County.

**HALIBURTON**, urban community, Dysart Township, Haliburton County. Located 18 miles northeast of Minden, 56 miles north of Lindsay and located on Drag Creek. Post office established as **HALIBURTON** in 1864. First Postmaster C.R. Stewart. Office was named for Thomas Chandler Haliburton who was chairman of the Canadian Land and Immigration Company and also a well known writer. Post office still in operation in 1983. This place was first settled in the 1860's. Present approved name is **HALIBURTON**. Population 400 in 1893 and 1,124 in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 78°31'. References: I, S, U, AA, Z, U10, 6O, 5K, V and 4C.

**HALIBURTON (PROVISIONAL COUNTY OF)**, By Proclamation, dated and Effective June 6th, 1874 the Provisional County of Haliburton was Incorporated. Canada Statutes 1874, C.65, assented March 24th, 1874 provided for Incorporation of Provisional County or District. The Provisional County of Haliburton consists of : the Improvement District of Bicroft, the townships of: Anson Hindon and Minden, Cardiff, Dysart Bruton Clyde Dudley Eyre Guilford Harburn harcourt and Havelock, Glamorgan, Lutterworth, Monmouth, Sherborne McClintock and Livingstone, Snowdon and Stanhope. On May 18th, 1980 the Provisional County of Haliburton erected to full County status. Population 6,995 in 1941 and 10,733 in 1980. Map position: 44°10' 78°30'. References: M, HH, 5C and V.

**HALIFAX TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°14' 81°01'. References: V.

**HALKIRK**, unincorporated community, Rainy River District. Located 27 kilometres east of Fort Frances. Population 15 in 1978. Map position: 48°44' 93°00'. References: R2.

**HALKIRK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°44' 93°00'. References: V.

**HALL #1**, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Haldimand in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Present approved name is **HALL**. Map position: 43°00' 79°57'. References: V.

**HALL #2**, station, Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Map position: 44°30' 78°45'. References: V.

**HALLAM**, station on CPR. Located between Massey Station and Webbwood Station. Name changed to **MAYWOOD** by CPR in 1916. That name was an error and was corrected the next year to **MAYTOWN**. Located 5.1 miles west of Webbwood Station. The portion of 130 miles of track is known as the **THESSALON SUBDIVISION**, by CPR. Maytown would likely have been a small station serving the area and would not necessarily have had a population. This station is shown as a former station October 4th, 1939 and appears on a map of Ontario, 1961. There are no recent references to this place. It can be considered obselete. References: SS, 6Z and CPR Mr. Morris.

**HALLAM TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1893. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order M7465, dated November 1st, 1974. Amalgamated January 1st, 1975. SEE Township of The Spanish River, filed under, "T". Map position: 46°14' 81°53'. References: HH, M and V.

**HALLEBOURG**, SEE: **HALLEWOOD**, Algoma District.

**HALLECKS**, dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 3 km southeast of Lyn, 8 km southwest of Brockville and 11 km east of MacIntosh Mills. Present approved name is **HALLECKS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 75°46'. References: V and 5L.

HALLETT TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 24, Range 17, Algoma District.

HALLEWOOD, dispersed rural community, Kendall Township, Cochrane District. Located 7 1/2 miles from Hearst and 11 miles from Mattice. Post office established and named HALLEWOOD, November 1st, 1922. First Postmaster N. Darby. Weekly mail delivered by courier. On July 1st, 1935, the name of the post office was changed to HALLEBOURG. Office still in operation in 1983. Hallebourg has a railway station which is named HALLEWOOD (1933). Station name changed to HALLEBOURG on CNR May 1st, 1936. Present approved name is HALLEBOURG. Population 84 in 1941 and 191 in 1976. Map position: 49°40' 83°81'. References: 5L, SS, 6T, R2, 3B, LL and V.

HALL GLEN, dispersed rural community, Dummer Township, Peterborough County. Located 20 miles northeast of Peterborough, 12 miles northeast of Lakefield Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 6 miles northeast of Warsaw. Post office established as HALL'S GLEN in 1875. First Postmaster William Darling. Office closed September 8th, 1928. This place was named for a member of Parliament, who was known locally as "Sherriff Hall". Present approved name is HALL GLEN. Population 25 in 1885 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 44°31' 78°08'. References: I, 3B, V, S, 2M, 3R, 5L, 6T, 7D and 4N.

HALLIDAY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 81°06'. References: V.

HALL LANDING, hamlet, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Located 3 km northeast of Fengelly Landing, 6 km Southwest of Hiawatha, 9 km Northeast of Bewdley and 17 km South of Peterborough. Present approved name is HALL LANDING. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 78°16'. References: 5L.

HALL MILLS, dispersed rural community, Darling and Lanark Townships, Lanark County. Located 14 miles from Almonte Station on CPR, on Indian Creek and 27 miles northwest of Perth. Post office established as HALL'S MILLS in 1883. First Postmaster William Hall for whom the place is named. Office closed February 1st, 1915. Present approved name is HALLS MILLS. Population 15 in 1893 and 61 in 1961. Map position: 45°11' 76°24'. References: V, B, I, Z, PP, U10, 5A, V, 5L, 6T and 5P.

HALLNOR, SEE: HALLNOR MINES, Cochrane District.

HALLNOR MINES, hamlet, Whitney Township, Cochrane District. Located near Pamour. Population 91 in 1956, 90 in 1971 and after 1976 population figures included with Timmins. References: U, 3B and 5E.

HALLOWAY, dispersed rural community, Sidney and Thurlow Townships, Hastings County. Located 10 miles north of Belleville and 2 miles south of North Hastings Junction on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as HALLOWAY on September 1st, 1859. First Postmaster William Peck. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is HALLOWAY. Population 150 in 1893 and 52 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 77°28'. References: I, S, 5L, Z, 3B, U10, 3X, V and 9F.

HALLOWELL #1, SEE: HALLOWELL BRIDGE, Prince Edward County.

HALLOWELL #2, dispersed rural community, Hallowell Township, Prince Edward County. Located 6 km from Bloomfield. Present approved name is HALLOWELL. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°58' 77°17'. References: 5L, V, B and U.

HALLOWELL BRIDGE, Town, Hallowell Township, Prince Edward County. Located 133 miles east of Toronto, situated on the Bay of Quinte, and by 1849 was the eastern terminus of Central Ontario Railway. Post office opened in Prince Edward District, Upper Canada, in 1820. First Postmaster Ebenezer Washburn. A sister-Village, named DELHI, settled in 1811, was situated across the river from Hallowell Bridge. In 1815, its name was changed to PICTON. The post office had opened as HALLOWELL in 1820. Between 1830 and 1840, the names, Hallowell and Picton were used. In 1840, the post office name was changed to PICTON. Office still in operation in 1983. A Board of Police was established for Picton, by Upper Canada Statutes, 1837-40, C.44. Assented to, March 4th, 1837, Incorporating Picton as a Police Village. On May 30th, 1849 the Town of Picton, which included Hallowell, was Incorporated as the TOWN OF PICTON by Act 12, Vic, cap 81, effective January 1st, 1850.

Hallowell Bridge founded in 1786 by United Emprire Loyalists and settled in 1788. The station serving this place was originally called SANDY HOOK STATION. By 1881, the station was inside the Incorporated Village. Hallowell was named for Benjamin Hallowell and Picton was named for Sir Thomas Picton, a British General who fell at Waterloo. Religious Parish name for this place ST. GREGOIRE le GRAND. Present approved name is PICTON. Population 1,200 in 1846, 3,287 in 1891 and 4,353 in 1980. Map position: 44°00' 77°08'. References: I, 7X, 6E, G, M, AA, HH, 2S, 2T, J, F, 2Y, 7V and 9J.

HALLOWELL TOWNSHIP, Township, Prince Edward County. Formed July 3rd, 1797. Area 42,976 acres. Population 3,515 in 1878. First settlers, the Youngs in 1783 - 1784. References: 1F.

HALL'S, flag station on Grand Trunk Railway, on the Lindsay and Haliburton branch, sometimes called HALL'S CROSSING in Victoria County. Name changed May 1st, 1938 by CPR to HILLS. No further reference to this place. Population 25 in 1893. In 1895, it was located 10 miles north of Lindsay. References: S, Z, PP, U10 and S.

HALL'S BRIDGE, post office, Smith Township, Peterborough County. Located 20 miles north of Peterborough and 12 miles north of Lakefield. Post office established as HALL'S BRIDGE on September 1st, 1860. First Postmaster John Hall. On May 23rd, 1941, the name was changed to BUCKHORN. Office still in operation in 1983. Recently designated a concentrated rural community in Harvey Township, Peterborough County. Located at the junctions of Highway 507 and 36. At times this place has been known as WALLACE POINT. The name was interchangeable when it was called, Hall's Bridge. Present approved name is BUCKHORN. Population 100 in 1886 and 168 in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 78°21'. References: I, T, S, 3Z, 2M, V, 6T, 3B and 5L.

HALL'S CORNERS #1, settlement, Niagara District, Canada West. Located 12 miles south of Stoney Creek, later in the Township of Binbrooke in Wentworth County. Distance from Hamilton is 14 miles and 4 miles from Glanford Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as BINBROOKE on June 6th, 1848. First Postmaster Henry Hall. Office still in operation in 1983. The place was named for Squire Hall as he owned the first general store. Office name spelling changed to BINBROOK on December 16th, 1949. Recently designated a concentrated rural community within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is BINBROOKE. Population 250 in 1892 and 465 in 1976. Map position: 43°07' 79°48'. References: A, C, EE, 7A, I, S, AA, 2W, V, 7B, 5L, 8P, 7R and 6S.

HALL'S CORNERS #2, settlement,Canada West, later Westminster Township, Middlesex County. Located 5 miles southwest of London and 5 miles from Komoka. Post office opened as HALL'S MILLS from 1853 to 1857. First Postmaster Charles Hall in 1853. In 1857, the name of the post office was changed to BYRON. Office closed January 31st, 1962. Byron is now designated an urban community, Part of the City of London formerly in Westminster Township, Middlesex County. The name HALL'S MILLS was in use as a place name between 1850-1870. Byron was Incorporated a Police Village January 29th, 1916 by Bylaw #787. On June 16th, 1954 annexed Part of Westminster Township by Bylaw #2494, effective January 1st, 1955. Byron annexed to City of London, effective January 1st, 1967 by Ontario Municipal Board Order #PFM7054-58. This place, Byron, was named for George Noel Gordon, Lord Byron, an English poet. Population 150 in 1885 and 3,327 in 1956. Map position: 42°57' 81°20'. References: I, 3K, 2W, 7A, B, S, 3R, 5E, V, 6T, 6S, 9L and A.

HALL'S CROSSING, SEE: HALL'S, Victoria County.

HALL'S GLEN, SEE: HALL GLEN, Peterborough County.

HALLS LAKE, dispersed rural community, Stanhope Township, Haliburton County. Located on Gull River Waters, 25 miles from Gelert Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 45 kilometres from Kinmount. Post office established March 1st, 1900 under the name HALL'S LAKE. First Postmaster James Welch. On September 15th, 1957, the post office was changed to a summer post office. Office closed September 14th, 1968. Present approved name is HALLS LAKE. Population 70 in 1908 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 45°07' 78°46'. References: U, PP, 3B, V, 7M, 5L and 6T.

HALL'S MILLS #1, SEE: HALL MILLS, Lanark County.

**HALL'S MILLS #2,** SEE: **HALL'S CORNERS**, Middlesex County.

**HALL'S MILLS #3,** Colborne District, Canada West. Nearest post office at Peterborough in 1848. No further reference to this place. References: C.

**HALL'S MILLS #4**, hamlet, Westminster Township, Middlesex County. Located 6 miles from London, on Dingman Creek and has chiefly become a residential area for London. The second name this place had was **JUNCTION**, alternately **THE JUNCTION.** Post office opened in 1840 named **WESTMINSTER.** In 1857, the post office name was changed to **LAMBETH.** First Postmaster at Westminster post office on January 6th, 1840 was David McPherson. Lambeth has recently been designated a concentrated rural community. Incorporated as a Police Village February 1st, 1908 by Bylaw #609. Ontario Municipal Board Order dissolved the Police Village and divided the Township into 3 wards, by Order M79438, effective December 1st, 1980. Lambeth was named for a borough of London City in England. Present approved name is **LAMBETH.** Population 200 in 1846 and 3,056 in 1980. Map position: 42°54' 81°18'. References: Z, G, C, I, 3S, 5L, 7X, 8P, U, PP, V, 9L and 7D.

**HALL TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°22' 82°24'. References: V.

**HALLVILLE,** SEE: **SMIRLEVILLE**, Dundas County.

**HALPENNY,** dispersed rural community, Lanark Township, Lanark County. At times the name is misspelled as **HALFPENNY.** Located 10 miles west of Almonte Station on CPR and 15 miles north of Perth. Post office established as **HALPENNY** in 1889. First Postmaster Isaac Halpenny. The place was named for him. Office closed January 1st, 1965. Present approved name is **HALPENNY.** Population 30 in 1893. Map position: 45°07' 76°17'. References: I, Z, 7D, 5L, V and U10.

**HALSEY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°43' 83°41'. References: V.

**HALSTEAD BEACH,** dispersed rural community, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Located 19 kilometres from Port Hope, 3 miles from Bewdley and 5 miles from Gores Landing. Post office established as **HALSTEAD BEACH**, summer office, on August 4th, 1961. First Postmaster Mrs. Doris A. Frankowski. Present approved name is **HALSTEAD BEACH.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°06' 78°17'. References: U, V, 5L and 6T.

**HALSTEADS BAY,** SEE: **HOLSTEAD BAY**, Leeds County.

**HALSTON,** dispersed rural community, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Located 14 miles northeast of Belleville and 6 miles from Plainfield. Post office established as **HALSTON** IN 1880. First Postmaster John Collins. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **HALSTON.** Population 50 in 1892 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 49°19' 77°14'. References: I, S, AA, MM, 5L, V, 6T and 5V.

**HALTON COUNTY,** Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C.70, S.126, effective January 1st, 1974. Area 3,362 square miles, 232,000 acres. Population 18,322 in 1852 and 106,967 in 1966. Halton County was named for William Halton in 1816, who was the Secretary of Governor Francis Gore. This County was Incorporated into the Regional Municipality of Halton on January 1st, 1974. References: HH, M, 2R, 2W and 7D.

**HALTON (REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF),** Inhabitants of the regional area constituted a body corporate as "Regional Municipality of Halton"by Ontario Statute 1973, C.70, S.6, SS(1) effective October 15th, 1973. Area municipalities constituted by Ontario Statute 1973, C.70, S.2, SS(1), effective January 1st, 1974. Note: County of Halton dissolved on January 1st, 1974 by Ontario Statute 1973, C.70, S.126. Halton County: History of Incorporation, Wentworth and Halton counties were united for judicial and other purposes by Canada Statutes 1849, C.78, SCH.A. - effective January 1st, 1850. Counties of Wentworth, Halton and Brant were united for municipal, judicial and other purposes by Canada Statutes 1851, C.5, SCH.B.- effective January 1st, 1852. Proclamation dated and effective January 22nd, 1853 separated County of Brant from United Counties of Wentworth, Halton and Brant. Proclamation dated December 27th, 1854 separated Wentworth and Halton Counties effective January 1st, 1855. Population 240,248 in 1980. Map position: 43°30' 79°53'. References: M, HH and V.

**HALTON HILLS (TOWN OF)**, in Regional Municipality of Halton. **TOWN OF NORTH HALTON** formed from amalgamation of Town of Acton, Town of Georgetown, Part of Township of Esquesing, Part of Town of Oakville, effective January 1st, 1974. Change of name from **TOWN OF NORTH HALTON** to Halton Hills, effective January 1st, 1974. Population 34,447 in 1976. Halton Hills was named for Major William Halton. Present approved name is **HALTON HILLS.** Map position: 43°37' 79°56'. References: 5K, M, HH, 5K and V.

**HALTONVILLE**, SEE: **SODOM**, Halton County.

**HAMAN'S CAMP**, settlement, Stoddart Township, Cochrane District. Located 16 miles from Hearst and 10 miles from Calstock. Post office established April 30th, 1942 under the name **CAREY LAKE.** First Postmaster Adelard Haman. Office closed April 29th, 1946. Present approved name is **CAREY LAKE.** Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 49°46' 84°01'. References: V, U and 6T.

**HAMBLETON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°52' 85°06'. References: V.

**HAMBLEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°17' 82°34'. References: V.

**HAMBURG #1**, SEE: **HAM'S CORNERS**, Lennox County.

**HAMBURG #2**, hamlet, Wilmot Township, Waterloo County. Located 6 miles from Petersburgh, 75 miles west of Toronto and 13 miles west of Berlin (later Kitchener) and on the River Nith. Post office established May 6th, 1851. First Postmaster William Scott. Office still in operation in 1983. This post office was named **NEW HAMBURG.** Place was sometimes misspelled as **NEW HAMBURGH.** New Hamburg was Incorporated as a Village in 1858 and as a Town in 1966. On January 1st, 1973 it was Incoporated into the **TOWNSHIP OF WILMOT.** This Town still possesses the original charters given by Queen Victoria, granting the privilege to set up markets and carry on business. The place was laid out in 1832. Recently designated as an urban community in the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Present approved name is **NEW HAMBURG.** Population 300 in 1846, 1,500 in 1893 and 2,466 in 1969. Map position: 43°23' 80°42'. References: G, 5L, A, U10, I, P, S, HH, 2T, 2Y, F, 2F, 7A, 8Q, V and 7D.

**HAMBURG #3**, dispersed rural community, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Located 18 miles southeast of St. Thomas and 7 miles from Aylmer. Post office established October 1st, 1853 named **SALEM.** First Postmaster W.L. Dexter. In 1868, the post office name was changed to **MOUNT SALEM.** Office closed August 14th, 1914. Present approved name is **MOUNT SALEM.** Population 50 in 1893 and 186 in 1976. Map position: 42°43' 80°56'. References: PP, I, 3K, A, S, 5L, 3B, U10 and V.

**HAMBURGH**, SEE: **HAM'S CORNERS**, Lennox County.

**HAMER BAY**, dispersed rural community, Humphrey Township, Parry Sound District. Summer post office established August 12th, 1946 as **HAMER BAY** on lot 30, concession 7, located 3 1/2 miles from Gordon Bay and 16 kilometres from MacTier. First Postmaster John J. Hamer. Present approved name is **HAMER BAY.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°14' 79°47'. References: U, 5L, V and 6T.

**HAMER'S CORNERS**, SEE: **WINDSOR BAY**, Ontario County.

**HAMELL'S POINT**, sometimes misspelled as **HAMILLS POINT.** A post office which opened in 1891. First Postmaster Thomas Hamell. On June 23rd, 1931, the post office name was changed to **THE HIGHLANDS.** This place is located on the southwest shore of Lake Joseph, Medora Township, Muskoka District and is 30 miles northwest of Gravenhurst and is reached in the summer time by steamer on Muskoka Lakes from Muskoka Wharf, a station on Grand Trunk Railway. On May 1st, 1935 post office name was changed back to **HAMMIL'S POINT.** On November 1st, 1937 the post office was permanently closed. Present approved name is **HAMILL'S POINT.** Map position: 45°08' 79°43' References: I, S, AA, PP, SS, V and 6T.

**HAMILL'S POINT**, SEE: **HAMELL'S POINT**, Muskoka District.

HAMILTON #1, SEE: **BURLINGTON BAY #1**, Wentworth County.

HAMILTON #2, SEE: **AMHERST**, Northumberland County.

HAMILTON BEACH, SEE: **BURLINGTON BEACH**, Wentworth County.

HAMILTON CORNER, SEE: **BROCK ROAD #2**, Wellington County.

HAMILTON FIELD, SEE: **HAMILTONSFIELD**, Renfrew County.

**HAMILTON HEIGHTS**, urban community, within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 3 km southeast of Baden, 4 km northeast of Punkeydoodle Corners and 23 km east of Stratford. Present approved name is **HAMILTON HEIGHTS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°24' 80°42'. References: V+ and 5L.

HAMILTON HEIGHTS SUBDIVISION, Gwillimbury East Township, York County. Population 140 in 1956. References: 5E.

HAMILTON ISLAND, Located 14 km from Cornwall and 6 km from Summerstown, Glengarry County. This reference dated 1980. References: U.

HAMILTON MUNICIPALITY, includes the Communities of:

Ancaster
Dundas
Glanford
Glanford Station
Saltfleet
Stoney Creek, in 1984. Reference: F.

HAMILTON PIERS, summer office, established as **HAMILTON PIERS**, on August 21st, 1913, Wentworth County. Located 8 miles from Hamilton and 1/2 mile from Hamilton Beach. First Postmaster W.E. Carson. Office closed in 1918. No other reference to this post office. References: 6T.

HAMILTON'S, SEE: HAMILTONSFIELD, Renfrew County.

HAMILTON'S FIELD, dispersed rural community, Stafford Township, Renfrew County. Located as a suburb of Pembroke, 5 km west of Forest Lea, 7 km south of Kramer and 8 km north of Don Mills. In 1974, the place is HAMILTONSFIELD, one word. Present approved name is HAMILTONSFIELD. Population 929 in 1956 and 1,349 in 1966. Map position: 45°49' 77°09'. References: 3B, 5A, 5E, 5L and V.

HAMILTON'S MILLS, SEE: Le CHENAL, Prescott County.

HAMILTON SUBDIVISION, subdivision near Guelph, Guelph Township, Wellington County. Located 3 km north of Guelph, 13 km southwest of Rockwood and 17 km southeast of Fergus. Population 33 in 1961 and 196 in 1976. References: 5A, 5L and 3B.

HAMILTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Northumberland County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P5255-68, dated May 29th, 1968. Population 5,608 in 1852 and 8,798 in 1980. Map position: 44°03' 78°13'. References: HH, 3H, M, 2W and V.

HAMILTON-WENTWORTH (REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF), Inhabitants of Regional area constituted a body corporated as Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth by Ontario Statute 1973, C.74, S.6, SS(1), effective October 15th, 1973. Area municipalities constituted by Ontario Statue 1973, C.74, S.2, SS(1), effective January 1st, 1974. Note: County of Wentworth dissolved, effective January 1st, 1974 by Ontario Statute 1973, C.74, S.126.

Wentworth County - History of Incorporation: By Canada Statutes 1849, C.78, SCH.A. - Counties of Wentworth and Halton were United for Judicial and Other purposes, effective January 1st, 1850. By Canada Statutes 1851, C.5, SCH.B.- Counties of Wentworth, Halton and Brant United for Municipal, Judicial and Other purposes, effective January 1st, 1852. Proclamation dated and effective January 22nd, 1853, Brant County disunited from United Counties of Wentworth, Halton and Brant. Proclamation dated December 27th, 1854 - Wentworth and Halton Counties were separated effective January 1st, 1855. Population 407,759 in 1980. Map position: 43°15' 80°00'. References: M, HH and V.

**HAMILTON WEST,** SEE: **RED BANK**, Wentworth County.*

**HAMLACK,** SEE: **HEMLOCK**, Norfolk County.

**HAMLET #1,** hamlet, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 12 miles from Orillia, 4 miles from Severn Bridge Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 11 miles south of Gravenhurst. This place was named for Shakespeare's well known character, Hamlet. Post office established as **HAMLET** September 1st, 1895. First Postmaster Joseph H. Jones. Office closed February 15th, 1916. Present approved name is **HAMLET**. Winter population 50 in 1913 and summer population 1,000 in 1913. References: MM, PP, JJ, 5U, 5L and 6T.

**HAMLET #2,** SEE: **BURGESS**, Lanark County.

**HAMLET TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°09' 81°45'. References: V.

**HAMMELL TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°41' 79°34'. References: V.

**HAMMER MILLS,** in an unorganized area, Thunder Bay District. Population 114 in 1951. References: 3B.

**HAMMERTOWN,** dispersed rural community, King Township, York County, later within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 3 miles from Coventry, 4 miles from Mount Wolfe and 11 kilometres from Bolton. Post office established June 1st, 1912. First Postmaster Robert Barry. Office named **HAMMERTOWN**. Office closed September 9th, 1947. Present approved name is **HAMMERTOWN**. Population 15 in 1976. Map position: 43°56' 79°45'. References: U, 3G, V, 5L and 6T.

**HAMMETTSHOLME,** post office, Whitchurch Township, York County. Located 2 miles from Lemonville. Post office established as **HAMMETTSHOLME** on January 1st, 1865. First Postmaster James Hammett. Office named for the first postmaster. Closed on December 10th, 1869. Office name misspelled as **HAMMETSHOLME**. No recent reference to this place. References: I, 4F and 7B.

**HAMMOND #1,** SEE: **GOTHAM #1**, Perth County.

**HAMMOND #2,** concentrated rural community, Clarence Township, Russell County. Located 14 miles southeast of Plantegenet Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 8 miles from Rockland Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 8 miles from South Indian Station on Grand Trunk Railway. This place is on CPR and Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. **HAMMOND STATION** at mile 2819 on CPR east of The Brook (1903). Post office established as **HAMMOND**, in 1895. First Postmaster W.F. Empey. He named the office Hammond for Mr. Hammond who owned a large pork packing company in Chicago. Office still in operation in 1983. Parish name **ST. MATHIEU**. Present approved name is **HAMMOND**. Population 200 in 1907 and 226 in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 75°14'. References: S, PP, 3B, V, 5H, 6S and 7D.

**HAMMONDSVILLE,** settlement. Located 2 miles from Clarkson Station, 6 miles from Oakville and 17 miles southeast of Milton, in Trafalgar Township, Halton County. Post office established March 1st, 1857 and named **SHERIDAN** to honour the Irish playwright, Richard Brinsley Sheridan. First Postmaster, a French Canadian, Napoleon Henriod. Office closed on April 30th, 1956. This place was established in the 1820's and founded by Ranson Hammond for whom the place is named. He had a store located on First Line now Queen Elizabeth Highway at the crossroad of now Winston Churchill Boulevard. The Sheridan post office was on the southwest corner and the Methodist Church across the way. Stained glass and pews are in the United Church at Clarkson and the

Sheridan post office building was removed to the Agricultural Museum in Milton where it is today. Office closed September 1st, 1956. Recently designated a dispersed rural community and is now Part of the CITY OF MISSISSAUGA in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is SHERIDAN. Population 100 in 1875 and 50 in 1907. Map position: 43°31' 79°40'. References: I, A, "J. Strang (POA)", "Sheridan College", S, V and DD.

HAMMOND TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 23, Range 17. Sudbury District.

HAMMONDVILLE, SEE: HAMMONDSVILLE, Peel County.

HAMON, Glanford Township, Wentworth County. Population 52 in 1951. References: 3B.

HAMPDEN, SEE: SCOTCH BLOCK #4, Grey County.

HAMPEL, dispersed rural community, Stafford Township, Renfrew County. Located 2 km southwest of Pembroke, 7 km northwest of Stonebrook and 15 km southeast of Petawawa. Present approved name is HAMPELSFIELD. Population 98 in 1961 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°49' 77°08'. References: V, 5L and 5A.

HAMPELSFIELD, SEE: HAMPEL, Renfrew County.

HAMPSHIRE, SEE: HAMPSHIRE MILLS, Simcoe County.

HAMPSHIRE MILLS, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 6 miles north of Orillia and 86 miles north of Toronto. Post office established as HAMPSHIRE MILLS in 1874. First Postmaster William Leef, a retired British army officer. He named the place for his native place in England. Office closed October 1st, 1915. Misspelled name for this place HAMSHIRE and it was locally known as HAMPSHIRE. Present approved name is HAMPSHIRE MILLS. Population 50 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°42' 79°27'. References: I, AA, PP, JJ, V, 5L, 6T and 5T.

HAMPSTEAD, SEE: GRANT'S CORNERS #2, Perth County.

HAMPTON, SEE: ELLIOTTS MILLS, Durham County. (Darlington Township).

HAMPTON HEIGHTS urban community, Part of CITY OF HAMILTON in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Map position: 43°13' 79°50'. References: V.

HAMPTON PARK, Police Village, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Incorporated December 31st, 1948. Dissolved and Annexed to the City of Ottawa, January 1st, 1949 by Ontario Municipal Board Order PFB8464. This is probably the shortest record for Police Village status. References: U and 9L.

HAM'S CORNERS #1, dispersed rural community, South Fredericksburgh Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 7 miles from Napanee, 3 miles from Fredericksburgh Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as HAMBURG on October 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Richard Kane. In 1877 post office name was changed to HAWLEY. Office closed June 1st, 1913.Present approved name is HAWLEY. Population 50 in 1875 and 115 in 1966. Map position: 44°11' 76°52'. References: 7B, I, A, 3J, 8Q, 5A, V, 5L and 6T.

HAM'S CORNERS #2, The second name this place had was COULTHARD'S CORNERS; the third name was MONTICELLO. This place began as a hamlet on the borders of the Townships of Brock and Mariposa, and the Counties of Ontario and Victoria. Located 12 miles west of Lindsay and 1 1/2 miles north of Manilla Junction on Grand Trunk Railway. The post office opened as MARIPOSA on August 6th, 1836. First Postmaster Joseph Pearson. The post office name was Mariposa but the place name at that time was Coulthard's Corners. In 1857, the post office name was changed to MANILLA after a public meeting was called to decide upon a new post office name. Office still in operation in 1983. At the 1852 meeting it was decided that both the post office and the place would be named the same name, Manilla. First settler S. Patterson in 1827. The name, Ham's Corners, is due to the fact that Jacob Ham had the first log store. Monticello was the place name in use before 1852. Coulthard was for an early

settler and Mariposa for the Township in which it was located. Second place name was misspelled as **COULTER'S CORNERS.** The modern location of this place is on Highway #7 and Highway #2. In 1974 Brock Township became Part of Durham and Mariposa Township became Part of Victoria County. Present approved name is **MANILLA.** Population 400 in 1892 and 224 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 78°52'. References: 7D, 3G, V, 5L, 8E, 7X, 8P, S, I, EE, AA, and 3B.

**HAMSVILLE,** Matilda Township, Dundas County. Post master W. Dillon. This reference dated 1881. This may be an error listing for Hallsville in Dundas County. There is no further reference to this place. References: 5V and 9F.

**HANBURY,** dispersed rural community, Harley Township, Timiskaming District. Located 4 miles from Uno Park, 113 miles north of North Bay. This place is named for a small Village near Birmingham, England and the name was suggested by James White. The name was given on January 1st, 1903 and the post office established as **HANBURY** March 1st, 1903. First Postmaster William J. Emerson. Office closed February 28th, 1962. Present approved name is **HANBURY.** Population 22 in 1976. Map position: 47°36' 79°40'. References: S, PP, V, 5L, 7Q, 7D and 6T.

**HANCOCK TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 22, Range 17,** Sudbury District.

**HANDLEMAN TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 6 G,** Algoma District.

**HANEY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°02' 82°34'. References: V.

**HANLAN #1,** dispersed rural community, Toronto Township, Peel County, later Part of City of Mississauga in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 5 miles northeast of Streetsville Station on CPR 7 miles southeast of Brampton. Post office established as **HANLAN,** in 1879. First Postmaster George Johnston. Office closed July 1st, 1911. This place was named for the famous Canadian oarsman Ned Hanlan. Present approved name is **HANLAN.** Population 100 in 1895. Map position: 43°39' 79°39'. References: I, S, AA, Z, 3G, 3C, V, 6T and 5V.

**HANLAN #2,** Hanlan Township, Cochrane District. Population 58 in 1956. References: 5E.

**HANLANS POINT,** urban community, on **TORONTO ISLANDS,** (local name) Part of City of Toronto in County of York. Named for Ned Hanlan, world-famous oarsman. Present approved name is **HANLANS POINT.** Map position: 43°38' 79°23'. References: V and V+.

**HANLAN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 83°46'. References: V.

**HANMER,** concentrated rural community, Hanmer Township, Nipissing District, later Capreol Township, Sudbury District, now Part of Town of Valley East. Located 7 miles west of Sudbury, 4 miles south of Capreol.Post office established as **HANMER** on October 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Napoleon Menard. Office still in operation in 1983. **HANMER STATION** served by CNR. Present approved name is **HANMER.** Population 325 in 1941, 4,944 in 1971 and after 1976 population included in Valley East. Map position: 46°39' 80°56'. References: 3B, 2Y, S,MM, PP, 7Q and V.

**HANMER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Incorporated January 1st, 1904. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order N7252-64 and N7322-64, dated November 21st, 1966. On January 1st, 1967, the Incorporation of the Township of Capreol and Hanmer took place. Map position: 46°41' 81°01'. References: HH, M and V.

**HANNA,** station, on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,058 feet above sea level and located 10 miles from Fitzback (later Hornepayne), Algoma District. References: L3.

**HANNAH,** Cochrane District. Located 16 km southeast of Cochrane and 55 miles north of Moosonee. Settled by World War I veterans and Dutch immigrants. Known as **HANNAH BAY** and by May, 1957, officially changed to **HANNAH BAY CAMP** by Ontario Northland Railway and CNR railway. Name not approved. Population 52 in 1978. Map position: 48°56' 81°00'. References: R2, U, SS and 6V.

HANNAH BAY, SEE: HANNAH, Cochrane District.

HANNAH BAY CAMP, SEE: HANNAH, Cochrane District.

HANNAHSVILLE, hamlet, Nelson Township and in the United Counties of Wentworth and Halton. Located 11 miles from Hamilton, 36 miles from Toronto and 11 miles from Dundas. In 1806, Caleb Hopkins settled in the area and declared it to be a community and named it after his wife, Hannah. Post office established 1822 and named NELSON. First Postmaster George Notman. Post office closed December 1st, 1913. Recently designated a dispersed rural community now Part of City of Burlington in the Regional Municipality of Halton. On October 9th, 1980, at Guelph Line just north of Highway 5, a sign was erected commemorating the now defunct Village of Nelson. However the present approved name for the locality is NELSON. Population 50 in 1846. Map position: 43°23' 79°50'. References: 5B, 1B, G, Burlington Post October 8th, 1980, 6T, 7X and V.

HANNAHVILLE, concentrated rural community, McKillop and Grey Townships, Huron County. Located on a branch of the Maitland River, 20 miles southeast of Goderich the County Seat and 5 miles southwest of Brussels Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office named WALTON established January 1st, 1862. First Postmaster George Biggar. Post office still in operation in 1973. First settled in 1852 by John Herritt and his family on Lot 1 Concession 18, Grey Township. He gave the hamlet its first name, calling it HANNAHVILLE after his wife's first name. It was known by this name a very short period of time as there was another Hannahville, so Mr. Herritt then called the place Walton, after his native Town in England. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is WALTON. Population 200 in 1892 and 108 in 1976. Map position: 43°41' 81°18'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3B, 3N, V, 5L, 9F and 7D.

HANNA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°56' 81°00'. References: V.

HANNING, station on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,010 feet above sea level. Located between Jackpine Station and Blackwater Station, 888.1 miles from Montreal on the Montreal to Port Arthur line, Thunder Bay District in 1915. References: L3 and L.

HANNIWELL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°04' 90°53'. References: V.

HANNON, dispersed rural community, Barton Township, Wentworth County, later Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 6 miles south of Hamilton and 1 1/6 miles from Rymal Station. Post office established as HANNON, on March 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Joseph Hannon for whom the place is named. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is HANNON. Population 100 in 1886 and 310 in 1956. Map position: 43°11' 79°50'. References: I, T, S, PP, 3R, 5E, 3K and V.

HANOVER, SEE: BENTINCK #2, Bruce and Grey County.

HANSEN #1, Cochrane District, located near Hearst. Date of reference 1980. References: U.

HANSEN #2, SEE: HALE #3, Algoma District.

HAPPY HOLLOW, dispersed rural community, West Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 1 km northeast of Vankleek hill, 9 km south of Hawkesbury and 14 km northwest of St. Eugene. Present approved name is HAPPY HOLLOW. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°32' 74°38'. References: 5L and V.

HAPPYLAND, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 4 km north of Orillia, 5 km south of Cumberland Beach and 16 km east of Eady. Present approved name is HAPPYLAND. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°40' 79°25'. References: 5L, B and V.

HAPPY VALLEY #1, dispersed rural community, King Township, York County, later in Regional Municipality of York. Located 2 km southeast of Pottageville, 6 km northwest of Kingscross Estates and 10 km west of Aurora. Present approved name is HAPPY VALLEY. Population 72 in 1961 and 131 in 1971. Map position: 43°59' 79°36'. References: B, 3B, 5L, 5A and V.

**HAPPY VALLEY #2**, dispersed rural community, Falconbridge Township, Sudbury District, later Part of Town of Nickel Centre in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved name is **HAPPY VALLEY**. Population 189 in 1961 and 92 in 1971. After 1976 population included in Nickel Centre. Map position: 46°34' 80°48'. References: 3B, 5A and V.

**HARBORD**, hamlet, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Located 2 miles from Ottawa. The experimental farm of the Dominion Government is located in Harbord. Post office established as **HARBORD**, in 1890. First Postmaster William McAdoo. Office closed June 18th, 1913. Population 500 in 1895 and 400 in 1908. No recent references to this place or post office. References: I, S, AA, Z, PP and 6T.

**HARBOUR HEIGHTS**, Flamborough East Township, Wentworth County. Population 54 in 1956. References: 5E.

**HARBURN**, SEE: **WICKSTEAD**, Haliburton County.

**HARBURN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°12' 78°24'. References: V.

**HARCOURT #1**, dispersed rural community, Harcourt Township, Nipissing District, later shown in Haliburton County. Located 27 km from Bancroft. **HARCOURT STATION** on the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway, formerly the railway name was **MUNSALL STATION**. Post office established (in Peterborough County,) on March 1st, 1903 and named **HARCOURT**. First Postmaster Dell Davis. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **HARCOURT**. Population 65 in 1972 and 141 in 1980. Map position: 45°05' 78°09'. References: DD, 7Q, S, U, 5L, PP, O and V.

**HARCOURT #2**, post office, Horton Township, Renfrew County. Located on the Canada Central Railway, 32 miles southeast of Pembroke and 2 1/2 miles from Haley's Station. Post office established February 1st, 1868 and named **HARCOURT**. First Postmaster John W. Squires. The office closed 1887. Population 100 in 1885. No recent references to this place. References: I, T, AA, 3R and 3Q.

**HARCOURT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°08' 78°12'. References: V.

**HARDIMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°00' 82°06'. References: V.

**HARDINGE**, hamlet, Barrie Township, Frontenac County. Located on the Mississippi River, 70 miles northwest of Kingston and 20 miles northwest of Kaladar Station on CPR. Post office established 1860. First Postmaster Mr. Hawley Stevens. Post office named **HARDINGE** sometimes mispelled as **HARDINGS**. Population 40 in 1875 and 75 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, A, AA, PP, 3Y, 7N and 5T.

**HARDINGS**, SEE: **HARDINGE**, Addington County.

**HARDINGTON**, urban community, York County, later Part of Borough of North York in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located 1/2 mile east of Weston, 2 miles west of Park Road sub-post office and 1 1/2 miles north of Toronto. Post office established as **HARDINGTON** on April 3rd, 1936. First Postmaster C.B. Lawrence. Status of office changed to sub-post office of Toronto July 1st, 1947. Name changed to **WESTON SUB #1** March 16th, 1959. Present approved name is **HARDINGTON**,(1974). Map position: 43°43' 79°30'. References: U, H. Barton, V and 6T.

**HARDROCK**, concentrated rural community, Ashmore Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 3 1/2 miles from Geralton, 18 1/2 miles from Longlac and 30 miles from Jellicoe. Post office established as **HARDROCK** on November 14th, 1934. First Postmaster Malcolm MacLean. Office closed December 9th, 1935. Present approved name is **HARDROCK**. Population 25 in 1976. Map position: 49°43' 86°53'. References: U, 6T, 5L and V.

**HARDROCK MINES**, dispersed rural community, Ashmore Township, Thunder Bay District. Present approved name is **HARDROCK MINES**. Population 40 in 1972. Map position: 49°41' 86°55'. References: V and O.

**HARDROCK TOWNSITE**, Ashmore Township, Thunder Bay District. Population 31 in 1971 and 25 in 1976. References:

3B.

HARDSCRABBLE #1, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. Reference dated 1879. References: UU.

HARDSCRABBLE #2, SEE: AMHERST, Northumberland County.

HARDSCRABBLE #3, SEE: GLENARM, Victoria County.

HARDWICK, Eastnor Township, Bruce County. Reference date 1977. Reference: B.

HARDWICK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°12' 90°05'. References: V.

HARDWOOD CREEK (1825), Portland Township, Frontenac County, located on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, 22 miles north of Kingston and 5 kilometres from Verona. Post office established as HARTINGDON in 1867. First Postmaster William Kennedy. In 1867, the post office name was changed to HARTINGTON and the name was given because the place was in the heart of the Township. Post office still in operation in 1983. First settlers the Dennison's. The place was called DENNISON'S CORNERS when they first settled. The first Crown Land Grant in 1825 was to Thomas Beforth Sigsworth. Present approved name is HARTINGTON. Population 40 in 1885 and 158 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 76°40'. References: 5L, 6E, 7D, I, DT, S, 3B, 3R and 4F.

HARDWOOD LAKE, dispersed rural community, Raglan Township, Renfrew County. Located 50 miles southeast of Pembroke, 30 miles from Killaloe Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 9 miles from Golden Lake. Post office established as HARDWOOD LAKE, 1895. First Postmaster Charles Marquardt. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is HARDWOOD LAKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°13' 77°26'. References: I, S, PP, 5U, 5L, V and 9J.

HARDY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 46°00' 79°56'. References: U.

HAREWOOD, Ernestown Township, Lennox and Addington County. Population 79 in 1971. References: 3V.

HAREWOOD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°02' 81°10'. Reference: V.

HARFRED, railway point, Pedley Township, Nipissing District. This is a station on the CNR main line at an altitude of 733 feet above sea level in 1915. Present approved name is HARFRED. Map position: 46°24' 79°51'. References: U, L3 and V.

HARGROVE, flag station, Hamilton Beach, Wentworth County. Located 2 miles south of Burlington and 8 miles north of Hamilton. This station is on the North and Northwestern Division of Grand Trunk Railway and is noted between 1895 and 1907. No recent reference to this station. References: S and Z.

HARKAWAY, dispersed rural community, Euphrasia Township, Grey County. Located 20 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 5 miles northeast of Berkeley Station on the Toronto, Goderich and Buffalo Line of CPR. Post office established as HARKAWAY in 1875. First Postmaster James Logan. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Present approved name is HARKAWAY. Population 100 in 1892 and 150 in 1908. Map position: 44°25' 80°40'. References: I, S, 5L, AA, PP, V, 6T and 5V.

HARKER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°30' 79°49'. Reference: V.

HARLAN GARDENS, Sarnia Township, Lambton County. Population 121 in 1951. Reference: 3B.

HARLEM, dispersed rural community, Bastard Township, Leeds County. Located 16 miles from Irish Creek, 24 miles northwest of Brockville and 4 miles from Elgin Station on the Brockville, Westport and Northwestern Railway, later on the Brockville, Westport and Sault Ste. Marie Railway which finally became Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as HARLEM on September 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Asher A. Chamberlain. Office closed by 1972. This place name sometimes mispelled as HARLAM. First settler Eli Dowsett who built the

first grist mill. Present approved name is **HARLEM**. Population 150 in 1857 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 44°40' 76°08'. References: I, A, S, EE, 5L, PP, 3B, 3J, 6E, V, 8Q and 9J.

**HARLEY,** SEE: **DERBY**, Brant County.

**HARLEY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1904. Quieting Order, C6707, dated March 19th, 1953. Population 550 in 1977 and 612 in 1980. Map position: 47°38' 79°42'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**HARLOCK,** dispersed rural community, Hullett Township, Huron County. Located 20 miles southeast of Goderich and 4 miles south of Blyth Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established June 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Thomas Neilans. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **HARLOCK**. Population 125 in 1885 and under 100 in 1908. Map position: 43°41' 81°23'. References: I, 5L, S, AA, PP, 3R, V, 6T and 5X.

**HARLOWE,** dispersed rural community, Barrie Township, Frontenac County. Located 85 miles northwest of Kingston, 10 miles north of Arden Station on CPR, 18 miles east of Hungerford and 15 miles west of Sharbot Lake. Post office established as **HARLOWE**, in 1871. First Postmaster D.W. Wait. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is **HARLOWE**. Population 80 in 1893 and 27 in 1976. Map position: 44°48' 77°05'. References: I, AA, Z, S, PP, 3B, U10, 5L, V, 5Y and 9J.

**HARMON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°02' 82°10'. Reference: V.

**HARMONY #1,** SEE: **KENTVALE**, Algoma District.

**HARMONY #2,** dispersed rural community, South Easthope Township, Perth County. Located 2 1/2 miles south of Stratford and on the Downie and South Easthope Town Line. Post office established as **HARMONY** in 1867. First Postmaster Edmund Corbett. Office closed 1890. Present approved name is **HARMONY**. Population 80 in 1875 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 43°19' 80°57'. References: I, A, AA, 3B, 5L, V, 4F and 1W.

**HARMONY #3,** surburban community, East Whitby Township, Ontario County, later Durham County. Located 1 mile from Highway #2, near Prince Albert and a suburb of Oshawa. Settled in 1877. Map position: 43°54' 78°50'. References: U, V, 6V and 1R.

**HARMONY #4,** dispersed rural community, Winchester Township, Dundas County. Located 5 km southeast of Vernon, 8 km northwest of Winchester, 10 km south of Kenmore and 15 km east of Osgoode. Population 11 in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 75°25'. References: V and 5L.

**HARMONY BEACH,** dispersed rural community, Havilland Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is **HARMONY BEACH**. Map position: 46°51' 84°22'. Reference: V+.

**HARN'S BAY,** hamlet, Darling Township, Lanark County. This tiny hamlet was named for a lumberman, Alex Harn who died in 1863. Reference: 7D.

**HAROLD,** hamlet, Rawdon Township, Hastings County. Located 21 miles northwest of Belleville, 1 mile east of Harold Station on Central Ontario Railway and 4 miles from Central Ontario Junction on Central Ontario Railway. Post office established as **HAROLD**, in 1856. First Postmaster W. M. Williams. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is **HAROLD**. Population 30 in 1893 and 30 in 1913. Map position: 44°23' 77°35'. References: I, S, DD, PP, U10, V and 9J.

**HARPER,** dispersed rural community, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 7 miles west of Perth and northwest of Glen Tay. Post office established as **HARPER**, in 1864. First Postmaster Joseph Warren. Office closed July 1st, 1914. First settled in 1818 by Archibald Campbell. The Village is named for Joseph Harper who bought 40 acres in 1840. Present approved name is **HARPER**. Population 75 in 1885 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 44°55' 76°21'. References: I, S, MM, 3R, V, 6T, 7U and 4V.

HARPER CORNERS, SEE: HARPER'S CORNERS, Wentworth County.

HARPERHAY, SEE: HARPURHEY, Huron County.

HARPER'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, West Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, recently within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 6 miles from Dundas. Post office established as HARPER'S CORNERS, on November 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Michael Carson. Office closed January 31st, 1928. This place was settled in 1823 and the first settler was Mr. Harper. Present approved name is HARPER CORNERS. Population 50 in 1908 and 77 in 1976. Map position: 43°22' 79°59'. References: B, MM, PP, 3B, V, 7M, 6T and 7D.

HARPKUREY, SEE: HARPURHAY, Huron County.

HARPLEY, dispersed rural community, Stephen Township, Huron County. Located 33 miles south of Goderich and 8 miles north of Parkhill on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as HARPLEY, on April 1st, 1872. First Postmaster Thomas H. Hayter. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is HARPLEY. Population 50 in 1892 and 10 in 1893. Map position: 43°16' 81°43'. References: I, S, AA, PP, U10, V, 6T and 5X.

HARPURHEY, hamlet, Tuckersmith Township, Huron County. Located 20 miles from Goderich, 25 miles from Stratford and 113 miles from Toronto. Post office established 1836 named McKILLOP. First Postmaster Adolphus Meyer. In 1854, this post office was moved to Seaforth and a new office was opened here, in 1867, named HARPURHEY. The first Postmaster for that post office was M. MacDermid who later resigned; the office was closed since it was no longer required. Founded by Dr. Chalk in 1831. The place name has been mispelled as HARPKUREY and in 1974 was spelled as HARPERHAY. Present approved name is HARPURHEY. Population 200 in 1857 and 147 in 1976. References: I, EE, 1G, 8Q, 3B, 3S, 5L, 7X and G.

HARRETSVILLE, SEE: HARRIETSVILLE, Middlesex County.

HARRIETS CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Brudenell Township, Renfrew County. Located 13 km northeast of Guadeville, 20 km southeast of Barrys Bay and 6 km southwest of Brudenell. Present approved name is HARRIETS CORNERS. Map position: 45°25' 77°27'. References: V and 5L.

HARRIETSVILLE, dispersed rural community, North Dorchester Township, Middlesex County. Located 18 miles southwest of London and 2 miles from Harrietsville Station on CPR. Post office established as HARRIETSVILLE, on January 1st, 1856. First Postmaster John McMillan. Office still operating in 1983. This place sometimes mispelled as HARRETSVILLE. Present approved name is HARRIETSVILLE. Population 200 in 1886 and 175 in 1980. Map position: 42°55' 81°00'. References: B, I, T, S, U, Z, DD, 3B, V, 5L, F, 8U and 9J.

HARRINGTON, SEE: SPRINGVILLE #2, Oxford County.

HARRINGTON WEST, SEE: SPRINGVILLE #2, Oxford County.

HARRISBURG, SEE: VROOMANIA, Brant County.

HARRIS HILL, dispersed rural community, Spohn Township, Rainy River District. Located 13 miles from McInnis Creek and 19 miles from Rainy River. Post office established as HARRIS HILL, on October 1st, 1918. First Postmaster E.G. Forsyth. Office closed December 1st, 1955. Present approved name is HARRIS HILL. Population 72 in 1951. Map position: 48°55' 94°32'. References: U, 3B, 5L, V and 6T.

HARRIS LAKE #1, dispersed rural community, Wallbridge Township, Parry Sound District. Located 19 kilometres from Pointe au Baril. Post office opened as HARRIS LAKE, on July 1st,1965. First Postmaster William Edward James Chillman. Present approved name is HARRIS LAKE. Map position: 45°42' 80°23'. References: 6T, 5L, U and V.

HARRIS LAKE #2, unincorporated community, District of Thunder Bay. This is a named place with no present population in 1978. Map position: 48°48' 79°59'. References: R2.

HARRISON PARK AND CAMP GROUND, SEE: INGLIS FALLS, Grey County.

HARRISONS CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Cornwall Township, Stormount County. Located 11 miles north of Cornwall and 6 miles north of Milie Roches Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as HARRISONS CORNERS, on August 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Angus D. McGillis. Office closed by 1972. Place was named for Henry Harrison who owned the general store. Present approved name is HARRISONS CORNERS. Population 100 in 1886 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 74°54'. References: I, 5L, T, S, 3B, V, 5Y and 9J.

HARRISON'S CROSSING, dispersed rural community, Essa Township, Simcoe County. This place was named for Mr. Harrison who owned the saw mill. The name changed to COLWELL when William W. Colwell bought the mill and land nearby in 1896. Located 6 miles southwest of Barrie, on Bear Creek, and 5 miles from Angus. Local name for the place HARRISON'S. When the Northern Railway came to town, it was named HARRISON'S STATION. Post office established as COLEWELL in 1879. First Postmaster W. W. Colwell. Post office closed February 15th, 1950. In 1924, the station named COLWELL JUNCTION was changed to COLWELL STATION. Present approved name is COLWELL. Population 150 in 1893 and 128 in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 79°47'. References: A, 7B, I, S, U10, JJ, V, 5V, 6S, 5L, SS and 6T.

HARRISON'S STATION, SEE: HARRISON'S CROSSING, Simcoe County.

HARRISON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°26' 80°15'. References: V.

HARRIS'S CORNERS, Peel County. Settled by Ginger Harris in 1823 who had a foundry, grist mill, general store and flour mill in the 1850's. By 1930, everything had disappeared. References: 3C.

HARRIS SURVEY, Oxford West Township, Oxford County. Population 232 in 1956. References: 5E.

HARRISTON, Town, Minto Township, Wellington County. Located 96 miles west of Toronto at the crossing of the Grand Trunk Railway and CPR lines, and 46 miles northwest of Guelph. Post office established as HARRISTON, on February 1st, 1856. First Postmaster J. Harrison. Office still in operation in 1983. Founded by the Harrison family in 1854 and named for Archibald Harrison. The first saw mill was erected by George Harrison. Harriston was Incorporated as a Village December 9th, 1872 and Incorporated as a Town December 30th, 1878. Present approved name is HARRISTON. Population 50 in 1857, 1,800 in 1893 and 1,872 in 1976. Map position: 43°54' 80°53'. References: I, M, S, U, EE, 5L, F, HH, 2T, 2Y, U10, 5K, V and 8U.

HARRISTON JUNCTION, railway point, Minto Township, Wellington County. Map position: 43°55' 80°53'. References: V.

HARRIS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Located 4 kilometres northeast of New Liskeard. Surveyed in 1887. Settled in 1888. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1911. Quieting Order, C6707, dated March 13th, 1953. Population 508 in 1977 and 524 in 1980. Map position: 47°33' 79°34'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

HARRISVILLE, urban community, Home District, Canada West, Toronto Township, Peel County, later Part of City of Mississauga in Regional Municipality of Peel. Located in the Dundas Street and Hurontario Street area (Highways 5 & 10), 16 miles from Toronto and 74 miles from Barrie in 1846 and 10 miles southwest of Brampton, the County Seat, in 1907. In 1826, a post office opened named TORONTO which was located 3 miles southwest of this place. The Postmaster, from 1826 to 1829 of the Toronto post office was Joseph Carter. When the post office moved to Cooksville, it retained the name TORONTO and between 1829 and 1837, the First Postmaster's name at this place was Abijah Lewis. By 1837 the post office was named COOKSVILLE. First Postmaster John H. Savigny. In 1807, Daniel Harris built a saw mill and this place was known as Harrisville. In 1808, Andrew Cook bought 200 acres of land and settled here. The place had been named COOKSVILLE by a vote of the inhabitants in 1819 for the

first settler. The first wine factory in Ontario was situated in Cooksville in 1866. An 1852 fire destroyed nearly everything in the Village and the railways diverted the trade. When Toronto Township changed its name to Town of Mississauga in 1968, Cooksville also became Part of Town of Mississauga. In 1976, it became Part of the City of Mississauga. Present approved name is **COOKSVILLE**. Map position: 43°34' 79°37'. References: 3C, I, C, 10A, 3G, 2Y, SS, V, 1V, 7X, 8P, 6S and K.

HARROW, SEE: **MUNGERS**, Essex County.

HARROWS, SEE: **MUNGERS**, Essex County.

HARROWSMITH, SEE: **SPIKE'S CORNERS**, Frontenac County.

**HARROW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°09' 82°00'. References: V.

HARROW TOWNSHIP, SEE: **SALTER**, May and Harrow Township, Algoma District.

HARSTONE, dispersed rural community, Paipoonge Township, Thunder Bay District. Present approved name is **HARSTONE**. Map position: 48°21' 89°38'. References: V.

HARTFELL, dispersed rural community, Strong Township, Parry Sound District. Located 4 1/2 miles from Sundridge Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 45 miles northeast of Owen Sound and on the Magnetawan River. Post office established as **HARTFELL**, in 1882. First Postmaster John Duke. Office closed October 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **HARTFELL**. Population 100 in 1892. Map position: 45°44' 79°20'. References: B, I, S, AA, Z, V, 6T and 5P.

HARTFORD #1, dispersed rural community, Townsend Township, Norfolk County, later Part of City of Nanticoke, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 28 miles northeast of Simcoe, 8 km from Hagersville and 4 miles from Townsend, on the Townline between Haldimand and Norfolk Counties. Post office opened as **HARTFORD**, on May 6th, 1852. First Postmaster S. Dean. Office closed March 1st, 1919. Place was named by a U.S. school teacher who was working in the area, for Hartford, Connecticut. Present approved name is **HARTFORD**. Population 200 in 1886, 66 in 1971 and after 1976, population included with Nanticoke. Map position: 43°00' 80°10'. References: B, I, A, T, S, U, PP, 3B, 3K, 2W, V, 6T and 7D.

HARTFORD #2, Hullett Township, Huron County. Located 18 miles south of Goderich and 3 miles southeast of Londesborough. Post office opened in Huron District, Canada West in 1855 under the name **BANDON**, sometimes misspelled as **BANDAN**. First Postmaster John Warwick. Office closed in 1888 and the place assumed the name of the office. Population 75 in 1875 and 75 in 1885. No recent references to this place. References: A, I, Z, 3R, 3U, 1G and AA.

HARTINGDON, SEE: **HARDWOOD CREEK**, Frontenac County.

HARTINGTON, SEE: **HARDWOOD CREEK**, Frontenac County.

**HARTINGTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°06' 89°57'. References: V.

**HARTLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°56' 79°34'. References: V.

HARTLEY, dispersed rural community, Eldon Township, Victoria County. Located 15 miles northwest of Lindsay and 7 miles northeast of Grand Trunk Railway at Woodville Station. Post office opened as **HARTLEY** in 1868. First Postmaster Archibald Campbell. Office still operating in 1973. Present approved name is **HARTLEY**. Population 200 in 1886, 34 in 1908 and 24 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 78°54'. References: B, I, T, 5L, S, PP, V, 4F and 9J.

HARTLEY BAY, dispersed rural community, Allen Township, Sudbury District. Located 10 miles west of Bigwood, 16 miles northwest of Pickerel and 16 miles southwest of Rutter. Post office opened as **HARTLEY BAY**, on June 1st, 1960. First Postmaster William James Palmer. Present approved name is **HARTLEY BAY**. Map position: 46°02' 80°45'.

References: U, V and 6T.

**HARTMAN**, hamlet, East Gwillimbury Township, York County. Located 3/4 mile east of Highway #48 on Highway #9, 40 miles north of Toronto, 14 miles from Stouffville, 9 miles from Newmarket and 2 miles north of Midland Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway at Vivian Station. Post office opened as **HARTMAN** in November 1st, 1863. First Postmaster David Terry. Office closed in 1884. No recent reference to this place. References: I, A, AA, 3G, 3O and 7B.

**HARTMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°46' 92°29'. References: V.

**HARTS**, Maddoc Township, Hastings County. Population 80 in 1956. References: 5E.

**HART'S CORNERS #1**, dispersed rural community, Vaughan Township, York County, later Part of City of Brampton within the Regional Municipality of Peel and Part within the Regional Municipality of York. Located on the boundary line between Gore and Vaughan Townships, 24 miles northwest of Toronto and 2 1/2 south of Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway, later CPR at Kleinburg Station. In 1853 Robert Hart settled. This place was called Hart's Corners or **HARTVILLE**. It was later known as **GAFFNEY'S CORNERS**, for the Gaffney family forge that was built there. Post office opened June 1st, 1861 under the name **TORMORE**. First Postmaster William Graham. Office closed November 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **TORMORE**. Population 50 in 1875 and 105 in 1892. Map position: 43°51' 79°42'. References: 3G, 3C, I, A, S, AA, 3Z, 6T, 3N, 5B and V.

**HART'S CORNERS #2**, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Population 93 in 1956. References: 5E.

**HARTSMERE #1**, dispersed rural community, Mayo Township, Hastings County. Located 19 km from Detlor and near Bancroft. Present approved name is **HARTSMERE**. Population 131 in 1941 and 40 in 1971. Map position: 45°06' 77°32'. References: B, U, 3B, 5E and V.

**HARTSMERE #2**, SEE: **LONG LAKE SETTLEMENT**, Addington County.

**HART'S STATION**, Yarmouth Township, Elgin County. This reference is dated 1875 and there is no further reference to this place. References: A.

**HART TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°41' 81°38'. References: V.

**HARTVILLE**, SEE: **HART'S CORNERS #1**, Peel County.

**HARTY #1**, dispersed rural community, Idington Township, Cochrane District. Located 6 miles from Valrita, 11 miles from Kapuskasing and 20 miles from Mattice. **HARTY STATION** on the Grand Trunk Pacific main line, at an altitude of 779 feet above sea level. Post office established as **HARTY** on September 23rd, 1924. Mail delivered 3 times weekly from the railway station. First Postmaster John Morel Jr. On February 1st, 1928, the office name was changed to **CLEGG**. Office closed February 27th, 1932. No recent reference to this office. Population 45 in 1941 and 169 in 1951. References: 3B, 6T and SS.

**HARTY #2**, SEE: **HARTY STATION**, Cochrane District.

**HARTY'S STATION**, SEE: **OPEONGO**, Renfrew County.

**HARTY STATION**, dispersed rural community in Idington Township, Cochrane District. Located 1 3/4 miles west of Harty and 4 1/2 miles east of Edlund. Post office established as **HARTY STATION**, on April 26th, 1927. First Postmaster Adelard Gauthier. Post office still in operation in 1984. Mail came 3 times weekly from the railway. On May 9th, 1952, station name was changed to **HARTY**. Present approved name is **HARTY**. Population 87 in 1956 and 251 in 1976. Map position: 49°29' 82°41'. References: 3B, F, 5L, 5E and V.

**HARTY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°46' 81°22'. References: V.

HARTZEL ROAD, urban community, Part of City of St. Catharines in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is HARTZEL ROAD. Map position: 43°09' 79°13'. References: V.

HARVEY #1, concentrated rural community, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located 50 miles southeast of Pembroke and 1 mile from Glasgow Station on the Ottawa, Arnprior and Parry Sound Railway and 9 miles northwest of Arnprior. Post office established 1889 and named HARVEY. Sometimes misspelled as HARVER. First Postmistress Mrs. Eliza Hutson. On September 1st, 1902 Harvy post office name was changed to GLASGOW STATION. Present approved name is GLASGOW STATION. Population 100 in 1907 and 64 in 1976. Map position: 45°27' 76°31'. References: I, Z, MM, 5U, SS, 7P, 9F, S, 3B and V.

HARVEY #2, railway point, Heathcote Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 118.2 kilometres east of Sioux Lookout. This is a station on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,369 feet above sea level in 1915. Present approved name is HARVEY. Population 0 in 1978. Map position: 50°14' 90°25'. References: R2, L2 and V.

HARVEY KIRKLAND, SEE: HARVEY KIRKLAND MINE, Timiskaming District.

HARVEY KIRKLAND MINE, suburb, Label and Teck Townships, Timiskaming District. Located at the old site of Harvey Kirkland Mine and being a suburb of Kirkland Lake. Present name in use Harvey Kirkland Settlement. Population 149 in 1956 and after 1961 population included in Kirkland Lake. References: 3B and 6V.

HARVEY KIRKLAND SETTLEMENT, SEE: HARVEY KIRKLAND MINE, Timiskaming District.

HARVEY'S FALLS, Bathurst District, Upper Canada, later Canada West, later Pakenham Township, Renfrew County. Located 30 miles north of Perth, 9 miles north of Almonte, 40 miles from Bytown (later Ottawa), and on the River Mississippi. Post office opened April 6th, 1832, as PAKENHAM. First Postmaster Andrew Dickson, who named the place Pakenham for Sir Edward Pakenham, brother-in-law of the Duke of Wellington. Post office still in operation in 1983. This place was settled in 1823 by James Harvey. By 1826, it was known by the name PAKENHAM MILLS for the Township. In the 1830's, Andrew Dickson settled and this place was sometimes known as DICKSON'S MILLS. Religious parish name ST. PIERRE CELESTIN. PAKENHAM STATION on CPR at mile 2743 which is east of Snedden (1903). Present approved name is PAKENHAM. Population 360 in 1857, 600 in 1892 and 367 in 1976. Map position: 45°20' 76°17'. References: C, 7U, I, 7X, G, S, AA, 10A, 5L, F, EE, 3B, 3S, 5K, 1I, 8K and V.

HARVEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Peterborough County. Incorporated first Monday, January, 1886 by Bylaw #258, passed June 21st, 1965. This Township first surveyed in 1818 by Erasmus Foulke. The second survey was done by Theodore Clementi in 1864. Area 19,600 acres. Population 390 in 1852 and 1,905 in 1980. Map position: 44°37' 78°23'. References: C, HH, SM, 2W, 3H, M and V.

HARWICH, SEE: McKAY'S CORNERS, Kent County.

HARWICH CENTRE, post office, Harwich Township, Kent County. Post office established as HARWICH CENTRE, in 1878. First Postmaster S.W. White. Post office was named for the Township. In 1885, post office name was changed to HUFFMAN and in 1887, the post office was closed. This place is located 8 miles east of Chatham. Population 15 in 1893. No recent references to this place. References: I, 4R, AA and U10.

HARWICH NORTH TOWNSHIP, Township, Western District, Canada West. Nearest post office being Raleigh (later Chatham). This entry is dated 1848 and there is no more recent references to this township. References: C.

HARWICH SOUTH TOWNSHIP, Township, Western District, Canada West. Nearest post office being Howard. Date of this entry 1848. No recent references to this Township. References: C.

HARWICH STATION, dispersed rural community, Harwich Township, Kent County. Located 12 miles east of Chatham and 6 miles west of Ridgetown. Post office established 1882 and named MULL. First Postmaster Neil Watson. Post office closed by 1972. The station named MULL STATION and on Michigan Central Railway. Present approved name is MULL. Population 125 in 1892 and 45 in 1971. Map position: 42°24' 81°59'. References: A, B, I, S, AA, MM, 3B,

XX, 5L, V and 9J.

**HARWICH (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Kent County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C.81. This is a direction from the Postmaster General: Mail for the Township of Harwich in Kent County, 1) the Northern Part to be sent to the post office at Raleigh, dated 1835, 2) the Southern Part to be sent to the post office at Howard or Erieus, dated 1835. Population 2,627 in 1852 and 6,382 in 1980. References: HH, 3H, M, 2W and D.

**HARWOOD**, SEE: **SULLY**, Northumberland County.

**HARWOOD PLAINS**, dispersed rural community, March Township, Carleton County. Located 14 miles west of Ottawa, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Post office established as **HARWOOD PLAINS**, in 1891. First Postmaster John O'Hara. Office closed July 31st, 1924. Present approved name is **HARWOOD PLAINS**. Population 75 in 1908 and 91 in 1976. Map position: 45°23' 75°58'. References: B, I, S, PP, 5L, V and 6T.

**HASLETT'S**, station, Douro Township, Peterborough County. Located 3 miles east of Peterborough. This is a station on the Lakefield branch of the Midland Railway later Grand Trunk Railway. It is not a post office. This place is mentioned between 1895 and 1907. No further reference. References: S and Z.

**HASSARD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°04' 81°31'. References: V.

**HASTINGS #1**, SEE: **CROOK'S RAPIDS**, Hastings County.

**HASTINGS #2**, hamlet, Madoc Township, Hastings County. Located on Deer Creek and Moira Lake and at the Junction of Highway 69 and Highway 70, 20 miles from the Hastings Road and 26 1/2 miles from Belleville. Post office opened in 1836 and named **MADOC**. First Postmaster Donald Perry. Post office still in operation in 1983. Madoc Incorporated as a Village in 1877. Founded in 1820 and the named Madoc is for the legendary Welsh prince who was supposed to have discovered North America in 1170. Religious parish name **SACRE COEUR de MARIE**. Present approved name is **MADOC**. Population 1,200 in 1886, 1,319 in 1969 and 1,363 in 1976. Map position: 44°30' 77°28'. References: EE, 7B, I, M, P, M, 2T, 5L, F, 2Y, V, SS and 7X.

**HASTINGS COUNTY**, in Province of Ontario. Incorporated by Canada Statutes 1849, C.78, Schedule B - County of Hastings as of January 1st, 1850. Area 1,406,709 acres. The County of Hastings consists of : the cities of Belleville and Trenton, the Town of Deseronto, the villages of Bancroft, Deloro, Frankford, Madoc, Marmora, Stirling and Tweed, the townships of: Bangor Wicklow and McClure, Carlow, Dungannon, Elzevir and Grimsthorpe, Faraday, Herschel, Hungerford, Huntingdon, Limerick, Madoc, Marmora and Lake, Mayo, Monteagle, Rawdon, Sidney, Thurlow, Tudor and Cashel, Tyendinaga and Wollaston. Population 27,408 in 1852 and 104,662 in 1980. References: M, HH, V, PP and 2W.

**HATCHLEY**, SEE: **HATCHLEY STATION**, Brant County.

**HATCHLEY STATION**, dispersed rural community, Burford Township, Brant County. Located 4 miles from Norwich and 16 miles from Brantford. Post office established as **HATCHLEY STATION**, on September 1st, 1881. First Postmaster W..B. Powell. On August 2nd, 1954, name changed to **HATCHLEY**. Present approved name is **HATCHLEY**. Population 25 in 1913 and 62 in 1956. Map position: 43°02' 80°32'. References: I, PP, 5E, SS, 5P, 6T, DD, V and 7D.

**HATHERTON**, SEE: **THE WINTERS SETTLEMENT**, Grey County.

**HATSFIELD**, hamlet, Plantagenet Township, Prescott County, formerly Canada West. Located 4 miles south of Ottawa river. Population 80 in 1846. Nearest post office at Plantagenet in 1848. No recent references to this place. References: G and C.

**HATTER'S BAY**, urban community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County, later Part of City of Kingston in Frontenac County. Located 2 miles west of Kingston with which it is connected by electric railway, and being on Lake Ontario. This place was Incorporated as a Village in 1859 and was amalgamated by Kingston in 1951. When the

post office opened in 1855, it was named **PORTSMOUTH**. First Postmaster George McLeod. Portsmouth post office status was changed to a sub-post office of Kingston and the name was changed to Kingston-Portsmouth as of June 2nd, 1945. Religious parish name for this place was **LE BON LARRON**. Present approved name is **PORTSMOUTH**. Population 1,702 in 1871 and 3,411 in 1951. Map position: 44°13' 76°31'. References: AA, I, S, EE, 2T, HH, 3B, 5C, V+, 6T and V.

**HATTVILLE**, hamlet, Plantagenet North Township, Prescott County, Canada West. Located 78 miles from Montreal and 40 miles from Ottawa. This place is on CPR, 18 miles southeast of L'Orignal and on the South Nation River. Post office established August 1st, 1838. Local name in 1848 was New Inverness. First Postmaster John Carson Kearnes. The place had been known as **PLANTAGENET MILLS** but the post office was named **PLANTAGENET** for the Royal House which was established by King Henry II. Plantagenet post office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village January 1st, 1963. Religious parish name **ST. PAUL**. Present approved name is **PLANTAGENET**. Population 200 in 1886 and 950 in 1980. Map position: 45°32' 75°00'. References: EE, 7B, I, M, T, S, AA, HH, 2T, 3S, 5K, F, 8P, V, S and 1X.

**HAUGHTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°29' 83°01'. References: V.

**HAULTAIN**, SEE: **STONE SETTLEMENT**, Peterborough County.

**HAULTAIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°43' 80°43'. References: V.

**HAVELOCK**, Village, Belmont Township, Peterborough County. Located 28 miles east of Peterborough, 10 miles north of Campbellford and this place is a CPR divisional point on Plato Creek and on Highway #7. Post office established as **HAVELOCK**, on September 1st, 1859. First Postmaster Peter Pearce. Office still in operation in 1983. The place was named for Major General Sir Henry Havelock, hero of the Indian mutiny. Incorporated as a Village June 18th, 1892. Religious parish name **ST. MARYS**. Present approved name is **HAVELOCK**. Population 950 in 1895 and 1,280 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 77°53'. References: I, M, S, U, AA, Z, 2Y, 3X, 5L, F, SS, V and 7D.

**HAVELOCK CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, East Zorra Township, Oxford County. Map position: 43°10' 80°46'. References: V.

**HAVELOCK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°17' 78°38'. References: V.

**HAVERGAL**, SEE: **CONROY'S FARM**, Hastings County.

**HAVILAH**, dispersed rural community, Aberdeen Township, Algoma District. Located 27 kilometres north of Bruce Mines, 5 miles from Ophir and 4 miles from Poplar Dale. Post office established as **HAVILAH**, on September 1st, 1909. First Postmistress Mrs. M. Corran. Office closed January 31st, 1940. Present approved name is **HAVILAH**. Map position: 46°28' 83°43'. References: R2, 5L, V and 6T.

**HAVILAND**, urban community, Part of Borough of North York in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto, now the City of North York. Located at 871 Sheppard Avenue, 13 kilometres from Toronto, three miles northeast of Downsview. Post office established as **HAVILAND**, on July 15th, 1941. First Postmaster Garfield Foster. On February 15th, 1954, the status of the post office was changed to a sub-post office of Toronto. Present approved name is **HAVILAND**. Map position: 43°45' 79°27'. References: U, V and 6T.

**HAVILLAND**, dispersed rural community, Havilland Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is **HAVILLAND**. Map position: 46°49' 84°24'. References: 5L and V+.

**HAVILLAND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°49' 84°25'. References: V.

**HAVROT TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP #6 F**, Algoma District.

**HAWBREY**, SEE: **HAWTREY**, Oxford County.

**HAWK**, station on CPR main line, at an altitude of 1,292 feet above sea level. Located in the Rainy River District, 24 miles east of Kenora, on Lake of the Woods. This station is noted between 1908 to 1915. No recent reference to this name. References: L1 and PP.

**HAWK CLIFF**, suburban community, Elgin County. Located 1 mile east of Port Stanley. Date of reference 1960. No recent mention of this place in listings. References: 2Y.

**HAWKENS**, station, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located on Brockville Division of CPR. Station number 3604, between the stations of Clark and Bellamy, in 1911. Map position: 44°41' 75°47'. References: V and 10B.

**HAWKES**, dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Present approved name is **HAWKES**. Map position: 44°41' 75°55'. References: V.

**HAWKESBURY**, SEE: **Le CHENAL**, Prescott County.

**HAWKESBURY EAST TOWNSHIP**, Township, Prescott County. Area 47,800 acres. Population 3,026 in 1852. No further reference to this place. References: 2W.

**HAWKESBURY MILLS**, SEE: **Le CHENAL**, Prescott County.

**HAWKESBURY WEST TOWNSHIP**, Township, Prescott County. Area 40,600 acres. Population 3,440 in 1852. No recent references to this place. References: 2W.

**HAWKESBURY TOWNSHIP**, old Township, Prescott County. Prior to 1844, East and West Hawkesbury were one Township. References: SEE: **TOWNSHIP OF EAST HAWKESBURY** and **TOWNSHIP OF WEST HAWKESBURY**. References: 1X and M.

**HAWKESTONE**, SEE: **HODGE'S LANDING**, Simcoe County.

**HAWKESTONE BEACH**, SEE:**HAWKSTONE**, Simcoe County.

**HAWKESVILLE**, SEE: **HAWKSVILLE**, Waterloo County.

**HAWKINS CORNERS #1**, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Present approved name is **HAWKINS CORNERS**. Map position: 44°43' 79°22'. References: 5L, B and V.

**HAWKIN'S CORNERS #2**, Settled by William Hawkins in Toronto Township, Peel County. No post office in the early 1830's. All trace of this place is gone. Date of this reference 1974. References: 3C.

**HAWKINS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°00' 84°07'. References: V.

**HAWK JUNCTION #1**, concentrated rural community, Township 28, Range 24, later Esquega Township, Algoma District. Located 13 miles from Goudreau and 28 miles from Michipicouten. Post office established as **HAWK JUNCTION**, on February 2nd, 1923. First Postmaster W.J. Atkinson. Post office closed as a result of fire. It was reopened January 12th, 1926 and the same Postmaster took the office back and performed as Postmaster. Office still in operation in 1983. First settled in 1909. Mining was the main occupation. In 1923, Hawk Junction was wiped out by a forest fire. Mining and lumbering have continued to support the present economy. Mail 3 times weekly is delivered by the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway at the station, **HAWK JUNCTION STATION**. Present approved name is **HAWK JUNCTION**. Population 263 in 1941 and 363 in 1976. Map position: 48°05' 84°34'. References: R2, 5L, F, 3B, 2Y, V and 6T.

**HAWK JUNCTION #2**, post office, Northumberland County. No record of opening date in listed county. Office closed April 1st, 1924. It is probable this listing should read official Hawk Junction in Algoma District. This is the probable time of the forest fire and about the time the post office would have been closed officially. No other reference to this office. References: 6T.

**HAWK LAKE #1**, post office, originally in Keewatin District, later on boundary determination found itself in Ontario. Post office open only in the year 1885. Postmaster's name not recorded. No recent reference to this office. References: I.

**HAWK LAKE #2**, dispersed rural community, MacNicol Township, Kenora District. Located 272 miles north of Port Arthur, 40 km east of Kenora. Post office established August 1st, 1896. First Postmaster A.B. McCay. Office closed July 31st, 1963. It was named for the number of hawks nesting in and around the cliffs near this place. Hawk Lake Station on CPR is located between the stations of Beaver and Summit, at mile 1631. Present approved name is **HAWK LAKE**. Population 200 in 1893 and 12 in 1972 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°48' 93°59'. References: I, R2, Z, U10, O, V, 7T, 6T, 5L, 6Z, 8K and 6T.

HAWKSTONE, SEE: **HODGES LANDING**, Simcoe County.

**HAWKSTONE BEACH**, hamlet, North shore of Lake Simcoe, in the 12th concession of Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 79 miles from Toronto, 16 miles from Barrie and 11 miles from Orillia. **HAWKESTONE STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **HAWKSTONE BEACH**, in 1856. First Postmaster James Houston. Office not listed after 1908. Place designated a dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is **HAWKESTONE BEACH**. Population 100 in 1857 and 300 in 1908. Map position: 44°30' 79°28'. References: B, I, EE, V, 5L and PP.

**HAWKSVILLE**, concentrated rural community, Wellesley Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 12 miles northwest of Berlin (later Kitchener), 10 miles northwest of Waterloo and 5 miles northwest of St. Jacob's Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office named **HAWKESVILLE** opened 1852. First Postmaster Gabriel Hawks appointed February 6th, 1852. Office still in operation in 1983. First settled in 1847. Alternate spelling for this place **HAWKESVILLE**. Hawksville was Incorporated as a Police Village. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order PFN5978-63. Decision November 13th, 1963, effective same date. Present approved name is **HAWKSVILLE**. Population 300 in 1886 and 163 in 1980. Map position: 43°33' 80°38'. References: B, I, T, S, 5L, F, U, Z, 3J, 2F, 8Q, 9L, V and 7D.

HAWLEY, SEE: **HAM'S CORNERS #1**, Lennox County.

**HAWLEY LAKE**, unorganized Township, Kenora District. Population 32 in 1976. References: 3B.

HAWLEY'S CENTRE, SEE: **THE CORNERS #2**, Russell County.

**HAWLEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' 80°37'. References: V.

HAWTHORNE, SEE: **RUSSELL ROAD**, Russell County.

**HAWTHORNE MEADOWS**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **HAWTHORNE MEADOWS**. Map position: 45°24' 75°37'. References: V.

HAWTRAY, SEE: **HAWTREY**, Oxford County.

**HAWTREY**, dispersed rural community, South Norwich Township, Oxford County. Located 20 miles southeast of Woodstock, 8 miles southeast of Norwich, on CNR and Michigan Central Railway and 7 miles from Delhi. This place is partially located in South Norwich Township, Oxford County and within the Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Post office established as **HAWTRAY** 1868, which spelling was corrected in later post office listings to **HAWTREY**. At different times in its post office list, it is shown also as **HAWBREY** and **HAWTRY**. First Postmaster George Southwick. Post office closed April 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **HAWTREY**. Population 100 in 1875 and 61 in 1976. Map position: 42°55' 80°31'. References: I, A, S, 5L, MM, 3B, V, 6T and 4G.

HAWTRY, SEE: **HAWTREY**, Oxford County.

HAY, SEE: **FRANCESTON**, Huron County.

**HAY BAY**, concentrated rural community, North Fredericksburg Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 10 miles south of Napanee and on the Bay of Quinte. Post office established as **HAY BAY** in 1875. First Postmaster N. Nelson Woodcock. Office closed March 1st, 1914. This place is the site of the first camp meeting in Upper Canada in September of 1805. Present approved name is **HAY BAY**. Population 50 in 1895 and 25 in 1885. Map position: 44°09' 77°01'. References: I, S, 3D, 5L, Z, V, 6T and 4N.

**HAYBURN**, dispersed rural community, South Fredericksburg Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 14 miles south of Napanee. Post office established as **HAYBURN**, in 1896. First Postmaster William H. Rikely. Office closed March 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **HAYBURN**. Population 50 in 1892 and 32 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 76°58'. References: I, AA, Z, 3B, 5L, V, 6T and 5T.

**HAYCOCK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°37' 94°17'. References: V.

**HAYCROFT**, railway point, Tilbury North Township, Essex County. A station on CPR, located 23 miles west of Chatham, 27 miles east of Windsor and 5 miles west of Tilbury Centre. **HAYCROFT STATION** on Windsor Division of CPR, station number 1895, between the stations of Tilbury and St. Joachim, in 1911. Present approved name is **HAYCROFT**. Map position: 42°17' 82°33'. References: Z, PP, 10B and V.

**HAYDEN'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Located 4 miles from Belleville Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Population 25 in 1893. This place is only mentioned between 1892 to 1907. No recent reference to this place. References: U10 and S.

**HAYDON**, SEE: **CHARLESVILLE #3**, Durham County.

**HAYES CORNERS #1**, dispersed rural community, Humphrey Township, Parry Sound District. Present approved name is **HAYES CORNERS**. Population 21 in 1976. Map position: 45°17' 79°50'. References: B and V.

**HAYES CORNERS #2**, dispersed rural community, Rear of Yonge and Escott Townships, Leeds County. Present approved name is **HAYES CORNERS**. Map position: 44°36' 75°55'. References: V.

**HAYES ISLAND POST**, Cochrane District. Located 5 km from Moosonee, 15 miles up-river from James Bay and 168 miles north of Cochrane. Post office established July 15th, 1955 and named **MOOSE FACTORY**. First Postmistress Mrs. Alice Wylie. Post office still in operation in 1983. Another name for this place was **MOOSE FORT** in 1672. Built in 1673, this Hudson Bay Company Post is the second oldest in Canada. It was captured by the French and later returned to the Hudson Bay Company under terms of the Treaty of Utrecht in 1713. When Moose Fort was captured by the French, it was renamed **FORT ST. LOUIS**. Re-established by the Hudson Bay Company about 1730 and it has been in steady operation since that date. There is a blacksmith's shop which dates from 1740. This place is the Seat of the See of the Lord Bishop of Moosonee, whose diocese included about 10,000 Indians and Eskimaux (sic) and only 100 whites. Another name for this place under the French rule was **FORT BOURBON**. The name was changed back to **YORK FACTORY** in 1682, and at the same time was known as **FORT YORK**. Present approved name is **MOOSE FACTORY**. Population 1,775 in 1978. Map position: 51°16' 80°39'. References: R3, 2Y, 6G, 6O, F, PP, 5L, 6T and 7V.

**HAYESLAND**, dispersed rural community, West Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, later within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 10 miles northwest of Hamilton and 4 miles north of Dundas. Post office established as **HAYESLAND**, on May 1st, 1870. First Postmaster Michael Hayes for whom the place was named. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **HAYESLAND**. Population 100 in 1886, 55 in 1966 and 24 in 1976. Map position: 43°19' 80°01'. References: B, I, T, S, 5A, 5L, V, 6T and 5W.

**HAYES POINT**, SEE: **PLEASANT POINT**, Victoria County.

**HAYFORD**, concentrated rural community, Christie Township, Parry Sound District. Located 9 miles west of Seguin Falls, 15 miles east of Parry Sound. Post office opened 1879 named **HAYFORD**. In 1880, post office name changed to **EDGINGTON**. First Postmaster John Edgington. Office still in operation in 1983. At times the place name was

spelled **EDINGTON**. Office closed July 1st, 1902. Place name changed to **ORRVILLE** which at times was misspelled **ORVILLE**. Present approved name is **ORRVILLE**. Population 100 in 1907 and 102 in 1980. Map position: 45°23' 79°46'. References: I, LL, B, Z, 5L, F, V, 7P, S, PP and 5A.

**HAYITAH**, post office, Algoma District, Western Riding. Post office closed December, 1911. Not shown in open office listings for 1910. No further reference to this post office. References: 6T.

**HAYLSY STATION**, Ross Township, Renfrew County. First Postmaster Dudley Moore in 1881. No further reference to this place. References: 5V.

**HAYS CORNERS**, hamlet, Foley Township, Parry Sound District. Date of reference 1972. References: B.

**HAY'S POINT**, SEE: **PLEASANT POINT**, Victoria County.

**HAY'S SHORE**, hamlet, Beckwith Township, Lanark County. Located on Mississippi Lake, 4 km southwest of Carleton Place, 14 km South of Almonte and 27 km Northwest of Smiths Falls. Present approved name is **HAY'S SHORE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°06' 76°01'. References: 5L.

**HAYSVILLE**, SEE: **WILMOT**, Waterloo County.

**HAY (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Huron County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. First settler John Orsh in the 1830's. Population 995 in 1852 and 1,989 in 1980. This Township was originally in Huron District, Canada West. Map position: 43°52' 81°36'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, V and 1G.

**HAYWARD'S FALLS**, hamlet, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 8 miles from Durham. Post office established as **HAYWARD'S FALLS**, in 1874. First Postmaster Abraham Cook. Office closed in 1882. Population 15 in 1893. No recent reference to this place. References: I, U10 and 5V.

**HAYWARD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°44' 83°31'. References: V.

**HAZEL**, station on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,066 feet above sea level. Date of reference 1915. No recent reference to this station. References: L3.

**HAZELDEAN**, dispersed rural community, Goulbourn Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 12 miles southwest of Ottawa, 3 1/2 miles northeast of Stittsville Station on CPR. Post office established as **HAZELDEAN** on September 1st, 1859. First Postmaster John Young. Office closed June 1st, 1914. First settled in 1818. Present approved name is **HAZELDEAN**. Population 100 in 1886 and 32 in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 75°53'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 3X, V, 6T, 5P and UU.

**HAZELDEAN MARCH**, SEE: **CITY OF KANATA**.

**HAZEL GLEN**, post office, Nipissing Township, Parry Sound District. Located 3 miles from Nipissing and 7 miles from Powassan. Post office opened as **HAZEL GLEN**, on May 1st, 1912. First Postmaster Alex Townson. Office closed March 10th, 1916. No further reference to this post office. References: 6T.

**HAZEN SETTLEMENT**, hamlet, Walsingham Township, Norfolk County. Founded in 1797 by the Hazen family. Located 20 miles southwest of Simcoe and 21 miles south of Courtland on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established April 1st, 1854 and named **SPRING ARBOUR**. First Postmaster W. Pomeroy. Post office closed October 23rd, 1899. Present approved name is **SPRING ARBOUR**. Population 350 in 1886. Map position: 42°40' 80°32'. References: 1D, V+, 1N, I, T, AA, 7H and 8Q.

**HAZEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 81°37'. References: V.

**HAZZARDS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Madoc Township, Hastings County. Located 30 miles north of

Belleville and 4 mile from Madoc Station on Central Ontario Railway and Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as HAZZARD'S CORNERS in 1893. First Postmaster John G. Bleakley. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is HAZZARDS CORNERS. Population 100 in 1908 and 69 in 1956. Map position: 44°34' 77°28'. References: I, Z, MM, PP, 5E, V and 6T.

HAZLITT'S, station on Grand Trunk Railway, has an express office located in Peterborough County. Population 30 in 1893. No recent reference to this station. References: U10.

HEADFORD, dispersed rural community, Markham Township, York County, later within Town of Richmond Hill in the Regional Municipality of York. Located 18 miles north of Toronto and 6 miles west of Unionville. Post office established as HEADFORD, on May 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Edward Taylor. Office closed December 1st, 1914. Present approved name is HEADFORD. Population 75 in 1857 and 70 in 1951. Map position: 43°53' 79°23'. References: B, I, T, S, EE, 3B, 3M, V, 6T and 8U.

HEAD LAKE, dispersed rural community, Laxton Township, Victoria County. Located 36 miles north of Lindsay, 9 miles north of Corson's Siding on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office openedas HEAD LAKE, on July 1st, 1862. First Postmaster James Riley. Office closed August 9th, 1957. Place named for its location at head of lake. Present approved name is HEAD LAKE. Population 100 in 1886 and 4 in 1972. Map position: 44°43' 78°56'. References: B, I, T, S, O, 3N, V, 7D and 6T.

HEAD OF LAKE, dispersed rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 11 miles northwest of Kingston, 2 1/2 miles from Kingston & Pembroke Railway at Glenvale and 5 km from Murvale. Post office opened 1873 under the name KEPLER, sometimes misspelled as KEPLAR. First Postmaster Isaac J. Coglan. Office closed September 1st, 1914. The name HEAD OF LAKE, derived from the location at the head of Loborough Lake. Place was named KEPLER in honour of John Kepler, astronomer, scientist, geographer, et al, by Timothy W. Coglan, school teacher to 1860. Present approved name is KEPLER. Population 25 families in 1908 and 2 in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 76°34'. References: B, I, S, U, Z, 4L, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

HEADPORT, settlement, Ottawa District, Canada West, later Hawkesbury West Township, Prescott County. Nearest post office 2 miles named Hawkesbury. Population 250 in 1846. No recent references to this place. References: G and C.

HEAD TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Renfrew County. Incorporated as United Township (Head, Clara and Maria) January 6th, 1878 by Proclamation dated May 10th, 1877. Population 372 in 1980. Map position: 46°09' 77°52'. References: V, HH and M.

HEALEY'S, post office, Goulbourn Township, Carleton County. Located 5 miles from Stittsville Station on Brockville and Ottawa branch of CPR. Post office established as HEALEY'S, on April 1st, 1901 and named for first Postmaster T.D. Healey. Office closed April 1st, 1903. Population 25 in 1908. No recent reference to this place. References: PP, 7N and 7Q.

HEALEY FALL'S, dispersed rural community, Newcastle District, Canada West, later in Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 6 miles east of Campbellford on Trent Canal. Religious parish name for this place SACRE COEUR. This place name has been misspelled as HEELEY FALLS. Daniel Healey settled in the 1820's and died at 110 years. When the Township was surveyed in 1833, A. Campbell, the Deputy Provincial Surveyor spelled the name as HEELY'S FALLS. It has been spelled as HEELAY'S FALLS, HEELEY FALLS and HELYS FALLS. Present approved name is HEALEY FALLS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 77°46'. References: B, C, DD, SS, V, 5L and 7D.

HEARST #1, SEE: GRANT #3, Cochrane District.

HEARST #2, unincorporated place, Cochrane District. Population 305 in 1961 and 357 in 1966. References: 5A and Statistics Canada.

HEARST JUNCTION, railway point, Way Township, Cochrane District. Present approved name is HEARST JUNCTION.

Map position: 49°42' 83°42'. References: V.

**HEARST RIVERSIDE**, Kendall Township, Cochrane District. Population 132 in 1956. References: 5E.

**HEARST TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°04' 79°42'. References: V.

**HEART'S DESIRE**, suburban community, Nepean Township, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 5 km southwest of Honeygables, 8 km southeast of Barr Haven and 15 km west of Manotick Station. No reason or source given for this name. Present approved name is **HEARTS DESIRE**. Population 121 in 1961 and 363 in 1976. Map position: 45°16' 75°43'. References: 3B, 5A, 5L and V.

**HEASLIP**, dispersed rural community, Evanturel Township, Timiskaming District. Located on Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, 3 miles from Englehart and 3 1/2 miles from New Liskeard. This place was destroyed by fire in 1922. Post office established as **HEASLIP**, on April 1st, 1904. First Postmaster Joseph L. Heaslip. Office closed September September 2nd, 1958. **HEASLIP STATION** is at 731 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **HEASLIP**. Population 27 in 1971 and 115 in 1980. Map position: 47°48' 79°48'. References: U, 3B, V, 6T, DD, PP and 7J.

**HEATHCOTE**, SEE: **WILLIAMSTOWN #2**, Grey County.

**HEATHCOTE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°17' 90°21'. References: V.

**HEATHER #1**, railway point, Cobden Township, Algoma District. Located 8 kilometres from Blind River. Present approved name is **HEATHER**. Map position: 46°12' 83°04'. References: U and V.

**HEATHER #2**, post office, Brooke Township, Lambton County. Located 42 miles southeast of Sarnia and 3 1/2 miles northwest of Glen Walker Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as **HEATHER**, on April 1st, 1877. First Postmaster Donald McIntyre. Office closed September 1st, 1902. The name was given to the place by the Scotch people who settled there, to honour the Scottish heather. Population 50 in 1892 and 50 in 1908. No recent reference to this office. References: I, T, AA, Z, PP, 2Z, 7P and 5P.

**HEATH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°17' 81°22'. References: V.

**HEBERT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 47°02' 79°26'. References: V.

**HEBRON**, post office, Elma Township, Perth County. Located 7 1/2 miles from Listowel. Post office established as **HEBRON**, on September 1st, 1859. First Postmaster F. Ellis. Office closed January 1st, 1870. No further reference to this office. References: I, 3X, 7B and 5W.

**HECK'S CORNERS #1**, settlement, Johnstown District, Canada West, later South Gower Township, Grenville County. Located 32 miles northeast of Brockville, 8 miles southeast of Kemptville Station on CPR and 5 miles from Oxford. Place is named for John Heck who opened the first general store in the early 1830's. Post office established as **HECK'S CORNERS** 1841. First Postmaster J.S. Archibald. Post office name changed in 1857 to **HECKSTON**. Another spelling of the post office name **HECKSTONE**. Office closed July 29th, 1914. Present approved name is **HECKSTON**. Population 100 in 1886 and 33 in 1976. Map position: 44°58' 75°32'. References: I, A, T, S, 2W, 8P, 3B, V, 7D, 5L and 6T.

**HECK'S CORNERS #2**, hamlet, Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 20 miles northeast of Brockville, 9 miles north of Prescott and 3 miles southwest of Spencerville Station on CPR. This place is located over an original Iroquois Village which was first investigated in 1854. Post office established 1866 and named **ROEBUCK**. First Postmaster J. Bouvaird Jr. Office closed December 1st, 1920. Present approved name is **ROEBUCK**. Population 100 in 1892 and 56 in 1976. Map position: 44°48' 75°37'. References: I, S, AA, 3B, 7B, 6T, 5L and 9J.

**HECKSTON**, SEE: **HECK'S CORNERS #1**, Grenville County.

HECKSTONE, SEE: HECK'S CORNERS #1, Grenville County.

HECLA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°17' 81°58'. References: V.

HECTOR #1, station on CNR main line, at an altitude of 1,088 feet above sea level. Located in Thunder Bay District. Date of reference 1915. No recent reference to this place. References: L3.

HECTOR #2, SEE: SCHOONERTOWN, Simcoe County.

HEDGE STATION, station, Neebing Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on Nipigon Division of CPR. Station number 4749, between the stations of Navilus and Finger, being the third station from Port Arthur, in 1911. No recent reference to this station. References: 10B and 9K.

HEENAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°48' 82°24'. References: V.

HEIDELBERG, concentrated rural community, Woolwich Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 3 miles west of Heidelberg Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 9 miles northwest of Berlin (later Kitchener), 7 miles northwest of Waterloo and 5 miles southwest of St. Jacobs. Post office established as HEIDELBERG, on August 1st, 1854. First Postmaster John Krassler. Post office still operating in 1983. This place settled in 1832. First settlers, Bulmn and Ansell who, were Frenchmen. Later a group of Germans settled, mostly from Baden, Germany and they called the place, Heidelberg, after their home town in Baden, Germany. Present approved name is HEIDELBERG. Population 100 in 1886 and 396 in 1980. Map position: 43°31' 80°37'. References: I, T, S, U, Z, 3B, 3L, V, 8Q, 5L and 7D.

HEIGHINGTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°15' 80°35'. References: V.

HEIGHT OF LAND, Indian settlement on the old Dawson route, 70 miles west of Port Arthur. It is not a post office. Reference dated 1895. No recent reference to this place. References: V.

HEIMRA, summer office, Cardwell Township, Muskoka District. Post office opened as HEIMRA, on August 1st, 1900. First Postmaster H.J.G. Allen. Office closed July 1st, 1903. No recent reference. Reference: 7M & 7Q.

HEKKLA, dispersed rural community, Cardwell Township, Muskoka District, later in Muskoka Lakes Township within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on the Rosseau River, 28 miles from Bracebridge and 21 miles west of Utterson Station on the North and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as HEKKLA, in 1888. First Postmaster A.V. Helgoeson. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is HEKKLA. Population 30 in 1895, 25 in 1972 and 11 in 1976. Map position: 45°17' 79°33'. References: B, I, Z, O, V, 5T and 9F.

HELDERLEIGH SURVEY, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County, now Town of Stoney Creek, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Population 105 in 1961 and 95 in 1971. After 1976, population included in Stoney Creek. References: 3V and 5A.

HELEN, station, 29-XXIV Township, later Chabanel Township, Algoma District. Located on Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway, and near Wawa. In April of 1953, the name of the station was changed to HELEN JUNCTION. Present approved name is HELEN JUNCTION. Map position: 48°02' 84°46'. References: SS, U and V.

HELENDALE, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Population 301 in 1951. References: 3B.

HELEN JUNCTION, SEE: HELEN, Algoma District.

HELEN MINE, SEE: HEMATITE #1, Algoma District.

HELEN MINE STATION, SEE: HEMATITE #1, Algoma District.

**HELE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°59' 88°30'. References: V.

**HELL GATE SWAMP**, dispersed rural community, Edwardsburgh Township, Grenville County. Located on the Nation River, 25 miles northeast of Brockville and 7 miles from Spencerville Station on CPR. Post office establishe 1884 and named **HYNDMAN**. First Postmaster J. Hyndman. Office closed April 11th, 1914. This place was named, Hell Gate Swamp because there were a number of lynx and other wild animals in the area when the settlement first began. Present approved name is **HYNDMAN**. Population 40 in 1892, 50 in 1907 and 16 in 1976. Ma position: 44°56' 75°30'. References: I, S, AA, 5P, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**HELL'S HALF ACRE**, SEE: **CORSONS**, Victoria County.

**HELLTOWN**, SEE: **ALLANDALE**, Peel County.

**HELLYER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°58' 82°47'. References: V.

**HELMSLEY**, hamlet, Humphrey Township, Parry Sound District. Located at the head of Rosseau Lake, 24 mile south of Parry Sound and 20 miles west of Utterson Station. Post office established 1866. First Postmaste George Milne. The post office name was **ROSSEAU**. Post office still operating in 1983. This place wa Incorporated as a Village April 8th, 1926. First settler Mr. Clifford who squatted on the lots by the site o the present Village in 1864 and was the first settler not only in Rosseau, but in the Township of Humphrey Village was first surveyed in 1866. Present approved name is **ROSSEAU**. Population 250 in 1895 and 219 in 1980 Map position: 45°16' 79°39'. References: A, B, M, I, S, Z, HH, 2T, 1M, 9F, 5L and 9J.

**HELMSPORT**, small settlement, Crowland Township, Niagara District. Located 15 miles from St. Catherines Nearest post office named Port Robinson. Population 60 in 1846. No references to this place after 1848 References: G and C.

**HEMATITE #1**, dispersed rural community, Chabanel Township, formerly 29, Range 24 Township, Algoma District Located 100 miles north of Sault Ste. Marie. Post office established as **HELEN MINE** on November 12th, 1900 First Postmaster John M. Miller. Office closed October 7, 1918. **HELEN MINE STATION** served by the Algoma Centra and Hudson Bay Railway. Place named for the mine which was named for the sister of Francis H. Clergne, Min President. At first called **HEMATITE** for the type of ore being mined. Present approved name is **HELEN MINE** Population 200 in 1951 and 6 in 1976. Map position: 48°02' 84°44'. References: S, PP, 3B, V, 6T, 7M, 5L and 7D

**HEMATITE #2**, railway point, east of Atikokan, Rainy River District. A station on CNR main line at an altitud of 1,368 feet above sea level. Located 11 miles east of Atikokan and 132 miles west of Port Arthur on Lak Superior. Present approved name is **HEMATITE**. Map position: 48°45' 91°23'. References: R2, PP, L3 and V.

**HEMBRUFF TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 151**, Algoma District.

**HEMLO**, dispersed rural community, Townships 73 & 74, later Bomby and Lecours Townships, Thunder Bay District Located 29 kilometres east of Marathon, 15 miles east of Heron Bay, 17 mile west of Mobert and at an altitud of 973 feet above sea level. First prospector in this area, Peter McKellar, in 1872. Post office establishe April 7th, 1945 and named **HEMLO**. First Postmaster John Bernard Shanahan. Office closed July 1st, 1956. Thi post office was operated by Ontario Paper and when the operation closed they removed all their buildings alon with the post office. **HEMLO STATION** is located between the stations of Struthers and Heron Bay, at a distanc of 777.5 miles from Montreal. Station agent between 1914 and 1932, Joseph Lecours. The station house an bunkhouses were dismantled and removed by CPR when station closed. Present approved name is **HEMLO**. Populatio is only four families who summer vacation in the remaining four cottages. Map position: 48°41' 85°59' References: R2, U, 6T, Norman Lowe of CNR, Doug Lougheed of Noranda Explorations and F.R.Lecours.

**HEMLOCK**, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipalty of Haldimand-Norfolk, formerly in Houghto Township, Norfolk County. Located 30 miles southwest of Simcoe, 8 kilometres from Burwell and 16 mile southeast of Tillsonburgh Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened 1878 as **HEMLOCK**. No post maste

shown for the opening of this post office, however, there was another post office which opened the next year in 1879 HAMLACK, which was also in Norfolk County. In 1879, there was also another listing for Hemlock, and the first Postmaster was William Elmsley. Office closed May 1st, 1915. The place was named for the hemlocks that grew near it. Present approved name is HEMLOCK. Population 100 in 1892, 15 in 1913 and 14 in 1976. Map position: 42°37' 80°42'. References: B, I, S, U, AA, DD, V, 6T, 5T, 4Q, 5L and 7D.

HEMLOCK BRIDGE, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Date of entry 1878. No further reference to this place. References: 1O.

HEMLOCK CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Walford Township, Grenville County. Located 8 km east of Jasper, 10 km northwest of Augusta and 10 km south of Merricksville. Present approved name is HEMLOCK CORNERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 75°49'. References: B, 5L and V.

HEMLOCK DOWNS, concentrated rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 2 km west of Codes Corner, 7 km east of Elginburg and 10 km northeast of Kingston. Present approved name is HEMLOCK DOWNS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 76°28'. References: V+ and 5L.

HEMLOCK PARK FARM, also known as HEMLOCK PARK, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Population 59 in 1951 and 78 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

HEMSTOCK MILLS, hamlet, Holland Township, Grey County. Located 4 km southwest of Chatsworth, 5 km west of Arnott and 16 km south of Owen Sound. Present approved name is HEMSTOCK MILLS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 80°55'. References: 5L.

HENDERSON #1, Town, Tilbury West Township, Essex County. Founded on the arrival of the Canadian Southern Railway. Located 22 miles southwest of Chatham, 36 miles east of Sandwich, 200 miles southwest of Toronto and on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as HENDERSON 1875. First Postmaster Moses Hudon. In 1883, the post office name was changed to TILBURY CENTRE, under which name it was Incorporated as a Village on April 23rd, 1887. In 1895 the post office and place name was changed to TILBURY. Office still in operation in 1983. On April 7th, 1896, the Incorporated place name was changed to TILBURY. On January 10th, 1910, Tilbury became the Town of Tilbury. This place was named for Tilbury in England. Religious parish name for this place ST. FRANCIS. Present approved name is TILBURY. Population 1,000 in 1893 and 4,248 in 1976. Map position: 42°16' 82°26'. References: I, 5V, M, AA, 2S, SS, 5K, 5O, 5L, Frank Campbell and V.

HENDERSON #2, SEE: DEAD CREEK, Frontenac County.

HENDERSON PLACE, surburban community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 3 km east of Amherstview, 6 km southeast of Westbrook and 7 km west of Kingston. Present approved name is HENDERSON PLACE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 76°34'. References: V and 5L.

HENDERSON'S CORNERS, hamlet, Emily Township, Victoria County. Post office established as HENDERSON'S CORNERS, on January 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Robert Henderson. Office closed September 30th, 1859. No further reference to this place. References: I, EE, 2W, 3K, 3X, 3U and 8Q.

HENDERSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°02' 85°26'. References: V.

HENDRI, SEE: HENDRIE, Simcoe County.

HENDRICK, post office, Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 15 miles west of London, 6 miles east of Strathroy Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 5 miles northwest of Mount Brydges. Post office established as HENDRICK, in 1878. First Postmaster Alexander McKellar. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Spelling error on one official document, HNEDRICK. No recent references to this place. References: I, AA, 3R, 5V nad 6T.

HENDRIE, railway point, Flos Township, Simcoe County. Shown on an early document as HENDRI. This station is on the Penetanguishene branch of Grand Trunk Railway. Located on Marlam Creek, 11 miles northwest of Barrie.

Post office opened 1879 named **ANTEN MILLS**, also known as **ANTEN MILLS STATION**. First Postmaster J. McLaughlin. The original name was Hendrie for the contractor who built this portion of the railway. When the post office was opened, they combined the names of 2 mill owners, Anderson and Tennant, to form the name, Anten. Recently designated a dispersed rural community in Vespra Township, Simcoe County. Present approved name is **ANTEN MILLS**. Population 220 in 1892 and 234 in 1976. Map position: 44°29' 79°50'. References: B, PP, V, I, Z, AA, JJ, 3B, 5V, 5L and 6S.

**HENDRIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°20' 80°37'. References: V.

**HENDRON'S**, a station on the Midland division of Grand Trunk Railway, Simcoe County. Located 19 miles southeast of Midland. Not a post office. This place appeared between 1892-1895. No recent references. References: AA and Z.

**HENFRYN**, dispersed rural community, Grey Township, Huron County. Located 28 miles southeast of Goderich, 4 miles from Listowel, on the Midland River and on the boundary with Elma Township, Perth County. Post office established as **HENFRYN**, in 1875. First Postmaster E.C.K. Davies. Office closed December 15th, 1939. Population 35 in 1893 and 10 in 1926. This place was settled as a result of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway establishment of a station. Present approved name is **HENFRYN**. Map position: 43°42' 81°05'. References: I, S, Z, MM, U10, V, 16, 6T and 4N.

**HENFRYN STATION**, station, Elma Township, Perth County, on Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway. Population 150 in 1878. No recent reference to this station. References: 1W.

**HENLEYBURG**, hamlet, Nipissing District. Located 100 miles from Matawa on CPR. It is not a post office. Population 100 in 1893. No mention of this place after 1907. References: S and U10.

**HENLEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°00' 80°13'. References: V.

**HENNESSY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°22' 81°31'. References: V.

**HENRY #1**, hamlet, Longueil Township, Prescott County. Located 5 miles south of L'Orignal and 3 1/2 miles from Vankleek Hill Station on Canada Atlantic Railway. Post office establishedas **HENRY**, on March 1st, 1861. First Postmaster C.W. Hamelin. Office closed December 17th, 1913. In 1962, this place is shown in West Hawkesbury Township. Population 15 in 1893 and 130 in 1908. No recent reference to this place. Map position: 45°33' 74°41'. References: I, T, S, Z, PP, U10, 3Z, 3N, 6T and 9J.

**HENRY #2**, hamlet, Sombra Township, Lambton County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Sombra Station on the Lake Erie and Detroit Railway and on the St. Clair River. Located at lot 6, concession 13, Sombra Township, Lambton County. Post office established as **HENRY'S CORNERS**, on July 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Lawrence Johnson. Office closed May 1st, 1914. This place was probably named for Mr. Warren T. Henry an early settler. Population 1,000 in 1908. No other references to place after post office closing. References: S, PP, 2Z, 1H, 6T and 6M.

**HENRY ALLISON'S**, a port of call, on the Bay of Quinte, for steamers. Located in Prince Edward County, 9 miles from Picton and 35 miles southwest of Kingston. Date of entry 1908. No recent reference to this place. References: PP.

**HENRY JONES SETTLEMENT**, In 1829, Henry Jones tried to begin a Socialist community. It failed by 1830. The place that grew up on that spot was named **MAXWELL**, a settlement, located in Western District, Canada West, later in Sarnia Township, Lambton County. Located 10 miles east of Sarnia and 3 miles west of Camlachie Station on Grand Trunk Railway. In 1835, the Postmaster General directed mail for the **MAXWELL SETTLEMENT** on Lake Huron, in Kent County to be sent to the post office at Raleigh (later Chatham). On June 1st, 1863, a post office opened named **PERCH STATION**. First Postmaster John Irwin. Office closed July 29th, 1911. Summer post office established as **BRIGHT'S GROVE** on July 12th, 1935. First Postmaster of that office name, D. McK. Nicholson. On June 13th, 1949 it became a full year round office. Office still in operation in 1983.

The station, **BRIGHTS GROVE STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway, now CNR. Robert Bright, by and for whom the present place is named, (for the grove of trees on his waterfront) was also noted as a postmaster in 1890. Present approved name is **BRIGHTS GROVE**. Population 30 in 1885 and 1,113 in 1976. Map position: 43°02' 82°15'. References: I, S, AA, 2Z, 3R, 3N, 2Y, V, 6T, 5L and 6S.

**HENRY'S CORNERS #1,** SEE: **HENRY #2**, Lambton County.

**HENRY'S CORNERS #2,** SEE: **HENRYVILLE**, Simcoe County.

**HENRY'S STATION,** station, Oxford Township, Oxford County. Located on Ingersoll Division of CPR. Station number 1803, between the stations of White Lime Company's Siding and Ingersoll, in 1911. References: 10B

**HENRYVILLE,** hamlet, on the Town line of Essa and Innisfil Townships, Simcoe County. Located 11 miles south of Barrie, 54 miles from Toronto, and on CNR. Named for the Henry pioneer family. First called **HENRY'S CORNERS**, then Henryville, but when the post office was established January 1st, 1854, they gave it the name **THORNTON** for Sir Edward Thornton. John Henry, first teacher and schoolmaster, came to the community about 1832 and on December 21st, 1853, he was appointed first Postmaster. Office still in operation in 1983. Station name is **THORNTON STATION.** Incorporated as Police Village 1912 by Bylaw #1089. Area extended June 23rd, 1918 by Bylaw #1255. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is **THORNTON.** Population 75 in 1857, 260 in 1966 and 421 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 79°43'. References: B, I, S, EE, 2R, JJ, D. Duncan, 9L, 5L and V.

**HENRY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°35' 80°22'. References: V.

**HENSALL,** Village, Hay Township, Huron County. Located 24 miles southeast of Goderich, 6 miles north of Exeter, on the London, Huron and Bruce Railway, and Lake Huron and Buffalo Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Incorporated as a Village December 4th, 1896 and named for Hensall in Yorkshire, England. First settlers James Petty in 1854. Post office established as **HENSALL**, in 1877. First Postmaster James Sutherland. Office still in operation 1983. Present approved name is **HENSALL.** Population 350 in 1879 and 989 in 1980. Map position: 43°26' 81°30'. References: I, T, S, HH, 2T, 3R, 5K, V, 1G, 4D, 9J, 5L and 7D.

**HENS AND CHICKENS #1,** a group of 4 islands, 9 miles west of Point Pelee Island. The largest has 5 acres. No occupied in 1846. Situated at the western extremity of Lake Erie. The hen is about 5 acres and the chickens are mere rocks. They lie off Essex, Ontario. Date of reference 1908. References: G and PP.

**HENS AND CHICKENS #2,** In 1852, the Town of Hens and Chickens was chosen as the northern railroad terminus. Located in Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County, 95 miles north of Toronto, on the south shore of Georgian Bay, and a station on the railway. Post office established as **COLLINGWOOD** July 1st, 1853. This name was given to honour the British Admiral who was Nelson's second in command, at Trafalgar. First Postmaster Peter Ferguson. Post office is still in operation in 1983. This place was Incorporated as a Town without going through the stage of being a Village, on January 1st, 1858, by Act 20, Vict, cap 96. First settler George Carney in 1835. This place had 4 other names connected with it, in the early years. The first being **HURONTARIO** or **NEW VILLAGE** and **NATTAWA** or **OLD VILLAGE.** These places have been encompassed by the growth of Collingwood. Another name for Hurontario was **HURONTARIO VILLAGE** in 1840. Present approved name is **COLLINGWOOD.** Population 4,500 in 1886 and 11,114 in 1976. Map position: 44°29' 80°13'. References: B, I, M, T, S, HH, 2T, JJ, 2Y, GG, 3K, 5M, V, 2E, 6S, 5L and 7D.

**HENSHAW,** SEE: **HENSHAW CORNERS**, Middlesex County.

**HENSHAW CORNERS,** hamelt, West Nissouri Township, Middlesex County. Present approved name **HENSHAW.** Map position: 43°03' 81°06'. References: B and V.

**HENVEY INLET INDIAN RESERVE #2,** Located at Henvey Inlet, Parry Sound District. Population 26 in 1976. Map position: 45°50' 80°40'. References: V.

HENVEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°48' 80°35'. References: V.

HENWOOD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°38' 79°57'. References: V.

HEPBURN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°01' 79°38'. References: V.

HEPWORTH, SEE: EPWORTH, Bruce County.

HEPWORTH STATION, post office, Amabel Township, Bruce County. Located 40 miles north of Walkerton and near Wiarton. Post office established as HEPWORTH, in 1888. First Postmaster S. Vance. Office closed November 2nd, 1903. This place has a station on the Georgian Bay and Lake Erie Railroad, later Grand Trunk Railway and is named HEPWORTH STATION. Population 400 in 1892. No further reference to the place after the post office closing. References: I, AA, Z, 5U, 5T and 7Q.

HERBERT CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Osgoode Township, Russell County, later Ottawa-Carleton Region and later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 7 miles from Osgoode Station and 21 miles from Ottawa. A mail stage service operated past this place in 1851 and to 1874. Post office established as HERBERT CORNERS on November 1st, 1904. First Postmaster Michael Herbert and place is named for him. Office closed April 8th, 1914. Present approved name is HERBERT CORNERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°13' 75°34'. References: B, 9C, S, PP, V, 6T, 7J, 5L and 7D.

HERBERT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°11' 85°31'. References: V.

HERBISON, post office, Goderich Township, Huron County. Post office established as HERBISON, in 1888. First Postmaster William Herbison and the office is named for the first Postmaster. Office closed 1889. Population 20 in 1893. No further reference to this place. References: I, AA, Z, U10 and 5T.

HEREWARD, dispersed rural community, East Garafraxa Township, Dufferin County. Located 5 miles from Luther (1875), 16 miles southeast of Orangeville and 3 miles southwest of Belwood Station on CPR. Post office established November 1st, 1867 and named HEREWARD. First Postmaster John Allen. Office closed June 1st, 1913. Present approved name is HEREWARD. Population 100 in 1886 and 50 in 1895 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°50' 80°19'. References: I, A, T, 5L, S, AA, Z, 3Q, V and 6T.

HERITAGE PARK, urban community, Part of Town of Vaughan in the Regional Municipality of York. Map position: 43°56' 79°32'. References: V.

HERMAN, SEE: HERMON, Hastings County.

HERMINIA STATION, station, Salter Township, Sudbury District. Located on Algoma Division of CPR. Station number 4335, between the stations of Massey and Walford, in 1911. No recent reference to this station. References: 10B.

HERMON, dispersed rural community, Mayo Township, Hastings County. Located 80 miles north of Belleville, 22 miles from Rathbun Station on Central Ontario Railway, and on the Mississippi River. Post office established as HERMON in 1877. First Postmaster Robert Mathers. Office closed by 1972. Office name misspelled on offical lists as HERMAN. Present approved name is NEW HERMON. Population 125 in 1892 and 54 in 1972. Map position: 45°07' 77°38'. References: B, I, S, AA, Z, DD, 5L, O, V, 5V and 9J.

HERON BAY, dispersed rural community, Pic Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 11 kilometres south of the Township of Marathon, 190 miles east of Port Arthur and has a station on CPR. This place came into existence during the construction of the CNR main line, and is at an altitude of 710 feet above sea level, at mile 2103 and being the station between Peninsula and Melgund. First prospector in this area, Moses Pe Kong Gay, a Mohawk Indian, in 1869. Post office established as HERON BAY, in 1885. First Postmaster Thomas Moffatt. Post office still operating in 1983. Present approved name is HERON BAY. Population 100 in 1895 and 192 in 1972. Map

position: 48°40' 86°17'. References: I, R2, S, AA, O, L1, 5L, V, 6Z, 5P, 8K, 9J and Fern Lecours.

HERON BAY NORTH, in an unorganized area, Thunder Bay District. Population 139 in 1971 and 121 in 1976. References: 3B.

HERON BAY SOUTH, dispersed rural community, Pic Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 3 kilometres from Heron Bay. Post office established as HERON BAY SOUTH, on May 22nd, 1939. First Postmaster H. Glendenning. Office closed by 1973. Present approved name is HERON BAY SOUTH. Population 192 in 1956 and 87 in 1980. Map position: 48°39' 86°16'. References: U, 5E, V, V+ and 6T.

HERON GATE, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa in the Regional Municipality of Ottaw-Carleton. Present approved name is HERON GATE. Map position: 45°22' 75°39'. References: V.

HERON PARK, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa in the Regional Municipality of Cttawa-Carleton. Present approved name is HERON PARK. Map position: 45°23' 75°41'. References: V.

HERRICK, post office, Port Arthur Postal District, Thunder Bay District. Located 15 miles west of Mobert and 19 miles east of Heron Bay. Post office established as HERRICK, on July 8th, 1941. First Postmaster William Koski. On May 6th, 1943 this post office was moved 5 miles to Regan and the name was changed to REGAN. No further reference to this office at this site. References: SS and 6T.

HERRICK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°56' 84°38'. References: V.

HERRIOT'S FALLS, SEE: NELSON'S FALLS, Peterborough County.

HERRON MILLS, dispersed rural community, Lanark Township, Lanark County. Located 15 miles north of Perth and 3 miles from Lanark. Post office established 1891 and named HERRON'S MILLS. First Postmaster James Herron. Office closed August 1st, 1915. Present approved name is HERRONS MILLS. Population 20 in 1893, 30 in 1926 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 76°24'. References: B, I, S, Z, MM, 5L, U10, V and 6T.

HERRONS CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 4 km southeast of Sugar Bush Estates, 5 km northwest of Algonquin and 16 km west of Prescott. Present approved name is HERRONS CORNERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 75°43'. References: V and 5L.

HERRON'S MILLS, SEE: HERRON MILLS, Lanark County.

HERSCHELL TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Hastings County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1960. Quieting Order P3851-69, dated May 31st, 1968. Population 936 in 1980. Map position: 45°09' 77°59'. References: HH, M and V.

HESPELER, SEE: BERGEYVILLE, Waterloo County.

HESPELER, SEE: CAMBRIDGE #1, Waterloo County.

HESS DISTRICT, is now called the WESTERN DISTRICT by an Act of the Provincial Legislature in the first session, under Lt. Gov. John Graves Simcoe. Source dated 1799. References: 7W.

HESSON, SEE: BETHLEHEM, Perth County.

HESSON ROAD, SEE: BETHLEHEM, Perth County.

HESS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°46' 81°30'. References: V.

HEWITT, hamlet, Wainfleet Township, Welland County. Located 6 miles southwest of Welland and 1 mile from Hewitt Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as HEWITT, in 1883. First Postmaster J. B.

Hewitt. Office named for first Postmaster. Post Office closed on May 15th, 1915. Present approved name is HEWITT. Population 10 in 1895 and 15 in 1915. Map position: 42°58' 79°21'. References: I, J, DD, 5P, U10, V, 6L and 7D.

HENSON'S POINT, SEE: POINT ENDEAVOUR, Simcoe County.

HEYDEN, railway point, Ancres Township, Algoma District. A station on the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway, located 15 miles from Sault Ste. Marie. Present approved name is HEYDEN. Population 135 in 1961 and 315 in 1976. Map position: 46°35' 84°17'. References: U, FF, 5B, 5A and V and 5L.

HEYSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 50°59' 93°51'. References: V.

HIAM STATION, railway point, Alice Township, Renfrew County. This place was named for Tom Hiam, secretary to Sir Donald Mann, CNR. The station is on the main line of CNR, at an altitude of 513 feet above sea level. Present approved name is HIAM STATION. Map position: 45°48' 77°12'. References: B, U, L3, V and 8L.

HIAWATHA, SEE: INDIAN VILLAGE, Peterborough County.

HIAWATHA INDIAN RESERVE #36, Located on the west shore of Rice Lake, Peterborough County. Population 128 in 1976. Map position: 44°11' 78°13'. References: V.

HIAWATHA PARK, suburban community, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa Carleton. Located 5 km southwest of Queenswood Village, 5 km northwest of Orleans and 5 km north of Blackburn. HIAWATHA PARK STATION on the CNR main line, at an altitude of 187 feet above sea level. Present approved name is HIAWATHA PARK. Population 139 in 1971 and 585 in 1976. Map position: 45°28' 75°33'. References: 5B, L3, 5L and V.

HIAWATHA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°50' 84°58'. References: V.

HIBBERT TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Perth County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C.81. First settler into Irishtown Area was Thomas Fox who agreed to establish and run a tavern for the settlers. The agreement was with the Canada Company and for this, he received a grant of 200 acres. Area of township 47,505 acres. Population 1,191 in 1852 and 1,414 in 1980. Map position: 43°27' 81°20'. References: HH, 2N, M, V and 1N.

HIBBERTVILLE, hamlet, Hibbert Township, Perth County. Located 5 miles from Carronbrook (Caronbrook) and located at the 4 corners of concessions 8 & 9 which was 2 concessions south of Cromarty post office, and 4 concessions north was located the Staffa post office. This entry dated 1875 and there is no recent reference to this place. References: A.

HICKEY, concentrated rural community, Mountain Township, Dundas County. Located 20 miles northwest of Cornwall, 8 miles from Winchester and 2 miles from Kemptville Junction. Post office established April 1st, 1855 and named MOUNTAIN for the township. First Postmaster James Cleland. Post office still operating in 1985. MOUNTAIN STATION on CPR. Parish name for this place ST. DANIEL. Present approved name is MOUNTAIN. Population 130 in 1895 and 154 in 1976. Map position: 45°02' 75°50'. References: I, S, AA, 5B, U10, 3K, 5N, 5S, FF, V and 5J.

HICKEY SETTLEMENT, hamlet, dispersed rural community, Herschel Township, Hastings County. Located 4 km west of Hybla, 8 km southeast of Maynooth and 11 km northwest of Bancroft. Present approved name is HICKEY SETTLEMENT. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 77°54'. References: V and 5L.

HICKORY BEACH, hamlet, Verulam Township, Victoria County. Located adjacent to Sandy Point, 8 km southeast of Fenelon Falls and 15 km northeast of Lindsay. Present approved name is HICKORY BEACH. Population 49 in 1971 and not shown in 1976. References: 5B and 5L.

**HICKORY CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Adelaide and Lobo Townships, Middlesex County. Located 18 miles west of London and 5 miles northeast of Strathroy Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **ANIENO** in London District, Upper Canada, on January 6th, 1857. First Postmaster James P. Dellaire. Office closed May 1st, 1915. Name reverted to original in 1974. Present approved name is **HICKORY CORNER**. Population 40 in 1895, 40 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°00' 81°55'. References: B, V, I, S, Z, PP, 55, 61, 51 and 65.

**HICK'S CORNERS**, hamlet, South Gower Township, Grenville County, formerly in Canada West. Distance from Kemptville is 8 miles and in 1851, there were 5 merchants listed in the hamlet. No reference to this place after 1851. References: 58.

**HICKSON**, SEE: STRATHALLAN #1, Oxford County.

**HICKS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Map position: 48°55' 82°10'. References: V.

**HIDDEN VALLEY SURVEY**, Flamborough East Township, Wentworth County. Population 84 in 1951 and 97 in 1956. References: 58 and 51.

**HIGGINBOTHAM**, post office, Wellington County. Post office opened in 1878 and closed 1881. This is a mysterious listing because there is no place with this name. There is no other reference for this post office. References: I.

**HIGHBURY VALE**, post office, Chisholm Township, Nipissing District. Located 17 km south of Bonfield, 22 km east of Klosk and 24 km southeast of Corbett. Post office opened as HIGHBURY VALE on October 10th, 1912. First Postmaster George Parkin. On April 1st, 1913, the office name changed to **WASING**. It closed on September 27th, 1948. This place recently designated a dispersed rural community. **WASING STATION** on Canadian Northern Railway mainline, at an altitude of 1,017 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **WASING**. Population 6 in 1976. Map position: 46°06' 79°10'. References: 55, 61, 13, V and 51 and 94.

**HIGH FALLS #1**, post office, Cambridge Township, Russell County. Located 30 miles from Manotick, 40 miles southwest of L'Orignal, 31 miles southeast of Ottawa and 27 miles from Wales. Post office opened as **CASSELMAN** in 1857. First Postmaster John Casselman, who named the office for himself. Office closed October 5th, 1897. The place took the name of the office and was incorporated as the Village of Casselman on June 22nd, 1889. Martin Casselman arrived in the area in 1830. He built a mill and settled in 1845. Parish name ST. FORMENIE. South Casselman was a post office adjoining Casselman and had its post office name changed to Casselman on October 1st, 1878, since it had been absorbed by Casselman. Office still in operation in 1985. The first Postmaster of South Casselman was Paul Bissonnette. Present approved name is **CASSELMAN**. Population 200 in 1886 and 1,428 in 1979. Map position: 45°17' 75°05'. References: B, I, G, M, N, I, Z, II, BB, 21, 55, 17, 78, 76, 51, 71 and 51.

**HIGH FALLS #2**, SEE: BYRE'S CREEK, Renfrew County.

**HIGH FALLS #3**, Michipicoten Township, Algoma District. Population 25 in 1971 and 30 in 1976. References: 58.

**HIGH FALLS #4**, Population 22 in 1971 and after 1976, population included in Walden, within the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. References: 58.

**HIGH FALLS #5**, dispersed rural community, North Sherbrooke and Dalhousie Township, Frontenac County. Present approved name is **HIGH FALLS**. Map position: 45°51' 76°37'. References: V.

**HIGHFIELD**, dispersed rural community, Etobicoke Township, York County, later Part of the Borough of Etobicoke, now City of Etobicoke, within the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located 10 miles west of Toronto and 1 miles west of Weston. Post office opened as HIGHFIELD in 1866. First Postmaster H. Dutchburn. Office closed November 12th, 1912. Present approved name is HIGHFIELD. Population 100 in 1886 and 58 in 1971. Map position: 43°42' 79°35'. References: I, I, S, Z, 011, 58, V, 41 and 41.

**HIGHGATE**, concentrated rural community, Orford Township, Kent County. Located 22 miles northeast of Chatham and 6 miles northeast of Ridgetown. Post office opened as **HIGHGATE** in 1853. First Postmaster Henry Bell. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village April 12th, 1917. Present approved name is **HIGHGATE**. Population 250 in 1885 and 447 in 1980. Map position: 42°30' 81°49'. References: I, M, S, AA, HH, 2T, 3R, XX, V, 5L and 9J.

**HIGHLAND**, dispersed rural community, Kerns Township, Timiskaming District. Located west of Uno Park, on Wabi Creek, 16 km northwest of New Liskeard, 14 km south of Earlton and 43 km southeast of Elk Lake. Present approved name is **HIGHLAND**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°36' 79°49'. References: 22-6, 5L and V.

**HIGHLAND BEACH**, hamlet, Ontario County, now Scugog Township, Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Lake Scugog, 2 km north of Port Perry, 7 km southeast of Greenbank and 14 km east of Uxbridge. Present approved name is **HIGHLAND BEACH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°07' 78°57'. References: 5L.

**HIGHLAND CREEK**, urban community, Scarborough Township, York County, later Part of Borough of Scarborough, now City of Scarborough, within the Municipality of Toronto. Located 14 miles northeast of Toronto, 2 km from Grand Trunk Railway at Port Union Station. Post office opened as **HIGHLAND CREEK**, on July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster W. Chamberlain. On October 31st, 1960 the status of the office changed to a sub-post office of West Hill #2. Present approved name is **HIGHLAND CREEK**. Population 250 in 1857, 200 in 1886 and 100 in 1926. Map position: 43°47' 79°10'. References: I, T, S, U, EE, MM, 3K, V and 6T.

**HIGHLAND GLEN**, concentrated rural community, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located on Lot 43 and 44, Front Concession, 5 km north of Aberarder, 8 km northeast of Errol and 9 km east of Forest. Present approved name is **HIGHLAND GLEN**. Population 33 in 1971 and 37 in 1976. Map position: 43°06' 82°07'. References: B, 5L, 3B, 1H and V.

**HIGHLAND GROVE**, SEE: DEER LAKE STATION #2, Haliburton County.

**HIGHLAND HILLS**, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Population 300 in 1956. References: 5E.

**HIGHLAND PARK #1**, urban community, Ottawa-Carleton District, later Part of the City of Ottawa, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **HIGHLAND PARK**. Map position: 45°23' 75°45'. References: U and V.

**HIGHLAND PARK #2**, Smith Township, Peterborough County. Population 60 in 1971. References: 3B.

**HIGHLAND PARK #3**, Atikokan Township, Rainy River District. Population 147 in 1961 and 72 in 1976. References: 3B and 5A.

**HIGHLAND PARK #4**, Markham Township, York County. Population 813 in 1951 and 1,338 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

**HIGHLAND PARK SUBDIVISION**, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 km southeast of Barrie, 8 km northwest of Stroud and 13 km north of Thornton. Present name is not approved. Population 293 in 1971 and 555 in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 79°40'. References: 3B and 5L.

**HIGHLAND POINT**, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 miles from Penetang and 6 1/2 miles from Midland. Summer post office opened June 1st, 1935 as **HIGHLAND POINT**. First Postmaster J. A. Light. Office closed April 18th, 1955. Present approved name is **HIGHLAND POINT**. Population 402 in 1956 and 246 in 1976. Map position: 44°47' 79°56'. References: B, 3B, 5E, V and 6T.

**HIGHLAND SURVEY**, West Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, later in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Population 122 in 1961, 129 in 1971; after 1976 population included in Dundas. References: 3B and 5A

HIGH PARK #1, urban community, York County, later Part of City of Toronto, within the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Population 100 in 1893 and had station on Grand Trunk Railway with Canadian Express office. Present approved name is HIGH PARK. Map position: 43°39' 79°28'. References: U10 and V.

HIGH PARK #2, urban community, Part of City of Sarnia, Lambton County. Present approved name is HIGH PARK. Map position: 42°59' 82°22'. References: V.

HIGH POINT, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Durham, formerly Ontario County. Located 11 miles north of Whitby (1895), 7km southwest of Port Perry and 2 km west of Prospect. HIGH POINT STATION on the Midland division of the Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is HIGH POINT. Population 30 in 1893. Map position: 44°03' 78°59'. References: S, 5L, Z, U10 and V.

HIGH VIEW, locality, Buchanan Township, Renfrew County. Present approved name is HIGH VIEW. Map position: 46°01' 77°17'. References: V.

HILDA #1, railway point, Simpson Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is HILDA. Map position: 48°37' 84°14'. References: U and V.

HILDA #2, post office, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Located 7 miles from Belleville. Post office opened as HILDA on July 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Benjamin Palmer. Office closed in 1877. Place name THRESHER CORNERS. Recently designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is THRASHER'S CORNERS. Map position: 44°16' 77°22'. References: I, A, 5Y, DD, V, V+ and 1E.

HILDSIDE, SEE: HILLSIDE #1, Muskoka District.

HILLARY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 81°50'. References: V.

HILL CITY, SEE: DAWSON'S LANDING, Algoma District.

HILLCREST #1, Charlotteville Township, later Delhi Municipal Township, Norfolk County and most recently, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 6 km north of Walsh, 7 km southwest of Simcoe and 15 km east of Delhi. Present approved name is HILLCREST. Population 240 in 1961 and 126 in 1976. References: 3B and 5A.

HILLCREST #2, station, Nipissing District. Located 200 miles northwest of Pembroke. Had express and telegraph office, and the station on CPR. This reference is dated between 1892 and 1907. No further reference to this station. References: S, AA and Z.

HILLCREST #3, Glackmeyer Township, Cochrane District. Population 154 in 1951 and 254 in 1966. References: 3B and 5A.

HILLCREST #4, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Population 896 in 1956. References: 5E.

HILL CREST #5, dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 5 km east of Brockville, 6 km southeast of Lyn and 6 km northeast of Sherwood Springs. Present approved name is HILLCREST. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 75°44'. References: V and 5L.

HILLCREST #6, dispersed rural community, Hillier Township, Prince Edward County. Located 3 km north of Hillier, 10 km northeast of Wellington and 13 km southwest of Carrying Place. Present approved name is HILLCREST. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°00' 77°27'. References: Vand 5L.

HILLENDALE, urban community, Part of the City of Kingston, Frontenac County. Present approved name is HILLENDALE. References: V.

HILLHEAD, dispersed rural community, Ops Township, Victoria County. Present approved name is HILLHEAD. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 44°18' 78°40'. References: B, and V.

HILLHEAD CORNERS, hamlet, Ops Township, Victoria County. Located 8 km northwest of Omemee, 8 km southeast of Lindsay and 12 km northeast of Janetville. Present approved name is HILLHEAD CORNERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 78°41'. References: 5L and U.

HILLIARDTON, SEE: IRONWOOD, Nipissing District.

HILLIARDTOWN, SEE: IRONWOOD, Nipissing District.

HILLIARD TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township in Timiskaming District. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1910. Quieting Order C6709, dated March 31st, 1953. Population 338 in 1977 and 320 in 1980. Map position: 47°43' 79°42'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

HILLIER, SEE: SLAB CREEK, Prince Edward County.

HILLIER STATION, Hillier Township, Prince Edward County. Station was named for the Township. This entry dated April 1974. No recent reference to this station. References: B.

HILLIER TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township in Prince Edward County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Area 30,000 acres. Hillier Township is 5th in age and 7th in size in Prince Edward County. For a time, it was Part of AMELIASBURG, when an Act of Parliment, which came into effect, January 1st, 1824, set it apart as a Separate Township. It was named after Major Hillier, Secretary to Sir Peregrine Maitland, Governor of the Province, at that time. Population 2,962 in 1852 and 1,580 in 1980. Map position: 44°00' 77°25'. References: HH, 2W, M, V, 1F and 7D.

HILL ISLAND, Leeds County. Located 13 km from Lansdowne (1980). References: U.

HILL LAKE, dispersed rural community, Byce Township, later Beauchamp Township, Timiskaming District. Located near Sunday Creek, 16 km southwest of Englehart, 17 km northeast of Earlton and 22 km west of Elk Lake. Present approved name is HILL LAKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°44' 80°03'. References: 22-6, 5L and V.

HILLMAN, post office, Mersea Township, Essex County. Located 40 miles southeast of Sandwich, 4 miles from Pere Marquette Railway at Wheatley Station and 5 miles from Leamington. Post office opened as HILLMAN, in 1884, and was named for the first settler Elis Hillman. First Postmaster Robert Menary. Office closed November 25th, 1911. In 1905 it was the most southerly office in Ontario. Population 25 in 1885. No recent references to this place. Map position: 42°02' 82°31'. References: I, S, Z, PP, 3R, 7D, 6T, 5P and 9J.

HILLMER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township in Cochrane District. Map position: 49°54' 82°45'. References: V.

HILLOCK LAKE, unorganized Township, Kenora District. Population 74 in 1956 and 53 in 1971. References: 3B and 5E.

HILL PARK, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is HILL PARK. Map position: 43°14' 79°52'. References: V.

HILLS #1, railway point, North and South Himsworth Townships, Parry Sound District. Present approved name is HILLS. Map position: 46°09' 79°19'. References: U and V.

HILLS #2, station, Algoma District. Located on the Canadian Northern Railway mainline, at an altitude of 1,087 feet above sea-level and 34 miles from Fitzback Station. Reference is dated 1915. No recent reference to this station. References: L3.

HILLS #3, SEE: HALLS', Victoria County.

HILLS #4, station, West Meath Township, Renfrew County. Present approved name is HILLS. Map position: 45°39' 76°55'. References: V.

HILLSBORO' or HILLSBOROUGH, hamlet, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located 20 miles northeast of Sarnia and 5 miles west of Grand Trunk Railway at Forest Station. Post office opened as HILLSBORO', on May 1st, 1853 on Lot 47, Front Concession, Plympton Township. First Postmaster Thomas Hill for whom the office is named. Office closed October 1st, 1901. Present approved name is HILLSBORO'. Population 100 in 1886 and 20 in 1908. Map position: 43°07' 82°05'. References: I, T, Z, EE, PP, 2Z, 1H, 3K, 7N and V.

HILLSBOROUGH BEACH, dispersed rural community, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located between Lots 47 & 50 of Plympton Township, on Lake Huron, 7 km west of Forest, 14 km southwest of Ipperwash Beach and 19 km northeast of Wyoming. Present approved name is HILLSBOROUGH BEACH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°07' 82°05'. References: 5L, B, 1H and V.

HILLSBURGH, Police Village, Erin Township, Wellington County. Located 20 miles northeast of Guelph, 10 miles south of Orangeville and on the Credit River. This place has a statiuon on CPR named HILLSBURGH STATION. Post office opened July 6th, 1851 as HILLSBURG. First Postmaster William Gooderham. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorported as a Police Village December 8th, 1899, by County Bylaw #561. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is HILLSBURGH. Population 150 in 1857 and 819 in 1976. Map position: 43°47' 80°09'. References: B, I, S, Z, EE, 3B, 2Y, 3J, V, 8Q, 9L and 7L.

HILLSDALE, Police Village, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Located 17 miles northwest of Barrie, 6 miles east of North & North Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway at Elmvale Station. Post office opened as HILLSDALE, in 1867. First Postmaster John Faragher. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Police Village on December 15th, 1905, by Bylaw # 812. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. This place was named for Alexander Hill, a prominent tavern-keeper. Present approved name is HILLSDALE. Population 300 in 1886 and 274 in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 79°45'. References: I, T, S, Z, JJ, 3B, V, 4F, 5L, 9L and 7L.

HILLS GREEN or HILL'S GREEN, dispersed rural community, Hay Township, Huron County. Located 24 miles southeast of Goderich, 10 km from Hensall and 4 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Kippen Station. Post office opened as HILLS GREEN on April 1st, 1864. First Postmaster Hugh Love, Sr. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Place was named for William Hill an early settler. Present approved name is HILLS GREEN. Population 58 in 1892 and 25 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°28' 81°35'. References: I, S, U, AA, PP, 3O, V, 5L, 6T and 7D.

HILLSIDE #1, at times misspelled as HILDSIDE, dispersed rural community, Franklin Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 10 km northeast of Huntsville, 3 km north of North Portage and 13 km southwest of Oxtongue Lake. Post office opened as HILLSIDE on March 1st, 1898, First Postmaster Albert Hodgson. Office status changed to that of a summer post office on June 15th, 1963. This place was named by two gentlemen from Belfast, Ireland, who were visiting in the interest of immigration. They chose the name to honour resident Methodist Minister R.N. Hill. Present approved name is HILLSIDE. Population 65 in 1961 and 63 in 1976. Map position: 45°21' 79°05'. References: B, U, 3B, 5A, 5L, V, 7G and 6T.

HILLSIDE #2, local name, Scarborough Township, York County. There is no post office, it is just a community name (1983). References: 8H.

HILLSIDE GARDENS, settlement, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, later Rideau Township, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 2 km northwest of Manotick, 12 km northeast of Richmond and 18 km south of Ottawa. Present name is not approved. Population 390 in 1961 and 1,430 in 1976. References: 5L, 3B & 5A.

HILLS LAKE, SEE: MANES, Timiskaming District.

HILLS MILL, Ridout Township, Muskoka District. This is a stop on a water-route (#294), within the District

Municipality of Muskoka. Located on Lake of Bays, 1 km south of Birkendale, 4 km west of Lumina and 12 km northeast of Russell Landing. In 1924, the name was changed to **SEABREEZE**, and in June 1929, it was changed to **THE HEMLOCKS**. Present approved name is **SEABREEZE**. Map position: 45°17' 78°58'. References: SS, V, 5L and 7K.

**HILLSPORT**, concentrated rural community, Thunder Bay District. This is an unincorporated community. Located 45 km northwest of Manitouwadge, 36 miles east of Caramat and 42 miles west of Hornepayne. Founded by the railway, which was CNR. Post office opened as **HILLSPORT** on August 1st, 1944. First Postmaster Daniel Duggan. Post office still in operation in 1983. Place was named by Canadian Northern Railway for A.J. Hills, a Superintendent of the railway line. Present approved name is **HILLSPORT**. Population 25 in 1951 and 127 in 1976. Map position: 49°27' 85°33'. References: R2, 3B, 5E, 5L, 9J, V, 6T and 8L.

**HILLSVIEW**, SEE: **HILLVIEW**, Timiskaming District.

**HILL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township in Sudbury District. Map position: 47°48' 83°34'. References: V.

**HILLVIEW**, dispersed rural community, Hudson Township, Timiskaming District. Located 8 km from New Liskeard, on Highway #65. 12 miles from Cobalt, 11 km southeast of Hanbury and 15 km northeast of Haileybury. Post office opened as **HILLVIEW** on May 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Arthur Fisher. Office closed July 15th, 1919. Place was named for the location on a rocky hill; you can see 6 miles in any direction. Present approved name is **HILLVIEW**. Population 20 in 1908 and 15 in 1913. Map position: 47°32' 79°47'. References: 5L, S, D, PP, 7Q, V, 22-6 and 6T.

**HILLVIEW SUBDIVISION**, concentrated rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Population for 1961 and 1966 are included in Collins Bay. Map position: 44°14' 76°36'. References: 5A and V.

**HILLY GROVE**, dispersed rural community, Assiginack Township, Manitoulin District. Located 150 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie and 5 miles west of Manitowaning. Post office opened as **HILLY GROVE**, in 1876. First Postmaster John Rutledge. Office closed July 16th, 1951. Present approved name is **HILLY GROVE**. Population 30 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°41' 81°52'. References: I, S, AA, 5P, V, 5L and 6T.

**HILTON #1**, dispersed rural community, Brighton Township, Northumberland County. Located 26 miles northeast of Cobourg and 4 miles north of Grand Trunk Railway at Brighton. Post office opened in April 1st, 1853 as **HILTON**. First Postmaster Ezra Stephens. Office closed by 1972. Parish name for this place **ST. JOSEPH**. Present approved name is **HILTON**. Population 200 in 1886 and 94 in 1980. Map position: 44°05' 77°46'. References: I, 5L, T, S, U, 3K, SS, V and 9J.

**HILTON #2**, SEE: **MARKSVILLE**, Algoma District.

**HILTON BEACH**, SEE: **MARKSVILLE**, Algoma District.

**HILTONBEACH**, SEE: **MARKSVILLE**, Algoma District.

**HILTON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township in Algoma District. Incorporated as Township in 1883. Quieting Order M908, dated August 14th, 1956. Population 111 in 1977 and 136 in 1980. Map position: 46°13' 83°53'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**HIMSWORTH**, settlement, in South Himsworth Township, Parry Sound District. Located on the Genesee Creek, 6 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Powassan Station and 12 miles from Callander. Post office opened as **HIMSWORTH**, on March 17th, 1905. First Postmaster Dennis Hanrahan. Office closed October 15th, 1915. Present approved name is **HIMSWORTH**. Population 500 in 1908. Map position: 46°02' 79°17'. References: B, 6T, PP, V and 7S.

**HIMSWORTH NORTH TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **NORTH HIMSWORTH TOWNSHIP**, Parry Sound District.

**HIMSWORTH SOUTH TOWNSHIP**, Parry Sound District. Incorporated from and after March 15th, 1890. Quieting Order M3219, dated September 14th, 1956. Population 1,370 in 1980. References: HH and M.

**HIMSWORTH TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP OF HIMSWORTH NORTH and TOWNSHIP OF HIMSWORTH SOUTH.** Reference: M.

**HINCH**, dispersed rural community, Camden Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 10 miles north of Napanee, 5 miles northwest of Newburgh and has the nearest railroad station (1907). Post office established as **HINCH** in 1873. First Postmaster William Hinch. Office closed November 26th, 1912. Present approved name is **HINCH**. Population 150 in 1875 and 150 in 1908. Map position: 44°22' 76°56'. References: I, A, S, 5L, PP, V, 6T and 5V.

**HINCHINBROOKE**, hamlet, Hinchinbrooke Township, Frontenac County. **HINCHINBROOKE STATION** on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Located 32 miles north of Kingston and 10 kilometres from Tichborne. Post office opened 1881 and named **COLE LAKE**. First Postmaster Robert Killins. Post office closed November 14th, 1961. Present approved name is **COLE LAKE**. Population 25 in 1893 and 29 in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 76°40'. References: U, B, Z, U10, V, I, 5V, 5L and 6T.

**HINCHINBROOKE TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Frontenac County. First settler in 1837 John McKnight. Incorporated as a Township, September 12th, 1862. Quieting Order N9369, dated August 26th, 1966. Population 361 in 1852 and 1,126 in 1980. Map position: 44°36' 76°45'. References: HH, 3H, M, 2W, V and YY.

**HINCKS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°04' 81°00'. References: V.

**HINDON HILL**, railway point, Hindon and Stanhope Townships, Haliburton County. This place name misspelled as **HINDON HALL**. Located on Gull River, 17 miles from Gelert Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **HINDON HILL** January 27th, 1906. First Postmistress Mrs. C. Taylor. Office closed July 1st, 1950. Present approved name is **HINDON HILL**. Population about 1,000 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 78°48'. References: B, PP, V, 7T, 5L and 6T.

**HINDON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°04' 78°54'. References: V.

**HINTONBURGH**, Village, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Located on the western boundary of the City of Ottawa. Hintonburgh includes the former suburbs of **HINTONBURG, BAYSWATER** and **MANCHESTERVILLE** and in the postal district, also includes **MECHANICSVILLE**. Incorporated as a Village 1894. Amalgamated by Ottawa 1907. Recently designated as an urban community, Part of the City of Ottawa. Post office established 1880. First Postmaster Duncan Ferguson. On March 1st, 1950, the sub-post office of Ottawa, named **HINTONBURGH** was closed. This place was founded by Robert Hinton, pioneer. Present approved name is **HINTONBURG**. Population 800 in 1892 and 2,798 in 1901. Map position: 45°24' 75°44'. References: I, S, AA, D, HH, 2T, V, 5V and 6T.

**HINTONBURG VILLAGE**, SEE: **BAYSWATER**
**HINTONBURG**
**MANCHESTERVILLE**
**MECHANICSVILLE**
**OTTAWA.**

**HIPEL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°47' 87°17'. References: V.

**HISLOP TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°30' 80°20'. References: V.

**HOARDS**, SEE: **HOARD'S STATION**, Northumberland County.

**HOARD'S STATION**, dispersed rural community, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 40 miles northeast of Cobourg, 6 miles west of Sterling and 11 kilometres from Campbellford. Post office established as **HOARD'S STATION** in 1883. First Postmistress Mrs. Jane E. Donald. Office closed December 31st, 1946. This

place was named for Vernon Hoard who was a large land owner. Present approved name is HOARDS. Population 50 in 1893 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 77°40'. References: I, S, U, 3B, 5L, U10, V, 5P, 6T and 7D.

HOASIC, dispersed rural community, Williamsburgh Township, Dundas County. Located 10 miles northeast of Morrisburgh, on lot 13, concession 4, Williamsburgh Township. Post office established as HOASIC on April 1st, 1870. First Postmaster John J. Baker. Office closed January 17th, 1914. Present approved name is HOASIC. Population 100 in 1893 and 5 in 1976. Map position: 44°59' 75°09'. References: I, S, PP, U10, V, 5L, 6T, 5W and 2A.

HOATH HEAD, also shown as HOATH ROAD on some post office lists. A dispersed rural community, Sydenham Township, Grey County. Located 8 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 4 miles east of Rockford Station on CPR. Post office established as HOATH HEAD on October 1st, 1860. First Postmaster Robert Hoath. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is HOATH HEAD. Population 50 in 1875 and 50 in 1908. Not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 80°51'. References: I, A, 5L, S, Z, PP, 3N, V and 6T.

HOATH ROAD, SEE: HOATH HEAD, Grey County.

HOBART, SEE: LANGMAN'S MILLS, Simcoe County.

HOBBS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°46' 80°06'. References: V.

HOBLITZELL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°30' 79°54'. References: V.

HOBON, dispersed rural community, Pearkes Township, Algoma District. HOBON STATION on the CPR. Located 49 1/2 miles from White River, 23 miles from Missanabie and 29 miles from Chapleau. In 1914, Hobon station name was changed to FRANZ STATION. Station located on CPR main line at an altitude of 1,215 feet above sea level (1915). Post office established as HOBON July 1st, 1911. On January 1st, 1914 office name changed to FRANZ. Place assumed the name of the post office sometime between 1914 and 1941. Present approved name is FRANZ. Population 125 in 1913 and 39 in 1976. Map position: 48°28' 84°25'. References: DD, 5L, SS, L, 6T, 3B, L1 and V.

HOBSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°25' 81°33'. References: V.

HOCKLEY, dispersed rural community, Adjala Township, Simcoe County. Located 12 miles northeast of Orangeville, 8 miles west of Tottenham Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 22 miles from Brantford. Post office established as HOCKLEY on August 1st, 1863. First Postmaster Thomas Martin. Post office closed on September 30, 1918. Shown in Simcoe, Cardwell and Dufferin Counties at various times. Present approved name is HOCKLEY. Population 100 in 1886 and 149 in 1976. Map position: 44°01' 79°58'. References: I, A, T, S, 5L, 3B, 3N, V, 7B and 9F.

HOCKLEY MILLS, locality, Albion Township, Peel County. Now a summer area. Name changed to HOCKLEY VALLEY after 1859. Present approved name is HOCKLEY VALLEY. Map position: 43°55' 79°50'. References: V and 7D.

HOCKLEY VALLEY, SEE: HOCKLEY MILLS, Peel County.

HODGE, station, Rainy River District, on CPR, at mile 1645. Located 30 miles east of Rat Portage County (later Kenora) and on Lake of the Woods. HODGE STATION located east of Jack Pine Station (1903). No recent reference to this station. References: PP and 8K.

HODGE'S LANDING, Police Village, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 15 miles northeast of Barrie and 10 miles south of Orillia. Post office established 1846 as HODGE'S LANDING. First Postmaster Richard Hodges. On June 1st, 1857 the name was changed to HAWKESTONE and the name was suggested by the Honourable James Patton to honour A.B. Hawke, Chief Immigration agent for Upper Canada. Office still in operation in 1983. Hawkestone became a Police Village and was Incorporated December 1st, 1922 by Bylaw #1456. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. The station name at this place was HAWKESTONE STATION and was on the North

and Northwestern Division of the Grand Trunk Railway, and later on the Northern Railway. This place may have been the site of the Huron main Village, which was known as CAHIAGUE. Present approved name is HAWKESTONE. Population 300 in 1886 and 309 in 1976. Map position: 44°30' 79°28'. References: 8A, 7D, 3M, T, Z, 3B, 2Y, 5L, V, 7B, 9L and 7L.

**HODGETTS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°17' 81°19'. References: V.

**HODGINS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°45' 84°02'. References: V.

**HODGSON #1**, dispersed rural community, Clara Township, Renfrew County. Located on Ottawa River, 29 km north of Brent and 25 km east of Mattawa. HODSON STATION on CPR, between the stations of Klock and Deux Rivieres. Present approved name is **HODGSON**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°17' 78°24'. References: V and 5L.

**HODGSON #2**, Nipissing District. Located near Mattawa. Date of reference 1980. References: U.

**HODGSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°30' 92°04'. References: V.

**HOEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position 47°47' 83°40'. References: V.

**HOFFMAN**, SEE: **HOFFMAN SUBDIVISION**, Renfrew County.

**HOFFMAN CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Harwich Township, Kent County.Located 11 km southeast of Chatham, 12 km north of Cedar Springs and 15 km southwest of Ridgetown. Present approved name is **HOFFMAN CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°23' 82°03'. References: V and 5L.

**HOFFMAN SUBDIVISION**, dispersed rural community, Petawawa Township, Renfrew County. Located adjacent to Petawawa, 14 km northeast of Alice and 21 km southeast of Chalk River. Present approved name is **HOFFMAN**. Population 101 in 1961 and 195 in 1976. Map position: 45°43' 77°15'. References: 3B, 5A, 5L and V.

**HOFFMAN TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 6 H**, Algoma District.

**HOGAN**, hamlet, Tudor Township, Hastings County. Post office established as **HOGAN**, on June 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Dennis Hogan, for whom the office was named. Office closed September 14th, 1940. Present approved name is **HOGAN**. Population 16 in 1941 and 73 in 1951. Map position: 44°42' 77°35'. References: S, PP, 3B, V, 7M and 6T.

**HOGARTH**, railway point, Ledger Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 19 kilometres north of Nipigon on CNR, on the Kinghorn sub-line. This place was named for a Port Arthur family. Map position: 49°11' 88°16'. No recent reference to this railway point. References: R2, B and 8L.

**HOGARTH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°10' 90°23'. References: V.

**HOG BAY**, SEE: **HOGG'S BAY**, Simcoe County.

**HOGG**, dispersed rural community, Sarawak Township, Grey County. Located on the Indian river near East Linton, 8 miles from Owen Sound, and with a port on the Georgian Bay (1908). Post Office established November 4th, 1904 as **HOGG**. First Postmaster Thomas Hogg. On June 1st, 1907 office name was changed to **PRESQU'ILE**. Office closed January 5th, 1929. Place resumed the name Hogg. Present approved name is **HOGG**. Population 50 in 1908, 100 in 1926 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 80°56'. References: PP, V, 7J, 7K, 5L, 6T and MM.

**HOGG'S BAY**, Village, also known as **HOG BAY**, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 50 miles north of Barrie, 10 miles east of Midland and 25 miles east of Orillia. Post office established as **VICTORIA HARBOUR** May 1st, 1872. First Postmaster John Kean. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village December 31st, 1910 and settled by a retired English officer who built a mill, then abandoned it. The mill was refurbished and

opened as Kean and Fowlie's mill and this started the settlement of the Town. Victoria Harbour is just off Georgian Bay and is on the CNR and on Highway 12. At one time, Victoria Harbour was called **CANARY TOWN** because all the houses were painted yellow, by the primary employer, the Victoria Harbour Lumber Company. This was a local name. The original name of **HOGG BAY** was derived from the name of Hogg Creek which ran through it. Present approved name is **VICTORIA HARBOUR**. Population 300 in 1886 and 1,310 in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 79°46'. References: AA, MM, 2E, I, M, T, S, U, "K. Papriquin", JJ, 7D, 2Y, 5L and 9J.

**HOGG'S HOLLOW**, suburban community, York Township, York County, later Part of City of Toronto. Located 6 miles north of Toronto (1907) and 3 miles from Toronto (1928). Post office established as **YORK MILLS** January 6th, 1836. First Postmaster James Hogg. Office closed January 27th, 1928. This place is named for James Hogg who erected a Scottish kirk (church) and a flouring mill, and who died in 1839. Name at times misspelled as **HOG'S HOLLOW**. In 1974 designated an urban community, Part of Borough of North York, in 1984 Part of City of North York. Present approved name is **YORK MILLS**. Population 250 in 1885 and 399 in 1907. Map position: 43°45' 79°25'. References: 2J, I, S, Z, MM, 3R, 3S, 7X, 6T, 8S, 9J, V, and 7L.

**HOGG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°25' 81°45'. References: V.

**HOG'S BACK #1**, settlement, Dalhousie District, Canada West, later in Gloucester Township, Carleton County. Located 10 miles southeast of Ottawa (1907). Post office shown open between 1892 to 1895 and named **HALBORD**. There is no documentation for this post office. Official documentation, post office opened 1900. First Postmaster Hugh Blair. Post office name **RIDEAU VIEW**. On September 1st, 1951, Rideau View was made a sub-post office of Ottawa. On April 21st, 1960 it became Ottawa sub office #49. Designation in 1974, an urban community and Part of City of Ottawa. Present approved name is **RIDEAUVIEW** (one word). Population 122 in 1956. References: C, U, AA, 6V, Z, S, 5E, 6V and 6T.

**HOG'S BACK #2**, concentrated rural community, Tosorontio Township, Simcoe County. Located 24 miles south of Barrie, 13 miles northwest of Alliston and 22 miles from Collingwood. In 1850, this place was called Hog's Back because of the shape of the hill. The name was changed to **ENGEDI** by Marshall N. Stephens. Post office opened October 1st, 1854 as **ENGEDDI** sometimes spelled **ENGEDI**. First Postmaster William Trout. Post office name changed to **GLENCAIRN**. A name suggested for the post office **MARSHALLTOWN**, but the name had been taken by another post office, so Angus Morrison named it GLENCAIRN after James, Earl of Glencairn. **GLENCAIRN STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office still operating in 1983. Present approved name is **GLENCAIRN**. Population 200 in 1886 and 110 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 80°01'. References: I, 3L, T, S, Z, PP, 5L, JJ, 3B, V and 7D.

**HOG'S HOLLOW**, SEE: **HOGG'S HOLLOW**, York County.

**HOLBORN**, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Population 27 in 1971. References: 3B.

**HOLBROOK**, dispersed rural community, North Norwich Township, Oxford County. Located 10 miles south of Woodstock and 2 1/2 miles west of Burgessville on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **HOLBROOK** on July 1st, 1867. First Postmaster A.M. Witfield. Office closed March 8th, 1913. Present approved name is **HOLBROOK**. Population 150 in 1875 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 43°01' 80°42'. References: I, A, S, 3B, 3Q, V, 5L and 6T.

**HOLCOMB**, post office, Belmont Township, Peterborough County. Post office established April 1st, 1864. First Postmaster J. A. Wilde. Office closed 1868. No further reference to this office. References: I and 3O.

**HOLDENS CAMP**, Nipissing District, near Tomiko which is in Stewart Township. Map position: 46°34' 79°25'. References: U and 9J.

**HOLFORD**, dispersed rural community, Holland Township, Grey County. Located 5 miles from Berkeley. Post office established as **HOLFORD** on August 1st, 1911. First Postmaster James Bradley. Office closed December 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **HOLFORD**. Population notshown in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 80°49'. References: V, 5L and 6T.

HOLIDAY, SEE: DAWES CORNERS, Oxford County.

HOLIDAY HARBOUR, suburban community, Romney Township, Kent County. Located 2 km southeast of Wheatley, 17 km northeast of Leamington and 21 km south of Tilbury. Present approved name is HOLIDAY HARBOUR. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°05' 82°27'. References: V+ and 5L.

HOLIDAY HOUSE, a flag station on Grand Trunk Railway, Wentworth County. Not a post office. Date of entry 1907. No recent reference to this place. References: S.

HOLLAND #1, concentrated rural community, Holland Township, Grey County. Located 20 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 5 miles northwest of Markdale. It is presently located on Highway 10, has a station, BERKELEY STATION on CPR. Post office established May 1st, 1853. First Postmaster William Lyons and the post office was named HOLLAND for the Township. In 1857, post office name changed to BERKELEY. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was surveyed in 1848. The early settlers were Irish and the Township was named after Lord Holland. Present approved name is BERKELEY. Population 100 in 1893 and 132 in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 80°43'. References: I, 3K, 2K, Z, 3B, U10, V, 5L, 6S and 7R.

HOLLAND #2, dispersed rural community, Newmarket Township, Cochrane District. Located 7 miles from Nellie Lake, 11 miles from Nahma and is near Cochrane. Post office opened as POTTER on December 1st, 1915. First Postmaster D.J. O'Dell. Office closed October 1st, 1959. It had a station named HOLLAND on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 815 feet above sea level in 1915. In 1948, Ontario Northland Railway changed the name of the station from HOLLAND STATION to Potter Station. This place is now served by POTTER STATION on Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway as telegraph and express offices. Present approved name is POTTER. Map position: 48°52' 80°51'. References: L2, SS, LL, 5L, 6T and V.

HOLLAND #3, dispersed rural community, Stoddart Township, Cochrane District. Located on CNR between Calstock and Ryland Stations, 21 km northeast of Hearst, 32 km north of Mead and 10 km south of Fushimi Lake Provincial Park. Name changed in 1922 to PENHALL STATION. Present approved name is PENHALL. Population not shown in 1976 Map position: 49°44' 83°56'. References: V, 5L and SS.

HOLLAND #4, SEE: ESCOTT CENTRE, Leeds County.

HOLLAND #5, SEE: JOHNTOWN, Grey County.

HOLLAND #6, hamlet, Escott Township, Leeds County. Located 3 km south of Waterton, 6 km northwest of Grenadier Island, 29 km southwest of Brockville and 20 km northeast of Gananoque. Present approved name is HOLLAND. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 75°57'. References: 5L.

HOLLAND CENTRE, SEE: WILLIAMSFORD STATION, Grey County.

HOLLAND CORNERS, SEE: GALES CORNERS, Grey County.

HOLLAND EAST, SEE: JOHNTOWN, Grey County.

HOLLAND LANDING, SEE: FORT GWILLIMBURY, York County.

HOLLAND MARSH, King Township, York County. Located in the northeast strip of King Township along the South Canal, and 6 kilometres southeast of Bradford. In 1893, this place was celebrated for its abundance of wild fowl, and in 1908, it was advertised as affording very good snipe-shooting. Today its 45 mile length is used for gardening and is famous for the amount of produce that can be expected from this area in one given season. Holland Marsh was named for the river which runs nearby. References: U, PP, 3G, 5K and 8A.

HOLLAND RIVER SETTLEMENT, SEE: FORT GWILLIMBURY, York County.

**HOLLAND'S LANDING,** SEE: **FORT GWILLIMBURY**, York County.

**HOLLAND TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Grey County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C.81. Area 77,347 acres. Population 954 in 1852 and 2,262 in 1980. Map position: 44°25' 80°47'. References: HH, 2W, M and V.

HOLLANDVILLE, SEE: **TOWN #4**, Lennox County.

HOLLEFORD, SEE: **MARTINS MILLS #2**, Frontenac County.

HOLLEN, concentrated rural community, Maryborough Township, Wellington County. Located 30 miles northwest of Guelph and 5 miles southwest of Drayton. Post office established as **HOLLEN** on March 6th, 1852. First Postmaster J. Hollen and the post office was named for the first Postmaster. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Also noted spelled as **HOLLIN**. By 1948, the place was deserted. In 1976, cottagers have taken over and it is becoming a recreational area. Present approved name is **HOLLEN**. Population 400 in 1875 and 23 in 1976. Map position: 43°43' 80°43'. References: I, A, E, S, 3J, V, 6T and 8Q.

HOLLIN, SEE: **HOLLEN**, Wellington County.

HOLLINGER TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 12**, Sudbury District.

HOLLINSHEAD MILLS, Home District, Canada West. The post offices closest to this place were named Markham or Whitchurch. Date of reference 1848. No other reference to this mill. References: C.

HOLLOW, Chinguacousy and Toronto Gore Township, Peel County. Location of this place in 1977 is the Airport Road area, near Malton and Toronto International Airport. Settled in 1825. In a few years, it assumed the name **METCALFE'S HOLLOW**. Post office opened October 6th, 1831 in Home District, Upper Canada. First Postmaster John Metcalfe. This place had also been known as **BURRELL'S HOLLOW** and that name came from the Postmaster who was in the office in the 1880's. The post office name opened as **STANLEY'S MILLS**, for a man named Stanley Mills who owned the mills. Office closed July 1st, 1915. The place was burned down in the 1870's. Present approved locality name is **STANLEY MILLS**. Population 200 in 1875, 10 in 1908 and none shown in 1974. Map position: 43°46' 79°44'. References: E, 3C, I, A, D, 3G, AA, 3S, 6T, PP, 7X and V.

HOLLOWAY, hamlet, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Located 13 miles north of Belleville. **HOLLOWAY STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office named **HOLLOWAY** opened in 1890. First Postmistress Mrs. Mary Ann Clark. Office closed by 1892. Population 50 in 1893. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: S, AA, PP, U10 and 5T.

**HOLLOWAY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°30' 79°42'. References: V.

HOLLY, dispersed rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 miles south of Barrie and 4 miles south of Allandale. Post office established 1874 as **HOLLY** and named by W.C. Little M.P., for his native place in England. First Postmaster James Brown. Office closed October 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **HOLLY**. Population 50 in 1893 and 30 in 1926 ; none shown in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 79°43'. References: I, S, Z, MM, JJ, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 5V.

HOLLY PARK, hamlet, King Township, York County. Located 25 miles northwest of Toronto, on the 16th Sideroad west of the 10th Concession Road and 5 miles northeast of Bolton Station on CPR. It is now within the Regional Municipality of York. Post office opened as **HOLLY PARK** in 1878. First Postmaster Michael J. O'Neill. Office closed March 8th, 1913. Present approved name is **HOLLY PARK**. Population 400 in 1892 and 400 in 1908; none shown in 1976. Map position: 43°56' 79°42'. References: I, S, AA, Z, PP, 3G, V+, 6T, 5L and 5V.

HOLLYWOOD, urban community, Part of the Borough of Etobicoke, later City of Etobicoke in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Post office opened as **HOLLYWOOD**, on July 1st, 1951. First Postmaster Robert F. Thompson. On October 27th, 1952 it became a sub-post office of Toronto. Present approved name is **HOLLYWOOD**. Map

position: 43°37' 79°31'. References: U, 6T, 6V and V.

**HOLMESDALE**, settlement, Enniskillen Township, Lambton County. Located 45 miles from St. Thomas and 3 miles east of Oil City, also on lot 25, concession 5, Enniskillen Township. Had a station named **HOLMESDALE STATION** on the Michigan Central Railway. Present approved name is **HOLMESDALE**. Map position: 42°49' 82°05'. References: S, PP, 1H and V.

**HOLMES POINT**, hamlet, Georgina Township, York County, by 1974 within the Regional Municipality of York. Located on Lake Simcoe, 2 km southeast of Duclos Point, 3 km northwest of Pefferlaw and 12 km southwest of Beaverton. Present approved name is **HOLMES POINT**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 79°14'. References: 5L.

**HOLMES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°04' 80°28'. References: V.

**HOLMESVILLE**, SEE: **BRIDGEWATER #4**, Huron County.

**HOLMUR**, railway point, Foley Township, Parry Sound District. Located 3/4 of a mile south of CNR at Otter Lake Station and 7 miles east of Parry Sound. Post office opened as **HOLMUR**, on July 19th, 1937. First Postmaster H. W. Hill. Office closed May 17th, 1948. Present approved name is **HOLMUR**. Map position: 45°18' 79°57'. References: U, V and 6T.

**HOLSTEAD BAY**, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Townships, Leeds County. Located 7 km northeast of Gananoque and 9 km southwest of Lansdowne on St. Lawrence River. Spelling changed to **HALSTEADS BAY** by 1974. Present approved name is **HALSTEADS BAY**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 76°05'. References: V and 5L.

**HOLSTEIN**, SEE: **ROSEMONT #1**, Grey County.

**HOLST POINT**, hamlet, Pellat Township, Kenora District. Located 2 kilometres from Minaki which is northwest of Kenora. Date of reference 1978. Map position: 49°59' 94°40'. References: U and 9J.

**HOLT**, SEE: **EASTVILLE**, York County.

**HOLTON**, dispersed rural community, Oneida Township, Haldimand County, later Part of Town of Haldimand in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 7 miles northwest of Cayuga and 6 miles from Caledonia Station. Post office opened January 1st, 1876 as **HOLTON**. September 1st, 1876 changed to **CRANSTON** for First Postmaster R. R. Cranston. Office closed June 12th, 1912. Present approved name is **CRANSTON**. Population 20 in 1893. Map position: 43°00' 79°56'. References: I, S, Z, U10, V, 6T, 6S and 7D.

**HOLTYRE**, concentrated rural community, Hislop Township, Cochrane District. Located 5 miles east of Highway 11, at Ramore, and 66 miles southeast of Cochrane. The name comes from the combination of 2 names, Hollinger and McIntyre, which are both gold mines. Post office established as **HOLTYRE**, on April 1st, 1936. First Postmaster J. E. Trottier. Post office still open in 1983. Present approved name is **HOLTYRE**. Population 476 in 1941 and 424 in 1976. Map position: 48°28' 80°17'. References: U, 3B, 2Y, 6T, 5L and V.

**HOLYROOD**, concentrated rural community, Kinloss Township, Bruce County. Located 18 miles southwest of Walkerton and 5 miles northeast of Lucknow Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **HOLYROOD** on August 1st, 1856. First Postmaster M. MacKenzie. Office still in operation 1983. Present approved name is **HOLYROOD**. Population 50 in 1875 and 55 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 81°28'. References: I, A, S, AA, 3B, 3M, 5L and V.

**HOME DISTRICT**, Originally known as **DISTRICT OF NASSAU** in the Province of Quebec, by proclamation of Lord Dorchester on July 24th, 1888. References: 7W.

**HOME DISTRICT**, SEE: **PROVINCE OF ONTARIO**.

**HOME DISTRICT:** In 1788, Southern Ontario was divided into 4 Districts by Lord Dorchester. Nassau renamed Home District in 1792. By 1798, it had the Counties of Northumberland, Durham, East & West Ridings of York, and Simcoe. Passing of the Baldwin Municipal Act in 1849, various counties had been severed from the Home District, leaving York County, which included the future Counties of Peel and Ontario. The new act abolished the old Districts replacing them with a classification of Municipal Corporations such as Township, County, Police Village, Incorporated Village, Town and City, the basis of the current system. Population 224 in 1799, 7,230 in 1817 and 47,055 in 1833. Home District name replaced **NASSAU DISTRICT** in an act passed by the first session of the first Parliament of Upper Canada on September 17th, 1792. References: 3G and 2J.

**HOMER,** SEE: **TEN MILE CREEK**, Lincoln County.

**HOMER SIDING**, station, Taylor Township, Cochrane District. Located 4 miles from Nushka Station and 10 miles from Matheson Station. **HOMER SIDING** office established May 6th, 1912. First Postmaster P. G. Mitchell. Office closed December 12th, 1942. Present approved name is **HOMER**. Map position: 48°36' 80°36'. References: V and 6T.

**HOMER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°02' 85°52'. References: V.

**HOMESIDE**, urban community, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County, recently Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located north of Bartonville. Post office established as **HOMESIDE**, on July 15th, 1912. First Postmaster P.W. Tice. It was shown as a post office with money order office as late as 1929. Homeside became a sub-post office of Hamilton September 19th, 1919. Present approved name is **HOMESIDE**. Population 193 in 1956. Map position: 43°15' 79°48'. References: U, 5E, V and 6T.

**HOME TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 27, RANGE 15**, Algoma District.

**HOMUTH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°38' 81°34'. References: V.

**HONEYDALE**, hamlet, Reach Township, Ontario County. Located 2 or 3 miles north of Port Perry on the road to Seagrave. In 1974, Reach Township amalgamated with the Village of Port Perry, Township of Cartwright and Township of Scugog to form the Township of Scugog in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present name is **HONEYDALE**. References: 3G.

**HONEYGABLES**, suburban community, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 4 km south of Gloucester Glen, 6 km northeast of Hearts Desire and 12 km west of Barr Haven. Present approved name is **HONEYGABLES**. Population 141 in 1971 and 160 in 1976. Map position: 45°17' 75°42'. References: 3B, 5L and V.

**HONEY HARBOUR,** SEE: **ROYAL HONEY HARBOUR**, Muskoka District.

**HONEY'S BEACH**, hamlet, Reach Township, Ontario County, later in Municipal Township of Scugog, in Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 6 km north of Port Perry, 8 km southeast of Seagrave and 15 km northeast of Uxbridge. Present approved name is **HONEY'S BEACH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 78°56'. References: 5L.

**HONEYWELL CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Thurlow Township, Hastings County.Located 5 km east of Foxboro, 8 km north of Belleville and 14 km northwest of Shannonville. Present approved name is **HONEYWELL CORNERS**. Population 54 in 1951 and 197 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 77°22'. References: B, 3B, 5L, and V.

**HONEYWELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 51°15' 92°34'. References: V.

**HONEYWOOD,** SEE: **YORKSHIRE SETTLEMENT**, Dufferin County.

**HONG KONG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°33' 82°32'. References: V.

HONORA, dispersed rural community, Bidwell, later Howland Township, Manitoulin District. Located 16 miles from Little Current, 30 miles from Gore Bay and 9 miles from Green Bay. Post office established as HONORA, in 1891. First Postmaster William Graham. Office closed November 1st, 1963. Honora was founded by Weston Leroy Herriman, in 1887. He opened up the first roads on the island and also named the post office for Honora Bay upon which it is situated. Present approved name is HONORA. Population 60 in 1895, 30 in 1926 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°53' 82°06' (1974), corrected to 45°54' 82°07' (1977). References: I, Z, MM, PP, V, V+ and 6T.

HOOD, dispersed rural community, Dalhousie Township, Lanark County. Located 6 km southeast of Poland, 9 km south of Brightside and 10 km northwest of Lanark. Present approved name is HOOD. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 76°29'. References: V, 5L and B.

HOODOO, station on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,109 feet above sea level. Located in Sudbury District (1915). No recent reference to this place. References: L and L3.

HOODSTOWN, SEE: LAKE VERNON, Muskoka District.

HOOKERS CREEK, post office, Bowman Township, Cochrane District. Located 7 miles southwest of Matheson Station and 5 miles southeast of Anthony. Post office established as HOOKERS CREEK May 16th, 1936. First Postmaster Albert Johnson. Office closed January 30th, 1943. No recent reference to this office. References: U and 6T.

HOOKLEY, Dufferin County. Post office closed September 30th, 1918. This is the only reference for this spelling. References: 6T. SEE: HOCKLEY, Simcoe County.

HOOK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°44' 83°43'. References: V.

HOPE #1, dispersed rural community, Vaughan Township, York County, later Part of Town of Vaughan in the Regional Municipality of York County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Maple Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 18 miles north of Toronto. Post office established as HOPE in 1835. First Postmaster H.D. Willson and later corrected to Wilson in 1837. Office closed 1838 but another office, same name and location, reopened August 13th, 1906, which closed September 30th, 1911. Named for the Hope family, earliest settlers. Modern location for this settlement on Keele Street, north of Maple. In 1971, Vaughan Township became the Town of Vaughan in the Regional Municipality of York County. Present approved name is HOPE. Population under 25 in 1908. Map position: 43°53' 79°31'. References: B, I, PP, 3G, V, 6T, 8Z and 7X.

HOPE #2, SEE: DAVIDTOWN, York County.

HOPE BAY, dispersed rural community, Eastnor Township, Bruce County. Located 65 miles northwest of Walkerton, 13 miles north of Wiarton Station and 9 miles from Lion's Head. Post office opened as HOPE BAY in 1876. First Postmaster Joseph Waugh. Office closed June 30th, 1954. Present approved name is HOPE BAY. Population 40 in 1885 and 41 in 1976. Map position: 44°55' 81°10'. References: I, Z, PP, 3D, 3R, V, 5V, 5L, and 6T.

HOPEDALE, post office, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 3 miles from Byron, 3 1/2 miles from London and 3 miles from London West. Post office opened as HOPEDALE, on July 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Charles H. Tinsley. Office closed December 12th, 1912. No further reference to this post office. References: 6T.

HOPEFIELD, dispersed rural community, Radcliffe Township, Renfrew County. Located 45 miles southwest of Pembroke, 8 kilometres from Wilno Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 35 miles west of Cobden on CPR. Post office opened as HOPEFIELD, on September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster H.Y. Read. Office closed October 15th, 1945. Present approved name is HOPEFIELD. Population 50 in 1892, 300 in 1885and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°28' 77°32'. References: I, S, U, AA, Z, 3R, 3Z, V, 5L and 6T.

HOPE NESS, hamlet, Eastnor Township, Bruce County. Located 62 miles north of Walkerton, 16 miles north of

Wiarton Station and 6 miles from Colpoy's Bay. Post office established as **HOPE NESS** in 1882. First Postmaster Joseph Waugh (yes, this is the same first Postmaster at Hope Bay). Office closed 1889. Present approved name is **HOPENESS** (one word). Population 40 in 1885 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°28' 77°32'. References: I, AA, 3R, 5L and 5P.

**HOPERVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Townsend Township, Norfolk County, lately Part of City of Nanticoke within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 7 miles northeast of Simcoe and 2 1/2 miles north of Renton Station. Post office established September 1st, 1867 and named **TYRELL**. First Postmaster Samuel Heath. Office closed November 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **TYRELL**. Population 80 in 1875 and 40 in 1913. Map position: 42°52' 80°13'. References: B, I, A, S, DD, 3Q, 6T, 7B and V.

**HOPETOWN**, concentrated rural community, Larnark Township, Lanark County, formerly shown in Canada West. Located on a tributary of the Clyde River, 18 miles northwest of Perth, 60 miles from Kingston and 60 miles from Ottawa. Post office opened as **HOPETOWN** on April 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Robert Cannon. Office closed November 7th, 1927. Robert Cannon was the first settler in 1820. He kept a cooperage and built an hotel. **HOPETOWN STATION**, (pre 1908) served by CPR. Population 60 in 1885 and 63 in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 76°27'. References: S, AA, 7U, EE, 3B, V, 3K, 6T, PP, 5L and 3R.

**HOPE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Durham County. Located east of Clarke Township and west of Northumberland County, bordering on Lake Ontario. On January 1st, 1974, Hope Township was annexed to the County of Northumberland with the Town of Port Hope, when the Regional Municipality of Durham was formed. Map position: 44°02' 78°24'. References: V and 3G.

**HOPEVILLE #1**, post office, Hope Township, Durham County. Located 10 miles west of Cobourg, 2 1/2 miles from Quays and 5 miles north of Port Hope. Post office opened as **HOPEVILLE**, on February 1st, 1856. First Postmaster William Carr. Office name changed July 1st, 1857, to **CANTON**. Office closed April 1st, 1967. This place is recently designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **CANTON**. Population 200 in 1875 and 45 in 1976. Map position: 44°00' 78°21'. References: I, 8U, A, S, 3B, V, 5L and 6T.

**HOPEVILLE #2**, SEE: **RONALDSAY**, Grey County.

**HOPKINS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Dundas within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **HOPKINS CORNERS**. Map position: 43°17' 79°56'. References: V.

**HOPKINS COURT**, suburban community, Part of Town of Dundas within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **HOPKINS COURT**. Map position: 43°17' 79°56'. References: V.

**HOPKINS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 45°46' 82°10'. References: V.

**HOPPERVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Dalhousie District, Canada West, later Lanark County and subsequently, Huntley Township, Carleton County and now within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 18 miles southwest of Ottawa, 6 km from Carp and 6 km from Stittsville. Place founded by Arthur Hopper, the first settler in Huntley Township, and named for himself. Post office opened in 1837, under the name **HUNTLEY** for the Township. First Postmaster Arthur Hopper, appointed April 6th, 1837. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **HUNTLEY**. Population 100 in 1857, 25 in 1926 and 15 in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 75°58'. References: I, UU, S, U, EE, MM, 3S, V, 6T, 8P, 5L and B.

**HORACEVILLE**, settlement, Dalhousie District, Canada West, later Carleton County. There is a notice from the Postmaster General of Canada that mail for **HORACE VILLE**, Village in Carleton County, to be sent to the post office at March office, dated 1835. Most recent reference to this place is 1848. No other information on this place. References: C and 3H.

**HORDEN**, station, Kapuskasing Township, Algoma District. Located on Canadian Northern Railway mainline, at an altitude of 1,076 feet above sea level. Map position: 48°34' 83°01'. References: L3, L and 9J.

**HORDEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 51°13' 80°46'. References: V.

**HORNBY**, dispersed rural community, Esquesing Township, Halton County, later Part of Town of Halton Hills, within the Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 5 miles northeast of Milton, 30 miles from Toronto and 8 miles from Dundas Street. post office opened as **HORNBY** on October 5th, 1841. First Postmaster W. McIndoe. office still operating in 1983. In 1877, Hornby was distinguished in two parts. One part was **EAST HORNBY**, the other **WEST HORNBY**. The post office was in East Hornby. Earliest settlers James and David Lindsay. Other names at times given to this place included **HORNBY EAST**, **HORNBY WEST**, **UPPER HORNBY** and **LOWER HORNBY**. Present approved name is **HORNBY**. Population 100 in 1857 and 62 in 1971. After 1976, population included in Town of Halton Hills. Map position: 43°34' 79°50'. References: I, G, S, EE, 3B, 3R, 1B, V, 8P and 9J.

**HORNCASTLE**, hamlet, Carden Township, Victoria County. Located 32 miles northwest of Lindsay, 9 miles south of Coboconk and 8 miles northwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Victoria Road Station. Post office named **HORNCASTLE** opened in 1882. First Postmaster George Sharp. Office closed March 31st, 1923. This place was named by the first postmaster, possibly for Horn Castle in England. He was a "breezy Englishman, who sometimes preached". Population 165 in 1885 and 150 in 1908. No references to this place after 1923. References: I, S, PP, 3R, 6T, 7D and 5P.

**HORNE**, SEE: **HORNE STATION**, Thunder Bay District.

**HORNELL HEIGHTS**, SEE: **R.C.A.F. STATION NORTH BAY**, Nipissing District.

**HORNELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°03' 83°57'. References: V.

**HORNEPAYNE**, SEE: **FITZBACK**, Algoma District.

**HORNER**, station, Rainy River District. Located 25 miles west of Rat Portage (Kenora), on Lake of the Woods, on CPR at mile 1590, between Ingolf and Deception Stations (1903). No recent reference to this station. References: PP and 8K.

**HORNE STATION**, railway point, Michener Township, Thunder Bay District. Former spelling, **HORN STATION** on Nipigon Division of CPR, station number 4702, between the stations of Schreiber and Winston, in 1911. Located 12 km east of Raith. Population 203 in 1956. Map position: 48°46' 89°51'. References: R2, 5E and U.

**HORNE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°31' 89°49'. References: V.

**HORNEVILLE**, concentrated rural community, York Township, within the Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is **HORNEVILLE**. Map position: 44°16' 79°29'. References: V.

**HORNING'S MILLS**, Police Village, Melancthon Township, Dufferin County. Located on Pine River, 17 miles northwest of Orangeville and 6 miles north of Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway, later CPR station at Shelburne. Post office opened August 6th, 1851, as **HORNING'S MILLS**. First Postmaster J. McGee. Office still in operation in 1983. Settled in 1820 by Lewis Horning. Mr. Horning moved back to Hamilton in 1838. The cause of his heartbroken leaving was the disappearance in the year 1825 of his son Lewis, together with the three Vanmear children, Jane age 16, Susan 14 and Oliver 9 years, all of whom were stolen by the Indians. Incorporated as a Police Village November 26th, 1908, by County Bylaw #1365. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is **HORNING'S MILLS**. Population 150 in 1857 and 159 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 80°12'. References: P, I, Z, EE, 3B, V, 2K, 7D, 8Q, 5L, 9L and 7L.

**HORSE ISLAND**: Located 1 mile south of Great Manitoulin. Named for a horse, that escaped from a shipwreck, and became wild after 8 years alone on the island. It was destroyed. No residents in 1846. No further reference to this place. References: G.

**HORSESHOE BRIDGE**, post office, Peterborough County. Post office opened in 1874. First Postmaster John Pierce.

Office closed in 1881. There is no other reference to this office and no location shown. References: I and 4P.

HORSESHOE LAKE #1, SEE: ELSIE #1, Haliburton County.

HORSESHOE LAKE #2, dispersed rural community, Foley Township, Parry Sound District. Located 16 km southeast of Parry Sound, 18 km east of Rosseau and 19km northwest of MacTier. Name misspelled as HORSHOE LAKE. Present approved name is HORSESHOE LAKE. Population 151 in 1961 and 97 in 1976. Map position: 45°17' 79°52'. References: B, 3B, 5A, 5L and V.

HORSEY, railway point, Templeton Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is HORSEY. Map position: 49°26' 83°54'. References: U and V.

HORTON CORNERS, hamlet, Ross Township, Renfrew County. Located 9 miles from Renfrew, 17 miles from Sand Point and on the Ottawa River. Known as both HORTON CORNERS and GOULD'S LANDING. Post office opened in 1851, under the name ROSS for the Township. First Postmaster James McLaren. Office closed January 1st, 1915. This place had a telegraph station and the port where Ottawa steamers disembarked the passengers for the Portage of 12 miles to Cobden. Also known in 1857 as ROCKSIDE. No recent references to this place. Population 30 in 1875 and less than 50 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: PP, 7B, A, B, 2W, 6T and 1J.

HORTON TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Renfrew County, formerly Bathurst District, Canada West. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statutes 1849, C81. Settled before 1835. Population 1,142 in 1852 and 2,018 in 1980. Map position: 45°30' 76°38'. References: C, HH, 3H, M, 2W and V.

HORWOOD LAKE, railway point, Penhorwood Township, Sudbury District. Located 27 km southeast of Foleyet and 57 km northeast of Gogama. HORWOOD LAKE STATION served by CNR and is on the track between the stations of Kukatush and Tionaga. Present approved name is HORWOOD.Population 5 in 1976. Map position: 48°05' 82°10'. References: 5L and V.

HORWOOD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°00' 82°18'. References: V.

HOSKIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°14' 80°37'. References: V.

HOSSIE CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Moore Township, Lambton County. Located 9 miles form Sarnia. Post office opened November 1st, 1863. First Postmaster D. Hossie, who named the office LOGIERAIT to honour the birthplace, in Scotland, of the Honourable Alexander Mackenzie, at one time Prime Minister of Canada, 1873-1878. Post office closed February 15th, 1913. Present approved name is LOGIERAIT. Population 50 in 1875 and 100 in 1892. Map position: 42°54' 82°21'. References: AA, Z, I, A, 3D, 6T, V and 7D.

HOTHAM, dispersed rural community, Gurd Township, Parry Sound District. Located 16 miles southwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Powassan and 20 miles south of North Bay. Post office opened as HOTHAM in 1890. First Postmaster Joseph Steele. Office closed October 1st, 1919. Present approved name is HOTHAM. Population 100 in 1895, 86 in 1951 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°03' 79°37'. References: B, I, AA, Z, PP, 3B, V, 5L and 6T.

HOTRUM, railway point, Dill Township, Sudbury District in 1974. Present approved name is HOTRUM. Map position: 46°26' 80°50'. References: V.

HOTSPUR, hamlet, Minden Township, Haliburton County and Monmouth Township, Peterborough County. Located 30 miles east of Minden, on Burnt River and 2 miles from the Irondale, Bancroft & Ottawa Railway at Monmouth. Post office opened as HOTSPUR in 1880. First Postmaster Thomas Clark. Office closed March 31st, 1923. Place was named for Harry Hotspur Percey of Northumberland, England. Population 50 in 1892 and 13 in 1908. There are no recent references to this place. References: I, S, AA, Z, PP, 5V, 6T and 7D.

HOTTE TOWNSHIP, SEE: C TOWNSHIP, Algoma District.

**HOUCK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°47' 86°45'. References: V.

**HOUGH LAKE**, dispersed rural community, Savard Township, Timiskaming District. Located 9 1/2 miles from Charleton and 27 km from Englehart. Post office opened as **HOUGH LAKE** on March 11th, 1912. First Postmaster John Hough. Office closed May 31st, 1941. Present approved name is **HOUGH LAKE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°56' 80°02'. References: U, V, 5L and 6T.

**HOUGH MILLS** (pronounced 'Huff'), Police Village, Roxborough Township, Stormont County. Located 18 miles northwest of Cornwall and 12 miles northeast of CPR at Maxwell Station. Post office opened as **AVONMORE** on April 1st, 1864. First Postmaster E.N. Shaver. Office still in operation in 1983. Place was named for John Hough, first settler,(1842) builder, preacher, magistrate, storekeeper, blacksmith and doctor. The name Avonmore is Gaelic and means "deep water". Incorporated as a Police Village, effective June 27th, 1903, by County Bylaw #1351. Olice Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. The modern place is on Highway #43, the Payne River and on CPR. Present approved name is **AVONMORE**. Population 500 in 1893 and 300 in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 74°58'. References: I, S, 3B, U10, "J. Goldman", 7R, V, 5L, 9L and 7L.

**HOUGHS**, station, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Located on the Bay of Quinte Railway and 10 miles from Deseronto. This place is noted between the years 1892 and 1895. No current references to this station. References: AA, Z and 9J.

**HOUGH'S CORNERS**, Scarborough Township, York County. Settled in 1804 by John Hough (Eglinton and Birchmount Avenues). In 1816, he built a sawmill and blacksmith shop which operated for five generations. No current references to this place. References: 8C.

**HOUGHTON**, SEE: **HOUGHTON CENTRE**, Norfolk County.

**HOUGHTON CENTRE**,hamlet, Houghton Township, Norfolk County. Located 31 miles from Simcoe, 23 miles west of Vittoria, 9 miles from Port Burwell and 127 miles from Toronto. Post office opened October 6th, 1842 as **HOUGHTON**, and was the first post office in the Township, for which it is named. First Postmaster Benayah M. Brown. Office closed May 1st, 1915. Recently designated as a dispersed rural community. Settled prior to 1820, by the Becker family. Present approved name is **HOUGHTON**. Population 350 in 1870 and 52 in 1976. Map position: 42°36' 80°40'. References: EE, MM, I, E, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 8P.

**HOUGHTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Norfolk County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C96. Amalgamated April 1st, 1974 into the Township of Norfolk. This Township was formerly in Talbot District, Canada West. Population 1,589 in 1852. First settled in the early 1830's. Map position: 42°39' 80°40'. References: C, HH, 3H, M, 2W and V.

**HOUSEYS RAPIDS**, concentrated rural community, Ryde Township, Ontario County, later Muskoka District, currently in the Town of Gravenhurst within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 19 km from Gravenhurst and 15 miles southeast of Bracebridge. Post office opened as **HOUSEYS RAPIDS**, in 1866. First Postmaster James Housey. On June 15th, 1957, status of the office changed to a summer office. Present approved name is **HOUSEYS RAPIDS**. Population 100 in 1895 and 15 in 1972. Map position: 44°52' 79°13'. References: B, I, U, Z, Q, V, 5V and 6T.

**HOWARD #1**, Grattan Township, Renfrew County. Located 23 miles from Renfrew and 2 1/2 miles from CPR at Eganville Station. Post office opened as **HOWARD** in 1906. First Postmaster James Howard, Sr. office closed May 14th, 1913. In 1974 the place name was changed to Donegal. Present approved name is **DONEGAL**. Map position: 45°30' 77°09'. References: B, 9F, 7D, 6T, PP, V and 5L.

**HOWARD #2**: In 1833, at the principal bends of the Trent River, there were two places. One was Cambelton and the other Howard. One is a shanty and the other a log house, without windows. No other references to these places. References: 5N.

**HOWARD #3**, SEE: **ANTRIM PORT**, Kent County.

**HOWARDS CORNERS,** Located 35 miles southwest of Ottawa, 8 miles south of Arnprior and 2 1/2 miles southwest of Kinburn Station on the Ottawa, Arnprior and Parry Sound Railway. Located on present Highway #17. Post office **ANTRIM** opened in Bathurst District, Canada West September 30th, 1859. First Postmaster Thomas Smith. Office closed April 1st, 1914. First settler Joseph Howard, a blacksmith, in 1844, who located on the 4th Line of Fitzroy Township, later West Carleton Township, Carleton County, most recently in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa Carleton. Present approved name is **ANTRIUM.** Population 100 in 1886 and 37 in 1976. Recently designated a dispersed rural community. Map position: 45°22' 76°13'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, U12, 3X, V, 5L, 6T, UU and 7R.

**HOWARD TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Kent County. Map position: 42°28' 81°55'. References: V.

**HOWDENVALE,** concentrated rural community, Albemarle Township, Bruce County. Located 3 miles from Red Bay, 3 1/2 miles from Pike Bay and 7 miles from Mar. Summer post office opened as **HOWDENVALE** on July 1st, 1913. First Postmistress Mrs. B. Ashcroft. Office closed August 30th, 1969. Present approved name is **HOWDENVALE.** Population 32 in 1976. Map position: 44°49' 81°18'. References: B, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 9J.

**HOWE ISLAND,** SEE: **CAUCHOIS ISLE,** Frontenac County.

**HOWE ISLAND TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Frontenac County. Incorporated as a Township June 16th, 1871. Quieting Order N9370-65, dated October 19th, 1966. Area 8,460 acres. Population 218 in 1980. Map position: 44°17' 76°16'. References: HH, M, 2W and V.

**HOWELL'S HOLLOW,** hamlet, Pickering Township, Ontario County, recently in the Town of Pickering in the Regional Municipality of Durham, and formerly in Home District, Canada West. Located a the headwaters of Duffin's Creek in 1831. Also known as **HOWELL'S HOLLOWS.** Located 12 miles northwest of Whitby and 4 miles south of Claremont Station on CPR. Post office established as **BROUGHAM** August 6th, 1836. First Postmaster Reverend George Barclay. Second Postmaster N. Howell. Office still in operation in 1983. The nearby community of Bentley's Corners, named for general store owner William Bentley, encroached on the business of Howell's Hollow and succeeded in taking it away. The post office moved over the Bentley's Corners and took the name Brougham for the post office with them. The community of Bentley's Corners eventually assumed the name of the post office and became **BROUGHAM.** Howell's Hollow died. Brougham was incorporated as a Village but on January 1st, 1974, the Township and community amalgamated to form the new Town of Pickering in which this place is now designated as a concentrated rural community. Present approved name is **BROUGHAM.** Population 500 in 1886 and 332 in 1971. By 1976, population included in Town of Pickering. Map position: 43°55' 79°06'. References: B, C, T, I, S, Z, 3B, 3S, V, 7X and 6S.

**HOWELL'S MILLS,** hamlet, Blenheim Township, Oxford County. Located at 6th Concession, 8th Lot, one and a half miles north of Richwood and one a half miles from Drumbo. First settler and proprietor of Howell's Mills, Mr. Wesley Howell. After 1872 place named **MOSCOW.** Nearest post office in Drumbo in 1875. No recent references to this place. Population 40 in 1875. References: A, 7B and 10K.

**HOWELLS TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°55' 81°59'. References: V.

**HOWES CORNERS,** hamlet, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located near Georgian Bay, 2 km southwest of Midland, 8 km northwest of Balm Beach and 9 km west of Port McNicholl. Present approved name is **HOWES CORNERS.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 79°56'. References: 5L.

**HOWEY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 80°52'. References: V.

**HOWICK,** SEE: **LEECHVILLE,** Huron County.

**HOWICK TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Huron County. Incorporated as a Township, first Monday in January, 1856. First settler 1851 John Carter. Area 59,979 acres. On January 21st, 1921 the Village of Wroxeter was Incorporated into the Township of Howick. Population 5,420 in 1879 and 3,118 in 1980. References: HH, M, 2W, V and 1G.

**HOWICK VILLAGE,** SEE: **LEECHVILLE**, Huron County.

**HOWLAND,** SEE: **KINMOUNT JUNCTION**, Haliburton County.

**HOWLAND TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Manitoulin District. Incorporated as Township April 1st, 1873. Quieting Order M1399, dated November 13th, 1956. Population 767 in 1977 and 878 in 1980. Map position: 45°56' 82°00'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**HOWLES LAKE**, hamlet, Portland Township, Frontenac County. Population 30 in 1976. References: 3V.

**HOWLETT,** SEE: **RAPER**, Middlesex County.

**HOYLE**, dispersed rural community, Matheson Township, Nipissing District, later Part of City of Timmins, Cochrane District. Located 7 miles from Connaught Station, 7 miles from Porcupine and 5 kilometres from Pamour. Post office established as **HOYLE**, on December 1st, 1915. First Postmaster R.M. Bouck. Office closed October 13th, 1961. Present approved name is **HOYLE**. Population 23 in 1941 and 231 in 1980. Map position: 48°33' 81°03'. References: U, 3B, V and 6T.

**HOYLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 81°08'. References: V.

**HUBBARD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°17' 82°32'. References: V.

**HUBBEL'S FALLS**, dispersed rural community, Fitzroy Township, Lanark County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 10 miles from Pakenham, 26 miles west of Ottawa and 4 miles east of Arnprior station on CPR. Post office opened in 1851, named **HUBBELL'S FALLS**. First Postmaster W. Halpenny. In 1873, the Postmaster J. Galetti White picked up the post office and took it to Galetta, which was 1/2 mile north of Mohr Corners. In 1873, a new post office named **MOHR CORNERS** opened at Mohr Corners. The first Postmaster was Mr. Charles Mohr. This office operated unitl 1891, when it was permanently closed. Present approved name is**MOHR CORNERS**. Population 100 in 1875, and no figure shown for 1976. Map position: 45°25' 76°15'. References: B, I, A, E, AA, 3R, V, UU, 5V and 5L.

**HUBBS**, dispersed rural community, Hillier Township, Prince Edward County. Located 2 km east of Rosehall, 5 km west of Wellington and 25 km south of Belleville. Mispelling of the place name **HUBLES**. Present approved name is **HUBBS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°57' 77°25'. References: V and 5L.

**HUBERT,** SEE: **MONTREAL**, Algoma District.

**HUBLES,** SEE: **HUBBS**, Prince Edward County.

**HUBREY,** SEE: **THE HUB**, Middlesex County.

**HUCKABONES CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Stafford Township, Renfrew County. Located 5 km south of French Settlement, 13 km southeast of Pembroke and 18 km north of Eganville. Present approved name is **HUCKABONES CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°42' 77°05'. References: V and 5L.

**HUCKSON CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Tarentorus Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is **HUCKSON CORNERS**. Map position: 46°32' 84°19'. References: V.

**HUDSON**, hamlet, Vermilion Additional Township, Kenora District. This place was named after a surveyor who worked for the railroad. Modern location 10 miles west of the junction of Highway 72 and 116. Railway station located 7 miles from North Pines and 12 miles from Sioux Lookout. The station named **HUDSON** was on the CNR main line and had a busy airport in the 1920's. Formerly on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,173 feet above sea level. Recently designated a dispersed rural community. Post office established as **ROLLING PORTAGE** on June 1st, 1919. First Postmaster H. E. Race. On May 1st, 1932, the post office name was changed to

**HUDSON.** Office still in operation in 1983. Religious parish name for this place **ST. THOMAS d'AQUIN.** Present approved name is **HUDSON.** Population 664 in 1941 and 655 in 1980. Map position: 50°05' 92°10'. References: R2, U, 2U, 3B, L2, V, 5L and 6T.

**HUDSON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1904. Quieting Order C6706, dated March 31st, 1953. Population 438 in 1978 and 430 in 1980. Map position: 47°33' 79°49'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**HUFFMAN,** SEE: **HARWICH CENTRE,** Kent County.

**HUFFMAN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°38' 82°09'. References: V.

**HUFF'S CORNERS #1,** hamlet, Adolphustown Township, Lennox and Addington County. First settler Peter Huff in 1840. Located 7 miles west of Picton and 3 1/2 miles north of Bloomfield Station on Central Ontario Railway. Post office established 1878 named **CHISHOLM** which was named after S.J. Chisholm, a landowner who camed into the area in 1861. First Postmaster James E. Huff. Office closed May 1st, 1914. This place has been called **HUFF'S MILLS, CHISHOLM'S MILLS, MOUNT PLEASANT** and **CHISHOLM SETTLEMENT.** Present approved name is **HUFF'S CORNERS.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°01' 77°18'. References: D, V, 5L, 6T and CBGN.

**HUFF'S CORNERS #2,** dispersed rural community, Dawn Township, Lambton County. This settlement was on lot 16, concession 11, Dawn Township. Located 6 km west of Florence, 4 km east of Rutherford and 11 km northeast of Dresden. Present approved name is **HUFFS CORNERS.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°39' 82°05'. References: 1H, V and 5L.

**HUFF WHARF,** locality, Adolphustown Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 8 km south of Deseronto, 11 km east of North Port and 16 km northeast of Picton. The original wharf is gone. All the Huffs are deceased but the Township Council requested the name be retained as a locality site. This was approved by CGNB February 9th, 1976. Present approved name is **HUFF WHARF.** No population shown in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 77°03'. References: V+, 5L and D.

**HUGEL,** dispersed rural community, Hugel Township, Nipissing District. Located 10 kilometres north of Warren, 7km west of Kipling and 10 km northeast of Hagar. Post office established as **HUGEL** on February 1st, 1907. First Postmaster R. H. Prendergast. Office closed April 22nd, 1950. Present approved name is **HUGEL.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°30' 80°18'. References: U, PP, V, 7K, 5L and 6T.

**HUGEL TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°30' 80°15'. References: V.

**HUGHES #1,** dispersed rural community, Herschel Township, Hastings County. Located 10 km northwest of Bancroft, 13 km northeast of Cardiff and 14 km south of Maynooth. Present approved name is **HUGHES.** Population 112 in 1956 and 112 in 1980. Map position: 45°36' 77°58'. References: B, U, 5L, 5E and V.

**HUGHES #2,** station, Stimson Township, Cochrane District. On November 1st, 1923, **HUGHES STATION** name was changed to **STIMSON STATION** for the Township. Present approved name is **STIMSON.** Map position: 49°59' 80°38'. References: SS, U and V.

**HUGHES TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 22, Range 10,** Algoma District.

**HUGHSON TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 145,** Algoma District.

**HULBERT,** SEE: **LOCKVILLE,** Dundas County.

**HULLETT TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Huron County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1852. Population 690 in 1852 and 1,872 in 1980. Map position: 43°40' 81°27'. References: HH, M, 2W and V.

**HULLSVILLE,** SEE: **SANDUSK,** Haldimand County.

HULLSVILLE STATION, Located 2 miles from Hullsville, Walpole Township, Haldimand County. Date of reference 1875. No further reference to this place. References: A.

HUMBER #1, SEE: CLAIREVILLE, York County.

HUMBER #2, railway point, Peel County. HUMBER STATION served by CNR. Now Part of Town of Caledon in Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is HUMBER. No population shown in 1974. Map position: 43°54' 79°49'. References: V and 3C.

HUMBER BAY, SEE: WINDERMERE #3, York County.

HUMBER GROVE, dispersed rural community, Albion Township, Peel County, recently Part of Town of Caledon in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 8 kilometres from Bolton. Humber Grove was the name of Mrs. Walter Duffy's summer cottage area in the 1930's. In the 1970's it was taken over as a conservation area. The name remains in use. Present approved name is HUMBER GROVE. Population 36 in 1951 and 18 in 1971. In 1976 population included in Town of Caledon. Map position: 43°54' 79°48'. References: B, U, 3G, 3B, 5E, 3C and V.

HUMBER HEIGHTS SUBDIVISION, Adjala Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 km south of Connor, 5 km west of Ballycroy, 13 km southwest of Tottenham and 20 km southeast of Schomberg. Present name is not approved. Map position: 43°57' 79°55'. Population 62 in 1971 and 63 in 1976. References: 3B and 5L.

HUMBERMOUNT, suburb of Toronto, York County. Population 200 in 1923. This place has since been surrounded by the City of Toronto. No recent reference to this place. References: K3.

HUMBER RIVER, hamlet, Home District, Canada West (1848). No further reference to this hamlet. References: C.

HUMBER RIVER (river), Previous names the Humber River has been known by, are TORONTO RIVER and ST. JOHN'S CREEK. The latter after Jean Baptiste Rousseau, a trader and interpreter who had a public house on its bank on Dundas Street. Governor Simcoe changed the name to Humber River about 1796. References: 5K and NN.

HUMBERSIDE, urban community, Etobicoke Township, York County, recently Part of Borough of Etobicoke in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located 6 kilometres from West Toronto, 2 miles from Humber Bay and 2 miles from Lambton Mills. Post office established as HUMBERSIDE, on November 15th, 1922. First Postmaster G. F. Mason. There was a daily delivery of mail. On August 12th, 1914, the post office was temporarily closed. A further notice was issued by the post office department that the Humberside post office is now considered permanently closed with notice dated January 1st, 1943. Present approved name is HUMBERSIDE. Map position: 43°38' 79°30'. References: U, V and 6T.

HUMBERSTONE, SEE: STONEBRIDGE, Welland County.

HUMBERSTONE TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Welland County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1968 - 69, C.106. Part annexed to City of Niagara Falls, part to City of Port Colborne and part to City of Welland, effective date January 1st, 1970. This Township was settled in the early 1830's. In 1835, a message was sent from the Postmaster General's department declaring that mail for the Township of Humberstone, Lincoln County was to be sent to the post office at Wainfleet for pick up. Area 32,000 acres. First settled in 1785, at 10 cents per acre. By 1817 there were 75 houses and it was selling at $2.50 per acre. Population 2,377 in 1850 and 3,200 in 1875, at which time the property was being sold $40.00 to $60.00 per acre. Map position: 42°55' 79°13'. References: HH, 3H, M, 2W, 2B and V.

HUMBER SUMMIT, urban community, Etobicoke Township, York County, later Part of Borough of North York. Located at Islington and Steeles Avenue in today's Toronto. Located 3 miles from Humber post office in 1875. HUMBER SUMMIT STATION on Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway, later CPR which is located 14 1/2 miles northwest of Toronto. Summer post office established as HUMBER SUMMIT, in 1937. First Postmaster W. G. Evans. Office was 2 1/4 miles from Woodbridge, 1 1/4 miles from Thistletown and 3 1/2 miles from Edgeley. On December 1st, 1938

For references see Works Cited.

office changed status to a year round post office and on October 12th, 1964 became a Weston staff office. Present approved name is **HUMBER SUMMIT**. Map position: 43°46' 79°34'. References: A, S, AA, V, 6T and 8S.

**HUMBERTOWN CENTRE**, suburb of Toronto, Metropolitan Toronto. Date of entry 1980. References: U.

**HUMBOLDT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Map position: 46°03' 81°07'. References: V.

**HUME**, railway point, Conmee Township, Thunder Bay District. This is a station on the CNR main line at an altitude of 945 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **HUME**. Map position: 48°26' 89°35'. References: U, L3 and V.

**HUMPHREY**, SEE: **TROUT LAKE #1**, Parry Sound District.

**HUMPHREY TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Parry Sound District. Incorporated as a Township March 29th, 1873. Quieting Order M3193, dated March 29th, 1957. Area 35,654 acres. Population 801 in 1980. Map position: 45°15' 79°45'. References: HH, 1M, M and V.

**HUMPHRY**, SEE: **TROUT LAKE #1**, Parry Sound District.

**HUNGERFORD #1**, hamlet, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 63 miles east of Peterborough, 20 miles north of Belleville and near Tweed. Post office established April 6th, 1845 and named **HUNGERFORD** . Post office opening shown in Hungerford Township, Victoria District. First Postmaster Manley Wagner. On June 1st, 1899 Hungerford post office name was changed to **PARKHOUSE**. Office closed March 31st, 1931. **HUNGERFORD STATION** on CNR in 1928. Name changed to **PARKHOUSE STATION**. No recent references to this place. Population 15 in 1926. References: PP, 2W, 7H, S, MM and 6T.

**HUNGERFORD #2**, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 3 km northeast of Sulphide, 10 km north of Larkins and 14 km southwest of Kaladar. Present approved name is **HUNGERFORD**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 77°12'. References: B, V and 5L.

**HUNGERFORD MILLS**, SEE: **MONRO MILLS**, Hastings County.

**HUNGERFORD TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Hastings County. Incorporated January 1st 1850. Quieting Order P5446-68, dated May 31st, 1968. Area 109,200 acres. First settlers Owen Dirkin and Martin Donohue. Both settled on Sugar Island, 1826. This Township originally shown in Victoria District, Canada West. Population 3,124 in 1852 and 2,515 in 1980. Map position: 44°28' 77°15'. References: 1E, C, HH, 3H, M, 2W, and V.

**HUNGRY BAY**, Located 28 miles from Kingston and 41 miles from Oswego. This reference dated 1799 and Oswego, at the time, was on what is now the U.S. side. It is presently known as Sackett's Harbour, New York. References: 7W and L. Van der Bellen.

**HUNGRY HOLLOW**, On the Credit River, Esquesing Township, Halton County. Located 12 miles north of Milton and is at the crossing of the Grand Trunk Railway and the North and Northwestern division of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **GEORGETOWN** May 6th, 1851. First Postmaster John Sumpter. Office still in operation in 1983. Post office was named for George Kennedy who was the first settler in 1823, and built a mill and lived to see the resulting Town named for himself. Georgetown was Incorporated as a Village in 1865 and as a Town in 1921. Then on January 1st, 1974 it was Incorporated into the Town of Halton Hills, in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Now designated as an urban community. Present approved name is **GEORGETOWN**. Population 1,800 in 1886 and 15,943 in 1972. Map position: 43°39' 79°55'. References: 1B, I, T, S, HH, 2T, 3J, O, 5M, 1B, V, 8I, 7D and 8Q.

**HUNSDON**, Albion Township, Cardwell County, later Peel County. Alternate spelling for this place **HUNSDEN**. Post office established July 1st, 1863 and named **HUNSDON**. First Postmaster William Prest. This place is 6 miles from Tottenham and 10 miles from Bolton. In 1877, the post office closed and was relocated in Tecumseth

Township, Simcoe County, all still within Peel County. There are no recent references to this place. References: I, A, 3C, 3N, 7B and 4A.

**HUNT**, railway point, Slaght Township, Kenora District. Located 51.2 kilometres east of Sioux Lookout and on Highway 642. In April, 1928, CNR changed the name from Hunt to **UMFREVILLE**. Post office established as **UMFREVILLE** April 17th, 1958. First Postmaster Joseph H. Dickson. This post office located 6.3 miles northwest of Wako and 27.1 miles southeast of Superior Junction. Umfreville post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **UMFREVILLE**. Population 8 in 1941 and 42 in 1980. Map position: 49°52' 91°28'. References: R2, U, 3B, SS, 6T, V, 5L and 9J.

**HUNTA**, dispersed rural community, Culte Township, Cochrane District. Located 32 kilometres northwest of Cochrane and on Highway 11. Post office established named **HUNTA** November 1st, 1913. First Postmaster Glen C. Lovell. Hunta post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **HUNTA**. Population 48 in 1951 and 105 in 1978. Map position: 49°06' 81°16'. References: R2, 9J, 5A, 5E, V, 5L and 6T.

**HUNT CLUB ESTATES**, suburban community, Part of City of Ottawa in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **HUNT CLUG ESTATES**. Map position: 45°21' 75°40'. References: V.

**HUNTER**, station, Wachope Township, Kenora District. This station on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,346 feet above sea level. Located 19 miles from Quibell. Station name changed April 19th, 1925 to **NIDDRIE**. **NIDDRIE** post office established December 18th, 1953. First Postmistress Mrs. Antonina Dobransky. Office located 6.9 miles east of Amesdale, 13 1/2 miles west of Red Lake Road and 8 kilometres east of Ignace. Office closed August 15th, 1960. No population shown for this place. No recent reference to this station. Map position: 51°01' 93°05'. References: L2, LL, SS, R2 and 6T.

**HUNTER PARK SURVEY**, Flamborough Township, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Population 67 in 1966 and 119 in 1971. References: 3B and 5A.

**HUNTERSVILLE**, Ramsay Township, Lanark County. Located 5 1/2 miles from Almonte, 26 miles northeast of Perth and on the Indian River. Post office established as **HUNTERSVILLE** December 1st, 1871. First Postmaster John Hunter. First settlers at Huntersville were James and Alex Hunter, who established a woolen mill employing 20 people. The mill burned down in 1873. John Speirs rebuilt the mill and lived in the former Hunter house. The post office name changed to **JAMIESON** 1884. Office closed September 17th, 1913. Population 50 in 1893 and 30 in 1895. No recent references to this place. References: I, A, 5X, 7U, S, Z, PP, U10 and 6T.

**HUNTER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°38' 78°48'. References: V.

**HUNTINGDON**, SEE: **WEST HUNTINGDON**, Hastings County.

**HUNTINGDON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Hastings County. Incorporated January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P5452-68, May 31st, 1968. First settled 1816 by the Ketchesons. Area 56,000 acres. Population 3,200 in 1878 and 1,726 in 1980. Map position: 44°25' 77°28'. References: HH, M, V and 1E.

**HUNTINGFIELD #1**, hamlet, Howick Township, Huron County. Located 40 miles northeast of Goderich and 7 miles west of Clifford Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **HUNTINGFIELD**, in 1884. First Postmaster John Gordon. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Population 50 in 1892 and 15 in 1926. No recent references to this place. References: I, AA, Z, MM, 6T and 5P.

**HUNTINGFIELD #2**, dispersed rural community, Carrick Township, Bruce County. Present approved name is **HUNTINGFIELD**. Map position: 43°58' 81°07'. References: V.

**HUNTINGFORD**, dispersed rural community, East Zorra Township, Oxford County. This was a settlement in 1848, Brock District, Canada West. Located 5 km southeast of Strathallan, 8 km southwest of Innerkip and 9 km northwest of Woodstock. Present approved name is **HUNTINGFORD**. Population 50 in 1846 and 111 in 1976. Map

position: 43°12' 80°47'. References: B, G, C, 3B, 5L and V.

HUNTINGTON, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is HUNTINGTON. Map position: 43°13' 79°49'. References: V.

HUNTLEY, SEE: HOPPERVILLE, Lanark County.

HUNTLEY TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Carleton County, formerly in Dalhousie District, Canada West. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Incorporation Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C93. Amalgamated January 1st, 1974 into the Township of West Carleton. Area 55,060 acres. Population 2,401 in 1878 and 2,515 in 1852. Map position: 45°18' 76°04'. References: C, HH, 3H, M, 2W, V and UU.

HUNTSVILLE, Town, Chaffey Township, Muskoka District. Located 24 miles north of Bracebridge, 36 miles north of Gravenhurst, on CNR and Highway 11, 139 miles north of Toronto. First settler George Hunt in 1858. Post office opened January 1st, 1870. First Postmaster George Hunt. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village 1886 and as a Town in 1901. Amalgamation of Town of Huntsville, Village of Port Sydney, Township of Brunel, Township of Chaffey, Township of Stisted and Township of Stephenshon as the Town of Huntsville, effective date January 1st, 1971. Religious parish name L'ASSUMPTION. Present approved name is HUNTSVILLE. Population 1,400 in 1895 and 11,031 in 1980. Map position: 45°20' 79°13'. References: B, I, M, P, S, Z, HH, 2T, 2Y, NN, SS, 5K, V, 5W and 9J.

HUNT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°35' 85°15'. References: V.

HUOTARI TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 52, Algoma District.

HURDMAN, Ottawa-Carleton District. Located 3 kilometres from Ottawa. Date of reference 1980. References: U.

HURDMAN'S BRIDGE, post office. Also known as CASSIDY'S BRIDGE. Located on the Rideau River, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. Situated 3 miles south of Ottawa. Post office opened as HURDMAN'S BRIDGE, in 1880. First Postmaster P. Cassidy. On September 1st, 1951, a new designation Hurdman's Bridge-Ottawa. On April 21st, 1959 Hurdman's Bridge-Ottawa status changed to a sub-post office of Ottawa. Population 60 in 1892 and 100 in 1926. No recent references to this place. References: I, AA, Z, MM, 5V and 6T.

HURDMAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°30' 81°46'. References: V.

HURD'S LAKE, SEE: BYERS, Renfrew County.

HURDVILLE, dispersed rural community, McKellar Township, Parry Sound District. Located 12 miles northeast of Parry Sound on Seguin River and 37 miles south of Gravenhurst. Post office established as HURDVILLE on July 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Isaac N. Hurd, for whom the office is named. Office closed September 30th, 1932. Present approved name is HURDVILLE. Population 70 in 1892, 500 in 1885, 43 in 1951 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 45°27' 79°55'. References: B, I, S, AA, Z, 3R, 5E, 5L, V, 5V, 6T and 9F.

HURKETT, SEE: WOLFE SIDING, Thunder Bay District.

HURLBURT TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 202, Algoma District.

HURLEYVILLE, Macdonald, Meredith and Aberdeen Additional Township, Algoma District. Population 97 in 1961 and 111 in 1966. References: 5A.

HURON, Village, Sarnia Township, Lambton County, formerly in Western District, Canada West. Also known as HURON VILLAGE. Post office established March 1st, 1865 as POINT EDWARD. First Postmaster Louis Ernst. On March 1st, 1917, Point Edward was made a savings bank office. On July 2nd, 1962, it became a sub-post office of Sarnia. A station served by Grand Trunk Railway was named POINT EDWARD STATION. On June 26th, 1878 Point

Edward was Incorporated as a Village. Point Edward was renamed to honour the Prince of Wales, later Edward VII who was visiting in 1860. Present approved name is **POINT EDWARD**. Population 1,500 in 1886 and 2,479 in 1979. Map position: 43°00' 82°24'. References: 2Y, I, M, C, N, T, HH, 2T, 2Z, 4F, 6T, 1H, 5K, 6T, 5L and 9J.

**HURON COUNTY**, (1) Canada Statutes 1849, C.78, SCH.B - effective January 1st, 1850 - County of Huron Incorporated and proceedings of the late District of Huron transferred to the County of Huron. The above act amended by Canada Statutes 1849, C.96 - an act to divide the District of Huron into 3 counties, County of Bruce, County of Huron and County of Perth, effective January 1st, 1850 as United Counties of Huron, Bruce and Perth. (2) By proclamation dated December 31st, 1852 Perth County disunited from the United Counties of Huron, Perth and Bruce and the union of counties will be formed of United Counties of Huron and Bruce, effective January 1st, 1853. (3) By proclamation dated November 23rd, 1866 the union of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce is dissolved. County of Bruce being the junior county is separated from the County of Huron being the senior County, effective January 1st, 1867. The County of Huron consists of the towns of Clinton, Exeter, Goderich, Seaforth and Wingham, the villages of Bayfield, Blyth, Brussells, Hensall and Zurich, the townships of Ashfield, Colborne, East Wawanosh, Goderich, Grey, Hay, Howick, Hullett, McKillop, Morris, Stanley, Stephen, Tuckersmith, Turnberry, Usborne and West Wawanosh. Population 1,941 in 1852, 56,399 in 1980. Map position: 43°40' 81°30'. References: M, HH, 2W and V.

**HURONDALE**, dispersed rural community, Usborne Township, Huron County. Located 25 miles southeast of Goderich, 3 3/4 miles from Exeter Station on Grand Trunk Railway and near Hensall. Post office established as **HURONDALE**, on July 1st, 1895. First Postmaster John Dew. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **HURONDALE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°24' 81°28'. References: S, PP, 5U, V, 5L and 6T.

**HURON HEIGHTS #1**, concentrated rural community, Plympton Township, Lambton County, formerly in Sarnia Township, Lambton County. Located 1 km east of Brights Grove, 4 km west of Errol and 9 km north of Mandaumin. Present approved name is **HURON HEIGHTS**. Population 55 in 1961 and 62 in 1976. Map position: 43°02' 82°13'. References: 3B, 5A, 5L and V.

**HURON HEIGHTS #2**, urban community, Part of the City of London, Middlesex County. Present approved name is **HURON HEIGHTS**. Map position: 43°01' 81°11'. References: V.

**HURONIA MINE**, post office, Nipissing District. Located 10 miles from Larder Lake and 20 miles from Dane. Post office established as **HURONIA MINE**, on February 1st, 1915. First Postmaster E.H. York. Office closed August 15th, 1917. No current references to this place. References: SS and 6T.

**HURONIAN**, station and dispersed rural community, Thunder Bay District. Located 71 kilometres east of Atikokan, 98 miles west of Port Arthur, 22 miles from Kawene and 15 miles from Kashabowie. Post office opened as **HURONIAN** on May 1st, 1924. First Postmistress Mrs. Eva E. Harrison. Post office closed on November 1st, 1966. The station named **HURONIAN** on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,571 feet above sea level in 1915. Present approved name is **HURONIAN**. Map position: 48°43' 90°44'. References: R2, PP, L3, 6T and 9F.

**HURON PARK**, SEE: **R.C.A.F. STATION CENTRALIA**, Huron County.

**HURON RIDGE**, hamlet, Kincardine Township, Bruce County. Located on Lake Huron, 3 km northeast of Kincardine, 9 km west of Armow and 12 km southwest of Tiverton. Present approved name is **HURON RIDGE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 81°38'. References: 5L.

**HURON STATION**, Huron Township, Bruce County. Date of reference 1875. No further references to this station. References: A.

**HURONTARIO MILLS**, SEE: **HENS and CHICKENS #2**, Simcoe County.

**HURONTARIO VILLAGE**, SEE: **HENS and CHICKENS #2**, Simcoe County.

**HURON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Bruce County. Incorporated January 1st, 1854 by County bylaw passed

September 21st, 1853. First settled September 1849. Population 234 in 1852 and 2,576 in 1980. Map position: 44°05' 81°35'. References: HH, M, 2W, V and TT.

HURON VILLAGE, SEE: HURON, Lambton County.

HURTUBISE, settlement, on Nation River, Cambridge Township, Russell County. Located 50 miles southwest of L'Orignal and 1 mile from Casselman Station on Canada Atlantic Railway. Post office established as HURTUBISE, in 1889. First Postmaster F. N. Hurtubise. The post office is named for the first Postmaster. Office closed by 1896. No modern references to this place. Population 100 in 1895 and 300 in 1908. References: I, Z, PP and 9F.

HURTUBISE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°23' 79°47'. References: V.

HUSSEY, post office, Norwich South Township, Oxford County. Located 2 3/4 miles from Otterville and 2 3/4 miles from Hawtrey. Post office established as HUSSEY, on June 1st, 1910. First Postmaster C.J. Hussey for whom the office was named. Office closed December 1st, 1913. No recent reference to this office. References: 6T.

HUSTON, SEE: HUSTONVILLE, Wellington County.

HUSTONVILLE, hamlet, Maryborough Township, Wellington County. Located 20 miles from Elora, 32 miles from Guelph and 40 miles from Galt. Name sometimes misspelled as HUTSON. Post office established as HUSTON in 1856. First Postmaster William Robinson. Office closed 1890. Office was named for John Huston, a farmer. Population 75 in 1857 and 60 in 1908. No modern references to this place. References: EE, I, S, AA, PP, W, 3M and 3U.

HUTCHEON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 10 E, Sudbury District.

HUTCHINS CORNERS, post office, Oxford-On-Rideau Township, Grenville County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Farmers Union, 4 miles from Oxford Mills. Post office opened as HUTCHINS CORNERS, on June 1st, 1910. First Postmaster David Hutchins for whom the office is named. Office closed November 15th, 1913. No recent reference to this office. References: B and 6T.

HUTCHINSON, post office, McGillivray Township, Middlesex County. Located 25 miles northwest of London and 6 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Park Hill Station. Post office established as HUTCHINSON, on August 1st, 1896. First Postmaster James Rock. On July 1st, 1912 the post office name was changed to WILLIS WEST. Office closed November 8th, 1913. The post office, Hutchinson, was named after one of the first settlers, William Hutchinson. No modern references to this place. References: S, PP, 6T, 7E, 7D and SS.

HUTCHINSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°49' 91°18'. References: V.

HUTCHISON LAKE, in an unorganized Territory, Thunder Bay District. Population 79 in 1961 and 86 in 1966. References: 5A.

HUTCHISON'S CORNERS, hamlet, Artemesia Township, Grey County. Located 7 km east of Ladybank, 8 km northeast of Markdale, 10 km north of Flesherton and 29 km south of Meaford. Present approved name is HUTCHISON'S CORNERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 80°34'. References: 5L.

HUTSON, SEE: HUSTONVILLE, Wellington County.

HUTTON HEIGHTS SUBDIVISION, Wawanosh East Township, Huron County. Located 2 km southwest of Wingham, 17 km east of Gorrie and 19 km southeast of Lucknow. Present name not approved. Population 33 in 1976. Map position: 43°53' 81°20'. References: 3B and 5L.

HUTTON HOUSE, post office, Brandy Creek, Monck Township, Simcoe County, later Muskoka District. Located 21

kilometres from Bracebridge. Post office established as **HUTTON HOUSE**, in 1890. First Postmaster John Hutton. Office closed November 5th, 1943. Population 30 in 1892 and 100 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: S, U, AA, Z, PP, 5T and 6T.

**HUTTON'S MILLS,** SEE: **WOLF PACK**, Peel County.

**HUTTONSVILLE,** SEE: **WOLF PACK**, Peel County.

**HUTTON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°51' 81°00'. References: V.

**HUTTONVILLE,** SEE: **WOLF PACK**, Peel County.

**HUTT TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°59' 81°06'. References: V.

**HYBLA,** dispersed rural community, Monteagle Township, Hastings County. Located 60 miles north of Belleville and 25 miles north of Central Ontario Railway at Rathbun station. Post office established as **HYBLA** in 1879. First Postmaster George A. Bartlett. Office closed February 28th, 1955. Present approved name is **HYBLA**. Population 50 in 1892, 72 in 1951 and 18 in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 77°51'. References: B, I, S, AA, PP, 3B, V, 5B, 5L and 6T.

**HYDE PARK,** SEE: **HYDE PARK JUNCTION**, Middlesex County.

**HYDE PARK CORNERS,** SEE: **HYDE PARK JUNCTION**, Middlesex County.

**HYDE PARK CROSSING,** station, London Township, Middlesex County. Located one mile from the original Hyde Park Junction, (1895), and presently part of the dispersed rural community of Hyde Park. Present approved name is **HYDE PARK CROSSING**. Map position: 43°00' 81°20'. References: V.

**HYDE PARK JUNCTION #1,** railway point, Canada West, later London Township, Middlesex County. Located at the junction of the main line and the Lake Huron & Buffalo branch of Grand Trunk Railway and 4 miles west of London. **HYDE PARK CORNERS** post office opened in 1859. First Postmaster John Square. On Office name was changed to **HYDE PARK** on February 1st, 1963. Office still in operation in 1983. Recently designated a dispersed rural community. **HYDE PARK CORNERS STATION** served by Great Western Railway, later CPR, name changed to **HYDE PARK STATION**. Present approved name is **HYDE PARK**. Population 300 in 1893 and 149 in 1976. Map position: 43°00' 81°20'. References: S, Z, 3B, U10, DD, V, I, T, 3Y, 6T, 5L and SS.

**HYDE PARK JUNCTION #2,** railway point, London Township, Middlesex County. Present approved name is **HYDE PARK JUNCTION**. Map position: 42°59' 81°20'. References: V.

**HYDRO #1,** SEE: **CRONYN**, Thunder Bay District.

**HYDRO #2,** SEE: **NIPISSING CONSTRUCTION COMPANY**, Nipissing District.

**HYDRO GLEN #1,** hamlet, Matchedash Township, Simcoe County. Located 4 miles from Southwood and 7 miles from Hamlet. Post office established as **HYDRO GLEN**, on April 4th, 1912. First Postmaster George Page. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **HYDRO GLEN**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°51' 79°30'. References: B, 6T, V, 5L and F.

**HYDRO GLEN #2,** Town of Gravenhurst, Muskoka District. Located 24 kilometres from Gravenhurst, recently in District Municipality of Muskoka, in 1972. References: U and B.

**HYDRO SPUR,** SEE: **NIPISSING CONSTRUCTION COMPANY**, Nipissing District.

**HYMAN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' 81°38'. References: V.

HYMERS, dispersed rural community, Gillies Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on CPR, station named HYMERS STATION, five miles from Port Arthur, on Whitefish River. This place is named after Mr. Jonathan Hymers and his family, who were the first permanent settlers there. Post office established as HYMERS, on Octobter 1st, 1900. First Postmaster George E. Hymer, for whom the place was named. Post office closed by 1972. Present approved name is HYMERS. Population 300 in 1908 and 78 in 1976. Map position: 48°18' 89°43'. References: MM , PP, 3B, V, 7M, 9F and 7D.

HYNDFORD SEE: CALDWELLS CORNERS, Renfrew County.

HYNDMAN SEE: HELL GATE SWAMP, Grenville County.

HYNDMAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°36' 92°04'. References: V.

HYNES TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 23,Range 11, Algoma District.

HYTHE, located north of Sunnidale, on the Nottawasaga River, in Sunnidale Township, Simcoe County in the year 1880. No other reference to this place. References: 2E.

**I TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, name changed to Prescott Township for H. A. Prescott, Mayor of Capreol, in 1974. Map position: 46°41' 83°53'. Reference: V and 10F.

**ICE LAKE**, dispersed rural community, Allan Township, Manitoulin District. Located 56 kilometres from Little Current near Gore Bay on the North Channel of Lake Huron and 25 miles from Cutler Station on CPR. Post office established as **ICE LAKE**, on September 1, 1903. First Postmaster Robert Brett. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is **ICE LAKE**. No population shown for this place in 1976. Map position: 45°54' 82°22'. References: B, S, U, PP, V, 7Q, 5L and 9F.

**IDA**, SEE: **SHARPE'S CORNERS #1**, Durham County.

**IDA HILL**, dispersed rural community, Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Located 2 km southeast of Sunbury, 7 km south of Battersea, 18 km northwest of Gananoque and 19 km northeast of Kingston. Present approved name is **IDA HILL**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 76°24'. Reference: V and 5L.

**IDINGTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Part of Municipal Township of Owens, Williamson and Idington. After 1983 the new name is **VAL RITA-HARDY** Municipal Township. Map position: 49°30' 82°45'. Reference: V and S. Parsons.

**IDYLWILD #1**, railway point, Part of City of Cambridge in the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Present approved name is **IDYWILD**. Map position: 43°25' 80°21'. References: V and HH.

**IDYLWILD #2**, Northumberland County. This is a stop on the route of Calcutt's Line dailt between Peterborough and Harwood. Harwood is on Rice Lake in Hamilton Township and 15 miles north of Cobourg. This reference is dated 1893 and there is no other reference to this place. Reference: U10.

**IGNACE #1**, Keewatin District, before boundary change, then Algoma District. A station on CPR located 152 miles northwest of Port Arthur. Post office established as **IGNACE**, in 1884. First Postmaster W.H. Cobb. Post office still operating in 1983. Recently designated as a concentrated rural community in Ignace Township, Kenora District. The station is named **IGNACE STATION** and is located east of Butler and west of Falcon Station at mile 1760, and at an altitude of 1,486 feet above sea level in 1915. Present approved name is **IGNACE**. Population 110 in 1893 and 552 in 1972. Map position: 49°25' 91°40'. References: I, AA, E. Barr, L1, O, V, 6Z, 5L and 8K.

**IGNACE #2**, post Village, on Ignace Island at the head of Lake Superior, south of Nepigon and northeast of Port Arthur. In summer this place is reached by steamer from Collingwood via Ste. Marie on the North Channel of Lake Huron in 1908. Reference: PP.

**IGNACE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Incorporated as a Township October 17, 1908. Quieting Order C7293, dated March 30, 1955. Located 96 kilometeres east of Dryden. Founded in 1879. Population 2,191 in 1978 and 2,296 in 1980. Map position: 49°25' 91°40'. References: R1, HH, M, and V.

**IHONATARIA**, SEE: **WENRIO**, Simcoe County.

**ILDERTON**, Police Village, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 11 miles northwest of London. Post office established as **ILDERTON**, on March 1, 1864. First Postmaster George Ord. Post office still operating in 1983. Incorporated December 7, 1907 by County Bylaw #606. At one time listed in official records as **OLDERTON**. Ilderton Police Village forms a Part of the Township of London and the Incorporation is not complete in that it has no seal as a Police Village. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Ilderton Station served by the Lake Huron and Bruce Railway, later Great Western Railway, then Grand Trunk Railway, and finally CNR. Present approved name is **ILDERTON**. Population 250 in 1893 and 330 in 1976. Map position: 43°04' 81°24'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3B, U10, 3D, V, 9L, and Mr. Bannister.

**ILFRACOMBE**, dispersed rural community, Stisted Township, Muskoka District. Located 8 miles west of Novar

Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 34 miles north of Bracebridge. Post office established as **ILFRACOMBE**, in 1877. First Postmaster W. Hopcraft. Office closed October 4, 1950. In 1883, the post office reopened and name was changed to **CHARLINCH**. In 1893, the name was changed back to Ilfracombe. Ilfracombe was named for a place of the same name in Devonshire County, England, by the original settlers. Lately designated a dispersed rural community, Part of the Town of Huntsville in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is **ILFRACOMBE**. Population 130 in 1892 and 26 in 1972. Map position: 45°24' 79°23'. References: B, I, HH, S, Q, V, 6T, and 4Q.

**ILSLEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°30' 91°57'. Reference: V.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION #1, SEE: **CHRYSLER'S FALLS**, Stormont County.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION #2, SEE: **IRVING SETTLEMENT**, Wellington County.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION #3, SEE: **GALWAY**, Peterborough County.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION #4, SEE: **SABLE LANDING**, Sudbury District.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION #5, SEE: **WEST WILLIAMSBURG**, Dundas County.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION #6, SEE: **PAINCOURT**, Kent County.

INADALE, post office, Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. Post office opened May 1st, 1908. First Postmaster Charles J. Flowers. Closed on May 1, 1914. No location shown for this post office. Reference: 6T.

INCH PARK, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **INCH PARK**. Map position: 43°15' 79°52'. Reference: V.

INDIAN #1, SEE: **INDIAN STATION**, Renfrew County.

INDIAN #2, dispersed rual community, Douro Township, Peterborough County. Located 9 miles from Peterborough. Post office established as **INDIAN RIVER** in 1868. First Postmaster James Conway. Office name changed to **GUERIN** on September 1st, 1904. Office closed on November 25th, 1912. Guerin named for Martin Guerin, father of a later postmaster (1890). Present approved name is **GUERIN**. Population 200 in 1893 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 78°10'. References: I, S, Z, U10, 4G, 5X, 7J, B, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

INDIANA, settlement, Seneca Township, Haldimand County. Located on the Grand River Canal, 3 miles from Cayuga, 71 miles from Toronto, and 8 miles from Caledonia. Post office established as **INDIANA** on November 5, 1841. First Postmaster Richard Brown. In 1877, the post office name was changed to **DEANS**. Office closed May 1, 1915. Name misspelled as **DEAN** and **DEANE**.Present approved name is **DEANS**. Population 120 in 1846 and 50 in 1895. Map position: 42°59' 79°52'. References: B, I, Z, 3R, V, 6T, 6S, 8P, G, 3D and A.

INDIANOLA BEACH, concentrated rural community, Georgina Township, formerly North Gwillimbury Township, York County, presently in the Regional Municipality of York. Located 2 km southeast of Keswick, 14 kilometres southwest of Sutton and 20 km north of Newmarket. Summer post office established as **INDIANOLA BEACH** on August 21, 1941. First Postmaster William Everett Purdy. Office closed August 31st, 1974. Present approved name is **INDIANOLA BEACH**. Population 135 in 1961 and 419 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 79°28'. References: B, U, 3B, 5A, V, 5L, and 6T.

INDIAN PLAIN, SEE: **NOGOJIWANONG**, Peterborough County.

INDIAN POINT, Nelson Township, Halton County. Population 169 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

INDIAN RESERVATION, Eastern District, Canada West, later Glengarry County. This reservation has 36 280 acres and is not dignified with a name. The nearest post office was at Martintown in 1835. No recent references to

this place, this is no reference past 1852. References: C, 2W, and 3H.

INDIAN RESERVATION, Gore District, Canada West. Nearest post office named Brantford. Listed between the years 1835 and 1848. No further reference to this reservation. References: C, J, and 3H.

INDIAN RESERVE, railway point, Pedley Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°22' 79°50'. Reference: V.

INDIAN RIVER #1 SEE: INDIAN #2, Peterborough County.

INDIAN RIVER #2, dispersed rural community, Douro Township, later Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 16 km northeast of Peterborough, the County Seat, 8 km north of Lang and 13 km southeast of Lakefield. Post office established as INDIAN RIVER STATION in 1889. First Postmaster John Duff. Office still in operation in 1983. INDIAN RIVER STATION served by CPR. Present approved name is INDIAN RIVER. Population 50 in 1895 and 109 in 1978. Map position: 44°20' 78°09'. References: B, I, U, Z, V, AA, 5T, 5L, 9J and 7D.

INDIAN RIVER STATION, SEE: INDIAN RIVER #2, Peterborough County.

INDIAN STATION, railway point, Fraser Township, Renfrew County. Present approved name INDIAN. No population shown. Map position: 45°45' 77°27'. References: B, U, and V.

INDIAN VILLAGE #1, dispersed rural community, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 12 miles south of Peterborough, 3 miles north of Harwood, and 10 miles from Fraserville. Post office established January 1, 1861 and named HIAWATHA. First Postmaster George Evans. Office closed November 1, 1916. Present approved name is HIAWATHA. Population 300 in 1893 and 150 in 1926. Map position: 44°11' 78°13'. References: AA, B, I, A, S, MM, U10, 3Z, 3M, V, and 6T.

INDIAN VILLAGE #2, Village, Medora Township, Simcoe County, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on Indian River between the Lakes of Rosseau and Muskoka, 21 miles northwest of Bracebridge, and 15 miles west of Falkenburg Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established in 1869 and named PORT CARLING for the honourable John Carling, a member of Sir John A. MacDonald's Cabinet and was Postmaster-General of Canada. First Postmaster B.H. Johnston. Office still in operation in 1983. Port Carling was Incorporated as a Village in 1896. In 1936, part of Port Carling was annexed to Medora Township. On January 1, 1971, the Village of Port Carling was Incorporated into the Township of Muskoka Lakes in the District Municipality of Muskoka. This place was first settled in 1865. Present approved name is PORT CARLING. Population 100 in 1892 and 628 in 1976. Map position: 45°07' 79°35'. References: B, I, S, AA, HH, 2T, 3B, 5P, 5C, 5K, 5L, 5W, 7B, V, and 4H.

INDIAN VILLAGE OF RAMA, Rama Township, Ontario County. Population 203 in 1877. No modern references to this Village. Reference: 1R.

INDIEN, SEE: McGREGOR'S HARBOUR, Bruce County.

INDUSTRIAL FARM, SEE: FARMLANDS, Sudbury District.

INDUSTRIAL STATION, station, McDougall Township, Parry Sound District. Station on Sudbury Division of CPR. Station number 4265, between the stations of Parry Sound and Ambo, in 1911. References: 10B.

INGERSOLL, SEE: OXFORD #2, Oxford County.

INGERSOLL JUNCTION, SEE: CODE JUNCTION, Oxford County.

INGERSOLL NORTH, railway station, on CPR, Oxford County, near Ingersoll. Date of entry 1980. Reference: U.

INGERSOLVILLE, SEE: OXFORD #2, Oxford County.

**INGLE,** SEE: **BALDWIN #2**, Addington County.

**INGLESIDE (NEW)**, Osnabrook Township, Stormont County. This is a new community established as a result of the St. Lawrence River flooding by the St. Lawrence Seaway Project. First named **ST. LAWRENCE SEAWAY NEW TOWN #1**, it represents the union of the Towns of **AULTSVILLE**, **FARRAN'S POINT**, **DICKENSON'S LANDING**, and **WALES**. The latter dated from 1860. All of these villages were cleared of their inhabitants, buildings, and contents. Post office established as **INGLESIDE** on December 27, 1958. First Postmistress Miss Eileen J. Arbuthnot. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **INGLESIDE**. Population 429 in 1961 and 1,106 in 1976. Map position: 45°00' 75°00'. References: F, 2Y, B, V, 6T, 3B, 5L and 5A.

**INGLESIDE,** SEE: **CHARLESVILLE #1**, Stormont County.
SEE: **WALES**, Stormont County.
SEE: **DICKENSON'S LANDING**, Stormont County.
SEE: **FARRAN'S POINT**, Stormont County.
and SEE: **ST LAWRENCE SEAWAY NEW TOWN #1**, Stormont County.

**INGLEWOOD,** SEE: **CORBETT'S MILLS**, Peel County.

**INGLES FALLS**, dispersed rural community, Derby Township, Grey County. Located 3 miles from Owen Sound and 1/2 mile from Ashley (Rockford Station) on CPR. Also on Sydenham River. Place established in 1842; first settler A. Stephens who built the store, mill, and potashery. The place was named for Mr. Peter Inglis, who settled in 1845 and who also built a mill. Post office established as **INGLIS FALLS** in 1894. First Postmaster James McGuire. Office closed May 1, 1913. Present approved name is **INGLIS FALLS**. Population 20 in 1893 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 80°56'. References: B, I, S, Z, PP, 2Y, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**INGLIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°30' 80°58'. Reference: V.

**INGOLDSBY**, dispersed rural community, Minden Township, Haliburton County. Later in Anson, Hinden, and Minden Townships. Located 8 miles east of Minden and 6 miles north of Gelert Station on the Midland division of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **INGOLDSBY** in 1868. First Postmaster Richard Smith. Status of this office was changed from a revenue post office to a summer post office on January 5, 1952. **INGOLDSBY STATION** name changed to **LOCHLIN STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **INGOLDSBY**. Population 100 in 1893 and 84 in 1976. Map position: 44°57' 78°37'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3B, U10, SS, V, 6T, 5L and 4G.

**INGOLF**, post office, Gundy Township, Kenora District. Located 33 miles west of Kenora and 328 miles northwest of Port Arthur. It is the last station on the railway in Ontario and is 101 miles east of Winnipeg, Manitoba. It has a station on CPR at an altitude of 1,191 feet above sea level at mile 1584. Post office named **INGOLF** established January 1, 1901. First Postmaster H.T. Agar. Office closed April 1, 1902. Present approved name is **INGOLF**. Population 15 in 1972 and 17 in 1978. Population figure is of permanent residents and climbs to 1,000 in the summertime, as a summer cottage area. Map position: 49°48' 95°07'. References: R2, S, AA, L1, O, V, 7N, 7P, 5L and 8K.

**INGRAM TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°49' 79°42'. Reference: V.

**INHOLMES**, dispersed rural community, McKellar Township, Parry Sound District. Located 23 miles northeast of Parry Sound, 13 miles from Seguin Falls Station on the Ottawa and Parry Sound division of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office estabished as **INHOLMES** in 1886. First Postmaster William Bartlett. Office closed September 30, 1932. Named for a farm in Ditchling, Sussex County, England. Present approved name is **INHOLMES**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°30' 79°47'. References: I, S, PP, V, 5T, 5L and 6T.

**INISTINGE,** SEE: **PROTON**, Grey County.

**INISTIOGE,** SEE: **PROTON**, Grey County.

INISTOGA, SEE: PROTON, Grey County.

INKERMAN #1, SEE: SMITH'S MILLS #3, Dundas County.

INKERMAN #2, SEE: FREIBURG #2, Oxford County.

INKERMANN #1, SEE: FREIBURG #2, Oxford County.

INKERMANN #2, post office, North Plantangenet Township, Prescott County. Located 40 miles from Ottawa. Post office name is CURRAN. This reference is dated 1875 and there are no further references to these names. Reference: A.

INKERMAN STATION, SEE: SUFFEL STATION, Dundas County.

INKERMANVILLE, concentrated rural community, Gosfield South Township, Essex County. Located 30 miles southeast of Sandwich, the County Seat, 3 1/2 miles west of Leamington and 35 miles from Windsor. Post office opened as RUTHVEN on November 1st, 1860. First Postmaster Hugh Ruthven for whom the office was named. Office still operating in 1983. Present approved name is RUTHVEN. Population 200 in 1892 and 384 in 1976. Map position: 42°03' 82°40. References: I, S, AA, 3B, 3Z, 3N, 7B, 6S, V, 9F, 5L and 7D.

INNERKIP, SEE: INVERKIP, Oxford County.

INNES PARK, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 3 km southwest of Blackburn, 7 km northeast of Stonehenge Project and 13 km north of Ramsayville. Present approved name is INNES PARK. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 75°33'. Reference: V and 5L.

INNES TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°23' 88°38'. Reference: V.

INNISFALLEN, located on Lake Simcoe, alternate name SHINGLE BAY in 1834. Reference is dated 1893. As early as 1834 settlers tried to establish a Town at Shingle Bay. They named it INNISFALLEN. It never came to anything but a few cabins though the site was picturesque. Reference: 8A.

INNISFIL, SEE: VICTORIA #4, Simcoe County.

INNISFIL HEIGHTS, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 km northeast of Thornton, 11 km south of Minets Point and 13 southeast of Barrie. Present approved name is INNISFIL HEIGHTS. Population 146 in 1976. Reference: 3B and 5L.

INNISFIL PARK, urban community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 km south of Sandycove Acres, 14 km southeast of Barrie and 27 km east of Angus. Present approved name is INNISFIL PARK. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 79°32'. Reference: V and 5L.

INNISFIL (TOWNSHIP OF), Geographic Township, Simcoe County. Incorporated as Township January 1, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849, C.81. Area 69 000 acres. Population 2,310 in 1652 and 16 178 in 1980. Surveyed in 1820. Map position: 44°18' 79°37'. References: C, HH, 2W, 3H, M, V, and 2E.

INNISVILLE, SEE: FREER'S FALLS, Lanark County.

INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE, SEE: FORT ERIE FORT, Welland County.

INTOLA, urban community, McIntyre Township, Thunder Bay District. Part of City of Thunder Bay. Located 10 miles from Port Arthur and 15 miles from Fort William. Post office established as INTOLA, on April 1, 1912. First Postmaster Peter Pennannen. Office closed October 1, 1951. Also located 16 kilometres from Thunder Bay. Present approved name is INTOLA. Population 15 in 1951 and 87 in 1966. Map position: 48°30' 89°24'. References: U, 5A, 5E, V, and 6T.

INVERARAY, SEE: STORRINGTON, Frontenac County.

INVERARY, SEE: STORRINGTON, Frontenac County.

INVERGARRY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°27' 81°56'. Reference: V.

INVERHAUGH, dispersed rural community, Pilkington Township, Wellington County. Located 16 miles northwest of Guelph and 5 miles from Elora Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as INVERHAUGH in 1876. First Postmaster Richard Aviss. Office closed July 11, 1907. Present approved name is INVERHAUGH. Population 50 in 1895 and 93 in 1976. Map position: 43°38' 80°26'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3B, V, 5V, 5L and 7K.

INVERHURON, concentrated rural community, Bruce Township, Bruce County. Located 32 miles northwest of Walkerton and 8 miles north of Kincardine Station on Great Western Railway. Post office established as INVERHURON on January 1, 1854. First Postmaster William Gunns. Office still in operation in 1983. This place is located on the Sauble River which is its connection to the lake and makes it a stop for the Canadian Lake Superior Line of boats in 1880. This place was laid out in 1851. Present approved name is INVERHURON. Population 100 in 1886 and 275 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 81°35'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, V, TT, 6T, 5L and 8Q.

INVERKIP, Police Village, East Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 6 miles northeast of Woodstock on the Thames River and the Credit Valley Railway, later CPR. Also 36 miles from London. Post office established April 1, 1853. First Postmaster James Bell. The post office named INVERKIP, misspelled by the post office as INNERKIP on the stamp cancellation hammer. An error never corrected. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village March 31, 1913. Dissolved and becomes Part of Township of East Zorra-Tavistock, effective January 1, 1975. Present approved name is INNERKIP. Population 200 in 1857 and 655 in 1976. Map position: 43°13' 80°42'. References: 7D, B, I, S, Z, EE, 3B, 3K, V, 9L, F and 5L.

INVERMARA, SEE: ORELIA, Simcoe County.

INVERMAY, SEE: ARRAN, Bruce County.

INVERNESS LODGE, dispersed rural community, Muskoka District, 43 km from Bracebridge, 32 kilometres from Utterson, 10 km northeast of Port Carling and 16 km southeast of Rosseau. Summer post office established as INVERNESS LODGE on July 1, 1950 on part of lots 16 and 17, concession 7 in the Township of Watt. Postmaster Helge T. Shov. Office closed August 31st, 1968. Present approved name is INVERNESS LODGE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°11' 79°29'. References: U, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

INVERNESS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°22' 81°37'. Reference: V.

INWOOD, Police Village, Brooke Township, Lambton County. Located on Michigan Central Railway, 32 miles southeast of Sarnia, and 21 km from Petrolia. Post office opened as INWOOD on August 1, 1875. First Postmaster James M. Courtright. Office is still in operation in 1983. This place was named for Inwood in New York State. Inwood Incorporated as a Police Village on July 20, 1920 by Bylaw #918. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is INWOOD. Population 25 in 1885 and 243 in 1976. Map position: 42°49' 81°59'. References: I, S, U, 2Z, 3B, 3R, V, 5L, 9L and 7L.

INWOOD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°59' 90°20'. Reference: V.

IONA, dispersed rural community, Dunwich Township, later shown in both the Townships of Southwold and Dunwich in Elgin County. Located 13 miles southwest of St. Thomas and 1.5 miles south of Iona Station on Michigan Central Railway and Pere Marquette Railway. Post office opened July 6, 1852 and named IONA. First Postmaster J. Decow (DeCew). Post office closed January 31, 1963. Present approved name is IONA. Population 400 in 1886 and 120 in 1976. Map position: 42°41' 81°24'. References: I, T, S, EE, 5L, 3B, 3K, 2W, V, 7A, and 6T.

IONA STATION, dispersed rural community, Southwold Township, Elgin County. Located 13 miles southwest of St. Thomas on Michigan Central Railway, Pere Marquette Railway and Canada Southern Railway. Post office established as IONA STATION in 1875. First Postmaster Daniel Decow. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is IONA STATION. Population 25 in 1865 and 92 in 1976. Map position: 42°43' 81°25'. References: I, T, S, 3B, 3R, V, 5V, 5L and 9F.

IONDALE, SEE: IONDALE HEIGHTS, Scarborough County.

IONDALE HEIGHTS, urban community, Scarborough Township, York County, later Part of Borough of Scarborough in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Post office opened as IONDALE HEIGHTS, on Janaury 30, 1953. First Postmaster Morris Kerzner. Located 1.5 miles from Scarborough Junction and .8 miles from Jeco. Status of this office was changed to a sub-post office of Scarborough on June 13, 1955. Present approved name is IONDALE HEIGHTS. References: U, V, 6T, and 6V.

IONVIEW, urban community, this is a modern name, Part of the Borough of Scarborough within the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located at Concession D, lots 29 to 31. Present approved name is IONVIEW. Map position: 43°44' 79°16'. References: V and 8H.

IPPERWASH, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. Located on Lake Huron, 8 km southeast of Port Franks, 11 km northwest of Thedford and 13 km north of Forest. Post office opened as IPPERWASH on June 15, 1962. First Postmaster Bert Simms. On August 1, 1962, the post office name was changed to IPPERWASH BEACH. Office still in operation in 1983. This area was used in 1695 by Jesuit missionaries. The park area was formerly called STONEY POINT INDIAN RESERVE, however that reserve has been moved to another area and the name no longer applies. Ipperwash Beach is a summer post office which was operated from the casino owned by Mr. Bert Sims, the Postmaster; the casino burned in 1968, however the post office continues to operated from the Imperial Oil Station on the casino grounds. Present approved name is IPPERWASH BEACH. Population 32 in 1971 and 122 in 1976. Map position: 43°13' 81°58'. References: SS, 6T, 2Z, 1H, 5L and 3B.

IPPERWASH BEACH, SEE: IPPERWASH, Lambton County.

IPPERWASH CAMP, on Lake Huron, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. Located 4 km east of Ipperwash Beach, 8 km north of Jericho and 20 km west of Parkhill. This is a military installation begun in 1942 on the area that was previously known as the Stoney Point Indian Reservation. Present approved name is IPPERWASH CAMP. Population 20 in 1976. Map position: 43°13' 81°58'. References: 1H and 5L.

IPPERWASH PROVINCIAL PARK, on Lake Huron, this is a small tract of land on the shore of the northwest corner of Camp Ipperwash. It was established in 1938. Reference: 1H.

IRA, post office, West Flamborough Township, Wentworth County. Located 4 miles from Schaw Station and 2 miles from Freelton and 9 miles from Dundas. Post office established as IRA, on September 1, 1906. First Postmistress Miss Mabel A. Cole. Office closed April 1, 1914. Population 50 in 1913 and 50 in 1926. There are no recent references to this place. References: S, DD, MM, 6T, and 7T.

IRELAND #1, SEE: FLANIGAN'S, Middlesex County.

IRELAND #2, dispersed rural community, Raglan Township, Renfrew County. Located 7 km northeast of McArthurs Mills,8 km east of Fort Stewart, 12 km southwest of Schutt and 26 kilometres from Detlor. Post office established as IRELAND on August 1, 1896. First Postmaster Charles Naughton. Office closed October 1, 1900. To 1900, this place was shown in Bagot Township. Post office re-opened in 1917 and closed July 12, 1924, and re-opened July 29, 1924. Post office closed permanently on June 30, 1939. Present approved name is IRELAND. Population 46 in 1941 and 50 in 1951. Map position: 45°10' 77°32'. References: B, U, 3B, 5U, V, 7E, 7M, 6T, 5L and 9F.

IRELAND POINT, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Date of entry 1972, a map reference. Present approved name is IRELAND POINT. Reference: V.

For references see Works Cited.

**IRELAND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°30' 81°10'. Reference: V.

IRELAND VILLAGE, SEE: FLANIGAN'S, Middlesex County.

IRENA, concentrated rural community, Matilda Township, Dundas County. Located 6 km north of Iroquois, 11 km west of Morrisburg and 13 km east of Shanley. Post office established as IRENA in 1887 on lot 16, concession 2. First Postmaster George Barton. Office closed June 8, 1914. Present approved name is IRENA. Population 150 in 1895, 75 in 1926 and 10 in 1976. Map position: 44°53' 75°19'. References: I, S, Z, MM, V, 6T, 5L and 5V.

IRENE, post office, Perry Township, Parry Sound District. This post office is noted only in the year 1879. There are no official listings for the post office. Reference: 1M.

IRIS, hamlet, Vespra Township, Simcoe County on Nottawasaga River, also shown in Vespra and Flos Townships, so it may be on a border. Located 13 miles northwest of Barrie and 6 miles west of Minesing on the North and Northwestern Railway, later shown on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as IRIS, in 1881. First Postmaster John Campbell. Office closed October 1, 1899. There are no recent references to this place. Population 100 in the years 1892 to 1895. References: I, AA, Z, 7H, and 5V.

IRISH CREEK, SEE: ALBUNE, Grenville County.

IRISH LAKE, dispersed rural community, Artemesia Township, Grey County. Located 35 miles south of Owen Sound. In the 1800s, it is shown in Glenelg Township, Grey County. Also, located 5 miles from Markdale Station on CPR. Post office opened as IRISH LAKE in 1889. First Postmaster Thomas Sullivan. Office closed May 1, 1914. Present approved name is IRISH LAKE. Population 100 in 1892, 100 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 80°38'. References: I, S, AA, PP, 5U, V, 5L and 6T.

IRISH'S CORNERS, Village, on the boundary of Elgin and Mariposa Township, Victoria County, 18 miles northwest of Lindsey and 5 miles north of Cannington and 45 miles from Peterborough. This place has a station on the Midland Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Post office established November 1, 1853 and named WOODVILLE. First Postmaster John Morrison. Office still in operation in 1983. Incoporated as a Police Village of Woodville in 1878, and a Village on March 25, 1884. Settled in 1828. First store was established by a John Morrison not the first Postmaster. "OTAGO was the proposed name for this place in 1877; a vote was taken and a majority of one was attained, but the name was not changed until the post office opened". A local name in use in the 1850s was simply CORNERS. Present approved name is WOODVILLE. Population 600 in 1886 and 573 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 78°59' References: 8E, I, M, N, T, S, AA, EE, 3K, 5L and 9J.

IRISHTOWN #1, SEE: SYDENHAM #3, Peel County.

IRISHTOWN #2, Albion Township, Peel County. Settled in 1823 by Irish settlers. The post office name was ST. COLUMBAN. There is no official documentation for this post office. No recent reference to this place. References: SS and 3C.

**IRISH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°39' 83°59'. Reference: V.

**IRIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°11' 82°32'. Reference: V.

IRON BRIDGE, SEE: TALLY HO, Algoma District.

IRON CITY, summer resort, Freeman Township, District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on Moon River, above the delta at the river mouth. This is an exclusive summer resort area where 1,000 U.S. tourists stay. All the buildings are white. Place was named for the colour of the rocks in the area. Name is not approved. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45 degrees latitude and 79 degrees longtitude. References: L.H.Carter and 5L.

IRONDALE, SEE: DEVIL'S CREEK, Victoria County.

**IRON ORE JUNCTION,** SEE: **PICCADILLY #2,** Frontenac and Addington Counties.

**IRON RANGE LAKE,** station, in Thunder Bay District. **IRON RANGE LAKE STATION** on the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway. Not a post office. Shown only in the year 1907. Reference: S.

**IRONSIDES,** dispersed rural community, Cardiff Township, Haliburton County. Located 3 km southeast of Harcourt, 6 km northeast of Wilberforce and 12 km south of Kennaway. Present approved name is **IRONSIDES.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°04' 78°11'. Reference: B and 5L.

**IRON SPUR,** station, Hutchison Township, Rainy River District. Located 29 kilometres from Atikokan, 7 miles west of Kawene, 5 km north of Niobe and 10 km northwest of Eva Lake. Post office established as **SAPAWE** on November 1, 1932. First Postmaster A.V. Evans. Office closed on September 1st, 1964. Recently,(1974), designated as a dispersed rural community. **IRON SPUR STATION** served by Canadian National Railways. Name changed June of 1936 to **SAPAWE STATION.** Present approved name is **SAPAWE.** Population 25 in 1941 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 48°46' 91°20'. References: 7Q, SS, U, 5L and V.

**IRONWOOD,** dispersed rural community, Hilliard Township, Nipissing later Timiskaming District. Located on the Blanche River, 10 km northwest of Earlton, 19 km southeast of Englehart and 25 km north of New Liskeard. Post office established as **IRONWOOD** on March 1st, 1903. First Postmaster B. Ritchie. Office name changed to **HILLIARDTON** on August 1st, 1904. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **HILLIARDTON.** Population 60 in 1908 and 16 in 1976. Map position: 47°44' 79°42'. References: 7J, 7Q, V, 5L, F and PP.

**IROQUOIS,** SEE: **MATILDA,** Dundas County.

**IROQUOIS FALLS #1,** station, Nipissing District, later Timiskaming District; now designated a concentrated rural community and Part of the Town of Iroquois Falls. Post office established as **IROQUOIS FALLS** on March 1st, 1911. First Postmaster Joseph M. Bourke. Office name changed to **PORQUIS JUNCTION** on February 1st, 1914. (When the new town site for the Abitibi Paper Company, now Abitibi Price Incorporated was named Iroquois Falls; and which is located 7 miles northeast of Porquis Junction). Office still in operation in 1983. The name is composed of "Por" from Porcupine and "Quis" from Iroquois. Located at the juncture of the Main Line of Ontario Northland Railway, previously Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway and a spur line running into Timmins. This place was destroyed by fire in 1916, the one that also wiped out Iroquois Falls, Kelso, Nushla, Matheson, and Ramore. Present approved name is **PORQUIS JUNCTION.** Population 158 in 1941 and 237 in 1980. Map position: 48°42' 80°47'. References: MM, 6T, 8M, U, 2Y, 3B, and 6Q.

**IROQUOIS FALLS #2,** Town, Teefy Township, Cochrane District. This was the first of the new planned towns in Canada, plotted as a site for Abitibi Paper Mills in 1913. Located on the Abitibi River, 17 km north of Val Gagne, 7 miles from Porquis Junction, 15 km south of Tunis and on Highway 67, 28 miles southeast of Cochrane. Incorporated as a Town in 1915. The workers for this place live in nearby Ansonville and Montrock. Post office established as **IROQUOIS FALLS,** on August 3, 1914. First Postmaster G.L. Sherlock. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **IROQUOIS FALLS.** Population 1,302 in 1946 and 1,832 in 1969. Map position: 48°46' 80°41'. References: P, 5L, F, R1, 2T, 6T, 2Y, 7V, and V.

**IROQUOIS FALLS (TOWN OF),** Municipality, Cochrane District. Originally the Township of Calvert was Incorporated December 24, 1918. Town of Iroquois Falls and parts of Geographic Township of Teefy annexed to the Township of Calvert, 1969. Incorporated as a Town June 15, 1915. The Township of Calvert was erected into the Town of Iroquois Falls on January 1, 1971. In 1976, there were two post offices in operation. Post office M, see **MONTROCK;** post office A, see **ANSONVILLE.** Population 7,011 in 1972, 6,544 in 1979. Iroquois Falls amalgamated Ansonville on January 1, 1971. Map position: 48°39' 80°52'. References: M, N, U, V, O, and 5K.

**IROQUOIS MARINE,** summer post office, Grenville Township, Dundas County. Post office established as **IROQUOIS MARINE,** on August 24, 1960. First Postmaster Ray Ken Casselman. Office closed on January 1st, 1964. No further references to this office. Reference: 6T.

**IROQUOIS RIDGE**, urban community, Part of the Town of Oakville within the Regional Municipality of Halton. Present approved name is **IROQUOIS RIDGE**. Map position: 43°29' 79°42'. Reference: V.

IRVINE SETTLEMENT, Village, Nichol Township, Wellington County. Located 82 miles from Toronto, 143 miles from London and 12 miles northwest of Guelph. Post office established as **ELORA** on October 6, 1839. First Postmaster Andrew Geddes. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was settled in 1818 and the first settler was Roswell Matthews with wife and nine children. The post office was named Elora by William Gilkison and is called after his brother's ship which in turn had been named for the Indian Cave Temples. A local name for this place was **CITY OF ROCKS**. This place is located at the junction of the Grand River and Irvine Creek, which gave rise to the name Irvine Settlement, has stations on CNR and CPR, and is considered to be founded in 1832 by William Gilkison. Incorporated as a Village January 1, 1858 by Act 20, Vic. Cap107. Religious parish name for this place was **IMMACULATE CONCEPTION**. Present approved name is **ELORA**. Population 1,200 in 1857, 1,667 in 1969 and 2,589 in 1976. Map position: 43°41' 80°26'. References: I, G, C, M, P, S, EE, 2Y, 3S, 2H, and 7V.

**IRWIN**, post office, Raleigh Township, Kent County. Post office established as **IRWIN**, in 1883. First Postmaster William Irwin, for whom the post office was named. Post office closed in 1891. No recent references to this place. References: I, T, AA, XX, and 5T.

**IRWIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°42' 87°50'. Reference: V.

ISAAC SETTLEMENT, settlement, on #8 concession, Haldimand Township, Northumberland County in 1878. No recent reference to this settlement. Reference: 1P.

ISAACS GLEN, dispersed rural community, Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Located 4 km west of Fenelon Falls, 11 km north of Cameron and 16km southeast of Kirkfield. Present approved name is **ISAACS GLEN**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 78°47'. References: B, 5L and V.

ISAAC TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 26, Range 24, Algoma District.**

**ISBESTER**, railway point, Laird Township, Algoma District. Located 21 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie. It is a station on the Soo Branch, CPR. This station is east of Eckleby Station. Post office established as **ISBESTER**, on March 3, 1907. First Postmaster Louis Garnet. Office closed March 1, 1917. Present approved name is **ISBESTER**. Population 30 in 1913 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 46°25' 83°59'. References: S, DD, MM, V, 6T, 7J, and 8G.

ISBISTER'S LANDING, concentrated rural community, Township 84, later Priske Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on the north shore of Lake Superior, on CPR and Highway #17, 126 miles east of Port Arthur. Post office established as **SCHREIBER**, in 1886 and named to honour Sir Collingwood Schreiber who in 1880 became the Engineer-in-Chief of CPR. First Postmaster D.R. Bruce. Office still in operation in 1983. This station is at an altitude of 996 feet above sea level at mile 2040 and east of Black's Station. Present approved name is **SCHREIBER**. Population 300 in 1892 and 1,982 in 1976. Map position: 48°48' 87°15'. References: 2Y, 3B, I, AA, 2U, L1, 8K, V, 5L and 9F.

ISHERWOOD, named for William Isherwood, a pioneer settler. Recently designated as a settlement in Roderick Township, Rainy River District. Located on the Rainy River, 10 miles from Fort Francis and 150 miles south of Kenora. Post office established as **ISHERWOOD** in 1888. First Postmaster William Isherwood. Office closed August 31, 1929. Present approved name is **ISHERWOOD**. Population 51 in 1895 and 100 in 1907. Map position: 48°32' 93°32'. References: I, S, Z, V, 6T, and 7D.

ISHPIMING BEACH, hamlet, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located on Georgian Bay, 7 km south of Thunder Beach, 10 km northwest of Balm Beach and 14 km southwest of Penetanguishene. Present approved name is **ISHPIMING BEACH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 80°06'. References: 5L.

ISIS, railway point, Bickle Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 13 kilometres north of Longuelac on CPR

Railway Main Line. Present approved name is **ISIS**. This place has no population in 1978. Map position: 49°52' 86°36'. References: R2, U, and V.

**ISLAND F**, post office, Muskoka District. Located 8 miles from Gravenhurst, 4 miles from Walker's Point, and 4 miles from Browning Island. This is a summer post office, established as **GLEN ECHO**, on June 16, 1922. First Postmaster David Henry. On June 16, 1924, the post office name was changed to **GLEN ECHO** and post office closed on September 10, 1954. Recently designated a dispersed rural community. Part of the Town of Gravenhurst in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is **GLEN ECHO**. Map position: 44°59' 79°28'. References: 7M, 6T, SS, U, and V.

**ISLAND FALLS**, dispersed rural community, Menapia Township, Cochrane District. In 1951, shown in both Tolmie and Menapia Townships. This place has a station the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, which is named **ISLAND FALLS JUNCTION** and is located 2.5 miles from the post office. The post office which was established at Island Falls Junction was moved in 1927 to this place. In December of 1934, it was moved back to Island Falls Junction where it closed on June 22, 1942. Present approved name is **ISLAND FALLS**. Population 75 in 1941 and 134 in 1972. Map position: 49°35' 81°23'. References: 3B, O, SS, V, 5L and 6T.

**ISLAND FALLS JUNCTION**, railway point, Menapia Township, Cochrane District. Having a station on Timiskaming and Northern Ontairo Railway. Also has telegraph and express offices. Located 43 miles north of Cochrane and 31 miles north of Clute. Post office named **ISLAND FALLS JUNCTION** established on October 27, 1925. First Postmaster C.A. Golding. In 1927, this post office was moved to Island Falls, 2.5 miles distant. In 1934, the post office was returned to Island Falls Junction and the post office closed December 22, 1942. Present approved name is **ISLAND FALLS JUNCTION**. There is no population for this place. Map position: 49°32' 81°21'. References: SS, LL, V, and 6T.

**ISLAND GROVE**, concentrated rural community, North Gwillimbury Township, York County, later within the Regional Municipality of York. This settlement is on Lake Simcoe across from Snake Island, 6 km north of Keswick. 7 km east of Nantyre Beach and 10 kilometres from Sutton. Post office established as **ISLAND GROVE** on July 1, 1911. First Postmaster Charles Willoughby. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **ISLAND GROVE**. Population 24 in 1941 and 294 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 79°28'. References: B, 5L, U, 3G, 3B, V, and 6T.

**ISLAND HAVEN**, dispersed rural community, Kincardine Township, Bruce County. Present approved name is **ISLAND HAVEN**. Map position: 44°13' 81°37'. Reference: V.

**ISLAND LAKE #1**, dispersed rural community, Aweres Township, Algoma District. Located 13 km southeast of Goulais Bay, 21 km southwest of Searchmont and 28 km north of Sault Ste. Marie. Present approved name is **ISLAND LAKE**. Population 89 in 1971 and 160 in 1976. Map position: 46°40' 84°16'. References: 3B, 5L and V.

**ISLAND LAKE #2**, dispersed rural community, Caverly Township, Sudbury District. Located 10 miles from Devon on CPR and 32 kilometres southwest of Chapleau. Founded in 1952 as a company Town. Present approved name is **ISLAND LAKE**. Population 120 in 1956 and 168 in 1976. Map position: 47°42' 83°34'. References: R2, 3B, 5E, 5L and V+.

**ISLANDS OF THE TRENT WATERS INDIAN RESERVE #36A**, located on Pigeon, Buckhorn, and Stoney Lakes, Peterborough County. Population not shown in 1976 Map position: 44°30' 78°15'. Reference: 5L and V.

**ISLAND PARK**, SEE: **GIBRALTAR POINT**, York County.

**ISLAND 3**, post office, Muskoka District. This office not in existence since the year 1905. As there is no other reference to this place, it is presumed to have been closed in that year. Reference: 7S.

**ISLAND VIEW BEACH**, hamlet, Georgina Township, York County, later in Regional Municipality of York. Located on Lake Simcoe, 2 km southwest of Duclos Point, 6 km northeast of Pefferlaw and 8 km northeast of Sutton. Present approved name is **ISLAND VIEW BEACH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 79°16'. References: 5L.

**ISLAY**, dispersed rural community, Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Located 12 miles northwest of Lindsay and 10 miles northeast of Woodville Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **ISLAY** on September 1, 1856. First Postmaster D. Gilchrist. Post office closed June 1, 1914. Named for the Island of Islay in Scotland. Present approved name is **ISLAY**. Population 100 in 1886, 75 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 78°52'. References: I, T, S, AA, 3M, 5L, 7D, V, and 6T.

ISLE COUCHOIS, this island is now called HOWE ISLAND. The reference is dated 1799. Reference: 7W.

ISLE de QUINTE, now called NICHOLAS ISLAND, and is located off Ameliasburg Township in Lake Ontario. This reference is dated 1799. Reference: 7W.

ISLE de CHEIN, Prince Edward District, Canada West. This settlement in Marysburg Township, Prince Edward County, had its mail directed to the post office at Picton (now called Halliwell) in 1835. This direction came from the General Post Office in Quebec City. No recent references to this place. Time span is 1835 to 1848. References: C and 3H.

ISLE DUNELG, Muskoka District, located 18 kilometres from Huntsville. Date of the reference 1980. Reference: U.

ISLE OF TONTI, SEE: KAOUNESGO, Lennox and Addington County.

ISLE ST. IGNACE, SEE: ST. IGNACE #2.

ISLINGTON, SEE: MIMICO #1, York County.

ISLINGTON INDIAN RESERVE #29, located on the east shore of Tetu Lake, Kenora District. Located 16 km east of the Manitoba border, 25 km north of Malachi Station on CPR and 28 km west of Minaki. This reserve belongs to the Islington Band #29 under Grand Council Treaty #3. Area 20,954 acres, which are owned by this band. Population 503 in 1976 and 794 in 1978. Map position: 58°10' 94°58'. References: R3 and V.

ISTHMUS, SEE: THE ITHMUS, Leeds County.

ISTHMUS TOWNSHIP, an old Township. A directive was sent from the General Post Office, saying mail for the Township of Ithmus in Leeds County to be sent to the post office at Courtland, dated 1835. No further reference to this Township. Reference: 3H.

IVAN #1, dispersed rural community, Lobo Township, Middlesex County. Located 14 miles northwest of London and 7 miles north of Komoko Station on the Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway and 3 miles from Ilderton. Post office established as IVAN in 1877. First Postmaster William McIver. Office closed October 1, 1909. Present approved name is **IVAN**. Population 15 in 1893, 37 in 1908 and 23 in 1976. Map position: 43°01' 81°28'. References: I, S, AA, PP, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 5B.

IVAN #2, station, Township #92, Thunder Bay District. Located 6 kilometres east of Nipigon on CPR Railway. Present approved name is **IVAN**. This is a named place with no population shown in 1978. Map position: 49°00' 88°12'. References: R2 and V.

IVANHOE #1, SEE: ST. GEORGE #2, Hastings County.

IVANHOE #2, railway point, Huntingdon Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is **IVANHOE**. Map position: 44°25' 77°27'. Reference: V.

**IVANHOE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°08' 82°30'. Reference: V.

IVY, SEE: LAKEVIEW #5, Simcoe County.

**IVY LAKE**, concentrated rural community, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Present approved name is **IVY LAKE**. Map position: 44°22' 76°01'. This map position is the same as that for Ivy Lea. Years mentioned are 1974 and 1977. Reference: V+ and V.

**IVY LEA**, concentrated rural community, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 25 miles west of Brockville and 4 miles from Lansdowne Station on Grand Trunk Railway. This place is the Canadian Terminus of the Thousand Island Bridge on the north shore of the St. Lawrence River. Post office established as **IVY LEA** in 1887. First Postmaster John Ivey, for whom the place was named. Office closed November 1, 1932. Present approved name is **IVY LEA**. Population 50 in 1892 and 59 in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 76°01'. References: B, I, AA, Z, PP, 3B, V+, 5T, 6T, and 7D.

**IVY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 82°17'. Reference: V.

**J TOWNSHIP**, Algoma District. Name changed to **MONESTIME TOWNSHIP** and named in 1974 for Dr. S.F. Monestime, Mayor of Mattawa. Map position: 46°46' 82°16'. Reference: V and 10F.

JACINTO, urban community, Calvert Township, Cochrane District. Post office established as **ANSONVILLE**, on December 1, 1921. First Postmaster A.E. LaPalme. Located 3/4 mile from Iroquois Falls. This place is named for the founder of the Abitibi Mill, Mr. Anson. It is a railway spur stop between Porquis Junction and Iroquois Falls. Organized as the Municipal Township of Calvert in 1919. It is nicknamed **THE WYE** as it was beyond the "y" in the tracks. A nicknamed applied to this place in 1912 was **ANSON'S FOLLY**. It became Part of the Town of Iroquois Falls January 1, 1971 when the Municipality of Calvert Township was erected into the Town of Iroquois Falls. **ANSON STATION** is on the Ontario Northland Railway, 7 miles northeast of Highway 11, and 32 miles south of Cochrane. Present approved name is **ANSONVILLE**. Population 2,325 in 1941 and 3,037 in 1972. Map position: 48°45' 80°41'. References: 2Y, 3B, O, V, 8M, 6T, 5K, 7R and 8M.

JACK, station, on the Canadian Northern Railway, main line, at an altitude of 1,112 feet above sea level. This station is between Gorrie Station and Devilfish Station, 840 miles from Montreal in 1915. References: L and L3.

JACKFISH, SEE **JACKFISH BAY**, Algoma District.

JACKFISH BAY, hamlet, Township #82, Thunder Bay District. Located 160 miles east of Port Arthur and 13 km east of Terrace Bay. This is a station on CPR also a port on the north shore of Lake Superior. The station is 636 feet above sea level at mile 2059 and also between the stations of Shreiber and Middleton. Post office established in 1884. First Postmaster Walter Ross. The name given was **JACKFISH BAY**, but the word **BAY** was not in use after 1895. Post office closed by 1966. Present approved name is **JACKFISH**. Population 200 in 1885 and 4 in 1966. Map position: 48°48' 86°58'. References: I, R2, S, AA, PP, L1, 5A, 3R, V, 6Z, 5P and 9F.

JACK FISH PIT STATION, station, Syine Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on Schreiber Division of CPR. Station number 4693, between the stations of Santoy and Jack Fish, in 1911. References: 10 B.

JACKFISH RIVER, Thunder Bay District, located 6 kilometres from Ferlend. Date of the entry 1980. Reference: U.

JACK LAKE #1, SEE: **JACQUES LAKE**, Simcoe County.

JACK LAKE #2, dispersed rural community, Methuen Township, Peterborough County. Located 53 kilometres from Lakefield and 4 miles from Apsley. Summer post office established as **JACK LAKE** on June 15, 1950 on Lot 30, concession 12. First Postmistress Mrs. Alice M. Field. Office closed September 12th, 1969. Present approved name is **JACK LAKE**.Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°43' 78°04'. References: V, 5L, U and 6T.

**JACKMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°50' 94°06'. Reference: V.

**JACKNIFE LODGE**, dispersed rural community, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°21' 80°17'. Reference: V.

JACK PINE #1, settlement, Rainy River District and a station on CPR. The station name is **PINE**. Located 35 miles east of Kenora. No recent reference to this settlement. References: PP and S.

JACKPINE #2, unincorporated community, Thunder Bay District. Located 64 kilometres from Thunder Bay, 12 miles south of Silver Mountain and 30 kilometres north of Pigeon River. Post office established as **JACKPINE** on November 1, 1936. First Postmaster Evert Makela. Office closed July 29th, 1967. **JACKPINE STATION** at mile 1650 of CPR track and east of Parry Wood Station (1903), on Canadian Northern Railway, main line, at an altitude of 1,032 feet above sea level,(1915). Present approved name is **JACKPINE**. Population 12 in 1978. Map position: 48°08' 89°54'. References: L3, U, R2, V, 6T, 5L and 8K.

JACK PINE #3, locality, McComber Township, Thunder Bay District. Present locality approved name is **JACK PINE**. Map position: 49°39' 87°50'. Reference: V.

JACK'S LAKE, SEE: JACQUES LAKE, Simcoe County.

JACKSON, also shown JACKSONS, post office, Derby Township, Grey County. Located 6 miles from Owen Sound. Post office named JACKSON opened in 1868. First Postmaster G.R. Wright. Office closed December 1, 1913. Present approved name is JACKSON. Population 33 in 1865, 43 in 1908 and 10 in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 81°03'. References: I, S, MM, PP, U10, 3R, V, 6T, 5L and 4G.

JACKSONBORO, town, Kendrey Township, Cochrane District. Located 32 miles from Cochrane on the main line of CNR and place midway between Cochrane and Kapuskasing, which is 61.3 kilometres distant. This place was established in 1911 and named for a saw mill owner. A dam was built on the River Mattagami in 1916. In 1926, later the mill was sold to Abitibi Power and Paper Company. Post office established as JACKSONBORO on January 1, 1913. First Postmaster R.D. McKay. Office closed March 4, 1930. Another office named SMOOTH ROCK FALLS had been opened on April 18th, 1916. First Postmaster of that office was A. A. McDiarmid. Office still in operation in 1983. On April 30, 1929, this place was Incorporated as a town and named SMOOTH ROCK FALLS. JACKSONBORO STATION on CNR name changed to SMOOTH ROCK STATION on August of 1927. Because Smooth Rock Falls is a company town, many employees have established communities a few miles away; these are MOORVILLE, UNIONVILLE, and CLOUTHIERVILLE. These places are adjacent to Smooth Rock Falls and were organized into an improvement district and enjoy all the facilities of Smooth Rock Falls. Place named because the building of a dam in 1915 caused the water to flow over a huge smooth rock. Present approved name is SMOOTH ROCK FALLS. Population 879 in 1931 and 2,371 in 1980. Map position: 49°17' 81°38'. References: L2, U, 6T, M, R1, HH, 3B, 2Y, 5K, F and V.

JACKSONBURG, dispersed rural community, Houghton Township, Norfolk County, in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. This place was settled in 1640. Located 2 km southeast of Houghton, 4 km south of Cultus, 16 km southeast of Port Burwell and 22 km west of Long Point. Present approved name is JACKSONBURG. Population 21 in 1976. Map position: 42°35' 80°38'. References: B, E, 5L and V.

JACKSON-MANION, dispersed rural community, Dent Township, Kenora District. Located 52 miles northeast of Goldpines and 120 miles north of Rolling Portage. Post office established as JACKSON-MANION on January 25, 1928. First Postmaster C.W. Cook. Mail is delivered to this office by air mail service once weekly. Post office closed September 1, 1940. Present approved name is JACKSON MANION. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 51°06' 92°45'. References: 6V, V, 5L and 6T.

JACKSON'S CORNERS #1, hamlet, Sandwich West Township, Essex County. Located 5 miles from Windsor. Post office established as JACKSON CORNERS on October 12th, 1908. First Postmaster Joseph J. Hennin. In November 1925 office name changed to ROSELAND. On September 1st, 1955, Roseland post office was permanently closed. Listed as an urban community, Part of City of Windsor in 1976. Present approved name is ROSELAND. Population 25 in 1913 and 690 in 1956. Map position: 42°15' 83°00'. References: 2Y, 6S, B, 5E, 6T, V, and 5L.

JACKSON'S CORNERS #2, dispersed rural community, Clarke Township, Durham County, later Part of Town of Newcastle in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 30 miles northwest of Cobourg and 7 miles north of Newcastle Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 6 miles south of Ponty Pool on CPR. Post office established as KIRBY, on March 1, 1864. First Postmaster R. Gilbank. Post office closed November 30, 1915. Present approved name is KIRBY. Population 50 in 1892, 14 in 1971 and after 1976, population included in Town of Newcastle. Map position: 44°01' 78°37'. References: 7B, I, AA, Z, 3B, 3O, V and 6T.

JACKSON'S CORNERS #3, dispersed rural community, Pickering Township, Ontario County, later Part of Town of Pickering in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 3.5 miles north of Pickering and 10 miles northwest of Whitby. Post office established in 1890; name was BROCK ROAD. First Postmaster W.H. Jackson, for whom the place was named. Office closed November 30, 1915. On January 1, 1974, the Township and its communities formed the new town of Pickering. Present approved name is BROCK ROAD. Population 100 in 1895 and 227 in 1956. Map position: 43°53' 79°05'. References: I, S, Z, AA, 3G, 5E, V, 6T and 6S.

JACKSONS POINT, SEE: BOURCHIER'S POINT, York County.

JACKSON SUBDIVISION, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Population 206 in 1961 and 202 in 1966. Reference: 5A.

JACKSON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 182, Algoma District.

JACK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°43' 81°50'. Reference: V.

JACOBS, railway point, Thunder Bay District. Located on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,337 feet above sea level. Also located west of Lake Nipigon ane 61 kilometres east of Savant Lake. Present approved name is JACOBS. Map position: 50°15' 89°50'. References: R2, L1 and V.

JACOBSON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 48, Algoma District.

JACOBS TOWN, SEE: FISHERVILLE, Haldimand County.

JACQUES LAKE, dispersed rural community, Sunnidale Township, Simcoe County. Located 20 miles northwest of Barrie, 7 miles east of Stayner Station on North and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as JACK LAKE on June 1st, 1893. First Postmistress Mrs. S. Coulson. Office closed June 7, 1930. This post office was named for an aged Indian, John Jacques, who lived on the shore of the lake for many years and was adopted by an informal vote of the people; originally it was French Jacques Lake, but usage made it English JACK LAKE. Name shown misspelled as JACK'S LAKE. Present approved name is JACK LAKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 80°00'. References: I, S, Z, JJ, V, 5L and 6T.

JACQUES TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°41' 89°20'. Reference: V.

JAFFA, dispersed rural community, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Located 10 miles southeast of St. Thomas and 5 miles southwest of Aylmer. Post office opened as JAFFA in 1877. First Postmaster L.D. Zavitz. Office closed October 1, 1918. Present approved name is JAFFA. Population 20 in 1893 and 47 in 1976. Map position: 42°44' 81°02'. References: I, S, AA, 3B, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 5W.

JAFFRAY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°47' 94°26'. Reference: V.

JAFFRAY-MELICK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township. Incorporated as Township August 1, 1908. Quieting Order C7296, dated January 6, 1956. This place is in the District of Kenora. Population 3,373 in 1978 and 3,553 in 1980. Map position: 49°47' 94°26'. References: R1, HH and M.

JAMES, railway point, Gibbard Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 18 kilometres west of Raith. Present approved name is JAMES. Map position: 48°56' 90°05'. References: R2, U and V.

JAMES BAY, railway point, Foley Township, Parry Sound District. October, 1926, the name was changed from James Bay to SOUTH PARRY. Present approved name is JAMES BAY. Population 109 in 1971 and 27 in 1976. Map position: 45°20' 80°00'. References: B, 3B, V, U and SS.

JAMES BAY JUNCTION, station, Foley Township, Nipissing District, later Parry Sound District. Located 4 miles east of Parry Sound and a station on the Ottawa and Parry Sound division of Grand Trunk Railway where the line branches off to Parry Sound Village and to Depot Harbour on Georgian Bay. It is a post office in Parry Sound District. Office established as JAMES BAY JUNCTION, on May 1, 1903. First Postmaster S.G. Vance. Office closed February 1, 1921. No further reference to this place after the post office closing. In 1962, it is declared a locality. Map position: 45°19' 80°00'. References: 7Q, S, PP, 6T and 9J.

JAMESTOWN #1, settlement, Yarmouth Township, Elgin County. Settled in 1840. Located on Catfish Creek, 10 miles southeast of St. Thomas, and 2 miles east of Port Bruce, the nearest post office (1895). Office established as JAMESTOWN, on September 6, 1852. First Postmaster William Jones. Office closed prior to September 30, 1857 as the Postmaster William Jones left the country and no suitable successor was available. First settler in this place in the 1830s was James Chrystler who started Jamestown by building a dam across Catfish Creek, erecting a

flour mill, buying wheat, grinding it, and shipping it in stows to Port Bruce. The location still bears his name, but has been extinct since 1895. References: I, A, G, C, AA, Z, 3K, 3M, E and 7D.

**JAMESTOWN #2**, hamlet, Morris Township, Huron County. Located 27 miles east of Goderich, 5 miles north of Brussels on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **JAMESTOWN** in 1876. First Postmaster Edward Snell. Office closed July 1, 1914. Population 50 in 1886 and 50 in 1926. Present approved name is **JAMESTOWN**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°49' 81°12'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, MM, V, 6T, 5L and 5V.

**JAMESTOWN #3**, SEE: **WAWA**, Algoma District.
**JAMESTOWN #4** SEE: **ANTRIM PORT**, Elgin County.

**JAMES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated as a Township March 31, 1909. Quieting C6705, dated April 23, 1953. The community of Elk Lake is in this Township in 1977. Population 639 in 1977 and 595 in 1980. Map position: 47°43' 80°20'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**JAMESVILLE #1**, SEE: **ANTRIM PORT #1**, Kent County.

**JAMESVILLE #2**, urban community, Part of Town of Perth in Lanark County. Present approved name is **JAMESVILLE**. Map position: 44°54' 76°15'. Reference: V.

**JAMIESON**, SEE: **HUNTERSVILLE**, Lanark County.

**JAMIESONS SIDING**, station, Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Located on Eganville Division of CPR. Station number 3649, between the stations of Fourth Chute and Eganville, in 1911. References: 10 B.

**JAMIESON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 81°32'. Reference: V.

**JAMOT**, dispersed rural community, Bigwood and Mason Townships, Sudbury District. Located 3.5 miles from Rutter and 4 miles from Ouellette, a station on CPR. Post office established as **JAMOT** on April 1, 1920. First Postmaster Felix Courchene. Office closed August 15, 1945. Present approved name is **JAMOT**. Population 59 in 1961 and 21 in 1976. Map position: 46°06' 80°34'. References: U, 5A, 5L, V and 6T.

**JANES**, SEE: **CHUDLEIGH**, Sudbury District.

**JANES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°41' 80°22'. Reference: V.

**JANET FALLS**, settlement, Leeds County. Located on the Rideau River at a distance of 7 miles from Elgin Station on the Brockville, Westport and Northwestern Railway. No reference to this place after 1908. Population 100 in 1908. Reference: PP.

**JANETVILLE**, hamlet, Manvers Township, Durham County, later Victoria County. Located on McDermid's Creek, 44 miles northwest of Cobourg, and 12 miles south of Lindsay. Post office established as **JANETVILLE** on November 1, 1862. First Postmaster J. McDermid, for whom the post office and the creek were named. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **JANETVILLE**. Population 80 in 1886 and 150 in 1980. Map position: 44°13' 78°43'. References: I, T, S, U, Z, 3N, V, 5L and 9J.

**JANETVILLE STATION**, SEE: **JANEVILLE STATION**, Durham County.

**JANEVILLE**, sometimes misspelled as **JANESVILLE**. Located in Gloucester Township, Carleton County. Settled in 1824. Post office established in 1879. First Postmistress Mrs. Agnes Cummings, who named the post office **CUMMINGS BRIDGE**. On May 1, 1924, Cummings Bridge post office status was changed to a sub-post office of Ottawa. In early years, Cummings Bridge was a postal district including two suburbs of Ottawa, Janeville and **CLARKSTON**. On December 11, 1908, this place was incorporated as the village of Janeville. Another post office opened as **EASTVIEW** on November 1st, 1912. First Postmaster of that office B Charlebois. Office changed to **EASTVIEW CENTRE** on December 1st, 1913, which changed to a sub office of Ottawa on May 1st, 1924. On December 20, 1912, place

name became the Town of Eastview. On January 1, 1963, it was incorporated as the City of Eastview. On January 1, 1968, the name was changed to City of Vanier. Currently this place is in the Federal District, City of Ottawa, Ottawa-Carleton Region, later in Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. First settler in this place was George Sparks. The small town which was incorporated in 1905 when it had five streets has now been surrounded by the City of Ottawa. The name Vanier was given to honour the Governor-General Georges P. Vanier on January 1, 1969. Present approved name is VANIER. Population 400 in 1893, 1,100 in 1907, 24 555 in 1966, and 18 005 in 1980. Map position: 45°26' 75°40'. References: U10, UU, Z, I, S, 6T, M, 2R, HH, 2T, V, 5L and 5K.

JANEVILLE STATION, dispersed rural community, Manvers Township, Victoria County. Located 21 kilometres from Lindsay, 2.5 miles from Janetville and 8 miles from Caesarea. Post office established as JANEVILLE STATION on January 1, 1912. First Postmaster Hugh Wilson. In February of 1912, the post office issued a correction stating the correct name to be JANETVILLE STATION. On June 14, 1934, the name of the post office was changed to VIEWLAKE. Post office closed October 8, 1954. Present approved name is VIEWLAKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 78°46'. References: SS, V, 5L, 6T, B and U.

JARDINE #1, Timiskaming District, near Rosegrove. Reference is dated 1980. Reference: U.

JARDINE #2, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located 7 miles from Collingwood; date of the entry 1880. No further reference to this place. Reference: 2E.

JARLSBERG, post office, Monteith Township, Muskoka District. Located 30 miles east of Parry Sound and 17 miles west of Emsdale. Post office established as JARLSBURG in 1880. First Postmaster Michael Johnson. Post office name changed to BEAR LAKE in 1952. Recently designated as a dispersed rural community. BEAR LAKE STATION on the Parry Sound and Ottawa division of Grand Trunk Railway (formerly the Canada Atlantic Railway), 5 miles from Seguin Falls and 18 miles east of Scotia Junction on the same line. Also on the Toronto and North Bay division of Grand Trunk Railway, 160 miles north of Toronto. Present approved name is BEAR LAKE. Population 140 in 1892 and 21 in 1976. Map position: 45°28' 79°35'. References: B, I, S, AA, Z, 3R, V, 5V, PP, 5L and 6S.

JARMYN, post office, Peterborough County. Postmaster J.H. Pallin. This place is shown between the years 1913 and 1926. No further reference to the place. References: DD and MM.

JARRATT SEE: JARRATT'S CORNERS, Simcoe County.

JARRATT'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Medonte and Oro Townships, Simcoe County. Located 9 miles from Orillia and 23 miles from Barrie. Post office established as JARRETT'S CORNERS, in 1855. First Postmaster Charles Jarratt. In 1908, the name was officially changed to JARRATT. Post office closed April 30, 1924. This place takes its name from an early settler, Charles Jarratt who settled in 1831 and was a general merchant in later years. Post office is named for first postmaster. Present approved name is JARRATT. Population 100 in 1886 and 45 in 1976. Map position: 44°36' 79°34'. References: I, T, 5L, S, EE, JJ, 3B, 3U, SS, V, 6T and 7D.

JARRELL, post office, Chatham Township, Kent County. Opened September 19, 1911. First Postmaster Thomas W. Gee. There is no other reference to this place. Not heard of before or after 1911. Reference: 6T.

JARRETT'S CORNERS, SEE: JARRATT'S CORNERS, Simcoe County.

JARVIS, SEE: JARVIS CORNERS, Norfolk County.

JARVIS CORNERS, in 1846, this place was known both as JARVIS CORNERS and JARVISVILLE. Currently designated as an urban community and forming Part of the City of Nanticoke in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 14 miles southwest of Cayuga with a crossing of the Southern and North-Northwestern divisions of GTR in Walpole Township, Haldimand County. Post office established June 6, 1851 and named JARVIS. First Postmaster C.W. Shannon. Office still in operation in 1983. The first shanty was built by James Shearman about 1840 to 1843. This place was settled as a result of the building of the Plank Road from Hamilton to Port Dover in 1843. Named for Lt. Col. Jarvis, A.D.C. to Lord Simcoe. Jarvis was incorporated as a village in 1909. Present approved name is JARVIS. Population 1,000 in 1886 and 932 in 1972. Map position: 42°53' 80°06'. References: B,

I, C, T, S, 2T, HH, 2U, 3J, O, 1C, V, 8Q, and 7D.

**JARVIS RIVER**, dispersed rural community, Blake Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 19 kilometres from Thunder Bay, 6 miles south of Moose Hill and 6 miles northwest of Cloud Bay. Mail is delivered semi-weekly by courier. Post office established as **JARVIS RIVER** on October 1, 1929. First Postmaster R.A. Sedor. Office closed January 22, 1942. Present approved name is **JARVIS RIVER**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°10' 89°28'. References: U, V, 5L and 6T.

**JARVIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°40' 84°10'. Reference: V.

**JARVISVILLE**, SEE: **JARVIS CORNERS**, Norfolk County.

**JASPAR (1886)**, SEE: **ALBUNE**, Grenville County.

**JASPER**, SEE: **ALBUNE**, Grenville County.

**JASPER'S MILLS**, SEE: **MARTIN'S MILLS #1**, Halton County.

**JASPER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°01' 82°09'. Reference: V.

**JAVA**, post office, this notice from the Postmaster-General of Canada is directed to the Postmasters of Canada and United States; Mail at Java, in Simcoe County, post office to which the letters should be sent has not been settled. Send to the nearest office at York (later Toronto). Dated 1835. No recent reference to this office. Reference: 3H.

**JEANETTE**, station, Tilbury East Township, Kent County. Located 3.25 miles from Jeannette Creek and 4-3/8 miles from Prairie Siding. Post office established June 24, 1912. First Postmaster Andrew McMeans. Office closed December 1, 1913. **JEANETTE STATION** on Windsor Division, CPR station number 1891, located between Ringold and Tilbury stations, in 1911. Name spelling changed in June of 1967 from Jeanette to **JEANNETTE**. Present approved name is **JEANNETTE**. Map position: 42°18' 82°22'. References: U, SS, V, 10B and 6T.

**JEANNETTE**, SEE: **JEANETTE**, Kent County.

**JEANNETTE'S CREEK**, dispersed rural community, Tilbury East Township, Kent County. Located 13 miles west of Chatham and on Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Post office established as **JEANNETTE'S CREEK**, on December 1st, 1891. First Postmaster Francis C. Peck. Office closed on March 31st, 1969. Present approved name is **JEANNETTES CREEK**. Population 50 in 1892 and 136 in 1976. Map position: 42°19' 82°25'. References: I, S, AA, MM, 5L, 3B, V and 9J.

**JEAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°17' 90°05'. Reference: V.

**JEDBURG**, SEE: **JEDBURGH**, Waterloo County.

**JEDBURGH**, this is a small settlement in the Township of Dumfries, Gore District. Located 1/4 miles from Ayr, it existed, between the years 1846 and 1848. There is no further reference to this place, however it is logical to assume that the place was encompassed by the growth of Ayr. Population 1,300 in 1884 and still forms Part of the Town of Ayr in 1980 in the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. References: G and C.

**JEFFERSON**, SEE: **WINDHAM #1**, York County.

**JEFFRIES TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 11 F**, Sudbury District.

**JELLEY'S CROSSING**, SEE: **JELLY'S**, Leeds County.

**JELLICOE #1**, concentrated rural community, Leduc Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 40 kilometres west of

Geraldton 78 miles from Nipigon and 148 miles from Hornepayne. A lively place in 1935 during the mining boom, but also may have been established earlier in 1914 as a result of the Canadian Northern Railroad section men laying the railway bed to Port Arthur. Post office established as **JELLICOE** on December 27, 1916. First Postmaster J. M. Johnston. Office still in operation in 1983. Place was named for the British Admiral John Rushworth Jellicoe. Present approved name is **JELLICOE.** Population 128 in 1941 and 163 in 1976. Map position: 49°41' 87°31'. References: R2, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 8L.

**JELLICOE #2,** railway point, Blandford Township, Oxford County. Single reference made in the year 1974. Present approved name is **JELLICOE.** Map position: 45°08' 80°46'. Reference: V.

**JELLY #1,** dispersed rural community, Paipoonge Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 19 kilometres from Thunder Bay. **JELLY STATION** served by Grand Trunk, later CNR. Other name for this place **JELLY SIDING** and was named for a CNR official, a Mr. Jelly. Present approved name is **JELLY.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°23' 89°29'. References: U, V, 5L and E. Barr.

**JELLY #2,** SEE: **JELLY'S,** Leeds County.

**JELLYBY,** dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 12 miles north of Brockville and 2.5 miles from Bellamy's Station on the CPR. Post office established as **JELLYBY** in 1888. First Postmaster Alan Wing. Post office closed September 1st, 1969. Present approved name is **JELLBY.** Population 30 in 1893, under 20 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 75°49'. References: D, I, S, PP, U10, V, 5L and 5T.

**JELLY'S,** station, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 12 miles from Brockville and 2 miles from Whitehurst. Also known as **JELLY'S CORNERS** and as **JELLY.** A station on Brockville and Ottawa Railway, later on CPR, which existed between 1872 and 1911. **JELLY STATION** on Brockville Division, CPR station number 3606, located between the stations of Bellamy and Bell, in 1911. It was not a post office, but had a Dominion Express office. Do not confuse with Jellby listing. No recent reference to this station. References: S, U10, 7B, A, 10B and AA.

**JELLYS CORNERS,** Melancthon and Amaranth Townships, Dufferin, County. Located 16 miles northwest of Orangeville, 6 miles south of Horning's Mills and 12 miles west of Rosemont. Post office established as **SHELBURNE** on September 1, 1865. First Postmaster William Jelly. Office still in operation in 1983. The spelling of **SHELBOURNE** seems to have been in use and the village was Incorporated as that style on December 8th, 1877. Change of name was made from the village of SHELBOURNE to village of SHELBURNE in 1885. On December 31, 1976, it became the Town of Shelburne. Jellys Corners was named for William Jelly, the first Postmaster and founder of the place. The office name was given in 1865 to honour Lord Shelburne. Present approved name is **SHELBURNE.** Population 1,000 in 1886 and 2,899 in 1980. Map position: 44°04' 80°12'. References: I, N, T, S, AA, HH, 2T, 3P, 5K, 5L and V.

**JELLY'S RAPIDS,** dispersed rural community, Lake and Tudor Townships, Hastings County. Located 46 miles north of Belleville and 6 miles northeast of Mill Bridge Station on Central Ontario Railway. Post office established as **GLANMIRE** on October, 1858. First Postmaster J. Richardson. Office closed December 31, 1939. this place was named for pioneer, Andrew Jelly. Other name given this place was **BEAVER CREEK,** as it was situated on Beaver Creek. Present approved name is **GLANMIRE.** Population 50 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 77°41'. References: E, I, S, 5L, AA, 3X, V, Z and 6T.

**JELLYVILLE,** SEE: **BOWLING GREEN,** Wellington County.

**JENNINGS TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°20' 80°29'. Reference: V.

**JENTIR WHARF,** SEE: **KAOUNESGO,** Lennox and Addington County.

**JERICHO,** dispersed rural community, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. Located 29 miles northeast of Sarnia and 3 miles west of Bedford Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **JERICHO** on November 1,

1880. First Postmaster Robert Campbell. Office closed May 1, 1914. Present approved name is JERICHO. Population 200 in 1885, 35 in 1895 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°08' 81°55'. References: 2Z, S, Z, 3R, V, 6T, 5V and 5L.

JERMYN, dispersed rural community, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 9 miles east of Peterborough and 2 miles from Indian River Station on CPR. Post office established as JERMYN in 1885. First Postmaster John H. Pallin. Office closed January 8, 1913. Present approved name is JERMYN. Population 25 in 1892 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 75°10'. References: I, S, AA, Z, 3B, V, 5L and 6T.

JEROME #1, dispersed rural community, Osway Township, Sudbury District. Located 24 miles north of Biscotasing and 27 kilometres from Ramsay. Post office established as JEROME on December 9, 1942. First Postmaster listed as Jerome Gold Mines Limited. Office closed August 21st, 1945. Other name used for this place was JEROME MINES. A private source visited this site in 1976; "there were 25 or 30 houses, a huge modern gym, film projection room, three-storey bunkhouses made of 2x10 lumber of 40 to 50 foot lengths, pumphouse, water tower, and a 20,000 gallon oil tank for central heating plant. It was located near Chapleau. (At his last visit) the buildings were being dismantled and carted away". Present approved name is JEROME. Population 68 in 1966, 54 in 1971 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°37' 82°14'. References: U, 3B, 5A, V, 6T, 5L, and J. P. Devlin.

JEROME #2, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is JEROME. Map position: 43°13' 79°53'. Reference: V.

JEROME MINES, SEE: JEROME #1, Sudbury District.

JEROMEVILLE, Glanford Township, Wentworth County. Population 61 in 1951. Reference: 3B.

JERSEY, dispersed rural community, Georgina Township, York County. Located 11 miles from Holland Landing in North Gwillimbury Township, York County (1875): 14 miles from Newmarket Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 34 miles north of Toronto. North Gwillimbury Township amalgamated with Georgina Township in 1971. Present approved name is JERSEY. Population 50 in 1875 and 1,106 in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 79°26'. References: A, PP, 3B, V, 5L and 3G.

JERSEYVILLE, dispersed rural community, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County, later within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 15 miles west of Hamilton and 5 miles south of Lynden Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as JERSEYVILLE on February 6, 1852. First Postmaster H.F. Young. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was founded and settled in 1785 by United Empire Loyalists from New Jersey and they named the place Jerseyville for the state (new Jersey) which they had left behind. Population 125 in 1857 and 165 in 1971. In 1976, population included in Town of Ancaster. Present approved name is JERSEYVILLE. Map position: 43°12' 80°07'. References: I, S, Z, EE, 2W, 3B, 3J, 5K, V, 8Q and 7D.

JERVOIS (RIVER au), or KNAGG'S CREEK, falls into the Detroit River near the Town of Sandwich in Essex County. Date of this entry 1799. Reference: 7W.

JESSIMAN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 6 E, Algoma District.

JESSOP FALLS, alternate name JESSUPS FALLS, dispersed rural community, North Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. First settler Alexander McDonell. Post office established as JESSOP FALLS, on July 1, 1905. First Postmaster A.W. Anderson. Office closed October 18, 1916. This place is on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 173 feet above sea level and is located 4 miles from Plantagenet and 41 miles from Ottawa. Present approved name is JESSUPS FALLS. Population 30 in 1913. Map position: 45°34' 75°04'. References: 1X, DD, MM, PP, L3, V, 6T, 5L and 7S.

JESSOP TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 81°24'. Reference: V.

JESSOPVILLE, dispersed rural community, Melancthon and Amaranth Township, Dufferin County. Located 22 miles

northwest of Orangeville and 8 miles west of Shelburne Station on CPR. Post office established as **JESSOPVILLE**, in 1882. First Postmaster William Gray. Office closed July 19, 1956. This place was named Jessopville for Mr. Edward Jessop of the village of Shelburne who was a real estate agent. Apparently, Mr. Jessop sent the papers into the post office and put his own name on them although he lived in Shelburne and it was a local joke that he had named their post office with his name. Present approved name is **JESSOPVILLE**. Population 30 in 1895 and 25 in 1913. Map position: 44°03' 80°20'. References: I, S, Z, DD, 3R, V, 5P, 6T and 5L.

**JESSUP**, post office, Widdifield Township, Nipissing District. Located 4 miles east of North Bay which is on Grand Trunk Railway and CPR. Also 4 miles south of Mulock near Otter Lake. Post office established in 1893. First Postmaster R.B. Jessup who named the place **CAMELOT**. On January 1, 1906, the post office name was changed to **WIDDIFIELD STATION**. Widdifield Station post office closed September 4, 1943. Population 25 in 1893 and 80 in 1908. No recent reference to this office. Map position: 46°25' 79°19'. References: I, Z, PP, U10, 7T, 6T, 5E and 9J.

**JESSUPS FALLS**, SEE: **JESSOP FALLS**, Prescott County.

**JEVINS**, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Gravenhurst in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is **JEVINS**. Map position: 44=54' 79=21'. Reference: V.

**JEWELLVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Raglan Township, Renfrew County. Located 8 miles from Killaloe, 20 miles from Wilno Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **JEWELLVILLE**, on October 1, 1904. First Postmaster C.F. Schmelzle. Office closed October 12, 1960. The place was named for J. M. Jewell, a Toronto banker and broker who was responsibile for getting the post office, so the people named it Jewellville in his honour. Present approved name is **JEWELLVILLE**. Population 150 in 1908. No recent population figures. Map position: 45°20' 77°32'. References: DD, PP, V, 7J, 5L and 6T.

**JEWSBURG**, SEE: **GERMAN MILLS #2**, Waterloo County.

**JOACHIM RAPIDS**, Rolph Township, Renfrew County. Date of the entry 1972.Present approved name is **JOACHIM RAPIDS**. Reference: V.

**JO ANN COURT**, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Population 136 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**JOAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 47°02' 80°05'. Reference: V.

**JOBRIN**, dispersed rural community, north of Chipman Lake in Cochrane District. It is a station on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 972 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **JOBRIN**. Population 51 in 1961. Map position: 50°07' 87°07'. References: L2, 5A and V.

**JOBURKE**, railway point, located 12 miles west of Tionaga and 11 miles east of Foleyet, near Sudbury in Keith Township, Sudbury District. Post office established as **JOBURKE**, on December 1, 1947. First Postmaster John G. Wade. Office closed November 13, 1948. Joburke is a mine site. Present approved name is **JOBURKE**. Map position: 48°09' 82°16'. References: U, 6D, V and 6T.

**JOCELYN**, dispersed rural community, Jocelyn Township for which it is named, Algoma District. Located 32 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie and 5 miles from Sea Gull and 32 kilometres from Desbarats. Post office established as **JOCELYN** in 1882. First Postmaster Christopher Young. Office closed July 23, 1912. This place is on St. Joseph's Island, Algoma District. Present approved name is **JOCELYN**. Population 60 in 1892 and 52 in 1956. Map position: 46°11' 84°02'. References: I, S, AA, 5E, V, 6T, and 5P.

**JOCELYN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Incorporated as a Township June 15, 1886. Quieting Order M909, dated September 10, 1956. Population 131 in 1977 and 133 in 1980. Map position: 46°10' 83°58'. References: R1, HH, M, and V.

**JOCKELEY HILL,** SEE: **JOCKEY HILL**, Ontario County.

**JOCKEY HILL**, concentrated rural community, also known as **JOCKELY HILL** and misspelled as **JOCKELEY HILL**. Located 20 miles north of Whitby and 5 miles east of Uxbridge and 5 miles from Port Perry. Originally in Home District, Canada West, later Scugog Township, Ontario County. In 1972, became part of Scugog Township in the Regional Municipality of Durham. In the early days, this place was called Jockey Hill because it was the home of one or two race courses. When the post office was suggested, the racing course Epsom Downs in England suggested the name of **EPSOM** for this post office and it was accepted by the Postal Department. Post office opened June 6, 1852. First Postmaster Anson Button. Office closed August 1, 1915. Present approved name is **EPSOM**. Population 150 in 1857 and 53 in 1967. Map position: 44°06' 79°02'. References: I, A, S, EE, 3K, 3G, 3U, V, 6T and 5L.

**JOCKO**, dispersed rural community, Osborne Township, Nipissing District. This place has a station on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, located 32 miles north of North Bay, the terminus of Grand Trunk Railway and 226 miles north of Toronto. It is a divisional station of CPR and is located 244 miles northwest of Ottawa. Present approved name is **JOCKO**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°38' 79°26'. References: U, PP, 5L and B.

**JOCKO RIVER**, dispersed rural community, Eddy Township, Nipissing District. Located near Quebec Provincial Border at the junction of the Jocko and Ottawa Rivers, 1.5 miles from Hillcrest Station on CPR. Population varies from 50 to 500 depending on the lumbering being carried on. Post office established as **JOCKO RIVER** on July 1, 1904. First Postmaster George B. Campbell. Office closed January 31, 1923. Present approved name is **JOCKO RIVER**. Map position: 46°33' 79°01'. References: U, V, PP, 7J, and 6T.

**JOCKO TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°35' 79°11'. Reference: V.

**JOCKVALE**, dispersed rural community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 12 miles south of Ottawa and 4 miles from Manotick Station. Post office established as **JOCK VALE**, in 1875. First Postmaster David K. Clouthier. Office closed October 9, 1926. Present approved name is **JOCKVALE**. Population 100 in 1892. No recent figures for this place. Map position: 45°16' 75°45'. References: B, I, S, AA, MM, V, 5V, 5L and 6T.

**JOCO RIVER,** SEE: **JOCKO RIVER**, Nipissing District.

**JOE LAKE**, Nipissing District, 60 kilometres from Huntsville. Reference covers the period between 1933 and 1980. References: U and LL.

**JOE LAKE STATION**, near Mowat, Parry Sound District in 1933. References: LL and 9J.

**JOES LAKE,** SEE: **GORDON RAPIDS**, Lanark County.

**JOFFRE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°22' 82°17'.

**JOGUES,** SEE: **STAVERT**, Cochrane District.

**JOGUES, COPELL AND MEAD**, Listed as an unorganized community, 32 kilometres west of Hearst in the District of Cochrane. Founded between 1900 and 1912. Jogues was named after the first Parish Priest; Copell and Mead, were named after Algoma Central Railway officials. Primary population is French-Canadian. Major employer is Mead Lumber and Chip Complex. Population 465 in 1978. Map position: 49°36' 83°45'. Reference: R2.

**JOGUES TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 162**, Algoma District.

**JOHN ISLAND**, hamlet, Algoma District. Nearest railway point is Cutler Station which is 10 kilometres distant and 18 miles from Gore Bay and 6 miles from Spanish Mills on Lake Huron. Post office established as **JOHN**

ISLAND on May 26, 1903. First Postmaster Isaac B. Marshall. On December 1, 1903, John Island summer post office was made a regular post office and on October 1, 1918, the post office was closed. No recent references to this place. Map position: 46°10' 82°36'. References: S, U, MM, PP, 6T, 7Q, and 9J.

JOHN'S ISLAND, in Quinty Bay, a small island opposite to a settlement of Mohawks and is so-called after Captain John, a Mohawk Chief who resides there on a tract of land 9 miles in front of the bay and 12 miles deep. This reference is dated 1799. Reference: 7W.

JOHNSON #1, dispersed rural community, Sydenham Township, Grey County. Located 12 miles northeast of Owen Sound. Post office opened as JOHNSON in 1855. First Postmaster William Johnstone. Office closed February 1, 1914. Present approved name is JOHNSON. Population 25 in 1885 and 80 in 1908. Map position: 44°40' 80°48'. References: I, S, PP, 3R, 3U, V, and 6T.

JOHNSON #2, SEE: JOHNSONS SIDING, Timiskaming District.

JOHNSON #3 (error), SEE: NEW TOWN #4, Grenville County.

JOHNSONS, flag station, Nipissing District on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Located 18 miles northwest of Temagami and 90 miles north of North Bay which is on Grand Trunk Railway and CPR. This reference is dated 1908 and there is no further reference to this station. Reference: PP.

JOHNSONS FERRY, South Plantagent Township, Prescott County. Present approved name is JOHNSONS FERRY. Map position: 45°27' 75°01'. Reference: V and B.

JOHNSON'S LANDING, dispersed rural community, Sibley Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 6 kilometres east of Pass Lake on the east shore of Sibley Penisula. Present approved name is JOHNSONS LANDING. Population 4 in 1978. Map position: 40°34' 88°38'. References: R2. 5L and V.

JOHNSON'S MILLS, SEE: LAKEVIEW #4, Huron County.

JOHNSON'S MILLS, concentrated rural community, Georgina Township, York County. Later within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 60 miles northeast of Toronto, 9 miles east of Sutton Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 9 miles southwest of Cannington. Post office established May 6th, 1851 under the name PEFFERLAW, which is Gaelic/Welsh for 'beautiful hills'. First Postmaster Jean Johnson. Post office still operating in 1983. Place sometimes called JOHNSTON'S MILLS after its founder Lieutenant Johnston of the British Navy. Present approved name is PEFFERLAW. Population 100 in 1857 and 432 in 1971. Map position: 44°19' 79°12'. References: AA, S, EE, 3B, 2C, 8Q, 3R, 5L and V.

JOHNSON'S SCHOOL HOUSE, dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Brockville District, later Leeds County. Located 15 miles northwest of Brockville, the County Seat and 2 1/2 miles northwest of CPR at Bell's Station. Post office opened as ROCKSPRINGS in 1883. First Postmaster Brittania Ellis. Office closed August 17th, 1936. Present approved name is ROCKSPRINGS. Population 75 in 1875 and 27 in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 75°52'. References: B, I, A, S, 3B, 5P, V, 9F and 7D.

JOHNSONS SIDING, railway point, Gillies Limit Township, Timiskaming District. Located near Latchford. Name changed to JOHNSON. Map position: 47°126' 79°45'. References: U and V.

JOHNSON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Incorporated June 1, 1889. Quieting Order M618, dated October 9, 1956. Located 48 kilometres east of Sault Ste. Marie. Population 687 in 1977 and 723 in 1980. Map position: 46°23' 83°54'. References: R1, HH, M, and V.

JOHNSTON NEIGHBORHOOD, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. This place is noted in the year 1879. There are no further references to this place. Reference: UU.

JOHNSTON'S CORNERS #1, dispersed rural community, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. Later within the

Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 10 miles southeast of Ottawa and 2 miles from Manotick Station on CPR. Post office established in Russell County in 1893. First Postmaster Kennedy Johnston. Office closed April 9, 1913. Present approved name is **JOHNSTON CORNERS** Population 75 in 1895 and 106 in 1908. Map position: 45°17' 75°36'. References: B, S, Z, PP, V, I, and 6T.

**JOHNSTON'S CORNERS #2**, dispersed rural community, Camden (sometimes Dawn) Township, Kent (sometimes shown in Lambton and once in Bothwell) County. Located 18 miles northeast of Chatham and 5 miles northwest of North Thamesville Station on CPR. Post office established as **CROTON** June 1, 1854. First Postmaster James H. Johnson (Johnston). Post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **CROTON.** Population 50 in 1857 and 32 in 1976. Map position: 42°37' 82°03'. References: EE, I, S, Z, 3R, 3B, V, 8Q, 5L, 2W, and 3L.

**JOHNSTON'S MILLS,** SEE: **LAKEVIEW #4**, Huron County.

**JOHN'S TOWN #1,** SEE: **NEWTOWN #4**, Grenville County.

**JOHN'S TOWN #2**, dispersed rural community, Sidney Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is **JOHNSTOWN.** Population 30 in 1971. Map position: 44°09' 77°33'. References: B, 3B and V.

**JOHNSTOWN #3,** SEE: **NEW JOHNSTOWN**, Stormont County.

**JOHNSTOWN #4,** SEE: **POINT au BARIL**, Grenville County.

**JOHNSTOWN #5 (1797),** SEE: **AUGUSTA**, Grenville County.

**JOHNS TOWSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°45' 85°15'. Reference: V.

**JOHNTOWN**, named for Mr. John Deavitt who was an early landowner and owned practically the whole Town plot. In the 1840s, Johntown was also called **HOLLAND** for the Township, then it was called **HOLLAND EAST** and finally in 1851, it was called **EAST HOLLAND** for the post office which was established July 6, 1851. First Postmaster H. Cardwell. East Holland post office name was changed in 1857 to **CHATSWORTH.** Office still in operation in 1983. This name change was suggested by the then Postmaster Henry Cardwell, to be named after Chatsworth near London, England, the seat of the Duke of Devonshire. Chatsworth is located in Holland Township, Grey County, 13 miles south of Owen Sound and 113 miles northwest of Toronto. It has a station on the Toronto, Grey, and Bruce Railway, later CPR, which is named Chatsworth Station. The first settler for this place was a Mr. A. Coyer who settled in 1842 and was an innkeeper. Chatsworth was Incorporated as a Police Village in 1876 and as a Village June 19, 1889. An occasional name for this place in use in the early 1870s was **HOLLAND.** Present approved name is **CHATSWORTH.** Population 500 in 1886 and 394 in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 80°54'. References: 7B, I, 8Q, 3J, B, M, T, S, Z, HH, 2T, 2Y, V, 2K, 7V, 5L, 6S, and 7D.

**JOLLINEAU TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 3H**, Algoma District.

**JOLY TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Parry Sound District. Incorporated as Township May 17, 1890. Date of first Council meeting not shown but probably Incorporated by judge's Declaration of Incorporation. Population 143 in 1980. Map position: 45°47' 79°15'. References: HH, M, and V.

**JONES #1**, station, north of Lake of the Woods and northeast of Kenora in Kenora District. Located 27 kilometres east of Redditt on National Transcontinental Railway between Favel and Farlane Stations at an altitude of 1,291 feet above sea level. Lately designated as a dispersed rural community. Population 14 in 1976 and 15 in 1978. Present approved name is **JONES.** Map position: 49°59' 94°05'. References: R2, L2, V, 9J, 5L and L.

**JONES #2**, railway point, Emily Township, Victoria County. Map position: 44°18' 78°30'. Reference is dated 1974. Reference: V.

**JONES' CORNER #1,** SEE: **BROCK**, Ontario County.

**JONES' CORNER #2**, dispersed rural community, Bayham Township, Elgin County. Located 18 miles east of St. Thomas and 7 miles west of Tilsonburg. Post office established in 1867 and named **CORINTH**. First Postmaster Frederich Best. Office closed by 1972. Name suggested by Mr. Edward Borbridge at a public meeting held to discuss naming the post office in the year 1866. The original name of this place, Jones' Corner, was for John Jones who owned the first farm, built the school and saw mills, donated the cemetary, was the first settler and later Reeve of Bayham Township. Present approved name is **CORINTH**. Population 300 in 1886 and 114 in 1976. Map position: 42°49' 80°50'. References: 7B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, V, 4F, 5L, 9J, 7D and Kirke Barrons.

**JONES FALLS**, dispersed rural community, South Crosby Township, Leeds County. Located on the Rideau Canal, 30 miles west of Brockville, and 6 miles from Elgin. Post ofice established as **JONES FALLS** in 1878. First Postmaster Thomas Kenny. On May 15, 1947, the status of this post office was changed to a summer post office. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was settled before the 1830s, as there is an official notice for mail for Jones Falls (Rideau) in Leeds County to be sent to the post office at Beverley and this notice from the Postmaster-General of Canada was dated 1835. In 1905 was reported thatMr. Jones was dead, presuming this notice to be signifigant and referring to the original settler for whom the place was named. Present approved name is **JONES' FALLS**. Population 50 in 1892, 25 in 1913 and 44 in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 76°14'. References: B, I, S, AA, DD, 3H, V, 3B, 5V, 5L and 6T.

**JONES LANDING**, hamlet, Tilley Township, Algoma District. Located 9 km north of Harmony Beach, 17 km northwest of Achigan and 44 km north of Sault Ste Marie. Present approved name is **JONES LANDING**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°54' 84°23'. References: 5L, 9K and 10E.

**JONES ROAD**, an unorganized Township, Kenora District. Population 96 in 1961 and 34 in 1966. Reference: 5A.

**JONES SETTLEMENT #1**, dispersed rural community, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Located 25 miles northeast of Belleville and 14 miles northeast of Napanee and 10 miles north of Marysville Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established January 1, 1874. First Postmaster Richard Jones. The post office was named **ALBERT** for Albert, Prince Consort of Queen Victoria. Office closed September 1, 1914. Present approved name is **ALBERT**. Population 100 in 1886 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°19' 77°08'. References: 5L, I, T, S, Z, PP, V, 6T, 5Y, and 7R.

**JONES SETTLEMENT #2**, SEE: **HENRY JONES SETTLEMENT**, Lambton County.

**JONES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Map position: 45°29' 77°40'. Reference: V.

**JONES TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **SHERWOOD, JONES, AND BURNS TOWNSHIP**, Renfrew County.

**JONES WHARF**, SEE: **LES CHUTES**, Lambton County.

**JORDAN #1**, SEE: **TWENTY MILE CREEK**, Lincoln County.

**JORDAN #2**, hamlet, Tudor Township, Hastings County. Located 43 miles north of Belleville and 20 miles north of Marmora. Post office opened as **MILLBRIDGE** on November 1, 1860. First Postmaster John Bull. Post office closed by 1972. Post office name was spelled as two words **MILL BRIDGE** at times. The Village name of Jordan remained in use until the 1870s and this post office was named for its located on the River Jordan. **JORDAN STATION**, a flag station on Central Ontario Railway and located one mile from the Village which was called Millbridge Station. Recently designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **MILLBRIDGE**. Population 40 in 1885 and 58 in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 77°36'. References: 7B, AA, B, I, S, 3B, 3R, 3N, V, PP, and 9J.

**JORDAN HARBOUR**, dispersed rural community, Louth Township, Lincoln County. Later part of Town of Lincoln in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 1.5 miles from Jordan Station and 7 miles west of St. Catharines. Post office established as **JORDAN HARBOUR** on June 1, 1900. First Postmaster S. H. Rittenhouse.

Office closed August 7, 1940. It is recorded that sailing ships used this place as a port-of-call in the early part of the last century. Present approved name is JORDAN HARBOUR. No population shown. Map position: 43°11' 79°23'. References: B, S, V, 7M, F, and 6T.

JORDAN STATION, SEE: BRIDGEPORT #1, Lincoln County.

JORDAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 50°00' 92°04'. Reference: V.

JORDON, SEE: TWENTY-MILE CREEK, Lincoln County.

JOSEPHBURG, SEE: STADTSPITZ, Waterloo County.

JOSEPH GRAHAM'S TAVERN, SEE: GRAHAM'S INN, Durham County.

JOSEPHINE #1, flag station, Vespra Township, Simcoe County, on the North and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Located 8 miles north of Barrie. Post office establishedas JOSEPHINE on April 1st, 1884. First Postmaster Joseph Budd. Office closed August 1st, 1894. JOSEPHINE STATION on the North and Northwestern Railway Division of Grand Trunk Railway in 1892. Joseph Budd owned the saw mill. No recent reference to this place. References: I, AA, and 9F.

JOSEPHINE #2, SEE: JOSEPHINE JUNCTION, Algoma District.

JOSEPHINE JUNCTION, dispersed rural community, also known as JOSEPHINE MINE and JOSEPHINE JUNCTION. Located in Township 28-XXV, later Corbiere Township, Algoma District and a station on the Michipicoten Branch of the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. Located 10 miles from Michipicoten. Present approved name is JOSEPHINE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°07' 84°37'. References: U, PP, 5L and V.

JOSEPHINE MINE, SEE: JOSEPHINE JUNCTION, Algoma District.

JOSEPHSBURG, SEE: STADTSPITZ, Waterloo County.

JOUBIN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 143, Algoma District.

JOY, located in Essa Township, Simcoe County, where there is situated a grist mill and two churches. Reference dated 1880. No further reference to this place. Reference: 2E.

JOYCEVILLE, SEE: BIRMINGHAM, Frontenac County.

JOYLAND BEACH , concentrated rural community, Mara Township, Simcoe County. Summer post office established as JOYLAND BEACH on June 13th, 1960. First Postmaster Robert Samuel Good. Located 4 miles from Uptergrove and 13 km from Orillia. Summer post office status changed to year-round post office on February 1st, 1963. Present approved name is JOYLAND BEACH. Population 103 in 1971 and 149 in 1976. Map position: 44°34' 79°19'. References: B, U, 3B, V, and 6T.

JOYNT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°59' 90°21'. Reference: V.

JUAL, post office, Dance Township, Rainy River District. Located 6.5 miles from Burris and 5 miles from Lake Wasaw. Post office established as JUAL on September 1st, 1913. First Postmaster W.C. Bennett. Office closed October 1st, 1917. No further reference to this office. Reference: 6T.

JUDDHAVEN, dispersed rural community, Medora Township, Simcoe County, later Muskoka District and most recently in Muskoka Lakes Township in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 6 miles south of Rosseau, 22 miles northwest of Bracebridge and 32 kilometres from Bala. Post office established as JUDDHAVEN in 1878. First Postmaster Francis E. Judd for whom the place and post office were named. Office status changed to summer post office September 30th, 1959. Present approved name is JUDDHAVEN. Population 40 in 1885 and 45 in 1893; not

shown in 1976. Map position: 45°12' 79°37'. References: B, I, S, U, U10, 3R, V, 6T 5L and 5V.

JUDGE, Casey Township, Timiskiming District. Located on Highway 65, 17 miles from New Liskeard on the Timiskiming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post office established as JUDGE on September 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Hugh Keyes. Post office closed on May 31st, 1969. Present approved name is JUDGE. Population 74 in 1941 and 61 in 1971. Map position: 47°37' 79°32'. References: U, 3B, 22-6, V, 9F, DD, 7M, 5L and 7P.

JUDGEVILLE, dispersed rural community, Kitley Township, Leeds County. Located 5 km northeast of Toledo, 7 km northwest of Newboyne and 14 km south of Smiths Falls. Post office openedas JUDGEVILLE on August 1st, 1908. First Postmaster M. B. Judge. The post office is named for the first Postmaster. Office closed August 26th, 1913. Present approved name is JUDGEVILLE. Map position: 44°46' 76°03'. References: B, 5L, V, 6T, and 9F.

JUDSONVILLE STATION, station, Grey County. Year date of this reference 1875. No other reference to this place. Reference: A.

JUILLETTE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 167. Algoma District.

JULIAN, SEE: JULIEN'S LANDING, Peterborough County.

JULIEN'S LANDING, this place is named for a Frenchman who was foreman of a lumber camp situated at the present site of a hotel on the shore of Stoney Lake in the Township of Burleigh in the County of Peterborough. His name was Moses Julien, a native of Quebec and the original name given to this place was JULIEN'S LANDING. This was about the year 1860. In the year 1871 Mr and Mrs. Strickland of Lakefield became owners of Concession 4, Township of Burleigh and they had the south part of the lot surveyed and laid out into Village lots and streets. By the registered plan, it was then called STRICKLAND VILLAGE. The local residents rejected this name and have adhered to the old name of JULIEN, sometimes misspelled as JULIAN. When the post office opened they added the word Mount, so that the post office was called MOUNT JULIEN. Post office established June 15, 1900. First Postmistress Mrs. W. Church. The status of Mount Julien post office was changed to a summer post office on October 31, 1954. This place is located 18 miles from Lakefield and is currently designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is MOUNT JULIEN. Population 25 in 1893 and 50 in 1908; not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°34' 78°09'. References: U10, 7M, PP, 6T, V, 5L and 7D.

JUMBO GARDEN, also shown as JUMBO GARDENS, MacIntyre Township, Thunder Bay District. An urban community, currently part of City of Thunder Bay. Located 2.75 miles northwest of Port Arthur, 6 miles southeast of Kivikoski and 8 miles southeast of Intola. Post office established as JUMBO GARDENS August 1st, 1907. First Postmaster Samuel Hill. Office status changed to Sub Post office of Port Arthur and Numbered Sub 10, on March 1st, 1965. Present approved name is JUMBO GARDENS. Population 172 in 1941 and 1,222 in 1980. Map position: 48°27' 89°15'. References: U, 3B, V, 6T, and 9F.

JUNCTION #1, SEE: HALL'S MILLS #4, Middlesex County.

JUNCTION #2, hamlet, Humphrey Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Shadow Creek, 22 miles southeast of Parry Sound and 1.5 miles northwest of Rosseau. Post office established October 1, 1869. First Postmaster James Ashdown. Name of the post office ASHDOWN for the Postmaster. This office was closed December 3, 1904. " Ashdowmn is a village at the juncture of Parry Sound and Nipissing Roads (1879)". Population 100 in 1886 and 10 in 1906. No recent references to this place. References: I, T, Z, PP, 1M, 7S, 5W, and 5T.

JUNCTION #3, SEE: JUNCTIONVILLE, Norfolk County.

JUNCTION CUT STATION, station, East Flamborough Township, Wentworth County. Located on Hamilton Division of CPR. Station number 1419, between the stations of Waterdown and Hamilton, in 1911. References: 10B 9K and 5L.

JUNCTIONVILLE, this place was settled in the 1800s and was chiefly a farming and lumbering area. Its local name was JUNCTIONs, then in honour of M.A. Almas, a farmer and lumberman, the place was called ALMAS'S CORNERS. This place was situated in the centre of a tract of land that had been called FAIRFIELD'S PLAINS at one time.

The post office opened September 1, 1867 and was named **ATHERTON**. First Postmaster Thomas White and the post office closed March 1, 1919. The local name for the place was **ATHERTON CORNERS**. It is recently designated a dispersed rural community in Delhi Township, Norfolk County, lately within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Present approved name is **ATHERTON**. Population 100 in 1886, 200 in 1895, and 58 in 1951. Map position: 42°49' 80°27'. References: B, I, T, Z, 3B, 3Q, V, 6T, 5L, 7D, and 7R.

**JUNETOWN**, dispersed rural community, Front of Escott Township, Leeds County. Located 16 miles west of Brockville and 4 miles form Mallorytown Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **JUNETOWN** in 1895. First Postmaster James S. Purvis. Office closed September 1, 1914. The first settler in this place was called Peter June, who settled in the neighbourhood in the earl, part of the last century.Present approved name is **JUNETOWN**. Population 200 in 1908. Map position: 44°30' 75°56'. References: 7D, I, S, PP, 5U, V, 5L and 6T.

**JUNIPER ISLAND**, SEE: **STONY LAKE #2**, Peterborough County.

**JURA**, dispersed rural community, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. Located 28 miles northeast of Sarnia and 5 miles from Forest Station on Grand Trunk Railway, and 7 miles from Thedford. Post office established as **JURA** on June 1, 1865. First Postmaster James McCordic (McCordice). Office closed June 1, 1913. Present approved name is **JURA**. Population 50 in 1886 and 100 in 1895. Map position: 43°06' 81°54'. References: I, T, S, AA, Z, 2Z, V, 5L and 6T.

**JUTTEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°22' 90°29'. Reference: V.

K TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township. Name changed to FOUCALT in 1974 for L. A. Foucault, Mayor of Espanola. Map position: 46°51' 82°16'. References: V and 10F.

KABAIGON, railway point, Hagey Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 94 kilometres west of Thunder Bay. A station on the CNR main line at an altitude of 1,486 feet above sea level. Map position: 48°40' 90°16'. References: R2, U, L3 and V.

KABIMAGAMI, unorganized area, Cochrane District. Population 59 in 1961. References: 5A.

KABINA, station, Studholme Township (1951), Cochrane District. Situated on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway mainline at an altitude of 797 feet above sea level. Located 35 kilometres northwest of Hearst. This place is Part reserve and Part unorganized community. Name changed to CALSTOCK June, 1929. It was founded in 1942 when it was known as Kabina. It has a lumber based economy. Recently designated a concentrated rural community. Post office established January 22nd, 1962, as CALSTOCK. First Postmistress Mrs. Rose Alma Lambert. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is CALSTOCK. Population 795 in 1978 which includes 500 from the reserve. Map position: 49°47' 84°09'. References: R2, L2, SS, 3B, 5L, 6T and V.

KABLE, Willoughby Township, Welland County, on the Niagara River. Located 1 mile from Black Creek Station on Michigan Central Railway. No recent references to this place. Population 40 in 1875 and 40 in 1908. References: A, PP and 7B.

KABONI, dispersed rural community, Manitoulin Island, Manitoulin District, on Wikwemikong Island, unceded Indian land. Located 7 miles east of Manitowaning and 7 miles south of Wikwemikong. Post office established as KABONI on May 12th, 1939. First Postmistress Mrs. Nancy Osawanimika. Office closed October 28th, 1955. Present approved name is KABONI. Map position: 45°43' 81°43'. References: B, U, V and 6T.

KADMAN, Timiskaming District. Located near Englehart. Date of reference 1980. References: U.

KAGAWONG, SEE: MUDGE BAY, Algoma District.

KAHSHE, railway point, Part of Town of Gravenhurst, District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is KAHSHE. Map position: 44°49' 79°20'. References: V.

KAHSHE LAKE, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Gravenhurst,District Municipality of Muskoka, formerly in Morrison Township, Muskoka District. Located 11 kilometres from Gravenhurst. Summer post office established as KAHSHE LAKE on June 1st, 1915. First Postmaster J.C. O'Brien. Office closed April 1st, 1918. Name is misspelled as KOSHEE LAKE, KOSBEE LAKE and KASHEE LAKE. Present approved name is KAHSHE LAKE. Population 50 in 1956. Map position: 44°50' 79°18'. References: B, U, 5E, V, 6T, SS, DD and MM.

KAIBAIGON, station, Thunder Bay District, on the CNR. Located 76 miles west of Port Arthur, at the head of Lake Superior. Date of reference 1908. No further reference to this name. References: PP.

KAISERVILLE: This tiny Village existed at the intersection of Jane and Steeles Avenue,(in present Toronto) York County, about 1860. There is no trace of the place now. References: Black Creek Village curator.

KAKABEKA, settlement, Oliver Township, Algoma District. Located 19 miles west of Fort William, 22 miles west of Port Arthur and 5 miles east of Kaministikwia, and much later 18 miles from Thunder Bay. Post office established as KAKABEKA May 12th, 1902. First Postmaster William R. Buttars. On August 1st, 1907 the post office name was changed to MILLAR, and closed September 13th, 1930. KAKABEKA STATION on CPR, also on CNR. In 1931, the CPR station name changed to PAWETEC. That railroad marked the station at mile 1890 on the track, located east of Murillo Station (1903). MILLAR, the present name of the place is designated a dispersed rural community. CNR station name changed to KAKABEKA FALLS. The word Kakabeka means "water sliding over a sloping rock". Present approved name is MILLAR. Population 40 in 1913. Map position: 48°28' 89°33'. References: S, MM, PP, 2U, SS, 7P, 7K, 8K, V, 6T and DD.

KAKABEKA FALLS, concentrated rural community, Oliver Township, Thunder Bay District. The name is Indian and means "high falls". This place located on Kaministiquia River, on CNR and on Highway 17, 18 miles west of Fort William. First explored in 1688 by De Noyon. Post office established as KAKABEKA FALLS on January 15th, 1906. First Postmaster A.G. Bridge. Kakabeka Falls post office is still in operation in 1983. Has a station on CNR main line at an altitude of 915 feet above sea level. Local name is KAKABEKA. Present approved name is KAKABEKA FALLS. Population 227 in 1941 and 367 in 1976. Map position: 48°24' 89°37'. References: R1, S, 3B, 2Y, L3, V, 5L and 7T.

KALADAR #1, SEE: FLINT'S MILLS, Addington County.

KALADAR #2, SEE: SCOUTEN, Addington County.

KALADAR STATION, SEE: SCOUTEN, Addington County.

KALADAR TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Lennox and Addington County. Misspelled as KALADOR TOWNSHIP. Map position: 44°41' 77°09'. Reference: V.

KALADAR, ANGLESEY & EFFINGHAM TOWNSHIP, Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1867. Quieting Order P4760-67, dated May 29th, 1968. This Township was in Midland District, Canada West, 1848. Area 67,200 acres. Population 1,204 in 1980. References: C, HH, M and 2W.

KALADOR TOWNSHIP, SEE: KALADAR TOWNSHIP, Lennox and Addington County.

KALEN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 11E, Sudbury District.

KALMAR, dispersed rural community, Broderick Township. Located 320 miles northwest of Port Arthur and 24 miles west of Rat Portage, Kenora (on Lake of the Woods). Post office established September 1st, 1898 named KALMAR. First Postmaster S.T.H. Tighe. Office closed January 31st, 1909. KALMAR STATION on Kenora Division of CPR. Station number 5201, between the stations of Busteed and Ingolf, in 1911. In 1914, the station name was changed to LOWTHER. Present approved name is LOWTHER. Population 10 in 1893 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°46' 94°54'. References: AA, PP, SS, U10, 6T, 7G, 10B and V.

KAMA, SEE: MAZOKAMA, Thunder Bay District.

KAMANESTIGOYAN, Located on the west shore of Lake Superior, now called the GRAND PORTAGE. Date of entry 1799. Reference: 7W.

KAMA PIT STATION, station, Patience Township, Thunder Bay District. Located on Nipigon Division of CPR. Station number 4718, between the stations of Dublin and Kama, in 1911. References: 10B.

KAMICHISITIT TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 168, Algoma District.

KAMIGA, station on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,093 feet above sea level. Located between Nagagami Station and Stoney Station, 736 miles from Montreal, in 1915. References: L and L3.

KAMINISTIKWIA (1978), depot, Algoma District. This Indian name means the meeting of two rivers. Located at mile 1884 on CPR track, east of Kakabeka Station. This place started as a railway depot, has served as a trading post and as a shipping point. It has a station on CPR, at the junction of the Kaministqua and Matawan Rivers, 27 miles northwest of Port Arthur. A station on CPR main line, is at an altitude of 1,017 feet above sea level. In 1974, designated a dispersed rural community, in Ware and Conmee Townships, Thunder Bay District. Post office established as KAMINISTIQUIA in 1875. First Postmaster D. Taylor. Office closed April 1st, 1900, reopened March 11th, 1907 and still in operation in 1983. Another spelling used for this place is KAMINISTEKEWIA. Population 25 in 1892 and 154 in 1972. Present approved name is KAMINISTIQUIA. Map position: 48°32' 89°34'. References: I, R2, AA, L1, 3B, O, V+, 7K, 7M, 9F, 5L and 8K.

KAMISKOTIA, dispersed rural community, Part of City of Timmins, Cochrane District. Located 32 kilometres from Timmins. Map position: 48°35' 81°37'. References: U and V.

KANAGIO, SEE: PORT STANLEY, Elgin County.

KANATA (CITY OF), March Township, Ottawa-Carleton District, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. A recently formed City Municipality as follows: TOWNSHIP OF MARCH amalgamated with Part of TOWNSHIP OF GOULBOURN and Part of TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN as the CITY OF HAZELDEAN-MARCH, December 1st, 1978. City of Hazeldean-March name changed to CITY OF KANATA Chapter 55, effective date December 1st, 1978. Located 24 km from Ottawa and 1 km from South March. Post office established as KANATA on December 31st, 1966. First Postmaster John W. Mahoney. Office still in operation in 1983, but was transferred to the Ottawa District and now operates as Postal Station "D" after October 21st, 1974. Present approved name is KANATA. Population 870 in 1966 and 18,244 in 1980. Map position: 45°20' 75°54'. References: M, U, HH, 5A, V, 6T, 5L and 7L.

KANDOUCHO: This Indian Village was first visited in 1626 by Father Daillon who was visiting Indian Chief Souharrisen. In 1784, Joseph Brant (Thayendandgea) settled here with his Six Nation Indians. This place where they crossed was known known as BRANT'S FORD. Incorporated as a Village 1830, under the name BRANTFORD and as a Town July 28th, 1847 which Incorporation apparently did not take for a reincorporation occured by Act 12, Vic, cap 89, May 30th, 1849. It was Incorporated as a City March 2nd, 1877. Located on the Grand River, 65 miles from London, 66 miles from Toronto and 25 miles from Hamilton. This site was surrendered by the Indians in 1830. In 1955, it tripled its area by annexing 7,900 acres of Brantford Township. Surveyed by Lewis Burwell and at that time was known as the MOHAWK VILLAGE or BRANT'S VILLAGE. The first white settler was John Stalts. This place had 2 Religious parish names ST. BASILE and STE. MARIE. In 1626, when Father Daillon visited the area, there were about 28 Villages of the neutral Indians scattered over this region. This whole area was known as BEAVERS HAPPY HUNTING GROUND because if the hunting was not good elsewhere, they could always depend on success in this area. About 1788, a trading post was established by Isaac Fairchild for whom Fairchild is named, and the now obsolete hamlet of FAIRCHILD'S CREEK. This little place has long since disappeared into the City of Brantford. Brantford was named for Joseph Brant, Mohawk Indian Chief, and also had the distinction of being the first telephone business office in Canada. Post office was established and named BRANTFORD in 1825. First Postmaster Edmond Burton. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is BRANTFORD. Population 3,000 in 1846, 11,000 in 1886 and 70,200 in 1980. Map position: 44°07' 79°34'. References: 2Y, B, I, M, G, T, S, Z, EE, HH, 2T, 2U, 3S, SS, 5K, 1B, 1T, 7X, 5L, 7R and 7W.

KANETOWN, SEE: CAINTOWN, Leeds County.

KANE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 201, Algoma District.

KANYENGEH, post office, Tuscarora Township, Brant County. Located 4 miles from Newport and 4 1/2 miles from Ohsweken. Post office established as KANYENGEH on May 1st, 1909. First Postmaster J.C. Martin. Office closed June 8th, 1931. No recent references to this office. References: B and 6T.

KAOUNESGO, settlement, Lennox and Addington County. This is an Indian name meaning "drowned ground. On July 16th, 1792 the name of this island was changed from TONTI ISLE to AMHERST ISLAND by proclamation. By 1835, mail was being delivered to ISLE OF TANTI, alias Amherst Island. Mail being directed to the post office at Bath. This place is an island in the St. Lawrence River, at the entrance to the Bay of Quinty, about 15 miles east of Napanee and 15 miles west of Kingston. Post office established April 6th, 1845, Midland District, Canada West named AMHERST ISLAND which name for Field Marshall Sir Jeffrey Amherst. First Postmaster N. Heagans. In the 1850's this place was also called JENTIR WHARF. Office name changed in 1860 to EMERALD. Office closed November 15th, 1919. Present approved name is EMERALD. Population 2,000 in 1895 and 23 in 1976. Religious Parish name ST. BARTHELEMY. Map position: 44°09' 76°46'. References: 7W, 3H, C, EE, I, Z, 2W, 6E, 8P, B, V, 6T, 5L and SS.

KAP, settlement in an unorganized Territory, Cochrane District. Population 64 in 1976. References: 3B.

**KAPISKAU**, trading post, north of Fort Albany, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Present approved name is **KAPISKAU**. Map position: 52°45' 82°00'. References: V and F.

**KAPITA**, station, Gowski Township, Thunder Bay District. **KAPITA STATION** on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,123 feet above sea level. Located near Kowkash and 68 kilometres west of Nakina. On August 16th, 1916 the name was changed to **REDMOND**. Present approved name is **REDMOND**. Population 12 in 1978. Map position: 50°14' 87°32'. References: L2, SS, R2. V and U.

**KAPLAN TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 22**, Sudbury District.

**KAPUSKASING**, SEE: **MacPHERSON**, Dufferin District.

**KAPUSKASING TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°31' 82°55'. References: V.

**KARALASH CORNERS**, Havilland Township, Algoma District. Located 10 km northeast of Goulais Bay, 17 km southwest of Achigan and 30 km north of Sault Ste. Marie. Present approved name is **KARALASH CORNERS**. Population 35 in 1971 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 46°47' 82°22'. References: 3B and V.

**KAREHOGUH**, or **KAREHOGAH**, **KARE HOGAN** and known as **CAYUGA HEIGHTS**, in Brantford Township, Brant County. Located 3 miles east of Brantford, on the Grand River, 21 miles from Hamilton and 2 miles east of Langford. On June 1st, 1853 the post office was opened as **CAINSVILLE**. First Postmaster David D. Dresser (Dressler). On June 30th, 1854, the post office name changed from **CAYUGA HEIGHTS** to **KAREHOGUH**. Neither of which names are documented as post offices prior to June 30th, 1854. The present day name of the place is **CAINSVILLE** and it was named for Peter Cain. Cainsville post office closed June 15th, 1957. Has been misspelled as **GAINSVILLE**. Recently designated a concentrated rural community. Cainsville Station served by the Buffalo and Goderich branch of the Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **CAINSVILLE**. Population 600 in 1886 and 196 in 1956. Map position: 43°09' 80°12'. References: 2W, Z, 7B, 7V, I, T, S, 3R, 5E, 3K, V, 6T and 5L.

**KARRS**, SEE: **CARSS**, Parry Sound District.

**KARS**, SEE: **WELLINGTON VILLAGE #2**, Carleton County.

**KARS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°45' 84°32'. References: V.

**KASABONIKA #1 INDIAN RESERVATION**, reservation, Kenora District. Located 448 kilometres northwest of Sioux Lookout. Kasabonika Band own and reside on this Reserve under Grand Council Treaty #9. Cree is the spoken language. Population 377 in 1978. Map position: 53°36' 88°35'. References: R3.

**KASABONIKA #2**, post office, West of Shibogama Lake in Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Post office established February 2nd, 1968. First Postmaster Essen Anderson. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KASABONIKA**. Population 251 in 1971 and 368 in 1976. Map position: 53°32' 88°37'. References: V, 5L, F, 3B and U.

**KASABONIKA LAKE INDIAN RESERVATION**, on Kasabonika Lake, Kenora District. Present approved name is **KASABONIKA LAKE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 53°35' 88°29'. References: 5L.

**KASHABOWIE**, SEE: **KASHABOIWE**, Thunder Bay District.

**KASHABOIWE**, Thunder Bay District. Located 124 kilometres north of Thunder Bay (1978), 74 miles northwest of Fort William (1913) and 83 miles west of Port Arthur (1908). Railway station is on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,531 feet above sea level. Settled in the early 1900's by miners and loggers. Post office established June 1st, 1909 as **KASHABOIWE**. First Postmaster E.W. Hogan. November, 1925 the spelling of the name was changed to **KASHABOWIE**. The post office name (1978) is also **KASHABOWIE**. Office located 1/2 mile off Highway 11 and still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KASHABOWIE**. Population 90 in 1978 and 240 in 1980. Map position: 48°39' 90°27'. References: 6T, SS, R2, U, DD, PP, 2U, V, 5L and L3.

KASHBAW, SEE: KASHBAW VILLAGE, Sudbury District.

KASHBAW VILLAGE, dispersed rural community, Garvey Township, Sudbury District. Located 73 miles from Sudbury and 12 miles from Ruel. Locally known as KASHBAW. A station on CNR, named KASHBAW STATION. In December, 1918 the name was changed to WESTREE STATION. Post office established August 15th, 1918 and named COYNE. First Postmaster Phin Coyne for whom the post office is named. On April 1st, 1928 the post office name was changed to WESTREE. Present approved name is WESTREE. Population 73 in 1951 and 11 in 1976. Map position: 47°25' 81°33'. References: V, SS, LL, 6T, U, V, 5L, 3B and 5E.

KASHECHEWAN, Indian Reservation, Cochrane District. Located 11 kilometres northeast of Fort Albany and 177 kilometres from Moosenee. Originally a Hudson's Bay post. The Kashechewan Band lives on the Reserve. The languages are English, French and Cree. Post office established as KASHECHEWAN on July 25th, 1963. First Postmaster John Taylor Wynne. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is KASHECHEWAN. Population 700 in 1978. Map position: 52°18' 81°37'. References: R3, U, V, 5L & 6T.

KASHEE, SEE: KAHSHE LAKE, Muskoka District.

KASHIBOWIE FALLS, Indian settlement, on the Old Dawson Route, 65 miles west of Port Arthur. Had a Hudson's Bay Company general store. Date of reference 1895. No recent references to this settlement. References: Z.

KASKAWON, This name means "deep water". A dispersed rural community, Hilton Township, Algoma District, 10 miles from Bruce Mines and it is on St. Joseph Island. Post office established April 1st, 1904 and named MILFORD HAVEN. First Postmaster William Struthers. Office closed June 12th, 1931. The name, Milford Haven, was given to this place by an Englishman, Major Raines, and he named it for a Village in Wales, from which he hailed. No population shown in 1976. Present approved name is MILFORD HAVEN. Map position: 46°10' 83°50'. References: S, U, V, 7J, 6T, 5L and 7D.

KASSHABOG LAKE, also misspelled KASSABOY LAKE. Located 37 kilometres from Lakefield, Methuen Township, Peterborough County. The summer post office established as KASSHABOG LAKE on June 25th, 1959 located at lot 12, concession 8, 12 miles southwest of Clarina First Postmaster Garfield Wellington Puffer. Office closed on September 13th, 1969. Present approved name is KASSHABOG LAKE. No population shown in 1974. Map position: 44°38' 77°58'. References: U, V and 6T.

KASTNER, Originally shown in the Townships of Downie and Ellice, most recently in Ellice Township, Perth County. Locate 91 miles from Toronto, 3 miles from Stratford and 1 1/2 miles from Sebringville. In 1857, residents included John Kastner M.D, Michael Kastner, shoemaker, Kastner & Wilson, general dealers, Peter Kastner, distiller-carding mill owner and general store. Little doubt that this place was called for the Kastner family. The nearest railroad is at Sebringville Station on Grand Trunk Railway (1892). The place seems to have existed between 1857. It was last heard of, in 1895, when the name had changed to KASTNERVILLE. Population 50 in 1875 and 60 in 1893. References: EE, A, AA, Z, U10, 7B and 1W.

KASTNERVILLE, SEE: KASTNER, Perth County.

KASZUBY, post office, Radcliffe Township, Renfrew County. Located 12 miles from Barrys Bay, 7.3 miles from Combermere and 2.9 miles from Halfway. Post office established as KASZUBY on June 1st, 1961 as a summer post office. First Postmaster Reverend Rafal J. Grzondziel. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is KASZUBY. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 77°37'. References: B, U, V, 5L and 6T.

KATABOKOKONK, or River of EASY ENTRANCE. This water empties into Lake Ontario in the Township of Pickering in 1799. References: 7W.

KATARAKNE, Indian name for this place up to 1600. Located first in New France and taking the form of wooden fort which was named FORT CATARAQUI. In 1672, the name was changed to FORT FRONTENAC. By 1762, the English were calling it TOWN #1 and military mail was being delivered. Between 1762 and 1780, the name KINGSTON came

into existence. In 1780, a post office was established but no Postmaster records of appointment exist up to 1791, since they were all military records. First settled by disbandees of Captain Grass' Company of Associated Loyalists, King's Royal Regiment of New York, Regular, British and German, a total of 220 persons, at which time it was known as **CATARAQUI TOWNSHIP #1**. In 1784, the United Empire Loyalist settlers came and used the name **KING'S TOWN**. First civilian Postmaster Peter Clarke. A 1799 reference gives this description of Kingston,"occupies the site of **OLD FORT FRONTINAC**, laid out in 1784 and is now of considerable size, has barricks for troops, house for commanding officer, hospital, several stores, church, gaol and courthouse. The post office was named **KINGSTON** and the Town has used the postal name since. First Postmaster Peter Clarke in 1791. Office still in operation in 1983. Thomas Kitchen's map of 1794 shows the names **FORT FRANTENAC or CADARAKUI**. The growth of this place was slow until 1642 when it became the seat of government and rose rapidly in population. First settler de Courcelles, 1672. In 1816, an Act was passed to regulate the Police of Kingston (Town) Statutes of Upper Canada 1816 and 1826. Incorporated as a Town March 6th, 1838, in Upper Canada. Incorporated as a City May 18th, 1846, Act 9, Vic75. A marine railway was established here in 1827 and in 1846, the penitentary contained 400 convicts. This place is situated in Kingston Township, Frontenac County, on the St. Lawrence River where the Rideau Canal enters Lake Ontario. Located 42 miles south of Newboro and 25 miles east of Napanee, 161 miles from Toronto, 115 miles from Ottawa and 172 miles from Montreal. In 1883, there 107 telephones in use. King's Town was named to honour King George III. In 1851, Kingston including the Villages of Portsmouth, Barryfield, French Village and Williamsville, and the troops usually in garrison numbers about 13,000. In 1920, Kingston amalgamted Garden City and in 1951, Portsmouth. In 1812, on Point Henry, on the eastern side of the mouth of the Cataraqui River overlooking the harbour of Kingston, Upper Canada a military fort was built and named Fort Henry. In 1832, the original fort was demolished. From 1832 to 1836, the present fort was built. Fort Henry's post office was established May 1st, 1947. First Postmaster Mrs. Dorothy N. Batty. On July 2nd, 1960 the status of Fort Henry post office was changed to a sub-post office of Kingston and was closed on January 31st, 1964. Present approved name is **KINGSTON**. Population 6,123 in 1846, 14,093 in 1886, 19,374 in 1907 and 60,954 in 1980. Map position: 44°14' 76°30'. References: 7W, 1F, U6, I, NN, G, M, S, Y, AA, HH, PP, 2T, 2Y, 5B, 3S, 7V, 7W, 7X, 8O, 5L and 6T.

**KATESVILLE**, hamlet, Adelaide Township, Middlesex County, formerly in London District, Canada West. Located 2 miles from Strathroy, on Bear Creek later Sydenham River, 26 miles from London and 40 miles from Sarnia. Post office established February 6th, 1837. First Postmaster Richard Brown. Office closed 1869. Population 30 in 1846 and 150 in 1875. No recent references to this place. References: I, G, A, EE, 3S and 7X.

**KATHMAE**, also called **KATHMAE SIDING**. A railway point, Pembroke and Westmeath Townships, Renfrew County. Located 11 kilometres from Pembroke. Present approved name is **KATHMAE**. Map position: 45°46' 77°02'. References: U and V.

**KATHMORE**, railway point, Master Township, Nipissing District. A station on CNR main line at an altitude of 761 feet above sea level. This station was named for Katherine Mackenzie, daughter of Sir William Mackenzie. Present approved name is **KATHMORE**. Map position: 45°49' 71°38'. References: U, L3, V and 8L.

**KATRINE**, SEE: **KATRINE STATION**, Parry Sound District.

**KATRINE STATION**, dispersed rural community, Armour Township, Parry Sound District. Located on the Magnetowan River and a station on the North and Northwestern Railway, south of Burk's Falls and north of Scotia Stations and later on CNR. Post office opened 1877 named **KATRINE**. First Postmaster W.E. McDonald. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was named by a postal inspector Daniel Spry because it reminded him of the famous Loch Katrine in Scotland. Present approved name is **KATRINE**. Population 50 in 1886 and 182 in 1976. Map position: 45°34' 79°21'. References: MM, SS, 7Q, 6Z, B, I, T, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 5P.

**KATRINE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 79°42'. References: V.

**KAUFMAN STATION**, station, Shawanaga Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Sudbury Division of CPR. Station number 4271, between the stations of Wood Spur and Shawanaga, in 1911. References: 10B.

**KAWA**, railway point, Thunder Bay District. Located 52 kilometres from Savant Lake. **KAWA STATION** is on Grand

Trunk Pacific Railway main line, at an altitude of 1,359 feet above sea level. Also located west of Lake Nipigon. Present approved name is **KAWA**. Map position: 50°14' 89°59'. References: R2, L2 and V.

KAWARTHA HEIGHTS, urban community, Part of City of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough. Present approved name is **KAWARTHA HEIGHTS**. Map position: 44°17' 78°22'. References: V.

KAWARTHA HIDEAWAY, Harvey Township, Peterborough County. Located on Buckhorn Lake, 5 km north of Emerald Isle, 12 km southeast of Bobcaygeon and 16 km northwest of Lakefield. Name is not approved. Population 42 in 1976. Map position: 44°29' 78°26'. References: 3B and 5L.

KAWARTHA PARK, dispersed rural community, Smith Township, Peterborough County. Located 3 miles from Youngs Point and 3 miles from Juniper Island. Summer post office established as **KAWARTHA PARK** on June 15th, 1909. First Postmistress Bertha F. Brown. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KAWARTHA PARK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 78°12'. References: B, V, 5L and 6T.

KAWENE, dispersed rural community, Rainy River District. Located 21 miles east of Atikokan and 39 miles from Banning. Post office established as **KAWENE** on November 1st, 1912. First Postmaster A.H. Lawrence. Post office still operating as a post office in 1970 and ceased to be an office in 1971. The station at this place **KAWENE STATION** on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,483 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **KAWENE**. Population 32 in 1951 and 23 in 1972. Map position: 48°45' 91°13'. References: R2, PP, L3, O, 5E, V, 5L and 6T.

KAYE POINT, settlement, Monck Township, Muskoka District. Present approved name is **KAYE POINT**. Map position: 45°05' 79°31'. References: V.

KEADY, concentrated rural community, Derby Township, Grey County. Located 12 miles south of Owen Sound and 13 kilometres from Tara. Post office established as **KEADY** in 1869. First Postmaster James Gilchrist. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **KEADY**. Population 75 in 1886 and 31 in 1972. Map position: 44°28' 81°02'. References: B, I, T, S, U, O, V, 6T, 5L and 4G.

KEARNEY, Town, Perry and Bethune Townships, Parry Sound District. This place is named for William Kearney, first settler, 1878. Located 56 miles east of Parry Sound, 5 miles northeast of Emsdale, 5 miles from Scotia Junction and on Magnetawan River. Post office established as **KEARNY** in 1879. First Postmaster A.J. O'Neil. Office still in operation in 1983. Kearney was proclaimed a Town December 30th, 1907. Religious Parish name **ST. PATRICE**. Present approved name is **KEARNEY**. Population 100 in 1895 and 302 in 1972. Map position: 45°33' 79°13'. References: B, I, M, S, Z, O, V, 4R, 9F, 5L and SS.

KEARNS, SEE: **CHESTERVILLE #2**, Timiskaming District.

KEATING TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 33 Range 26**, Algoma District.

KEATING ADDITIONAL TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 33 ADDITIONAL**, Range 26, Algoma District.

KEATSVILLE, dispersed rural community, Cardwell Township, Muskoka District, later within District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 36 miles northwest of Bracebridge, on Rosseau River, 12 miles north of Rosseau and 13 miles from Sprucedale Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established 1879 and named **KEATSVILLE**. First Postmaster J.E. Keates. In 1883, the post office name was changed to **SHANNON HALL**. Shannon Hall post office closed March 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **SHANNON HALL**. Population 20 in 1893 and 500 in 1908. Map position: 45°18' 79°32'. References: I, U10, 5V, 5P, B, S, AA, 6T, PP and V.

KEDRON, SEE: **SKAE'S CORNERS**, Ontario County.

KEEFER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Township venue changed from Timiskaming to Cochrane District by Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974. Map position: 48°20' 81°47'. References: V and 10E.

**KEEGO**, railway point, Ames Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 81 kilometres east of Atikokan. **KEEGO STATION** on the CNR main line at an altitude of 1,541 feet above sea level and is 92 miles west of Port Arthur. Present approved name is **KEEGO**. No population shown. Map position: 48°42' 90°36'. References: R2, PP, L3 and V.

**KEELERS CREEK**, Newcastle District, Upper Canada, presently in the Township of Cramahe, County of Northumberland. Located on Keeler's Creek, 14 miles from Cobourg and 240 miles from Montreal and 84 miles from Toronto. Incorporated as a Village December 11th, 1858. Post office established 1820. First Postmaster Joseph A. Keeler. Office named **CRAMAHE** for the Township. In 1829, the post office name was changed to **COLBORNE**, named by the son of the first settler, for Sir John Colborne. Office still in operation in 1983. First settled in 1789 by James Keeler. This place also known as **CAT'S HOLLOW**. In 1793, Joseph Keeler brought in 40 settlers including Mr. Greeley, the surveyor. Present approved name is **COLBORNE**. Population 700 in 1855 and 1,724 in 1976. References: 10, I, 7X, 2M, I, M, 2M, EE, Z, 2Y, V, 7A, 7X and 5L.

**KELLER'S MILLS**, Town, Asphodel Township, Peterborough County. Located 90 miles east of Toronto, 18 miles east of Peterborough, on the River Ouse and on CPR. In 1892 the stage fare to Hastings, a distance of 6 miles, was 25 cents. Incorporated as a Village January 27th, 1877. Modern location for this place at Highway #7 and #45. Post office established 1841, Colborne District, Canada West and named **NORWOOD**. First Postmaster James Foley, who had operated the post office from 1838. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was established in 1823, by a mill built by Joseph Keeler and the name, Norwood, was given to the post office by Joseph Keeler's daughter. She found it in a book describing a suburb of London, England. Religious parish name **ST. PAUL**. Present approved name is **NORWOOD**. Population 500 in 1857 and 1,243 in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 77°59'. References: C, B, I, M, S, U, 7D, AA, EE, 2T, 2U, 2Y, 2M, V, 5L and SS.

**KEELERVILLE #1**, dispersed rural community, Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Located 20 miles from Kingston and 5 miles from Battersea. Post office established May 1st, 1900 and named **KEELERVILLE**. First Postmaster George E. Clark. Office closed July 1st, 1918. Present approved name is **KEELERVILLE**. Population 68 in 1956 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 76°21'. References: DD, PP, 5E, V, 7M, 5L and 6T.

**KEELERVILLE #2**, Matilda Township, Dundas County. Population 61 in 1961 and 82 in 1966. References: 5A.

**KEELESDALE**, urban community, Part of Borough of York in the Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is **KEELESDALE**. Map position: 43°42' 79°29'. References: V.

**KEEMLE**, railway point, Lindsley Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 19 1/2 kilometres west of Geraldton. Present approved name is **KEEMLE**. Map position: 49°45' 87°12'. References: R2 and V.

**KEENANSVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Adjala Township, Simcoe County, sometimes shown in Cardwell County. Located 30 miles southwest of Barrie, 5 miles northwest of Tottenham Station on the North and Northwestern Railway later Grand Trunk Railway and 50 miles from Toronto. Post office established as **KEENANSVILLE** in 1855. First Postmaster P.D. Kelly. Office named for the earliest settler, Robert Keenan, a native of Ireland. Office closed December 1st, 1914. First settlers were the Keenan family in 1825. Present approved name is **KEENANSVILLE**. Population 150 in 1875 and 31 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 79°52'. References: B, I, A, S, Z, EE, JJ, 3B, 3U, V, 6T, 5L and 2E.

**KEENE #1**, SEE: OTANABEE, Peterborough County.

**KEENE #2**, railway point, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Present approved name is **KEENE**. Map position: 44°16' 78°10'. References: V.

**KEENEYVILLE**, SEE: KENNEYVILLE, Perth County.

**KEESICKQUAYASH TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP 25, Range 24, Algoma District.

**KEEWATIN**, SEE: KEEWATIN MILLS, Rainy River District.

**KEEWATIN DISTRICT**, partially organized terrority of the Canadian Dominion. It was created by an Act of Parliament, April 12th, 1876. Name spelled as **KEEWAYDIN** at times and in the early days as **KEEWAYTIN.** The name means "home of the winds". Area 470,416 square miles. Population 8,546 in 1901 (chiefly Indian). References: PP.

**KEEWATIN MILLS**, Town, Pellat Township, Kenora District. The name, Keewatin, is Cree, meaning the "north wind". Located at the north end of Lake of the Woods on CPR, 300 miles northwest of Port Arthur and 3 miles west of Kenora. Post office established 1880 as **KEEWATIN MILLS.** The word, "Mills" was soon discontinued leaving the name **KEEWATIN.** First Postmaster John Mather. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was Incorporated as a Town April 14th, 1908. Keewatin was shown as a Township Municipality prior to 1908, but no documents could be found by the Ministry. **KEEWATIN STATION** on CPR main line at an altitude of 1,086 feet above sea level, and at mile 1611 on track east of Rat Portage (later Kenora). Present approved name is **KEEWATIN.** Population 1,500 in 1892 and 1,954 in 1976. Map position: 49°46' 94°34'. References: I, M, U, S, AA, 2T, L1, V, 7A, 8K, 5L and 50.

**KEEWAYDIN**, Located near Timagami, Cynthia Township, Nipissing District. In 1974 designated as a locality but in 1976 approved name. Present approved name is **KEEWAYDIN.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°05' 80°06'. References: U, 5L and V.

**KEEWAYDIN CAMP**, post office, located 25 miles from Timagami, 12 miles from Wabi Koon and 9 miles from Bear Island, Timiskaming District. Keewaydin Camp summer post office established August 1st, 1932. First Postmaster R.A. Lochead. Office not opened after 1941 season but reopened July 5th, 1944 and permanently closed August 1st, 1947. No further references to this office. References: 6T.

**KEG**, A CPR stop, 1 mile east of Woman River. Date of reference November 1914. No further reference to this station. References: SS.

**KEHOE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°35' 83°57'. References: V.

**KEITH**, Dawn and Chatham Townships, Lambton, Bothwell & Kent Counties. Located 5 miles from Wallaceburg, 13 miles northwest of Chatham and 1 mile from Tupperville Station on the Erie and Huron Railway. Post office established as **KEITH** on March 1st, 1857. First Postmaster William Findlay. Office closed January 1st, 1897. Population 100 in 1892 and 63 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: EE, PP, I, AA, 3M and 7F.

**KEITH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury. Map position: 48°08' 82°18'. References: V.

**KEJICK**, post office, southwest of Kenora, Kenora District. Located 5 miles from Indian Bay, 17 1/2 miles from Whiteshell, 36 1/2 miles from Keewatin and 45 miles from Kenora. Post office established as **KEJICK** on July 9th, 1962. First Postmaster T. Len Gibson. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KEJICK.** Map position: 47°37' 95°07'. References: U, V, F and 6T.

**KELDON**, dispersed rural community, Proton Township, Grey County and East Luther Township, Dufferin County. Located 22 miles northwest of Orangeville and 9 miles from Shelbourne. Post office established as **KELDON** in 1884. First Postmaster William Bryon. Office closed December 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **KELDON.** Population 30 in 1892, 20 in 1926 and 19 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 80°23'. References: B, S, MM, V, 6T, I, AA, 5L and 5P.

**KELLAR'S BRIDGE**, dispersed rural community, Madoc Township, Hastings County. Recent designation uses the spelling **KELLER BRIDGE.** Post office established as **KELLER'S BRIDGE** May 1st,1860. First Postmaster Albert Smallfield. Office closed on September 13th, 1860, on the resignation of the Postmaster. Present approved name is **KELLER BRIDGE.** Population 26 in 1976. Map position: 44°37' 77°32'. References: B, I, 3B, 3N, 5L and V.

**KELLER BRIDGE**, SEE:KELLAR'S BRIDGE, Hastings County.

KELLERBY, SEE: KILLERBY, Elgin County.

KELLERS, dispersed rural community, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 8km north of Campbellford, 11 km southeast of Havelock and 14 km southwest of Marmora. Present approved name is KELLERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 77°48'. References: 5L, B and V.

KELLER'S MILLS, SEE: KEELER'S MILLS, Peterborough County.

KELLEY'S SIDING, SEE: BELTON, Middlesex County.

KELLS, hamlet, Chisholm Township, Nipissing District. Located 3 1/2 miles east of Powassan, 20 miles south of Callander and near Trout Creek, a station on the Toronto and North Bay division of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as KELLS in 1888. First Postmaster Henry Anderson. Office closed June 15th, 1917. Present approved name is KELLS. Population 50 in 1892. Map position: 46°05' 79°15'. References: B, I, S, AA, PP, 6T, V and 5T.

KELLSITE, post office, Chaffey Township, Parry Sound District. Located 9 miles from Huntsville. Post office established as KELLSITE on August 16th, 1908. First Postmaster H.N. Gerhart. Office closed July 30th, 1913. No recent references to this place. References: U, 6T, 6S and 9J.

KELLS LANDING, dispersed rural community, Sinclair Township, Muskoka District, lately within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Name changed to BROOKS MILL 1952. Present approved name is BROOKS MILLS. Population 13 in 1976. Map position: 45°25' 79°01'. References: B, V, 5L and 6S.

KELLY, railway point, Savanne Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 40 km east of Graham. No recent references to this place. No population shown in 1978. Map position: 49°01' 90°12'. References: R2, U and V.

KELLY'S #1, station, Victoria County. Located 38 miles from Port Hope and a station on the Midland Railway. Reference dated 1872. No further references to this place. References: 7B.

KELLYS #2, SEE: BELTON, Middlesex County.

KELLYS CORNER, dispersed rural community, Bromley Township, Renfrew County. Located 7 km northwest of Douglas, 8 km northeast of Eganville and 13 km southwest of Cobden. Present approved name is KELLYS CORNER. Population 19 in 1976. Map position: 45°33' 77°00'. References: V and 5L.

KELLY STATION, SEE: BELTON, Middlesex County.

KELLY'S STATION, Ops Township, Victoria County. Located 1/4 mile from Reaboro and 4 1/2 miles from Omemee. Date of reference between 1875 and 1881. No modern references to this station. References: A and 2L.

KELLY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury Township. Map position: 46°46' 80°29'. References: V.

KELMAR, post office, Cavan Township, Durham County. Located 3 miles from Ida and 4 miles from Cavan. Post office opened as KELMAR on October 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Richard Matchett. Office closed March 8th, 1913. No further references to this place. References: 6T.

KELPYN BAY, hamlet, Near Wabigoon Lake, Kenora District. Present approved name is KELPYN. Map position: 49°44' 92°39'. References: V.

KELSEY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 10 B, Sudbury District.

KELSO #1, SEE: CHRISTIE #2, Halton County.

**KELSO #2,** SEE: **KELSO MINES**, Cochrane District.

**KELSO MINES,** A mining community, Clergue Township, Nipissing District, later Cochrane District and most recently Part of Town of Iroquois Falls, Cochrane District. Located 15 miles from Matheson, on Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post office established March 1st, 1910 as **KELSO MINES.** First Postmaster E.W. Hamnet. March, 1911 the post office name was changed to **GOLDLANDS.** Kelso was named for Alex Kelso who discovered the Alexso-Mine, southwest of the settlement. In 1916, it was wiped out by forest fire and was not rebuilt. Station name remains as **KELSO.** The Goldlands post office closed July 29th, 1916 which was the time of the forest fire. It reopened October 10th, 1916, then permanently closed August 1st, 1948. Presently designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **KELSO.** Population 30 in 1913. Map position: 48°41' 80°45'. References: V, 8M and 6T.

**KELSO TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°11' 82°17'. References: V.

KELVIN, dispersed rural community, Burford Township, Brant County, later within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 17 miles from Brantford, 17 miles northwest of Simcoe, 4 1/2 miles from Harley Station on Grand Trunk Railway and on White Man's Creek. Post office established as **KELVIN** on October 1st, 1854. First Postmaster John Kelly. In 1870, this post office moved across the road which was #12 Side Road, the boundary between Burford Township, Brant County and Windham Township, Norfolk County, so it became part of Norfolk County. Office closed October 1st, 1918. Present approved name is **KELVIN.** Population 150 in 1857 and 90 in 1976. Map position: 43°00' 80°27'. References: B, EE, PP, 3B, 3L, V, I, RR, 6T and 8Q.

KEMBLE, concentrated rural community, Keppel Township, Grey County. Located 11 miles north of Owen Sound and 2 miles from Presque Isle. Post office established as **KEMBLE** ON July 1st, 1869. First Postmaster William Heard. Kemble post office was named after Lord Kemble of England. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KEMBLE.** Population 25 in 1886 and 74 in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 80°56'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, V, 5W, 5L and 7D.

KEMPARK, suburban community, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 1 km north of Leitrim, 10 km east of Elizabeth Park and 19 km south of Stonehenge Project. Present approved name is **KEMPARK.** Population 110 in 1961 and 227 in 1976. Map position: 45°20' 75°36'. References: 3B, 5A, 5L and V.

KEMPENFELDT, settlement, 2 miles from Barry. Settled by the Government under Governor Simcoe and named by him for Admiral Kempenfeldt in 1797. A settler and tavern keeper, Mr. Mann, in 1798, soon had the Village of Kempenfeldt named for himself as **MANN'S POINT.** In 1813, the Government issued a fiat, stating "This is a Town", to encourage settlement at Kempenfeldt. By 1835, the Postmaster General in Quebec was issuing orders for mail to be delivered at Kempenfeldt or **LAKE SIMCOE SETTLEMENT** in Simcoe County to be sent to the post office at Holland Landing. Date of this order 1835. The name **KEMPENFELDT'S BAY** came into use, but eventually all of this area was taken over, and is now Part of the City of Barrie, Simcoe County. Another mispelling of this place **KAMPENFELDT.** It is interesting that one of the half-pay officers that the Government moved in to settle Kempenfeldt, traded in his property and moved a little further north and founded a town, which he named **BARRY** and which, today is misspelled as Barrie. This place has long been overgrown by Barrie. Population 57 in 1951 and 103 in 1971. Map position: 44°25' 79°35'. References: G, C, JJ, 3B, 2Y, 5E, 9J and 2E.

KEMPENFELDT'S BAY, SEE: **KEMPENFELDT**, Simcoe County.

KEMP SUBDIVISION, Augusta Township, Grenville County. Population 137 in 1961 and 121 in 1971. References: 3B and 5A.

KEMPTON, SEE: **KEMPTVILLE JUNCTION**, Grenville County.

**KEMP TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°49' 81°19'. References: V.

KEMPTVILLE, SEE: **THE BRANCH #2**, Grenville County.

**KEMPTVILLE JUNCTION**, station, Oxford later, Oxford-on-Rideau Township, Grenville County. A station at the junction of Montreal & Detroit and Prescott & Ottawa branches of CPR. Located 108 miles southwest of Montreal and 29 miles south of Ottawa. Post office established as **KEMPTVILLE JUNCTION** on February 1st, 1907. First Postmistress Mrs. Augusta Haddon. October 1st, 1909 the post office name was changed to **KEMPTON**. May 1st, 1919 the post office and station name were both changed to **BEDELL**. Office closed May 13th, 1922. Place named for Colonel Bedell who recruited a regiment in the constituency of Grenville. **BEDELL STATION** served by CPR. Currently designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **BEDELL**. Population 27 in 1971 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 45°00' 75°38'. References: PP, 6T, 7K, SS, B, 3B, 7D and 5L.

**KENABEEK**, Henwood Township, Timiskaming District. Located near Highway 65, 7 1/4 miles from McCool, 3 1/4 miles from Cane. southwest of Earlton and 38.4 kilometres northwest of New Liskeard. Settled in early 1900's. KENABEEK post office established May 1st, 1913. First Postmaster Emerson Love. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KENABEEK**. Population 36 in 1971 and 500 in 1978. Map position: 47°39' 79°59'. References: R2, 3B, 22-6, V, 5L and 6T.

**KENABUTCH STATION**, Lewis Township, Algoma District. Located 100 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie, 3 kilometres from Cutler and 16 miles east of Algoma Mills. Post office establishedas KENABUTCH STATION in 1893. First Postmaster Fred M. Reynolds. Office closed by 1896. The station named, Kenabutch station, is on the Sault Ste. Marie branch of CPR, on the north channel of Lake Huron and 7 miles west of Spanish River. Present approved name is **KENABUTCH**. Population 75 in 1893 and 250 in 1895. Map position: 46°12' 82°29'. References: I, U, AA, Z, PP, U10, V and 9F.

**KENDAL**, concentrated rural community, Clarke Township, Durham County, later Part of Town of Newcastle, in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Smith's Creek, 27 miles northwest of Cobourg, 9 miles north of Newtonville Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 6 miles east of Orono. Post office established as KENDAL on February 1st, 1857. First Postmaster W. Trull. Office still open in 1983. In 1895, the stage travelled daily to Newtonville for a fare of 50 cents. Present approved name is **KENDAL**. Population 50 in 1857, 144 in 1971 and after 1976 population included in Town of Newcastle. Map position: 44°02' 78°32'. References: B, I, AA, Z, EE, 3B, 3V, 3M, V and 9F.

**KENDAL HILLS**, hamlet, Clarke Township, Durham County, recently in Town of Newcastle, in the Regional Municipality of Durham. References: 3G.

**KENDALL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°39' 83°05'. References: V.

**KENDREY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Incorporated as an Improvement District, October 12th, 1954 and as a Township January 1st, 1960. The Township of Kendrey was annexed and amalgamated with the Town of Smooth Rock Falls as Town of Smooth Rock Falls January 1st, 1975. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order M74169, dated November 13th, 1974. Map position: 49°15' 81°34'. References: M, HH and V.

**KENDRY**, dispersed rural community, North Monaghan Township, Peterborough County. Located 5 kilometres from Cavan, 10 km southwest of Peterborough, 7 km west of Stewart Hall and 9 km northeast of Millbrook. Present approved name is **KENDRY**. Population 43 in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 78°24'. References: U, 3B, 5L and V.

**KENEDEN PARK**, concentrated rural community, Emily Township, Victoria County. Located 7 km northeast of Omemee, 6 km east of Downeyville and 9 km southwest of Youngstown. Present approved name is **KENEDEN PARK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 78°31'. References: B, 5L and V.

**KENHILL BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Verulam Township, Victoria County. Located 16 km northeast of Lindsay, 8 km southeast of Fenelon Falls and 12 km southwest of Bobcaygeon. Present approved name is **KENHILL BEACH**. Population NOT SHOWN IN 1976. Map position: 44°29' 78°38'. References: B, U, 5L and V.

**KENILWORTH**, SEE: NORTH ARTHUR, Wellington County.

**KENILWORTH MINE**, Tisdale Township, Cochrane District. Population 89 in 1966 and in 1971 population included in City of Timmins, Cochrane District. References: 5A and 3B.

**KENMORE**, Police Village, Osgoode Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 24 miles southeast of Ottawa and 4 miles from Russell Station on the Ottawa and New York Railway, also 10 miles north of Winchester Station on CPR. Post office established March 1st, 1857. First Postmaster A. Dewar. Kenmore post office still in operation in 1983. Kenmore Incorporated as a Police Village June 29th, 1910 by Bylaw #545. Police Village status dissolved by Legislation effective January 1st, 1974, Regional Municipality of Carleton Act, Section 5, R S O, 1970, and reverts to the Township of Osgoode. The orignal Town meeting offered 2 names for the post office **GLEN LYON** and **KENMORE**. The choice was made by Squire Peter McLaren, who chose Kenmore for his home in Perthshire, Scotland. First settler John McDonald in 1830, on Lot 28, Concession 10. Present approved name is **KENMORE**. Population 50 in 1857 and 242 in 1976. Map position: 45°14' 75°25'. References: B, I, P, S, Z, EE, PP, 3B, 3M, V, 9C, UU, 9L, 5L, 9F and 7L.

KENNAIRD, SEE: TRIPP'S CORNERS, Lambton County.

KENNAWAY, dispersed rural community, Harcourt Township, Haliburton County. Located 27 miles northeast of Minden, 20 miles northeast of Haliburton Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **KENNAWAY** in 1876. First Postmaster C.A. Roberts. Office closed May 31st, 1923. **KENNAWAY STATION** named for nearby Kennaway Lake, (formerly Papineau Lake), and located on the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. Mispelling for this place **KENNEWAY**. Present approved name is **KENNAWAY**. Population 75 in 1885 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 45°10' 78°10'. References: I, S, DD, M, PP, U10, 3R, V, 6T, 4P, 5L and L.

KENNEBEC TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Frontenac County, formerly in Midland District, Canada West. Incorporated the first Monday, January, 1863 by County Bylaw #123, passed September 12th, 1862. Area 68,601 acres. Population 740 in 1980. Map position: 44°44' 76°59'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and V.

KENNEDY #1, railway point, Talbot Township, Algoma District. Kennedy station located on Algoma Central Railway. Present approved name is **KENNEDY**. Map position: 49°13' 84°03'. References: U and V.

KENNEDY #2, dispersed rural community, Kenyon and Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located 30 miles north of Cornwall and 3 miles from Alexandria Station on Canada Atlantic Railway. Post office established as **FASSIFERN** in 1884. First Postmaster Hugh McMaster. The naming of this office is interesting. At the time of opening the new office, the Honourable D. McMillan was called upon to choose a suitable name. It being a Scotch settlement, he decided to call it **KENNEDY**, after the oldest gentleman residing there. Name was sent in and accepted but when it became known to the people, they caused a disturbance by saying that other Scotch names had more right to the name, and Mr. McMillan had the name cancelled. He then named it **FASSIFERN** after Lord Fassifern who was killed at a small battle, the day before the Battle of Waterloo. Lord Fassifern was a Cameron by birth. Office closed February 17th, 1915. Present approved name is **FASSIFERN**. Population 24 in 1885 and 50 in 1907. Map position: 45°21' 74°70'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3R, V, 6T, 5P, 5L and 7D.

KENNEDY ACRES, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Population 41 in 1976. References: 3B.

KENNEDY BAY, concentrated rural community, Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Located 16 kilometres from Lindsay, 4 miles northwest of Dunsford. Summer post office established July 5th, 1937. First Postmaster G.G. Kennedy. Mail is received by boat 2 times daily. Post office was named **KENNEDY BAY** for the first postmaster. Office closed August 31st, 1963. Present approved name is **KENNEDY BAY**. Population 56 by 1976. Map position: 44°28' 78°42'. References: B, U, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

KENNEDY EAST, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **KENNEDY EAST**. Map position: 46°12' 79°52'. References: V.

KENNEDY PARK, urban community, Part of Borough of Scarborough, not City of Scarborough in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. This is a modern name. Located a concession C, lots 28 and 30. Present approved name is

**KENNEDY PARK.** Map position: 43°43' 79°16'. References: V and 8H.

**KENNEDYS,** railway point, Strong Township, Parry Sound District. Present approved name is **KENNEDYS.** Map position: 45°41' 79°24'. References: B, U and V.

**KENNEDY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°07' 80°47'. References: V.

**KENNEDY WEST,** urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **KENNEDY WEST.** Map position: 43°12' 79°55'. References: V.

**KENNEY #1,** SEE: **KENNEYVILLE,** Perth County.

**KENNEY #2,** railway point, Flett Township, Nipissing District. Station is located on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Located 28 miles from Timagami and 8 1/2 miles from Diver. Post office named **KENNEY** opened on December 1st, 1912. First Postmaster William Greer. Office closed June 10th, 1939. Present approved name is **KENNEY.** Map position: 46°49' 79°35'. References: U, LL, V and 6T.

**KENNEYVILLE,** hamlet, Logan Township, Perth County. Located 22 miles west of Stratford and 10 miles north of Mitchell Station on the Buffalo-Goderich line of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened 1889 and named **KENNY.** First Postmaster John Kenny. In 1889, the post office name was changed to **KENNYVILLE.** Post office name mispelled as **KEENEYVILLE.** In 1890, the post office name was changed to **SILSBURG.** On May 1st, 1896, the post office name was changed to **KENNICOTT.** Office closed November 1st, 1914. Recently designated a dispersed rural community,1974. Present approved name is **KENNICOTT.** Population 200 in 1892 and 75 in 1907. Map position: 43°33' 81°07'. References: AA, I, SS, 7E, S, V, 5L and 6T.

**KENNICOT,** SEE: **KENNEYVILLE,** Perth County.

**KENNING TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°15' 79°59'. References: V.

**KENNISIS LAKE,** post office, Havelock Township, Haliburton County. Located 34 kilometres from Haliburton, 12.7 miles from West Guilford and 20 1/2 miles from Haliburton. Post office established as **KENNISIS LAKE** on June 15th, 1962. First Postmistress Mrs. Dorothy Baker. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KENNISIS LAKE.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°13' 78°36'. References: U, V, 5L and 6T.

**KENNOWAY,** hamlet, Amabel Township, Bruce County. Located 6 miles west of Wiarton on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established 1880 as **KENNOWAY.** First Postmaster Alexander Greig. In 1881, the post office name changed to **GREIG** for the first Postmaster. Office closed 1886. Population 96 in 1885. No recent reference to this place. References: I, 5B, T, Z, 3R and 5P.

**KENNY,** SEE: **KENNEYVILLE,** Perth County.

**KENNY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°46' 79°41'. References: V.

**KENNVILLE,** SEE: **KENNEYVILLE,** Perth County.

**KENOGAMI LAKE,** dispersed rural community, Eby and Grenfell Townships, Timiskaming District. Located 15 kilometres west of Kirkland Lake, 4 miles from Swastika and 7 miles from Sesikinika Lake. The name Kenogami means "long water". **KENOGAMI LAKE STATION** is on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,034 feet above sea level. Post office established as **KENOGAMI LAKE** on April 1st, 1912. First Postmaster Robert J. Anderson. Office closed January 1st, 1956. Present approved name is **KENOGAMI LAKE.** Population 19 in 1951 and 156 in 1976. Map position: 48°06' 80°12'. References: R2, 3B, L3, 5E, V, 5L and 6T.

**KENOGAMING TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°08' 81°57'. References: V.

**KENORA,** SEE: **RAT PORTAGE HOUSE,** Kenora District.

**KENORA INDIAN RESERVE #38B (RAT PORTAGE)**, Located south of Kenora, Kenora District. Rat Portage Band owns the Reserve under Grand Council Treaty #3. The language spoken is Ojibway. Population 183 in 1976 and 363 in 1978. Map position: 49°45' 94°25. References: R3, 5L and V.

KENORA (DISTRICT OF), located north of the Lake of the Woods. Consists of: the towns of Dryden, Keewatin, Kenora and Sioux Lookout, the geographic townships of: Aubrey, Avery, Barrett, Benedickson, Big Island, Boys, Bradshaw, Breithaupt, Bridges, Britton, Broderick, Brownridge, Buller, Burk, Cathcart, Chartrand, Code, Colenso, Corman, Coyle, Daniel, Desmond, Devonshire, Dewan, Docker, Drayton, Drope, Echo, Eton, Ewart, Factor, Forgie, Furniss, Gidley, Glass, Godson, Gour, Grummett, Gundy, Hartman, Haycock, Hodgson, Hyndman, Ignace, Ilsley, Jackman, Jaffray, Jordan, Kirkup, Ladysmith, Langton, Laval, leMay, Lomond, MacFie, MacNicol, MacQuarrie, Mafeking, Malachi, Manross, McAree, McGeorge, McIlraith, McMeekin, McNevin, Melgund, Melick, Mutrie, Noyon, Osaquan, Pelican, Pellatt, Pettypiece, Phillips, Pickerel, Redditt, Redvers, Revell, Rice, Rowell, Rudd, Rugby, Sanford, Satterly, Skey, Slaught, Smellie, Southworth, Stokes, Temple, Tustin, Tweedsmuir, Umbach, Van Horne, Vermilion, Vermilion Additional, Wabigoon,Wainwright, Wauchope, Webb, Willingdon, Work and Zealand, the improvement districts of Balmertown, Pickle Lake and Sioux Narrows and the municipal townships of: Barclay, Ear Falls, Ignace, Jaffray and Melick, Machin and Red Lake. The **District of Patricia** was changed to **Patricia Portion** and annexed to Kenora District in 1927. The Patricia Portion consists of the geographic townships of: Agnew, Baird, Ball, Balmer, Bateman, Belanger, Birkett, Bowerman, Byshe, Connell, Corless, Costelo, Dent, Dome, Earngey, Fairlie, Goodall, Graves, Heyson, Honeywell, Killala, Knott, McCullagh, McDonough, McNaughton, Mitchell, Mulcahy, Ponsford, Ranger, Shaver, Skinner, Todd and Williams. Area 153,220 square miles. The Territorial District of Kenora forms the Provisional Judicial District of Kenora. Population 4,564 in 1881 and 36,584 in 1980. References: HH, 2Y and 5C.

KENSAL PARK, urban community, Westminster Township, Middlesex County, later Part of City of London. Another spelling for this name **KENSALL PARK**. Kensall Park post office established May 1st, 1951. First Postmistress Bethel H. Eastwood. Post office located 1 mile west of James Park and 4 miles east of Byron. On October 6th, 1958 the status of Kensall Park post office was changed to a sub-post office of London. Present approved name is **KENSAL PARK**. Population 463 in 1951 and 621 in 1956. Map position: 42°58' 81°17'. References: U, 3B, 5E, SS, V and 6T.

KENSINGTON, post office, London Township, Middlesex County, almost a suburb of London, Ontario. Post office opened as **KENSINGTON** on November 1st, 1880. First Postmaster Robert A. James. On January 21st, 1901 this place was completely destroyed by fire. To May 1st, 1901 the post office had not been reopened. There is no record of it having opened since then. References: I, 3R, 5T, 7N and 5V.

KENSINGTON HEIGHTS, post office, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 1 1/11 mile from London and 8/11 mile from London West. Post office established September 1st, 1917. First Postmaster Josiah S. Motz. On September 1st, 1932 the status of the Kensington Heights post office was changed to a sub-post office of London. On April 1st, 1959 the sub-post office **KENSINGTON HEIGHTS-LONDON** closed. No recent reference to this office. References: U and 6T.

KENSINGTON POINT, Summer post office opened August 28th, 1917 in Algoma District. Located 2 1/2 miles from Desbarats. First Postmaster Richard Shaughnessy. On February 1st, 1922 the post office issued a list which said the summer post office, Kensington Point, had not been in operation since the 1917 season and is being considered as permanently closed. No recent reference to this office. References: 6T.

KENSON PARK, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **KENSON PARK**. Map position: 45°21' 75°46'. References: V.

KENSTONE BEACH, dispersed rural community, Verulam Township, Victoria County. Located 10 km northeast of Dunsford, 13 km southwest of Burys Green and 14 east of Fenelon Falls. Summer post office KENSTONE BEACH established September 7th, 1938. First Postmaster D. W. Price. Office not in operation in 1984. Present approved name is **KENSTONE BEACH**. Population 11 in 1972 and 54 in 1976. Map position: 44°31' 78°34'. References: B, U, 3B, O, V, 5L and 6T.

**KENT**, urban community, Part of Town of Meaford, County of Grey. Present approved name is **KENT**. Map position: 44°36' 80°36'. Reference: V+.

**KENT BRIDGE**, SEE: **CAMDEN WEST**, Kent County.

**KENT CENTRE**, dispersed rural community, Harwich Township, Kent County. Located on McGregor's Creek, 3 miles from Fargo Station on Michigan Central Railway, 12 miles southeast of Chatham. Post office opened as **KENT CENTRE** on January 16th, 1903. First Postmaster Wesley J. Simpson. Office closed July 1st, 1918. Present approved name is **KENT CENTRE**. Population 15 in 1913 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 42°23' 82°06'. References: S, DD, MM, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 7Q.

**KENT COUNTY**, Originally in Western District, Canada West. Incorporated (1) by Canada Statutes 1849, C.78, sch.A - Counties of Essex and Kent were united for judicial and other purposes effective January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statutes, 1850. By Canada Statutes 1849, C.79, amended to read United Counties of Essex, Kent and Lambton effective January 1st, 1850. (2) By proclamation dated December 31st, 1850 Essex County to be separated from the United Counties of Essex, Kent and Lambton but this proclamation was revoked by proclamation dated January 13th, 1851 and the County of Kent was disunited from the said United Counties of Essex and Lambton effective January 13th, 1851. Area 918 square miles. The County of Kent consists of: the City of Chatham, the towns of: Blenheim, Bothwell, Dresden, Ridgetown, Tilbury and Wallaceburg, the villages of: Erieu, Erie Beach, Highgate, Thamesville and Wheatley, and the townships of Camden, Chatham, Dover, Harwich, Howard, Orford, Raleigh, Romney, Tilbury East and Zone. Population 31,866 in 1901 and 107,449 in 1980. References: M, 2Y, C, HH, 10E and PP.

**KENTE**, This was an Indian mission-station established by the French at the western end of the Bay of Quinte, opposite what is now the site of Trenton, in 1668. It was this this mission which gave its name to the Bay of Quinte. Mission closed 1680. References: 6Q and 7A.

**KENT GARDENS**, urban community, Trafalgar Township, Halton County. Recently Part of Town of Oakville in the Regional Municipality of Halton. **KENT GARDENS** post office established February 26th, 1953. First Postmaster Peter Paul Nichols. Office located 2 1/4 miles north of Oakville and 2 1/2 miles south of Trafalgar. Office closed July 14th, 1956. Place also named **KENT GARDENS SURVEY**. Present approved name is **KENT GARDENS**. Population 50 in 1951 and 535 in 1956. Map position: 43°27' 79°42'. References: U, 3B, 5E, V and 6T.

**KENTLEY**, dispersed rural community, Part of Cty of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **KENTLEY**. Map position: 43°14' 79°46'. References: V.

**KENTVALE #1**, dispersed rural community, St. Joseph's Township, Algoma District. Located on St. Joseph's Island, 35 miles from Sault Ste. Marie and 12 miles from Desbarats Station on the Sioux line of CPR. Post office established as **KENTVALE** April 20th, 1901. First Postmaster F.B. Kent. On August 1st, 1905 post office name was changed to **HARMONY**. Office closed February 22nd, 1928. Map position: 46°12' 84°03'. Present approved name is **HARMONY**. Population not shown in 1976. References: S, MM, V, 7S, 6T, PP, 5L and SS.

**KENTVALE #2**, dispersed rural community, St. Joseph and Jocelyn Townships, Algoma District. Located 6 miles from Richard's Landing, one and a half miles from Harmony and 4 miles from Outlook. Post office established as **KENTVALE** on December 10th, 1912. First Postmaster Fred. B. Kent, (yes, he opened this and the office which became Harmony). Office closed April 4th, 1928. Present approved name is **KENTVALE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°12' 84°02'. References: U, DD, 5L, V and 6T.

**KENT VILLAGE**, Wellington County. Located 5 miles from Glenallan. Date of reference 1872. No further references to this place. References: 7B.

**KENTVILLE**. Located 10 miles from Alma, in Peel Township, Wellington County. Population 20 in 1875. No further reference to this place. References: A.

**KENWELL**, station, Errington Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 7 miles west of Little Long Lac and 9 miles southwest of Geraldton, and on the CNR. Post office established as **BANKFIELD** on October 6th, 1937. First Postmaster D. F. Brazel. Office closed April 30th, 1943. In December, 1938, **KENWELL STATION** name was changed to **BANKFIELD STATION**. Now designated a dispersed rural community, Lindsley Township, Thunder Bay District. Present approved name is **BANKFIELD**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°42' 87°05'. References: V, U, S, 6T and 5L.

**KENYON #1**, concentrated rural community, Kenyon Township, Glengarry County. Located 9 miles west of Alexandria, 25 miles north of Cornwall and 5 miles north of Glengarry Station on Canada Atlantic Railway. Post office established as **KENYON** on July 6th, 1848. First Postmaster Donald Cattanach. Office name changed to **DUNVEGAN** in 1862. There is also a reference to Laggan with a post office named, Kenyon. It looks as though Mr. Donald Cattanach, had a moveable post office named **KENYON** and shared it between Lagaan and what later became Dunvegan Village between 1848 and 1869. Office remains operating in 1983 in the Village which has assumed the name Dunvegan from the post office. Present approved name is **DUNVEGAN**. Population 200 in 1885 and 77 in 1976. Map position: 45°22' 74°49'. References: I, C, 8P, S, Z, 3B, 3R, V, 7B and 5L.

**KENYON #2**, post office, Salter Township, Algoma District. Located 5 miles from Massey Station. **KENYON** post office established June 15th, 1917. First Postmaster A.G. Morrison. Office closed November 30th, 1917. No further reference to this post office. References: 6T.

**KENYON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Glengarry County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C.81. Originally this Township was in Eastern District, Canada West, later within the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry. Area 66,600 acres. Population 3,842 in 1852 and 2,899 in 1980. Map position: 45°18' 74°44'. References: C, HH, 2W, M and V.

**KEPLAR**, SEE: **HEAD OF LAKE**, Frontenac County.

**KEPLER**, SEE: **HEAD OF LAKE**, Frontenac County.

**KEPPEL (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Grey County. Incorporated as a Township, first Monday, January, 1859. This Township was named for a family name of Lord Bury who was Governor General of Canada in the 1850's. In 1855, this Township was surrendered by the Indians to the Crown. First settler W.C. Boyd. In 1855, the Township was surveyed by Charles Rankin, Deputy Land Surveyor. Population 2,174 in 1871 and 2,738 in 1980. Map position: 44°40' 81°02'. References: HH, M, V and 2K.

**KERNIGHAN**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **KERNIGHAN**. Map position: 43°13' 79°53'. References: V.

**KERNS TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1904. Quieting Order C6703, dated March 31st, 1953. Population 453 in 1977 and 466 in 1980. Map position: 47°38' 79°49'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**KERR LAKE**, dispersed rural community, Coleman Township, Timiskaming District. Located 5 kilometres from Cobalt. Present approved name is **KERR LAKE**. Population 86 in 1956 and 54 in 1966. Map position: 47°23' 79°39'. References: U, 5A, 5E and V.

**KERR LINE**, dispersed rural community, Ross Township, Renfrew County. Located 5 km southeast of Foresters Falls, 7 km south of Grants Settlement, 8 km north of Haley and 12 km northeast of Cobden. Present approved name is **KERR LINE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°39' 76°45'. References: V and 5L.

**KERRS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°45' 80°13'. References: V.

**KERRWOOD**, Police Village, Adelaide Township, Middlesex County. Located 24 1/2 miles west of London, 6 miles west of Strathroy and a station on Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened February 1st, 1861 named **KERWOOD**. First Postmaster J. H. Thomas. Office still in operation in 1983. **KERRWOOD**

Incorporated as a Police Village January 29th, 1916 by Bylaw #783. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. On June 23rd, 1950 the name was officially changed to **KERWOOD**. Present approved name is **KERWOOD**. Population 300 in 1886 and 126 in 1976. Map position: 42°56' 81°45 . References: B, I, T, S, AA, PP, 3B, 3Z, 3N, V, 7B, 6T, 5L and 9L.

**KERRY,** SEE: **SCOTCH RIVER MILLS**, Prescott County.

**KERRY'S CORNERS,** hamlet, located at Logie Street and Queen Street in, and long overgrown, by modern day Lindsay, Victoria County. References: 8E.

**KERTCH,** SEE: **EAST PLYMPTON**, Lambton County.

**KERWOOD,** SEE: **KERRWOOD**, Middlesex County.

**KESWICK,** SEE: **MEDINA #2**, York County.

**KESWICK,** SEE: **DUG HILL**, York County.

**KESWICK BEACH,** dispersed rural community, within Regional Municipality of York. Located on Cook's Bay, 1 km south of Keswick, 12 km southwest of Sutton and 17 km north of Holland Landing. Present approved name is **KESWICK BEACH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 79°29'. References: V and 5L.

**KETCHINI CAMP,** SEE: **PRISK'S CAMP**, Sudbury District.

**KETEGAUNE-SEEBE,** Indian settlement, Canada West. Located at the mouth of a small river of the same name. The Ketegaune-Seebe River empties itself into the Ste. Marie River. Located 9 miles from Sault Ste. Marie and 500 miles from Toronto. This settlement was formed about 17 years ago in 1840 by the Church of England who have baptized all the Indians here, excepting a few Roman Catholics. Distance 360 miles from Collingwood, 180 miles from Mahnetooahning, and 36 miles from Bruce Mines. Population 300 in 1857. Its English name is **GARDEN RIVER**. Date of reference 1857. The CP station named **GARDEN** changed to **GARDEN RIVER**. On June 1st, 1866, post office established as **GARDEN RIVER**. First Postmaster Charles W. Radiger. Office not in operation in 1984. Now designated a dispersed rural community, Algoma District. The Indian name of Garden River is spelled **KETEGAUNESEEBE** in 1980. Present approved name is **GARDEN RIVER**. Population 750 in 1895 and 200 in 1926 and 186 in 1980. Map position: 46-33' 84°10'. References: EE, 7W, SS, I, T, U, Z, MM, PP, 3P, V and 5L.

**KETTLEBY,** SEE: **TYRWIRTS' MILLS**, York County.

**KETTLEBY MILLS,** SEE: **TYRWIRTS' MILLS**, York County.

**KETTLEBY'S MILLS,** SEE: **TYRWIRTS' MILLS**, York County.

**KETTLE CREEK,** post office, London District, Canada West, now in South Dorchester and Westminster Townships, and in Elgin and Middlesex Counties, being on the county boundary line. Located 13 miles southeast of London, 9 miles northeast of St. Thomas and is on Kettle Creek and Highway #74. First settler Joshua S. Odell in 1832. In 1849, the name of the place was changed to **PLYMOUTH**. In 1853, the post office was established at Plymouth, one mile north of Belmont. Office opened April 1st, 1853 and named **PLYMOUTH**. First Postmaster Jacob S. Manning. The people in Belmont, however, wanted the post office, so that they requested that the post office name be changed to **BELMONT** which was done. Then they sent a petition asking that the Belmont post office should be moved 1 mile south to the place named Belmont, which was also done. The first Postmaster lost the post office and it was moved to Belmont, in 1854. Office still in operation in 1983. **BELMONT STATION** is served by CPR. **BELMONT** became a Police Village December 8th, 1902 and later (in Elgin County) was Incorporated as a Village January 1st, 1961. Present approved name is **BELMONT**. Population 600 in 1895 and 792 in 1972. Map position: 42°53' 81°05'. References: C, 3H, M, I, S, Z, EE, 2Y, O, 3K, 5L, 6S and 7D.

KETTLE CREEK VILLAGE, City, Yarmouth Township, Elgin County. Located 121 miles from Toronto and 17 miles from London and on Kettle Creek. The 2nd name for the hamlet was STIRLING. First buildings were erected in 1810. Post office established 1825 as ST. THOMAS in Upper Canada. It was named for Thomas Talbot. First Postmaster J.C. Goodhue. Office still in operation in 1983. The settlement was founded by Captain Daniel Rapelje. In 1824, the province's first medical school opened at St. Thomas. Incorporated as a Village January 1st, 1852 by Act 12, Vic, cap.81 and proclamation of September 12th, 1851, effective date January 1st, 1852. Became a Town January 1st, 1861 and Incorporated as City March 4th, 1881. In 1872 that portion of Yarmouth Township adjoining the Town on the east and known as MILLERSBURG was added to the Town of St. Thomas by Act of Parliament. First settler in Millersburg, John Miller. Millersburg is now known as ST. DAVID'S WARD in the City of St. Thomas. This place was sometimes called ST. THOMAS WEST. Present approved name is ST. THOMAS. Population 800 in 1846, 10,000 in 1886 and 27,065 in 1979. Map position: 42°47' 81°12'. References: B, I, G, M, C, N, T, S, AA, HH, 2T, 2Y, 2S, 3R, 5K, VV, 7X and V.

KETTLE POINT #1, ancient area, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. On Lake Huron shoreline which has an outcropping of chert. The Indians used this material before the 17th century as flint arrow heads. Carbon dating has indicated the age of formations at 2,700 years. References: 2X.

KETTLE POINT #2, hamlet, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. Post office requested, but refused. Area is served by Rural Route #2 from Forest. This place is part of Kettle Point Indian Reservation #44. Population not shown in 1976. Present approved name is KETTLE POINT. Map position: 43°11' 82°01'. References: 2Z, V and 5L.

KETTLE POINT INDIAN RESERVATION #44, Located northeast of Sarnia, Lambton County. This reserve of 2,446 acres was established by Treaty July 10th, 1827. Population 779 in 1976. Map position: 43°11' 82°00'. References: 1H, B and V.

KETTLE RIVER, or RIVIERE a la CHAUDIERE. Date of reference 1799. References: 7W.

KETTLE'S BEACH, suburban community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 km west of Sawlog Bay, 10km northeast of Penetanguishene and 13 km northwest of Lafontaine. Present approved name is KETTLE'S BEACH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°51' 79°59'. References: V+ and 5L.

KEWARD, dispersed rural community, Sullivan Township, Grey County. Located 4 miles from Chatsworth Station on CPR and 9 miles from Owen Sound. Post office established as KEWARD on July 1st, 1899. First Postmaster William Ferguson. Office closed June 1st, 1913. Keward was named for a suburb of the City of Wells in Somersetshire, England. Present approved name is KEWARD. Map position: 44°27' 80°58'. References: B, S, PP, V, 7H, 6T, 5L and 7D.

KEY HARBOUR, dispersed rural community, northwest of Byng Inlet, Parry Sound District. Located 24 kilometres from Britt and 7 miles southwest of Key Junction. The summer post office established as KEY HARBOUR on July 27th, 1937. First Postmaster Peter Murray. Office closed November 19th, 1960. Present approved name is KEY HARBOUR. Population 58 in 1941 and 61 in 1980. Map position: 45°53' 80°43'. References: B, U, 3B, V, 5L and 6T.

KEY JUNCTION, dispersed rural community, northwest of Byng Inlet, Parry Sound District. Located 3 kilometres from Pickerel River, 65 miles from Parry Sound and 32 miles from Salines. Post office established as KEY JUNCTION on March 1st, 1915. First Postmaster H.J. Craig. Office closed November 29th, 1947. Present approved name is KEY JUNCTION. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°59' 80°43'. References: B, U, V, 5L and 6T.

KEY RIVER, dispersed rural community, north of Byng Inlet, Parry Sound District. Located on the Key River, 3 km south of Cranberry Station, 3 km west of Ludgate, 5 km north of Bekanon and 13 km east of Key Harbour. Present approved name is KEY RIVER. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°54' 80°34'. References: V and 5L.

**KEYS**, dispersed rural community, Part of the City of Timmins, Cochrane District. In August, 1916, the name was changed to **KEYSON**. Located near Kidd. Present approved name is **KEYS**. Map position: 48°34' 81°03'. References: SS, U and V.

**KEYSER**, dispersed rural community, Adelaide Township, Middlesex County. Located 25 miles west of London, 12 miles northwest of Strathroy and 13 kilometres from Kerwood. Post office established 1864 named **KEYSER**. First Postmaster P.H. Keyser. Office was named after the first Postmaster. Office closed November 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **KEYSER**. Population 200 in 1875 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 43°03' 81°44'. References: B, I, A, S, U, AA, MN, V, 6T, 5L and 4B.

**KEYSON** SEE: **KEYS**, Cochrane District.

**KEYSTONE CAMPS**, dispersed rural community, Bertram Township, Nipissing District. Located 37 kilometres from North Bay and 34 miles from Callander. Summer Post office named **KEYSTONE CAMPS** established July 1st, 1935. First Postmistress Mrs. Minnie I. Torrance. Daily mail came by steamer. Office closed January 8th, 1970. Present approved name is **KEYSTONE CAMPS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°12' 79°52'. References: U, V, 6T and 9F.

**KHARTUM** SEE: **LETT**, Renfrew County.

**KHIVA**, Stephen Township, Huron County. Located 40 miles south Goderich, 8 miles west of Centralia and 10 miles southwest of Exeter. Post office established as **KHIVA** in 1879. First Postmaster Valentine Ratz. Office closed in February 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **KHIVA**. Population 18 in 1886 and 75 in 1913. Map position: 43°17' 81°37'. References: I, T, S, AA, DD, 5V, 5L and 6T.

**KIAWANNA BEACH**, concentrated rural community, St. Vincent Township, Grey County. Located 3 miles west of Meaford. Summer post office established as **KIWANNA BEACH** on June 15th, 1939. First Postmaster Richard Stanley Godfrey. Office closed September 15th, 1971. In 1977 the spelling of the name was changed to the present approved name of **KIOWANA BEACH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°39' 80°38'. References: B, U, V+, V, 5L and 6T.

**KIBIKASKI**, urban community, Part of the City of Thunder Bay, Thunder Bay District. Present approved name is **KIBIKASKI**. Map position: 48°30' 89°20'. References: V.

**KIDD**, Cochrane District, Ontario. Date of this reference 1980. References: U.

**KIDD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°40' 81°24'. References: V.

**KILBIRNIE**, settlement, Pittsburg Township, Frontenac County. Located 16 kilometres from Kingston. Post office established as **KILBIRNIE** on March 1st, 1908. First Postmaster A.J. Cowan. Office closed January 15th, 1913. No population shown in 1974. Present approved name is **KILBIRNIE**. Map position: 44°18' 76°20'. References: B, U, V, 6T and 9J.

**KILBRIDE**, dispersed rural community, Nelson Township, Halton County, now Part of the City of Burlington, within the Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 9 miles southwest of Milton and 5 miles south Campbellville Station on CPR. Post office established as **KILBRIDE** on December 1st, 1856. First Postmaster William Panton. Kilbride post office was named by him for a Village in County Wicklow, Ireland. Office is still in operation in 1983. In 1877 this place was shown almost adjoining the small hamlet of Cumminsville. Present approved name is **KILBRIDE**. Population 250 in 1893 and 198 in 1956. Map position: 43°25' 79°56'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3M, 1B, V, 9F and 7D.

**KILBURN**, railway point, Part of the Town of Iroquois Falls, Cochrane District. Located near Porquis. Present approved name is **KILBURN**. Map position: 48°41' 80°48'. References: U and V.

**KILCOO CAMP**, dispersed rural community, Lutterworth Township, Haliburton County. Located 5.8 miles south of

Minden, 2 1/2 miles northwest of Miner's Bay, 17 miles north of Norland and 19 kilometres from Kinmount. Summer post office established as **KILCOO CAMP** on July 1st, 1953, on lot 11, concession 10, Township of Lutterworth. First Postmaster Charles F. Plewman. Kilcoo Camp post office still in operation in 1973. Present approved name is **KILCOO CAMP**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°51' 78°46'. References: U, 6V, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

KILGORE, Mulmur Township, Dufferin County. Date of map entry March, 1976. References: B.

KILGORIE, dispersed rural community, Mulmur Township, Dufferin County. Located 20 miles north of Orangeville, 12 miles northeast of Shelburne Station on CPR and on the Pine River. Post office established as **KILGORIE** in 1881. First Postmaster Newton Maw (Norton Maw). Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **KILGORIE**. Population 60 in 1892 and 100 in 1895. Map position: 44°10' 80°09'. References: I, S, AA, PP, V, 6T, 5L & 5G.

**KILKENNY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°27' 88°05'. References: V.

**KILLALA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 50°59' 94°06'. References: V.

KILLALOE, concentrated rural community, Hagarty Township, Renfrew County. Located on Brennan's Creek, 2 miles from Killaloe Station, 40 miles south of Pembroke and 20 miles northwest of Eganville. Post Office established as KILLALOE on April 1st, 1879. First Postmaster Samuel Devine. Office closed December 1st, 1961. Present approved name is **KILLALOE**. Population 100 in 1895 and 71 in 1956. Map position: 45°32' 77°25'. References: B, I, S, 5L, V, Z, 5E and 7D.

KILLALOE STATION, SEE: FORT McDONELL, Renfrew County.

KILLANORA, SEE: VILLANOVA, Norfolk County.

KILLARNEY, SEE: SHEBAHONANING, Algoma District.

KILLARNEY BEACH, urban community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located on Cook's Bay, in Lake Simcoe, 1 km northeast of Lefroy, 14 km east of Thornton and 18 km southwest of Barrie. Present approved name is **KILLARNEY BEACH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 79°33'. References: V and 5L.

KILLARNEY CHANNEL, Rutherford & George Island Township, Manitoulin District. Pop: 52 in 1951.References:3B.

KILLARNEY HEIGHTS, Hearst & McVittie Townships, later Larder Lake Township, Timiskaming District. Population 82 in 1956 and 34 in 1966. References: 5A and 5E.

KILLARNEY LODGE, Canisbay Township, Nipissing South District. Date of entry December, 1977. Present approved name is KILLARNEY LODGE. References: V.

**KILLARNEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Map position: 46°03' 81°28'. References: V.

KILLBEAR PARK, dispersed rural community, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Located 2.8 miles south of Keswick, 5 miles south of Elmhurst Beach, 1.9 miles south of Indianola Beach, 1.4 miles north of Young's Harbour and 23 kilometres from Nobel. Summer post office established as KILBEAR PARK on June 1st, 1962. First Postmaster Elmer Roy Smith. Office closed August 31st, 1968. Present approved name is **KILLBEAR PARK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°21' 80°14'. References: U, V, 5L and 6T.

KILLCAREY SURVEY, Flamborough Township, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Population 68 in 1961 and 72 in 1971. References: 3B and 5A.

KILLEAN, hamlet, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located 1 mile from Leslie, 6 miles from Galt, 12 miles south of Guelph and on Mill Creek. Post office established as KILLEAN in 1865. First Postmaster Donald

Ferguson. Office was named after Kilean, in Kantyre, Argyleshire, Scotland, since all the early settlers came from that place. Office closed August 7th, 1912. Present approved name is KILLEAN. Population 25 in 1893, 60 in 1913 and 13 in 1976. Map position: 43°25' 80°14'. References: I, A, S, AA, DD, U10, 3R, V+, 4F, 4C, 9F, 5L and 7D.

KILLEAN STATION, SEE: LESLIES, Wellington County.

KILLERBY, post office, Yarmouth Township, Elgin County. Located 6 miles from St. Thomas and 5 miles from Glanworth. Post office opened as KILLERBY on November 1st, 1871. First Postmaster John Hicks. Office closed July 1st, 1880. Place name once mispelled as KELLERBY. No recent references to this place. References: 7B, 4K, I, A and 5X.

KILLINS TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 32, Range 26, Algoma District.

KILLORAN, SEE: BURNTWOOD, Cochrane District.

KILLRAINE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 85, Thunder Bay District.

KILLYLEAGH, hamlet, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 10 miles south of Barrie and 4 miles southeast of Thornton Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as KILLYLEAGH in 1880. First Postmaster George Sharp. The first pioneer, James Scroggie, named this place after his native Town in Ireland. The people wanted to name the place SCROGGIETOWN or SCROGGIEVILLE, but James declined the honour. Name means "the church of the field". Post office closed December 29th, 1903. Population 50 in 1892. No recent references to this place. References: I, T, AA, JJ, 5V and 7J.

KILMANAGH, dispersed rural community, Chinguacousy Township, and earlier Caledon Township, Peel County, most recently in the Town of Caledon, in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 14 miles northwest of Brampton, 3 miles south of Mono Road Station on CPR and 3 miles from Paisley. Post office established as KILMANAGH on September 1st, 1858 and the spelling was listed as KLIMANAGH. First Postmaster Peter F. Slater. Office closed August 5th, 1913. Settled in 1833 and there are still several homes in existence in 1980. On one map, this place was shown spelled KILMAGH. Present approved name is KILMANAGH. Population 40 in 1875 and 60 in 1892. Map position: 43°50' 79°53'. References: B, I, A, S, AA, W3, 3C, 3W, V and 6T.

KILMARNOCH, SEE: DUNEDIN #3, Kent County.

KILMARNOCK #1, SEE: MAITLAND RAPIDS, Lanark County.

KILMARNOCK #2, Darlington Township, Durham County. Located west of Enfield in 1878. The reference says a post office was listed in 1878. There is no record of a post office named, Kilmarnock, in Durham County, in that year. Darlington Township was amalgamted by the Town of Newcastle, in the Regional Municipality of Durham, 1974. References: 3G.

KILMARNOCK #3, post office, Wolford Township, Grenville County. Postmaster George Newsome. This post office appears to have been opened in 1865 and closed in 1883. There is no location for the place. No recent reference. References: 4P, 4Q, 4R, 4N, 4C, 4B and 9F.

KILMARTIN, dispersed rural community, Mosa and Metcalfe Townships, Middlesex County. Located 35 miles southwest of London, 2 miles from Walkers Station on Michigan Central Railway and 5 miles from Glencoe. Post office established as KILMARTYIN on September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster John Smith. Office closed August 1st, 1911. This place was named after a Town in the Highlands of Scotland. Present approved name is KILMARTIN. Population 150 in 1875 and 50 in 1892. Map position: 42°47' 81°46'. References: B, I, A, S, AA, PP, 3Z, V, 6T and 7D.

KILMAURS, dispersed rural community, Torbolton Township, later West Carleton Township, Carleton County and later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 28 miles west of Ottawa, 12 miles from

Arnprior, 7 miles from Kinburn and 6 miles from Fitzroy Harbour. Post office established as **KILMAURS** in 1870. First Postmaster William Munro. Office closed January 15th, 1914. Present approved name is **KILMAURS**. Population 100 in 1875 and 75 in 1913. Map position: 45°28' 76°07'. References: B, I, A, T, S, DD, MM, PP, V, 6T and 4H.

**KILMER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°17' 81°45'. References: V.

**KILPATRICK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°03' 81°01'. References: V.

**KILROY**, hamlet, Colchester Township, Essex County. Located 15 miles southeast of Sandwich and has a station on Michigan Central Railway. The railway name is **EDGARS** and is an approved name. Post office established 1882 named **KILROY**. First Postmaster William Currie. In 1886, the post office name changed to **EDGAR'S MILLS**. Office closed August 14th, 1914. At times this place is known as **EDGAR STATION** and **EDGARS MILLS**. The name, Edgars, has been recently designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **EDGARS**. Population 350 in 1885 and 25 in 1976. Map position: 42°09' 82°55'. References: I, T, 3R, 5P, 5O, S, Z, 3B, 6T, V, 5L and AA.

**KILRUSH**, railway point, Boulter Township, Nipissing District. This station is 14 km from Kiosk. Named by A.J. Hills, Superintendent of Canadian Northern Railway, in 1908. Present approved name is **KILRUSH**. References: B, U, V and 8L.

**KILSYTH**, concentrated rural community, Derby Township, Grey County. Located 7 miles southwest of Owen Sound. Post office established as **KILSYTH** on March 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Alexander Fleming. Office closed July 21st, 1970. Present approved name is **KILSYTH**. Population 100 in 1886 and 88 in 1976. Map position: 44°31' 81°01'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, V, 8U and 9F.

**KILWORTH**, dispersed rural community, Delaware Township, Middlesex County. Located on the River Thames, 7 miles from London and 5 miles from Delaware. Post office established as **KILWORTH** on August 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Charles Cook. Office closed 1857. Present approved name is **KILWORTH**. Population 150 in 1846, 200 in 1851 and 76 in 1976. Map position: 42°58' 81°23'. References: B, I, G, A, EE, 3J, 5B, V, 5L and 8Q.

**KILWORTH BRIDGE**, post office, Lobo & Delaware Townships, Middlesex County. Located 3 miles from Komoka Station on Grand Trunk Railway and CPR, and 10 miles from London. Post office established June 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Harvey Kilbourne. Office closed October 1st, 1913. Population 41 in 1951 and 109 in 1966. Map position: 42°58' 81°23'. This is the same map position as is shown for Kilworth, the preceding entry, and is likely a later post office for this named. References: PP, 5A, 5E, 7G and 9J.

**KILWORTH HEIGHTS**, Delaware Township, Middlesex County. Population 326 in 1971 and 76 in 1976. References: 3B.

**KILWORTHY**, SEE: **LETHBRIDGE**, Muskoka District.

**KILWORTHY STATION**, railway point, Part of the Town of Gravenhurst in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is **KILWORTHY STATION**. Map position: 44°51' 79°21'. References: V.

**KIMBALL**, dispersed rural community, Moore Township, Lambton County. Located 12 miles southeast of Sarnia and 3 miles west of Brigden Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as **KIMBALL** on December 1st, 1878. First Postmaster James Kimball for whom the office is named. Office closed August 1st, 1913. Place sometimes referred to as **KIMBALLS**. The station is called **KIMBALL STATION** and was first on the Canada Southern Railway, later the Michigan Central Railway. Present approved name is **KIMBALL**. Population 50 in 1892 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 42°49' 82°21'. References: B, I, S, U, AA, Z, MM, 2Z, V, 6T and 5V.

**KIMBERLEY**, SEE: **ROCKVIEW #1**, Grey County.

**KIMBERLEY PARK**, Ennismore Township, Peterborough County. Located on Buckhorn Lake, 5 km north of Youngstown, 5

km east of Windward Sands and 12 km west of Lakefield. Present approved name is KIMBERLEY PARK. Population 28 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 78°25'. References: 3B and 5L.

KIMBERLEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°54' 80°35'. References: V.

KIMBO, hamlet, South Grimsby Township, Lincoln County, later West Lincoln Township in Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 22 miles west of St. Catharines, 7 miles southwest of Grimsby and on the 20 Mile Creek. Post office established in 1892 named KIMBO. First Postmistress Mary Newnham. Office closed February 15th, 1913. In 1974, designated a dispersed rural community. This place is named, Kimbo, because there is a bend in the road caused by the shape of the 20 Mile Creek. If the road had been straightened, it would have required 2 bridges to cross the creek. Present approved name is KIMBO. Population about 90 in 1908. Map position: 43°07' 79°36'. References: B, S, Z, PP, V, 6T, I and 7D.

KIMCLARK, railway point, Templeton Township, Algoma District. In February, 1948 the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway changed the name of Kimclark to BOON. Present approved name is BOON. Population 96 in 1951. Map position: 49°23' 83°57'. References: 3B, SS and V.

KINBURN #1, concentrated rural community, Fitzroy Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 30 miles west of Ottawa, on the Carp River, 7 miles northeast of Pakenham Station on CPR and 9 miles southeast of Arnprior. Post office established as KINBURN on December 1st, 1855. First Postmaster James Mills. It was named after a Village of that name in Scotland. Kinburn post office is still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is KINBURN. Population 150 in 1886 and 174 in 1980. Map position: 45°23' 76°11'. References: T, S, I, U, AA, Z, V, 8U, 9J and 7D.

KINBURN #2, dispersed rural community, Hullet Township, Huron County. Located 20 miles from Goderich, 85 miles from Hamilton and 7 1/2 miles north of Seaforth Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established January 1st, 1857 named CONSTANCE. The people did apply for a post office named Kinburn but it already been taken by another post office. First Postmaster John Lawson. Office closed March 1st, 1914. The name Kinburn was given to this place by one of the earliest settlers, Raphael Stephenson. It was the name of his native parish in Scotland. Present approved name is KINBURN. Population 100 in 1886 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 43°38' 81°25'. References: EE, V, I, T, Z, 3M, 6T, 1G, 6S & 7D.

KINBURN #3, dispersed rural community, Glanford Township, Wentworth County, later Glanbrook Township within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 6 miles southwest of Hamilton and 4 miles from Rymal on Great Western Railway. Post office established as NORTH GLANFORD on March 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Jacob Terryberry. Office closed April 24th, 1911. Present approved name is NORTH GLANFORD. Population 175 in 1875 and 179 in 1976. Map position: 43°11' 79°54'. References: AA, B, I, A, T, S, DD, 3B, 3K, 6T, 5V, 8Q and V.

KINBURN #4, concentrated rural community, Sunnidale Township, Simcoe County. Located on Coate's Creek, 17 miles from Barrie, 17 miles from Collingwood and 79 miles from Toronto. Post office established April 1st, 1856 named SUNNIDALE STATION. First Postmaster Peter Paton. On April 1st, 1858 Sunnidale Station name was changed to NEW LOWELL. Office still in operation in 1983. This name change was made by the furniture manufacturers, Jacques & Hay. They had established a cutting mill for wood, for their furniture factory, the furniture of which they sold in Toronto. This place settled in 1853. First settlers were the Paton family. The name, New Lowell, comes from Lowell, Massachusetts, U.S.A., as Mr. Hay one time thought that this might be a manufacturing centre of comparable importance. NEW LOWELL STATION was on the Northern Railway and later on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is NEW LOWELL. Population 250 in 1896 and 185 in 1980. Map position: 44°22' 79°57'. References: I, BU, T, S, U, EE, JJ, PP, V and 7D.

KINBURN #5, hamlet, Hullett Township, Huron County. Located 8 km east of Clinton, 9 km north of Seaforth and 18 km southwest of Brussells. Present approved name is KINBURN. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°37' 81°26'. References: 5L and B.

KINBURN STATION, West Carleton Township, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Dated February, 1974. References: B.

KINCAID TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 47°06' 84°40'. References: V.

KINCARDINE, SEE: PENETANGORE, Bruce County.

KINCARDINE (TOWNSHIP OF), Geographic Township, Bruce County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1851, by County Bylaw, passed September 21st, 1853. Population 1,149 in 1852 and 3,143 in 1980. Map position: 44°11' 81°30'. References: H, M, 2W and V.

KINCH STREET, dispersed rural community, Kitley Township, Leeds County. Present approved name is KINCH STREET. Map position: 44°48' 75°56'. References: V.

KINERAS TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°02' 81°23'. References: V.

KING #1, SEE: SPRINGHILL, York County.

KING #2, SEE: TRUDEAU #2, Thunder Bay District.

KINGARF, dispersed rural community, Kincardine and Greenock Townships, Bruce County. Located 20 miles northwest of Walkerton and 14 miles from Lucknow Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as KINGARF in 1866. First Postmaster Ben Moulton. Office closed December 1st, 1916. Present approved name is KINGARF. Population 50 in 1892 and 30 in 1926. Map position: 44°09' 81°26'. References: I, S, AA, MM, PP, V, 5T and 6T.

KING CITY, SEE: SPRINGHILL #3, York County.

KING CREEK, SEE: STOKE'S HOLLOW, York County.

KINGCROSS ESTATES, King Township, Regional Municipality of York. Population 107 in 1961 and 441 in 1976. References: B, 3B and 5A.

KINGDOM MINE, settlement, Fitzroy Township, Carleton County, later West Carleton Township, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. This place discovered in 1884 with a lead deposit. Mine operated for 1 year. It opened again in 1914 as a war supply source and it produced until 1931. It was then flooded. No recent references to this place. Map position: 45°26' 76°15'. References: B, E and V.

KINGFISHER INDIAN RESERVE, Kenora District. Located 360 kilometres northeast of Sioux Lookout. The Kingfisher Band owns and resides on this reserve under the Grand Council Treaty #9. The spoken language is Cree. Population 219 in 1978. Map position: 53°00' 89°49'. References: R3.

KINGFISHER INDIAN RESERVATION #1, on Kingfisher Lake, Patricia Portion, Kenora District. Located 10 km northeast of Big Beaver House, 40 km northwest of Wunnimmin Lake and 87 km south of Big Trout. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 53°05' 89°49'. References: 5L and 9K.

KINGFISHER INDIAN RESERVATION #2, on Pipestone River, Patricia Portion, Kenora District. Located 15 km south of Kingfisher Indian Reservation #1, 37 km west of Wunnimmin Lake and 100 km east of Weagamow Lake. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 52°48' 89°47'. References: 5L and 9K.

KINGFISHER INDIAN RESERVATION #3, on Maria Lake, Patricia Portion, Kenora District. Located 18 km east of Kingfisher, 20 km northeast of Big Beaver House and 86 km southwest of Kasabonika. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 53°01' 89°35'. References: 5L and 9K.

KINGFISHER LAKE, dispersed rural community, located southwest of Sturgeon Lake, in an unorganized Township, Kenora District. Sometimes spelled KING FISHER LAKE. Located near Sioux Lookout. Post office established on June 25th, 1970. First Postmaster Samuel Mamakwa. Office still in operation in 1984. Present approved name is

**KINGFISHER LAKE.** Population 216 in 1976. Map position: 53°02' 89°50'. References: U, 3B, 5L and V.

**KINGHAM TOWNSHIP,** Kingham was Incorporated as an Improvement District December 31st, 1944. The Improvement District of Kingham amalgamated with the Township of Black River-Matheson January 1st, 1973, as the Township of Black River-Matheson. Map position: 48°22' 80°12'. References: M, HH, 2T and V.

**KINGHORN #1,** railway point, Legault Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 32 kilometres west of Geraldton and a station on the CNR main line at an altitude of 1,092 feet above sea level. No population shown in 1978. Present approved name is **KINGHORN.** Map position: 49°44' 87°21'. References: R2, U, L3 and V.

**KINGHORN #2,** dispersed rural community, King Township, York County, later within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 1 1/2 miles from King, on the Humber River and in modern terms, at the north corners of Jane Street and the King Side Road. First settlers in area, the Davis family who had a leather business. Present approved name is **KINGHORN.** Population 50 in 1875 and 30 in 1976. Map position: 43°55' 79°34'. References: B, A, PP, 3G, 3B, 5L and V.

**KINGHURST,** dispersed rural community, Sullivan Township, Grey County. Located on the north branch of the Saugeen River, 10 miles from Chesley Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 3 miles from Mooresburg. Post office established as **KINGHURST** in 1888. First Postmaster Joseph A. King. Office closed July 1st, 1913. This place was named for the first Postmaster. Present approved name is **KINGHURST.** Population 50 in 1892. Map position: 44°19' 80°59'. References: I, S, AA, PP, V, 6T, 5T,L and 7D.

**KING KIRKLAND,** concentrated rural community, Lebel Township, Timiskaming District. Located 6.4 kilometres east of Kirkland Lake, on Highway #66, on Ontario Northland Railway and 6 miles north of Northland Mine. Post office established as **KING KIRKLAND** on October 1st, 1928. First Postmaster T. L. O'Hara. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KING KIRKLAND.** Population 335 in 1941 and 355 in 1976. Map position: 48°10' 79°57'. References: R2, 3B, 2Y, 22-6, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

**KINGLAKE #1,** dispersed rural community, Houghton Township, Norfolk County, later within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 34 miles southwest of Simcoe, 14 kilometres from Port Burwell and 10 miles south of Courtland. Post office established as **KINGLAKE** on September 1st, 1867. First Postmaster E.T. Martin. Office closed July 31st, 1943. Present approved name is **KINGLAKE.** Population 75 in 1886 and 73 in 1956. Map position: 42°42' 82°42'. References: B, I, T, S, U, Z, MM, 3Q, 5E, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**KINGLAKE #2,** SEE: **GRIFFINS STATION,** Elgin County.

**KING PITT,** suburban community, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County. Located 1 km west of Milton Subdivision, 4 km northeast of Fort Henry Heights and 6 km southeast of Codes Corners. Present approved name is **KING PITT.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 76°24'. References: V and 5L.

**KINGSBRIDGE,** dispersed rural community, Ashfield Township, Huron County. Located 15 miles north of Goderich, 16 km from Lucknow Station, on the old Goderich and Kincardine Road, at the intersection with 6th and 7th concession. Post office established as **KINGSBRIDGE** in 1865. First Postmaster J. McCarron. Office closed July 1st, 1918. Post office was named for John Kings. Present approved name is **KINGSBRIDGE.** Population 100 in 1875 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 43°56' 81°42'. References: B, I, A, S, U, 3B, V, 16, 6T, 5L and 4C.

**KINGSBURGH,** dispersed rural community, Kenyon and Lochiel Townships, Glengarry County. Located 9 miles northwest of Alexandria Station on Canada Atlantic Railway and 22 miles from Lancaster. Post office established as **KINGSBURGH** May 1st, 1876. First Postmaster Daniel Barrett. In 1879, the post office name was changed to **McCRIMMON.** Office closed March 31st, 1919. Present approved name is **McCRIMMON.** Population 50 in 1892, 50 in 1926 and 17 in 1976. Map position: 45°25' 74°44'. References: I, S, AA, Z, MM, PP, V, 5L and 6T.

**KINGSCOAT,** SEE: **KINGSCOTE,** Grey County.

**KING'S CORNERS,** dispersed rural community, Toronto Township, Peel County, later Part of City of Mississauga

in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 6 miles southeast of Brampton and 2 1/2 miles southwest of Malton. Post office established October 1st, 1862 named **MOUNT CHARLES**. First Postmaster Charles King and post office name for him. Office closed July 1st, 1915. This place also known locally as **KINGSVILLE**. Present approved name is **MOUNT CHARLES**. Population 150 in 1875 and 102 in 1966. Map position: 43°41' 79°40'. References: AA, B, 6T, I, A, S, 5A, 3N, 3C, 5V and V.

**KINGSCOTE**, sometimes misspelled as **KINGSCOAT**. A dispersed rural community, Proton Township, Grey County. Located 48 miles southeast of Owen Sound, 12 miles from Dundalk Station on CPR and 27 miles from Orangeville. Post office established as **KINGSCOTE** in 1882. First Postmaster James Phelan. Office closed April 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **KINGSCOTE**. Population 75 in 1895. Map position: 44°03' 80°28'. References: I, J, S, Z, PP, 5P, V and 6T.

**KINGSCOURT #1**, SEE: **KINGSCOURT JUNCTION**, Lambton County.

**KINGSCOURT #2**, urban community, Part of City of Kingston, Frontenac County. Map position: 44°15' 76°30'. References: V.

**KINGSCOURT JUNCTION**, dispersed rural community, Warwick Township, Lambton County. Located 21 miles east of Sarnia, 4 miles from Watford. Post office established July 1st, 1884 named **KINGSCOURT**. First Postmaster John Pelky. Office closed October 1st, 1913. This place has a station named **KINGSCOURT JUNCTION** on Grand Trunk Railway, also on the Loop Line built to connect the Warwick Saltworks with the Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **KINGSCOURT**. Population 50 in 1892 and 50 in 1907. Map position: 42°57' 81°53'. References: I, S, AA, Z, 2Z, V, 6T and 5P.

**KINGSCROSS ESTATES**, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 2 km west of King City, 9 km northeast of Nobleton and 10 km southwest of Aurora. Present approved name is **KINGSCROSS ESTATES**. Map position: 43°56' 79°33'. References: V and 5L.

**KINGSDALE #1**, SEE: **SUNNYSIDE #4**, Waterloo County.

**KINGSDALE #2**, Police Village, North York Township, York County. Located between Lansing and Willowdale on Yonge Street in 1922 Erected by Ontario Statute C.75, 1916. Assented to, on April 21st, 1916. Incorporation Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1924, C.139. Assented to April 17th, 1924. Returned to North York Township. References: 9L and Patricia Hart.

**KINGSFORD**, dispersed rural community, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County, and in Richmond Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 17 miles northeast of Belleville, 4 miles north of Deseronto Junction on Grand Trunk Railway, and on Salmon River. Post office established as **KINGSFORD** on November 1st, 1871. First Postmaster John McCullough. In 1873, this post office was superceded by the new post office at Albert and was closed August 1st, 1873. In 1885, the post office was reopened, using the same name. It was permanently closed November 1st, 1914. The Council House of the Mohawk Indians was located here. Present approved name is **KINGSFORD**. Population 100 in 1886 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 44°17' 77°05'. References: I, T, S, AA, MM, V, 6T, 5X, 5Y, 1E, 5L and 5P.

**KINGSFORD IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT**, Improvement District, Rainy River District. Incorporated as an Improvement District and founded on August 31st, 1944. Located 48 kilometres northwest of Fort Frances. A local directory shows 59 persons under Kingsford in Rainy River District in 1927. The unorganized Township of Kingsford was erected into an Improvement District of Kingsford by Ontario Municipal Board Order, B2380, dated July 19th, 1944 and effective midnight August 31st, 1944. Population 64 in 1980. Map position: 48°47' 94°00'. References: R1, HH, 2P, M and V.

**KING'S MASTING**, SEE: **ERIN MILLS**, Peel County.

KINGSMILL, dispersed rural community, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Located 10 miles east of St. Thomas and 4 miles northwest of Aylmer. Post office established as KINGSMILL on June 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Stephen W. Teeple. Office closed by 1972. Present approved name is KINGSMILL. Population 50 in 1886 and 35 in 1976. Map position: 42°48' 81°02'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, V, Z, 5Y, 5L and 9F.

KING'S MILLS PORTAGE, later known as KING'S MILLS, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 35 miles northwest of Barrie and 5 miles west of Penetanguishene Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened December 1st, 1885 and named ST. ALBANS. The original name was KING'S MILLS for the King family, who owned the mills in 1835. In 1886 post office name changed to RANDOLPH. First Postmaster Theodore Brasseur. Office closed April 12th, 1918. Present approved name is RANDOLPH. Population 50 in 1892 and 30 in 1976. Map position: 44°46' 80°02'. References: I, S, B, AA, 6T, 5L, PP, JJ, V, 6S and 7D.

KINGSMILL STATION, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Date of reference 1875. No further reference to this station. References: A.

KINGSMILL TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°56' 81°40'. References: V.

KINGS PARK, Muskoka District. Located 29 kilometres from Bracebridge. Date of reference 1980. References: U.

KINGS SUBDIVISION, East Zorra-Tavistock Township, Oxford County. Population 75 in 1976. References: 3B.

KINGSTON, SEE: KATARAKNE, Frontenac County.

KINGSTON, Frontenac County.
(Amalgamations)
1851 - Portsmouth, Barriefield, French Village, Williamsville, Kingston Junction, Kingston Station.
1953 - Kingston Mills.

KINGSTON BATH ROAD, post office has been given the status of a revenue office and will be known as BATH ROAD, as from July 5th, 1944 (Kingston City ). References: 6T.

KINGSTON CFB/BFC, military encampment, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located within the triangle of Code's cornes, Milton Subdivision and Barriefield. Population 4,282 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 76°30'. References: 5L.

KINGSTON JUNCTION, Also known as KINGSTON STATION. Located 2 miles from Kingston, 2 miles from Kingston Mills. A station on Grand Trunk Railway and in 1895, forming Part of the CITY OF KINGSTON. Located at the junction of the Main Line of Grand Trunk Railway with the Kingston branch. Post office established December 1st, 1873 named KINGSTON STATION. First Postmistress Mrs. A.E. Campbell. On November 1st, 1933 the status of the Kingston Station post office changed to a sub-post office of Kingston. On July 3rd, 1951 Kingston Station post office closed. The Kingston Junction name was changed to Kingston Station in 1907 and Kingston Station name was changed to KINGSTON by CNR January, 1930. Population 400 in 1893. References: S, SS, I, Z, PP, U10, 6T and 5Y.

KINGSTON MILLS, dispersed rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 6 miles northeast of Kingston, 3/4 mile from Rideau Station on Grand Trunk Railway, and on the Rideau Canal. Post office named KINGSTON MILLS opened April 1st, 1853. First Postmaster W.H. Deane. Office closed April 15th, 1937. Present approved name is KINGSTON MILLS. Population 150 in 1875 and 78 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 76°27'. References: I, A, S, Z, 3B, 3K, V, 5L and 6T.

KINGSTON MUNICIPALITY includes: AMHERSTVIEW,
BARRIEFIELD and

KINGSTON MUNICIPALITY continued: COLLINS BAY, in 1984. Reference: F.

**KINGSTON-PORTSMOUTH**, post office, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. An area over-run by Kingston's growth. Located at 2112 King Street West. First Postmistress Mrs. B. Leos. Many openings and closings. No closings noted after 1946. References: 6T.

**KINGSTON TOWNSHIP**, Incorporated in 1850, Frontenac County. Map position: 44°18' 76°34'. References: V.

KINGS TOWN, SEE: **KATARAKNE**, Frontenac County.

KINGSVIEW PARK, urban community, Part of City of Vanier, in Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **KINGSVIEW PARK**. Map position: 45°26' 75°40'. References: U and V+.

KINGSVIEW VILLAGE, urban community, Part of Borough of Etobicoke, later City of Etobicoke, in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is **KINGSVIEW VILLAGE**. Map position: 43°42' 79°33'. References: V+.

KINGSVILLE #1, SEE: **KING'S CORNERS**, Peel County.

**KINGSVILLE #2**, Town, Gosfield South Township, Essex County. Located 28 miles southeast of Sandwich, on Lake Erie and Pere Marquette Railway, 29 miles from Windsor. Post office opened as **KINGSVILLE**, in Western District, Canada West, on April 6th, 1852. First Postmaster F. A. Lafferty. Office still open in 1983. The Town of Kingsville was named after the late Colonel James King, who was one of the earliest settlers in the locality, and built the first house. Incorporated as a Village June 21st, 1877, became a Town April 15th, 1901. Population 250 in 1853, 900 in 1886, 4,788 in 1979. Present approved name is **KINGSVILLE**. Map position: 42°02' 82°45'. References: B, I, 5L, M, N, T, S, PP, 2Y, 3K, 5K, V, 7A, 8Q, 9F and 7D.

KINGSWAY #1, residential suburb of Toronto, in Etobicoke Township, York County. Population not shown in 1946. References: U and 6V.

KINGSWAY #2, SEE: **BRITANNIA #3**, Muskoka District.

**KING'S WHARF**, dispersed rural community, Emily Township, Victoria County. Located 16 miles northeast of Lindsay, 8 miles from Bobcaygeon and on Pigeon Lake. Post office established May 1st, 1882 and named **KING'S WART**.In later post office listings shown as **KING'S WHARF** but no documentation for spelling change. First Postmaster James C. Leary. Office closed August 1st, 1914. "The quondam (former) post office at King's Wharf dates from 1825, Emily Township, Victoria County. References: 8E." No documentation is found for the date of this item. Present approved name is **KINGS WHARF**. Population 50 in 1892 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 44°26' 78°31'. References: B, I, S, AA, MM, V, 6T, 5P, 5L and 8E.

KING'S WART, SEE: **KING'S WHARF**, Victoria County.

**KINGSWOOD**, dispersed rural community, Wellesley Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 2 1/2 miles from Poole, 4 miles from Wellesley and 3 miles from Topping. Post office named **KINGWOOD** established September 1st, 1909. First Postmaster C.B.O. Schmidt. Office closed December 4th, 1920. Present approved name is **KINGWOOD**. Population 39 in 1971 and 55 in 1976. Map position: 43°31' 80°50'. References: B, 3B, V, 5L and 6T.

**KINGSWOOD ACRES**, hamlet, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 km southwest of Thunder Beach, 16 km northeast of Balm Beach and 17 km west of Penetanguishene. Present approved name is **KINGSWOOD ACRES**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°47' 80°08'. References: 5L and 9K.

KING (TOWNSHIP OF), Geographic Township, Home District, Canada West, later York County and most recently in the Regional Municipality of York. This Township with the establishment of Regional Government in 1971, annexed the Police Villages of King City, Nobleton and Schomberg to form King Township and parts of the old King

Township were annexed by Vaughan, Richmond Hill, Aurora and New Market. Originally Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C.81. King Township was named for John King, permanent under secretary in the British Government. Original area 78,400 acres. In 1801, King Township, Home District had 5 men, 5 women and 20 children. Population 160 in 1809, 766 in 1830, 6,500 in 1852 and 14,851 in 1980. Map position: 43°58' 79°35'. References: C, HH, 3G, 2W, M, 2J, 5K and V.

KINHURON, hamlet, Kincardine Township, Bruce County. Located on Lake Huron, 4 km northwest of Slade, 7 km southwest of Tiverton and 8 km north of Kincardine. Present name is not approved. Population 31 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 81°36'. References: 3B and 5L.

KINKORA, SEE: ST. PATRICK'S SETTLEMENT, Perth County.

KINKORA CORNERS, SEE: ST. PATRICK'S SETTLEMENT, Perth County.

KINLOSS, SEE: BLACK HORSE CORNERS VILLAGE, Bruce County.

KINLOSS (TOWNSHIP OF), Geographic Township, Bruce County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1855 by County Bylaw passed September 22nd, 1854. Population 47 in 1852 and 1,273 in 1980. Map position: 44°00' 81°27'. References: HH, M, 2W and V.

KINLOUGH, concentrated rural community, Kinloss Township, Bruce County. Located 7 miles from Goderich, 20 miles west of Walkerton and 7 miles northeast of Lucknow Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established November 1st, 1863 and named KINLOUGH. First Postmaster Simon Corrigan. Office closed May 1st, 1915. Mr. Corrigan named the office. Present approved name is KINLOUGH. Population 100 in 1886 and 49 in 1976. Map position: 44°04' 81°27'. References: B, I, A, T, S, Z, 3B, 3D, V, 5L and 6T.

KINMOUNT, SEE: BURNT RIVER #1, Victoria County.

KINMOUNT JUNCTION, dispersed rural community, Snowdon Township, Haliburton County. Located 2 miles from Kinmount, 10 km east of Miners Bay, 13 km south of Minden and 39 miles from Lindsay. Has a station at the junction of the Haliburton branch of the Grand Trunk Railway and the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway, Victoria County. On December, 1918 Kinmount Junction name changed to HOWLAND. Present approved name is HOWLAND. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°49' 78°39' References: PP, SS, U, 5L and V.

KINNAIRD, SEE: TRIPP'S CORNERS, Lambton County.

KINNETTLES, Nichol Township, Wellington County. Located between Fergus and Elora, and on Grand River. This place settled 1870 and had disappeared by 1893. In 1970, a new subdivision of the City of Guelph built over the site. References: E and 2H.

KINOGAMA, railway point, de Gaulle Township, Sudbury District. This is a station on CPR main line at an altitude of 1,395 feet above sea level. Located at mile 2316 on the track east of Ridout Station (1903), 25 miles east of Chapleau and 2 miles from Kormak. Map position: 47°39' 83°02'. References: PP, L1, V, 22-6 and 8K.

KINSALE, dispersed rural community, Pickering Township, Ontario County, later Part of Town of Pickering, in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 4 miles from Brooklyn and 8 miles northwest of Whitby. This settlement is on Highway 7 near the Whitby border. Post office established May 1st, 1856. First Postmaster John Fairless. Office closed November 1st, 1915. In 1974, the Township and its communities amalgamated to form the Town of Pickering in the Regional Municipality of Durham. The place was named by one of the early settlers after Kinsale, County of Cork, Ireland. Present approved name is KINSALE. Population 100 in 1875 and 100 in 1913. After 1974, population included in Town of Pickering. Map position: 43°56' 79°02'. References: B, I, A, S, DD, 3B, 3G, 3M, V, 6T, 8U and 7A.

KINTAIL, dispersed rural community, Ashfield Township, Huron County. Located on the Goderich and Kincardine

Road, in the 9th concession, and 17 miles north of Goderich and 76 miles from London, and on Kerry Creek. Post office established as **KINTAIL** on April 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Farquhar McRae and office was named by Duncan McRae who was a native of Kintail, Scotland. Office closed on September 9th, 1969. In the 1840's, Kerry Creek was called Baroness Creek, as a vessel by that name was wrecked near the mouth on Lake Huron in the early days. Present approved name is **KINTAIL**. Population 150 in 1886 and 39 in 1976. Map position: 43°58' 81°42'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, EE, 3B, 3M, V, 16, 8U, 9F, 5L and 7D.

**KINTORE**, dispersed rural community, East Nissouri Township, Oxford County. Located 22 miles northwest of Woodstock and 6 miles north of Thamesford Station on CPR. Post office established as **KINTORE** on June 1st, 1862. First Postmaster W. Murray. Kintore post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KINTORE**. Population 100 in 1886 and 151 in 1976. Map position: 43°08' 81°02'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 3X, V, 5L and 9F.

**KINTYRE**, dispersed rural community, Aldborough Township, Elgin County. Located 35 miles from St. Thomas and 1 1/2 miles from Taylor Station on Michigan Central Railway and Pere Marquette Railway. Post office established as **KINTYRE** in 1894. First Postmaster James Fleming. Office closed October 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **KINTYRE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°34' 81°45'. References: B, I, 5L S, Z, PP, V and 6T.

**KIOSK**, SEE: **CORISTINE**, Nipissing District.

**KIOWANA BEACH**, SEE: **KIAWANNA**, Grey County.

**KIPLING**, dispersed rural community, Hugel Township, Nipissing District. Located 14 miles from Warren, 7 miles from Verner Station on CPR, 34 miles west of North Bay and 46 miles east of Sudbury. Post office named **KIPLING** established May 1st, 1899. First Postmaster John Whalen. Office closed November 13th, 1959. Present approved name is **KIPLING**. Population 200 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°30' 80°13'. References: U, PP, V, 7H, 5L and 6T.

**KIPLING HEIGHTS**, urban community, Part of Borough of Etobicoke. later City of Etobicoke, in Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is **KIPLING HEIGHTS**. Map position: 43°44' 79°34'. References: V.

**KIPLING TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°09' 82°10'. References: V.

**KIPPEN**, dispersed rural community, Stanley Township, Huron County. Located 21 miles southeast of Goderich, 16 miles southwest of Seaforth and on the London, Huron and Bruce division of Grand Trunk Railway. The station name being **KIPPEN STATION**. Post office established as **KIPPEN** on November 1st, 1855. Robert Annan became first Postmaster. Mr. Robert Bell of Tuckersmith was requested to name the post office since he had petitioned for it. The first name he suggested was **STIRLING** his home county in Scotland. The Postmaster General rejected that and offered the name **MULLINGAR** which Mr. Bell didn't like as it was too Irish. The final decision was **KIPPEN**, the native parish of Mr. Bell and that name was accepted. Kippen post office is still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KIPPEN**. Population 150 in 1886 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 43°28' 81°31' References: B, I, T, S, Z, PP, V, 16, 8U, 9F, 5L and 7D.

**KIPPEWA**, Indian village, Timiskaming District. Word means "hiding place". Apparently used in the times of sheltering from the invading Iroquois, when the Algonquins would seek refuge in this district. more than half of the country is water. References: 9H.

**KIRBY #1**, SEE: **JACKSON'S CORNERS #2**, Durham County.

**KIRBY #2**, dispersed rural community, Van Koughnet Township, Algoma District. Located 3 1/2 miles west of Bellevue Station on Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway, 5 miles southeast of Goulais River and 16 miles north of Sault Ste. Marie. Post office established as **KIRBY** on April 18th, 1936. First Postmaster Norva Weldon Kirby. Office name changed to **GOULAIS RIVER** on March 12th, 1947. Office still in operation in 1984. Present approved name is **KIRBY'S CORNER**. Population 24 in 1976. Map position: 46°44' 84°21'. References: V, 5 and 6T.

KIRBYS CORNER, SEE: KIRBY #2, Algoma District.

KIRBY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°47' 87°10'. References: V.

KIRK, dispersed rural community, Kirkpatrick Township, Nipissing District. Located 8 kilometres from Warren. Present approved name is KIRK. Population 72 in 1956 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°26' 80°12'. References: U, 5E, 5L and V.

KIRK COVE, SEE: KIRK KOVE, Frontenac County.

KIRKE #1, dispersed rural community, Bowyer and Purvis Townships, Cochrane District. Located 41 miles from Cochrane. KIRKE STATION on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 942 feet above sea level. The station name changed to LOWBUSH which was changed to LOWBUSH RIVER April, 1955. Post office established as LOWBUSH May 1st, 1915. The post office name changed to LOWBUSH RIVER April 2nd, 1955. Office closed September 25th, 1961. Present approved name is LOW BUSH RIVER. Population 90 in 1941 and 14 in 1976. Map position: 48°55' 80°10'. References: L2, U, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and SS.

KIRKE #2, dispersed rural community, Bowyer Township, Cochrane District. Located 7 km west of Low Bush River, 35 km southeast of Noreembega and 45 km northeast of Matheson. Present approved name is KIRKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°55' 80°14'. References: V and 5L.

KIRKENDALL NORTH, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is KIRKENDALL NORTH. Map position: 43°15' 79°53'. References: V.

KIRKENDALL SOUTH, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is KIRKENDALL SOUTH. Map position: 43°15' 79°53'. References: V.

KIRKENWALL, SEE: LITTLE SCOTLAND, Wentworth County.

KIRKFIELD, Police Village, Eldon Township, Victoria County. Located 24 miles west of Lindsay, the County Seat, 2 1/2 miles from Victoria Road Station and 2 1/2 miles from Portage Station. Post office established as KIRKFIELD on February 1st, 1864. First Postmaster Silas Smith. Office still open in 1983. When the post office was first requested, the people of the area wanted the name NOVAR but that was refused and a list of 8 names were sent to choose from of which they chose KIRKFIELD. Kirkfield was Incorporated as a Police Village February 11th, 1905 by Bylaw #591. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Religious parish name ST. JEAN l'EVANGELISTE. Present approved name is KIRKFIELD. Population 350 in 1886 and 200 in 1976. Map position: 44°34' 78°59'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 2L, 3O, V, 9L, 5L, 7D and 7L.

KIRKHILL, dispersed rural community, Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located 40 miles northeast of Cornwall and 8 miles northwest of Alexandria Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as KIRKHILL on November 1st, 1862. First Postmaster J. Dunn. Office closed January 1st, 1929. Present approved name is KIRKHILL. Population 75 in 1875 and 42 in 1976. Map position: 45°25' 74°39'. References: B, I, A, S, 3B, 3'N, V, 5L and 6T.

KIRK KOVE, summer post office in Kennebec Township, Frontenac County. Located 45 kilometres from Tichborne. Post office established as KIRK KOVE on July 6th, 1960. First Postmaster Donald D. Kirk and the place was named for him. On June 15th, 1961 the spelling of the name was changed to KIRK COVE. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is KIRK COVE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°48' 76°59'. References: 6T, U, 5L and V.

KIRKLAND LAKE, Town, Teck Township, Timiskaming District formerly in Nipissing District. Located on Highway 26, 228 km north of North Bay and 44.88 km west of the Ontario-Quebec boundary; on Highway 66 and Ontario Northland Railway and 6 miles east of Swastika. This place is one of the largest unincorporated communities in

For references see Works Cited.

Canada. The metal gold founded the place. First strike by Bill Wright in 1911. Six months later Harry Oakes discovered gold on the opposite shore of the same lake, which became the deepest mine shaft on the continent. Kirkland Lake is named for the lake which is named for Winnifred Kirkland, a secretary in the Lands Branch of Ontario Department of Mines. Kirkland Lake post office was established February 10, 1914. First Postmaster T.W. Foster. Office still in operation in 1983. Mining had been done in 1907, but from 1911 to 1961 this area produced one billon dollars in gold bullion. Incorporated as the Township of Teck on November 6th, 1918. Incorporated as an Improvement District in 1945. On January 1st, 1972 the Township of Teck became the **TOWN OF KIRKLAND LAKE**. Kirkland Lake has produced more professional hockey players than any other Town in the world. Present approved name is **KIRKLAND LAKE**. Population 14,522 in 1921 and 13,567 in 1976. Map position: 48°09' 80°02'. References: M, R1, HH, 2T, 2U, 2Y, 5K, V, 5L and 6T.

**KIRKLAND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°56' 81°48'. References: V.

**KIRKPATRICK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°25' 80°15'. References: V.

**KIRK'S CORNER'S**, an urban community, Usborne Township, Huron County and Blanshard Township, Perth County. Located 24 miles southwest of Stratford, 10 miles northwest of St. Mary's Station and on Fish Creek. Post office established as **KIRKTON** on July 1st, 1856. First Postmaster James Eaton. Office still in operation in 1983. It was in that same year, 1856, that another Eaton, Mr. Timothy Eaton opened his first retail store in Kirkton. Later it became T. Eaton of Canada, a nationwide business. Kirkton was first settled by the five brothers of the Kirk family in the year 1845 and is named for them. Present approved name is **KIRKTON**. Population 280 in 1886 and 203 in 1976. Map position: 43°20' 81°19'. References: B, T, S, Z, 3B, PP, I, 2Y, 3M, V, 5L and 1W.

**KIRKUP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Located 3 kilometres southeast of Kenora. Settled in the 1890's as a mining area. Population 208 in 1978. Map position: 49°42' 94°17'. References: R2 and V.

**KIRKVILLE**, hamlet, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. This placed was named for Robert Kirk who had the first mills. They were flour and saw mills on the bank of Silver Creek. The place is located 34 miles from Barrie the County seat and 4 miles from Collingwood, the nearest railway. Post office opened as**KIRKVILLE** in 1886 and was named for the first settler. Office closed in 1888. Mr. Kirkville's son-in-law, John Mair had the office reopened and operated it under the name **MAIR MILLS**, which was sometimes mispelled as **MOIR'S MILLS** and was often misspelled as **MAIR'S MILLS**. Mair Mills office opened on March 1st, 1897 and closed October 31st, 1912. Mair Mills recently designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **MAIR MILLS**. Population 50 in 1908 and 15 in 1926 and 12 in 1976. Map position: 44°30' 80°17'. References: B, S, MM, JJ, PP, 6T, V, 7F, I, 5L and SS.

**KIRKWALL**, SEE: **LITTLE SCOTLAND**, Wentworth County.

**KIRKWALL**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°31' 83°07'. References: V.

**KIRKWOOD**, Village, Lancaster & Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Founded in 1787 by United Empire Loyalists and known as **POINTE MULLIE**, **POINT MULLIE** and also **POINT MOUILLE**. Located 16 miles northeast of Cornwall and 15 miles south of Alexandria. This place is presently in the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas & Glengarry, at the mouth of the Raisin River, at the modern day intersection of Highway 2 & 34, and 1 mile north of Lake St. Francis on CNR. This place became known as **RIVIERE au RAISIN SETTLEMENT** until October 1st, 1816 when the post office opened, named **LANCASTER**, for the Township. First Postmasters J. and J. Dunlop. Office still in operation in 1983. Lancaster was Incorporated as a Village on October 19th, 1887. The Religious parish name **ST. JOSEPHS**. Present approved name is **LANCASTER**. Population 1,200 in 1886 and 642 in 1980. Map position: 45°08' 74°30'. References: 2Y, 3H, V, I, M, T, S, Z, HH, 2T, 2Y, SS, V, 5L, 7X, Gavin Watt and British General Post Office.

**KIRKWOOD TOWNSHIP**, Algoma District. Map position: 46°20' 83°31'. References: V.

**KISHBAUGH**, SEE: **ABITIBI PULP & PAPER COMPANY**, Algoma District.

**KITCHENER,** SEE: **SAND HILLS,** Waterloo County.

**KITCHENER MUNICIPALITY** includes the communities of: BRIDGEPORT and WATERLOO in 1984. Reference: F.

**KITCHENER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°51' 81°08'. References: V.

**KITIGAN,** SEE: **KITIGAN STATION,** Timiskaming District.

**KITIGAN STATION,** dispersed rural community, O'Brien Township, Cochrane District. Located 6 1/3 miles from Kapuskasing and 2 1/3 miles between Kitigan and Kitigan Station, and has a station on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line, at an altitude of 780 feet above sea level. Post office established as **KITIGAN STATION** on June 1st, 1918. First Postmaster L. Bolduc. In June, 1918 correspondence with the post office, gives information that the post office is in abeyance, and may be in Quebec? Nevertheless, a post office was opened and on June 1st, 1927 the name of **KITIGAN** post office was changed to **PAQUETTEBOURG** which closed November 18th, 1932. A new post office was opened under the name **KITIGAN STATION** November 1st, 1923. Kitigan Station post office name was changed to **KITIGAN** May 9th, 1952. That post office closed July 7th, 1961. First settled in 1920. Present approved name is **KITIGAN.** Population 134 in 1951 and 85 in 1976. Map position: 49°23' 82°18'. References: SS, 6T, R2, 3B, L2, 5L and V.

**KITLEY,** SEE: **CHAMBERLAIN'S CORNERS,** Leeds County.

**KITLEY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Leeds County, formerly in Johnstown District, Canada West. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order #P6186-68, dated August 13th, 1968. Population 3,525 in 1852 and 1,844 in 1980. Map position: 44°26' 75°59'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and V.

**KITT COPPER,** included in the Town of Walden, Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Population for Town of Walden 9,959 in 1982. Population for Kitt Copper in 1971 and 1976 included in that total. References: 3B and HH.

**KITTO TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°32' 88°06'. References: V, 9G and Douglas Lougheed.

**KITTSON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°22' 79°57'. References: V.

**KIVIKOSKI,** settlement, Gorham & McIntyre Townships, Thunder Bay District. Located 7 1/2 miles from Port Arthur (1933), 6 miles from Intola and 13 kilometres from Thunder Bay. Post office established as **KIVIKOSKI** on January 1st, 1914. First Postmaster Erik Korkola. Office closed July 17th, 1954. Population 143 in 1956. Map position: 48°30' 89°20'. References: U, LL, 5E, 6T and 9J.

**KLEINBURG,** SEE: **KLINEBURG,** York County.

**KLEINBURG STATION,** railway point, Part of Town of Vaughan, in Regional Municipality of York. In 1907, the post office nearest to this station was Nashville. Present approved name is **KLEINBURG STATION.** Map position: 43°51' 79°40'. References: S and V.

**KLIE'S BEACH,** hamlet, South Colchester Township, Essex County. Located on Lake Erie, 1 km east of Colchester, 3 km southwest of Oxley and 6 km north of Harrow. Name is not approved. Population 24 in 1976. Map position: 41°59' 82°56'. References: 5L.

**KLINEBURG,** concentrated rural community, Vaughan Township, York County, later Part of Town of Vaughan, in Regional Municipality of York. Located 20 miles northwest of Toronto and 1 mile southeast of Kleinburg Station on CPR. Post office established as **KLINEBURG** on May 6th, 1852. First Postmaster H.S. Howland. After 1857 the spelling changes to **KLEINBURG,** but no date of changed noted officially. The place and the post office was named for John Kline, first settler. Another spelling for this place in 1860's was **KLINEBURGH.** Present approved name is **KLEINBURG.** Population 300 in 1886 and 227 in 1980. Map position: 43°50' 79°38'. References: 2W, 7B,

I, T, S, U, and V.

KLOCK, SEE: KLOCK'S MILLS, Nipissing District.

KLOCK'S MILLS, dispersed rural community, Cameron Township, Nipissing District. Located on the Ottawa River, 11 miles east of Matawa, 61 miles west of Chalk River and 56 miles east North Bay. The station at this place on CPR was first named BOISSENEAU'S. In 1908, the name was changed to KLOCK STATION. Post office established as KLOCK'S MILLS 1871. First Postmaster James B. Klock. On April 1st, 1899 Klock's Mills post office name was changed to KLOCK. Office closed May 16th, 1948. Present approved name is KLOCK. Population 300 in 1885, 30 in 1926 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°18' 78°30'. References: I, 3R, 7H, S, MM, PP, V, 6T, 5L and Z.

KLOCK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°27' 80°04'. References: V.

KLONDYKE #1, Bosanquet Township, Lambton County. This was a rich celery growing area, formerly the bed of Lake Smith in the northeastern part of the Township. No recent reference to this place. References: 1H.

KLONDYKE #2, Dawn Township, Lambton County. An oil field discovered in 1897, south of Oakdale. No recent reference to this. References: 1H.

KLONDYKE #3, dispersed rural community, Gosfield South Township, Essex County. Located 5 km southwest of Cottam, 7 km northwest of Kingsville, 9 km southeast of Essex and 12 km northeast of New California. Present approved name is KLONDYKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°05' 82°46'. References: V and 5L.

KLOTZ TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°55' 85°50'. References: V.

KLUEYS BAY, hamlet, Morrison Township, Muskoka District, later within the Town of Gravenhurst in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 8 miles from Gravenhurst, 3 miles from Kashe Lake and 4 miles from Kilworthy. Summer post office established as KLUEYS BAY on June 15th, 1922. First Postmaster William Kluey for whom the post office and place are named. Klueys Bay post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is KLUEYS BAY. Map position: 45°51' 79°18'. References: B, U, V, 6T and 9F.

KNAGG'S CREEK, SEE: JERVOIS (RIVER au), Essex County.

KNAPDALE, settlement, Mosa Township, Middlesex County. Located 35 miles southwest of London, 5 miles north of Newbury Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 5 1/2 miles from Glencoe. Post office established as KNAPDALE on November 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Hector McLean. Office closed January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is KNAPDALE. Population 90 in 1885 and 85 in 1908. Map position: 42°44' 81°48'. References: B, I, A, S, Z, PP, V, 6T and 5X.

KNATCHBULL, hamlet, Nassagaweya Township, Halton County. Located 16 miles northwest of Milton, 5 miles from Acton and 5 miles from Rockwood. Post office established as KNATCHBULL on March 1st, 1866. First Postmaster William Stephenson. Office closed December 12th, 1912. This place is now listed as a locality. Present approved locality name is KNATCHBULL. Population 25 in 1885 and 50 in 1895. Map position: 43°34' 80°04'. References: B, I, A, S, Z, 3R, 3P, V and 6T.

KNICELY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 31, Range 26, Algoma District.

KNIGHTINGTON, SEE: FOURTH CHUTE, Renfrew County.

KNIGHT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°43' 81°00'. References: V.

KNOLE PARK, Oxford West Township, Oxford County. Population 80 in 1956. References: 5E.

KNOTT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 51°04' 92°52'. References: V.

**KNOWLES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°35' 85°23'. References: V.

**KNOWLTON**, Town, Drayton Township, Kenora District. In 1784, white men were in this area. Located 48 miles northeast of Dinorwic and 252 miles east of Winnipeg, Manitoba. This place is a divisional point on CNR and the northern terminus of Highway 72. Post office established as **GRAHAM** February 20th, 1911. First Postmaster George Gregory. It is located 7 1/2 miles from Superior Junction and 40 miles from O'Brien. On January 1st, 1913 Graham post office name was changed to **SIOUX LOOKOUT**. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Town January 1st, 1912. A hill by the same name is west of Sioux Lookout and it is described as "the precipitous hill" where the Ojibway "watched for the raiding Sioux". Sioux the Indian name, was **NA DI IS SI WAG**, but has been shortened to the last two syllables and, is pronounced SOO. Present approved name is **SIOUX LOOKOUT**. Population 1,127 in 1921 and 3,006 in 1980. Map position: 50°06' 91°55'. References: SS, 6T, 6F, 9F, DD, M, R1, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3B, V and 5K.

**KNOX TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°45' 80°21'. References: V.

**KNUDSENS CORNER**, dispersed rural community, Sibley Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 4 km east of Pass Lake, 12 km south of Pearl Station and 28 km northeast of Silver Islet. Present approved name is **KNUDSENS CORNER**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°33' 88°40'. References: V and 5L.

**KO-ASH-KOB-A-CONG**, also spelled **QUASH-QUA-BE-CONK** by the Indians. A Police Village, on the border of Somerville and Bexley Townships, Victoria County. Located 24 miles north of Lindsay, on Gull River and at the Junction of Highways 35 and 46, and 13 miles from Fenelon Falls (1872). This place is at the terminus of a CNR branch line and has been served in the past by Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **COBOCONK** (which is an anglicized version of the Indian name) 1859. Meaning of Coboconk is water falling or sliding over a smooth rock. First Postmaster J. Bowerman. Post office name changed to **SHEDDON** 1873. Then in 1881 the office name was changed to **COBOCONK**. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1851, this was a lumbering Village. Coboconk was Incorporated as a Police Village by County Bylaw #1395 in 1949. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order M80347, effective date January 1st, 1981. Became Part of Township of Somerville and Part to Township of Bexley. Present approved name is **COBOCONK**. Population 150 in 1875 and 377 in 1976. Map position: 44°39' 78°48'. References: 8E, B, I, P, S, 3B, 2Y, 3Y, V, 7B, 8E, 9H, 9L, 5L, 7D, A and 7L.

**KOHLER**, a dispersed rural community in North Cayuga Township, Haldimand County, later in Town of Haldimand in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 4 miles southwest of Cayuga, on the Grand River and 6 miles west of Canfield Junction. Post office established as **KOHLER** in 1877. First Postmaster Nicholas Mehlenbacher. Office closed May 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **KOHLER**. Population 42 in 1885 and 102 in 1976. After 1976, population included in Town of Haldimand. Map position: 42°54' 79°52'. References: B, I, S, Z, PP, 3B, 3R, V, 6T, 5L and 5V.

**KOHLER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 84°59'. References: V.

**KOLAPORE**, SEE: **PARADISE**, Grey County.

**KOMOKA**, SEE: **LOBO STATION**, Middlesex County.

**KOMOKA STATION**, railway point, Lobo Township, Middlesex County. Present approved name is **KOMOKA STATION**. Map position: 42-57' 81°27'. References: V.

**KORAH**, dispersed rural community, Korah Township, Algoma District. Located 7 miles northwest of Sault Ste. Marie, the County Seat. Post office established as **KORAH** in 1879. First Postmaster Daniel Everett. Office closed May 1st, 1929. Present approved name is **KORAH**. Population 60 in 1892 and 15 in 1926. Map position: 46°33' 84°24'. References: I, S, AA, MM, V, 5V and 6T.

**KORAH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Incorporated as a Township April 26th, 1904. Township

dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order N4804-63, dated September 28th, 1964. Amalgamated and Incorporated into the City of Sault Ste. Marie January 1st, 1965. Map position: 46°34' 84°24'. References: HH, M and V.

KORMAK, dispersed rural community, Eisenhower Township, Sudbury District. Located 14 miles east of Nemegos, 10 miles west of Sultan and 57 kilometres southeast of Chapleau. Founded in 1944. In 1951 the spelling of the name was changed to KORMAC and in 1956 the place was shown on the border of Eisenhower and DeGaulle Townships, Sudbury District. Post office named KORMAK established March 11th, 1949. First Postmaster Oscar J. Maki. Kormak post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is KORMAK. Population 166 in 1956 and 102 in 1976. Map position: 47°38' 82°59'. References: R2, 3B, 5E, V, 6T, 5L and 9J.

KOSHE, SEE: KAHSHE LAKE, Muskoka District.

KOSHEE, SEE: KAHSHE LAKE, Muskoka District.

KOSNY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 10 H, Sudbury District.

KOSSUTH, dispersed rural community, Waterloo Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 6 miles southeast of Berlin (later Kitchener), 2 1/2 miles northwest of Hespeler and 4 miles from Breslau. Post office established as KOSSUTH on July 1st, 1869. First Postmaster J. D. Groh. Office closed July, 1921. Present approved name is KOSSUTH. Population 150 in 1886 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 43°27' 80°22'. References: B, I, A, T, S, MM, V, 5W, 5L and 6T.

KOSTIS SUBDIVISION, SEE: PLAN 655, Middlesex County.

KOWKASH, dispersed rural community, Kowkash Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 22 miles east of Tashota, 40 kilometres west of Nakina, 168 miles from Hearst and 220 miles from Superior Junction. KOWKASH STATION on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,050 feet above sea level. Post office named KOWKASH established November 22nd, 1916. First Postmaster D.T. McIntosh. Office closed September 1st, 1963. Present approved name is KOWKASH. Population 64 in 1956 and 20 in 1978. Map position: 50°14' 87°13'. References: R2, L2, 5E, V, 5L and 6T.

KOWKASH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°18' 87°16'. References: V.

KRAMER, SEE: KRAMER SUBDIVISION, Renfrew County.

KRAMER SUBDIVISION, dispersed rural community, Petawawa Township, Renfrew County. Located 5 km southeast of Peteawawa, 10 km east of Black Bay and 12 km northwest of Pembroke. Present approved name is KRAMER. Population 148 in 1961 and 488 in 1976. Map position: 45°52' 77°14'. References: 3B, 5A, 5L and V.

KRANDS CORNER, (error name) SEE: GRANT'S CORNERS #2, Perth County.

KRUGERDORF, SEE: KRUGERSDORF, Timiskaming District.

KRUGERSDORF, dispersed rural community, Martel Township, Timiskaming District. Located 8 miles from Englehart, on Ontario Northland Railway near Highway 11. On March 2nd, 1949 the name was changed to KRUGERDORF. Present approved name is KRUGERDORF. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°56' 79°54'. References: 22-6, SS, V, 5L and 6T.

KRUTZVILLE, SEE: KURTZVILLE, Perth County.

KUHRYVILLE, dispersed rural community, Ellice Township, Perth County. Located 15 miles northwest of Stratford, the County Seat, 7 miles from Brunner and 4 miles from Sebringville Station on Grand Trunk Railway. KUHRYVILLE post office established January 1st, 1899. First Postmaster Alexander D. Smith. Office was mispelled on an official list as KUHRYSVILLE. Office closed August 14th, 1914. Present approved name is

KUHRYVILLE. Population 500 in 1909 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°51' 81°01'. References: B, DD, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 7H.

KUKATUSH, dispersed rural community, Pentarwood Township, Sudbury District. Located 5 miles from Timagami and near Sudbury. KUKATUSH STATION on the CNR. Post office established as KUKATUSH on June 6th, 1952. First Postmaster Gustave Bessette. Office closed June 30th, 1967. Present approved name is KUKATUSH. Population 15 in 1976. Map position: 48°08' 82°12'. References: U, V, 22-6, 6T and 9F.

KUMMER SETTLEMENT, Settled by the Kummer family, Davie, Jacob, Joshua and Samuel. As the Kummer Settlement, had had several other names, CUMMER SAW MILL, SCRIPTURE TOWN and in 1826, ANGEL VALLEY. On April 1st, 1855 a post office opened and it was named WILLOWDALE. It is on Yonge Street between Sheppard and Finch Avenues, in modern day Toronto. This place has been overrun by Toronto and is in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto at present. First Postmaster Jacob Kummer. There are later references that show his name spelled as Cummer and Cummer. Willowdale is located 6 miles north of Toronto and has the service of electric cars to the city (1908, and is in York Township, York County. The previously mentioned electric railway was on the Toronto & York Radial Railway. This place is sometimes referred to as CUMMER. Present approved name is WILLOWDALE. Population 150 in 1857, 40 in 1885 and 150 in 1908. References: 7B, PP, 8S, EE, I, S, 3R, 3U, 3Y and U.

KUMPFVILLE, hamlet, Maryborough Township, Wellington County. Located 4 km north of Dorking, 6 km west of Traise and 10 km south of Mooredale. Present name is not approved. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°41' 80°45'. References: 5L.

KURTSVILLE, SEE: KURTZVILLE, Perth County.

KURTZVILLE, dispersed rural community, Wallace Township, Perth County. Located 28 miles north of Stratford, the County Seat, and 4 miles west of Gowanstown Station on Grand Trunk Railway. KURTSVILLE post office established 1884 and named after John Kurtz, who in the 1880's built a saw mill and became the first Postmaster. Office closed May 16th, 1914. Another known spelling was KRUTZVILLE. Present approved name is KURTZVILLE. Population 75 in 1893 and 82 in 1976. Map position: 43°45' 81°02'. References: B, S, Z, 3B, LL, U10, V, 6T, I, MM, 5L and 7D.

KWASIND, Macauley Township, Muskoka District, later in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 16 miles from Bracebridge. Date of reference 1980. References: U.

KYES CORNERS, SEE: WILSTEAD, Leeds County.

KYNOCH, dispersed rural community, Grasett Township, Algoma District. Located 24 kilometres west of Iron Bridge and 3 3/4 miles from Bellingham. Post office established as KYNOCH December 1st, 1912. First Postmaster George Trivers. Office closed January 6th, 1933. Present approved name is KYNOCH. Population 120 in 1978. Map position: 46°27' 83°16'. References: R2, V, 5L and 6T.

L TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. The name of this Township was changed to AVIS in 1974 for A. Avis, Mayor of Fort Frances. Map position: 46°56' 82°16'. Reference: V.

LABELLE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 29, Range 16, Algoma District.

LABERGE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 71, Thunder Bay District.

LABONTE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 28, Range 16, Algoma District.

LAC-a-TRAVERSE, station, Nipissing District. On the Canadian Northern Railway main line between Montreal and Port Arthur at an altitude of 826 feet above sea level in 1915. Located between Grand Lake Station and La Vieille Station, 253.1 miles from Montreal. References: L3, 8J, and L.

LAC a TRAVERSE, SEE: AGNONE, Nipissing District.

LA CAVE, Hydro Development, Nipissing District. Located 6 miles north of Mattawa. Post office established as LA CAVE on July 20, 1949. First Postmaster William B. Crombie. Office closed November 28, 1952. This place was established in 1948. No recent references to this development. References: U, 6V, and 6T.

LAC DES MILLE LACS, Reserve #22A Thunder Bay District. Located on the north shore of Lac des Mille Lacs, 21 kilometres southeast of Upsala. This reserve belongs to the Lac des Mille Lacs Band under Treaty #3. Map position: 48°53' 90°22'. References: R3 and V.

LA CHAPELLE'S STATION, station, Middleton Township, Norfolk County. Located on Port Burwell Division of CPR. Station number 1815, between the stations of Ostrander and Mount Elgin, in 1911. References: 10 B.

LACKIE, SEE: LECKIE, Lambton County.

LACKNER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°48' 83°03'. Reference: V.

LAC LA CROIX, hamlet, on Nequagon Lake, Rainy River District. Name is not approved. Population 23 in 1976. Map position: 48°22' 92°09'. References: 5L.

LAC LA CROIX INDIAN RESERVATION #25 D, Indian reserve, Rainy River District. Located 58 (air) kilometres southwest of Atikokan on the north shore of Lac la Croix. The Lac la Croix Band owns and resides on this reserve under Grand Council Treaty #3. Population 191 in 1978. Map position 48°24' 92°05'. Reference: R3.

LAC la PLUIE. Located between Sturgeon Lake and Lake DuBois. In 1799 the direction is to See: Rain Lake. Reference: 7W.

LA CLOCHE, Hamlet, Algoma District. Located on Lake Huron, 215 miles northwest of Penetanguishene. LA CLOCHE STATION is located on CPR west of May Station and east of Spanish River Station. Post office established as LA CLOCHE on October 6, 1846, in Hudson Bay Post. Postmaster Alexander W. Buchnan.. Office closed 1848. Population 20 in 1893. References: I, U10, 6Z, 8Q, and 8P.

LACLU #1, SEE: OSTERSUND, Kenora District.

LACLU #2, hamlet, Pellatt Township, Kenora District. Located on the north shore of Lake Laclu, 3 km from Laclu Station and near Kenora. Summer post office established. First Postmaster's name not shown. Office closed August 1st, 1918. Present approved name is LACLU. Population 56 in 1961 and 63 in 1986. Map position: 49°47' 94°42'. References: U, 5A, V+, 6T and D.

LACLU STATION, station, Pellatt Township, Kenora District. Station on Rat Portage Division, main line, of CPR. Located 5 km from Ostersund Station and 306 miles from Port Arthur. Present approved name is LACLU STATION

For references see Works Cited.

Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°46' 94°41'. Reference: V, AA and 5L.

**LAC POULIN**, station, Thunder Bay District. On CPR, 40 miles north of Sault St. Marie and 164 miles northwest of Sudbury. Has Express Office. Not a post office. Located east of Chapleau Station in 1903. No recent reference to this station. References: S, AA, Z, and 8G.

**LACROIX TRAILER PARK**, in an unorganized area, Algoma District. Population 112 in 1961. Reference: 5A.

**LAC STE. THERESE**, dispersed rural community, Casgrain Township, Cochrane District. Located 9 miles north of Hearst. Post office established as LAC STE. THERESE on February 2, 1935. First Postmaster Ulric Simard. Office August 31st, 1970. Present approved name is LAC STE. THERESE. Population 66 in 1951 and 54 in 1976. Map position: 49°47' 83°39'. References: U, 3B, 5A, 5E, V, and 6T.

**LAC SEUL**, dispersed rural community, in an unorganized territory, Kenora District. Located 26 kilometres from Hudson and 23 air miles from Sault Lookout. Situated north of Lac Seul in Patricia Portion, Kenora District. Post office established as LAC SEUL on March 13, 1963. First Postmaster Norman G. Simpson. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is LAS SEUL. Population 3 in 1951 and 65 in 1980. Map position: 50°20' 92°16'. References: U, 2Y, 5E, 5L, V, and 6T.

**LAC SEUL INDIAN RESERVATION #28**, Kenora District. Located 38 kilometres northwest of Sault Lookout on the southeast shore of Lac Seul. The Band owns and lives on this reserve under Grand Council Treaty #9. Ojibway is the language spoken. Population 237 in 1976 and 468 in 1976. Map position: 50°15' 92°15'. References: R3 and V.

**LAC TALON**, Hamlet, Bonfield Township, Nipissing District. Located 22 miles east of North Bay and 20 miles from Mattawa. Post office established as LAKE TALON on October 1st, 1876. First Postmaster A. S, Shields. Office name changed to RUTHERGLEN on February 1, 1909. Office still in operation in 1983. The CPR station at this place is called RUTHERGLEN STATION and is at an altitude of 789 feet above sea level, between the stations of Callander and Eau Claire. This place is a dispersed rural community, (1974). Present approved name is RUTHERGLEN. Population 150 in 1892 and 65 in 1976. Map position: 46°16' 79°03'. References: I, S, AA, PP, S, 3B, L1, 6Z, 8K, and V.

**LADEROUTE**, post office, North Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 2.5 miles from Alfred Station. Post office established as LADEROUTE.on May 1, 1913. First Postmaster Joseph Seguin. Office closed December 14, 1915. This place sometimes misspelled as LADERONTE. No recent reference to this office. Reference: 6T.

**LADY BANK**, dispersed rural community, Osprey Township, Grey County. Located 40 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 13 miles northeast of Flesherton. Post office established as LADY BANK 1881. First Postmaster Thomas Clemes, and was named for his farm. Office closed August 1, 1915. Present approved name is LADY BANK. Population 70 in 1892. Map position: 44° 80°. References: I, S, AA, Z, V, 6T, 5V, 5L and 7D.

**LADY EVELYN**, summer post office, in unsurveyed area, Nipissing District. Post office established as LADY EVELYN on July 22, 1907. First Postmaster J. Malcolmson. Office closed July 5, 1912. No further reference to this office. References: 6T and 7K.

**LADYSMITH**, post office, Moore Township, Lambton County. Located 14 miles southeast of Sarnia and 5.5 miles from Courtright Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as LADYSMITH on April 1, 1900. First Postmaster James Coyle. Office closed December 27, 1912. This place was named for Ladysmith, a famous battle site in the Boer War. Present approved name is LADYSMITH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°47' 82°24'. References: S, PP, 2Z, V, 6T, 5L and 7M.

**LADYSMITH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 50°01' 93°00'. Reference: V.

**LAFLAMME CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, West Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 4 km north of Vankleek Hill, 7 km southwest of Hawkesbury and 18 km ese of Alfred. Name changed to PLEASANT CORNER in 1956.

Present approved name is **PLEASANT CORNERS**. Population 75 in 1956. Map position: 45°33' 74°38'. References: B, V, 5L and 5E.

**LA FLECHE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°02' 81°54'. Reference: V.

LAFONTAINE #1, SEE: **STE. CROIX**, Simcoe County.

LAFONTAINE #2, SEE: **CLARENCE CREEK**, Renfrew County.

LAFONTAINE BEACH, hamlet, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 km south of Laurin, 10 km northwest of Ossossane Beach and 12 km southwest of Penetanguishene. Present approved name is **LAFONTAINE BEACH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 80°06'. References: 5L.

LAFOREST, SEE: **LAKE POST**, Sudbury District.

LAFORME TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 24, Range 24**, Algoma District.

LAFRAMBOISE, SEE: **ALFRED CENTRE STATION**, Prescott County.

LA FRANCHE, (or La FRENCHE), a river called **THE THAMES** by Proclamation on the 16th of July in the year 1792. Reference: 7W.

LAGGAN, dispersed rural community, Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located 6 miles northwest of Alexandria and 19 miles from Lancaster. Post office established in 1862, but served from 1853 by a post office named **KENYON** with the Postmaster D. Cattenach. This Postmaster served from 1853 until 1869 at the Village named **LAGGAN** with the post office named **KENYON**. It looks as if Mr. Donald Cattenach had a movable post office named **KENYON** and he shared it between the place called **LAGGAN** and another place 3 miles distant called **DUNVEGAN** between the years 1848 and 1869. **LAGGAN POST OFFICE** was closed February 10, 1915. Present approved name is **LAGGAN**. Population 100 in 1875 and 39 in 1976. Map position: 45°23' 74°42'. References: B, I, A, S, EE, 3B, V, 7A, 5L and 6T.

LAGOON CITY, urban community, Mara Township, Simcoe County. Located 22 kilometres from Beaverton, 65 miles north of Metropolitan Toronto, 2 miles from Brechin and 14 miles from Orillia. Contains 14,000 acres of land with 5,000 feet of shoreline. Present approved name is **LAGOON CITY**. Population 90 in 1976 and 2000 in 1980. Map position: 44°33' 79°13'. References: U, 3B, 5L and Inducon Dev. Corp.

LAHONTAN TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 86**, Thunder Bay District.

**LAIDLAW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°00' 81°48'. Reference: V.

LAIRD, dispersed rural community, Laird Township, Algoma District. Located 22 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie and 6 miles from Ekoba Station on CPR. Post office established as **LAIRD** on January 1, 1897. First Postmaster Charles Venn. Office closed March 1, 1928. Present approved name is **LAIRD**. Population 500 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°24' 84°04'. References: S, PP, V, 7F, and 6T.

LAIRD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Located 32 kilometres southeast of Sault Ste. Marie. First settled in 1873, land survey done in 1875. Incorporated as a Township, February 23, 1891. Quieting Order, M1162, dated October 9, 1956. Population 700 in 1977 and 827 in 1980. Map position: 46°24' 84°02'. References: R1, HH, M, and V.

LAJEUNESSE BRIDGE, SEE: **BELAIR BRIDGE**, Kenora District.

LAKE, dispersed rural community, Lake Township, Hastings County. Located 10 miles from Coe Hill and 96 miles north of Belleville. Post office established as **LAKE** in 1889. First Postmaster John A. McColl. Office closed November 15, 1950. Present approved name is **LAKE**. Population 50 in 1895 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°46'

77°53'. References: I, AA, Z, PP, V, 7Q, 5L and 6T.

LAKE ACHIGAN, station, Algoma District. Located 45 miles from Sault Ste. Marie, 1.6 miles from Superior Junction Station, and 4.9 miles from Bucrvrus Station. Shown on the Algoma Central and Hudson's Bay Railway in 1906 and on the Algoma Eastern Railway in 1915. It is 1,114 feet above sea level. No recent reference to this station. References: PP, 8J, and L.

LAKE BERNARD, dispersed rural community, Strong Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Bernard Lake, 7 km south of Sundridge, 7 km west of Pevensey and 12 km north of Burk's Falls. Present approved name is LAKE BERNARD. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°42' 79°24'. References: B, 5L and V.

LAKE CHARLES, dispersed rural community, Keppel Township, Grey County. Located 18 miles northwest of Owen Sound and 7 miles from Wiarton. Post office established as LAKE CHARLES in 1882. First Postmaster Joseph Davidson. Office closed October 1, 1914. This place was named after one of the men in the surveying party. Present approved name is LAKE CHARLES. Population 50 in 1892, 50 in 1926 and 14 in 1976. Map position: 44°46' 81°01'. References: I, S, AA, MM, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

LAKE CLEAR, dispersed rural community, Sebastopol Township, Renfrew County. Located 33 miles south of Pembroke and 8 miles southwest of Eganville Station on CPR and 23 miles west of Renfrew. Post office established as LAKE CLEAR in 1891. First Postmaster Edward Jessup. Office closed October 15th, 1927. Present approved name is LAKE CLEAR. Population 200 in 1895 and 35 in 1936. Map position: 45°26' 77°16'. References: B, I, S, Z, PP, 5E, 5U, V, 5L and 6T.

LAKE COUCHICHING, settlement, Rama Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 kilometres from Longford and 7 miles from Orilla. This place had a post office, named LAKE COUCHICHING, opening date July 1st, 1903. First Postmaster J. Atkinson. On July 1st, 1911, the name was changed to GENEVA PARK. Office still in operation in 1983. Designated a dispersed rural community in 1974. Present approved name is GENEVA PARK. Map position: 44°40' 79°21'. References: SS, V, 6T, 5L, U, and 8A.

LAKE DALRYMPLE, dispersed rural community, Carden Township, Victoria County. Located on Dalrymple Lake, 4 km south of McCrackins Landing, 4 km north of Dalrymple and 24 km west of Coboconk. Present approved name is LAKE DALRYMPLE. Population 34 in 1971 and 35 in 1976. Map position 44°40' 79°06'. References: 3B, 5L and V.

LAKE DECEPTION, SEE: DARLINGTON #1, Keewatin District.

LAKE DORE, dispersed rural community, Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Located 16 miles south of Pembroke and 12 miles west of Cobden Station on CPR. Post office established as LAKE DORE on February 1, 1863. First Postmaster James Leech. Office closed December 12, 1912. Present approved name is LAKE DORE. Population 20 in 1886 and 67 in 1951. Map position: 45°38' 77°04'. References: I, T, S, 3B, 3N, V, 5L and 6T.

LAKE ERIE, station, Raleigh Township, Kent County. This station is 529 feet above sea level, located between Cedar Springs Village Station and Erie Beach Station, and 31.75 miles from Port Stanley. LAKE ERIE STATION on the Chatham, Wallaceburg and Lake Erie Railway. Name changed to GOODISONS in March of 1927. No recent reference to this station. References: SS, 8J, and L.

LAKE ERIE COUNTRY CLUB, dispersed rural community, Malden Township, Essex County. Located 8 km south of Busy Bee Corners, 8 km west of Amherst Pointe and 10 km southeast of Harrow. Present approved name is LAKE ERIE COUNTRY CLUB. Population not shown in 1976. Map position 42°02' 83°02'. Reference: 5L and V.

LAKE FAVEL, post office, Kenora District. Located 23.8 miles east of Reddit and 15.9 miles west of McIntosh. Post office established as LAKE FAVEL on June 1, 1930. First Postmaster Arthur Wilcox. Office closed December 12, 1934. No further reference to this post office. Reference: 6T.

LAKEFIELD, SEE: NELSON'S FALLS, Peterborough County.

LAKE GENEVA, SEE: WASHQUARTER, Halton and Wentworth County.

LAKE HELEN INDIAN RESERVATION #53 A, Indian Reserve, Thunder Bay District. Reserve belongs to the Red Rock Indian Band under the Robinson Superior Treaty. Area of the reserve is 34 acres and Ojibway is the language. Located south of Helen Lake and 3.2 kilometres northeast of Nipigon. Population 303 in 1978. Map position: 49°01' 88°13'. References: R3 and V.

LAKE HUNGER, dispersed rural area, Windham Township, Norfolk County. In 1887, this place was known as a holiday area. First settler Neil Brown. No recent reference to this area. Reference: 1N.

LAKE HURON HIGHLAND, hamlet, Kincardine Township, Bruce County. Located on Lake Huron, 6 km southwest of Tiverton, 8km northeast of Kincardine and 12 km west of Eskdale. Present approved name is LAKE HURON HIGHLAND. Population 102 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 81°36'. Reference: 3B and 5L.

LAKEHURST, dispersed rural community, Harvey Township, Peterborough County. Located 28 miles north of Peterborough and 10 miles northwest of Lakefield. Post office established as LAKEHURST on October 1, 1869. First Postmaster John Tarlington. Office still in operation in 1983. The office was named by the first Postmaster and was called LAKE for Pigeon Lake and HEARST meaning wooded eminence. Present approved name is LAKEHURST. Population 50 in 1892 and 31 in 1976. Map position 44°32' 78°26'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3B, V, 5L and 5W.

LAKE JOSEPH, SEE: GORDON BAY #1, Parry Sound District.

LAKE JUNCTION, junction, Simcoe County. Located 1/2 mile south of Collingwood. It is a station on Grand Trunk Railway at the junction of the Beeton and Collingwood and the Barrie and Meaford branches of Grand Trunk Railway. This place is noted between the years 1892 and 1908. No further references to this junction. References: S, AA, Z, and PP.

LAKELAND, ghost town, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 miles north of Bell Ewart, on the shore of Small Bay of Lake Simcoe. Post office established as LAKELAND on July 1, 1857. First Postmaster James Vance. Office closed by September 30, 1859. An 1893 report says remains are seen, of a sawmill and two or three dozen houses, but uninhabited in 1893. No recent reference to this place. References: I, EE, 3M, 3V, 3X, 2E, and 8A.

LAKELAND ACRES, suburban community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located on Lake Ontario, 4 km southeast of Collins Bay, 12 km southwest of Elginburg and 16 km northwest of Bath. Present approved name is LAKELAND ACRES. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 76°35'. Reference: V and 5L.

LAKELAND POINT, suburban community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 5 km southeast of Collins Bay, 1 km south of LaSalle and 7 km west of Kingston. Present approved name is LAKELAND POINT. Map position: 44°13' 76°36'. Reference: V and 5L.

LAKELET, hamlet, Howick Township, Huron County. Located 5 miles from Clifford, on Maitland River, 40 miles northeast of Goderich and 7 miles from Harriston. Post office established as LAKELET in 1865. First Postmaster Myles Young. Office closed April 15, 1918. In 1974, designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is LAKELET. Population 250 in 1886 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 43°57' 81°04'. References: I, A, T, S, PP, 3B, 4F, V, 5L and 6T.

LAKELEY, urban community, Part of Ctyof Hamilton, in Regional Municipality of hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is LAKELEY. Map position: 43°14' 79°45'. Reference: V.

LAKE OF BAYS, SEE: BRITANNIA #3, Muskoka District.

LAKE OF BAYS TOWNSHIP, in District Municipality of Muskoka. Incorporated as Township, January 1, 1971, by Ontario Statute, 1970, C32. Population 2045 in 1980. References: HH and M.

LAKE OF THE WOODS, lake. This is a list of name changes for this lake: 1799, named LAC du BOIS; 1927, reference shows previous names LAC des ISLES, LAKE OF THE SANDHILLS, LAC des SIOUX, and finally LAKE OF THE WOODS. References: GG and 7W.

LAKE OF THE WOODS #31B, Indian reserve, Kenora District. Located on the northwest shore of Lake of the Woods. This reserve belongs to the Big Island Indian Band, and is on the west shore of Outer Bay, Lake of the Woods. Map position: 49°30' 94°50'. References: V, 5L and R3.

LAKE OF THE WOODS #31C, Indian reserve, Kenora District. On Birch Island, northwest of Big Island. This reserve belongs to the Big Island Indian Band. Map position: 49°20' 94°48'. References: V, 5L and R3.

LAKE OF THE WOODS #31G, Indian reserve, Kenora District. Located on Big Island. This reserve belongs to the Big Island Indian Band. Map position: 49°22' 95°00'. References: V, 5L and R3.

LAKE OF THE WOODS #31H, Indian reserve, Kenora District. On Big Island. Reserve belongs to Big Island Indian Band. Map position: 49°07' 94°43'. References: V and R3.

LAKE OF THE WOODS #34, Indian reserve, Kenora District. Located on the north shore of Gull Bay, Lake of the Woods. Map position: 49°18' 94°35'. Reference: 5L and V.

LAKE OF THE WOODS #35J, Indian reserve, Kenora District. Located east of Split Rock Lake. Map position: 49°13' 94°35'. Reference: V and 5L.

LAKE OF THE WOODS #37, Indian reserve, Kenora District. Located on Windfall and Windigo Islands. Map position: 49°22' 94°52'. Reference: V and 5L.

LAKE OF THE WOODS #37B, Indian reserve, Kenora District. Located on Squaw Island, Lake of the Woods. Map position: 49°19' 94°48'. Reference: V and 5L.

LAKE OF TWO RIVERS, SEE: TWO RIVERS, Nipissing District.

LAKE ONTARIO, lake. Previous name LAC FRONTENAC. Reference: GG.

LAKE ON THE MOUNTAIN, SEE: VAN ALSTINE'S, Prince Edward County.

LAKE OPINICON, dispersed rural community, Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Located 28 miles northeast of Kingston, 10 miles from Newboro Station on Brockville and Westport Railway and 3 miles from Chaffey's Locks on Rideau Canal. Post office established as LAKE OPINICON in 1871. First Postmaster Bryce T. Davidson. Office closed May 31, 1940. The name of this place is derived from the Indian name of the lake, which means " lake of potatoes". Present approved name is LAKE OPINICON. Population 200 in 1892 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 44°32' 76°22'. References: I, S, AA, Z, MM, PP, V, 5V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

LAKE PANACHE, hamlet, Sudbury District. Located 32 kilometres from Sudbury. Included in Amalgamation of Town of Walden, after 1974. References: U and 3B.

LAKE PARK, dispersed rural community, Beckwith Township, Lanark County. Located 4 miles north of Carleton Place. Summer post office established as LAKE PARK on August 22, 1946. First Postmistress Mrs. Lillian Grace Thorsoll. Office not in operation in 1984. Present approved name is LAKE PARK. Population 110 in 1971 and 78 in 1976. Map position: 45°07' 76°10'. References: U, 3B, V, 5L and 6T.

LAKEPORT, SEE: PORT CRAMAHE, Northumberland County.

LAKEPOST, dispersed rural community, Sweeny Township, Sudbury District. Located 20 miles from Milnet and 22 miles from Ruel. LAKEPOST STATION is located on Canadian Northern Railway Main Line at an altitude of 1262

feet above sea level. In 1916 the name was changed to **CAIPHA**. Post office established as **CAIPHA** on May 15, 1918. First Postmaster Emile Charette. Post office was changed to **LAFOREST**, on January 1, 1919. Office closed April 30, 1926. Present approved name is **LAFOREST**. Map position: 47°02' 81°13'. References: L3, SS, V, 6T, 5L and U.

LAKE RIVER, dispersed rural community, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located on the Lakitusaki River, 354 kilometres from Moosonee, 56 km south of Hook Point and 10 km west of James Bay. Present approved name is **LAKE RIVER**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 54°22' 82°31'. References: U, 2R, 5L and V.

LAKE ROSALIND, dispersed rural community, Brant Township, Bruce County. Located on Lake Rosalind, 4 km northwest of Hanover, 8 km south of Elmwood and 9 km northeast of Walkerton. Present approved name is **LAKE ROSALIND**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°10' 81°04'. References: B and V and 5L.

LAKE ST. JOSEPH HOTEL, post office, location not shown. Post office circular states " not in operation since 1916 and is being considered as permanently closed". Date of notice March, 1922. Reference: 6T.

LAKE ST. JOSEPH HOUSE, station, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located near Hudson. This source is dated 1933; there is no further reference to this place. Reference: LL.

LAKE ST. PETER, SEE: PORTERVILLE, Hastings County.

LAKESDALE, hamlet, Brock Township, Ontario County. Near Vallentyne. This place only mentioned in the year 1892. No recent references. Reference: AA.

LAKESHORE, settlement, Bertie Township, Welland County. Located 1000 yards east of Erie Beach and 3 kilometres from Fort Erie. Post office established as **LAKESHORE** on June 3, 1954. First Postmaster Eugene Kranics. Post office status changed to sub-post office of Fort Erie #2 on July 2, 1957. No further reference to this post office. Present approved name is **LAKESHORE**. References: U, 6V, V, and 6T.

LAKE SHORE MINE, mine, Teck Township, Timiskaming District. Population 146 in 1951 and 147 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

LAKESIDE #1, concentrated rural community, East Nissouri Township, Oxford County. Located 20 miles northwest of Woodstock and 12 miles from Thamesford. Post office established as **LAKESIDE** on February 1, 1856. First Postmaster H. McKenzie. Office still in operation in 1983. **LAKESIDE STATION** on St. Mary's Division of CPR. Station number 1838, between the stations of McConkey and Bairds, in 1911. Present approved name is **LAKESIDE**. Population 100 in 1886 and 103 in 1976. Map position: 43°12' 81°01'. References: I, T, S, AA, 3B, V, 5L, 10B and 8Q.

LAKESIDE #2, SEE: BONGARD'S CORNERS, Prince Edward County.

LAKESIDE #3, urban community, Part of City of Burlington, in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Present approved name is **LAKESIDE**. Map position: 43°20' 79°48'. Reference: V.

LAKESIDE #4, settlement, located near Lucan, Middlesex County in 1905. Named for a nearby small lake. Letter from Postmaster is only evidence that this place existed in 1905. No other reference to this place. Reference: 7D.

LAKESIDE BEACH, dispersed rural community, Scugog Township, Ontario County. In 1974, became part of Scugog Township within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on the western shore of Scugog Island. Present approved name is **LAKESIDE BEACH**. Population 95 in 1971 and 113 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 78°55'. References: B, 3G, 3B, 5L and V.

LAKESIDE GARDENS SURVEY, Grimsby North Township, Lincoln County. Population 153 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

LAKE SIMCOE, lake, Simcoe District. Governor Simcoe named this lake in honour of his father, Captain John Simcoe R.N. Previous name LAC au CLAIES. References: 3D, 6G, and 5K.

LAKE SULPHITE COMPANY, station, on the Canadian National Railway, southeast of Lake Nipigon, Thunder Bay District. Located 14 miles south of Orient Bay and 27 miles north of Nipigon. Name changed to EAST McKIRDY when post office of the same name was established on February 10th, 1938. First Postmaster E. M. Cameron. Office closed October 24, 1939. This is a place on the track named for a family who handled the fishing guide concession on the Nipissing River. Present approved name is EAST McKIRDY. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°16' 88°08'. References: SS, V, 6T, 5L and 8L.

LAKE SUPERIOR, lake. Previous name LAC TRACY. Reference: GG.

LAKE SUPERIOR JUNCTION, SEE: SUPERIOR JUNCTION, Kenora District.

LAKE TALON, SEE: LAC TALON, Nipissing District.

LAKE TALLON, SEE: LAC TALON, Nipissing District.

LAKE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Hastings County. This place first listed in Victoria District, Canada West, 1848, although it was shown on a post office directive that mail for the uninhabited Township of Lake was to be sent to the post office at Marmora in 1835. By 1852, it had been surveyed and contained 68 200 acres. Map position: 44°43' 77°45'. References: C, 3H, 2W, and V.

LAKE TRAVERSE, SEE: AGNONE, Nipissing District.

LAKEVALE, dispersed rural community, Smith Township, Peterborough County. Located 8.5 miles northwest of Peterborough. Station name BEST'S STATION on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established and named FOWLER'S CORNERS in 1876. First Postmaster John Williamson. Office closed October 31, 1928. Present approved name is FOWLERS CORNERS. Population 36 in 1885 and 29 in 1972. Map position: 44°20' 78°27'. References: I, Z, 3F, O, V, 5T, 5L and 6T.

LAKE VERNON, hamlet, Stisted Township, Muskoka District. Post office established 1877 as PORT VERNON. Located 4 miles west of Huntsville and 40 miles from Gravenhurst. In 1879, the post office name was changed to HOODSTOWN. Office closed in 1892. The only Postmaster shown as serving at this office was E. G. Hilldtch. A local name in use for this place was LAKE VERNON. In 1886, the railroad passed by Hoodstown and resulted in its decline; it has no recent references. Last listed in 1908. References: I, 1L, E, AA, 5V, and 5P.

LAKE VICTORIA, summer post office, Murchison Township, Nipissing District. Located 16 kilometres from Madawaska. Post office established as LAKE VICTORIA on August 1, 1911. First Postmaster Wilmot Hamilton. Office closed October, 1922; it had not operated since 1919. No recent reference to this office. References: U and 6T.

LAKEVIEW #1, SEE: GOLF LINKS, Peel County.

LAKEVIEW #2, SEE: ARNERSVILLE, Eldon County.

LAKEVIEW #3, concentrated rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located on Lake Simcoe, 1 km south of Oro Park, 5 km southeast of Oro Station and 16 km northwest of Barrie. Present approved name is LAKEVIEW. Population 24 in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 79°31'. References: B, V and 5L.

LAKEVIEW #4, dispersed rural community, Hay Township, Huron County. This place is located on the shore of Lake Huron 22 miles from Goderich and 10 miles from Hensall Station on the London and Wingham Branch of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as JOHNSTON'S MILLS ON June 1, 1853. First Postmaster Moses Johnston. Office name changed to ST. JOSEPH May 1, 1897. Office closed May 1, 1914. The place name eventually became ST. JOSEPH. Population 25 in 1893 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 43°25' 81°42'. References: AA, EE, I, Z,

U10, 3K, 1G, 5U, 7F, S, MM, and 6T.

LAKEVIEW #5, dispersed rural community, Essa Township, Simcoe County. Located 10 miles southwest of Barrie and 9 miles from Allandale. Post office established as IVY on October 1st, 1858. First Postmaster T. McDonald. No reason for name but fits in with surrounding offices of Holly and Vine. Office closed January 6th, 1968. Present approved name is IVY. Population 200 in 1886 and 64 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 79°46'. References: I, A, T, S, JJ, 3B, 3X, V, 5L and 7D.

LAKEVIEW BEACH #1, post office, York Township, Peel County. Located on the Toronto to Hamilton Highway at stop 35, 2.5 miles from Long Branch and one mile from Port Credit. Daily mail by courier on Port Credit Railway. Post office established as LAKEVIEW BEACH on August 1, 1922. Horace G. Page first Postmaster. Office closed March 31, 1927. No further reference to this office. References: 3C and 6T.

LAKEVIEW BEACH #2, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Ontario County. Located on Dalrymple Lake, 7 km northeast of Brechin Point, 8 km west of Rohallion and 15 km east of Uptergrove. Present approved name is LAKEVIEW BEACH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 79°08'. Reference: V and 5L.

LAKEVIEW HEIGHTS, concentrated rural community, Cornwall Township, Stormont County. Located 3 km east of Long Sault, 11 km west of Cornwall and 18 km south of Monkland. Present approved name is LAKEVIEW HEIGHTS. Population 132 in 1961 and 131 in 1976. Map position: 45°02' 74°51'. References: 3B, 5A, 5L and V.

LAKEVIEW PARK #1, concentrated rural community, Durham County. Located 5 kilometres from Oshawa and most recently designated as Part of City of Oshawa, in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is LAKEVIEW PARK. Map position: 43°52' 78°50'. References: U and V.

LAKEVIEW PARK #2, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 8 km north of Arbeatha Park, 13 km northeast of Kanata, 14 km east of Meadowlands and 22 km southwest of Ottawa. Present approved name is LAKEVIEW PARK. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°21' 75°49'. Reference: V and 5L.

LAKEVIEW PARK #3, post office, Peel County. Located on the Toronto to Hamilton Highway, Stop 32 1/2, 1.5 miles from Long Branch and 2 miles from Port Credit. Daily mail by courier on Port Credit Railway. Post office established as LAKEVIEW PARK on August 1, 1922. First Postmaster Albert W. Garnett. Office closed April 30, 1927. No further reference to this office. Reference: 6T.

LAKE WASAW, SEE: WASAW, Rainy River District.

LAKE WILCOX, SEE: LAKE WILLCOCK'S, York County.

LAKE WILLCOCK'S, settlement, Whitchurch Township, York County. Located east of Yonge Street between Yonge and Bayview Avenue. Originally the lake was named and spelled after its owner William Willcock Baldwin, who built a house there in 1802. This area was annexed to Richmond Hill in 1971. No recent reference to this name. References: 3G and 2J,

LAKEWOOD, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Bracebridge, Muskoka District. Summer post office established as LAKEWOOD on July 1, 1931. First Postmistress Mrs. H.M. Rice. Office closed September 1st, 1969. Located 2.5 miles northwest of Vankoughnet, 5 miles east of Uffington, 4.5 miles northwest of Clear Lake, and 4 miles south of Purbrook. The most recent reference to this place is in 1980 when it is shown 29 kilometres from Bracebridge. Present approved name is LAKEWOOD. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 45°00' 79°05'. References: B, U, V, and 6T.

LAKEWOOD BEACH, concentrated rural community, Malden Township, Essex County. Located 14 km west of Harrow, 4 km southeast of Amherst Pointe and 30 km south of Windsor. Present approved name is LAKEWOOD BEACH. Population

63 in 1971 and 83 in 1976. Map position: 42°02' 83°04'. References: B, 3B, 5L and V.

LALIBERT TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 30, Range 26, Algoma District.

LALONDE, settlement, South Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 25 miles southwest of L'Orignal, 25 miles west of Vankleek Hill and 11 miles south of Papineauville, Quebec. Post office established as LALONDE in 1888. First Postmaster H.J. David. Office closed October 1, 1915. Population 50 in 1893 and less than 100 in 1908. Present approved name is LALAONDE. Map position: 45°28' 74°57'. References: I, S, Z, PP, U10, V, 6T, and 5T.

L'AMABLE #1, SEE: GREEN CORNERS, Hastings County.

L'AMABLE #2, dispersed rural community, Airy Township, Nipissing District.Named for an Indian war chief of the same name who was drowned and buried in the vicinity. Located 11 kilometres from Whitney. Present approved name is L'AMABLE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°29' 78°06'. References: B, U, 5L and V.

L'AMABLE STATION, station, Dungannon Township, Hastings County. Situated on the Central Ontario Railway, 7 miles from Bancroft. Post office established January 1, 1902. First Postmaster Harry Steenburg. Post office name changed to DETLOR on May 1, 1904. Recently designated a concentrated rural community. The station name was changed to DETLOR STATION effective June 24, 1923. This station is located at mileage 78.8, Maynooth subdivision, on Canadian National Railways. Present approved name is DETLOR. Population 63 in 1941 and 48 in 1976. Map position: 45°02' 77°44'. References: S, PP, 3B, 5L, V, SS, and 7D.

LAMARCHE, unorganized community, Cochrane District. First settled in 1920s. Population 172 in 1978. Map position: 49°00' 81°00'. Reference: R2.

LAMARCHE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°00' 81°00'. Reference: V.

L'AMAROUX SEE: L'AMOREAUX SETTLEMENT, York County.

LAMAUNE, SEE: WEATHERBE, Thunder Bay District.

LAMBERT, dispersed rural community, Elma Township, Perth County. Located 4 miles from Milverton and 4.5 miles from Donegal. Post office established as LAMBERT on June 1, 1910. First Postmaster John McLellan. Office closed May 3, 1913. Present approved name is LAMBERT. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°35' 81°00'. References: 6T, 5L and V.

LAMBERT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°25' 82°10'. Reference: V.

LAMBETH, SEE: HALL'S MILLS #4, Middlesex County.

LAMB'S LAKE SETTLEMENT, settlement, Nipissing District. This settlement was established in 1865 and the early settlers built a grist and saw mill. Place later named L'AMABLE LAKE. No further reference to this place. Reference: 7R.

LAMB'S WHARF, located a little east of the Mimico Post Office, on Lake Ontario and west of Duck's Wharf in 1878. This place is in present day Etobicoke, York County. Reference: 2J.

LAMBTON #1, SEE: COOPER'S MILLS, York County.

LAMBTON #2, SEE: LAMBTON VILLAGE, Lambton County.

LAMBTON COUNTY, Geographic County, Ontario Province. Named for John George Lambton, Earl of Durham and Governor of Canada in 1838. Area 1124 square miles, having within it 10 Townships. First settlers in 1800.

For references see Works Cited.

Surveyed in 1829. In 1853 this County had the first regular County council at Port Sarnia. Created by Canada Statutes 1849, C.78, Schedule A. Counties of Essex and Kent were united for judicial and other purposes as the United Counties of Essex and Kent effective January 1, 1850. Amended by Canada Statutes 1849, C.79, ammends the above by substituted the United Counties of Essex, Kent and Lambton effective same date. Proclamation dated December 31, 1850 separated Essex County from the United Counties of Essex, Kent and Lambton. This proclamation was revoked by proclamation dated January 13, 1851 which disunited the County of Kent from the said United Counties of Essex and Lambton effective January 13, 1851. Proclamation dated and effective September 30, 1853 separated the United Counties of Essex and Lambton. Lambton County passed from Indian to Crown ownership by three treaties dated between 1796 and 1827. The County of Lambton consists of: the City of Sarnia, the towns of: Forest and Petrolia, the villages of: Alvinston, Arkona, Courtright, Grand Bend, Oil Springs, Point Edward, Thedford, Watford and Wyoming, the townships of: Bosanquet, Brooke, Dawn, Enniskillen, Euphemia, Moore, Plympton, Sarnia, Sombra (including Walpole Island, St. Anne's Island and other islands at the mouth of the St. Clair River), and Warwick. Population 12,040 in 1852 and 38,897 in 1871 and 118,138 in 1980. Map position: 42°45' 82°05'. References: M, HH, 2Y, 2X, 5C, 2W, and V.

LAMBTON MILLS, hamlet, York Township, York County. Located on the Humber River, 7 miles northwest of Toronto, 5 miles from Toronto Junction. Post office established as LAMBTON MILLS in 1873. Former name of this post office was Etobicoke but name was changed when moved to this site. First Postmaster F. A. Howland. On July 3rd, 1939 status of office changed to sub post office of Toronto. LAMBTON MILLS STATION served by CNR and formerly on the belt line railway (1895). Designated an urban community in 1974 and became Part of Borough of Etobicoke, now City of Etobicoke. Population 50 in 1875 and 5,317 in 1928. Present approved name is LAMBTON MILLS. Map position: 43°39' 79°31'. References: I, A, S, AA, PP, K3, 6T and V

LAMBTON VILLAGE, Police Village, Sombra Township, Lambton County. Located 24 miles south of Sarnia and a station on the St. Clair River served by Pere Marquette Railway, and 10 miles northwest of Wallaceburg. First settler in 1815 Francis Baby. First settler in the town site in 1820 was Duncan McDonald. Post office established as PORT LAMBTON opened November 1, 1871. First Postmaster John H. Sewell. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village on June 11, 1921 by County Bylaw #953. Area increased on June 16, 1945 by County Bylaw #799. Police Village dissolved on December 1, 1980 by Municipal Board Order #80549. Reverted to Township of Sombra. Occasional named used for this place was LAMBTON. Present approved name is PORT LAMBTON. Population 50 in 1885 and 400 in 1956. Map position: 42°39' 82°30'. References: I, P, S, AA, 2Z, 1H, 2Y, 3R, 5E, 7B, PP, 5X, V, 5L, 9L and 7L.

LAMER'S CORNERS, hamlet, Cornwall Township, Stormont County. Located 3 miles from Cornwall. This reference is dated 1875; no further reference to this place. Reference: A.

LAMLASH, dispersed rural community, Bentinck Township, Grey County. This place was named for Lamlash in the Island of Arran, Scotland by John McNicol, a settler in 1858. Located 25 miles south of Owen Sound and 12 miles northwest of Durham. Post office established as LAMLASH in 1876. First Postmaster Edward Earls. Office closed November 1, 1914. Present approved name is LAMLASH. Population 20 in 1893, 200 in 1913 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 80°58'. References: I, S, AA, DD, U10, V, 6T, 5V, 5L and 7D.

LAMMERMOOR #1, SEE: GIBSON'S SETTLEMENT, Lanark County.

LAMMERMOOR #2, SEE: NOBLETON, York County.

LAMMERMOORE, SEE: GIBSON'S SETTLEMENT, Lanark County.

LAMMING TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 22, Range 11, Algoma District.

LAMON, hamlet, West Williams Township, Middlesex County. Located 30 miles northwest of London, on the Sable River and 7 miles southwest of Park Hill Station. Post office opened as LAMON in 1879. First Postmaster Archibald McLachlin. Office closed October 1st, 1913. No recent references to this place. References: I, T, S, Z, 6T, 5V, and 7D.

**L'AMOREUX SETTLEMENT**, settlement, North York Township, York County. Located 13 miles northeast of Toronto and 3 miles west of Agincourt Station on CPR. This place founded and settled by Josue L'Amoureux, Loyalist Huguenot and wife, Elizabeth Ogden with 7 children and 2 nephews in the early 1800s. Post office established and spelled **L'AMAROUX** on April 1st, 1854. First Postmaster James Taylor. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **L'AMAROUX**. Population 250 in 1875 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 43°48' 79°20'. References: 8C, 8Q, I, A, S, MM, 3L, V, 6T, 8S, and 7D.

**LAMORNA**, hamlet, Chapman Township, Parry Sound District. Located 6 miles from Sundridge Station on CPR. Post office established 1888. First Postmaster James Hackett. Office closed 1891. No recent references to this place. References: I, AA, Z, and 5T.

**LAMPLUG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 79°50'. Reference: V.

**LAMPMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°11' 81°19'. Reference: V.

**LAMPORT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°32' 90°14'. Reference: V.

**LAMPTON**, post office, Eramosa Township, Wellington County, Canada West. Post office established April 6th, 1852. First Postmaster G. McDonald. Not listed in Canadian Almanac. There is no further reference to this office. References: I and 3K.

**LAMRECTON**, settlement, Lambton County. A summer settlement and camp ground on the shore of Lake Huron and located one mile east of the Plympton-Sarnia town line. No recent references to this settlement. Reference: 1H.

**LANARK**, SEE: **NEW LANARK**, Lanark County.

**LANARK COUNTY**, Geographic County, with an area of 1138 square miles and containing 14 Townships. Settlement in 1816. Lanark County established by Canada Statute 1849, C.78, Schedule A - Lanark and Renfrew were united for Judicial and other purposes as the United Counties of Lanark and Renfrew effective January 1st, 1850. Proclamation dated August 23rd, 1866 separated County of Lanark from the County of Renfrew, Effective October 10th, 1866 (there were two Acts to provide for the Separation of the Counties, Canada Statutes 1861, C.51 and Canada Statutes 1865, C. 65.) Lanark County consists of the towns of: Almonte, Carleton Place and Perth, the separated Town of Smiths Falls, the village of Lanark and the townships of: Bathurst, Beckwith, Darling, Drummond, Lanark, Lavant Dalhousie and North Sherbrooke, Montague, North Burgess, North Elmsley, Pakenham, Ramsay and South Sherbrooke. Population 27,317 in 1852 and 44,987 in 1980. Map position: 45°05' 76°20'. References: M, HH, 2Y, 2W, and V.

**LANARK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Lanark County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850, by Canada Statute 1849, C.81. This Township formerly in Bathurst District, Canada West. Population 2,649 in 1852 and 982 in 1980. Map position: 45°06' 76°24'. References: 1C, HH, M, 2W, and V.

**LANARK VILLAGE**, SEE: **NEW LANARK**, Lanark County.

**LANCASTER #1**, SEE: **KIRKWOOD**, Glengary County.

**LANCASTER #2**, SEE: **SCHUMACKER'S MILLS**, Wellington County.

**LANCASTER TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Glengarry County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Quieting order P2472, dated August 22nd, 1967. Formerly in Eastern District, Canada West. Presently in the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas, and Glengarry. Area 57,200 acres. Population 4,080 in 1852 and 3,119 in 1980. This Township named for King George III, Duke of Lancaster. Map position: 45°15' 74°30'. References: 2, HH, 2W, M, 5K, and V.

**LANCASTERVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Hope Township, later Hamilton Township, Durham County, subsequently,

Northumberland County. Located 10 miles northwest of Cobourg, the County Seat, 6 1/2 miles north of Lake Ontario, 5 miles from the Grand Trunk Railway at Garden Hill, 10 miles from Port Hope and 2 1/2 miles from Bethel Grove. Name later changed to **BROWN'S CORNER'S**, for the number of families of that name in the area. Post office opened in 1876 as **ROSSMOUNT** or **ROSS MOUNT** and was named for Lewis Ross, M.P., for East Durham. First Postmaster Joshuah Lill. Office closed April 30th, 1925. First settled by the Lancaster's from Ireland. Present approved name is **ROSSMOUNT**. Population 75 in 1892 and 30 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 78°18'. References: B, I, S, AA, 6T, 3B, PP, 5V, V, 5L and 7D.

**LANCELOT**, dispersed rural community, Stephenson Township, Muskoka District. Later part of Town of Huntsville, in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 5 miles north of Utterson and 29 miles from Gravenhurst. Post office established as **LANCELOT** in 1878. First Postmaster Walter Balls. Office closed May 21, 1952. Present approved name is **LANCELOT**. Population 65 in 1895 and 15 in 1926. Map position: 45°16' 79°21'. References: I, S, Z, MM, 3R, V, 5P, 6T, and 7D.

**LANDERKIN**, dispersed rural community, Egremont Township, Grey County. Located 7 miles from Mount Forest Station on CPR, 5 km east of Conn and 7 km southwest of Cedarville. Post office established as **LANDERKIN** on October 27, 1904. First Postmaster Alan McDougall. Office closed May 1, 1913. This place was named after Dr. Landerkin, an M.P. Present approved name is **LANDERKIN**. Map position: 44°01' 80°37'. References: S, PP, V, 6T, 7J, 5L and 7D.

**LANDERSVILLE**, hamlet, Wellesley Township, Waterloo County. The nearest post office is Bamberg, about one mile distant. Population 40 in 1875. No further reference to this place. No recent reference to this place. Reference: A.

**LANDGUARD**, formerly known as **POINT aux PINS**. This name change caused by order of His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor John Graves Simcoe, on October 23, 1795. Reference: 7W.

**LANDRIAULT TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **R TOWNSHIP**, Algoma District.

**LANDRY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°30' 83°59'. Reference: V.

**LANDSDALE**, urban community, part of City of Hamilton, in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **LANSDALE**. Map position: 43°15' 79°51'. Reference: V.

**LANES**, SEE: **LANESVILLE**, Huron County.

**LANESBOROUGH**, SEE: **LANESVILLE**, Huron County.

**LANESVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Ashfield Township, Huron County. Located 16 miles northeast of Goderich, 7 miles southwest of Lucknow, and on Kerry Creek. Post office established 1875 and named **LANESBOROUGH**. First Postmaster William Lane. In 1877 the post office name was changed to **LANES**. Office closed July 1, 1918. Community named for John Lane an early settler. Present approved name is **LANES**. Population 20 in 1893, 30 in 1926 and 11 in 1976. Map position: 43°57' 81°37'. References: AA, I, S, Z, MM, U10, V, 6T, 5L and 5V.

**LANE TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 6 D**, Algoma District.

**LANFTON**, SEE: **NORTH WALSINGHAM**, Norfolk County.

**LANG**, SEE: **ALLANDALE MILLS**, Peterborough County.

**LANGBANK**, dispersed rural community, Dawn Township, Lambton County. Located 7 miles from Edy's Mills Station on Michigan Central Railway and 36 miles southeast of Sarnia. Post office opened as **LANGBANK** on April 1st, 1895. First Postmaster James C. Wood. Office closed August 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **LANGBANK**. Map position: 42°41' 82°04'. References: I, S, PP, 2Z, 5U, and V.

**LANGDON**, dispersed rural community, Hawkins Township, Algoma District. Located 12 km south of Oba, 20 km northwest of Minnipuka and 30 km north of Mosner Station. **LANGDON STATION** on CPR. Present approved name is **LANGDON**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°59' 84°05'. References: U, 5L and V.

L'ANGE-GARDIEN, dispersed rural community, Longueuil Township, Prescott County. Located 8 km southwest of L'Orignal, 9 km northeast of Alfred and 13 km northwest of Vankleel hill. Present approved name is **L'ANGE-GARDIEN**. Population 69 in 1976. Map position: 45°35' 74°46'. Reference: V and 5L.

**LANGEMARCK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°33' 84°23'. References: V.

**LANGFORD**, dispersed rural community, Brantford Township, Brant County. Located 3 miles from Kingsville, 7 miles east of Brantford, and on Fairchild's Creek. Post office established as **LANGFORD** in 1867. First Postmaster W.W. Langs. Office closed January 1, 1914. Present approved name is **LANGFORD**. Population 120 in 1875 and 100 in 1895. Map position: 43°10' 80°08'. References: I, A, T, S, Z, 4F, V, 5L and 6T.

**LANGLOIS TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 10 D**, Sudbury District.

**LANGMAN**, dispersed rural community, Flos Township, Simcoe County. Located 24 miles northwest of Barrie and 6 miles from Elmvale. Post office opened as **LANGMAN** on November 1st, 1895. First Postmaster Richard Langman. Office closed July 1, 1913. Present approved name is **LANGMAN**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 79°58'. References: B, S, JJ, 5U, V, 5L and 6T.

**LANGMAN'S MILLS** or **RED MILLS**, settlement, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Located 14 miles from Orillia and 20 miles north of Barrie, the County Seat. Post office named **HOBART** moved to this location in 1879. First Postmaster Alex Fowler. Office closed May 6th, 1918. The requested name for the post office was **FOWLER'S CORNERS**, but instead of a new office, the Hobart office, including the name, was moved here. Population 50 in 1893 and 25 in 1926. Present approved name is **HOBART**. Map position: 44°37' 79°40'. References: B, I, Z, M, PP, JJ, U10, V and 6T.

**LANGMUIR**, station, Ashmore Township, Thunder Bay District. Present approved name is **LANGMUIR**. Map position: 49°44' 86°52'. Reference: V.

**LANGMUIR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Township venue changed to Cochrane District by Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974. Map position: 48°20' 81°00'. Reference: V.

**LANGRELL**, subdivision, Dereham Township, Oxford County. Later in Southwest Oxford Township. Population 59 in 1961 and 59 in 1971. References: 3B and 5A.

**LANG'S CORNERS**, SEE: **O'NEILL'S CORNER**, Victoria County.

**LANGSIDE**, dispersed rural community, Kinloss Township, Bruce County. Located 20 miles northwest of Walkerton and 6 miles southeast of Lucknow. Post office established as **LANGSIDE** on October 1, 1857. First Postmaster Thomas Ross. Office closed May 1, 1915. The name Langside was given this community by Mr. Peter Reid who was clerk of the Township of Kinloss. Present approved name is **LANGSIDE**. Population 50 in 1886, 25 in 1926 and 16 in 1976. Map position: 43°58' 81°26'. References: I, T, S, MM, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**LANGSTAFF**, concentrated rural community, Vaughan and Markham Townships, York County. Located 13 miles north of Toronto and 4.5 miles north of Thornhill Station on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **LANGSTAFF** on June 1, 1870. First Postmaster John Langstaff. Post office is named for the first Postmaster whose family settled in the area in 1800. Post office closed March 31, 1958. Population 25 in 1886 and 1 153 in 1966. In 1970 Langstaff became part of Richmond Hill in the Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is **LANGSTAFF**. Map position: 43°50' 79°25'. References: I, T, S, 2R, 3G, 5K, V, 5V, 5W, 6T, and 7D.

**LANGTON**, SEE: **NORTH WALSINGHAM**, Norfolk County.

LANGTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°50' 93°25'. Reference: V.

LANGTON TOWNSHIP, SEE: MACHIN TOWNSHIP, Kenora District.

LANG TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°14' 83°49'. Reference: V.

LANGWORTHY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°04' 90°21'. Reference: V.

LANSDOWN, concentrated rural community, front of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 22 miles west of Brockville, 10 miles east of Gananoque, and 146 miles from Montreal. Post office established as LANSDOWN on July 6th, 1852. First Postmaster George McKelvey. Office still in operation in 1983. The name was spelled Lansdown until the year 1872 when the final 'e' was added to the name making it LANSDOWNE. This place is named for the Marquis of Lansdowne, William P. Fitzmaurice. The parish name for this place is ST. PATRICE. Present approved name is LANSDOWNE. Population 300 in 1886, 400 in 1913 and 542 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 76°01'. References: I, T, S, DD, 3K, SS, 6E, 5L and 7B.

LANSDOWNE SEE: LANSDOWN, Leeds County.

LANSDOWNE HOUSE, post office, Patricia Portion, Kenora District. Located 245 kilometres from Nakina. Accessible only by air; and 100 miles from Armstrong. Post office established as LANSDOWNE HOUSE on October 8th, 1953. First Postmaster John D. Riley. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is LANSDOWNE HOUSE. Population 612 in 1966 and 235 in 1976. Map position: 52°14' 87°53'. References: R3, 2R, 3B, 6V, V, 5L and 6T.

LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP, SEE: FRONT OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP, Leeds County.

LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP, SEE: REAR OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP, Leeds County.

LANSDOWN TOWNSHIP, SEE: FRONT OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP AND REAR OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP. This Township formerly in Johnstown District, Canada West.

LANSDOWN TOWNSHIP, SEE: FRONT OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP, Leeds County.

LANSDOWN TOWNSHIP, SEE: REAR OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP, Leeds County.

LANSEL, SEE: RICHARDSON'S CORNERS, Wellington County.

LANSING, urban community, York Township, York County, and most recently as Part of Borough of North York. Located 8 miles north of Toronto and 6 miles from Thornhill. Post office established as LANSING in 1866. First Postmaster R.G. Lambert. Status of this post office changed to sub-post office of Willowdale September 5th, 1950. Present approved name is LANSING. Population 100 in 1886 and 100 in 1913. Map position: 43°46' 79°25'. References: I, A, T, S, DD, 4F, V, 6T, V+ and 8S.

LANTANA, post office, Palmerston Township, Frontenac County. Post office established July 1st, 1912. First Postmaster John McKenzie. Located 4 miles from Lavant Station and 4 miles from Ompah. Office closed January 18th, 1919. No further reference to this office. Reference: 6T.

LAPALMES, railway point, Marshay Township, Sudbury District. Name changed to LAPALMES SPUR. Map position: 47°14' 81°25'. Reference: V.

LAPALMES SPUR, SEE: LAPALMES, Sudbury District.

LAPASSE, SEE: GOWER POINT, Renfrew County.

**LAPIERRE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°47' 87°25'. Reference: V.

**LAPOINTE** hamlet, Maidstone Township, Essex County. Located 3 km northeast of Essex, 5 km southeast of Maidstone, 13 southwest of Puce and 22 km east of Staples. Name is not approved. Population 43 in 1961 and 86 in 1976. Map position: 42°11' 82°50'. References: 3B, 5A and 5L.

**LAPPE**, dispersed rural community, Gorham Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 29 kilometres from Thunder Bay, 6 miles from Kivikoski and 12 miles from Intola. Post office established as **LAPPE** on July 1, 1936. First Postmaster Nick Viita. Office closed October 31st, 1969. Present approved name is **LAPPE**. Population 100 in 1941 and 6 in 1978. Map position: 48°34' 89°21'. References: R2, U, 3B, 5E, V, 5L and 6T.

**LAPRARIEVILLE**, Nipissing District. Post office closed June 1, 1913. All the information on this place. Reference: 6T.

**LAPUM**, in Loughborough Township, Frontenac County. Located 6 miles from Inverary and 18 miles from Kingston. Post office established as **LAPUM** on April 1, 1872. First postmistress Mrs. E. Raymond. In 1874 the office name was changed to **PERTH ROAD**. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1974, this place was designated a concentrated rural community. Present approved name is **PERTH ROAD**. Population 200 in 1892, 80 in 1956 and 149 in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 76°29'. References: I, A, 7B, 5X, AA, 5E, 5L and V.

**LA PURIFICATION**, SEE: **PURDYS' MILLS**, Victoria County.

**LARCHWOOD**, dispersed rural community, Balfour Township, Algoma District. Most recently part of Town of Rayside-Balfour. Located 18 miles northwest of Sudbury and 236 miles northwest of Pembroke. Post office established as **LARCHWOOD** on May 1, 1903. First Postmaster Angus Robertson. Office closed August 30, 1958. The station at this place is on CPR between the stations of Onaping and Chelmsford. Altitude at this place 886 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **LARCHWOOD**. Population 60 in 1895 and 98 in 1980. Map position: 46°34' 81°17'. References: A, S, U, Z, L1, V, 7Q, 6Z, and 6T.

**LARDER LAKE**, dispersed rural community, Hearst Township, Timiskaming District. Located 30 miles from Englehart and 15 miles from Dane. This place settled in 1906 with the discovery of a gold mine, the first in Northern Ontario. In 1938, Larder Lake was Incorporated into the Township of Larder Lake along with Hearst, McVittie, and Skead. The Town of Larder Lake was organized on April 1, 1938. Incorporated in 1938 and detached from McVittie Township. Dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order B4045 November 14, 1945 and the Township of Larder Lake was organized by Ontario Municipal Board Order B4046. Post office established as **LARDER LAKE** on August 29, 1922. First Postmaster J.H. Grainger. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **LARDER LAKE**. Population 200 in 1908 and 1,238 in 1976. Map position: 48°05' 79°43'. References: DD, MM, PP, 2Y, 3B, M, 5C, V, 6T, 5L and 7K.

**LARDER LAKE (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Timiskaming District. Incorporated as Municipal Township midnight December 31, 1945 by Ontario Municipal Board Order, B4046, dated November 14, 1945. Population 1102 in 1980. Map position: 48°05' 79°40'. References: HH, M, and V.

**LA RENOUCHE**, dispersed rural community, East Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 5 km northeast of Stardale, 6 km north of St. Eugene and 9 km southeast of Chute a Blondeau. Present approved name is **LA RENOUCHE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°33' 74°29'. Reference: V and 5L.

**LARGIE**, dispersed rural community, Dunwich Township, Elgin County. Located 18 miles southwest of St. Thomas and 6 miles northwest of Dutton Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as **LARGIE** in 1855. First Postmaster D. McCallum. Office closed 1884. Present approved name is **LARGIE**. Population 30 in 1886 and 20 in 1893. Map position: 42°42' 81°34'. References: I, T, AA, U10, V, 5L and 3Y.

**LARKIN**, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 12 miles southeast of Tweed, 25 miles northeast of Belleville and northwest of Napanee. Post office opened as **LARKIN** in 1885. First Postmaster D.G. Larkin for whom the place is named. Office closed April 1, 1918. The name spelling change

For references see Works Cited.

appears only after 1918. Present approved name is **LARKINS**. Population 40 in 1895 and 24 in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 77°11'. References: I, S, AA, Z, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**LARKIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°07' 84°42'. Reference: V.

LARNER, post office, Hibbert Township, Perth County. Post office established as **LARNER** on November 1, 1863. First Postmaster John Larner. Office closed January 1, 1870. No further reference to this office. References: I, 3O, 4F, and 5W.

LAROCQUE, dispersed rural community, Glackmeyer Township, Cochrane District. Located 5 miles from Cochrane and 7.5 miles from Clute. Post office established as **LAROCQUE** on August 7, 1913. First Postmaster Joseph Tremblay. Office closed permanently on March 1, 1962. Present approved name is **LAROCQUE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 49°08' 81°02'. References: V, 5L and 6T.

LA ROCQUE'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Darling and Lanark Townships, Lanark County. Located 22 miles northwest of Perth and 14 miles east of Lavant Station on Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office established as **BRIGHTSIDE** in 1879. First Postmaster William Lochead. Office closed July 5, 1930. Mail by Rural Route from Flower Station. Parish name ST. DECLAN. Present approved name is **BRIGHTSIDE**. Population 20 in 1893 and 12 in 1976. Map position: 45°07' 76°30'. References: I, S, Z, U10, 6T, AA, 5L, 7D, 5V, 7U, 5L and V.

LA RONDE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 31, Range21, Algoma District.

LARSON, railway point, Thunder Bay District. Located north of Lac des Milles Lacs and 8 kilometres west of Raith and 17 miles south of Graham. Post office established as LARSON on February 15, 1928. First postmistress Mrs. J. A. Swain. Office closed March 1, 1955. Present approved name is LARSON. Population 1 in 1978. Map position: 49°05' 90°18'. References: R2, U, V, and 6T.

LARSON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 27. Range 16, Algoma District.

LA RUE MILLS, SEE: LA RUE'S MILLS, Leeds County.

LA RUE'S MILLS, dispersed rural community, Front of Escott Township, Leeds County. Located on La Rue's Creek, 2 miles west of Mallory Town Landing (1790), on St. Lawrence River, 3 km northeast of Grenadier Island, 6 km east of Waterton and 12 km northeast of Lansdowne. Present approved name is LA RUE MILLS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 75°53. References: B, 2N, 5L and V.

LARWILL, post office, Raleigh Township, Kent County. Post office established as **LARWILL** in 1885. First Postmaster A. White. Office closed March 1st, 1886. Misspelled in a listing as **LARRVILL** in 1886. No further reference to this office. References: I and AA.

LA SALETTE, dispersed rural community, Windham Township, Norfolk County, now part of United Township of Delhi in Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 12 miles northwest of Simcoe and 8 miles from Delhi. Post office established as **LA SALETTE** in 1877. First Postmaster Joseph Elhore. Office still in operation in 1983. Railroad station at this place is named **PORT DOVER JUNCTION** on Grand Trunk Railway and Michigan Central Railway. Present approved name is **LA SALETTE**. Population 250 in 1892, 50 in 1907 and 148 in 1976. Map position: 42°54' 80°30'. References: B, I, S, AA, MM, PP, V, 5B, SS, 5L and 7D.

LA SALLE #1, SEE: PETITE COTE, Essex County.

**LA SALLE #2**, urban, Part of City of Burlington, Halton County. Map position: 43°19' 79°15'. References: V+.

LA SALLE PARK, suburban community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 2 km north of Lake Ontario, 5 km west of Amherstview, 7 km east of Kingston and 8 km southwest of Bur Creek. Present approved name is **LA SALLE PARK**. Population 846 in 1956. Not shown in 1976. Map reference: 44°13' 76°34'. References: 5E, 5L and V.

**LA SALLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°46' 79°27'. References: V.

**LASCELLES TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°07' 84°30. Reference: V.

**LASEINE**, railway point, east of Rainy River, in Rainy River District. Located 29 miles west of Atikokan and 114 miles east of Rainy River, on Lake of the Woods. **LASEINE STATION** on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1180 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **LASEINE**. Population 9 in 1978. Map position: 48°45' 92°12'. References: R2, PP, L3, 5L and V.

**LA SELETTE**, SEE: LA SALLETTE, Norfolk County.

**LASH**, railway point, Buller Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°59' 93°19'. References: V.

**LASHERVILLE**, concentrated rural community, Cartwright Township, Durham County, and most recenty within Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 54 miles northwest of Cobourg and 7 miles from Burketon Station on CPR and 20 miles north of Bowmanville. Post office opened 1853 and was named **CAESAREA**. Office open July 1, 1853. First Postmaster William Schofield. Office still in operation in 1983. The name **LASHERVILLE** was given for the innkeeper John Lasher. Most recently Cartwright Township amalgamated January 1, 1974, with the Village of Port Perry, Township of Reach, and Township of Scugog to form the Township of Scugog in Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **CAESAREA**. Population 200 in 1886 and 547 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 78°50'. References: I, T, S, Z, 3G, 3K, V, and 5L.

**LASHFORD SUBDIVISION**, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. In 1961 and 1966, population figures included in Collins Bay. Map position: 44°15' 76°36'. References: 5A and 5L.

**LASH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°36' 93°45'. Reference: V.

**LASKAY**, SEE: LOSKY, York County.

**LASKY**, SEE: LOSKY, York County.

**L'ASSUMPTION #1**, town, Sandwich Township, Essex County. Located 2 miles from Windsor on the Detroit River and 52 miles from Chatham. Post office established in 1789 in New France and named **SANDWICH**. Incorporated as village in 1858. Amalgamated by Windsor in 1935. Population 1200 in 1886 and 10 715 in 1931. First postmaster at this place R. Pollard in the year 1802. Formerly County town of Essex with a previous name of **SOUTHSIDE**. When Detroit was evacuated by the British in 1796, it was named for Sandwich, England. In 1935, it merged with Windsor and has no corporate existence. Map position: 42°17' 83°05'. References: I, A, G, T, HH, 2T, 5B, 5C, 7X, 7B, and V.

**L'ASSUMPTION #2**, SEE: HUNTSVILLE, Muskoka District.

**LASSWADE**, dispersed rural community, Chandos Township, Peterborough County. Located 50 miles northwest of Peterborough and 10 miles west of Coe Hill Station on Central Ontario Railway. Post office established as **LASSWADE** in 1876. First postmaster W.J. Ratcliffe. Office closed November 15, 1950. Present approved name is **LASSWADE**. Population 10 in 1893, 100 in 1908 and 13 in 1976. Map position: 44°46' 77°57'. References: I, S, PP, U10, V, and 6T.

**LASTHEELS TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP 28, Range 23, Algoma District.

**LATCHFORD #1**, town, Coleman Township, Timiskaming District. Located 94 miles north of North Bay and 4 miles from Cobalt. Incorporated as a town by proclamation, July 15, 1907. Place named for Chief Justice Latchford, who turned the first sod for the railway at North Bay in 1902 and drove the last spike 30 years later at Moosonee. Post office established as **LATCHFORD** on November 1, 1904. First postmaster Robert Morrison. Office still in operation in 1983. **LATCHFORD STATION** is on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway and is located

For references see Works Cited.

on Highway #11. Present approved name is **LATCHFORD**. Population 900 in 1907 and 538 in 1972. Map position: 47°20' 79°49'. References: M, S, MM, 2T, PP, 2Y, O, V, and 7J.

LATCHFORD #2, post office, Widdifield Township, Nipissing District. Post office established as **LATCHFORD** on December 1, 1902. First postmaster John Bailey. Office name changed to **WIDDIFIELD** on November 1, 1904, for the Township. Post office closed January 1, 1906. **LATCHFORD STATION** on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, located 14 miles north of North Bay on Lake Nipissing. In 1974 designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **WIDDIFIELD**. Population not shown in 1974. References: 7P, 7J, SS, 2Y, PP, V and 7T.

LATCHFORD BRIDGE, dispersed rural community, Raglan Township, Renfrew County. Located 24 miles from Wilno Station on the Ottawa and Parry Sound branch of Grand Trunk Railway, also 29 kilometres from Barrys Bay. Post office established as **LATCHFORD BRIDGE** on May 1, 1905. First postmaster James O'Brien. Office closed November 8, 1958. Present approved name is **LATCHFORD BRIDGE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 77°28'. References: B, 7S, S, PP, V, 5L and 6T.

LATCHFORDS, SEE: **LATCHFORD #2**, Nipissing District.

**LATCHFORD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°11' 80°06'. Reference: V.

LATIMER, dispersed rural community, Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Located 9 miles north of Kingston and 3 miles from Inverary. Post office established as **LATIMER** on November 1, 1871. First postmaster Silas Coverly. Office closed November 25, 1913. Present approved name is **LATIMER**. Population 50 in 1892 and 60 in 1908. Map position: 44°22' 76°31'. References: I, S, AA, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 5Y.

LATIMER'S CORNERS, concentrated rural community, Tecumseth Township, Simcoe County. Located 18 miles south of Barrie and 8 miles from Bradford. Post office established September 6, 1852. First postmaster William Chantler. Office closed December 31st, 1970. This place had been called **SPRINGVILLE** for some time before the post office opened, but the post office was named **NEWTOWN ROBINSON** to honour the family of William Benjamin Robinson. At times the name was separated into three sections; 'NEW', 'TOWN', 'ROBINSON'. Eventually the spelling became two words. Present approved name is **NEWTON ROBINSON**. Population 150 in 1886 and 100 in 1926. Map position: 44°08' 79°41'. References: I, T, S, MM, JJ, 3K, V, and 7D.

LATONA, SEE: **GLENELG**, Gray County.

LA TRAVERSE, settlement, Sandwich Township, Essex County. This place first settled in 1640 by Jesuit missionaries. Second name **SOUTH SIDE**. The town was founded in 1701. Incorporated in 1854 as a village. Incorporated as a town by Act 20, Victoria, Cap. 97, on January 1, 1858. Post office opened as **WINDSOR** on November 5, 1841. First postmaster John Mercer. Office still in operation in 1983. Located on the bank of the Detroit River, 2 miles northeast of Sandwich. It is the western terminus of Grand Trunk Railway, Michigan Central Railway, and Wabash and Ontario and Quebec division of CPR. Incorporated as a separated Town December 18, 1880, and as a city in 1892. In 1935, it annexed Walkerville, East Windsor, and Sandwich. In 1959, it amalgamated LaSalle and, in 1966, it annexed Riverside and Ojibway. Former names for this place between 1745 and 1753 were first **SOUTH SIDE**, then **THE FERRY**, then **RICHMOND**, and **SOUTH DETROIT**. The name **WINDSOR** was chosen, in 1836, for the place in England. Present approved name is **WINDSOR**. Population 10,322 in 1891 and 198,722 in 1980. Parish name for this place was **L'IMMACULATE CONCEPTION**. References: 2Y, I, M, EE, S, HH, 2T, J, 2Y, 5B, SS, 5K, 7V, 5L and 8P.

LA TRINITE, SEE: **ROCKLAND**, Russell County.

LATTA, dispersed rural community, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Located 11 miles from Belleville, the County Seat. Post office opened as **LATTA** on March 1st, 1894. First Postmaster Daniel Poucher. Office closed May 15th, 1939. The name became **LATTIES** in 1894 and later **LATTIES MILLS**. In 1897, the name became **POUCHER'S MILLS** and in February of 1912 was re-established as **LATTA**. Present approved name is **LATTA**. Population 100 in 1895 and 44 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 77°20'. References: I, Z, 3B, SS, V, S, 6T, 7F and 7D.

LATTA'S HILLS, SEE: LATTA'S MILLS, Hastings County.

LATTA'S MILLS, dispersed rural community, Thurlow Township, Hastings County. Located on Moira River, 10 miles from Belleville. Post office established September 6, 1851 as LATTA'S MILLS. First postmaster George Ross. Post office name changed to PLAINFIELD in 1860. Office still in operation in 1983. The post office name fluctuated between LATTA'S HILLS and LATTA'S MILLS a number of times. Present approved name is PLAINFIELD. Population 250 in 1893 and 300 in 1908. Map position: 44°17' 77°21'. References: 3J, EE, 7B, 8Q, I, S, U10, PP, 5L and V.

LAUDERBACH, dispersed rural community, Normanby Township, Gray County. Located 2 km east of Bieman's Corners, 6 kmnortheast of Clifford and 8 km southeast of Neustadt. Present approved name is LAUDERBACH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°00' 80°58'. Reference; V.

LAUDERSVILLE, Waterloo County. Located one mile from Bamberg in 1872. No further reference to this place. Reference: 7B.

LAUDER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°10' 78°52'. Reference: V.

LAUDON SETTLEMENT, FitzRoy Township, Carleton County. The first mill was built here in 1824 by Herman Laudon. This reference is dated 1879 and there is no further reference to this place. Reference: UU.

LAUGHREN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 6 C, Algoma District.

LAUGHTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°15' 80°48'. Reference: V.

LAURA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°14' 80°52'. Reference: V.

LAUREL, SEE: RICHARDSON'S CORNERS, Wellington County.

LAUREL BANK, Lambton County. A settlement in 1873 at Lot 18, Concession 7 in the City of Sarnia. No recent reference to this place. Reference: 1H.

LAUREL PARK, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Population 66 in 1971. Reference: 3B.

LAURENTIEN HEIGHTS SUBDIVISION, Petawawa Township, Renfrew County. Population 220 in 1961 and 330 in 1966. References: 5A.

LAURENTIAN VIEW #1, urban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later Part of City of Ottawa, in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Post office established as LAURENTIAN VIEW on August 1st, 1911. First Postmaster J. Y. Morrison. Office closed November 3, 1942, and re-opened as a sub-office of Ottawa in same month. Located 1/2 mile from Ottawa West and 3/4 mile from Westborough. Present approved name is LAURENTIAN VIEW. Map position: 45°23' 75°44'. References: MM, 6T, and V.

LAURENTIAN VIEW #2, concentrated rural community,Petawawa Township, Renfrew County. Located 1 km northwest of Kramer, 3 km southeast of Petawawa, 9 km east of Black Bay and 15 km northeast of Alice. Present approved name is LAURENTIAN VIEW. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°53' 77°14'. References: V and 5L.

LAURIER, dispersed rural community, Ashfield Township, Huron County. Located 25 miles north of Goderich and 13 miles from Kincardine on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LAURIER on April 1st, 1897. First Postmaster John Jamieson. Office closed February 1st, 1916. Present approved name is LAURIER. Map position: 44°02' 81°43'. References: S, PP, V, 7F, and 6T.

LAURIER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°55' 79°18'. Reference: V.

**LAURIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°34' 89°57'. Reference: V.

LAURIN, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 11 kilometres from Penetang and 2 miles from Lafontaine. Post office established as LAURIN prior to the re-opening date of December 10, 1912. First Postmaster T. Robitaille. Office closed May 10, 1944. Present approved name is LAURIN. Population 177 in 1956 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°47' 80°06. References: U, V, 6T, 5L and 5E.

LAURISTON, dispersed rural community, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 5 miles from Markdale Station on CPR and 25 miles from Owen Sound. Post office opened as LAURISTON in 1888. First Postmaster Hugh Baird. The post office is 3.5 miles from Glascott. Office closed August 1, 1914. Present approved name is LAURISTON. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 80°44'. References: I, AA, 6T, 5T, 5L and V.

LAVALLEE #1, dispersed rural community, Devlin Township, Rainy River District. Located on Canadian Northern Railway, 11 miles from Fort Francis and 44 miles east of Rainy River on the Lake of the Woods. Post office established as LAVALLEE on March 1, 1900. First Postmaster George Munn. Office name changed to DEVLIN August 1, 1902. Office still in operation in 1983. DEVLIN STATION on Canadian Northern Railway at an altitude of 1150 feet above sea level. The place name was DEVLIN ROAD which has been shortened to DEVLIN. Present approved name is DEVLIN. Population 200 in 1907 and 93 in 1976. Map position: 48°37' 93°41'. References: S, PP, 7M, V, 7P, L3, and 5L.

LAVALLEE #2, hamlet, Cumberland Township, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 4 km northwest of Navan, 7 km southeast of Carlsbad Springs and 16 km east of Ottawa. Present approved name is LAVALLEE Population 61 in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 25°29'. Reference: 3B and 5L.

LAVALLEE (MUNICIPALITY OF), SEE: WOODYATT TOWNSHIP, DEVLIN TOWNSHIP, BURRISS TOWNSHIP.

LAVALLEE TOWNSHIP (MUNICIPALITY OF), Municipal Township, Rainy River District. Incorporates the Townships of Woodyatt, Devlin, and Burriss. Area 54 699 acres. Population 824 in 1927. Map position: 48°35' 93°40'. References: 2P and V.

LAVALLEE TOWNSHIP, Rainy River District. Located 16 kilometres west of Fort Frances. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1904. Quieting Order, M460, dated January 16, 1956. Population 843 in 1978 and 927 in 1980. References: R1 and HH.

**LAVAL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°50' 92°29'. Reference: V.

LA VANT, dispersed rural community, Lavant Township, Lanark County. Located 32 miles northwest of Perth and 3 miles from Lavant Station on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office established as LAVANT in 1868. First Postmaster Archibald Browning. Office closed March 31st, 1947. Present approved name is LAVANT. Population 40 in 1892 and 56 in 1980. Map position: 45°04' 76°39'. References: I, S, U, AA, V, 5V, 5L and 6T.

LAVANT, DALHOUSIE, AND NORTH SHERBROOKE TOWNSHIP, Lanark County. Incorporated as Township, January 1st, 1974 by Municipal Board Order #M-73135, dated November 6, 1973. Reference: M.

LAVANT STATION, SEE: PERN, Lanark County.

LAVANT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Lanark County. Named for French Officer in 1759. Surveyed between 1821 and 1822. First settler in 1828, Mr. Hercules White. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1884. Dissolved January 1st, 1974 and Incorporated as the Township of Lavant, Dalhousie, and North Sherbrooke on January 1st, 1974. This Township was previously in Bathurst District, Canada West. Population 98 in 1852 and 1,045 in 1980. Map position: 45°06' 76°40'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, 1I, and V.

LA VASE, SEE: LA VAUX, Parry Sound District.

LAVASE, SEE: LA VAUX, Parry Sound District.

LA VASSE, SEE: LA VAUX, Parry Sound District.

LA VAUX, post office opened 1883, named LA VAUX, alternate spelling for this place, La Vasse. In 1887, the name was changed to LA VASE. LA VASE STATION on the CPR and is located between the stations of North Bay and Nosbonsing. In 1895, station name changed to NIPISSING JUNCTION. The post office name changed to NIPISSING JUNCTION in 1887. The previous name misspelled as LA VASSE. Located at the junction of Grand Trunk Railway and CPR in Ferris Township, Nipissing District and 134 miles northwest of Pembroke. Nipissing Junction is recently designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is NIPISSING JUNCTION. Population 50 in 1895 and 323 in 1966. Map position: 46°16' 79°23'. References: I, S, 6Z, Z, AA, 2R, and V.

LAVENDER, SEE: MASTIN'S CORNERS, Simcoe County.

LA VERENDRYE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 24, Range 11, Algoma District.

LA VIEILLE, station on Canadian Northern Railway, Main Line, at an altitude of 893 feet above sea level, in Nipissing District, and on the track between Vaughan and Lac a Travers Stations in 1915. References: L3 and 8J.

LA VIGNE, concentrated rural community, Macpherson Township, Nipissing District. Located 16 kilometres south of Verner, 3 miles from Notre Dame du Lac, and 3 miles from Millerand. Post office established as LAVIGNE on April 1st, 1916. First Postmaster Joseph Coutu. Office still in operation in 1983. This was originally a farming area and is now supported by tourism. Present approved name is LAVIGNE. Population 97 in 1941, 75 in 1965, and up to 1,750, as the summer population dictates. Map position: 46°20' 83°10'. References: R2, U, 3B, 5E, V, 5L and 6T.

LA VISITATION, SEE: SEYMOUR, Northumberland County.

LAWFIELD, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is LAWFIELD. Map position: 43°13'79°51'. Reference: V.

LAWLOR TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 6 B, Algoma District.

LAWN, SEE: GOWRIE, Perth County.

LAWRENCE #1, Lawrence Township, Algonquin Park, Haliburton County. Reference: B.

LAWRENCE #2, SEE: LAWRENCE STATION, Elgin County.

LAWRENCE HEIGHTS, urban community, Scarborough Township, later Part of Borough of North York and now Part of the City of North York. This is a local name for Wexford and Wexford Heights Post Offices, dated March 15th, 1955. Map position: 43°43' 79°32'. References: SS and V.

LAWRENCE MANOR, urban community, Part of Borough of North York and now Part of the City of North York. Present approved name is LAWRENCE MANOR. Map position: 43°43' 79°26'. Reference: V.

LAWRENCE MILLS, McMurrich Township, Parry Sound District. Located 22 miles north of Huntsville and 10 miles from Emsdale. This place appears to be a settlement. Post office opened as ;AWRENCE MILLS in 1889. First Postmaster Hoover Lawrence. Office closed May 1st, 1903. Population 35 in 1892. No recent reference to this place. References: I, AA, 7Q, Z, and 5T.

LAWRENCE PARK, urban community, Part of City of Toronto, York County. Present approved name is LAWRENCE PARK. Map position: 43°43' 79°25'. Reference: V.

LAWRENCE STATION, dispersed rural community, Southwold Township, Elgin County. Located 12 miles from St.Thomas,

6 km north of Iona Station, 7 km southeast of Muncey, 7 km east of Middlemiss and 13 km northeast of Dutton. Post office opened as **LAWRENCE STATION** in 1875. First Postmaster Neil Dewar. Office closed August 31st, 1963. Present approved name is **LAWRENCE STATION.** Population 100 in 1893 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 42°45' 81°25'. References: 3B, U10, 5V, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**LAWRENCE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°27' 78°31'. Reference: V.

LAWRENCEVILLE, SEE: **CROSSROADS**, Lincoln County.

LAWSON, SEE: **NORTH RIVER SETTLEMENT**, Simcoe County.

LAWSON QUARRY, railway point, Curtin Township, Sudbury District. Present approved name is **LAWSON QUARRY.** Map position: 46°07' 81°44'. References: U and V.

**LAWSON SETTLEMENT**, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Located 2 miles east of Brighton in 1878. No recent reference to this name. Reference: 10.

**LAWSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°38' 80°35'. Reference: V.

LAWTHIER, unincorporated community, Kenora District. Located 34 kilometres west of Kenora on CPR Main Line. This is a named place with no population in 1978. Map position: 49°47' 94°29'. Reference: R2.

**LAW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°56' 79°49'. Reference: V.

LAXTON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Victoria County. In 1879, this County had 134 ratepayers. Map position: 44°42' 78°55'. References: V and 2L.

LAXTON, DIGBY AND LONGFORD (TOWNSHIP OF), Victoria County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1864 by County Bylaw #24, passed June 21st, 1863. Population 685 in 1980. References: HH and M.

LAYCOCK SETTLEMENT, dispersed rural community, Houghton Township, Norfolk County, later within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 20 miles southwest of Simcoe and 12 miles west of Port Rowan Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **CULTUS** in 1879. First Postmaster Edward Tansley. Office closed October 1st, 1915. The name was made up by John L. Buck and Rev. Thomas Chamerlain, to express cultural standing. Present approved name is **CULTUS.** Population 25 in 1893 and 145 in 1976. Map position: 42°38' 80°37'. References: RR, 1N, I, S, Z, 3D, U10, V, 6T, 5P, 6S, and 5L.

LAYTON, SEE: **SQUELSHVILLE**, Durham County.

LAZIERS MILLS, SEE: **MURKINSONS MILLS**, Hastings County.

LEACHVILLE, SEE: **LEECHVILLE**, Huron County.

LEADBURY, dispersed rural community, McKillop Township, Huron County. Located 30 miles southeast of Goderich and 8 miles from Seaforth. Post office established as **LEADBURY** in 1877. Named for Leadbury in England, native place of Charles Davis, first Postmaster and founder of the Village. Office closed October 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **LEADBURY.** Population 30 in 1885, 20 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°39' 81°19'. References: I, S, PP, 3R, 1G, 6T, V, 5V, 5L and 7D.

LEAFIELD, hamlet, Cardiff Township, Peterborough County. Sometimes shown in Haliburton County. Located 32 miles from Haliburton and near Kennaway. Post office established as **LEAFIELD** in 1885. First Postmaster John Wilson. Office closed July 1st, 1905. "When the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway was built.." it gave all the business to Highland Grove and this place declined. Population 25 in 1892 and 25 in 1895. No recent references to this place. References: I, AA, Z, 5U, 5T, and 7S.

**LEAHY'S LANE**, located in Douro Township, Peterborough County. Population 101 in 1951. Reference: 3B.

**LEAMINGTON**, SEE: **WILKINSON CORNERS**, Essex County.

**LEASIDE**, SEE: **LEASIDE JUNCTION**, York County.

**LEASIDE JUNCTION**, station, York Township, York County. Located 2 miles north of the northeast limits of the City of Toronto (1895). Post office established 1893 and named **LEASIDE JUNCTION**. On October 1st, 1915, the post office name was changed from Leaside Junction to **LEASIDE**. Office still in operation in 1983. The post office was named by William Lea, founder of the Village and first Postmaster. This place was connected to Toronto by a viaduct constructed and opened in 1927. Incorporated as a Town in 1913. Amalgamated by Toronto in 1966 and on January 1st, 1967, Incorporated into the Borough of East York. November 3rd, 1931, the status of the post office was changed to a sub-post office of Toronto. The CPR station at Leaside is named Leaside Station and served by CPR. Present approved name is **LEASIDE**. Population 75 in 1895 and 16,233 in 1951. Map position: 43°42' 79°22'. References: I, Z, 6T, SS, 7D, 3B, 2T, HH, V, and B.

**LEASIDE STATION**, SEE: **LEASIDE JUNCTION**, York County.

**LEASKDALE**, dispersed rural community, Scott Township, Ontario County, later within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 29 miles northwest of Whitby and 7 miles north of Uxbridge. Post office established as **LEASKDALE**. February 1st, 1857. First Postmaster George Leask. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1957 Scott Township amalgamated with the Town of Uxbridge and the Township of Uxbridge in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **LEASKDALE**. Population 100 in 1857 and 167 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 79°10'. References: I, S, EE, 3B, 3G, V, 5L and 7D.

**LEASK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°11' 81°06'. Reference: V.

**LEAVENS**, hamlet, St. Vincent Township, Grey County. This place is located 6 miles from Milford. Post office established as **LEAVENS** on March 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Renselaer B. Leavens for whom the post office is named. Post office closed January 1st, 1872. No recent references to this office. References: I, A, 3K, 5X, and 8Q.

**LEBANON**, dispersed rural community, Maryborough Township, Wellington County. Located 29 miles northwest of Guelph and 7.5 miles from Moorefield. Post office established as **LEBANON** in 1874. First Postmaster Robert J. Brooks. Office closed April 1st, 1918. Present approved name is **LEBANON**. Population 38 in 1885 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 43°52' 80°50'. References: I, S, 3B, 3R, V, 6T, 5L and 5V.

**LEBEL**, urban community, located one mile from Sudbury Junction. Recently Part of the City of Sudbury. Located 2.5 miles from Nickeldale and 6 miles southeast of Garson. Post office established as **LEBEL** on March 1st, 1954. First Postmistress Mrs. Claire Marleau. Office permanently closed November 4th, 1960. Present approved name is **LEBEL**. Map position: 46°32' 80°50'. References: U, 6V, V, and 6T.

**LEBEL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°09' 79°57'. Reference: V.

**LE BLANC STATION**, station, Chapleau Township, Sudbury District. Located on Chapleau Division of CPR. Station number 4593, between the stations of Devon and Chapleau, in 1911. Railroad built in the early 1800s. References: 10B and 7R.

**LE BON LARRON**, SEE: **HATTER'S BAY**, Frontenac County.

**LeBRETON FLATS**, post office, Nepean Township, Carleton County. This place is a suburb of the the City of Ottawa, comprising Chaudiere and Victoria Islands in the Ottawa River. Post office opened as **Le BRETON FLATS** in 1875. First Postmaster John Lucy. On July 16, 1963, the post office became a sub-post office of Ottawa and is listed Ottawa-LeBreton Flats. Office closed permanently on April 1st, 1965. This place has been annexed by Ottawa. Population 150 in 1885. References: I, S, 5P, PP, 3R, 5U, and 6T.

LE CARON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 1C, Algoma District.

LE CHENAL, Town in West Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Settled in the early 1800s. Located 36 miles from Riviere Raisin, 2 miles from Grenville, and 65 miles from Ottawa. Second name for this place was HAMILTON'S MILLS. This place was the largest sawing establishment in Canada West, employing 200 to 300 hands, in 1846. Post office established as HAWKESBURY in 1819 in the Ottawa District, Upper Canada. First Postmaster Thomas Mears. Office still in operation in 1983. Mr. Mears built his mill in 1815 and was one of the first settlers. Office was named for the Township in which it is located. Incorporated as Village of Hawkesbury on January 1st, 1859 and proclaimed a Town the first Monday of January, 1896. Religious parish name for this place ST. ALPHONSE de LIQUORI and local name for the place for many years HAWKESBURY MILLS. Present approved name is HAWKESBURY. Population 2,000 in 1886 and 9,689 in 1979. Map position: 45°36' 74°37'. References: I, M, N, T, HH, 2T, 2Y, 5K, 1X, V, 7B, 7X, G, SS and 5L.

LECKIE, post office, Moore Township, Lambton County. Post office established July 1st, 1880. First Postmaster George Wray. There are two misspellings that occur in this listing; the post office name was given as LACKIE and the Postmaster's name was spelled 'Way'. This office closed January 5th, 1883 and there is no further reference to it. References: I, 2Z, 1H, and 5V.

LECKIE PARK SURVEY, Saltfleet Township, Wentworth County. Population 93 in 1956 and 443 in 1971. After 1976, population was included in Stoney Creek. References: 3B, 5A, and 5E.

LECKIE'S CORNERS, Ramsay Township, Lanark County. This is a very old reference. In 1829, the place was known alternately as LECKIE'S CORNERS and TANNERY. The place was established in the early 1830s by Thomas Leckie's General Store. It was never a post office. In 1968, there is nothing left but the old tannery building. This place is located near Almonte. There is no active reference to the place after 1840. Reference: 7U.

LECKIE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°22' 80°50'. Reference: V.

LECLAIRE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 29, Range 26, Algoma District.

LECOEUR TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 74, Thunder Bay District.

LECOURS TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 74, Thunder Bay District.

LEDGER, station, Thunder Bay District. Located on Canadian Northern Railway, Main Line, at an altitude of 776 feet above sea level. Only reference to this place occurred in 1915. Reference: L3

LEDGER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°12' 88°12'. Reference: V.

LEDGERWOODS CORNER, dispersed rural community, Westmeath Township, Renfrew County. Present approved name is LEDGERWOODS CORNER. Map position: 45°43' 76°50'. Reference: V.

LEDORE, post office, Dalhousie Township, Lanark County. This post office was established as LEDORE on July 1, 1897. First Postmaster Charles Lorimer. No record of this office closing. There is no other reference to this office. Reference: 7F and National Postal Museum.

LEDUC TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°42' 87°34'. Reference: V.

LEDYARD, station, Hastings County. Located between Sterling and Eldorado Stations. It appears not to have been an operating facility. Grand Junction Railway and Belleville and North Hastings Railway operated from Eldorado and one passed Sterling, from 1879 to 1893. The Midland Railway of Canada took over both Railways in 1882 and Grand Trunk Railway took over Midland Railway in 1913. CNR took everything in that area over in 1923. The surmise is that Ledyard was abandoned on a takeover between 1919 and 1923. References: Shirley Smith of CNR and unpublished document on Railroad Post Offices by T.P.G. Shaw (Page 15).

LEE, railway point, Oliver Township, Thunder Bay District. Present approved name is LEE. Map position: 48°26' 89°33'. Reference: V.

LEEBLAIN, a station, Port Arthur and Duluth Railway, Thunder Bay district, in 1907. There is no further reference to this station. Reference: S.

LEEBURN, dispersed rural community, Aberdeen Township, Algoma district. Located 40 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie and 8 miles from Bruce Mines. Post office established as LEEBURN, in Coffin Township, on August 1, 1897. First Postmaster Neil Morrison. Office closed April 30th, 1969. This place located on CPR tracks at its juncton with the Bruce Mines and Algoma Railway in 1906. It is on present day highway #17. Present approved name is LEEBURN. Population 97 in 1956 and 100 in 1972. Map position: 46°28' 83°49'. References: R2, S, DD, 5E, V, 5L and 7F.

LEECHVILLE, at times misspelled as LEACHVILLE, Police Village, Howick Township, Canada West, later Huron County. Located on the Ontario and Quebec Railway, 18 miles north of Seaforth, 11 1/2 miles from Harriston, and 51 miles northeast of Goderich, the County Seat. Post office opened as GORRIE on August 1st, 1857. First Postmaster James Hanna. Office still operating 1983. First settled by the Greers in 1854. Leech brothers arrived in 1855 and laid out the Town plan, officially HOWICK VILLAGE, but known as LEECHVILLE. Local name HOWICK in 1892. Incorporated as Police Village of GORRIE, June 7th, 1895, by Bylaw #9. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is GORRIE. Population 600 in 1886 and 316 in 1972. Map position: 43°52' 81°06'. References: B, I, P, T, S, AA, EE, 3R, 3M, V, 7B, 1G, 5L, 9L and 7L.

LEEDS #1, dispersed rural community, rear of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 30 miles southwest of Brockville and 2 miles from Gananoque. Post office established as LEEDS on February 1st, 1904. First Postmaster Albert Goff. Office closed October 25th, 1912. Present approved name is LEEDS. Map position: 44°31' 76°11'. References: B, S, DD, 6T, V, 5L and 7J.

LEEDS #2, dispersed rural community, front of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 5 km northwest of Gananoque, 14 km southeast of Seeleys Bay and 15 km west of Ivy Lea. This place name was changed to MAPLE GROVE in 1974. Present approved name is MAPLE GROVE. Population 32 in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 76°12'. References: V, 5L and 3B.

LEEDS AND GRENVILLE UNITED COUNTIES, organized in 1792 and named for Francis Godolphin Osborne, 5th Duke of Leeds. Incorporated by Canada Statute 1849, C78, Schedule A - County of Leeds and County of Grenville were United for Judicial and other purposes as the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville effective January 1st, 1850. Area 900 square miles and having 12 Townships. First settled in 1784 by United Empire Loyalists. Population 30,000 in 1871 and 80,784 in 1980. References: M, HH, J, 2I, 2Y, and 5C.

LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP. These Townships are separated into front and rear Townships. Population 3,292 in 1852 was for the Front Townships and 1530 population in 1852 was the Rear Townships. For further reference see FRONT OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP and REAR OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP. References: 2W and M.

LEEDS COUNTY. First settled in 1784 by disbandees of Jessups Loyal Rangers, King's Rangers and King's Royal Rangers of New York. Total 182 persons in 1784. The County of Leeds consists of the City of Brockville, the separated Town of Gananoque, the villages of: Athens, Newboro' and Westport, the townships of: Bastard and South Burgess, Elizabethtown, Front of Escott, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne, Front of Yonge, Kitley, North Crosby, Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne, Rear of Yonge and Escott, South Crosby and South Elmsley. Population 35,679 in 1861. Map position: 44°35' 76°00'. References: 3Z, V and Gavin Watt.

LEEDS SOUTH COUNTY. This is a very old reference, only between 1871 and 1891, showing populations of this portion of the County. Population 25,000 in 1871 and 22,451 in 1891. After that date, the boundaries were changed or the county was re-designated as one County, not north and south. References: J and 2I.

LEEDS TOWNSHIP, SEE: FRONT OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP, Leeds County.

LEEDS TOWNSHIP, SEE: REAR OF LEEDS AND LANSDOWNE TOWNSHIP, Leeds County.

LEEDS TOWNSHIP, in 1835, mail for Leeds Township, Leeds County was directed by the Postmaster-General in two letters; one, Front of the Township, mail to be sent to the post office at Gananoque, and second note, mail for the Rear of Township to be sent to the post office at Beverly and these occurred in the year 1835. Reference: 3H.

LEEFAR, SEE: MORGAN, Kenora District.

LEEPER, SEE: MORGAN, Kenora District.

LEES, station, Leeds County. Located on the Brockville, Westport, and Northwest Railway. This station is only noted in the year 1907; no further references to it. Reference: S.

LEESBORO, locality, West Nissouri Township, Middlesex County. This place is named for the pioneer settlers of the family of Lee in this area. Located 12 miles north of London and 4 miles from Thorndale Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LEESBORO in 1890. First Postmaster C. Mullett. Office closed October 11th, 1913. Present approved name is LEESBORO. Map position: 43°04' 81°06'. References: I, S, PP, 6T, V, and 7D.

LEESON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°23' 83°49'. Reference: V.

LEETONIA, post office, Walsingham Township, Norfolk County. Post office established as LEETONIA on May 1st, 1897. First Postmaster Charles Spencer. Office closed July 23rd, 1898. No further reference to this office. References: 7G and 7F.

LEE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 80°20'. Reference: V.

LEE VALLEY, dispersed rural community, May and Hallam Townships, Sudbury District. Located 10 km south of Webbwood and near Espanola. Post office established as LEE VALLEY on February 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Albert Edgeley. Office closed on July 31st, 1968. First settler in 1895 Mr. T. J. Lee and place is named for him. Present approved name isLEE VALLEY. Map position: 46°12' 81°56'. References: U, V, S, PP, 7Q, and 7D.

LEEVILLE, SEE: MOUNTAIN CHUTES, Nipissing District.

LEFAIVES CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 40 miles northwest of Barrie and 5 miles from Perkinsfield Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LEFAIVES CORNERS on March 1st, 1896. First Postmaster John J. Rowat. Office closed November 2nd, 1936. Place and post office named for the family who started this community. Present approved name is LEFAIVES CORNERS. Population 163 in 1956 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 79°59'. References: B, S, PP, 5E, V, 7E, 5L and 6T.

LEFAIVRE, SEE: PRESAULT'S WHARF, Prescott County.

LEFABVRE TOWNSHIP, SEE: N TOWNSHIP, Algoma District.

LE FOULON, post office, East Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 23 miles from Vaudreuil, 22 miles from L'Orignal and 6 miles from Point Fortune. Post office opened as LeFOULON on October 6th, 1851. First Postmaster William Jamieson. Office closed September 30th, 1863. There are no recent references to this place. References: I, 5B, A, EE, 3J, 3N, and 8Q.

LEFROY, concentrated rural community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 13 miles southeast of Barrie, on Lake Simcoe and on North and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as LEFROY on April 1st, 1854. First Postmaster David Davidson. Office still in operation in 1983. The station is named Lefroy Station and was also served by the Ontario Simcoe and Lake Huron Railway. Named to honour General

Sir John Lefroy. Present approved name is **LEFROY**. Population 300 in 1892 and 534 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 79°34'. References: I, S, AA, Z, JJ, 3B, 3L, V, 8Q, 5L and 7D.

**LEFROY HABOUR**, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Population 25 in 1971 and 111 in 1976. Reference: 3B.

**LEFROY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°18' 83°09'. Reference: V.

**LEGARDE TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 33, Range 25**, Algoma District.

**LEGARDE ADDITIONAL TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 33 ADDITIONAL, Range 25**, Algoma District.

**LEGATE**, dispersed rural community, East Luther Township, Dufferin County. Post office established as **LEGGATT** on October 20, 1904. This post office name originally intended to be spelled 'Legate' for the first Postmaster but, in error, the cancellation hammer was cut incorrectly and has remained the name 'Leggatt' for the post office. First Postmaster George Legate. At one time misspelled as **LEGGATE** for surname. Office closed December 12, 1912. This place was located 6 miles from Grand Valley station on the Teeswater Branch of CPR. Present approved name is **LEGGATT**. Map position: 43°58' 80°21'. References: S, PP, 6T, V, 5L and 7J.

**LEGAULT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°42' 87°25'. Reference: V.

**LEGGE**, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 3 km south of Emery, 4 notheast of Gananoque and 5 km west of Cheeseborough. Present approved name is **LEGGE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 76°08'. Reference: V and 5L.

**LEGGE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°52' 83°44'. Reference: V.

**LEG LAKE**, settlement, Wood Township, Muskoka District. Located 11 miles west of Gravenhurst. Post office established April 1st, 1886. First Postmaster John Paterson (Patterson). On June 1, 1905, the name of this place and post office was changed to **SOUTHWOOD** which has a station on CNR named Southwood Station. Office closed temporarily on May 7th, 1935 and permanently on September 1, 1955. Present approved name is **LEG LAKE**. Population 100 in 1892 and 25 in 1926. This place became Part of the Town of Gravenhurst in the District Municipality of Muskoka in 1972. References: I, AA, 7S, B, S, 6T, and SS.

**LEGUERRIER TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 51**, Algoma District.

**LEHIGH'S CORNER**, dispersed rural community, Kitley Township, Leeds County. Located 2 km southeast of Frankville, 10 km north of Athens and 14 km south of Jasper. Present approved name is **LeHIGHS CORNERS**. Population 45 in 1971 and 81 in 1976. Map position: 44°43' 75°57'. References: 3B, 5L and V.

**LEHMAN'S LANDING**, post office, Bidwell Township, Algoma District. Located on Great Manitoulin Island in Georgian Bay, the nearest bank is at Sault Ste. Marie. Post office established as **LEHMAN'S LANDING** in 1880. First Postmaster A. Lehman. Office closed 1891. There are no recent references to this place. References: I, T, AA, PP, and 5V.

**LEHMAN TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 138**, Algoma District.

**LEIGH**, railway point, Flanders Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°22' 85°15'. Reference: V.

**LEINSTER**, settlement, Richmond Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 13 miles north of Napanee and 12 miles from Marlbank Station on the Bay of Quinte Railway. Post office established as **LEINSTER** on February 1st, 1862. First Postmaster M. Jordan. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **LEINSTER**. Population 70 in 1875 and 50 in 1893. Map position: 44°20' 77°05'. References: I, A, S, PP, U10, 3N, 6T, and V.

**LEINSTER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°51' 81°23'. Reference: V.

LEITCH, SEE: LEITH #2, Thunder Bay District.

**LEITCH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°15' 81°10'. Reference: V.

LEITH #1. concentrated rural community, Sydenham Township, Grey County. Located 6 miles northeast of Owen Sound. This place was surveyed in 1851 by Wayne Smith, Deputy Provincial Surveyor. Mr. William Wylie built the first store in 1846 and became the first Postmaster in 1853. The post office opened as **LEITH** on April 1, 1853. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler was Thomas Rutherford in 1840. He was assistant to the land agent John Telfer, who was appointed by Lord Sydenham to open up the area. Present approved name is **LEITH**. The school population was 33 in 1909 and 41 in 1962. Population 100 in 1693 and 168 in 1976. Map position: 44°37' 80°53'. References: I, S, 3B, U10, 2W, 3K, V, and Jaffray Rutherford.

LEITH #2, hamlet, within Beardmore Improvement District, Thunder Bay District. Located 13 km east of lake Nipigon, 6 km southwest of Poplar Lodge and 23 km northeast of Macdiarmid. Population 165 in 1951 and 189 in 1956. This place name misspelled as **LEITCH**. Present approved name is **LEITH**(1961). References: 5A, 5E, 5L and 3B.

LEITH CORNERS, SEE: SPEEDIE, Grey County.

**LEITH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°33' 80°51'. Reference: V.

**LEITRIM**, dispersed rural community, Gloucester Township, Russell County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 9 miles south of Ottawa and 2 miles from Gloucester Station on CPR. Post office opened as **LEITRAM** on November 1st, 1898. First Postmaster George Wilson. Office closed April 18th, 1917. Spelling of name changed to **LEITRIM** about 1890. Present approved name is **LEITRIM**. Population 25 in 1895 and 183 in 1976. Map position: 45°20' 75°36'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, V, 7G, 5L and 6T.

**LELAND**, dispersed rural community, Loughborough and Storrington Townships, Frontenac County. Located 15 miles north of Kingston and 12 miles east of Harrowsmith Station on Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office opened as **LELAND** in 1893(in Addington County). First Postmaster John Buck. Office closed August 11th, 1941. Present approved name is **LELAND**. Population 25 in 1895 and 84 in 1956. Map position: 44°27' 76°26'. References: I, S, Z, 5E, V, 5L and 6T.

**LELAND ROAD**, Loughborough Township, Frontenac County. Population 78 in 1976. Reference: 3B.

LELUK TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 6 A, Algoma District.

**LE MAY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°41' 94°10'. Reference: V.

**LEMIEUX**, dispersed rural community, South Plantagenet Township, Prescott County. Located 25 miles southwest of L'Orignal and 6 miles northeast of Casselman Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **LEMIEUX** February 1st, 1875. First Postmaster Louis B. Lemieux. Office closed January 30th, 1970. Mr. Lemieux also operated the first lumber camp. The parish name for this place **ST. JOSEPH**. Present approved name is **LEMIEUX**. Population 50 in 1895, 70 in 1966 and 51 in 1976. Map position: 45°24' 75°04'. References: I, S, Z, 5A, 2Y, SS, 5L and V.

**LEMOINE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°16' 82°41'. Reference: V.

**LEMONVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Whitchurch Township, York County, later Part of Town of Whitchurch-Stouffville in the Regional Municipality of York. Located 25 miles northeast of Toronto and 5 miles southeast of Aurora. Post office opened as **LEMONVILLE** on November 6, 1852. First Postmaster John Anderson. Office closed September 30th, 1937. Present approved name is **LEMONVILLE**. Population 200 in 1857 and 52 in 1956. Map position: 43°59' 79°18'. References: B, I, S, EE, 3K, 5E, V, and 6T.

**LENDRUM TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 30, Range 23,** Algoma District.

**LENNON**, station, Wicksteed Township, Algoma District. On the Canadian Northern Railway Main Line at an altitude of 1,123 feet above sea level. This station name misspelled as **LENNAN** on occassion. Present approved name is **LENNON**. Map position: 49°17' 84°51'. References: U, L3 and V.

**LENNOX #1,** SEE: **LENOX #2,** Lennox County.

**LENNOX #2,** SEE: **BEAUMONT VILLAGE,** Simcoe County.

**LENNOX AND ADDINGTON (COUNTY OF),** Counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington were United for Judicial and other purposes by Canada Statutes 1849, C78, Schedule A - effective January 1st, 1850. By Canada Statutes 1860, C39, Schedule 1, assented to May 19th, 1860 and effective from and after the passing of this act, the County of Lennox shall be Incorporated with the County of Addington as the County of Lennox and Addington, which County shall be United with the County of Frontenac and shall form the Junior County of the two United Counties of Frontenac and Lennox and Addington. By proclamation dated September 30th, 1864, the County of Lennox and Addington was Separated from the County of Frontenac, Counties of Frontenac and Lennox and Addington, effective January 1st, 1865. Area 1,170 square miles, containing 14 Townships. Created in 1792 and named for the Duke of Richmond, Charles Lennox and Henry Addington (Viscount Sidmouth). Settled in 1784 by United Empire Loyalists. Prior to the uniting of these counties, the area was known as **MECKLENBURGH DISTRICT**. The County of Lennox and Addington consists of the Town of Napanee, the villages of Bath and Newburgh, the townships of: Adolphustown, Amherst Island, Camden East, Denbigh Abinger and Ashby, Ernestown, Kaladar Anglesea and Effingham, North Fredericksburgh, Richmond, Sheffield and South Fredericksburgh. Population 26,705 in 1871 and 32,757 in 1980. Map position: 44°30' 77°00'. References: M, 2Y, HH, 5C, V, and ZZ.

**LENNOX COUNTY,** previous to 1792, was part of **MECKLENBURGH DISTRICT**. Proclaimed counties (Frontenac, Lennox and Addington) on July 16th, 1792. Named for Duke of Richmond, Charles Lennox. United with Addison County in 1860. Settled by disbandees of Jessup's Loyal Rangers, a total of 416 persons in 1793. References: 2Y, ZZ and Gavin Watt.

**LENNOX GENERATING STATION,** Lennox County. Located 14 kilometres from Napanee (1980). Reference: U.

**LENNOX TOWNSHIP #1,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°00' 81°24'. Reference: V.

**LENNOX TOWNSHIP #2,** Lennox and Addington County. Formerly Part of **MECKLENBURGH DISTRICT** (1788 to 1792). Population 7,955 in 1852. References: 2W and M.

**LENOX #1,** hamlet, Niagara Township, Lincoln County. Formerly in Niagara District. Founded in 1780 and known as **WEST NIAGARA**. In 1792, the name was changed by Governor Simcoe to **NEWARK**. At the same time, this place was often called **BRITISH NIAGARA**. In 1798, the place name was changed to **NIAGARA**. Post office opened in 1789 and named **NIAGARA**. First Postmaster Joseph Edwards. On April 1st, 1903 the office name was changed to **NIAGARA- ON - THE- LAKE**. Office still in operation in 1983. This place is situated on Lake Ontario at the mouth of the Niagara River and is on the Canadian division of Michigan Central Railway, 12 miles northeast of St. Catharines. In December of 1813, this place was burned to the ground by General McClure of the U.S. Army on his retreat from the province. Incorporated as a Town by Act 12 Vict. Cap 81, on May 30th, 1849. The Indian name for this place is spelled O-NI-AW-GA-RAH and means Thunder of Waters. The first white man to see the falls was Father Hennepin, a Jesuit missionary, in 1689. On April 1, 1903, the name of this place was changed to **NIAGARA-ON-THE-LAKE**. The Township of Niagara was Incorporated January 1st, 1850. The Town of Niagara amalgamated with the Township of Niagara as part of the Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake on January 1st, 1970 and is in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. This place was the first capital of Ontario in 1792. Present approved name is **NIAGARA-ON-THE-LAKE**. Population 3,340 in 1851, 1,600 in 1871 and 12,307 in 1980. Map position: 43°15' 79°04'. References: 7W, I, EE, AA, HH, 2T, 5C, 2C, 7Q, 7X, V, M, 2Y, GG, and 60.

**LENOX #2,** settlement, Midland District, Canada West, later North Fredericksburgh Township, Lennox and Addington

County. Located on the Grand Trunk Railway, 6 miles east of Deseronto, 1 mile north of Hay Bay and 4 miles from Napanee. Post office opened with the name misspelled as **LENNOX**, on October 6th, 1851. First Postmaster W.J. Forshee. Office closed March 1st, 1914. Name changed to **LITTLE CREEK** in 1909. Place was renamed **ANDERSON** for a Mrs. Anderson, who donated land for a Methodist Church. Present approved name is **ANDERSON**. Map position: 44°12' 76°56'. References: I, A, C, 3J, 7B, 8Q, B, 6T, V5L and 7R.

**LENS'**, dispersed rural community, Camden Township, Addington County. Located next to Reidville, 3 km southwest of Enterprise, 9 km west of Moscow and 14 km east of Marlbank. **LENS STATION** on CPR, former name of station was **ENTERPRISE**. Present approved name is **LENS'**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 76°56'. References: B, U, SS, V and 5L.

**LEONARD**, dispersed rural community, Cumberland Township, Russell County, later within the Regional Muncipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 17 miles east of Ottawa and a station on the Ottawa Short Line of CPR. Post office established as **LEONARD** on March 1, 1901. First Postmaster R. J. Moffatt. Office closed October 30th, 1969. **LEONARD STATION** on the CPR Main Line at an altitude of 272 feet above sea level at mile 2811. Leonard, the place, is named after Leonard, the station. Present approved name is **LEONARD**. Population 75 in 1913 and 59 in 1976. Map position: 45°25' 75°21'. References: B, S, DD, PP, 3B, L1, V, 7N, 8K, 5L and 7D.

**LEONARD'S BEACH**, urban community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 km south of Sandycove Acres, 7 km east of Stroud and 14 km southeast of Barrie. Present approved name is **LEONARDS BEACH**. Population 52 in 1971 and 53 in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 79°32'. References: 3B, 5L and V.

**LEONARD'S CORNERS**, a settlement in Gore District, Canada West. Post office name Esquesing which was the nearest post office. This reference is 1848 and there is no more recent reference to this place. Reference: C.

**LEONARD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°33' 81°00'. Reference: V.

**LEO TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°22' 80°13'. Reference: V.

**LEOVILLE** SEE: **MOUNTAIN CHUTES**, Nipissing District.

**LEPAGE**, SEE: **WILLIAMSON #1**, Timiskaming District.

**LE PAS**, SEE: **THE PASS**, Kenora District.

**LE POSTE DE TORONTO**, SEE: **TEIAIGON**, York County.

**LEROCHE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 47°07' 80°15'. Reference: V.

**LERWICK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°31' 83°20'. Reference: V.

**LES ANGES GARDIENS**, SEE: **SAGAMOK**, Sudbury District.

**LES CHUTES**, hamlet, Sarnia Township, Lambton County. Laid out in 1833 and named **SARNIA PORT**. Located on the St. Clair River opposite Port Huron in the State of Michigan, 60 miles from London, 60 miles from Detroit(U.S.A.) and 60 miles from Chatham. Post office opened as **PORT SARNIA** in 1837. First Postmaster George Durand. In 1860, the post office name was changed to **SARNIA**. Office still in operation in 1983. Place was never a village. Incorporated by special legislation as the Town of Sarnia January 1st, 1857 by Act 19 Victoria, Cap 68. Incorporated as a City May 7th, 1914. In 1891, a railway tunnel joining the Canadian National Railway to the Grand Trunk Western Railway under the St. Clair River at Sarnia was completed. A ferry service operates to Port Huron, Michigan State all year. Alternate names for this place; Les Chutes is French for THE RAPIDS and prior to 1836, may have been called **JONES' WHARF**. In August of 1679, LaSalle berthed Le Griffon here (the ship). Place was established by Father Henepin, a companion of LaSalle. In 1872, the first oil refineries were built here. First permanent settler Malcolm Cameron in 1833. Street delivery of mail

began August 20th, 1908. The last toll gate in the Province of Ontario closed in 1926 at the corner of Ontario and Confederation Streets in Sarnia. The name for this place was suggested by Sir John Colborne, who was visiting the area in 1836; he suggested Port Sarnia, as the name Sarnia was the Roman name for the Island of Guernsey. Sarnia amalgamated the small suburb of ROBERTVILLE in 1880. Present approved name is SARNIA. Population 420 in 1846, 5,000 in 1886 and 50,252 in 1980. Map position: 42°58' 82°23'. References: G, I, CS, M, T, 1H, HH, 2T, 5K, 7V, and V.

LES ERABLES, post office, Mattawa Township, Nipissing District. Located 9 miles from Mattawa. Post office opened as LES ERABLES in 1886. First Postmaster George Wilson. Office closed 1893. Population 50 in 1892. No recent references to this place. References: I, AA, Z, and 5T.

LESKARD, dispersed rural community, Clarke Township, Durham County, later Part of Town of Newcastle. This place is located on Highway #35, 32 miles northwest of Cobourg, and 10 miles north of Newcastle. Post office established as LESKARD on March 1st, 1856. First Postmaster John McNeil. Office closed on January 1st, 1970. On January 1st, 1974, Clarke Township became Part of Town of Newcastle in Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is LESKARD. Population 200 in 1875, 105 in 1971, and after 1976, population included in Newcastle. Map position: 44°02' 78°39'. References: I, A, S, EE, 3G, 3B, V, and 8U.

LESLIE, SEE: LESLIEVILLE, York County.

LESLIES, station, Wellington County. The nearest post office is Killean. This station is on CPR and has an express and telegraph office. In 1921, the station name was changed to KILLEAN. No recent reference to this station. References: S and SS.

LESLIE'S, hamlet, Beverley Township, Wentworth County. Nearest post office at Clyde, 1.5 miles distant. This reference is dated 1892 and there is no further more recent reference to this place. Reference: AA.

LESLIE PARK, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 16 km southwest of Ottawa, 17 km northeast of Glen Cairn and 18 km east of Kanata. Present approved name is LESLIE PARK. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°20' 75°48'. Reference: V and 5L.

LESLIE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°06' 85°55'. Reference: V.

LESLIEVILLE, York Township, York County. Located one mile southeast of Downsview. Named for Mr. George Leslie, an early settler who had an extensive nursery of fruit trees. Also located east of Riverside and north of Kingston Road. This place existed between the years 1878 and 1893. In 1862, a post office opened named LESLIE at the Grand Trunk Railway Station which was later named Leslieville. First Postmaster George Leslie. Post office closed February 15th, 1896. Population 40 in 1886 and 1,000 in 1893. This place has long since been absorbed by the City of Toronto; no exact date for absorption. References: 2J, K1, I, T, 4F, 4A, 7E, and A.

LESLIEVILLE STATION, SEE: LESLIEVILLE, York County.

LES MESNULS, post office, Muskoka District, later Proudfoot Township, Parry Sound District. Located 50 miles north of Parry Sound and 10 miles south of Emsdale Station on GTR. Post office established as LES MESNULS January 1st, 1888. First Postmaster Louis Perron. Office name changed to CHENEY February 1st, 1888. Office closed July 1st, 1902. Population 30 in 1895. Nothing is noted on this place after 1908. References: I, Z, 7P, 5T and AA.

LESSARD TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°15' 84°59'. Reference: V.

LETHBRIDGE, dispersed rural community, Morrison Township, Ontario County, now District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 16 miles south of Bracebridge, 40 miles northeast of Barrie, and 6 miles from Gravenhurst. Post office opened as LETHBRIDGE in 1876. First Postmaster G. E. Lehmann. In 1896, the name was changed to KILWORTHY. Office still in operation in 1983. Kilworthy Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is KILWORTHY. Population 10 in 1885 and 13 in 1972. Map position: 44°51' 79°21'. References: I, 5V, S, MM, & V

LETT, dispersed rural community, Griffith Township, Renfrew County. Located 10 miles from Renfrew and 25 miles from Caldwell Station on the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway, later CPR. Post office established as LETT on June 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Charles LaViolette. On November 1, 1908, the post office name was changed to KHARTUM. Office closed October 1st, 1949. This place name was misspelled as KHAROUM and KHARTOUM. Present approved name is KHARTUM. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°16' 77°06'. References: PP, SS, 6T, 7Q, DD, MM, 5L and V.

LETTERBREEN, dispersed rural community, Normanby and Egremont Townships, Grey County. Located 5 km northwest of Mount Forest, 7 km west of Calderwood and 8 km south of Orchardville. This place is named from a place in County Fermagh, Ireland. Present approved name is LETTERBREEN. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°01' 80°47'. References: V, 5L and 7D.

LETTERKENNY, dispersed rural community, Brudenell Township, Renfrew County. Located 53 miles southwest of Pembroke, 50 miles west of Renfrew, and 15 miles south of Wilno Station on the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LETTER KENNY (two words) in 1878. First Postmaster John Gallagher. Office closed October 1st, 1958. Office named by first postmaster for a place in County Donegal, Ireland. Present approved name is LETTERKENNY,(one word). Population 10 in 1893. Map position: 45°22' 77°25'. References: B, I, S, Z, PP, U10, V, 5V, 5P, 6T, 5L and 7D.

LETTER O. In 1879, part of Ottawa was called Letter O; it was Part of Lower Town. Reference: UU.

LETT'S CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Located 5 km north of Eganville, 15 km south of Huckabones and 18 km southwest of Cobden. Present approved name is LETTS CORNERS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°35' 77°06'. Reference: V and 5L.

LETT TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 90, Thunder Bay District.

LEVACK #1, Town, Levack Township, Sudbury District, later within the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Located 24 miles northwest of Sudbury, 5 miles from Larchwood and 5 miles from Windy Lake. Incorporated as a Town in 1938 and detached from Levack Township. Named for Mary Levack, mother of Sir Oliver Mowat, Premier of Ontario. Post office established as LEVACK on May 4th, 1914. First Postmaster S.H. Bolton. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1974, Levack became Part of Town of Onaping alls in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved name is LEVACK. Population 895 in 1941 and 2,829 in 1972. References: HH, 2T, 2Y, L1, 3B, O, 5C, 5K, 6T, and V.

LEVACK #2, railway point, Dowling Township, Sudbury District, later Part of Town of Onaping Falls in Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Post office established as LEVACK STATION on December 18th, 1940. First Postmaster V. L. Grenom. Office closed November 1st, 1948. LEVACK STATION on CPR, Main Line, at an altitude of 1,090 feet above sea level. Present approved name is LEVACK STATION. Population 109 in 1951 and 173 in 1956. Map position: 46°36' 81°24'. References: V, 5E, 6T and 3B.

LEVACK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°41' 81°22'. Reference: V.

LEVANT, this is a mystery post office closing; Levant in Frontenac-Addington County. There is no record of the opening or the postmaster's name but the Post office closed August 17th, 1941. There is no other reference to this place. Not to be confused with LAVANT in Lanark County. Reference: 6T and National Postal Museum.

LEVANT TOWNSHIP. In 1835, mail for this place was directed by the Postmaster-General's Office to be delivered to the post office at Lanark in Lanark County. Reference: 3H.

LEVANT TOWNSHIP, SEE: LAVANT TOWNSHIP, Lanark County.

LEVESQUE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 32, Range 25, Algoma District.

**LEVESQUEVILLE**, hamlet, Ferris Township, Nipissing District. Located 9 miles west of Bonfield and 15 miles southeast of North Bay. Founded by J.A. Levesque in 1885. Post office opened as **LEVESQUEVILLE** in 1895. First Postmaster Cleophas Robert. In 1904, the parish priest, Father Astor, had the post office removed to next door to him and called it **ASTORVILLE**, while most of the settlers still call it Levesqueville. Office name changed to Astorville in 1904. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious parish name for this place is **ST. THOMAS D'AQUIN**. Present approved name is **ASTORVILLE**. Population 15 in 1926 and 373 in 1976. Map position: 46°11' 79°17'. References: I, 5U, 7D, MM, 3B, V, and 5L.

**LEVI'S CREEK**. Founded in 1837 in Peel County. A farming community. The nearby creek was named for the family in 1850; Levi Creek. In 1980, conservation authorities continue using the name. There is very little of the community left. Reference: 3C.

**LEWERS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°17' 81°10'. Reference: V.

**LEWIS**, station, Sheddon Township, Algoma District. This station is a CPR station and is located west of Spanish River Station and east of Serpent River Station in 1888. There are no recent references to this station. Reference: 6Z.

**LEWIS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. Located 5 km southeast of Appin, 7 km southwest of Melbourne and 8 km northeast of Glencoe. Present approved name is **LEWIS CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°46' 81°37'. References: B, 5L and V.

**LEWISHAM**, post office, Ryde Township, Ontario County, now in District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 30 miles southeast of Bracebridge and 18 miles southeast of Gravenhurst Station. Post office opened as **LEWISHAN** in 1882. First Postmaster J.G. Taylor. Name spelling changed to **LEWISHAM**. Office closed September 20th, 1927. Population 50 in 1907 and 40 in 1926. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, 5P, MM, and 6T.

**LEWISHAN**, SEE: **LEWISHAM**, Muskoka District.

**LEWIS TOWN**, Lewis Township, Algoma District. Population 114 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**LEWIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°14' 82°30'. Reference: V.

**LEWISVILLE #1**, dispersed rural community, March Township, Dalhousie District, later Carleton County. Located 14 miles from Ottawa and 5 miles northwest of Bell's Corners Station on CPR. Post office established February 6, 1848 and was named **SOUTH MARCH**. First Postmaster J. J. Goodman. Office not in operation in 1984. First settler in 1819, Dennis Killean. Present approved name is **SOUTH MARCH**. Population 150 in 1907, 54 in 1956 and 24 in 1976. Map position: 45°221' 75°56'. References: EE, I, S, AA, 2W, 5E, UU, 8Q, 8P, 5L and V.

**LEWISVILLE #2**, SEE: **NORTHWOOD**, Kent County.

**LEWRAY**, SEE: **SMITH'S CORNERS #2**, Middlesex County.

**LEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°48' 84°30'. Reference: V.

**LIDCOTE**, post office, Chatham Township, Kent County. Located 7 miles north of Chatham and 1.5 miles west of Darrell Station on the Erie and Huron Railway. Post office opened as **LIDCOTE** in 1882. First Postmaster D.D. Furdy. Office closed 1890. No recent references to this place. Population 40 in 1893. References: I, T, AA, and XX.

**LIEURY**, SEE: **SMITH'S CORNERS #2**, Middlesex County.

**LIFFORD**, dispersed rural community, Manvers Township, Durham County. Located 20 miles from Newcastle, 14 miles from Lindsay, and 3 miles from Port Hope. Post office established as **LIFFORD** on February 1st, 1854. First Postmaster George Shaw. Office closed April 1st, 1914. This place was at times shown in Victoria County in

the early years. Present approved name is LIFFORD. Population 50 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°11' 78°39'. References: I, B, AA, EE, 3K, 6T, V, 5L and 8Q.

LIFTLOCK, near Kirkfield, Eldon Township, Victoria County. It is not known if this is a place, lock, station or post office. There is no date and no other reference to this place. Reference: SS.

LIGHTHOUSE AREA, Tilbury North Township, Essex County. Located 4 km west of Jeannettes Creek, 7 km northwest of Tilbury and 8 km east of Stoney Point. Present approved name is LIGHTHOUSE AREA. Population 81 in 1971 and 73 in 1976. Reference: 3B and 5L.

LIGHTHOUSE BEACH, North Himsworth Township, Parry Sound District. Population 68 in 1971. References: B and 3B.

LIGHTHOUSE COVE, Dover Township, Kent County. Located on Lake St. Clair at the mouth of the Thames River, 6 miles from Tilbury. The lighthouse was built in 1872. References: B and 2U.

LIGHTHOUSE SHORES, Tilbury North Township, Essex County in 1976. Reference: B.

LILLEY'S CORNERS, post office, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 1/2 mile from London. Post office established as LILLEY'S CORNERS on July 1st, 1872. First Postmaster Charles Lilley. Name of office was changed to LONDON EAST January 1st, 1877. Office closed May 28th, 1917. London East Incorporated as a Village in 1875, as a Town in 1881, and was annexed by London in 1885. Population 3,890 in 1881 and 4,000 in 1893. Name is obsolete. References: I, A, 2T, HH, U10, 5C, 6T and 5V.

LILLIES, post office, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 14 km from Brockville. In 1974 designated a dispersed rural community. Formerly listed in Front of Yonge Township and earlier than that was shown in Brockville Electoral District. Post office established as LILLIES on March 25th, 1907. First Postmaster Charles Whaley. Office closed September 1st, 1913. Present approved name is LILLIES. Population 78 in 1961 and 35 in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 75°50'. References: B, U, 3B, 5A, 6T, V, 5L and 7K.

LILLIE'S MILL, post office, Oso Township, Addington County. Post office established as LILLIE'S MILL on May 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Thomas T. Hampton. Office closed March 22nd, 1902. LILY'S MILL SIDING on Kingston and Pembroke Division of CPR. Station number 1053, between the station of Oso and Clarendon, in 1911. No recent reference to this place. References: 7M, 10B and 7P.

LILLIE TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 9, Sudbury District.

LILLIE LAKE, dispersed rural community, Shequiandah Township, Manitoulin District. Located 7 miles northwest of Manitowaning and 40 miles southeast of Gore Bay. Post office established as LILY LAKE in 1880. First Postmaster Samuel T. Norton. Office closed April 1, 1917. Present approved name is LILY LAKE. Population 400 in 1885 and 59 in 1951. Map position: 45°47' 81°57'. References: I, S, 5T, 3B, 3R, V, 5L and 6T.

LILLY OAK, dispersed rural community, Holland Township, Grey County. Located 10 miles southeast of Chatsworth and 22 miles southeast of Owen Sound. Post office established as LILY OAK in 1881. First Postmaster James Bruce. Office closed November 1st, 1913. Present approved name is LILY OAK. Population 100 in 1895. Map position: 44°25' 80°43'. References: I, S, AA, 5P, 3R, 6T, 5L and V.

LILY'S MILL SIDING, SEE: LILLIES MILL, Addington County.

LIMBERLOST LODGE, dispersed rural community, Lake of Bays Township, Muskoka District, Located 15 miles from Huntsville, 9.5 miles from Hillside, and 12 miles from Canal. Post office established as LIMBERLOST LODGE on August 12th, 1936. First Postmaster R.J.G. Hill. Office closed July 16th, 1960. Present approved name is LIMBERLOST LODGE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°24' 79°00'. References: U, V, 5L and 6T.

LIMBO STATION, station, Shipley Township, Algoma District. Located on Chapleau Division of CPR. Station number

4571, between the stations of Turnbull and Woman River, in 1911. Present approved name is LIMBO. References: 10B, 8K, 10E and V.

LIMEBANK, SEE: BOGTOWN, Russell County.

LIMEHOUSE, SEE: FOUNTAIN GREEN, Halton County.

LIME KILN, Nassagawega Township, Halton County. Population 60 in 1951. Reference: 3B.

LIME KILN CROSSING, also known as GORDON, but no location shown for this place. Reference: SS.

LIME LAKE, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 25 miles northeast of Belleville and 4 miles southwest of Marlbank Station on the Napanee, Tamworth and Quebec Railway. This place named for lime deposits in the lake. Post office established as LIME LAKE on September 1st, 1859. First Postmaster James Jarmin. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is LIME LAKE. Population 70 in 1893 and 60 in 1913 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 77°09'. References: I, S, DD, U10, 3X, 6T, 5L and V.

LIMER, Railway point, 27-XXIII Township, later Maness Township, Algoma District. Present approved name isLIMER. Map position: 47°58' 84°32'. References: U and V.

LIMERICK #1, hamlet, Stephen Township, Huron and Middlesex County line. Located 7 miles from Centralia, 9 miles from Park Hill Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 40 miles west of Stratford. On July 1st, 1867 the post office named CRANFORD opened in this place. First Postmaster John G. Quarry. In 1868 the post office name was changed to OFFA. In 1889 Offa office was changed to MOUNT CARMEL. Post office closed March 1st, 1914. This place is recently designated as a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is MOUNT CARMEL. Population 100 in 1893, 100 in 1908 and 55 in 1976. Map position: 43°16' 81°37'. References: AA, I, 3Q, S, U10, 6T, PP, V, 5L and 3B.

LIMERICK #2, dispersed rural community, Winchester Township, Dundas County. Located 4 km north of Beckstead, 5 km southeast of Chesterville, 5km east of Forward and 8 km northeast of Nation Valley. Present approved name is LIMERICK. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 75°11'. Reference: V and 5L.

LIMERICK (TOWNSHIP OF), Municipal Township, Hastings County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1897. Quieting Order P5453-68, dated May 31st, 1968. Population 313 ub 1980. Map position: 44°54' 77°40'. References: HH, M and V.

LIMESTONE, hamlet, Fitzroy Township, Carleton County. Located 28 miles west of Ottawa and 4 miles from Galetta Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LIMESTONE in 1893. First Postmaster John Findlay. Office closed May 28th, 1913. No recent mention of this place. References: I, S, Z, PP, 5U and 6T.

L'IMMACULATE CONCEPTION #1, SEE: LITTLE THAMES, Perth County.

L'IMMACULATE CONCEPTION #2, SEE: LA TRAVERSE, Essex County.

LIMOGES #1, SEE: SOUTH INDIAN, Russell County.

LIMOGES #2, hamlet, Caldwell Township, Nipissing District. Located 4 miles from Verner on the Transcontinental Line of the CPR. Post office established as LIMOGES on May 22nd, 1907. First Postmaster Alfred Limoges. Post Office closed July 1st, 1913. No recent references to this place. References: PP, 6T, and 7K.

LINCOLN COUNTY. Created in 1792 by Lieutenant-Governor Simcoe and named for Lincolnshire in England. The county was Dissolved January 1, 1970 by Ontario Statute 1968-69, C.106, S.174 and became Part of the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Population 29 547 in 1871 and 126 674 in 1966. Map position: 43°05' 79°25'. References: M, HH, 2R, 2Y, 5C, and V.

**LINCOLN HEIGHTS**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **LINCOLN HEIGHTS**. Map position: 45°22' 75°47'. Reference: V.

**LINCOLN (TOWN OF)**, in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Incorporated as Village of Beamsville June 19, 1878. Became Town of Beamsville January 1, 1973. The Town of Beamsville and the Township of Clinton amalgamated January 1, 1970 and the name was changed to **TOWN OF LINCOLN**, which honours the name of Lincolnshire in England. Population 14 296 in 1980. Map position: 43°10' 79°29'. References: F, M, HH, 5K, and V.

**LINCOLN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°16' 82°53'. Reference: V.

**LIND**, urban community, Perth County. Located 2 kilometres from St. Mary's. Recently Part of the Town of St. Mary's, in Perth County. Present approved name is **LIND**. Map position: 43°15' 81°09'. References: U and V.

**LINDEL**, subdivision, Thorold Township, Welland County. Population 60 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**LINDEN BANK**, post office, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Post office established as **LINDEN BANK** on October 8th, 1908. First Postmistress Adelaide Briggs. Office closed June 19th, 1911. The nearest railway station is CPR at Bellamy's Station. There are no recent references to this place. References: B and 6T.

**LINDEN BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Gosfield South Township, Essex County. Located on lake Erie, 3 km southeast of Kingsville, 4 km northeast of Cedar Beach and 13 km west of Harrow. Present approved name is **LINDEN BEACH**. Population 108 in 1956 and 484 in 1976. Map position: 42°01' 82°45'. References: B, 3B, 5A, 5E, 5L and V.

**LINDENLEA**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **LINDENLEA**. Map position: 45°26' 75°41'. Reference: V.

**LINDEN VALLEY**, dispersed rural community, Mariposa Township, Victoria County. Located 7 miles northwest of Lindsay. Post office established as **LINDEN VALLEY** in 1880. First Postmaster James Allison. Office closed April 1st[, 1915. This place was surveyed in 1871 by Henry Reuzin. The name Linden Valley was given because of the large number of Linden or Basswood Trees growing in the area and the fact that it was in a valley. Present approved name is **LINDEN VALLEY**. Population 50 in 1886 and 10 in 1893. Map position: 44°22' 78°52'. References: B, T, S, U10, V, 6T, 5V, and 7D.

**LINDENWOOD**, dispersed rural community, Keppel Township, Grey County. Located 9 km south of Lake Charles, 12 km northeast of Shallow Lake and 14 km northwest of Owen Sound. Post office established as **LINDENWOOD** in 1885. First Postmaster Gavin Shaw. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **LINDENWOOD**. Population 20 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 80°59'. References: I, AA, 6T, V, 5L and 5T.

**LINDSAY**, SEE: PURDY'S MILLS, Victoria County.

**LINDSAY'S CORNERS**, SEE: GARLICK SETTLEMENT, Carleton County.

**LINDSAY (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Bruce County. Incorporated first Monday, January, 1878 by County Bylaw #126, passed June 8th, 1877. This place is named for the family of the mother of Lord Bury, Earl of Albemarle, in 1856. Population 351 in 1980. Map position: 45°05' 81°23'. References: HH, M, 5K, and V.

**LINDSLEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°42' 87°10'. Reference: V.

**LINE'S CORNERS**, hamlet, North Norwich Township, Oxford County. Located 5 miles from Cornell. This reference occurred in 1875; there are no more recent references to this place. Reference: A.

LINGMAN LAKE, dispersed rural community, north of Sandy Lake, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 285 miles from Lac du Bonnnet and 60 miles from Island Lake. Post office established as LINGMAN LAKE on July 3rd, 1949. First Postmaster B.F. McFarlane. Office closed September 1st, 1950. Present approved name is LINGMAN LAKE. Map position: 53°51' 92°54'. References: U, V, 5L and 6T.

LINK, post office, Osborne Township, Nipissing District. This place is almost adjoining Jocko, a flag station on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, 32 miles north of North Bay. Post office established as LINK on December 1st, 1905. First Postmaster D. Lunam. Office closed July 28th, 1914. No recent references to this office.References: S, PP, 6T, and 7S.

LINK LAKE TOWNSITE, Timagami Township, Nipissing District. Population 30 in 1976. Reference: 3B.

LINKO, SEE: LINKOOPING, Thunder Bay District.

LINKOOPING, station, Robson Township, Thunder Bay District. LINKO STATION is located at mile 1849 on CPR, east of Savanne Station and west of Dexter Station, 64 miles northwest of Port Arthur and 6 kilometres from Raith. Present approved name is LINKO. Population 7 in 1941 and 62 in 1951. Map position: 48°53' 89°59'. References: AA, 6Z, 8K, R2, 3B, U, and V.

LINKS MILLS, dispersed rural community, Ernestown Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 5 km north of Bath, 7 km southeast of Odessa and 10 km west of Amherstview. Present approved name is LINKS MILLS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 76°46'. Reference: V and 5L.

LINKSVILLE, hamlet. Located 3.5 miles from Earnestown in Ernestown Township, Lennox and Addington County. Modern location 12 miles west of Kingston and on Highway #33. Post office established as MILL HAVEN on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Jeremiah Amey. Office closed September 1, 1913. Recently designated as a dispersed rural community. The name is now spelled MILLHAVEN. The name was given because there were so many mills on the creek, as many as six mills in the space of 6 miles close, to Millhaven. Present approved name is MILLHAVEN. Population 100 in 1886 and 207 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 76°45'. References: A, I, T, 3B, 2Y, 3J, 6E, 6T, V, 8Q, 5L and 7D.

LINTON, dispersed rural community, King Township, York County, later within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 30 miles northwest of Toronto, 6 miles from Bolton and 17 miles from Aurora. Post office opened as LINTON on September 1st, 1858. First Postmaster Joseph Lynn. Office closed July 1st, 1916. This place was named after the first Postmaster. In 1905 that same Postmaster was still serving and had served 47 years in the office. Present approved name is LINTON. Population 500 in 1886 and 200 in 1908. Map position: 43°56' 79°40'. References: B, I, T, S, PP, 3R, 3W, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

LINWOOD, concentrated rural community, Wellesley Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 18 miles northwest of Berlin (later Kitchener), and 10 miles south of St. Jacob's Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LINWOOD on September 1st, 1858. First Postmaster Joseph W. Fish. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Police Village on April 23rd, 1907, by Bylaw #576. Dissolved and reverted to Township of Wellesley OMB Bill #167-72, Effective date January 1st, 1973. The name Linwood was given by Mr. Hutton, a schoolteacher. Present approved name is LINWOOD. Population 50 in 1886 and 503 in 1980. Map position: 43°35' 80°43'. References: B, I, T, S, U, V, 9L, 5L & 7D.

LIONS HEAD, Village, Eastnor Township, Bruce County. Located 80 miles north of Walkerton and 22 miles southeast of Wiarton. Post office opened as LIONS HEAD in 1875. First Postmaster F.W. Stewart. Office still in operation in 1983. The place was named because of a peculiar rock formation which resembles a lion's head, near the Village. Incorporated as a Village April 12th, 1917. A variation in spelling for this place is LIONHEAD and LIONSHEAD (one word). Present approved name is LIONS HEAD. Population 100 in 1886, 416 in 1966 and 500 in 1976. Map position: 44°59' 81°15' References: B, I, M, T, S, 2R, V, 7V, 5L and NN.

LIPPINCOTT, SEE: BROCKTON VILLAGE, York County.

LIPSETT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°16' 83°17'. Reference: V.

LISADEL, SEE: TOWN PLOT OF HOWICK, Huron County.

LISBON, dispersed rural community, North Easthope Township, Perth ans Oxford Counties, now Wilmot Township within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 14 miles northeast of Stratford and 8 miles northwest of New Hamburg. Post office established as LISBON on May 1st, 1856; first Postmaster John Zinkmann. Office closed March 1st, 1916. Present approved name is LISBON. Population 75 in 1893 and 42 in 1976. Map position: 43°28' 80°47'. References: I, S, 3B, U10, 3M, V, 6T, 5L and 8U.

LISBURN, hamlet, Huron Township, Bruce County. Post office established as LISBURN on February 1st, 1862. First Postmaster G. Ruttle. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Population 175 in 1886 and 100 in 1892. No references after post office closing in 1914. References: I, T, AA, 3N, and 6T.

LISGAR #1, SEE: SWITZER'S CORNERS, Peel County.

LISGAR #2, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is LISGAR. Map position: 43°13' 79°50'. Reference: V.

LISGAR STATION, Toronto Township, Peel County. Now within the City of Mississauga in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Reference: 3G.

LISGAR TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°46' 82°32'. Reference: V.

LISKARD, hamlet, Clarke Township, Durham County. Recently within the Regional Municipality of Durham. (1974) Reference: 1P.

LISKEARD, SEE: THORNLOE, Nipissing District.

LISLE, SEE: FORESTLEA #2, Simcoe County.

LISMORE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°12' 89°57'. Reference: V.

LISTER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°48' 78°33'. Reference: V.

LISTOWEL, SEE: MAPLETON #2, Perth County.

LISTOWELL, SEE: MAPLETON #2, Perth County.

LITHIA STATION, station, Clarence Township, Russell County. Located on Montreal and Ottawa Division of CPR. Station number 3417, between the stations of Pendleton and Bourget, in 1911. No recent reference to this station. References: 10B and 7R.

LITTLE AFRICA, settlement, Bertie Township, Welland County. Located on the outskirts of Fort Erie in the early 1800s. Lake steamers let off groups of runaway black slaves and by the 1840s a small community had been created and was named Little Africa. Population 200 in 1860. Prime employment, the cutting of wood for train fuel. When coal took over in 1860s the woodchoppers dispersed to other communities. This area long overgrown by Fort Erie. References: 3D and 9K.

LITTLE ARMENIA, SEE: THE TWELVE, Lincoln County.

LITTLE BERGEN; this is the first name of the Norwegian Air Force Camp, near Gravenhurst 5 miles and listed on May 5th, 1942 (Gazette). Also called LITTLE NORWAY. This place was a training centre for the Royal Norwegian Air Force during World War II. The post office opened October 9, 1941, named LITTLE NORWAY. First Postmaster Captain Paul Borresen. The location of this post office was in Toronto on Bathurst Street and was later moved

to Muskoka, Ontario, so the name was moved; there are two locations for the name Little Norway. The post office in Toronto closed March 31, 1943 and the post office in Muskoka opened April 2nd, 1943. First Postmaster in that location Captain S. Clausen. The latter place was located 6 miles north of Gravenhurst and had daily mail. Post office closed April 2nd, 1945 at the close of the 2nd World War hostilities. References: 6T and SS.

**LITTLE BRITAIN,** Police Village, Mariposa Township, Victoria County. Located on Lots 15 and 16, Concession 4 and 5 and is 4 miles south of Oakwood, 35 miles from Peterborough, and 68 miles from Toronto. This place was settled by Harrison Haight in 1834. Post office established as **LITTLE BRITAIN** in 1855. First Postmaster Obadiah Rogers. Office still in operation in 1983. Little Britain was Incorporated as a Police Village on June 17, 1905 by Bylaw #608. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. In 1853 Robert Ferguson Whiteside built a store on the corner of his farm property, where, in 1854, a meeting was called to name the post office that was being opened. The first name, suggested by James Metherell, was **MARGARETVILLE** after his mother, but Mr. Robert Ferguson Whiteside, who owned the store in which the post office was to be established, decided the name was to be **ELM GROVE**, which was the name given; however, the Post Office turned it down because there were already four Elm Grove post offices, so the name Little Britain was given for Little Britain Township in Lancaster, Pennsylvania. Present approved name is **LITTLE BRITAIN.** Population 200 in 1886 and 359 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 78°51'. References: I, T, EE, 3B, V, 9L, 8E, 8W, 5L and 7D.

**LITTLE BUFFALO,** hamlet, part of Six Nations Indian Reserve #40, Tuscarora Township, Brant County. Located 3 km southeast of Victoria Mills, 6 km east of New Credit and 8 km southwest of Ohsweken. Present approved name is **LITTLE BUFFALO.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°00' 80°10'. References: 5L, 9K and 10E.

**LITTLE CALEDONIA,** Seneca Township, located 1/4 mile from Caledonia in 1846, when Ontario was known as Canada West. There is no further reference to this place. Reference: G.

**LITTLE CANADA #1,** hamlet, O'Brien Township, Cochrane District. Located on Modern Highway #11, 1.5 miles east of Kapuskasing and 5 miles west of Kitigan Station. Post office opened as **VAL ALBERT** on November6th, 1936. First Postmaster Arthur Albert. On January 1st, 1954, Val Albert was annexed by Kapuskasing; Val Albert then became an improvement district, December 1st, 1954. On March 13, 1961. Post office was changed to a sub-post office of Kapuskasing. This place was annexed to the **TOWN OF KAPUSKASING** on January 1st, 1964. The post office was named by and for the first Postmaster. Present approved name is **VAL ALBERT.** Population 782 in 1956 and 2,018 in 1976. Map position: 49°25' 82°24'. References: 2Y, SS, U, M, HH, 2T, 5E, 3B, 5K, V and 6T.

**LITTLE CANADA #2,** SEE: **VICTORIA #8,** Nipissing District.

**LITTLE CANADA #3,** hamlet, in unorganized area, Kenora District. Located by amateur map plotting as near Lac Seul, East of English River, North of Dryden and Northeast of Sioux Lookout. Present approved name is **LITTLE CANADA.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 50°39' 93°08'. References: 5L.

**LITTLE CORNERS,** settlement, Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Located 9 miles from Eganville and 3.5 miles from Eganville Station on CPR and Grand Trunk Railway (1908). Post office established as **GRIERSFORD** on March 1st, 1898. First Postmaster Sylvester Grier. Office closed December 1st, 1912. Present approved name is **LITTLE CORNERS.** Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 45°35' 77°06'. References: V, B, S, PP, 6T, and 7G.

**LITTLE CREEK,** SEE: **LENOX #2,** Lennox County.

**LITTLE CURRENT,** SEE: **WUHYABEJEWUNG,** Algoma District.

**LITTLE EGYPT,** hamlet, Greenock Township, Bruce County. Located 3 km southeast of Riversdale, 4 km north of Westford, 12 km northwest of Teeswater and 16 km east of Ripley. Present approved name is **LITTLE EGYPT.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°05' 81°23'. References: B and 5L.

**LITTLE ENGLAND,** Ignace Township, Kenora District. This place was a housing development at Ignace supplied by CPR for skilled metal artisans who had been brought in from England. The housing consisted of 10 to 15 CPR

used boxcars which were set up on railroad ties and used as rental accomodation for the artisans. The place existed from the turn of the century up to about 1920. Some of these boxcars were later taken to Agimak Lake and were recycled as summer cottages; there are still one or two left in 1982. Reference: Eleanor Barr.

LITTLE EUROPE, SEE: THE TWELVE, Lincoln County.

LITTLE FALLS #1, Separated Town, Blanshard Township, Perth County. Located 99 miles from Toronto, on the River Thames, and on the southwest of Stratford. Post office established as LITTLE FALLS in 1845. First Postmaster Thomas Christy. Office still in operation in 1984. Second name for this place was BLANCHARD. The post office name changed to ST. MARY'S BLANCHARD and was named for Mary Strachan Jones, daughter of Bishop John Strachan and wife of Thomas Mercer Jones, as she suggested her own name as a joke, and it was accepted for the post office name. A local name for this place was STONE VILLAGE. First settlers were the Ingersoll family in 1841; Thomas Ingersoll built the first mill in 1842.A village by Proclamation of September 21st, 1854. Incorporated as a Village January 1st, 1865 by Act 12, Vic. Cap 81. Proclaimed a Town September 25, 1863. Separated from the County of Perth on December 6, 1864. Another local name for this place was STONE TOWN. Present approved name is ST. MARYS. Population 120 in 1846 and 4,843 in 1976. Map position: 43°15' 81°08'. References: 2Y, 8Q, 8P, I, G, S, DD, U, HH, 2T, NN, 5K, 1W, 7V; V and Ben Rabbets, present postmaster.

LITTLE FALLS #2, Nichol Township, Wellington County. Located 13 miles northwest of Guelph and 63 miles west of Toronto. Founded in 1834 by Adam Ferguson. The name was changed in 1834 from Little Falls to FERGUS. The post office opened on April 6,th 1836, named FERGUS. First Postmaster Thomas Young. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village January 1st, 1858, Act 20, Vic, Cap 106, January 1st, 1858. Became a Town September 9th, 1952. There were two railway stations : the W. G. and B. line of Grand Trunk Railway and the Canada Pacific Railway Company. Present approved name is FERGUS. Population 2,000 in 1886, 1,500 in 1905 and 6,001 in 1976. Map position: 43°42' 80°22'. References: 2H, I, M, T, S, HH, 2T, V, 7X, and 5L.

LITTLE FORKS, hamlet, Rainy River District. Located on the Rainy River. Post office opened named LITTLE FORKS on January 1st, 1892, in Township #6, Range 30, Algoma District. First Postmaster William Woods. Office closed April 30th, 1893. There is no reference to this office after 1907. References: Iand S.

LITTLE GERMANY #1, settlement, Waterloo Township, Waterloo County. Formerly in Wellington District, Canada West. Located 9 miles from Preston. Population 60 in 1846. The name of this place was later changed to BLACK CREEK. There are no recent references to this place. References: G, C, and SS.

LITTLE GERMANY #2, Alnwick Township, Northumberland County. Located on Rice Lake, 2 km north of Dunnett Landing, 3 km northeast of Roseneath and 17 km west Of Warkworth. Present approved name is LITTLE GERMANY. Population 46 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 78°05'. Reference: 3B and 5L.

LITTLE GERMANY #3, hamlet, Collingwood Township, Grey County. Located 4 km southeast of Duncan, 8 km northeast of Kimberley, 10 km west of Rob Roy and 18 km south of Thornbury. Present approved name is LITTLE GERMANY. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 80°26'. References: 5L, 9K and 10E.

LITTLE HAWK LAKE, post office, Stanhope Township, Haliburton County. Located 48 kilometres from Kinmount and 2.9 miles from Halls Lake. Summer post office established as LITTLE HAWK LAKE on August 11th, 1947. First Postmaster Richard H. Hewitt. Office may still be active in 1984. National Postal Museum had no record of it. Present approved name is LITTLE HAWK LAKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 78°44'. References: B, U, V, 5L and 6T.

LITTLE LAKE #1, dispersed rural community, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located 2 km east of Barber's Beach, 8 km northeast of Cambridge, 13 km west of Puslinch and 15 km south of Guelph. Present approved name is LITTLE LAKE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°25 80°15'. References: B, 5L and V.

LITTLE LAKE #2, Vespra Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 km north of Barrie, 7 km southeast of Midhurst, 9 km southwest of Oro Station and 25 km northeast of New Lowell. Present name not approved. Population 101 in 1971 and 123 in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 79°42'. Reference: 3B and 5L.

**LITTLE LAKE CAMPING GROUNDS**, Town, Glackmeyer Township, Cochrane District. The original name for this place was given to the site by the Indians and it lay astride the path to the old Indian, or Hudson's Bay Packet Trail to Moose Factory. The first sale of lots occured in 1908 and it was Incorporated as a Town on January 1st, 1910. At that time it was named **COCHRANE**, for Francis Cochrane, later the Honourable Francis Cochrane, Minister of Railroads. Located 47 miles from McDougall Chute and 114 miles from Englehart. Post office established as **COCHRANE** on January 22nd, 1909. First Postmaster Edward F. Fanquier. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **COCHRANE**. Population 1,715 in 1911 and 4,974 in 1976. Map position: 49°04' 81°01'. References: M, R1, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3B, 5K, V, 6T, and 5L.

**LITTLE LONG LAC**, concentrated rural community, Errington Township, later Ashmore Township, Thunder Bay District. Located one km south of Geraldton and 180 miles northeast of Fort William. Gold discovery settled this place in 1930 and production began in November of 1939. Mine closed in 1953. Present approved name is **LITTLE LONGLAC**. Population 197 in 1951 and 28 in 1976. Map position: 49°41 86°59. References: R2, 3B, V, 5L and 7V.

**LITTLE LONG RAPIDS**, dispersed rural community, Harmon Township, Cochrane District. Located 78 km north of Kapuskasing, 42 km northeast of Fraserdale and 38 km southwest of Foxville. Post office established as **LITTLE LONG RAPIDS** on November 24, 1960. First Postmaster A.R. Draper. Office closed on October 1st, 1966. Present approved name is **LITTLE LONG RAPIDS**. Population 590 in 1961 and 470 in 1966. Map position: 50°00' 82°10'. References: 5A, V, 5L and 6T.

**LITTLE MILLS**, hamlet, Eramosa Township, Wellington District, Canada West, later Wellington County. This reference dated 1846. No further reference to this place. Reference: G.

**LITTLE NIAGARA**, or **FORT FLUSHER**, is opposite the mouth of the Welland River on the east side of the Niagara River in U. S. This reference is dated 1799. No further reference to this place name. Reference: 7W.

**LITTLE NORWAY #1**, SEE: **LITTLE BERGEN**, York County.

**LITTLE NORWAY #2**, SEE: **LITTLE BERGEN**, Muskoka District.

**LITTLE RAPIDS**, dispersed rural community, West Thessalon Township, Algoma District. Located 50 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie and 1.5 miles from Thessalon Station on CPR. Post office established as **LITTLE RAPIDS** on October 1st, 1884, on Lot 20, Thessalon Township. First Postmaster Milton L. Bell. Office closed on November 1st, 1969. Present approved name is **LITTLE RAPIDS**. Population 50 in 1895 and 51 in 1976. Map position: 46°18' 83°33'. References: I, S, AA, 3B, V, 5L and 5P.

**LITTLE RED BAY**, hamlet, Albemarle Township, Bruce County. Population 25 in 1976. Reference: 3B.

**LITTLE RIDEAU**, hamlet, East Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Located 70 miles from Ottawa and 5 miles from Hawkesbury. Post office established as **LITTLE RIDEAU** on February 6th, 1853. First Postmaster Thomas Ross. Post office closed June 19th, 1915. This small place last noted in 1956. Population 150 in 1886 and 59 in 1956. Map position: 45°35' 74°30'. References: I, T, 3K, 3R, 5E, 7B, 6T, and 9J.

**LITTLE RIVER**, Western District, Canada West. Nearest post office named **SANDWICH**. Date of this listing 1848; no further reference to this place. Reference: C.

**LITTLE'S CORNERS**, concentrated rural community, Part of City of Cambridge, Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Present approved name is **LITTLE'S CORNERS**. Map position: 43°21' 80°16'. References: V and HH.

**LITTLE SCOTLAND**, dispersed rural community, Beverly Township, Wentworth County, later within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 8 miles from Galt and 20 miles northwest of Hamilton. Post office established as **KIRKWALL** on December 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Malcolm Campbell. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Founded in 1883 by Scottish settlers. The post office name was once misspelled as **KIRKENWALL**. Present approved

name is **KIRKWALL**. Population 100 in 1893, 50 in 1908 and 23 in 1976. Map position: 43°21' 80°10'. References: AA, 2I, I, A, S, 3J, 3R, V, 6T, 7A, 5L and 8Q.

LITTLE'S POINT, Colchester South Township, Essex County. Date of reference 1976. Reference: B.

LITTLE THAMES, Town, South Easthope Township, Perth County. Located 88 miles from Toronto, 80 miles from Sarnia, 39 miles from London, and 45 miles from Goderich. Post office established as **STRATFORD** on October 6th, 1832. First Postmaster J. U. Dailey. Office still in operation in 1983. When the post office opened, it was named for Stratford-on-Avon, England, with the shortened version of **STRATFORD** as given by Canada Company in 1831. First settler in Perth County was John Sharman, a blacksmith. Incorporated as a Village January 1st, 1854; became a Town January 1st, 1859, and Incorporated as a City, March 30th, 1885. First settler of Little Thames was William Seargeant in 1831. There is an annual Shakespearian festival in Stratford. Religious parish name for this place **L'IMMACULATE CONCEPTION**. **STRATFORD STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway and on Georgian Bay and Lake Erie Railway. Present approved name is **STRATFORD**. Population 200 in 1846 and 25,271 in 1979. Map position: 43°22' 81°00'. References: I, G, M, N, EE, HH, 2T, 2Y, 2W, 3S, 5K, 1W, 7X, V, 5L and 7V.

**LITTLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°45' 81°00'. Reference: V.

LITTLE TORONTO, SEE: **LUTHER**, Wellington County.

**LITTLE WARSAW**, Baird Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Population 157 in 1951. Reference: 3B.

LITTLE WOOD, dispersed rural community, Delaware Township, Middlesex County. Located 12 miles south of London, 5 miles from Southwold Station, 13 km northwest of St. Thomas, 10 km southwest of Glanworth. Post office opened as **LITTLEWOOD** in 1885. First Postmaster John Kent. Office closed February 15th, 1913. Present approved name is **LITTLEWOOD**. Population 50 in 1892, 25 in 1926 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°51' 81°20'. References: I, S, AA, Z, MM, 5L, 5U, 6T, and V.

LITTLE YORK, suburban village, York Township, York County. Located 5 miles east of Toronto and 1.5 miles from York Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **COLEMAN** on July 1st, 1877, in the Postal District of Danforth, in the Township of Scarborough. First Postmaster Charles Coleman, for whom office named. Office Incorporated into the postal system of Town of East Toronto in 1908. By 1916 the office was located at 1608 Danforth Avenue and had been made a sub post office, named **TORONTO-COLEMAN** in the mail system of Toronto from May 14th, 1920 to December 31st, 1920. This place was Incorporated into the **CORPORATION OF THE TOWN OF EAST TORONTO** on December 15th, 1908. No recent references to these names. Population 100 in 1893. No map position for this place. References: AA, Z, K2, 5V, HH and 6T.

LIVELY, concentrated rural community, Located 8 miles west of Sudbury and is a dormitory town 3 miles from Creighton Mine, later a Part of Town of Walden, Regional Municipality of Sudbury. This place is a company town, directed and supported by Inco. Post office established as **LIVELY** on July 3rd, 1951. First Postmaster John Archibald. Office still in operation in 1983. Named for Charles E. Lively, an employee of Inco in May of 1951. The Town of Lively was erected January 1st, 1953 by Ontario Municipal Board Order. Lively was Incorporated into the Town of Walden on January 1st, 1973. Present approved name is **LIVELY**. Population 3,211 in 1966 and 3,039 in 1969. Map position: 46°26' 81°09'. References: P, HH, 2T, 2R, 2Y, 6V, V, 6T, and 9G.

LIVERPOOL, concentrated rural community, Pickering Township, Ontario County, now Part of Town of Pickering in Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 19.5 miles from Toronto and 3 miles from Duffin's Creek. Present approved name is **LIVERPOOL**. Population 30 in 1857, 250 in 1885 and not shown in 1974.. Map position: 43°50' 79°05'. References: B, EE, 3R, and V.

LIVERPOOL MARKET, settlement, located north of Highway #2, Pickering Township, Ontario County, 20 miles east of Toronto, 8 miles west of Whitby and 2 miles west of Pickering Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **LIVERPOOL MARKET** in 1877. First Postmaster W.C. Albion. Office closed April 1st, 1896. Local names used for this place were **NEW LIVERPOOL** in 1872 and **LIVERPOOL CORNERS**, a local name. Last listed in 1950. Population 300 in 1886 and 230 in 1908. References: I, 7B, T, AA, PP, James Gillies, 7E, 6V, and 5V.

**LIVERPOOL ROAD**, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Population 127 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**LIVING SPRING**, dispersed rural community, West Garafraxa Township, Wellington County. Located 20 miles northwest of Guelph and 6 miles from Fergus. Post office established as **LIVING SPRING** in 1884. First Postmaster Frank J. Armstrong. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **LIVING SPRINGS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°45' 80°24'. References: I, S, AA, 6T, 5L and V.

**LIVINGSTON #1**, post office, Tossorontio Township, Simcoe County. Post office established as **LIVINGSTONE** in 1875. First Postmaster A. M. Brown. Postmaster resigned on December 22nd, 1875. Office closed on March 3rd, 1876. No recent references to this post office. Reference: I and National Postal Museum.

**LIVNGSTON #2**, railway point, Thessalon Township, Algoma District. Located on the Soo Branch of CPR, 17 miles from Thessalon. Present approved name is **LIVINGSTONE**, with an "E", in 1974. Population 150 in 1968 and not shown in 1974. Map position: 46°15' 83°26'. References: PP and V.

**LIVINGSTONE CREEK**, dispersed rural community, Thessalon Township, Algoma District. Located 50 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie and 5 miles from Thessalon. Post office established as **LIVINGSTONE CREEK** on July 1st, 1896. First Postmaster Angus McKiggan. Office closed June 13th, 1921. **LIVINGSTONE CREEK STATION** served by CPR. Livingstone Creek was named for a man who came sailing along the Lakeshore in a sailboat and was wrecked on a sandbar at the mouth of this creek; the settlement and the post office assumed his name. Present approved name is **LIVINGSTONE CREEK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°16' 83°28'. References: S, 7E, V, 5L and 6T.

**LIVINGSTON TOWNSHIP**, For united references see **SHERBORNE, McCLINTOCK and LIVINGSTON TOWNSHIP**, Haliburton County. History: the geographic townships of Lawrence and Nightingale were annexed to the County of Haliburton, effective January 1st, 1983. Joined to the United Townships of Sherborne, McClintock and Livingstone, the new township is known as the Corporation of the Township of Sherborne, McClintock, Livingstone, Lawrence and Nightingale. References: 9M.

**LIZZIE CORNER**; this is an old name of a small hamlet in the immediate vicinity of Enniskerry, Osgoode Township, Carleton County, about 1920. Reference: M. Daley.

**LLOYD**, dispersed rural community, Lanark Township, Lanark County. Located 21 miles north of Perth and 11 miles southwest of Almonte Station on CPR. Post office established as **LLOYD** in 1893. First Postmaster Edward Tennant. Office closed April 23rd, 1913. This office of Lloyd was named for the only son of the Postmaster, who died at the age of 5 years. Present approved name is **LLOYD**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°09' 76°20'. References: I, S, 6T, 5L and V.

**LLOYDMINN**, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Population 152 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**LLOYDTOWN**, concentrated rural community, King Township, York County. Located 14 miles from Newmarket and 33 miles northwest of Toronto. This place was settled by Mr. Jesse Lloyd in 1830. Post office was opened as **LLOYDTOWN** on October 6th, 1831. First Postmaster Joseph Watson. Office closed September 1st, 1955. In 1837, there was a price of 500 pounds on the head of the founder of Lloydtown, Mr. Jesse Lloyd, for his entanglement with the William Lyon Mackenzie Rebellion. He fled to the United States and died there in September, 1838. Present approved name is **LLOYDTOWN**. Population 500 in 1893 and 36 in 1976. Map position: 43°59' 79°42'. References: I, 6, S, 3F, V, 5P, 7X, 3B, U10, 5L and 6T.

**LLOYD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°22' 83°16'. Reference: V.

**LOACH TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 26, Range 16**, Algoma District.

**LOBO**, SEE: **LOBO TOWN LINE**, Middlesex County.

**LOBO SIDING**, railway point, London and Lobo Townships, Middlesex County. Map position: 42°59' 81°23'. Present approved name is **LOBO SIDING**. Reference: V.

**LOBO STATION**, post office, Lobo Township, Middlesex County. Located 10 miles west of London. Post office established as **LOBO STATION** in 1853. In 1856, the name was changed to **KOMOKA**. Office still in operation in 1983. Lobo Station later **KOMOKA STATION** and served by Grand Trunk Railway and CPR. Komoka became a Police Village, Incorporated June 12th, 1915, Bylaw #758. Application pending under Ontario Statute P358-65, November 7th, 1966, regarding Village status. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. The Indian name Komoka means "young grandmother or Owl's roost". Present approved name is **KOMOKA**. Population 250 in 1893 and 812 in 1976. Map position: 42°57' 81°26'. References: I, 3L, B, S, 3B, U10, V, 5L, 9L and Stan Parsons.

**LOBO TOWN LINE**, dispersed rural community, Lobo Township, Middlesex County. Located 8 miles northwest of London, 2.5 miles from Melrose Station on CPR and 2.5 miles from Komoka on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **LOBO** on August 6th, 1847. First Postmaster R. Birrel. Office closed November 16th, 1959. Present approved name is **LOBO**. Population 25 in 1886 and 65 in 1976. Map position: 43°00' 81°26'. References: I, T, S, FP, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 8P.

**LOBO TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Middlesex County. Formerly in London District, Canada West. Incorporated as a Township on January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C.81. Area 47 000 acres. Surveyed in 1820 by Colonel Mahlon Burwell, Provincial Land Surveyor. Population 2,417 in 1852 and 4,783 in 1980. Map position: 43°02' 81°28'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, V, and 1R.

**LOCATION #10**, SEE: **WESTERVELTS CORNERS**, Peel County.

**LOCHALSH #1**, concentrated rural community, Township #47, Algoma District. Located 96 kilometres northwest of Chapleau and 96 kilometres southeast of White River, located 10 miles from Missanabie and 13.5 miles from Franz. This area was opened up by mining in 1930. **LOCHALSH STATION** on CPR main line, at an altitude of 1,175 feet above sea level. Post office established as **LOCHALSH** on October 1st, 1925. First Postmaster James P. Loughlin. Office closed on November 4th, 1969. Present approved name is **LOCHALSH**. Population 160 in 1941, 7 in 1976 and 65 in 1978. Map position: 48°21' 84°16'. References: 6T, L1, R2, 3B, 5L and V.

**LOCHALSH #2**, dispersed rural community, Ashfield Township, Huron County. Located 22 miles north of Goderich and 6 miles from Ripley Station, also, on the Town line between Ashfield Township, Huron County, and Huron Township, Bruce County and lies 3 miles east of Amberley. Post office established as **LOCHALSH** in 1875. First Postmaster J.G. Murdoch. Office closed July 1, 1915. Present approved name is **LOCHALSH**. Population 75 in 1886, 46 in 1972 and 4 in 1976. Map position: 44°01' 81°39'. References: I, T, S, O, V, 5V, 1G, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**LOCHERIES SIDING**, station, York Township, York County. Located on Muskoka Division of CPR. Station number 1426, between the stations of Tremof and West Toronto, in 1911. References: 10B.

**LOCH GARRY**, hamlet, Kenyan Township, Glengarry County. Located 22 miles northeast of Cornwall and 3.5 miles south of Kenyan Station on the Canada Atlantic Railway. Post office established as **LOCH GARRY** in 1860. First Postmaster James Fraser. Office closed July 1, 1898. This place not listed after 1908. Population 60 in 1886 and under 100 in 1908. References: I, T, Z, PP, 3Y, and 7G.

**LOCHIEL**, SEE: **QUIGLEY'S CORNER**, Glengarry County.

**LOCHIEL TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Glengarry County. First settled in 1786. A Township in Eastern District. Canada West in 1848, later in the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas, and Glengarry. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 and confirmed by Quieting Order P2476-66, dated May 4, 1967. Population 4,175 in 1852 and 3,178 in 1980. Map position: 45°23' 74°36'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, 2B, and V.

**LOCHINVAR**, dispersed rural community, Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located on River LaGrace, 8 miles northeast of Cornwall and 12 miles north of Alexandria Station on the Canada Atlantic Railway. Post office opened in 1868 named **McNAB**. This post office was also named **McNAB-GLENGARRY**, at times, between 1860-1870. First

Postmaster Simon Fraser. In 1872 office name was changed to **LOCHINVAR**, the hamlet name. Office not in operation in 1984. Present approved name is **LOCHINVAR**. Population 50 in 1885, 42 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°27' 74°40'. References: I, 7B, AA, PP, 3R, V, 5L and 5P.

**LOCHLIN**, dispersed rural community, Snowdon Township, Haliburton County. Located 9 miles north of Minden. Post office established as**LOCHLIN** in 1895. First Postmaster George W. James. Office still in operation in 1983. Station name formerly **INGOLSBY**, then **LOCHLIN STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **LOCHLIN**. Population 15 in 1913 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 44°56' 76°34'. References: I, B, S, DD, 3B, SS, 5U, 5L and V.

**LOCHLIN STATION**, SEE: **INGOLDSBY**, Haliburton County.

**LOCH WINNOCH**, dispersed rural community, Horton Township, Renfrew County. Located 40 miles southeast of Pembroke and 2.5 miles north of Castleford Station on CPR. Post office established as **LOCH WINNOCH** in 1875. First Postmaster Robert Storie. Office closed April 15, 1913. Present approved name is **LOCHWINNOCH**. Population 50 in 1892, 60 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°29' 76°32'. References: B, I, S, AA, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 5V.

**LOCKERBY #1**, dispersed rural community, Elderslie Township, Bruce County. Located 4 km northeast of Paisley, 5 km west of Gillies Hill, 8 km southwest of Salem and 12 km northwest of Chesley. In 1969, there was no population shown for this place; it consisted of an old dam site and one old building. This was one of the earliest places settled in Elderslie Township. In 1974 it is a populated place, number not specified. Present approved name is **LOCKERBY**. Map position: 44°19' 81°14'. References: FF and V.

**LOCKERBY #2**, concentrated rural community, McKim Township, Sudbury District. Post office established as **LOCKERBY** on May 23rd, 1938; at that time, this place was listed as being in McKim Township, Nipissing District. In 1951, the Township name had changed to BroderTownship in Sudbury District, later this place became Part of the City of Sudbury in the Regional Muncipality of Sudbury. First Postmaster E.J. Parker. This place located 3 miles from Sudbury and 6 miles from McFarlane Lake. On April 15, 1961, the status of the post office was changed to a sub-post office of Sudbury. Present approved name is **LOCKERBY**. Population 330 in 1951. Map position: 46°28' 81°00'. References: 2Y, 3B, V, 6T, and U.

**LOCKESLEY**, Chaffey Township, Town of Huntsville (January 1, 1971), within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 32 kilometres from Huntsville. The name was changed to **ROBINSDALE** in 1925. No reason given for name change however, present approved name is still **LOCKESLEY**. References: SS, U, and V.

**LOCKEYER TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 131**, Algoma District.

**LOCKHART TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°35' 79°19'. Reference: V.

**LOCK #25 (#1)**, Peterborough County. Located between Peterborough and Lakefield, on Ontonabee River. Name changed to **SAWER CREEK LOCK**. No recent reference to this name. References: J. Winrals and M. Scriver.

**LOCK #25 (#2)**, North Elmsley Township, Lanark County. Located south of Smith's Falls, on Rideau Canal. Name changed to **EDMUND'S LOCK**. No recent reference to this name. References: J. Winrals.

**LOCK #25 (#3)**, SEE: **BEAVERS**

**LOCKS**, Brunel Township, Muskoka District. Population 87 in 1961 and 91 in 1966. Reference: 5A.

**LOCKSLEY**, dispersed rural community, Alice Township, Renfrew County. Located 8 miles southwest of Pembroke. Post office established as **LOCKSLEY** in 1869. First Postmaster W.H. Sparling. Office closed February 21st, 1914. Present approved name is **LOCKSLEY**. Population 50 in 1885, 88 in 1956 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°42' 77°08'. References: I, S, 5P, 3R, 5E, 6T, 5L and V.

LOCKSLEY STATION, hamlet, Alice Township, Renfrew County. Located 8 miles south of Pembroke. Post office established October 1st, 1900, named LOCKSLEY STATION. First Postmaster Herman Schultz. Office closed December 26th, 1914. LOCKSLEY STATION located on Grand Trunk Railway on the Pembroke Branch between Pembroke and Golden Lake. In 1978, this place is served by CN and CP and is located 10 kilometres from Pembroke. References: S, 5E, 6T, 7M, and 9F.

LOCKTON, SEE: THE PINES, Peel County.

LOCKVIEW, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Population 45 in 1971. Reference: 3B.

LOCKVILLE, hamlet, Mountain Township, later Matilda, Township, Dundas County. Located 4 miles from South Indian and 35 miles west of Cornwall. Post office established as LOCKVILLE on July 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Isaac Dillabough. On December 1st, 1888, the office name was changed to HULBERT by the next Postmaster, for his cousin's first name. Post office closed February 18th, 1914. This place is recently designated in 1974 as a concentrated rural community. Present approved name is HULBERT. Population 40 in 1893, 66 in 1951 and 14 in 1976. Map position: 44°58' 75°23'. References: I, T, 3R, 5Y, Z, 3B, U10, V, 5L and 6T.

LOCKWOOD, SEE: EKFRID, Middlesex County.

LOCUST HILL, SEE: GREEN RIVER STATION, York County.

LODGEROOM CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 5 km west of Tweed, 8 km northeast of Crookston and 10 km southeast of Madoc. Present approved name is LODGEROOM CORNERS. Population 23 in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 77°22'. References: B, 5L and V.

LODI, SEE: ROXBOROUGH, Stormont County.

LODORE, hamlet, Dalhousie Township, Lanark County. Located 19 miles northwest of Perth and 13 miles from Levent Station the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office establishedas LODORE in 1900. First Postmaster Charles Lorimer. Office closed August 1st, 1928. Recognized present name LODORE. No population shown. Map position: 45°01' 76°33'. References: S, PP, 5U, V, and 6T.

LO-ELLEN PARK, concentrated rural community, Part of the City of Sudbury, in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved name is LO-ELLEN. Map position: 46°27' 80°59'. Reference: V.

LOGAN TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Huron District, Canada West, later Perth County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute, 1849, C.81. Area 17,500 acres. Population 500 in 1852 and 2,232 in 1980. Map position: 43°31' 81°10'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, and V.

LOGIERAIT, SEE: HOSSIE CORNERS, Lampton County.

LOISELLEVILLE, SEE: CANARD RIVER, Essex County.

LOMBARDY, SEE: LOMBAR'S CORNERS, Leeds County.

LOMBAR'S CORNERS, concentrated rural community, South Elmsley Township, Leeds County. Located 32 miles from Brockville, 60 miles from Ottawa, and 11 miles from Perth. Post office established April 1st, 1853 and named SOUTH ELMSLEY. First Postmaster Elisha Landon. In 1873, the post office name was changed to LOMBARDY. Office still in operation in 1983. Name was sometimes misspelled as LOMBARDI and as LOMBARD'S. This place was established by Francis Lombar in the 1830s; he was the first settler and the first farmer in the area. South Elsmley was given the name of the Township. In 1873, a petition was taken to change the name to Lombardy as the place reminded the inhabitants of the nice farming country around which resembled the plains of Lombardy in Italy. Present approved name is LOMBARDY. Population 150 in 1875 and 79 in 1976. Map position: 44°49' 76°05'.

References: 7B, I, A, EE, 3K, O, V, 5L and 7D.

**LOMOND**, station, Algoma District. Located on the Soo Line of CPR, 39 miles southwest of Sudbury. This entry in dated 1908 and there are no further references to this station. Reference: PP.

**LOMOND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 50°01' 92°21'. Reference: V.

LONDESBOROUGH, SEE: **WRIGHT'S CORNERS #3**, Huron County.

LONDON, SEE: **NEW LONDON (1793)**, Middlesex County.

LONDON,

Amalgamations: Kensington
Westminster
Petersville
Byron (Hall's Corners)
London South
Askin
Ealing.
West Minister
Wilton Grove (for dates, see New London listing.)

**LONDON ASYLUM STATION**, London Township, Middlesex County. **ASYLUM STATION** on CPR and had a Dominion Express office, in 1893. Name changed to **BUCKE STATION** for Superintendent Dr. R. M. Bucke, at the Asylum. Population 10 in 1893 and 10 in 1899. No recent references to this station. References: U10 and U12.

**LONDONDERRY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°33' 81°31'. Reference: V.

LONDON EAST, SEE: **LILLEY'S CORNERS**, Middlesex County.

LONDON JUNCTION, SEE: **POTTERSBURG**, Middlesex County.

LONDON SOUTH, SEE: **ASKIN**, Middlesex County.

**LONDON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Middlesex County. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C.81. Population 6,735 in 1852 and 5,878 in 1980. Map position: 43°05' 81°18'. References: HH, M, 2W, and V.

LONDON WEST, SEE: **PETERSVILLE**, Middlesex County.

**LONGACRES**, urban community, Part of City of Burlington, formerly in Township of East Flamborough, Wentworth County. This place is located 1.4 miles east of Aldershot and 2.8 miles west of Burlington. The nearest railroad is at Aldershot on CNR. Post office established as **LONGACRES** on February 20th, 1953. First Postmaster Reginald E. Wilson. On October 29th, 1956, the status of this post office changed to**LONG ACRES-BURLINGTON** and became a sub-post office of Burlington. In 1974, this place became Part of Town of Dundas, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **LONGACRES**. Map position: 43°19' 79°50'. References: B, V+, 6V, V, and 6T.

**LONG BAY**, dispersed rural community, Campbell Township, Manitoulin District. Located 100 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie and 10 miles south of Gore Bay. Post office established as **LONG BAY** in 1884. First Postmaster Robert Gamey. Office closed November 1st, 1948. Present approved name is **LONG BAY**. Population 100 in 1892, 30 in 1972 and 1 in 1976. Map position: 45°48' 82°24'. References: I, S, AA, 5P, O, V, 5L and 6T.

**LONG BEACH #1**, concentrated rural community, Wainfleet Township, Welland County, later within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 7 kilometres from Wainfleet. Summer Post Office established as **LONG BEACH** on

June 1st, 1933. First Postmaster Clarence Edward Siddall. Office still in operation in 1984. Present approved name is **LONG BEACH**. Population 66 in 1951 and 168 in 1976. Map position: 42°52' 79°23'. References: 3B, O, U, 5L and V.

**LONG BEACH #2**, dispersed rural community, Fenelon Township, Victoria County. Located on Sturgeon Lake, 4 km northeast of Cameron, 10 km east of Islay and 12 km north of Lindsay. Present approved name is **LONG BEACH**. Population 73 in 1971 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 78°44'. References: 3B, 5L and V.

**LONGBOW LAKE**, post office, Kirkup Township, Kenora District. Located on Lake of the Woods, 16 km east of Kenora, 12 km southeast of Pelletier Bridge and 16 km southeast of Keewatin. Post office established as **LONGBOW LAKE** on May 1st, 1953. First Postmaster George B. Redden. Status of this summer post office was changed to a year-round office November 1st, 1959. Office is still open in 1983. Present approved name is **LONGBOW LAKE**. Population 91 in 1961, 74 in 1972 and 8 in 1976. Map position: 49°43' 94°20'. References: U, 5A, O, 6T, 5L and V.

**LONG BRANCH #1**, urban community, located on Lake Ontario, 8 miles west of Toronto, Etobicoke Township, York County, later Part of Borough of Etobicoke in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Incorporated as Village in 1930. Amalgamated by Toronto in 1966. First post office established as **LONG BRANCH** in 1891; first Postmaster A.R. Buckles. On June 21st, 1911, the summer post office, Long Branch, was constituted a regular post office, and, on August 1st, 1935, the status of the office was changed to a sub-post office of Toronto. During 1918, there was a military office called the **LONG BRANCH FIELD POST OFFICE** operated to and closed after the First World War. Named after the famous summer resort Long Branch in New Jersey, U.S.A. Incorporated into the Borough of Etobicoke on January 1st, 1967 in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. The Grand Trunk Railway had a station named Long Branch at this point in 1907 and it had a radial tram connection with Toronto in 1908 and a daily steamboat service with Toronto during the summer months. Present approved name is **LONG BRANCH**. Population 3,962 in 1931 and 11,039 in 1966. Map position: 43°35' 79°32'. References: B, I, S, Z, HH, 2T, PP, 2R, 3B, 6T, V, and 7V.

**LONG BRANCH #2**, summer post office, Welland County. Located 4.5 miles from Wainfleet, 5 miles from Low Banks, and 7.5 miles from Port Colborne. Post office established as **LONG BRANCH** on June 1st, 1933. First Postmaster C.E. Sidall. Office closed by 1937. No further reference to this post office. References: 6T and 9F.

**LONGFORD**, concentrated rural community, Rama Township, Ontario County, later Simcoe County. Longford was established as a lumbering operation in the 1840s by Lieutenant Allan MacPherson who died in 1859. Located 70 miles north of Whitby, 8 miles north of Orilla, and 6 miles from Mara. Post office established in 1874 and named **LONGFORD MILLS**. First Postmaster John Thomson. Office still in operation in 1983 as **LONGFORD MILLS**. The Grand Trunk Railway Station that serves this place is named **LONGFORD MILLS STATION**. Present approved place name is **LONGFORD**. Population 120 in 1886 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 44°40' 71°20'. References: B, 3B, 5A, V, 8A, I, T, S, A, 5L and 5V.

**LONGFORD MILLS**, SEE: **LONGFORD**, Simcoe County.

**LONGFORD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Victoria County. In 1871, this Township had only one ratepayer. Map position: 44°55' 79°00'. References: 2L and V.

**LONG ISLAND**, Dalhousie District, Canada West, later in Osgoode and Gloucester Townships, Carleton County. Population 247 in 1956. This is an island in the Rideau River. Map position: 45°14' 75°41'. References: C, 5E, and 9J.

**LONG ISLAND LOCKS**, on the Rideau Canal, Nepean, later Gloucester, Township, Russell, later Carleton, County. Located 6 miles from Gloucester and 15 miles from Ottawa. Post office named **LONG ISLAND LOCKS** established February 6th, 1853. First Postmaster John Rogers. The post office closed in 1877. No further reference to this place. References: I, A, EE, 3K, and 7A.

**LONG ISLAND VILLAGE**, Gloucester Township, Carleton County. First settled by Herman and Sylvester Holbert, who

built the first church in the Township and erected the first school in the Township (on Villings Farm) 1879. No further reference to this place. Reference: UU.

**LONGLAC,** SEE: **LONGUELAC**, Thunder Bay District.

**LONGLAC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT,** Thunder Bay District. Incorporated as Improvement District on January 1st, 1952 and as Township Municipality January 1st, 1964. Population 1,400 in 1971 and 1,923 in 1976. Map position: 49°48' 86°31'. References: M, 5K, V and 3B.

**LONGLAC STATION,** SEE: LONGUELAC, Thunder Bay District.

**LONGLAC TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 32 km east of Geraldton. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1964, by Quieting Order #3998, dated October 25th, 1951. Founded in 1924. Population 1,937 in 1978 and 2,284 in 1980. Map position: 49°48' 86°31'. Reference: M, R1, HH and V.

**LONG LAKE #1,** dispersed rural community, Olden Township, Frontenac County. Located 7 miles from Mountain Grove Station on CPR and 8 miles from Tichborne. Post office established as **LONG LAKE** on July 1st, 1871. First Postmaster James Bender. Post office closed by 1972. Present approved name is **LONG LAKE.** Population 40 in 1895 and 13 in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 76°46'. References: I, U, Z, O, V, 5X, 5L and 9F.

**LONG LAKE #2,** SEE: LONGUELAC, Thunder Bay District.

**LONG LAKE #3,** settlement, Parry Sound District, and a station on the Canadian Northern Ontario Railway. Located 15 miles from Parry Sound in 1908. No further reference to this place. Reference: PP.

**LONG LAKE #4,** station, Nipissing District. Located to the northwest of Moose Lake, a station on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, located north of North Bay, on Lake Nipissing (1908). No further reference to this place. Reference: PP.

**LONG LAKE #5,** Broder Township, Sudbury District. Population 80 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**LONG LAKE INDIAN RESERVE #58,** Thunder Bay District. Located 5 kilometres west of Longuelac, 32 kilometres east of Geraldton. Long Lake Band #58 owns this reserve under Grand Council Treaty #9. Ojibway is the spoken language. Population 511 in 1978. Map position: 49°45' 86°32'. References: V and R3.

**LONG LAKE INDIAN RESERVE #77,** Thunder Bay District. Located south of Longuelac. The Long Lake Band #77 owns this reserve under Grand Council Treaty #9. The major language used is Ojibway and some Cree. Population 76 in 1978. Map position: 49°45' 86°30'. References: R3 and V.

**LONG LAKE SETTLEMENT,** located on Gin Creek, Ashby Township, Addington County, 30 miles from Rathbun Station on Central Ontario Railway and 16 miles from Ormsby on Central Ontario Railway. Post office established as **HARTSMERE** on August 1st, 1881. First Postmaster William Bremner. Post office closed May 15th, 1968. Population 100 in 1892 and 100 in 1907. Map position: 45°06' 77°32'. References: AA, S, Z, I, PP, 5P, 9F, and 9J.

**LONGMOOR,** urban community, Part of City of Burlington, Regional Municipality of Halton. Map position: 43°22' 79°46'. Reference: V.

**LONG POINT #1,** dispersed rural community, Bexley Township, Victoria County. Located 9 km east of Kirkfield, 10 km west of Fenelon Falls, 9 km north of Glenarm and 13 km southwest of Coboconk. Present approved name is **LONG POINT.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 78°52'. References: B, 5L and V.

**LONG POINT #2,** dispersed rural commmunity, Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 30 miles west of Brockville and 4 miles south of Gilbert's Crossing on Brockville, Westport, and North Western Railway. Post office established as **LONG POINT** in 1891. First Postmaster C.J. O'Connor. Office closed

November 23rd, 1912. Present approved name is **LONG POINT**. Population 50 in 1892 and 102 in 1972 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°30' 76°07'. References: B, I, S, AA, O, 6T, 5L and V.

LONG POINT #3(1816-1820), SEE: PORT NORFOLK, Norfolk County.

**LONG POINT #4**, concentrated rural community, Norfolk Township, in the' Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 3 km southwest of Old Cut, 5 km southeast of Port Royal, 5 km southeast of Port Rowan and 14 km west of Clear Creek. Present approved name is **LONG POINT**. Population 119 in 1971 and 217 in 1976. Map position: 42°35' 80°25'. References: B, 3B, 5L and V.

LONG POINT #5, SEE: VITTORIA, Norfolk County.

**LONG POINT #6**, settlement, South Marysburgh Township, Prince Edward County. Located 17 miles southeast of Picton, 35 miles from Belleville, and 12 miles from Milford Station on Central Ontario Railway. Post office opened in 1865 and named **POINT TRAVERSE**, at times misspelled as **POINT TRAVERS**. First Postmaster Harmon Case. Office closed July 1st, 1918. Present approved name is **POINT TRAVERSE**. Population 200 in 1892 and 30 in 1908. Map position: 43°56' 76°56'. References: I, A, T, S, AA, 6T, 3R, 4F, 7V, PP, and V.

**LONG POINT BAY**, now called **NORTH FORELAND**, is a peninsula projecting from the southwest angle of the Township of Walsingham eastward into the lake 20 miles forming a very large bay (1799). Reference: 7W.

LONG POINT BEACH, SEE: LONG POINT PARK, Norfolk County.

**LONG POINT PARK**, South Walsingham Township, Norfolk County. Located 3 miles from Port Rowan Station and 43 km from Simcoe, and now within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Summer Post office established June 17th, 1946, named **LONG POINT BEACH**. First Postmaster Joseph Plewes Pierce. Office still in operation in 1983 under the same name. Present approved place name is **LONG POINT PARK**. Population 45 in 1951 and 120 in 1979. Map position: 42°35' 80°25'. References: 5A, 6V, 3B, U, V, and 6T.

**LONG SAULT**, Cornwall Township, Stormont County. This place is a new community created as a result of the St. Lawrence Seaway construction. The businesses, houses, inhabitants of Moulinett and Mille Roches were transported to this place and it was called the New Town #2 on the Seaway Plan and given the name Long Sault. It is located 10 miles northwest of Cornwall, a short distance inland to higher ground from the previous Town of Moulinett. All buildings were moved to the new site before the flooding of the St. Lawrence Seaway took place. Post office established as **LONG SAULT** on January 19th, 1958. First Postmistress Mrs. L. Shaver. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **LONG SAULT**. Population 897 in 1961 and 1,096 in 1976. Map position: 45°02' 74°53'. References: B, 2Y, 3B, 5A, V, 5L and 6T.

**LONG'S MILLS**, settlement, Woodhouse Township, Norfolk County, later part of the City of Nanticoke, in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 9 miles southwest of Simcoe and 2.5 miles from Jarvis Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established 1880 and named **VARENCY**. First Postmaster Jacob Jensen. Office closed June 23rd, 1914. Present approved name is **VARENCY**. Population 25 in 1893 and 48 in 1966. Map position: 42°51' 80°07'. References: B, I, T, S, U10, 5A, 6T, PP, 5V, V and 9J.

**LONGTINVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Cambridge Township, Russell County. Located 50 miles southwest of L'Orignal and 4 miles north of South Indian Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **LONGTINVILLE** in 1884. First Postmaster L. Mahen. Office closed April 9th, 1917. Present approved name is **LONGTINVILLE**. Population 50 in 1893, 45 in 1913 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°16' 75°11'. References: I, S, DD, 5P, U10, V, 5L and 6T.

**LONG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°14' 82°46'. Reference: V.

**LONGUELAC**, hamlet, Oakes Township, Thunder Bay District. This is the same place as **LONG LAKE**. Located 32 kilometres east of Geraldton, 50 miles from Jellicoe, and 100 miles from Hornepayne. This place started as a fur trading post in the 1870s, and settled when the CNR built. Mr. Ruel and Mr. A.J. Hills submitted this name

to the Canadian Northern Railway, by which they were both employed, for the station name. The Hudson Bay trading post that started this place is long non-operative. Located on #11 Highway on CNR, the station name being Longuelac Station, at the north end of Long Lake, 185 miles northeast of Port Arthur. The post office was established November 1st, 1917, and named LONGLAC. First Postmaster J. E. Mathe. The post office still in operation in 1984. Recent designation a concentrated rural community. Present approved name is LONGLAC. Population 340 in 1941 and 1,315 in 1972. Map position: 49°47' 86°32'. References: SS, U, 2U, 2Y, 3B, 5k, 6T, 8L, V and 5L.

LONGUEUIL TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Prescott County. Formerly in Prescott and Russell County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C.81. This place was named for Baron de Longueuil, who was granted this Township and surrounding lands by the French in the 1750s. In 1798, his land was purchased by Nathan H. Treadwell, United Empire Loyalist, and settlement began. Population 1,395 in 1852 and 1,130 in 1980. Area 28,520 acres. Map position: 45°35' 74°45'.References: HH, 2W, M, 1X and V.

LONGUISSA, SEE: MUSKOKA MILLS, Muskoka District.

LONGVILLE, post office, Wallace Township, Perth County. Post office opened as LONGVILLE on November 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Alfred Long; the post office was named for the Postmaster. Office closed March 31st, 1855, as the office was no longer required. No further reference to this place. References: I, 3L, and 8Q.

LONGWOOD #1, SEE: EKFRID, Middlesex County.

LONGWOOD #2 (STATION 1885), SEE: MIDDLETON #4, Middlesex County.

LONSDALE #1, SEE: MURKINSONS MILLS, Hastings County.

LONSDALE #2, railway point, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Present approved name is LONSDALE. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 44°15' 77°10'. Reference: V.

LOON, concentrated rural community, located northeast of Thunder Bay, Thunder Bay District. The station is on CPR, main line, at an altitude of 1,049 feet above sea level, at mile 1936 and being located east of Pearl Station. This place is located 27 miles from Port Arthur. Post office established as LOON on July 1st, 1914. First Postmaster Colestine McCarrville. Office closed September 15th, 1951. This post office was served by Catch Post Mail and Railroad Post Office Exchange, which meant that if they had any mail they put the flag out and the train caught the ring and took the mail en route. Present approved name is LOON. Population 30 in 1976. Map position: 48°38' 88°46'. References: L1, LL, 6T, V, 5L and 8K.

LOON LAKE #1, post office, Chandos Township, Peterborough County. Located 27 miles from Coe Hill, a station on Central Ontario Railway. Post office established as LOON LAKE on April 1st, 1900. First Postmaster Charles S. Prouty. Office closed by 1914. No recent references to this office. References: S, PP, 7M, and 9F.

LOON LAKE #2, station, McTavish Township, later Shuniah Township, Thunder Bay District. LOON LAKE STATION on CPR, 20 miles southeast of Port Arthur and located north of Mackenzie Station on the track. Population 37 in 1951 and 30 in 1976. Map position: 48°38' 88°46'. References: AA, 3B, 5E, 8G, and 9J.

LOOP LINE TRANSFER STATION, station, Dereham Township, Oxford County. Located on Port Burwell Division of CPR. Station number 1811, between the stations of Eden and Tillsonburg, in 1911. References: 10B.

LORAINE, SEE: LORRAINE #2, Welland County.

LORD MILLS, dispersed rural community, Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 6 km southwest of Sugar Bush Estates, 8 km north of Maitland and 9 km east of Prescott. Post office named LORD MILLS established June 15th, 1906. First Postmaster J. Weir. Office closed April 25, 1914. Present approved name is LORDS MILLS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°43' 75°38'. References: B, 6T, V, 5L and 7T.

LOREE, dispersed rural community, Collingwood, Grey County. Located 33 miles southeast of Owen Sound, 6 miles from Thornbury, and 8 miles east of Meaford. Post office established as LOREE in 1884. First Postmaster John N. Smith. Office closed April 15th, 1946. Present approved name is LOREE. Population 40 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°30' 80°24'. References: I, AA, PP, V, 5P, 5L and 6T.

LORENVILLE, SEE: MIDLAND JUNCTION #1, Victoria County.

LORENZ, settlement, South Monaghan Township, Northumberland County now in Peterborough County. Located 7 miles southwest of Peterborough, on the Otonabee River and 5 miles from Fraserville. Post office named LORENZ for Doctor Lorenz of Austria, a noted specialist. Office established October 17th, 1904. First Postmaster Jacob F. Andress. Office closed October 1st, 1912. Present approved name is LORENZ. Population under 25. Map position: 44°10' 78°19'. References: B, PP, S, 6T, V, 7J, and 7D.

LORETTO, dispersed rural community, Adjala Township, Simcoe County. Located 25 miles southwest of Barrie the County Seat, 6 miles northwest of Tottenham and 2 miles from Keenansville. Post office established as LORETTO in 1864. First Postmaster P. D. Kelly. Office still in operation in 1983. Place named by first postmaster for a shrine in Italy. Present approved name is LORETTO. Population 50 in 1886 and 70 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 79°51'. References: B, T, S, JJ, 3B, V, 5L and 4B.

L'ORIGNAL, SEE: ORIGNAL, Prescott County.

L'ORIGNAL SPUR, located near Hawkesbury in Prescott County, dated 1980. Reference: U.

LORIMER, hamlet, Parry Sound District. Post office at nearby Lorimer Lake. It has a port at Parry Sound Harbour on Georgian Bay. Nearest railway at Seguin Falls on the Ottawa division of Grand Trunk Railway and at Burk's Falls on the North Bay division of Grand Trunk Railway. No recent references to this hamlet. Population 50 in 1908. References: PP.

LORIMER LAKE, dispersed rural community, Hagerman Township, Parry Sound District. Located 10 miles north of Parry Sound. The place is named for the nearby lake, for a member of the surveying party, who became the first settler. His name was John Lorimer. Post office established as LORIMER LAKE in 1884. First Postmaster Francis B. Ferris. Office closed December 31st, 1927. Present approved name is LORIMER LAKE. Population 50 in 1892 and 72 in 1971. Map position: 45°33' 79°59'. References: I, S, AA, 3B, V, 5T, 6T,5L and 7D.

LORING, post office, Hardy Township, Parry Sound District. Located 60 miles north of Parry Sound, 27 miles south of North Bay, and 35 miles west of Trout Creek Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LORING in 1884. It was petitioned for by Colonel W.E. O'Brian, MP for the District of Parry Sound, who named the office for his wife's maiden name. First Postmaster A. W. Sinclair. Office still in operation in 1983. Religious parish name for this place ST MARY'S. Present approved name is LORING. Population 200 in 1908 and 183 in 1976. Map position: 45°56' 80°00'. References: B, R2, I, S, PP, 3B, SS, 5P, 5L and 7D.

LORING MILLS, McConkey, Hardy and Mills Townships. Parry Sound District. Population 216 in 1956 and 109 in 1966. References: 5A and 5E.

LORNE #1, dispersed rural community, Kincardine Township, Bruce County. Located 35 miles northwest of Walkerton and 5 miles from Kincardine and on the Lorne River, for which the post office is named. Post office established as LORNE in 1871. First Postmaster James Jack. Office closed December 17th, 1928. Present approved name is LORNE. Population 25 in 1885, 50 in 1895 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 81°36'. References: I, S, Z, 3R, V, 5B, 5L and 6T.

LORNE #2, SEE: BISMARCK #1, Elgin County.

LORNE #3, dispersed rural community, Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located 2 km northeast of Lochiel, 7 km southwest of Dalkeith and 11 km southeast of McCrimmon. Present approved name is LORNE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°23' 74°36'. Reference: V and 5L.

**LORNE #4**, dispersed rural community, Baldwin Township, Sudbury District. Located 5 km east of McKerrow, 8 km northwest of Espanola and 10 km southwest of Nairn. Present approved name is **LORNE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°18' 81°42'. Reference: V and 5L.

**LORNE BEACH**, Kincardine Township, Bruce County. Located 3 km east of Slade, 7 km northwest of Kincardine and 7 km southwest of Tiverton. Present approved name is **LORNE BEACH**. Population 86 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 81°36'. References: 3B, 5L and 9J.

**LORNE MILLS**, Eramosa Township, Wellington County (1906). Reference: 2H.

**LORNE PARK**, urban community, Toronto Township, Peel County, later Part of City of Mississauga in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 14 miles west of Toronto. Post office established as **LORNE PARK** in 1893. First Postmaster George D. Perry. Office closed several times. On December 4th, 1961 the status was changed to a sub-post office of Port Credit. This place was named for the Marquis of Lorne, and in its beginning was a summer resort. Located on Lorne Park Road north of Highway 2 (Lakeshore Road) and the CNR Tracks. Present approved name is **LORNE PARK**. Population 540 in 1980. Map position: 43°32' 79°37'. References: B, I, AA, Z, 3G, V, 7V, and 6T.

**LORNE PARK ESTATES**, established in 1879, with a steamer service twice daily from Toronto. It later became a summer home area, then permanent homes were built in 1930. This place is in Peel County, just south of Lorne Park. Reference: 3C.

**LORNE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°20' 81°30'. Reference: V.

**LORNEVILLE**, SEE: **MIDLAND JUNCTION #1**, Victoria County.

**LORNEVILLE JUNCTION**, SEE: **MIDLAND JUNCTION #1**, Victoria County.

**LORRAIN #1**, SEE: **SOUTH GILLIES STATION**, Thunder Bay District.

**LORRAIN #2**, dispersed rural community, Coleman Township, Timiskiming District. Located 7 km southwest of Cobalt, 18 km west of Paradis Bay and 19 km southeast of New Liskeard. **LORRAIN STATION** on CNR, between the stations of Cassie and Latchford. Present approved name is **LORRAIN**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°22' 79°46'. Reference: V and 5L.

**LORRAINE #1**, settlement, Mono Township, Peel later Simcoe, now Dufferin County. At times, shown in Cardwell Electoral District. Located 11 miles southwest of Alliston Station on the North and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway, and 15 miles northeast of Orangeville the County Seat. Post office established as **LORRAINE** on June 1st, 1854. First Postmaster James Morrison. Office closed July 1st, 1899. Population 25 in 1885 and 50 in 1892. No recent reference to this place. References: I, A, T, AA, Z, PP, 3R, 3L, 7H, and 8Q.

**LORRAINE #2**, dispersed rural community, Humberstone Township, Welland County, later Part of City of Port Colborne in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. **LORRAINE STATION** on the Buffalo and Goderich branch of Grand Trunk Railway, located 18 miles from Black Rock. Population 126 in 1951 and 51 in 1956. Alternate spelling for this place, **LORAINE**. Most recent name, **LORRAINE WEST**. Map position: 42°52' 79°13'.
References: PP, 3B, 5E, 9J, and B.

**LORRAINE WEST**, SEE: **LORRAINE #2**, Welland County.

**LORRAIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°18' 79°34'. Reference: V.

**LORRAIN VALLEY #1**, SEE: **BIGELOW**, Timiskaming District.

**LORRAIN VALLEY #2**, hamlet, Lorrain Township, Timiskaming District. Located on Highway #567, 4 km south of

Bigelow and 19 km southeast of Cobalt. Post office established as **BIGELOW** on December 3rd, 1917. First Postmistress Miss Susie Bigelow. Office moved to Lorrain Valley on September 1st, 1923. Office closed October 31st, 1944. Present approved name is **LORRAIN VALLEY**. Population 14 in 1941, 86 in 1966 and not shown for 1976. Map position: 47°16' 79°30'. References: 22-6, 5A, V, 5L and 6T.

**LOSKY**, dispersed rural community, King Township, York County, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 2.5 miles from King, 27 miles northwest of Toronto, and on the Sixth Concession south of the King Side Road. Post office established as **LOSKY** on March 1, 1854. First Postmaster James Bowman. In 1859, the spelling of the post office name was changed to **LASKY**. The post office name was again changed in 1861 to **LASKAY**. Office closed March 31, 1926. The name of this place has an interesting history in that it was named for a grist mill which in turn was named for the hometown of the wife of the owner of the grist mill, Mrs. Elizabeth Baldwin of Yorkshire, England. The mill was named by Mrs. Baldwin and christened by Joel Kinnie on the night of the raising when he took a bottle of wine and walked up a single rafter to the peak of the roof a distance of over 50 feet and broke the bottle over the peak. Afterwards the post office was started here and was named after the mill. This was in the year 1849. A local name in use at this place in the 1850s was **BULLTOWN**, Present approved name is **LASKAY**. Population 150 in 1886 and 89 in 1976. Map position: 43°55' 79°35'. References: I, 3Z, 3K, 8Q, A, T, S, 3B, 3G, V, 6T, 5P, 5L and 7D.

**LOST BAY**, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 2 kilometres from Uchi Lake (1980). Reference: U.

**LOST CHANNEL #1**, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located on the Moira River, 22 miles north of Belleville and 5 miles from Tweed Station on CPR. Post office established as **LOST CHANNEL** in 1889. First Postmaster Arza Flake. Office closed December 1, 1899. Present approved name is **LOST CHANNEL**. Population 100 in 1892 and 25 in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 77°19'. References: B, I, A, 3B, V, 7H, 5L and 5T.

**LOST CHANNEL #2**, dispersed rural community, Blair Township, Parry Sound District. Located 19 km west of Ludgate, 20 km northwest of South Magnetawan, 24 km southeast of Bon Air and 23 km northeast of Britt. Present approved name is **LOST CHANNEL**. Map position: 45°53' 80°19'. References: B, U, 5L and V.

**LOST NATION**, dispersed rural community, Brudenell Township, Renfrew County. Located 8 km south of Brudenell, 8 km north of Quadeville and 16 km east of Combermere. Present approved name is **LOST NATION**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°23' 77°24'. Reference: V and 5L.

**LOT 18**, Nichol Township, Wellington County. Population 228 in 1961, 341 in 1971; after 1976, population included in Salem. References: 3B and 5A.

**LOTHIAN #1**, SEE: **MERTON**, Halton County.

**LOTHIAN #2**, dispersed rural community, Ashfield Township, Huron County. Located 5 miles from Lucknow Station on the Palmerston and Kincardine Branch of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office establishedas **LOTHIAN** on July 1, 1904. First Postmaster Kenneth McKenzie. Office closed April 1, 1915. Present approved name is **LOTHIAN**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°59' 81°38'. References: S, PP, V, 7J, 5L and 6T.

**LOTUS**, SEE: **SCOTT'S MILLS #2**, Durham County.

**LOUDON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°14' 80°16'. Reference: V.

**LOUGHBORO'**, SEE: **LOUGHBOROUGH**, Frontenac County.

**LOUGHBOROUGH**, Midland District, Upper Canada, later Loughborough Township, Frontenac County. Located 16 miles from Kingston, 3 miles east of Harrowsmith Station on Kingston and Pembroke Railway, and on the Mill Creek. The first Postmark for this place read **EAST LOBOROUGH, UPPER CANADA**. Post office established as **LOUGHBOROUGH** on July 6, 1836. First Postmaster Hugh Madden. Office name changed to **SYDENHAM** in 1883. Office still in

operation in 1983. This place was first settled in the 1790s and first recorded in 1819. Land patents were granted 1833 to 1839. The Village had been laid out in 1820 by George Rutledge. By 1836, all the saw mills were owned by George W. Yarker. In 1883, the place name was changed to **SYDENHAM**, for Lord Sydenham, Governor in Chief of Canada. By 1926, CNR was serving the railroad station at this place. Present approved name is **SYDENHAM**. Population 600 in 1893 and 528 in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 76°36'. References: I, G, A, 3S, 7B, 5P, MM, 3B, U10, 6E, 5L and V.

**LOUGHBOROUGH TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Midland District, Canada West, later Frontenac County. Area 52 000 acres. Incorporated as Township January 1, 1850. Quieting Order N9365-65, dated July 4, 1966. Population 2,003 in 1852 and 3,244 in 1980. Map position: 44°26' 76°32'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, YY, and 9J.

**LOUGHBREEZE**, dispersed rural community, Cramahe Township, Northumberland County. Located 3 km east of Lakeport, 4 km southeast of Colborne and 13 km southwest of Brighton. Present approved name is **LOUGHBREEZE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°59' 77°52'. References: V, 5L and B.

**LOUGHEED TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°31' 82°44'. Reference: V.

**LOUGHRIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°25' 80°29'. Reference: V.

**LOUISBURG**, sometimes spelled **LOUISBOURG**, in an unorganized territory, Cochrane District. Population 157 in 1961 and 250 in 1971; after 1976, population included with Hearst. References: 3B and 5A.

**LOUISE**, dispersed rural community, Bentinck Township, Grey County. Located 26 miles southwest of Owen Sound and 5 miles northeast of Elmwood. Post office established as **LOUISE** on November 1st, 1881. First Postmaster Stewart B. Wilson. Office closed January 31, 1925. This place name misspelled several times as **LOUISA** and as **LOUSIE**. Present approved name is **LOUISE**. Population 100 in 1895, 30 in 1926 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 80°59'. References: S, AA, MM, V, 6T, 5L and 5O.

**LOUISE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°20' 81°22'. Reference: V.

**LOUISVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Chatham Township, Kent County. Located 6 miles northeast of Chatham and 1/2 mile from Arkwood Station on CPR. Post office established in 1842, and on one postal list, it is found that the post office at Whitehall was moved 3 miles further west and named **LOUISVILLE** on July 6, 1843; on that same date, John Crow became the first Postmaster of Louiseville, replacing John White (at Whitehall). Office closed August 1st, 1950. Present approved name is **LOUISEVILLE**. Population 200 in 1857 and 71 in 1976. Map position: 42°28' 82°07'. References: 8P, I, G, S, EE, 3B, V, 5L and 6T.

**LOUNSBURY**, dispersed rural community, Widdifield Township, Nipissing District. Population 73 in 1956. Map position: 46°20' 79°22'. References: 5E and V.

**LOUNT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°50' 79°39'. Reference: V.

**LOURDES**, hamlet, Gloucester Township, Russell County. Located 12 miles south of Ottawa and 3 miles north of Manotick Station on CPR. Post office established as **LOURDES** in 1875. First Postmaster Evariste Dorion. Post office closed in 1880. No recent reference to this place. References: I, T, AA, and 5V.

**LOUTH TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Lincoln County, formerly in Niagara District, Canada West. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C.81. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1968-69, C.105. Part annexed to Town of Lincoln and Part to Town of St. Catharines, effective January 1st, 1970. First settled in 1755. Population 700 in 1817 and 1,818 in 1852. Area 19 084 acres. Map position: 43°09' 79°20'.

**LOVAT**, dispersed rural community, Greenock Township, Bruce County. Located 16 miles northwest of Walkerton and 5 miles southwest of Paisley. Post office established as **LOVAT** in 1864. First Postmaster Thomas Allen. Office closed July 19th, 1913. Present approved name is **LOVAT**. Population 20 in 1893, 60 in 1926 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 81°20'. References: I, S, V, MM, U10, 4F, 5L and 6T.

LOVEKIN, railway point, Clarke Township, Durham County, later Part of Town of Newcastle in the Regional Municipality of Durham. This place name sometimes misspelled as LOVEKINS. Present approved name isLOVEKIN. Map position: 43°54' 78°33'. References: V and 1P.

LOVELAND TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°40' 81°40'. Reference: V.

LOVERING, dispersed rural community, Matchedash Township, Simcoe County. Located 30 miles northwest of Barrie and 7 miles from Coldwater. Post office established as LOVERING in 1877. First Postmaster W.D. Lovering. Office closed May 20th, 1922. Present approved name is LOVERING. Population 10 in 1893, 89 in 1966 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 79°36'. References: I, S, U10, 5A, V, 5V, 5L and 6T.

LOVERING STATION. Matchedash Township, Simcoe County (1974). Reference: B.

LOVE'S CORNER, concentrated rural community, King Township, York County, later Part of Town of Richmond Hill and within Regional Municipality of York. Located 22 miles north of Toronto and 3 miles northeast of King Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened in 1871 and named TEMPERANCEVILLE. Office established October 1st, 1871. First Postmaster William Bruce. Office closed April 11th, 1931. Present approved name is TEMPERANCEVILLE. Population 70 in 1892 and 191 in 1966. Map position: 43°56' 79°28'. References: 3G, I, S, AA, 5A, 5X, 6T, 5L and V.

LOVETT, dispersed rural community, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Located 22 miles east of Cobourg and 4.5 miles from Brighton Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LOVETT in 1885. First Postmaster Cecil A. Harries. Office closed January 1, 1914. Present approved name is LOVETT. Population 60 in 1895 and 64 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 77°40'. References: I, S, Z, 3B, 6T, V, 5L and 5T.

LOWBANKS, dispersed rural community, Moulton Township, Haldimand County. Located 25 miles east of Cayuga and 13 kilometres from Dunnville. Post office established as LOWBANKS on August 1st, 1865. First Postmaster Hy (short form of Henry) Overholt. Post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is LOWBANKS. Population 140 in 1885 and 33 in 1972. After 1976, population included in Town of Dunnville. Map position: 42°52' 79°27'. References: I, S, U, 3B, 3R, 3P, O, V, 5T, F and 9F.

LOWBUSH, SEE: KIRKE, Cochrane District.

LOW BUSH RIVER, SEE: KIRKE, Cochrane District.

LOWER AUGHRIM, SEE: AUGHRIM, Lambton County.

LOWER CENTRE TOWN, Carleton County, Part of Lower Town in Ottawa (1879). Reference: UU.

LOWER DACRE, dispersed rural community, Brougham Township, Renfrew County. Located 2 km west of Dacre, 14 km north of Black Donald, 16 km south of Douglas and 23 km southwest of Renfrew. Present approved name is LOWER DACRE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°22' 76°57'. Reference: V and 5L.

LOWER HOLLEFORD, dispersed rural community, Portland and Loughborough Townships, Frontenac County. Located 2 km north (yes, north,) of Holleford, 4 km northeast of Hartington and 6 km southwest of Verona. Present approved name is LOWER HOLLEFORD. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 76°37'. Reference: V and 5L.

LOWER KING'S FOREST, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is LOWER KING'S FOREST. Map position: 43°13' 79°48'. Reference: V.

LOWER LANDING #1, Amherst Island, Addington County (1875). Reference: A.

LOWER LANDING #2, also known as EAST LANDING, on the River Niagara. Located opposite to Queenstown, on the Niagara Fort Side (1799). Reference: 7W.

LOWER LANDING #3, SEE: FORT GWILLIMBURY, York County.

LOWER LANGSIDE, hamlet, Kinloss Township, Bruce County. Located 2 km northeast of Langside, 7 km north of Whitechurch, 11 km west of Teeswater and 13 km south of Kinloss. Present approved name is LOWER LANGSIDE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°59' 81°25'. References: 5L.

LOWER LOWVILLE, SEE: LOWVILLE, Halton County.

LOWER PALESTINE, SEE: PALESTINE #2, Victoria County.

LOWER RESERVE, SEE: MOORE RESERVE, Lambton County.

LOWER SELMA, SEE: POINT au BARIL, Grenville County.

LOWER STAFFORD, dispersed rural community, Stafford Township, for which it is named, Renfrew County. Located 8 km west of Slabtown, 9 km southeast of French Settlement and 12 km northwest of Cobden. Present approved name is LOWER STAFFORD. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°42' 77°01'. Reference: V and 5L.

LOWER THIRTY, meeting ground, Clinton Township, Lincoln County, now Town of Lincoln in Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located at the junction of Ridge Road and Thirty Mile Road. This was a well known Methodist Meeting place, on the escarpment, near Grimsby, from 1802 to 1816. References: 3D

LOWER TOWN #1, SEE: CAMPBELLTOWN #2, Renfrew County.

LOWER TOWN #2, SEE: RICHMOND LANDING, Carleton County.

LOWER TOWN #3, modern suburb of Pembroke in Pembroke Township, Renfrew County. Population 145 in 1951 and 74 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

LOWER WINGHAM #1, concentrated rural community, Turnberry Township, Huron County. This place is a modern suburb. Located 2 km northwest of Wingham, 3 km north of Hutton Heights Subdivision, 7 km southwest of Whitechurch and 8 km southwest of Glenannan. Present approved name is LOWER WINGHAM. Population 294 in 1961 d 245 in 1971. Map position: 43°54' 81°20'. References: 3B, 5A, 5L and V+.

LOWER WINGHAM #2, Town, Turnberry Township, Huron County. Located 124 miles west of Toronto, on the Maitland River, and on Grand Trunk Railway and CPR. Post office established January 1, 1862 and named WINGHAM, by Charles Widder, for the English parish of the same name. First Postmaster E. Foley. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler Edward Farley, an Irish immigrant in 1858, who called the place Lower Wingham. Incorporated as a Village, December 25, 1873, and proclaimed a Town, January 6th, 1879. In the early 1870s, Lower Wingham became the real Town and the other part of the Town named Wingham declined. Present approved name is WINGHAM. Population 2,500 in 1886 and 2,842 in 1979. Map position: 43°53' 81°19'. References: M, I, N, T, S, 7D, 2T, 2Y, 3N, 5K, 1G, 9J, 5L and 7V.

LOWLANDS, dispersed rural community in Brooke Township, Lambton County. Settled in 1850. This place is located 26 miles east of Sarnia and 6 miles southeast of Wanstead Station on Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LOWLANDS on June 1, 1881. First Postmaster Joseph McClure. Post office name changed to SUTORVILLE, October 1, 1901. The post office closed May 1, 1914, The station name was SUTORVILLE, which the railroad closed down in 1933. Present approved name is SUTORVILLE. Population 75 families in 1879 and 200 persons in 1926. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°54' 81°58'. References: I, AA, 2Z, 7N, 5L, 5V, E, SS, 6T, PP, and V.

LOWTHER #1, concentrated rural community, McCrea Township, Cochrane District. Located is 11 miles from Mattice and 8 miles from Opasatika. This place has a station on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Main Line at an altitude of 823 feet above sea level. Post office established as LOWTHER on September 16, 1926. First

Postmaster J.D. Deschambault. Mail is delivered from the railway station 3 times weekly, both ways. Post office closed by 1972. Present approved name is **LOWTHER**. Population 58 in 1941 and 18 in 1980. Map position: 49°34' 83°01'. References: U, L2, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 7F.

**LOWTHER #2,** SEE: **KALMAR**, Rainy River District.

**LOWTHER CFS/SFC**, military reserve, McCrea Township, Cochrane District. Near CNR, between the stations of Lowther and Opasatika, 25 km Northwest of Kapuskasing and 20 km southeast of Mattice. Population 171 in 1976. Map position: 49°34' 83°00'. References: 5L.

**LOWTHER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°30' 83°46'. Reference: V.

**LOW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°55' 85°38'. Reference: V.

**LOWVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Nelson Township, Halton County, later Part of **CITY OF BURLINGTON**, within the Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 7 miles north of Nelson and on 12 mile Creek, 7 miles south of Milton, and 16 miles from Hamilton. Post office established as **LOWVILLE** on October 6, 1847. First Postmaster T. Baxter. Office closed March 1, 1915. In 1869, this place was divided into Upper and Lower Town, so that it was called **UPPER LOWVILLE** and **LOWER LOWVILLE** on either side of the 12 mile Creek. Present approved name is **LOWVILLE**. Population 150 in 1857 and 87 in 1956. Map position: 43°26' 79°54'. References: B, I, A, C, AA, EE, 5E, 1B, V, 6T, 8I, and 8P.

**LOYAL**, dispersed rural community, Colborne Township, Huron County. Located 6 miles from Goderich, 1.5 miles from Dunlop, and 2 miles from Carlow. Post office established as **LOYAL** on April 1, 1900. First Postmaster G.F. McPhee. Office closed December 1, 1915. Present approved name is **LOYAL**. Population 16 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°47' 81°40'. References: DD, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 7M.

**LOYALIST PARK**, concentrated rural community, Part of the City of Brockville in the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville. Present approved name is **LOYALIST PARK**. Map position: 44°37' 75°43'. Reference: V+.

**LUCAN,** SEE: **MARYSTOWN**, Middlesex County.

**LUCAN CROSSING**, railway point, McGillivray Township, Middlesex County. A station on Grand Trunk Railway at the crossing of the main and London, Huron, and Bruce Line of GTR. The nearest post office is Maple Lodge. Present approved name is **LUCAN CROSSING**. Map position: 43°10' 81°26'. References: S and V.

**LUCAS,** SEE: **BEEHIVE HOTEL**, Lambton County.

**LUCAS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°50' 81°16'. Reference: V.

**LUCASVILLE,** SEE: **BEEHIVE HOTEL**, Lambton County.

**LUCILLE**, dispersed rural community, Mono Township, Dufferin County. Located 10 miles northeast of Orangeville and 10 miles northwest of Palgrave Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **LUCILLE** on August 1st, 1893. First Postmaster A. C. Watt. Office closed May 1, 1914. The first name requested for the post office was **GOULBURN**; this name was refused by the post office department. Present approved name is **LUCILLE**. Population 50 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°59' 79°59'. References: S, Z, 6T, PP, V, 9F, 5L and 7D.

**LUCKNOW**, Village, Kinloss Township, Bruce County. Located 26 miles southwest of Walkerton, 16 miles southeast of Kincardine, and 23 miles from Goderich. Post office established in 1860, named **LUCKNOW** for the bloody mutiny in India. First Postmaster M. Campbell. Post office still operating in 1983. This place Incorporated as a Village on December 20th, 1873. It is on Highway #86 and has a CNR station bearing the same name. Founded by James Sommerville after he bought the land from the first settler, Eli Stauffer. Present approved name is **LUCKNOW**. Population 1,500 in 1886 and 1,127 in 1976. Map position: 43°57' 81°31'. References: U, I,

M, T, S, PP, 2Y, 3Y, 7B, 4B, TT, V, 7F, 5L and 7D.

**LUDGATE**, dispersed rural community, Mowat Township, Parry Sound District. Located 8 kilometres from Mowat, 3 miles from Pakesley. Post office established as **LUDGATE** on September 1, 1927. First Postmaster C.M. Wait. Office closed February 27th, 1954. Mail was delivered 3 times weekly from the railway. Present approved name is **LUDGATE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°53' 80°32'. References: U, V, 5L and 6T.

**LUECK MILL**, dispersed rural community, Sullivan Township, Grey County. This place settled in the late 1800s. First settler J.V. Lueck, owner of the chopping mill site, known as Lueck Mills, 50 to 60 years ago, in 1911. In 1971, son of the pioneer Lueck, Mr. J.C. Lueck was still operating and owned the Lueck Mill. Present approved name is **LUECK MILL**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 80°54'. References: D, 5L and V.

**LUKERVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Sandwich West Township, Essex County. Located 6 miles from Amherstburg, 2.75 miles from Canard River, and 3 miles from Paquette Station. Post office opened and named **LUKERVILLE** on July 15th, 1909. First Postmaster Mr. Luke Pare, for whom this place is named. Office closed December 1, 1915. Present approved name is **LUKERVILLE**. Population 25 in 1913 and 94 in 1971. Map position: 42°11' 83°01'. References: U, DD, MM, 3B, 6T, 5L and V.

**LUKES IDE**, map position which shows as a place name on a map in the year 1897. There is no other reference to the place. Reference: J.

**LUMBER SPUR STATION**, station, Thompson Township, Algoma District. Located on Algoma Division of CPR. Station number 4358, between the stations of Dean Lake and Dayton, in 1911. References: 10B.

**LUMINA**, concentrated rural community, Franklin Township, Muskoka District, recently shown within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 17 km from Huntsville, 1 km south of Bondi Village and 4 km north of Port Cunnington. Present approved name is **LUMINA**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°17' 79°01'. References: U, 5L, 10E and V.

**LUMLEY**, dispersed rural community, Usborne Township, Huron County. Located 30 miles southeast of Goderich, 13 miles from Seaforth and 5 miles northeast of Exeter. Post office established as **LUMLEY** in 1865. First Postmaster William Dinnin. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Although decreed a locality by Canadian Geographical Names Board on November 18th, 1950, the present approved name is **LUMLEY**. Population 200 in 1875, 60 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°23' 81°25'. References: I, A, S, AA, 4F, 6T, 5L, 7D and V.

**LUMSDEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°41' 81°07'. Reference: V.

**LUNAR**, hamlet, Marne Township, Algoma District. Located near Achigan, which is 41 miles north of Sault Ste. Marie, and a station on Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. Date of reference 1980. Reference: U.

**LUNDY**, SEE: **BRIDGE END #1**, Kent County.

**LUNDY'S CORNERS #1**, settled by Francis and Joseph Lundy in 1859. Showed on the Tremain Map of Peel County. This 19th century settlement was completely gone from the map by 1930. Reference: 3C.

**LUNDYS CORNERS #2**, dispersed rural community, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located 1 km southwest of Glasgow Station, 3 km northeast of Stewartville, 13 km west of Arnprior and 15km southeast of Renfrew. Present approved name is **LUNDYS CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 76°31'. Reference: V and 5L.

**LUNDY'S LANE**, urban community, Niagara District, Canada West. Presently is Part of City of Niagara Falls, in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. First settler William Lundy in 1802. In 1812, this was the site of an engagement in the 1812-1814 war on July 26, 1814 between the British and American troops. The British claim to victory is generally conceded. Post office, which is a sub-post office of the Niagara Falls post office at

2303 Lundy's Lane, established July 19, 1937. First Postmistress Lillian McNally. Present approved name is **LUNDY'S LANE**. No populations shown. Map position: 43°06' 79°06'. References: 6T, V, C, PP, and 2U.

**LUNDY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°33' 79°57'. Reference: V.

LUNENBURG, concentrated rural community, Osnabruck Township, Stormont County. Located 15 miles northwest of Cornwall and 3.5 miles north of Wales Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **LUNENBURG** on September 1, 1858. First Postmaster W. Johnstone. Office still open in 1983. Present approved name is **LUNENBURG**. Population 300 in 1893 and 115 in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 74°57'. References: B, I, S, 3B, U10, 3W, V, 5L and 9F.

LUNENBURGH DISTRICT; this district is now called the Eastern District, by Act of Provincial Legislation in the first session which took place in the year 1799. Reference: 7W.

LUNENBURGH DISTRICT, SEE: **ONTARIO (PROVINCE)**.

LUNGE LODGE, post office, Bertram Township, Nipissing District. Located 36 miles southwest of North Bay and 40 miles east of Callander. Post office established as **LUNGE LODGE** on July 1, 1935. First Postmaster W.J. King. This post office is still in operation in 1974. Daily mail is delivered by steamer. Present approved name is **LUNGE LODGE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°10' 80°01'. References: V, 5L and 6T.

LUNKIE TOWNSHIP, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 23, Range 12, Algoma District**.

LURGAN, concentrated rural community, Huron Township, Bruce County. Located 28 miles west of Walkerton and 10 miles south of Kincardine. Post office established in 1860 and named **LURGAN**. First Postmaster J. W. Gamble. Office closed September 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **LURGAN BEACH**. Population 50 in 1857, 60 in 1908 and 19 in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 81°44'. References: B, I, S, EE, PP, 3Y, V, 5L and 6T.

LURGAN BEACH, SEE: **LURGAN, Bruce County**.

LUTEN, SEE: **CENTREVILLE #10, Elgin County**.

LUTESVILLE, station, Townsend Township, Norfolk County, later within the City of Nanticoke in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Present approved name is **LUTESVILLE**. Map position: 42°59' 80°18'. References: B and V.

LUTHER, Village, East Luther Township, Dufferin County. Located 17 miles from Fergus and 29 miles from Guelph. Post office established (in Wellington County) November 1st, 1860 and named LUTHER. First Postmaster S. Stuckey. Post office name changed to **GRAND VALLEY** in 1885. Office still in operation in 1976. Grand Valley was Incorporated as a Village December 20th, 1897. The place took the name of Grand Valley from the post office which was named for the nearby Grand River. A local name for this place was **LITTLE TORONTO**. Present approved name is **GRAND VALLEY**. Population 250 in 1886 and 1,096 in 1976. Map position: 43°54' 80°19'. References: I, T, W, 3N, M, U, HH, 2T, 2Y, G, V, 5L and 7D.

LUTHER TOWNSHIP, Incorporated as a Township January 1, 1860 in Wellington District, later Wellington County. Area 90 600 acres. Population 403 in 1852 and 1,772 in 1871. Mail for Luther Township in Simcoe County directed to be sent to the post office at Albian since Luther Township was not well settled, date of this notice from the General Post Office in Quebec is 1835. The Incorporation of this Township was Dissolved and the direction is to see **TOWNSHIP OF WEST LUTHER** and **TOWNSHIP OF EAST LUTHER**. References: C, 2W, W, 3H, M, and 2G.

LUTHERVILLE, dispersed rural community, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Located 12 miles north of Brockville and 1.5 miles from Bellamy's Station on CPR. Post office established on July 1st, 1882 and named LUTHERVILLE. First Postmaster Luther Marshall, for whom the place is named, as is the post office. On March 1st, 1892, the name of the post office was changed to **BELLAMY'S**. That office closed September 2, 1969. The

place assumed the post office name of Bellamy's. Present approved name is **BELLAMYS**. Population 50 in 1892 and 16 in 1976. Map position: 44°42' 75°48'. References: I, D, AA, Z, V, James Brennan, and 5L.

**LUTON**, SEE: **CENTREVILLE #10**, Elgin County.

**LUTTERWORTH**, dispersed rural community, Lutterworth Township, Haliburton County. Located 23 kilometres from Kinmount, 4.5 miles from Minden, and 5.5 miles from Miner's Bay. Post office, which is a summer office, established as **LUTTERWORTH** on July 1st, 1948 on Lot 7, Concession 13. First Postmistress Mrs. Evelyn Austin. Lutterworth is still an operating post office in 1973. Present approved name is **LUTTERWORTH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°53' 78°45'. References: B, U, V, 6T, L and 9F.

**LUTTERWORTH TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Haliburton County. Incorporated January 1st, 1879. Quieting Order M7418, dated June 1st, 1959. Map position: 44°50' 78°47'. References: HH, M, and V.

**LUTTRELL**, post office, Maidstone Township, Essex County. Post office established as **LUTTRELL** in 1877. First Postmaster Hugh McFarlin. Office closed 1882. No further reference to this office. References: I, and 5V.

**LUX**, station, on Canadian Northern Railways in Algoma District at an altitude of 1,049 feet above sea level and located between Folyet and Long Lac Stations. Named by Superintendent A.J. Hills after a bar of soap made by Lever Brothers of Toronto. No recent reference to this station. References: 8L and L.

**LYBSTER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°16' 89°49'. Reference: V.

**LYELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°26' 78°58'. Reference: V.

**LYLETON**, SEE: **CENTREVILLE #10**, Elgin County.

**LYMAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°35' 79°41'. Reference: V.

**LYN**, SEE: **COLEMAN'S CORNERS**, Leeds County.

**LYNCH LAKE**, post office, Joly Township, Muskoka District. Located 50 miles northeast of Parry Sound and 5 miles from Sundridge Station on the North and Northwestern Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **LYNCH LAKE** in 1884. First Postmaster Archibald Menzies. Office closed October 23, 1897. Population 100 in 1892. No recent references to this place. References: I, AA, Z, PP, 3R, 7F, and 5P.

**LYNCH TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 10 C**, Sudbury District.

**LYNDALE**, hamlet, Yarmouth Township, Elgin County. Located 3 km south of St. Thomas, 9 km north of Port Stanley and 18 km west of Aylmer. Present name is not approved. Population 130 in 1961 and 122 in 1976. References: 3B, 5L and 5A.

**LYNDEN**, Police Village, Beverly Township, Wentworth County, later within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 15.5 miles west of Hamilton and on Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **LYNDEN** on February 6, 1851. First Postmaster John Howard. Post office still in operation in 1983. Lynden was Incorporated as a Police Village May 26, 1905 by Bylaw #514. Dissolved and becomes Part of the Townships of Flamborough and Ancaster within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth, effective January 1, 1974. Present approved name is **LYNDEN**. Population 500 in 1893 and 457 in 1976. Map position: 43°14' 80°09'. References: B, I, S, 3B, 3J, U10, V, 5T, 9F, 5L and 9L.

**LYNDHURST**, SEE: **FURNACE FALLS #1**, Leeds County.

**LYNEDOCH**, dispersed rural community, Charlotteville Township, Norfolk County, later within the Regional

Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 12 miles southwest of Simcoe and 4 miles south of Delhi and on Big Creek. Post office established as **LYNEDOCH** on April 6, 1852. First Postmaster C. McDiarmid. Office permanently closed December 28th, 1961. First mill built in 1812 by Phillip Wilson. Present approved name is **LYNEDOCH**. Population 200 in 1886 and 191 in 1980. Map position: 42°48' 80°30'. References: B, I, T, S, U, AA, V, 8Q, 5L and 6T.

**LYNDOCH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Part of Municipal Township union, (1984). On October 17th, 1878 a County of Renfrew By-law, #275, was passed to separate Radcliffe and Raglan Townships from Brudenell and Lyndoch Townships. SEE: BRUDENELL. Geographic township map position: 45°18' 77°20'. Reference: V, 9G and HH.

**LYNHURST**, Yarmouth Township, Elgin County. Located 3 km northeast of St. Thomas, 4 km southwest of Talbotville Royal, 6 km north of Norman and 15 km southeast of Belmont. Name is not approved. Population 146 in 1941 and 429 in 1976. Reference: 3B and 5L.

**LYN JUNCTION**, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Reference dates 1974. Reference: B.

**LYNN VALLEY**, dispersed rural community, Woodhouse Township, Norfolk County, later Part of the City of Nanticoke, within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 3 miles south of Simcoe and 6 kilometres from Port Dover. Railway station on Great Western Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway and most recently CNR. Post office established as **LYNN VALLEY** in 1876. First Postmaster J. Grey. Post office closed May 1st, 1914. The place was named by Solomon Austin, a United Empire Loyalist who settled in the year 1793 and named the river nearby River Lynn, from that he named the place Lynn Valley. Present approved name is **LYNN VALLEY**. Population 100 in 1893 and 87 in 1966. Map position: 42°28' 80°16'. References: B, I, T, S, U, U10, 5A, 1D, 6T, V, and 4Q.

**LYNNVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Windham Township, Norfolk County, later within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 6 miles northwest of Simcoe and 2 miles northeast of Gibson Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Also 6 miles from Windham. Post office established as **LYNNVILLE** on September 1, 1867. First Postmaster W.L. Crooker. Office closed July 1st, 1925. Lynnville was named by D.W. Freman from the nearby stream called River Lyn in 1867. Present approved name is **LYNNVILLE**. Population 90 in 1885 and 56 in 1976. Map position: 42°53' 80°22'. References: B, I, A, S, 3B, 3R, 3Q, V, 5L and 6T.

**LYN VIEW SURVEY**, Woodhouse Township, Norfolk County. Population 72 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**LYNWOOD**, Harwich Township, Kent County. Located 3 km west of Chatham, 4 km north of Wilsonwood and 13 km west of Mull. Name is not approved. Population 52 in 1961, 178 in 1971, and after 1976, population included in Chatham. References: 3B and 5A.

**LYNWOOD VILLAGE**, suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 2 km northwest of Arbeatha Park, 20 km southeast of Ottawa and 14 km southwest of Kanata. Present approved name is **LYNWOOD VILLAGE**. Map position: 45°20' 75°49'. Reference: V and 5L.

**LYNX**, SEE: **WATINI**, Cochrane District.

**LYONS**, dispersed rural community, South Dorchester Township, Elgin County. Located 17 miles northeast of St. Thomas, 2 miles north of Aylmer, and on Clear Creek. Post office established as **LYONS** on January 1st, 1854. First Postmaster James Dunn. Office closed January 1, 1915. Present approved name is **LYONS**. Population 80 in 1886 and 94 in 1976. Map position: 42°51' 80°59'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 8Q.

**LYON'S CORNERS**, hamlet, North Norwich Township, Oxford County. Located 2 miles west from Norwichville. Contains hotel, blacksmith shop and shoeshop. Year of this reference 1862. Reference: 10K.

**LYONS SUBDIVISION**, Korah Township, Algoma District. Population 55 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**LYONS SURVEY**, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Population 183 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**LYON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°52' 88°21'. Reference: V.

**LYTHEMORE**, SEE: **YORKMINES**, Norfolk County.

**LYTHMORE**, SEE: **YORKMINES**, Norfolk County.

**LYTHMORE STATION**, SEE: **YORKMINES**, Norfolk County.

**LYTLE'S CROSSING**, dispersed rural community, Manvers Township, Durham County. Located 37 miles southwest of Cobourg and 10 miles from Millbrook. Post office established as **FRANKLIN** on April 1st, 1863. First Postmaster W. Maguire. Office closed September 1st, 1932. Name Lytle's Crossing given in 1854 for an early settler, Robert Lytle. Population 200 in 1886 and 50 in 1926. Present approved name is **FRANKLIN**. Map position: 44°14' 78°35'. References: 7D, B, I, T, S, Z, MM, 3N, V, 5L and 6T.

M TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Name changed to PLOURDE TOWNSHIP in 1974 for R. Plourde, Mayor of Valley East. Map position: 46°41' 82°23'. References: V.

MABEE, SEE: MABEE CORNERS, Norfolk County.

MABEE CORNERS, Middleton Township, Norfolk County, later within the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 24 miles west of Simcoe and 5 miles southwest of Courtland. Post office established as MABEE in 1887. First Postmaster George A. Mabee. Office closed August 1st, 1915. First settler, and first postmaster, John Mabee. Present approved name is MABEE'S CORNERS. Population 100 in 1892 and 51 in 1976. Map position: 42°47' 80°41'. References: B, I, AA, 3B, 6T, V, 5T, 9F, 5L and 7D.

MABEE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°00' 81°40'. References: V.

MABELLA, railway point, Blackwell Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 50 miles west of Port Arthur and on the CNR main line at an altitude of 1,442 feet above sea level, and 35 miles from Kakabeka Falls. Post office established as MABELLA August 1st, 1913. It was named for the daughter of Sir William Mabel. First Postmaster W.F. Cullin. Office closed February 1st, 1943. Present approved name is MABELLA. Population 12 in 1978. Map position: 48°36' 89°59'. References: R2, PP, L3, 6T, V and 8L.

MABERLEY, dispersed rural community, South Sherbrooke Township, Lanark County. Located 18 miles west of Perth, the County Seat, 1 3/4 miles north of Maberly Station on CPR. Post office established as MABERLEY on August 1st, 1865. First Postmaster John McGregor. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler Isaac Currie. Place name has been misspelled as MOBERLY. Present approved name is MABERLY, the name spelling changed in June, 1967. Population 100 in 1885 and 118 in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 76°32'. References: B, I, S, 3B, 3R, 3F, V, 7U, 1I,5L and 9F.

MABERLY, SEE: MABERLEY, Lanark County.

MABERLY STATION, station, South Sherbrooke Township, Lanark County. Located on the O & Q line of CPR. This station appeared between 1892 and 1907. No further references. References: S and AA.

MACASKILL, railway point. Also spelled MacASKILL. Located southeast of Lake Nipigon, Thunder Bay District and 19.32 km north of Nipigon. Present approved name is MacASKILL No population shown in 1978. Map position: 49°08' 88°18'. References: R2, U and V.

MACASKILL TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 31, Range 25, Algoma District.

MACASSA, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is MACASSA. Map position: 43°13' 79°51'. References: V.

MACASSA MINES, Teck Township, Timiskaming District. Population 140 in 1941 and 80 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

MACAULAY, or MACAULAY TOWN. Located north of Queen Street between Yonge Street and Osgoode Hall, outside the Town of York. This place has long been encompassed by the Town of York. Time period: 1870-1872. York became Toronto in 1834. References: 2J.

MACAULAY TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Muskoka District. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1871. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Statute 1970, C.32. Amalgamated January 1st, 1971 and Incorporated into the Town of Bracebridge, in District Municipality of Muskoka. Area 38,639 acres. Map position: 45°07' 79°17'. References: HH, M, 1L and V.

MacBETH, East Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Name was misspelled as McBETH. Post office established as MacBETH on March 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Archibald McBean. Post office closed January 19th, 1881.

Official records show a second post office opened in 1881, named McBETH, in Prescott County. There is no record of this office having opened for business, or having been closed at any time. References: I, 5Y and 4R.

MACBETH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°51' 80°22'. References: V.

MACBEY, dispersed rural community, Eiber Township, Timiskaming, later Cochrane District. Located 4 miles east of Mattice and 3 miles west of Reesor. Post office established as MacBEY on November 3rd, 1925. First Postmaster W.J. Campbell. In March, 1932 post office name changed to PARTHIA STATION. Office closed December 1st, 1951. MACBEY STATION on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 769 feet above sea level had its name changed by CNR February, 1932 to PARTHIA. Present approved name is PARTHIA. No population shown for this place. Map position: 49°36' 83°11'. References: L2, SS, V, 6T 5L and U.

MacCORMAC, concentrated rural community, Sebastopol Township, Renfrew County. Post office established as MACCORMAC on September 1st, 1895. Office name changed to CORMACK on February 1st, 1896. First Postmaster John Ryan Jr. Office still operating 1983. Present approved name is CORMAC. Population 30 in 1913 and 51 in 1976. Map position: 45°28' 77°18'. References: S, DD, 3B, O, V, 5U, 5L and 9F.

MacCRAE'S CORNERS, SEE: McCRAE'S CORNERS, Wellington County.

MACCU, Wellington County, North Riding. This post office closed March 1st, 1914. There is no record of an opening. It does not show in 1913 or 1915 listings. Apparently it only operated in 1914, and no Postmaster is shown for this place. References: 6T and Postal Museum of Canada.

MACCUE, SEE: OLIVER'S FERRY, Lanark County.

MACDIARMID, post office, Kilkenny Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 5 miles from Orient Bay, 31 miles from Nipigon and 34 kilometres west of Beardmore. Founded by the construction of the railway, later became a fishery Village. Post office established as MACDIARMID on September 1st, 1920. First Postmaster T.J. Bell. Office is still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is MACDIARMID. Population 233 in 1951 and 444 in 1976. Map position: 49°26' 88°08'. References: R2, 3B, 5L, 5E, V and 6T.

MACDIARMID TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°40' 81°32'. References: V.

MACDONALD, post office, Fredericksburg Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 10 miles from Napanee Station on Grand Trunk Railway, and 1 mile from Deseronto across Mohawk Bay. Post office established as MACDONALD in 1883. First Postmaster Henry Goodfellow. Office closed July 1st, 1913. Office named for the Honourable John A. Macdonald, first Prime Minister of Canada. Township name changed to North Fredericksburg in 1895. This office name is obsolete. Population 130 in 1892 and 200 in 1908. References: I, S, AA, Z, PP, 6T and 5T.

MacDONALD BAY, post office, Methuen Township, Peterborough County. Located on Kasshabog Lake, 39 km north of Havelock, 3 km southeast of Blue Mountain, 9 km northwest of Vansickle and 17 km southeast of Apsley. Post office opened as MacDONALD BAY on June 18th, 1965. First Postmistress Miss Anne Hefferman. Office still operating in 1974. Present approved name is MacDONALD BAY. Map position: 44°39' 77°56'. References: U, 5L, V, 6T and 9F.

MacDONALD BEACH, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Ontario now Simcoe County. Located 3 km north of Joyland Beach, 8 km west of Udney and 10 km east of Orillia. Present approved name is MACDONALD BEACH. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 79°19'. References: V and 5L.

MacDONALD HILL, Deloro Township, Cochrane District. Population 152 in 1951 and 153 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

MacDONALDS GROVE, dispersed rural community, Roxborough Township, Stormont County. Located 4 km northwest of Maxville, 6 km east of Tayside and 10 southeast of Dunvegan. Present approved name is MACDONALDS GROVE. No

population shown in 1976. Map position: 45°18' 74°54'. References: 5L and V.

**MACDONALD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°29' 84°02'. References: V.

**MACDOWELL**, settlement, Kenora District. Located 155 kilometres northeast of Red Lake. The Deer Lake Band reside in this settlement. Cree, Saulteaux and Ojibway are the spoken languages. Population 42 in 1978. References: R3.

**MacDUFF**, railway point, Woolrich Township, Algoma District. Located 20 km northwest of Oba, 22 km southeast of Hansen and 38 km east of Hornepayne. Present approved name is **MACDUFF**. Population 41 in 1971 and 92 in 1976. Map position: 49°11' 84°17'. References: 3B, 5L and V.

**MACE**, railway point, Steele Township, Cochrane District, located near Eades. Map position: 48°56' 79°56'. References: U and V.

**MACEVILLE**, SEE: **McDOUGALL'S CORNERS**, Peel County.

**MACEYS BAY**, SEE: **MASSIER BAY**, Muskoka District.

**MacFARLANE**, station, Kenora District. Located 34 kilometres north of Kenora and 4.4 miles from Minaki. Station name **REDDITT** changed to **MacFARLANE STATION** February, 1913. Then in 1925, station name changed to **REDDITT STATION**. Located on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,083 feet above sea level, later CNR station. **REDDITT** post office established January 13th, 1912. First Postmaster H.W. Thorpe. Post office name changed to **MacFARLANE** 1913. Office name changed back to Redditt January, 1925. Redditt post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **REDDITT**. Population 310 in 1941 and 144 in 1978. Map position: 49°59' 94°24'. References: SS, 6T, R2, 3B, V, 5L and 9F.

**MacFIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°46' 92°21'. References: V.

**MacGILLIVRAY BRIDGE**, dispersed rural community, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Post office opened as **MacGILLIVRAY BRIDGE** in 1910. First Postmaster G. H. MacGillivray. Office closed March 8th, 1913. Present approved name is **MACGILLIVRAYS BRIDGE**. Map position: 45°09' 74°39'. References:5L, 6T, V and 9F.

**MacGREGOR BAY**, SEE: **McGREGOR BAY**, Algoma District.

**MacGREGOR'S BAY AREA**, settlement, Petawawa Township, Renfrew County. Located 7 km southeast of Petawawa, 8 km northwest of Pembroke and 13 km northeast of Alice. Name is not approved. Population 382 in 1961 and 885 in 1976. Map position: 45°51' 77°12'. References: 3B, 5A and 5L.

**MacGREGOR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°33' 89°00'. References: V.

**MACHAR (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Parry Sound District. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1889. Quieting Order M3217 dated April 24th, 1957. Population 549 in 1980. Map position: 45°52' 79°29'. References: HH, M and V.

**MACHELL'S CORNERS**, sometimes shown as **MACHEL'S CORNERS** and as **MITCHELL'S CORNERS**. Town in Home District, Canada West, later shown in Whitchurch Township, York County, and now within Town of Aurora in Regional Municipality of York. Located 25 miles north of Toronto, 15 miles from Schomberg (1899) and 6 miles from White Rose (1899). Post office opened as **WHITCHURCH**, at times misspelled as **WHITECHURCH**, on July 6th, 1856. First Postmaster Charles Doan. Place name known as Machell's Corners to 1854 when post office name changed to **AURORA**. Office still in operation in 1983. First settled in 1804 by Richard Machell. Incorporated as a Village June 4th, 1862. Proclaimed a Town 1st Monday, January, 1888. On January 1st, 1971 the Town annexed parts of the Township of King and Township of Whitchurch. The Indian name, Aurora, means "the dead are dancing. It is suggestive indeed. When we see the ghost-like shadows glancing across the northern sky, now white, now opal, then rose coloured and again green, naturally we think the ghosts are quite happy." One misspelling of

the first place name was MATCHILL'S CORNERS. Present approved name is AURORA. Population 400 in 1857 and 15,001 in 1980. Map position: 44°00' 79°28'. References: 3S, C, B, I, M, S, 2T, 3G, 2J, 5K, 7R, V, 9H and 6S.

MACHEL'S CORNER, SEE: MACHELL'S CORNERS, York County.

MACHILL'S CORNERS, SEE: MACHELL'S CORNERS, York County.

MACHIN, post office, Kenora District. Located 16 miles from Indian Bay, 37 miles from Kenora and 35 miles from Keewatin. Post office established as MACHIN on May 19th, 1936. First Postmaster R.G. MacKay. Office closed November 30th, 1936. No further references to this office. References: 6T.

MACHIN TOWNSHIP #1, Municipal Township, Kenora District. Located 72 kilometres from Kenora, 23 kilometres from Waugh. Incorporated on January 4th, 1909. Quieting Order C7295, dated January 31st, 1956. The Municipal Township consists of LANGTON, TEMPLE, SANFORD and WEST AUBREY geographic townships. Population 1,087 in 1978 and 1,112 in 1980. Map position: 49°33' 94°56'. References: R1, U, HH and M.

MACHIN TOWNSHIP #2, Municipal Township, Cochrane District. Incorporated December 24th, 1921. Inhabitants of the Township of Shackleton & Machin Incorporated under the name of the UNITED TOWNSHIPS OF SHACKLETON AND MACHIN. Map position: 49°23' 81°58'. References: V and 9B.

MacINTOSH MILLS, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds Township, Leeds County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Caintown, 15 miles west of Brockville, the County Seat, and 6 miles north of Mallorytown on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as McINTOSH MILLS in 1875. First Postmaster Joseph J. McIntosh. Office closed September 1st, 1914. This place was named for the McIntosh family and was often misspelled as MacINTOSH MILLS. John Grey MacIntosh first settler. Present approved name is McINTOSH MILLS. Population 75 in 1886, 56 in 1966 and 17 in 1976.. Map position: 44°33' 75°54'. References: B, I, T, AA, 5A, 6T, V, 5V, 7B, 5L and 7D.

MacINTOSH'S CORNERS SEE: DUNDELA, Dundas County.

MACK, railway point, Hogarth Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 50 kilometres west of Raith, 89 miles from Fort William and a station on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 883 feet above sea level. This line later CNR. No population shown for this place. Map position: 49°09' 90°23'. References: R2, DD, L2, LL and V.

MACK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°19' 82°53'. References: V.

MACKELCAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°51' 80°37'. References: V.

MACKENZIE, Also shown as MacKENZIE. A railway point, MacGregor Township, Thunder Bay District. The station is on the main line of CPR at an altitude of 913 feet above sea level, at mile 1926, east of Loon Station (1903), and located 15 miles northeast of Port Arthur and 3 miles from Fort William. Post office named MACKENZIE established October 1st, 1935. First Postmistress Miss Elizabeth Moorey. Office closed December 1st, 1951. Present approved name is MACKENZIE. Population 99 in 1941 and 131 in 1980. Map position: 48°23' 88°58'. References: U, AA, PP, L1, 5L, 3B, V, 6T, 6Z and 8K.

MACKENZIE RIVER, post office, postal district of Port Arthur, MacGregor Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 2 miles south of Mackenzie and 16 miles east of Port Arthur. Post office opened as MACKENZIE RIVER on June 15th, 1939. First Postmaster Samuel Nicholas Miocich. Office closed November 21st, 1950. No further references to this office. References: 6T and 9F.

MACKEY #1, SEE: MACKEY'S STATION, Renfrew County.

MACKEY #2, SEE: ASHPORT #1, Grey County.

MACKEY'S MILLS, dispersed rural community, Calvin Township, Nipissing District. Located 12 miles from Mattawa

and on Amable du Fond River and 100 miles northwest of Pembroke. Post office established 1883 named **MACKEY'S MILLS**. First Postmaster W. Mackey. In 1885, post office name changed to **EAUCLAIRE**, and on December 9th, 1948 spelling changed to **EAU CLAIRE**. **EAU CLAIRE STATION** on CPR, east of Ruther Glen Station and west of Mattawa (1888), and on CPR main line at an altitude of 589 feet above sea level (1915). Present approved name is **EAU CLAIRE**. Population 100 in 1895 and 72 in 1951. Map position: 46°14' 78°53'. References: I, 5P, S, Z, B, L1, 3B, SS, V, 6Z, 6T and 5L.

**MACKEYS STATION**, post office, Head Township, Renfrew County. Located 48 miles northwest of Pembroke, the County Seat, on the Ottawa River and 6 3/10 miles from Stonecliffe (1949). The station is on CPR named **MACKEY'S STATION** also spelled as **MACKIE'S STATION**. Located on the main line at an altitude of 431 feet above sea level and being between Rockcliffe and Moorlake Stations (1888). Post office established 1881 as **MACKEY'S STATION**. First Postmaster John C. McDiamid. On May 1st, 1965, the post office name changed to **MACKEY**. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MACKEY**. Population 75 in 1892, 217 in 1956. Map position: 46°10' 77°48'. References: I, S, AA, L1, 5E, SS, 5P, 6V, V, 5V, 5L and 9F.

**MACKIES**, dispersed rural community, Hardwick Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 48 kilometres southwest of Thunder Bay, 5 km east of Suomi and 10 km northeast of Remicks. Present approved name is **MACKIES**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 48°14' 90°04'. References: R2, 5L, V and V+.

**MACKIE'S STATION**, SEE: **MACKEY'S STATION**, Renfrew County.

**MACKINAW**, First known as **MICHILIMACKINAC** in 1688- then **FORT MACKINAC** in 1760 and finally Mackinaw in 1796. In 1927, this reference lists Mackinaw in Ontario. References: GG.

**MACKSVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. Located 6 km northwest of Appin, 10 km north of Glencoe and 15 km east of Alvinston. Present approved name is **MACKSVILLE**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 42°49' 81°41'. References: B, 5L, and V.

**MACKVILLE**, SEE: **McDOUGALL'S CORNERS**, Peel County.

**MacLAREN'S LANDING**, SEE: **MacLAREN WHARF**, Carleton County.

**MacLAREN WHARF**, dispersed rural community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 8 km west of Constance Bay, 6 km northeast of Fitzroy Harbour and 17 km northwest of Marathon Village. Name changed to **MacLAREN'S LANDING**,in 1974. Present approved name is **MacLARENS LANDING**. Population 20 in 1976. Map position: 45°31' 76°10'. References: V.

**MacLARNEN'S CORNERS**, SEE: **BOYNE**, Halton County.

**MacLARNENVILLE**, SEE: **BOYNE**, Halton County.

**MacLEAN**, West Carleton Township, Ottawa-Carleton Region. Date of entry February, 1974. References: B.

**MACLEAN LAKE**, Matchedash Township, Simcoe County. Population 26 in 1971. References: 3B.

**MACLEAN PARK**, hamlet, Pittsburg Township, Frontenac County. Located 2 km. North of Fort Henry Heights, on the east side of the Rideau Canal, 6 km northeast of Kingston, 7 km west of Eastview and 4 km north of Cartwright Point Settlement. Present approved name is **MACLEAN PARK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 76°28'. Reference: 5L.

**MACLEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°30' 80°52'. References: V.

**MacLENNAN**, dispersed rural community, Tarbutt Additional Township, Algoma District. Located 2 1/2 miles from Fort Finlay, the nearest shipping point by water, 30 miles from Sault Ste. Marie, 9 km from Desbarets and 9 km from Bruce Mines. Post office established as **MACLENNAN** in 1889. First Postmaster M. MacLennan. Office closed

September 30th, 1941. Population 75 in 1907 : 300 in 1926 and 24 in 1976. Present approved name is **MACLENNAN**. Map position: 46°21' 84°02'. References: I, S, U, MM, V, 5L, 5T and 6T.

**MACLENNAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°41' 80°45'. References: V.

**MACLEOD**, Ashmore Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 5 kilometres south of Geraldton, 34 km southwest of Longlac and 54 km southeast of Nakina. A company town built in 1935 which was almost completely burned out in 1936. It was rebuilt immediately and it served to August, 1970 when the mine closed. Present approved name is **MACLEOD**. Population 116 in 1976 and 125 in 1978. Map position: 49°41' 86°56'. References: 5L, 10E and R2.

**MACLIN'S CORNERS**, SEE: **BISBEY'S CORNERS**, Middlesex County.

**MAC LYN MILLS**, SEE: **MENZIES SPUR**, Algoma District.

**MacMILLAN #1**, hamlet, East Nissouri Township, Oxford County. Located 5 miles from Thamesford Station on CPR and 13 miles east of London. Post office established as **MACMILLAN** on July 1st, 1901. First Postmaster Andrew Thompson. On March 1st, 1909 post office name changed to **PASADENA**. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Name misspelled as **PASADINA** at times. Rural mail delivery from Embro (1933). Present approved name is **PASADENA**. Map position: 43°06' 81°07'. References: S, PP, 6T, 7N, SS and V.

**MacMILLAN #2**, station on CPR, Rainy River District. Located 17 miles east of Kenora, at the head of the Lake of the Woods. It is on mile 1632 of CPR track, east of Hawk Lake Station (1903). No recent references to this station. References: S, PP, 8G and 8K.

**MACMURCHY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°38' 81°06'. References: V.

**MacNICOL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°50' 93°57'. References: V.

**MacPHERSON**, station on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 714 feet above sea level, Cochrane District. Located on Highway 11 and 494 km from North Bay, 621 km from Thunder Bay. First named MacPherson when it was a prisoner of war camp, 1914-1920. In 1917, it was renamed **KAPUSKASING**. The Indian name, **PAS-KESH-E-GAY**, meaning "branch of the river". Town is built around a circle which contains the main downtown business area. Incorporated as a Town April 8th, 1921. Annexed Val Albert in 1954-1966. Has a station on CNR main line, named **KAPUSKASING STATION**, at an altitude of 1,053 feet above sea level. **KAPUSKASING** post office established 1915. First Postmaster Major Clarke. August, 1920 Kapuskasing post office which had been a military post was made a regular post office, and the first Postmaster for the civilian post office was Andrew Husband. The nearby post office, Brunetville, was named a sub-post office of Kapuskasing. Brunetville office closed April 10th, 1961. Kapuskasing post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KAPUSKASING**. Population 926 in 1921 and 11,969 in 1980. Map position: 49°25' 82°26'. References: M, R1, HH, 2T, L2, SS, 6T and 5K.

**MacPHERSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°20' 80°16'. References: V.

**MacQUARRIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°30' 94°10'. References: V.

**MAC'S CORNERS**, Village, Kenyon Township, Glengarry County. Another name for this place **MACSVILLE**, so named because 4 Macs farmed each corner and gave a 1/4 square mile site for the Town equalling a 1 square mile site for the Village of Maxville. Located 14 miles west of Alexandria, 25 miles north Cornwall, the County Town and 45 miles southeast of Ottawa. Post office opened as **MAXVILLE** 1880. First Postmaster John McEwen. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1882 the Canada Atlantic Railroad arrived. Incorporated as a Village January 30th, 1891. The present station is served by CNR. In early August of each year, the Glengarry Highland Games are held at this place. In the early years solidified acetylene was used for street lighting until hydro arrived. Religious parish name **ST. JAMES**. Present approved name is **MAXVILLE**. Population 800 in 1892 and 838 in 1980. Map position: 45°17' 74°51'. References: C, Wintario TV, B, I, M, S, AA, HH, 2T, 2U, 2Y, NN, SS, V and 7D.

**MAC STATION**, station, Vespra Township, Simcoe County. Located on Muskoka Division of CPR. Station number 1449, between the station od Utopia and Midhurst, in 1911. References: 10B.

**MACSVILLE**, SEE: **MAC'S CORNERS**, Glengarry County.

**MacTIER**, SEE: **MUSKOKA STATION**, Muskoka District.

**MACTON**, dispersed rural community, Peel Township, Wellington County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo and Peel Township, Wellington County. Located 25 miles from Guelph, the County Seat, 3 miles northwest of Elmira Station (1907) and 9 miles from Goldstone (1875). Post office established as **MACTON** on January 1st, 1863. First Postmaster J.M. McCormick. Office closed by 1915. Religious parish name **ST. JOSEPH**. Present approved name is **MACTON**. Population 25 in 1885 and 56 in 1976. Map position: 43°37' 80°41'. References: B, I, A, S, 3B, 3R, 3N, SS, V, 5P, 9F and 7D.

**MACVICAR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49[07' 82°10'. References: V.

**MACVILLE #1**, settlement, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 30 miles northwest of Barrie, the County Seat, 5 miles east of Wyevale Station on Grand Trunk Railway and on the Wye River. Post office established as **WYEVALE** January 1st, 1861. First Postmaster James Plewes. Office still in operation in 1973. Founder of this place Angus Grant who named it Macville for his father-in-law, who was a Hudson Bay Company trader named Michael Macdonald (Macdonell) who bought 25,000 acres at 1 farthing per acre, around Mud Lake. In 1859, the place name was changed to **WYEBRIDGE** as a bridge was built across the Wye River at the Village. Present approved name is **WYEBRIDGE**. Population 250 in 1886 and 184 in 1976. Map position: 44°42' 79°53'. References: AA, B, I, T, S, AA, JJ, 3B, 3Z, 3N, 2E, 5T, 9F and 9J.

**MACVILLE #2**, SEE: **McDOUGALL'S CORNERS**, Peel County.

**MACWELL**, station, Errington Township, Thunder Bay District. Present approved name is **MACWELL**. Map position: 49°44' 87°02'. References: V.

**MADAWASKA #1**, SEE: **CALABOGIE**, Renfrew County.

**MADAWASKA #2**, concentrated rural community, Murchison Township, Nipissing District. Located 50 miles west of Eganville, 130 miles west of Ottawa, and on the Madawaska River. The Madawaska station is a divisional point railway station on Grand Trunk Railway (1908). Post office established as **MADAWASKA** on June 1st, 1900. First Postmaster W.G. McKay. Post office still open in 1983. The Algonquin name means "head waters". Present approved name is **MADAWASKA**. Population 200 in 1908 and 288 in 1976. Map position: 45°30' 77°59'. References: B, S, 3B, PP, V, 7M, 7D 5L and 9F.

**MADAWASKA RIVER**, Bathurst District, Canada West. The nearest post office is named Bagot. Date of reference 1848. References: C.

**MADIGAN**, SEE: **SHAWANAGA**, Parry Sound District.

**MADIGANS STATION**, railway point, Shawanaga Township, Parry Sound District. Located 14 kilometres from Pointe au Baril. Present approved name is **MADIGANS**. Map position: 45°30' 80°15'. References: B, U and V.

**MADINA**, SEE: **MEDINA #2**, York County.

**MADOC #1**, SEE: **HASTINGS #2**, Hastings County.

**MADOC #2**, Now a Brampton subdivision, but originally a Madoc family owned a farm in the area. This was in Peel County. References: 3C.

**MADOC JUNCTION**, SEE: **NORTH HASTINGS JUNCTION**, Hastings County.

**MADOC ROAD**, station, Huntingdon Township, Hastings County. Station is on the Ontario & Quebec line of the Ontario division of CPR, 25 miles north of Belleville, the County Seat, and 4 miles south of Madoc. It is not a post office. Date of reference 1892. No recent reference to this station. References: AA.

**MADOC TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Hastings County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P5454-68, dated May 31st, 1968. Formerly in Victoria District, Canada West (1848). Named for Lord Madoc of Wales and first settled in 1830. First settlers Cyrus Riggs and Barnabas Vankleek. Area 70,400 acres. Population 1,361 in 1852 and 1,609 in 1980. Map position: 44°35' 77°30'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, V and 1E.

**MADRID**, dispersed rural community, Sebastopol Township, Renfrew County. Located 6 miles from Clontarf and 38 miles from Renfrew. Post office established as **MADRID** in 1864. First Postmaster P. McCawley. In 1873 the post office name was changed to **FOYMOUNT**. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1951, the name Foymount was deleted from the Canadian Gazetter but an R.C.A.F. enquiry reinstated the name February, 1953. July, 1966 the post office name was changed to **FOYMOUNT RCAF STATION**. Present approved place name is **FOYMOUNT**. Population 25 in 1895 and 25 in 1907. Map position: 45°26' 77°19'. References: I, A, 7B, 4F, B, S, Z, SS, V, 6V and 6T.

**MAD RIVER MILLS**, SEE: **SING'S MILLS**, Grey County.

**MADSEN**, concentrated rural community, Baird Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located on Highway #618, 10 km south of Township of Red Lake, 11 km from Red Lake and 233 km from Dryden. A gold mine founded this place in 1938. **MADSEN** post office established May 23rd, 1938. First Postmaster E. G. Crayston. Office still in operation 1983. Mining ceased in 1976. Present approved name is **MADSEN**. Population 601 in 1956 and 391 in 1976. Map position: 50°58' 93°55'. References: R2, U, 3B, 5E, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

**MADSEN RED LAKE GOLD MINES**, mining community, Kenora District. Has only airmail via Winnipeg, Manitoba or Kenora, Ontario: Gen. P. O. January 14th, 1947 report. Population not shown. See Madsen. References: 6V.

**MAECKS SUBDIVISION**, dispersed rural community, Machar Township, Parry Sound District. Located 40 miles northeast of Parry Sound, one km south of South River and 8 km north of Sundridge. Present approved name is **MAECKS SUBDIVISION**. Population 51 in 1956 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°50' 79°23'. References: 5L , 5E and V.

**MAECK TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 5 E**, Algoma District.

**MAEKS SUBDIVISION**, SEE: **MAECKS SUBDIVISION**, Parry Sound District.

**MAFEKING**, dispersed rural community, Ashfield Township, Huron County. Located on 9 Mile Creek, 8 miles from Lucknow Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 16 1/2 miles south of Kincardine on Lake Huron. Its lake port is Port Albert (1903). Post office established as **MAFEKING** on June 15th, 1900. First Postmaster W.J. Treleaven. Office closed November 1st, 1915. Named for South African War battle site. Present approved name is **MAFEKING**. No population shown for this place. Map position: 43°55' 81°36'. References: 5L, PP, V, 6T and 7M.

**MAFEKING TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°56' 93°08'. Reference: V.

**MAFLOWER**, SEE: **MAYFLOWER**, Rainy River District.

**MAGAWANA VILLAGE**, Billings Township, Manitoulin District. Date of reference May, 1977. Reference: B.

**MAGAWONG VILLAGE**, dispersed rural community, Billings Township, Manitoulin District. Map position: 45°56' 82°14'. References: V and V+.

**MAGEAU TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°03' 83°26'. Reference: V.

**MAGLADERY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°23' 83°20'. Reference: V.

**MAGNETAWAN**, Village, Chapman Township, Parry Sound District. Located 36 miles northeast of Parry Sound, the County Seat, 13 miles from Burk's Falls Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 18 miles south Callander and 25 miles north of Huntsville. Post office established a **MAGNETAWAN** on August 1st, 1871. First Postmaster James Miller. Magnetawan post office still in operation in 1983. The lock was completed in 1886 to overcome the rapids in the Magnetawan River. Steamer service was available on the river from 1879 to 1934. Incorporated as a Village March 26th, 1918. Present approved name is **MAGNETAWAN**. Population 150 in 1886 and 211 in 1980. Map position: 45°40' 79°39'. References: I, M, T, S, U, HH, 2T, PP, 6O, V, 5X, 5L and 9F.

**MAGNETAWAN INDIAN RESERVE #1**, Parry Sound District. Located east of Byng Inlet. Population 15 in 1976. Map position: 45°45' 80°30'. References: V and 5L.

**MAGNET TOWNSITE**, Errington Township, Thunder Bay District. Population 155 in 1951. Reference: 3B.

**MAGONE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°52' 85°16'. Reference: V.

**MAGPIE**, SEE: **MAGPIE JUNCTION**, Algoma District.

**MAGPIE JUNCTION**, Chabanel Township, Algoma District. A station on the Michipicoten branch of Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. Located 7 miles from Michipicoten (1908). September, 1929 the name was changed to **MAGPIE**. Recently designated a dispersed rural community, 29-XXIV Township, Algoma District. Located near Wawa (1980). Present approved name is **MAGPIE**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 48°06' 84°42'. References: U, PP, SS, 5L and V.

**MAGPIE MINE**, dispersed rural community, 29-XXVI Township, later Chabanel Township, Algoma District. Located 12 miles from Magpie Station on Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway, 9 miles from Hawk Junction Station, 9 miles from Jamestown Station and 18 miles from Helen Mine. **MAGPIE MINE** post office established June 1st, 1911. First Postmaster James Swick. Post office closed October 31st, 1922. Present approved name is **MAGPIE MINE**. Population not shown. Map position: 48°13' 84°43'. References: 6T, V, 6V, and 5L.

**MAGUIRE**, hamlet, McGillivray Township, Middlesex County. Located 24 miles northwest of London, the County Seat, 4 miles southwest of Centralia Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 4 1/2 miles from Clandeboye Station on Grand Trunk Railway and on the Aux Sables River. Post office established as **MAGUIRE** in 1882. First Postmaster Alexander Tod. Office closed December 1st, 1913. No recent references to this place. Population 8 in 1886, 50 in 1892 and 12 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, AA, 5T, PP, 3R, 6T and 5P.

**MAGUY**, Herschel Township, Hastings County. Population 78 in 1951. References: 3B.

**MAHAFFY**, post office, Hibbert Township, Perth County. Located 5 miles from Mitchell Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 12 miles southeast of Seaforth. Post office established as **MAHAFFY** on April 1st, 1905. First Postmaster John Balfour. Office closed September 1st, 1913. No further references to this office. References: S, PP, 6T and 7S.

**MAHAFFY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°50' 81°32'. References: V.

**MAHER**, railway point, Ireland Township, Cochrane District. Present approved name is **MAHER**. Population 5 in 1972. Map position: 49°27' 81°09'. References: U, O and V.

**MAHER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 51°04' 31°11'. References: V.

**MAHNETOOAHNING**, concentrated rural community, Assiginack Township, Manitoulin District. Located on Lake Huron, on the Great Manitoulin Island, at the southern extremity of a bay of the same name (also called Heywood Sound), and the seat of the Indian Department's establishment, also 180 miles from Penetanguishene, 270 miles from Toronto, 47 miles southeast of Gore Bay and 100 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie. Post office established October 6th, 1846 and spelled **MANITOUWANING**. First Postmaster George Ironside. Post office still

operating 1984. The Anglican mission was established on Manitoulin Island in 1838. This place is reached by steamers from Collingwood. Present approved name is **MANITOWANING**. Population 1,500 in 1853 and 378 in 1976. Map position: 45°45' 81°49'. References: EE, B, I, S, 3B, 6O, V, 7A, 8P, 9F, 5L and 7D.

**MAHNOO**, Indian name meaning "let it be so". Derivatives used in Dufferin County are: Mono Centre, Mono Mills, Mono Road Junction, Mono Road Station and Mono Township. References: 9H.

**MAHONEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°25' 82°22'. References: V.

**MAIANGOWI**, settlement, Manitoulin Island, Manitoulin District. At times referred as **MAIANGOWI SETTLEMENT**. Present approved name is **MAIANGOWI**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 45°46' 81°43'. References: V+ and 5L.

**MAIDENS**, SEE: **SILVER CENTRE #2**, Timiskaming District.

**MAIDSTONE**, SEE: **MAIDSTONE CROSS**, Essex County.

**MAIDSTONE CROSS**, dispersed rural community, Western District, Upper Canada, later Maidstone Township, Canada West, now Sandwich South Township, Essex County. Located 12 miles (by Plank Road) from Sandwich, 12 miles from Amherstburgh (1857), 13 miles southeast of Sandwich, the County Seat and 4 miles northwest of Essex (1907). Post office established as **MAIDSTONE** in Western District, Upper Canada in 1837, but this office was inactive from 1838 to 1851 because it had been wrongly located on a well circulated map. A new notice was circulated that the post office was closed February 6th, 1840 and reopened July 6th, 1851 with the first Postmaster appointed John Murray. Office still in operation in 1984. Present approved name is **MAIDSTONE**. Population 100 in 1857 and 59 in 1976. Map position: 42°13' 82°53'. References: EE, I, 3B, 3J, 7B, V, 8P, 5L and 9F.

**MAIDSTONE (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Essex County, formerly in Western District, Canada West. Incorporated as Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C.81. Population 1,167 in 1852 and 8,386 in 1980. Map position: 42°15' 82°48'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and V.

**MAIN'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Edwardsburg Township, Grenville County. Located 4 miles from Edwardsburg. This place seems to have existed between 1872 and 1875. Population 50 in 1875. No recent references to this place. References: A and 7B.

**MAIN STATION ISLAND** , First inhabited 1831 and used as a jump off point for area fishing. In use until 1852. Located on a small island called Fishing Islands near Bruce Peninsula. The first settler was Captain Alexander MacGregor. There were cabins for fishermen, packing houses and warehouses on the island. Political skulduggery ousted the captain and in 1848 and fishing rights awarded to another. The resulting company sold out in 1852 and the business was abandoned. References: E.

**MAINSVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Edwardsburg Township, Grenville County. Located 38 miles west of Cornwall, the County Seat, 5 miles north of Cardinal Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MAINSVILLE** in 1891. First Postmaster William T. Scott. Office closed January 9th, 1897. Present approved name is **MAINSVILLE**. Population 80 in 1892 and 17 in 1976. Map position: 44°49' 75°26'. References:5L, B, I, AA, V and 7F.

**MAIR MILLS**, SEE: **KIRKVILLE**, Simcoe County.

**MAIR'S MILLS**, SEE: **KIRKVILLE**, Simcoe County.

**MAISONVILLE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 80°13'. References: V.

**MAITLAND #1**, SEE: **POINT au BARIL**, Grenville County.

MAITLAND #2, SEE: BROADCREEK, Haldimand County.

MAITLAND HILLS, SEE: MAITLAND RIVER, Wellington County.

MAITLAND RAPIDS, Johnstown District, Canada West, later Montague Township, Lanark County. Located on the Rideau River, 18 miles east of Perth, the County Seat and 4 miles east of Irish Creek Station on CPR. Post office established August 6th, 1829. First Postmaster James Maitland. Office named KILMARNOCK. Office closed June 27th, 1914. First settler James Maitland. Present approved name is KILMARNOCK. Population 50 in 1875 and 50 in 1893. Map position: 44°53' 75°55'. References: C, B, I, A, S, U10, 3S, V, 6T, 7X and 7U.

MAITLAND RIVER, Village, on the boundaries of Arthur Township, and Wellington County, and Normanby Township and Grey County. Located 42 miles northwest of Guelph, the County Seat, 43 miles south of Owen Sound, on Highway 6 and CNR and CPR, and on South Saugeen River. Post office established as MAITLAND RIVER prior to 1852.(Listings were always published one year late.) This office shows the first Postmaster as William Gunn from 1852 to 1854. Then on June 1st, 1853 the official record shows the opening of MOUNT FOREST post office. First Postmaster J. McDonald who named the post office after the Town of Forest, Province of Leinster, Ireland. MOUNT FOREST post office is still operating in 1983. This place had several local names, MAITLAND BUSH, MAITLAND HILLS, and MAITLAND WOODS. When first established it was known as MAITLAND because it was thought to be on that River, later identified as a branch of the Saugeen. Religious parish names PURIFICATION and ST JEAN l'EVANGELISTE. The first Town lots for this place were laid out by the founder, Mr. Rankin, 1860. Incorporated as a Village by County of Wellington and County of Grey, since parts are in each County, December, 1864. Formerly an Incorporated Village in Grey County was annexed to Wellington County in 1871. Incorporated as Town December 29th, 1879. Present approved name is MOUNT FOREST. Population 2,500 in 1886 and 3,453 in 1980. Map position: 43°59' 80°44'. References: I, M, T, S, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3K, S, 5K, 2K, V, 9F and 7D.

MAITLANDVILLE, SEE: GAIRBRAID, Huron County.

MAITLAND WOODS, SEE: MAITLAND RIVER, Wellington County.

MAJESTIC SIDING, railway point, Algoma District. Located 8 miles north of Whitefish Falls and 18 miles south of Espanola. Post office established November 19th, 1934 and named FOOTBANKS. First Postmaster David W. Gordon. Office closed October 9th, 1937. The place name was changed to FOOTBANKS in the same year. The siding name was changed by CPR May, 1934, to FOOTBANKS SIDING. No recent references to this place. References: SS and 6T.

MAJORVILLE, settlement, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Located 14 miles west of Whitby and 1 1/2 miles south of Locust Hill Station on CPR. Post office established September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster Thomas Burton. Post office named WHITEVALE for Mr. Trueman White who built the first mill. Whitevale post office still in operation in 1983. The Township of Pickering and the communities amalgamated to form the Town of Pickering, Regional Municipality of Durham, 1974. Present approved name is WHITEVALE. Population 300 in 1886 and 273 in 1971. In 1976, population included in Town of Pickering. Map position: 43°53' 79°09'. References: 7B, B, I, T, S, 3G, 3B, 3I, 3N, 9F and 9J.

MAKATAEWAUKAWAUK, Cape Croker Indian Reserve, Bruce County. Map position: 44°56' 80°58'. References: 7D.

MAKAWA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°36' 83°55'. References: V.

MAKWA, SEE: EWING, Sudbury District.

MALACHI, dispersed rural community, Rudd Township, Kenora District. Located 18 miles from Ingoff, 5 km west of Ottermere and 46 miles from Keewatin. Post office established December 1st, 1911 named MALACHI. First Postmaster J. B. Simpson. Office closed October 1st, 1969. Present approved name is MALACHI. Population 15 in 1913 ; 40 in 1972 and 9 in 1976. Map position: 49°56' 94°59'. References: DD, D, 5L, V, 6T and 9F.

MALACHIE STATION, SEE: MALACHI STATION, Kenora District.

**MALACHI STATION**, Rudd Township, Kenora District. Located 19.2 kilometres west of Minaki and 30 miles from Redditt. **MALACHI STATION** on Grand Trunk Pacific main line at an altitude of 1,102 feet above sea level, later on CNR. The nearest bank in Winnipeg, Manitoba, (1913). Name also spelled as **MALACHIE STATION**. No recent reference to this station. Population 25 in 1933 and no population in 1978. References: R2, L2, LL and U.

**MALACHI TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°52' 94°57'. References: V.

**MALAHIDE**, dispersed rural community, Malahide Township, Elgin County. Located 4 km northeast of Mount Salem, 8 km southeast of Aylmer and 13 km northwest of Port Burwell. Post office opened as **MALAHIDE** on March 23rd, 1908. First Postmaster John Davis. Office closed August 31st, 1914. Present approved name is**MALAHIDE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°44' 80°54'. References: V+, 5L, 6T and 9F.

**MALAHIDE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Elgin County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C.81. Originally in London District, Canada West. Population 4,059 in 1852 and 5,168 in 1980. Map position: 42°45' 80°26'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and V.

**MALAKOFF**, dispersed rural community, Marlborough Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 30 miles southwest of Ottawa, the County Seat, 7 miles north of Kemptville Station on CPR. Post office established as **MALAKOFF** on September 1st, 1856. First Postmaster W.J. Pierce. Office closed July 15th, 1916. Present approved name is **MALAKOFF**. Population 100 in 1875 and 50 in 1907. Map position: 45°06' 75°46'. References: B, I, A, S, 3M, 3R, 5L, V and 6T.

**MALCOLM**, dispersed rural community, Brant Township, Bruce County. Located 2 1/2 miles west of Elmwood Station and 11 miles north of Walkerton, the County Seat. Post office established as **MALCOLM** in 1869. First Postmaster Daniel Sullivan. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MALCOLM**. Population 75 in 1886 and 4 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 81°06'. References: I, A, T, S, PP, 6T, V and 4G.

**MALCOLM'S CORNERS #1**, hamlet, Townsend Township, Norfolk County, near Waterford. Date of reference 1877. No further reference to this place noted. Reference: 1N.

**MALCOLM'S CORNERS #2**, On concession 3, lot 18 & 19, on Markham Road, Scarborough Township, York County. Lately designated a concentrated rural community, Part of the Borough of Scarborough, in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Located 14 miles northeast of Toronto, the County Seat and 1 1/2 miles northeast of Agincourt Station on CPR. Post office established as **MALVERN** October 1st, 1856. First Postmaster David Brown. This post office was moved from Brown's Corners, one and a quarter miles south to what became Malvern village. Office closed 1970. Present approved name is **MALVERN**. Population 100 in 1886 and 150 in 1926. Map position: 43°48' 79°13'. References: I, T, S, MM, 3M, V and 8H.

**MALCOLM'S MILLS**, settlement, Burford & Oakland Townships, Brant County. Located 12 miles southwest of Brantford, the County Seat, 6 miles south of Burford Station on Great Western division of Grand Trunk Railway, near Highway 24 and on Malcolm's Creek. Post office established December 6th, 1852 as **SCOTLAND**. First Postmaster Henry Lyman. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Police Village of Scotland on April 12th, 1907 by Bylaw #254. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. This place was named Scotland by Janet Graham, who was blind from the time she was in her teens. **SCOTLAND STATION** on the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway. Present approved name is **SCOTLAND**. Population 150 in 1846 and 501 in 1976. Map position: 43°01' 80°22'. References: 2Y, B, I, G, S, U, AA, 3B, 3K, 7D, 9L, V and 7L.

**MALDEN CENTRE**, dispersed rural community, Malden Township, Essex County. Located 6 miles from Amherstburg, 2 1/2 miles from Comet and 3 1/2 miles from North Malden. Post office established as **MALDEN CENTRE** on November 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Amos E. Wood. Office closed January 1st, 1915.Present approved name is **MALDEN CENTRE**. Population 15 in 1926 and 65 in 1976. Map position: 42°03' 83°02'. References: B, DD, MM, 3B, 6T and V.

**MALDEN FORT**, This place had a special Naval service post office, which opened in 1800 and operated till 1814.

First Postmaster here, Ernest G. Park. It was a fort situated 1/2 mile north of Amherstburg, Essex County, Canada West, between 1801 and 1848. Located on the border of Anderdon and Malden Townships, Essex County. Located 70 miles from Chatham (1846) and 17 miles south of Sandwich, the County Seat and on the Detroit River. In 1815, a civilian post office was opened named **AMHERSTBURG**. First Postmaster William Hands. Office still in operation in 1983. Post office named to honour Lord Jeffrey Amherst, Governor General of British North America, from 1760 to 1763. The other early names for this place were **FORT AMHERSTBURG, FORT AMHERST, FORT MALDEN** and also **MALDEN**. Amherstburg became a Police Village April 7th, 1817. Incorporated as a Town with Village power January 1st, 1851 by Act 13 & 14, Vic.64, and Proclamation of September 27th, 1850. It was proclaimed a Town January 7th, 1878. On January 1st, 1981 Ontario Municipal Board Order #M8028 was enacted to Annex to the Town of Amherstburg, certain lands in the Township of Malden and the Township of Anderdon, effective date January 1st, 1891. There were 14 telephones in service in 1885 in Amherstburg. Present approved name is **AMHERTSBURG**. Population 2,600 in 1857 and 5,566 in 1980. Map position: 42°06' 83°06'. References: I, C, G, B, M, Z, Y, U, EE, HH, 2T, 2Y, WW, V, 7X, 7R, 7W and 9M.

**MALDEN (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Geographic Township, Essex County, formerly in Western District, Canada West. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statutes 1849, C.81. Population 1,315 in 1852 and 5,293 in 1980. Map position: 42°05' 83°03'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and V.

**MALEYS CORNERS**, Garson Township, Sudbury District. Population 188 in 1956. References: 5E.

**MALIGNE**, Indian settlement on the Dawson route. Located 110 miles west of Port Arthur. Not a post office. A Hudson's Bay general store is located there. Date of reference 1895. References: Z.

**MALLARD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°43' 82°17'. References: V.

**MALLET**, Wigle Township, Sudbury District. **MALLET STATION** on CNR main line at an altitude of 1,255 feet above sea level. Located 42 miles from Foleyet, 43 miles from Coyne Station on CNR, 31 kilometres from Gogama and 7 miles from Bethnal. On September 6th, 1920 the post office named **STACKPOOL** was opened. The station name changed to **STACKPOOL** at the same time. First Postmaster Manly Lindsay. The post office was named **STACKPOL**, for the author, but the name was misspelled when applied to the CNR timetable #20. Office closed September 15th, 1926. Present approved name is **STACKPOOL**. Map position: 47°53' 81°55'. References: L3, V, 6T, 8L and U.

**MALLOCHS STATION**, station, Mcnab Township, Renfrew County. Located on Chalk River Division of CPR. Station number 3632, between the stations of Arnprior and Braeside, in 1911. References: 10B and 7R.

**MALLORYTOWN**, Police Village, Front of Yonge Township, Leeds County. Located 13 miles southwest of Brockville, the County Seat, with a station on Grand Trunk Railway and 137 miles from Montreal. Post office established as **MALLORYTOWN** on April 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Charles Kenyon. Savings Bank Office closed July 2nd, 1930. Post office still in operation in 1983. This place was named for the United Empire Loyalist settlers from Vermont, Mr. & Mrs. Daniel Mallory who settled in 1790. Mallorytown was Incorporated as a Police Village November 29th, 1922 by Bylaw #1153. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Present approved name is **MALLORYTOWN**. Population 300 in 1886 and 310 in 1980. Map position: 44°29' 75°53'. References: B, I, T, S, U, 3B, 3K, 3N, 5L, NN, 7B, V, 6T, 8Q, 9L, 7D and 7L.

**MALLORYTOWN LANDING**, dispersed rural community, Front of Yonge Township, Leeds County. Located 6 kilometres from Mallorytown, on the St. Lawrence River at the site of Bridge Island, 10 km east of Tilley and 20 km southwest of Brockville. This place was fortified and garrisoned in 1814 to protect the supply lines for that war. Present approved name is **MALLORYTOWN LANDING**. No population shown for 1976. Map position: 44°27' 75°51'. References: B, U, 2Y, V and 5L.

**MALONE**, SEE: **POWELL'S MILLS #1**, Hastings County.

**MALONEY'S LANDING**, Nipissing District. Located 10 miles from Haileybury. This place seems to have been mentioned only between 1913 and 1926. No recent references to this place. References: DD and MM.

MALTA #1, hamlet, Bruce County, Canada West, later in Bruce Township, Bruce County. Located 10 miles from Kincardine, near Southampton, on Georgian Bay. Post office named BRUCE established on January 1st, 1853. First Postmaster Peter Sinclair. Official records show that the office didn't open until 1856 and closed in 1857 but office operated to 1860. This town suffered a major fire, along with the adjoining village of FORT BRUCE (about 1860) and neither was rebuilt. As an historical note: most of the inhabitants of these two small places moved 4 miles east and founded CLARK'S CORNERS, which later became UNDERWOOD. No further reference to the place MALTA recorded. References: H, I, TT, EE, 8U, and 7D.

MALTA #2, hamlet, Morrison Township, Muskoka District (1907) and Ontario County (1886). Located on Whosbeshebogamog River, 4 miles from Severn, 3 1/2 miles from Kilworthy Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 6 miles south of Gravenhurst. Post office established as MALTA in 1876. First Postmaster Thomas White. Office closed January 15th, 1919. No recent references to this place. Population 726 in 1886 and 32 in 1908. References: I, S, AA, PP, 3R, 6T and 4O.

MALTON, urban community, on the Township line between Gore and Toronto Townships, Peel County, later Part of City of Mississauga. Located 6 miles east of Brampton, the County Seat, 15 miles northwest of Toronto and on Grand Trunk Railway (1885). Post office established as MALTON on October 1st, 1856. First Postmaster J. H. Sanderson. Office still in operation as part of the Toronto metropolitan postal system. First settler Samuel Moore 1823. Malton was named for an English Town by Richard Halliday, in the 1830's. Incorporated January 30th, 1913 as a Police Village by Bylaw #431. Incorporation dissolved January 1st, 1968 and it became Part of the Town of Mississauga, in Regional Municipality of Peel. The Toronto Airport opened southeast of the Village in 1937. It later became Toronto International Airport and most recently was changed to Lester B. Pearson International Airport. The local name for the place is MALTON AIRPORT and TORONTO INTERNATIONAL. Present approved name is MALTON. Population 200 in 1886 and 1,923 in 1956. Map position: 43°42' 79°38'. References: B, I, T, S, 2T, 3R, 5E, 3G, 3C, 3V, 5K, 1V, V and 9L.

MALTON AIRPORT, name changed to TORONTO INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT September, 1961 and most recently is named LESTER B. PEARSON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT. Located 15 miles from Toronto and southwest of the Village of Malton. References: U and SS.

MALVERN, SEE: MALCOLM'S CORNERS, York County.

MALVERN (1888), SEE: BROWN'S CORNERS #2, York County.

MALVERN WEST, dispersed rural community, Part of the Borough of Scarborough in Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto.Present approved name is MALVERN WEST.. Map position: 43°47' 79°15'. References: V.

MALWOOD, hamlet, March Township, Carleton County, later in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 15 miles west of Ottawa, the County Seat, 4 miles from Carp Station on the Ottawa & Parry Sound division of the Grand Trunk Railway (1908). MALWOOD post office established 1898. First Postmaster Patrick Kennedy. Office closed October 1st, 1914. Present approved name is MALWOOD. Population 200 in 1908 and 62 in 1951. References: B, S, PP, 3B, 6T and 7G.

MALWOOD STATION, railway point, March Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. The original name chosen for this place, selected and approved, was SISSONS but the place was named MALWOOD. Present approved name is MALWOOD STATION. Map position: 45°24' 76°00'. References: B, SS and V.

MAMAINSE POINT, Algoma District. Located 80 kilometres from Sault Ste. Marie. Date of reference 1980. References: U.

MAMMAMATTAWA, dispersed rural community, northeast of Pagwa River, Cochrane District, on the Kenogami River, 60 miles above its mouth on the Albany River. Located 121 kilometres from Hearst. Also located on the boundary between Keewatin District, Northwest Territories and Northern Ontario. The name is a contraction of an Indian word signifying the confluence of many branches and refers to the fact that 2 large tributaries form the mainstream of the east, and both these again receive branches near their mouths. The Hudson Bay post which was

situated at this place moved a number of years ago, about 30 miles down the Kenogami River and is now called Newport (1908). Present approved name is MAMMAMATTAWA. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 50°25' 84°22'. References: U, PP and V.

MANBERT, railway point, Harrison Township, Parry Sound District. Located 6 km from Pointe au Baril. Present approved name is MANBERT. Map position: 45°38' 80°26'. References: U and V.

MANCHAN FLATS, Named for James Manchin, a farmer. Located in Darling Township, Lanark County. Date of reference 1905. References: 7D.

MANCHESTER #1, concentrated rural community, on the borders of East, West Wawanosh and Hullett Townships, Huron County. Located 6 miles from Blyth Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 4 miles from Westfield and 14 miles from Goderich (1872). Manchester Incorporated as a Police Village (known as AUBURN), Huron County on December 6th, 1895 by County Bylaw #10. Police Village status still in effect, as MANCHESTER, as of January 20th, 1983. Post office established January 1st, 1854 named AUBURN. First Postmaster W.B. Garratt. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler E. Elkins laid out the Village on the Hullett side of Maitland River, along with George Fulton who laid out the Wawanosh Township,side, originally known as MANCHESTER. The post office, Auburn, originally was across the river before the Village was laid out, but then moved across the river retaining the name, Auburn, for the post office but the place name was Manchester. AUBURN STATION originally served by Grand Trunk Railway, now served by CPR. In 1962, there was concern over the name of Manchester-Auburn. The community had 186 residents, located at the intersection of Townships of West Wawanosh, East Wawanosh and Hullett, at the point shown as Auburn, but the name, Manchester, has been in use since about 1875 or before. The post office and the railway station serving this Village are both named Auburn, and the Village is a Police Village. It is apparent that for many years, all maps have shown Auburn but the residents do not acknowledge or accept this, and use the name, Manchester, for their community. Evidently, the hamlet was known by both names, 87 years ago. This double name was carried for perhaps 25 years. Since the turn of the century, Manchester has not been heard except in cases where property changes hands, when the legal description reads Manchester. Final decision June, 1962 was to retain the name, AUBURN on official maps. References: C, U10, 9L, I, 3K, V, 7B, 5L, 1G, 8Q, 7D and 7L.

MANCHESTER #2, SEE: FITCHETT'S CORNERS, Ontario County.

MANCHESTER #3, SEE: SCOTT'S MILL, Hastings County.

MANCHESTERVILLE, Carleton County (1907). Amalgamated with Bayswater, Hintonburg and Mechanicsville to form the suburb of Ottawa, named Hintonburg. Two spellings of the name are HINTONBURG and HINTONBURGH VILLAGE. References: S and Z.

MANCHIN FLATS, SEE: MANCHAN FLATS, Lanark County.

MANDAMIN, dispersed rural community, Plympton Township, Lambton County. Located 8 miles east of Sarnia, the County Seat and 6 miles west of Wyoming. Post office established as MANDAMIN on October 1st, 1862. First Postmaster James Dunlop. Office closed March 26th, 1931. MANDAMIN STATION is on the Port Huron branch of Grand Trunk Railway (1908), later CNR. Although there is no official date for spelling change, the present approved name is MANDAUMIN. Population 100 in 1892 and 29 in 1976. Map position: 42°57' 82°14'. References: B, I, S, AA, Z, 2Z, 2B, 3N, V, 5L and 6T.

MANDAMIN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 124, Algoma District.

MANDAUMIN, SEE: MANDAMIN, Lambton County.

MANDERS, station, Shenston Township, Rainy River District. MANDERS STATION on CNR. Located 7 km northeast of Stratton, 38 km southeast of Rainy River and 6 km northwest of Barwick.Present approved name is MANDERS. No population shown for 1976. Map position: 48°40' 94°04'. References: V and 5L.

MANDEVILLE, SEE: MASTIGOCHE, Parry Sound District.

MANES, post office, Beauchamp Township, Nipissing District. Located 4 1/2 miles from Charlton and 10 miles from Earlton. Post office named MANES established February 16th, 1909. First Postmaster Edward F. Mane for whom the post office is named. On May 1st, 1918 the post office name was changed to HILLS LAKE. Hills Lake post office closed April 1st, 1927. No further reference to this place. References: SS, 6T and 7D.

MANESS TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 27, Range 23, Algoma District.

MANFRED, post office, Eramosa Township, Wellington County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Rockwood. Post office established as MANFRED on January 1st, 1866. First Postmaster George Coghlin. Office closed 1867. No further reference to this post office. References: I, 3P and 7B.

MANHARD, post office, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Post office established as MANHARD on August 15th, 1905. First Postmaster Ward H. Smith. This post office is shown in the Brockville electoral district between 1905 and 1912. Office closed October 1st, 1912. No further references to this office. References: B, 7S, S and 6T.

MANHARD'S MILLS, Village, North Crosby Township, Leeds County, formerly in Johnstown District, Canada West. Located 45 miles northwest of Brockville, the County Seat, on the Rideau Canal and 18 miles southwest of Perth. Post office established as WESTPORT in 1841. First Postmaster Walter Whelan. Office still in operation in 1983. WESTPORT Incorporated as a Police Village June 23rd, 1900 by Bylaw #790. A listing in 1962 shows the place as WESTPORT (SAND) LAKE. Religious parish name ST. EDOUARD. Present approved name is WESTPORT. Population 300 in 1857 and 647 in 1972. Map position: 44°41' 76°26'. References: B, I, M, C, AA, EE, O, 5K, 7A, 9F and 8P.

MANHEIM, SEE: MANNHEIM, Waterloo County.

MANILLA, SEE: HAM'S CORNERS #2, Victoria County.

MANILLA JUNCTION, Victoria County. A station on Grand Trunk Railway. The nearest post office is named Manilla. The station has an express and telegraph office. Population 200 in 1893. References: U10.

MANILLA STATION, dispersed rural community, Mariposa Township, Victoria County. Located 16 miles west of Lindsay, the County Seat, 5 miles east of Sunderland and 7 miles northwest of Little Britain. Post office established 1879 and named MANILLA STATION. First Postmaster Alverey M. Ashton. In 1882 the post office name was changed to CRESSWELL. Office closed by 1969. Station at this place called MANILLA STATION, located at the junction of the Main line and the Whitby branch of Midland division of Grand Trunk Railway. In 1908 name misspelled as CROSSWELL. Present approved name is CRESSWELL. Population 600 in 1886 and 48 in 1976. Map position: 44°17' 78°58'. References: I, S, 2L, 5V, 8E, B, T, S, Z, 3B, 3R, 5U, 5L, 9F and 7D.

MANION, hamlet, Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located 4 miles west of Perth Station on CPR. Post office established as MANION in 1884. First Postmaster D. Dion. Office closed October 16th, 1918. No recent references to this place. Population 50 in 1892 and 75 in 1926. References: I, S, AA, MM, PP, 5P and 6T.

MANION CORNERS, dispersed rural community, within Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 5 km southeast of Corkery and 10 km southwest of Almonte. Present approved name is MANION CORNERS. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 45°15' 76°04'. References: V and 5L.

MANION SETTLEMENT, Huntley Township, Carleton County. Established in 1875 by J. Manion and Thomas Mordy families. No recent reference to this place. Date of reference 1879. References: UU.

MANION TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°12' 90°21'. References: V.

MANITOBA YARD, This is the name of the holding or car marshalling yard at Belleville, Ontario which is owned by CNR. Date of entry 1982. References: S.

MANITO HOTEL, SEE: MANITOU LODGE, Nipissing District.

MANITOU, Another name is MANITOU HYDRO PROJECT. In Patricia Portion, Kenora District. Population 339 in 1956. In 1894, this settlement was engaged in gold mining. References: R1 and 5E.

MANITOUALIN, SEE: EKAENTOUTON, Manitoulin District.

MANITOU DOCK, dispersed rural community, Conger Township, Parry Sound District. Located 29 kilometres from Parry Sound, 5 miles south of Sans Souci, 5 km south of Copperhead and 13 km west of Moon River. Mail is by steamer daily. Summer post office named MANITOU DOCK established July 4th, 1932. First Postmaster F.B. Wallis. Office closed by 1971. Present approved name is MANITOU DOCK. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 45°07' 80°07'. References: B, U, 5L, V, 6T and 9F.

MANITOU FALLS, dispersed rural community, located west of Lac Seul, Kenora District. Located 15 miles southwest of Ear Falls, 112 kilometres from Red Lake Road and 172 kilometres from Dryden. Post office named MANITOU FALLS established July 28th, 1954. First Postmaster Hugh A. Jackson. Office closed April 30th, 1956. Present approved name is MANITOU FALLS. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 50°35' 93°26'. References: U, V, 5L and 6T.

MANITOU ISLANDS, SEE: EKAENTOUTON, Manitoulin District.

MANITOULIN (DISTRICT OF), Area 1,588 square miles and has 13 Townships.The name Manitou means "the Great Spirit." The District Seat is Gore Bay. The Territorial District of Manitoulin consists of the towns of Gore Bay and Little Current, the Geographic townships of: Allan, Assiginack, Barrie Island, Bidwell, Billings, Burpee, Campbell, Carlyle, Carnarvon, Cockburn Island, Dawson, Gordon, Howland, Humboldt, Killarney, Mills, Robinson, Rutherford, Sandfield, Sheguiandah and Tehkummah, and the islands named: Badgeley, Bedford, Burnt, Centre, Clapperton, Club, Crescent, Duck, East Rous, Fitzwilliam, George, Great Cloche, Green, Heywood, Hog, Iroquois, Little Cloche, Lonely, Lucas, McGregor, Philip Edward, Rabbit, Sampson, Squaw, Strawberry, Vankoughnet, Vidal, Wall, Wardrope, Wells, West Rous and Yeo, also the municipal townships of: Assiginack, Barrie Island, Billings, Burpee, Carnarvon, Cockburn Island, Gordon, Howland, Rutherford and George Island, Sanfield and Tehkummah, together with other remaining territory. The Territorial District of Manitoulin forms the Provisional Judicial District of Manitoulin. Population 3,000 in 1871 and 7,144 in 1980. References: HH, 2Y, 10E, 9H and 2I.

MANITOU LODGE, Nipissing District, near Chesterville. Name changed to MANITO HOTEL July, 1952. This place also on the CN boatline. No recent reference to this place. References: U and SS.

MANITOU PARK, suburban community. Located east of Sault Ste. Marie, Algoma District. Present approved name is MANITOU PARK. Map position: 46°32' 86°16'. References: V+.

MANITOU RAPIDS INDIAN RESERVE #11, Located west of Emo, Rainy River District and 42 kilometres west of Fort Frances. This reserve belongs to the Rainy River Band under Grand Council Treaty #3. The language is Ojibway. Area of the reserve is 6,076 acres. Population 192 in 1976 and 445 in 1978. Map position: 48°39' 93°55'. References: R3 and V.

MANITOUWABING LAKE, hamlet, McKellar Township, Parry Sound District Population 30 in 1976. References: 3B.

MANITOWADGE, concentrated rural community, within the Improvement District of Manitouwadge. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1975. Erected into a Township by Ontario Municipal Board Order #M73206, dated March 1st, 1974. This place is also known as MANITOUWADGE LAKE (1971). Founded and Incorporated in 1953. A base metal discovery was responsible for settlement of the place. It is on CNR and CPR, 28 miles south of Hillsport, 30 miles north of Hemlo, 280 miles northeast of Port Arthur and 29 miles west of Hornpayne. MANITOUWADGE post office in the Port Arthur postal district, established February 1st, 1956. First Postmistress Mrs. Arthur Gangnon. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is MANITOUWADGE. Population 2,006 in 1961 and 3,507 in 1976. Map position: 49°07' 85°50' References: 5L, R1, HH, 2T, 2U, 3B, 5A, 2Y, M, 6V and 6T.

**MANITOUWADGE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT.** Thunder Bay District. Map Map position: 49°10' 85°55' References: V.

MANITOUWANING. SEE: MAHNETOOAHNING, Algoma District.

**MANLEY,** sometimes spelled as **MANLY,** dispersed rural community in McKillop Township, Huron County. Located 5 miles from Beechwood, 4 miles from Broadhagen and 10 kms from Dublin. Post office established as **MANLEY**, on May 1st 1909. First Postmaster Conrad Eckart. Office closed September 1st 1913. Present approved name is **MANLEY**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 43°36' 81°14' References: U, 6T, 5L and V.

**MANNHEIM,** dispersed rural community, Lot 1, Bleam's Road, Wilmot Township, Waterloo County later within the Regional Municipility of Waterloo. Located 6 miles south of Berlin (later Kitchener), the County Seat (1907) and 4 miles from Petersburg (1875). Post office established named **MANNHEIM** in 1863. First Postmistress N. Huether. Office closed on August 15th 1925. Name sometimes misspelled as **MANHEIM**. Present approved name is **MANNHEIM**. Population 100 in 1886 and 274 in 1976. Map position: 43°24' 80°33'. References: B, I, A, T, S, 2F, 3B, 3N, 5L, V and 6T.

**MANNING TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°09' 83°26' References: V.

**MANN ISLAND,** located in Lake Nipissing lying between Nipissing District, Ontario and Pontiac County, Quebec, to the east of Cobalt. Date of reference 1908. References: PP

**MANNROSS TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°36' 94°18' References: V.

MANN'S POINT, SEE: KEMPENFELDT, in Simcoe County.

**MANN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°50' 81°00' References: V.

**MANOMIN,** dispersed rural community, Rainy River District. Located 5 km southeast of Burditt Lake, 12 km northeast of Off Lake Carner and 15 km northwest of Northwest Bay. Present approved name is **MANOMIN**. No population shown for 1976. Map position: 48°54' 93°46' References: 5L and V.

**MANORDALE,** a suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 4 km northwest of Merrivale Gardens, 6 km east of Trend Village and 16 km southwest of Ottawa. Present approved name is **MANORDALE**. No population shown for 1976. Map position: 45°20' 75°46' References: V and 5L.

**MANOR PARK #1,** an urban community in Westminster Township, Middlesex County, later Part of City of London. Present approved name is **MANOR PARK**. Population 136 in 1956. Map position: 42°58' 81°16'. References: 5E and V.

**MANOR PARK #2,** urban community, in Russel County, later Part of the City of Ottawa, in Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carlton. This is a suburban post office of Ottawa. Re-located 4 miles distant on May 28 1952. On April 7th, 1952, the sub-post office was named **OTTAWA-MANOR PARK** and located at 65 St. Laurent Boulevard. First Postmaster Norbert LaRochelle. No recent reference to post office. Map position: 45°28' 75°39'. References: 6V and 6T.

**MANOR VILLIAGE,** suburban community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **MANOR VILLAGE**. Map position: 45°02' 75°46'. References: V.

**MANOTICK,** concentrated rural community, North Gower Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 15 miles south of Ottawa, the County Seat and 3 1/2 miles west of Manotick Station on the CPR. Post office established as **MANOTICK** on May 1st 1864. First Postmaster G.L. Parker. Office is still in operation in 1983. The religious parish name for this place **STE. BRIGITTE**, sometimes spelled **ST. BRIGETTE**. Manotick was Incorporated as a Police Village January 31, 1903 by Bylaw #472. Police Village

status dissolved by legislation effective January 1st, 1974, Regional Municipality of Carleton Act, See 5, RSO, 1970 and reverted to the Township of Rideau. This place is mapped on the four corners of the Townships of Nepean, Gloucester, Osgoode and North Gower. (See Township names for amalgamation changes.) First settler in this place John Clothier and the founder of the Village was Mr. M. K. Dickenson who named it Manotick, an Indian name, meaning "long island". This place is on the Rideau canal, on Highway #16, on CPR railway, the station name being **MANOTICK STATION**. Present approved name is **MANOTICK**. Population 500 in 1886 and 1,410 in 1976. Map position: 45°13' 75°41'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 2Y, V, 5L, SS, UU, 9L, 9F, 7D, 7L and 9G.

**MANOTICK STATION**, dispersed rural community, Osgoode Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 12 miles south of Ottawa and 5 km from Manotick. Post office established as **MANOTICK STATION** in 1889. First Postmaster William Fitzsimmons. Office closed November 30, 1956. Manotick, the station, has some history: The first station was built in 1854; that building was replaced in the late 1920's by the station house from Kemptville Station which was moved on a railway flatcar. The station operated from 1855-1957 and the post office moved from the station to Potvin's General Store in the 1930's, and later to Manotick Village. Present approved name is **MANOTICK STATION**. Population 100 in 1892 and 88 in 1976. Map position: 45°15' 75°37' References: B, I, S, U, AA, 3B, 5L, V, 5T, 6T and 9C.

**MANSEFIELD**, SEE: **MANSFIELD**, Simcoe County.

**MANSEWOOD**, dispersed rural community, Esquesing Township, Halton County, later Part of Town of Halton Hills in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 3 miles north of Milton, the County Seat. Post office established as **MANSEWOOD**, in 1878. First Postmaster Abraham Wooding. Office closed June 1st 1914. Present approved name is **MANSEWOOD**. Population 50 in 1892. No population shown for 1976. Map position: 43°33' 79°54' References: B, I, S, AA, 6T, V, 5V and 5P.

**MANSFIELD #1**, dispersed rural community, Mulmur Township, Simcoe County (until January 1st, 1882), then Dufferin County. Located on the Boyne River, 21 miles north of Orangeville, the County Seat, 10 miles north of Aliston and 6 miles from Everett. Post office opened as **MANSFIELD** on December 31st, 1858. First Postmaster W. Colquhoun. Office still operating in 1983. First settlers in Mansfield were the Gallaghers. The place was named for the Manse of the Glebe Church, and has been misspelled as **MANSEFIELD**. Present approved name is **MANSFIELD**. Population 50 in 1886 and 106 in 1976. Map position: 44°10' 80°02'. References: I, S, AA, MM, 3X, 5L, O, V, T, 2E, 9F and 7D.

**MANSFIELD #2**, dispersed rural community, Goulbourne Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 5 km south of Stanley Corners, 6 km northeast of Munster and 7 km northwest of Richmond. Present approved name is **MANSFIELD**. Population 50 in 1976. Map position: 45°12' 75°54'. References: B, 3B, 5L and V.

**MANSFIELD #3**, urban community, McNab Township, Renfrew County, later Part of Town of Arnprior. Located 2 km west of Arnprior, 8 km southwest of Sandy Point and 13 km northeast of Pakenham. Present approved name is **MANSFIELD**. Population 444 in 1941 and 1,128 in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 76°22'. References: 3B, 5A and V.

**MANSFIELD AND DOCKHART AREA**, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Population 1,128 in 1971 and 1,182 in 1976. References: 3B.

**MANTHA** SEE: **MARTINS SIDING**, Muskoka District.

**MANVERS #1**, a dispersed rural community, in Manvers Township, Durham County. Located 6 miles from Bethany, 35 miles north of Cobourg, the County Seat. Post office established as **MANVERS**, on May 6th, 1851. First Postmaster David Gairdner. Before September 1st, 1861, the post office name was changed to **BALLYDUFF**. Post office closed April 1st, 1914. Local names for this place in the early years were **BALLYDUFFJAMES** or **BALLY JAMES DUFF** and were for the first settler who was James Harrison. The single name Ballyduff is derived from a place in Ireland. Present approved name is **BALLYDUFF**. Population 100 in 1875 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 78°39'. References: I, A, 3J, 3Z, V, 2C, 8Q, S, 5L, 6T and 7D.

**MANVERS #2**, hamlet, Manvers Township, Victoria later Durham County. Located 7 km east of Ballyduff, 5 km northeast of Pontypool and 6 km south of Bethany. Present approved name is **MANVERS**. Population 31 in 1971 and 32 in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 78°35'. References: B, 3B, 5L and V.

**MANVERS STATION**, settlement, in Manvers Township, Durham County. Located 35 miles northwest of Cobourg, the County Seat. It has a station on the Ontario Quebec division of the C.P.R. and is 18 miles southwest of Peterborough. Post office opened as **MANVERS STATION** in 1885. First Postmaster W.H. Johnston. Office closed July 1st, 1918. Population 100 in 1892 and 25 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, AA, FF, 5P and 6T.

**MANVERS TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Durham County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P5259-68, dated March 14th, 1968. This Township was originally in Newcastle District, Canada West and was surveyed in the years 1816-1817. Population 2,568 in 1852 and 3,468 in 1980. This Township was annexed to the County of Victoria on January 1st, 1974, when the Regional Municipality of Durham was formed. Map position: 44°08' 78°40'. References: C, HH, 3G, 1P, M, 2W, V+, V, and 9I.

**MAPLE#1**, SEE: RUPERT, York County.

**MAPLE #2**, urban community, Part of City of Burlington in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Present approved name is **MAPLE**. Map position: 43°20' 79°39'. References: V.

**MAPLE AVENUE**, settlement in Rama Township, Ontario County, later in Simcoe County. Present approved name is **MAPLE AVENUE**. Map position: 44°40' 79°21'. References: B and V.

**MAPLE BEACH** , dispersed rural community, Brock Township, Durham County, formerly Thorah Township, Ontario County. The settlement is located north of Port Bolster, on Lake Simcoe, 7 km south of Beaverton, 8 km north of Pefferlaw and 12 km west of Cannington. In 1974, Thorah Township Amalgamated with the Village of Beaverton, Village of Cannington and Township of Brock to form the Township of Brock, which is now within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **MAPLE BEACH**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 79°11'. References: B, U, 5L and 3G.

**MAPLE CITY**, SEE: RUPERT, York County.

**MAPLEDORAM TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°10' 85°55'. References: V.

**MAPLE GROVE #1**, hamlet, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 12 miles north of London, the County Seat. Lucan 5 miles northwest is the nearest railway also 6 miles from Brecon on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office opened as **MAPLE GROVE** in 1881. First Postmaster Thomas Bunn. Office closed June 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **MAPLE GROVE**. Population 100 in 1885. Map position: 43°09' 81°17'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3R, V, 6T and 5V.

**MAPLE GROVE #2**, dispersed rural community, Darlington Township, Durham County, later Part of Town of Newcastle, within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Highway #2, west of Bowmanville. In 1974, Darlington Township Amalgamated with the Town of Bowmanville, the Village of Newcastle and the Township of Clarke, to form the Town of Newcastle. Present approved name is **MAPLE GROVE** Population 118 in 1951 and 550 in 1971. After 1976, population included in Town of Newcastle. Map position: 43°55' 78°44'. References: B, 3G, 3B and V.

**MAPLEGROVE #3**, hamlet, Cornwall Township, Stormont County. The nearest post office was Mille Roches, 1 1/2 miles distant and 4 miles from Cornwall. Population 100 in 1875 and 85 in 1951. No recent reference to this place. References: A, DD, 3B and 3R.

**MAPLEGROVE #4**, SEE: LEEDS #2, Leeds County.

**MAPLEGROVE #5**, station, Oakland Township, Brant County. Map position: 43°03' 80°20'. References: V.

MAPLE GROVE #6, dispersed rural community, Amaranth Township, Dufferin County. Located 9 km southwest of Shelburne, 17 km southeast of Dundalk and 18 km northeast of Grand Valley. Present approved name is MAPLE GROVE. Map position: 44°03' 80°17'. References: V and 5L.

MAPLE GROVE #7, SEE: THE FRASER SETTLEMENT, Grey County.

MAPLEGROVE #8, hamlet, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located on Lake Simcoe, 2 km south of Big Bay Point, one km north of Glenhaven Beach and 16 km from Barrie across Kempenfeldt Bay. No population shown for 1976. Present approved name is MAPLEGROVE. Map position: 44°24' 79°32'. Reference: 5L.

MAPLE GROVE #9, SEE: VINELAND, Lincoln County.

MAPLE HILL #1, dispersed rural community, Brant Township, Bruce County. Located 3 1/2 northeast of Walkerton, the County Seat and 2 1/2 west of Grand Trunk Railway at Hanover Station. Post office opened as MAPLE HILL in 1866. First Postmaster R.B. Clement. Office closed April 14th, 1923. In 1907, there were daily stages to Walkerton, which cost 10 cents, and to Hanover, which cost 15 cents. Present approved name is MAPLE HILL. Population 100 in 1875 and 250 in 1892. No population shown for 1976. Map position: 44°09' 81°05'. References: B, I, A, S, AA, 5L, 4F, V and 6T.

MAPLE HILL #2, hamlet, East Gwillimbury Township, York County. Located on Boag Road at Cattering Road, southwest of Ravenshoe, 3 km west of Alder, 5 km southeast of Jersey, 6 km southeast of Cook's Bay on Lake Simcoe and 10 km southeast of Keswick. Present approved name is MAPLE HILL. No population shown for 1976. Map position: 44°11' 79°25'. References: 3G and 5L.

MAPLE HILL #3, dispersed rural community, Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Located 2 km southwest of Brewer Lake, 5 km southeast of Battersea and 8 km northwest of Sunbury. No population shown for 1976. Present approved name is MAPLE HILL. Map position: 44°24' 76°21'. Reference: V.

MAPLEHURST, settlement, on Lake Rosseau in Muskoka District. It is reached by steamers of the Muskoka Navigation Company which stops at Gravenhurst and Muskoka Wharf.(1908) This place is a suburb of Rosseau and consists chiefly of a much frequented hotel for tourists and summer visitors. Sometimes known by the name of MAPLEHURST HOTEL. Population 15 in 1893. No recent references to this place. References: PP and U10.

MAPLEHURST POINT, Humphrey Township, Parry Sound District. Date of this entry 1972. Reference: B.

MAPLE ISLAND, dispersed rural community, McKenzie Township, Parry Sound District. Located 32 miles northeast of Parry Sound, and 8 miles from Ahmic Harbour. Post office opened as MAPLE ISLAND in 1880. The First Postmaster was Edward Cannell. Post Office closed February 23rd, 1922. Present approved name is MAPLE ISLAND. Population 200 in 1892: 56 in 1956 and 11 in 1976. Map position: 45°42' 79°52'. References: B, I, S, AA, 5E, 5L, V, 5V and 6T.

MAPLE LAKE, SEE: MILL HILL, Victoria County.

MAPLE LAKE PARK, SEE: MAPLE LAKE TRAILER PARK, Oxford County.

MAPLE LAKE STATION, station, Christie Township, Parry Sound District. Located 15 miles east of Parry Sound, The station is named MAPLE LAKE STATION and is on the Ottawa & Parry Sound Branch of the Grand Trunk Railway. Settled in 1899 by the Railway. Post office opened as MAPLE LAKE STATION, on June 1st, 1897. First Postmaster John Sword. Post office name changed in July of 1925 to SWORDS. Office closed February 1967. Swords is designated a railway point (1974). Present approved name is SWORDS. Map position: 45°21' 79°47'. References: S, 6T, 6T, 9J, V and 9F.

MAPLE LAKE SURVEY, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Population 542 in 1956. References: 5E.

MAPLE LAKE TRAILER PARK, Blandford-Blenheim Township, Oxford County. Located 2 km west of Windfall, 5 km northeast of Innerkip and 15 km northeast of Woodstock. Sometimes shown as MAPLE LAKE PARK, but neither name is approved. Population 112 in 1976. Map position: 43°13' 80°40'. References: 3B and 5L.

MAPLE LANE #1, dispersed rural community, Egremont Township, Grey County. Located on a branch of the Maitland River, 6 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Holstein Station (1908). Post office opened as MAPLE LANE on March 1st, 1907. First Postmaster J.R. Philp. Office closed June 1st, 1913. Present approved name is MAPLE LANE. Map position: 44°04' 80°38'. References: PP, V, 7K, 5L and 6T.

MAPLELANE #2, urban community, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is MAPLELANE. Map position: 43°12' 79°59'. Reference: V.

MAPLELANE ANNEX, urban community, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is MAPLELANE ANNEX. Map position: 43°12' 79°59'. Reference: V.

MAPLE LAWN, dispersed rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 1 km south of Hemlock Downs, 2 km northeast of Kingston Mills and 10 km north of Kingston. Post office opened as MAPLE LAWN May 1st, 1907. First Postmaster John Hogan. Office closed in 1915. Present approved name is MAPLE LAWN. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 76°28'. References: B, V, 7K and 9F.

MAPLE LEAF #1, dispersed rural community, Wicklow Township, Hastings County (1974), formerly Bangor, McClure and Wicklow Townships, Hastings County (1971). Located 8 km from Maynooth, 5 1/4 miles from Maynooth Station and 1 1/4 miles from Greenview. Post office opened under the name MAPLE LEAF, May 1st, 1917. First Postmaster Joseph B. Davis. Office still operating in 1983. Population 139 in 1951 and 92 in 1976. Present approved name is MAPLE LEAF. Map position: 45°16' 77°50'. References: B, U, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

MAPLE LEAF #2, post office, South Dorchester Township, Middlesex County,formerly (1895) in Elgin County and (in 1872) in Oxford County. Located on Catfish Creek, 11 miles from Woodstock, 2 miles from Vandecar, 15 miles east of St. Thomas and one mile from Belmont Station on CPR. Post office opened as MAPLE LEAF on March 1st, 1893. First Postmaster James Meikle. Office closed April 22nd, 1898. Population 40 in 1875. No recent references to this office. References: I, 7G, 7B, A, Z and 9F.

MAPLE LEAF PARK, urban community, Part of City of Welland within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is MAPLE LEAF PARK. Map position: 42°57' 79°15'. References: V.

MAPLE LEAF STATION, SEE: MAPLE LAKE STATION, Parry Sound District.

MAPLE LODGE, locality, McGillivray Township, Middlesex County. Located 20 miles northwest of London, the County Seat, 1 miles from Lucan Crossing on Grand Trunk Railway and 4 miles east of Ailsa Craig Station. Post office opened as MAPLE LODGE in 1874. First Postmaster Alexander W. Smith. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved locality name is MAPLE LODGE. Population 100 in 1892 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 43°10' 81°28'. References: B, I, S, AA, PP, 6T, V and 5V.

MAPLE PARK SUBDIVISION, urban community, also know as MAPLE PARK, Thorold Township, Welland County, later Part of the City of Welland within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is MAPLE PARK SUBDIVISION. Population 86 in 1956. Map position: 43°00' 79°17'. References: 5E and V.

MAPLE RIDGE #1, dispersed rural community, Ridout Township, Muskoka District. Located 25 miles northeast of Bracebridge, 13 km northeast of Pine Springs, 7 km west of Browns Brae, 6 km southwest of Dorset and on Lake of Bays. Post office opened as MAPLE RIDGE in 1885. Sometimes misspelled as MAPLE RIDE. First Postmaster Thomas R. Silverthorn. Office closed June 1st, 1911. Present approved name is MAPLE RIDGE. Population 25 in 1885 and 15 in 1892. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 45°13' 78°58'. References: I, S, AA, PP, 3R, 5L, 7S, 6T, V and 5P.

MAPLE RIDGE #2, dispersed rural community, Winchester Township, Dundas County. Located 4 km east of Winchester,

7 km southwest of Chesterville and 10 km north of Winchester Springs. Present approved name is **MAPLE RIDGE**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 75°18'. References: SS, 5L and V.

MAPLE ROW, settlement, East Hawkesbury Township, Prescott County. Present approved name is MAPLE ROW. No population shown for this place. Map position: 45°30' 74°32'. References: B and V.

MAPLETON #1, dispersed rural community, Yarmouth Township, Elgin County, later South Dorchester Township. Located 8 miles northeast of St. Thomas, the County Seat and 4 miles north of Michigan Central Railway at Kingsmill Station. Post office opened as **MAPLETON** on September 1st, 1856. First Postmaster B. Wilson. Office closed March 1st, 1914. Population 70 in 1875 and 49 in 1976. Present approved name is **MAPLETON**. Map position: 42°49' 81°04'. References: B, I, A, S, PP, 3M, 6T and V.

MAPLETON #2, Town, on border of Elma and Wallace Townships, Perth County. Located 27 miles north of Stratford, the County Seat, 34 miles from Berlin (later Kitchener), 22 miles from Mitchell and on both sides of the east branch of the Maitland River. Another name for this place was **WINDHAM**. Post office named **LISTOWEL** opened June 1st, 1856. Early spelling of the name was LISTOWELL. First Postmaster W.H. Hacking. Office still in operation in 1983. Office is named for the Town of Listowel in Kerry County, Ireland. Incorporated as a Village July 4th, 1866. Proclaimed a Town, November 4th, 1874. First settler John Binning in January of 1852. An early settler was John Livingstone, brother of the famous Dr. David Livingstone, missionary and explorer in Africa. There were 14 telephones in use in 1885 and 12 in 1891. Present approved name is **LISTOWEL**. Population 200 in 1857, 700 in 1886 and 4,918 in 1980. Map position: 43°44' 80°57'. References: B, I, M, T, S, EE, DD, HH, 2T, Y, 2Y, 3M, 5K, 7B, V, 1W and 7D.

MAPLE VALLEY #1 (Simcoe County), SEE: OSPREY, Grey County.

MAPLE VALLEY #1, dispersed rural community, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located 35 miles southwest of Barrie, the County Seat, 8 miles southwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Creemore Station and 16 km from Dundalk. Post office opened in 1851 as **OSPREY** in Grey County. Name changed to **MAPLE VALLEY** in 1867, by Joseph Dick the first Postmaster when he moved the office across the road into Simcoe County. The Maple Valley office closed March 31st, 1925. He named the place Maple Valley to distinguish it from his last post office which was Maple, in York County. Population 40 in 1885 ;100 in 1893 and 14 in 1976. Present approved name is **MAPLE VALLEY**. Map position: 44°16' 80°14'. References: B, I, S, U, JJ, 6T, 3R, U10, V and 7D.

MAPLE VALLEY #2, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 8 km southeast of Ardtrea, 11 km east of Washago and 21 km west of Waubaushene. Present approved name is **MAPLE VALLEY**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 79°28'. References: B, 5L and V.

MAPLE VIEW, dispersed rural community, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Located on the Trent River, 6 miles from Central Ontario Railway at Frankford Station, 11 km southwest of Stirling and 2 km south of German Landing. Post office opened as **MAPLE VIEW**, April 1st, 1899. First Postmaster John Bruyea. Office closed June 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **MAPLE VIEW**. Population 100 in 1908, no figures shown for 1976. Map position: 44°15' 77°40'. References: B, PP, V, 7H, 5L and 6T.

MAPLEWOOD #1, dispersed rural community, West Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 16 miles northwest of Woodstock, the County Seat and 8 miles south of Stratford, also 10 km. from Tavistock. Post office established as **MAPLEWOOD** on January 1st 1874. First Postmaster Christopher G. Bean. Office closed April 1st 1916. Population 40 in 1886: 50 in 1926 and 13 in 1976. This place was named for the huge maple trees in the area. Present approved name is **MAPLEWOOD**. Map position: 43°16' 80°54'. References: B, I, T, S, U, MM, V, 5L, 6T, 5Y, 7D.

MAPLEWOOD #2, hamlet, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Nearest post office, 3 miles, at Proton. Population 30 in 1875. No recent refereces to this place. Reference: A.

MAPLE WOOD #3, SEE: VINELAND, Lincoln County.

**MAR**, dispersed rural community in Albemarle Township, Bruce County. Located 65 miles north of Walkerton, the County Seat, 8 miles northwest of Grand Trunk Railway at Wiarton Station. Post office established as **MAR** on April 1st 1870. First Postmaster Edward White. Office still in operation in 1963. Post office name given by the postal inspector who gave the name Mar as an abbreviation of "Braemar" for the Scotch people in the area. Present approved name is **MAR**. Population 132 in 1891 and 177 in 1951. Map position: 44°49' 81°13'. References: B, I, S, AA, PP, 3B, V, 5W, 9F.

**MARA**, a post office in Mara Township, Home District, later Ontario County. Located 9 miles from Portage Road in 1875. Post office established October 6th, 1842 and named **MARA** for the Township. First Postmaster Michael McDonagh. This office closed when the Brechin office opened prior to September 30, 1863. No recent references to this place. References: I, A, 3M and 8F.

**MARA BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Ontario County, later Simcoe County. Located on Lake Simcoe, 5 km northwest of Gamebridge, 7 km west of Talbot and 10 km northwest of Beaverton. Present approved name is **MARA BEACH**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 44°31' 79°12'. References: B, 5L and V.

**MARA STATION**, Mara Township, Ontario County. Located 25 miles from Barrie. Located on the Northern Railway, Muskoka Branch. Date of the reference 1875.No further reference to this station. Reference: A.

**MARATHON #1**, dispersed rural community, Fitzroy Township, Carleton County, later West Carleton Township, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 25 miles west of Ottawa, the County Seat, 9 miles east of Pakenham Station on the CPR and 4 miles from Kinburn Station on the Ottawa & Parry Sound division of the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MARATHON**, in 1864. First Postmaster Samuel Woods. Post office closed April 2nd, 1913. This place was named for Marathon, Greece. Present approved name is **MARATHON**. Population 60 in 1875 and 77 in 1908. Map position: 45°21' 76°08'. References: I, T, 3R, V, 4C, S, AA, PP, 5K and 6T.

**MARATHON #2**, SEE: **PENINSULA**, Thunder Bay District.

**MARATHON PAPER MILL**, station, Gill Township, Cochrane District. In February 1945, the name was changed to **STEVENS**. Located 16 km southeast of Canadian Northern Railway at Longlac Station. In May of 1949 Can.Northern Railway again changed the name of the place to **HAFSTROM**. The Canadian Geographic Names Board have withdrawn their decision on the name, which usually shows that the place is abandoned, however, there is a current listing for population under the name Stevens which would indicate that this is the place name. Present approved name is **STEVENS**. Population 233 in 1956 and 124 in 1972. Map position: 49°49' 84°21'. References: 8S, V, 5K, R2, O, 5E and OPCGN.

**MARA TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Ontario County. Incorporated as a Township on January 1st, in 1850. Quieting Order M1038, dated August 24 1955. This Township was surveyed in 1821, the first part by J.D. Chewitt and completed in 1836 by Robert Ross. First settler in 1823 was Patrick Corrigan. Area 60,588 acres. This Township originally was in Home District, Canada West. Located on the east shore of Lake Simcoe, north of Thorrah Township and south of Rama Township. Annexed to the County of Simcoe on January 1st 1974 when Ontario County was dissolved and became Part of the Regional Municipality of Durham. Population 215 in 1840, 2,695 in 1871, and 3,673 in 1980. Map position: 44°35' 79°11'. References: W2, C, HH, 3G, M, V and 1R.

**MARATHON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Cochrane District. Incorporated as an Improvement District on December 30th, 1946 and Incorporated as a Township on January 1st, 1970 by Municipal Board Order #P9057-69 and P9733-69, dated October 31st 1969. Map position: 48°56' 80°21'. References: R1, M and V.

**MARATHON VILLAGE**, hamlet, West Carleton Township, Ottawa-Carleton Region. Located one km northeast of Marathon, 7 km southeast of Kinburn and 18 km west of Ottawa. Present approved name is **MARATHON VILLAGE**. Population 189 in 1976. Map position: 45°22' 76°07'. References: B, 5L and 3B.

**MARBLE BLUFF**, post office, Darling Township, Lanark County. Located 3 1/2 miles from Tatlock and 3 1/2 miles from Brightside. Post office established as **MARBLE BLUFF**, on July 1st, 1910. First Postmaster James Milne. Office closed May 15, 1919. Name changed to **QUARRYVILLE**. Present approved name is **QUARRYVILLE**. Map position:

45°09' 76°31'. References: B, SS, 6T and V.

MARBLE ROCK, dispersed rural community, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 30 miles west of Brockville, the County Seat, and 4 miles north of Gananoque on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MARBLE ROCK, on February 1st 1872. First Postmaster George Emery. Office closed January 1st, 1858. Present approved name is MARBLE ROCK. Population 70 in 1885 and 32 in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 76°09'. References: B, I, 5L, AA, 3B, 3R, V, 7G and 5X.

MARBURG, SEE: VICTOR, Norfolk County.

MARCEAU TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 81°47'. References: V.

MARCH, SEE: MARCH CORNERS, Carleton County.

MARCH CORNERS, hamlet in March Township, Dalhousie District, later Carleton County. Located 22 miles west of Ottawa, the County Seat, and 9 miles from Grand Trunk Railway at Carp Station. MARCH post office established in 1824 in Upper Canada. First Postmaster Thomas Read (misspelled as Reid). Office closed December 10th, 1913. Religious parish name for this place, ST. ISIDORE. Although there is no documentation for it, it is stated that the first post office opened was named NORTH MARCH, with the first Postmaster being a Mr. Goodman. Population 50 in 1857, 70 in 1875, and 300 in 1908. References: I, A, G, S, EE, PP, SS, 3S, 6T, UU and 7X.

MARCHHURST, dispersed rural community, March Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 17 miles southeast of Ottawa, the County Seat and 2 1/2 miles from Carp Station on the Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MARCHHURST, in 1882. First Postmaster G. Rivett. Office closed October 7th, 1914. Present approved name is MARCHHURST. Population 100 in 1892 and 57 in 1956. Map position: 45°22' 76°00'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3R, 5E, 6T, V 5L and 5P.

MARCHMONT, sometimes spelled MARCHMOUNT, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 24 miles northeast of Barrie, the County Seat amd 6 miles northwest of Orillia. Post office established as MARCHMONT, on October 1st, 1861. First Postmaster F. Kean. This place was settled in 1833 by W.O. Hume who named it for his native place in Ireland. Office closed August 1st, 1915. Present approved name is MARCHMONT. Population 300 in 1860 and 99 in 1976. Map position: 44°37' 79°30'. References: B, I, A, S, AA, JJ, 3B, 3N, V, 2E, 5L and 6T.

MARCHMOUNT, SEE: MARCHMONT, Simcoe County.

MARCH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Carleton County. First settler in 1819, Captain Laudel. The first mills in the Township were built by Hanmeit Pimhay. Area 27,993 acres. Map position: 45°23' 75°57'. References: V and UU.

MARCH TOWNSHIP, Incorporated as a Township on January 1st, 1850. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1978, C55. Registered as CITY OF KANATA by Ontario Registry #905/78, effective December 1st, 1978. This Township was originally in Dalhousie District, Canada West. Population 1,125 in 1852. References: C, HH, M and 2W.

MARCHVILLE, SEE: CHAMBLE CORNERS, Welland County.

MARCONI TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 80°45'. References: V.

MARDEN, dispersed rural community, Guelph Township, Wellington County. Located 4 1/2 miles northwest of Guelph, the County Seat and having a station named Marden Station on Harrisburg & Southampton Branch of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MARDEN, on September 1st, 1859. First Postmaster C. McD. Blyth. Office closed November 1st, 1914. In March, 1927, the Railroad name changed to PORTAN.The post office was named for the Village of Marden in the County Kent, by one of the origin settlers. Present approved name is MARDEN. Population 125 in 1886 and 36 in 1971. Map position: 43°36' 80°18'. References: 5L, B, I, T, S, 3B, PP, 3X, SS, 6T, V and 7D.

MARENTETTE BEACH, dispersed rural community, Mersea Township, Essex County. Present approved name is MARENTETTE BEACH. Population not shown for 1976. Map position: 42°00' 82°30'. References: 5L and V+.

MARGACH, a railway point, Jaffray Township, Kenora District. This place was named for William Margach, a Crown Timber Agent, who in 1889 moved to Kenora. Margach is a station on CPR in Kenora District on the mainline at mile 1623 being east of Scovil Station (6 miles) at an altitude of 1,155 feet above sea level. Located 10 kilometres east of Kenora and the name has been approved by the Geographic Board of Canada in 1957. This place was misspelled on one map as RIRGACH. Present approved name is MARGACH. Map position: 49°46' 94°21'. References: R2, PP, L1, V, Elinor Barr, D and David Jones.

MARGACH PIT STATION, station, Jaffray and Coyle Township, Kenora District. Located on Ignace Division of CPR. Station number 5184, between the stations of Scovil and Kenora, in 1911. No recent reference to this station. References: 10B.

MARGARET TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°17' 82°09'. References: V.

MARGO LAKE, dispersed rural community, southeast of Appendix Lake, Thunder Bay District. Located 16 km northeast of Longlac, 26 km north northeast of Caramat and 38 km southwest of Jobrin. Present approved name is MARGO LAKE. Population not shown for 1976. Map position: 49°48' 86°20'. References: 5L and V.

MARIATOWN, concentrated rural community, Williamsburgh Township, Dundas County, also shown as MARIA TOWN. In 1851 situated on Williamsburg Canal, Williamsburg Township, Canada West. Located 21 miles from Prescott and 29 miles from Cornwall. Settled in the 1830s and mail for this place was sent to West Williamsburg for pick up. in 1835. Before civil courts were installed Common Law was administered by the captain in command, in this area, Captain Duncan. It was he who named the settlement in honour of his daughter Maria. At one time Mariatown was the main centre before Morrisburg grew. Present approved name is MARIATOWN. Population 100 in 1846 and 102 in 1976. Map position: 44°53' 75°12'. References: B, G, 3B, 5B, 3H, 2A, 5L and V.

MARIA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Map position: 46°10' 78°04'. References: V.

MARIGOLD POINT, SEE: MERIGOLD'S POINT, Peel County.

MARINA ESTATES, hamlet, Georgina Township, York County. Located on Lake Simcoe, 3 km northwest of Pefferlaw, 12 km northeast of Sutton and 13 km southwest of Beaverton. Population 34 in 1976.Present approved name is MARINA ESTATES. Map position: 44°20' 79°10'. References: 5L and 3B.

MARION, SEE: CHIPPEWA #1, Algoma District.

MARION LAKE, Rainy River District. Located 34 kilometres east of Atikokan. Population 13 in 1978. Map position: 48°41' 91°15'. References: R2.

MARION TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°48' 82°17'. References: V.

MARIONVILLE, SEE: ST. THERESE, Russell County.

MARIPOSA #1, SEE: HAM'S CORNERS #2, Ontario County.

MARIPOSA #2, dispersed rural community, Mariposa Township, Victoria County. Located 2 miles from Little Britain, 5 miles east of Manilla Junction and 7 miles southwest of Lindsay. MARIPOSA STATION served by Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Present approved name is MARIPOSA. Population 200 in 1983, 30 in 1908 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 78°52'. References: U10, B, MM, S, PP and 5L.

MARIPOSA BEACH, dispersed rural community, Rama Township, Simcoe County, formerly in Ontario County. Located on Lake Couchiching, 2 km north of Rama Road and 9 km south of Washago. Present approved name is MARIPOSA

For references see Works Cited.

**BEACH.** Population not shown for 1976. Map position: 44°39' 79°21'. References: B, 5L and V.

**MARIPOSA STATION,** station, Mariposa Township. Victoria County. Located one mile from the village of Mariposa and 5 miles from Cannington. No recent references to this station. References: 5L and 8E.

**MARIPOSA (TOWNSHIP OF),** Municipal Township, Victoria Township, Colborne District. Incorporated as a Township, January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P5260-68, dated March 14, 1968. This Township in Canada West (1848). Area 72,800 acres. This Township borders on northeast shore of Lake Simcoe. Surveyed in 1821 and probably named by Sir Peregrine Maitland after the Spanish word for butterfly. Population 3,195 in 1852 and 4,799 in 1980. Map position: 44°20' 78°55'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, V and 7V.

**MAJORIE TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°52' 83°55'. References: V.

**MARKDALE,** SEE: EAST GLENELG, Grey County.

**MARKET HILL,** SEE: McLAUGHLIN MILLS, Peel County.

**MARKHAM,** Town, Markham Township, York County, later within the Town of Markham Regional Municipality of York. Located 21 miles northeast of Toronto, the County Seat (1907), in 7th and 8th Concessions of the Township of Markham, on the banks of River Rouge, also 10 miles from Scarboro' Station on Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. This place is situated at highways #7 and #48. Originally settled by Pennsylvania Dutch who came about 175 years ago (1808) and named for William Markham, Bishop of Chester, England. First settler William Berczy from New York state, In 1792. Post office established as **MARKHAM** on January 6th, 1829. First Postmaster Archibald Barker. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as a Village on November 20th, 1872, as a Town January 1st, 1969. In 1971 when York Region was established Markham Township was annexed partly by Town of Markham, Town of Richmond Hill and Town of Whitchurch-Stouffville, then the old Town of Markham, the Police Village of Thornhill and Unionville and the rest of the Township amalgamated to form Town of Markham. Markham amalgamated Mount Joy Police Village on January 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **MARKHAM.** Population 300 in 1846, 1,000 in 1886, 4,294 in 1966 and 67,209 in 1980. Map position: 43°52' 76°16'. References: B, I, G, M, T, S, EE, MM, HH, 2T, 2R, 3G, 6O, V, 3S, 3G, 7X and 9L.

**MARKHAM MILLS,** settlement, on the Little Rouge River, Markham Township, York County. Located 24 miles northeast of Toronto, the County Seat and 3 miles north of Markham on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established August 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Peter Milne. Office was named **MILNSVILLE.** Office closed 1887. Present approved name is **MARKHAM MILLS.** Population 125 in 1875 and 64 in 1966. Map position: 43°53' 79°16'. References: B, I, A, AA, 3K, 5A and V.

**MARKHAM MUNICIPALITY,**
includes the communitites of:

Unionville
Mount Joy, in 1984. Reference: F.

**MARKHAM ROAD,** station, Markham Township, York County. Located on Grand Trunk Railway, 11 miles from Toronto. Date of reference 1900. References: PP.

**MARKHAM TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, York County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Statute 1970, C50. Annexed Part to **TOWN OF MARKHAM,** Part to **TOWN OF RICHMOND HILL** and Part to **WHITCHURCH-STOUFFVILLE,** effective date January 1st, 1971. A historical note: Markham Township is settled principally by Germans and in this tract are some good mills built on a branch of the river Nen (1799). Population 3,070 in 1830, 7,720 in 1852 and 5,500 in 1878. This Township was originally in Home District, Canada West. Post offices in Markham Township in 1878 were Stouffville, Dollar, Headford, Victoria Square, Buttonville, Brown's Corners, Yarmley's Corners, Almira, Cashell, Mongolia, Milnesville, Belford, Box Grove, Cedar Grove, Milliken, Haggerman's Corners. Map position: 43°53' 79°18. References: HH, 2W, M, V, 2J and 7W.

**MARKSTAY**, concentrated rural community, Hagar Township, Sudbury District. Located 24 miles southeast of Sudbury, 75 miles west of Callendar and on Veauve River. It has a station on CPR, main line at an altitude of 690 feet above sea level, at mile 2487 between the stations of Wanapitae and Veauve River, in Hagar Township, Algoma District (1895). Post office established as **MARKSTAY**, January 1st, 1892. First Postmaster A. S. Lefebvre. Markstay post office in Nickel Belt Postal District still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MARKSTAY**. Population 63 in 1895 and 521 in 1976. Map position: 46°29' 80°22'. References: I, SL, G, AA, Z, 3B, PP, L1, V, 6Z, 8K and 9F.

**MARKS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°22' 89°49'. References: V.

**MARKSVILLE**, Port of Call, St. Joseph's Island, Algoma District. Located near Richardson Landing and opposite Bruce Mines Station on CPR, 37 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie and 1/4 mile from Hilton Dock on Lake Huron. Post office established as **MARKSVILLE** in 1879. First Postmaster John Marks for whom the post office is named. John Marks was also a customs officer, holding both these positions until his death in 1894. There was a small government dock 1/4 mile from Marksville where the boats called and on boat timetables this was called **HILTON DOCK**. This caused a great deal of trouble of mail because instead of putting Marksville they put Hilton on their mail and sometimes the mail ended up in older Ontario where there was another Hilton and sometimes in Manitoba. To overcome this situation, in July, 1921 the post office name was changed to **HILTONBEACH**. In May, 1956 the spelling was changed to two words **HILTON BEACH**. Office still in operation in 1983. Local name at times is **HILTON**. Hilton Beach was Incorporated as a Village May 8th, 1923. Present approved name is **HILTON BEACH**. Population 150 in 1907, 200 in 1893 and 226 in 1960. Map position: 46°15' 83°53'. References: I, S, SS, 5B, 6T, AA, U10, M, HH, 2T and 7D.

**MARLBANK**, SEE: **ALLAN MILLS #2**, Hastings County.

**MARLBORO'**, SEE: **MARLBOROUGH SETTLEMENT**, Carleton County.

**MARLBOROUGH #1**, suburban community near Cornwall, Frontenac County. References: SS.

**MARLBOROUGH #2**, hamlet, Oxford County. This place has now lapsed. Date of the reference 1870. References: 2Y.

**MARLBOROUGH SETTLEMENT**, Marlborough Township, Carleton County. Located 26 miles north of Brockville, the County Seat and 5 miles north of Merrickville Station on CPR on the Rideau Canal. In 1857 shown on the borders of the Township of Oxford and Marlborough and the Counties of Carleton and Grenville. This place was settled in 1784 by Colonel Stephen Burritt, a United Empire Loyalist and a true friend to the Indian. By 1820 this place was known as **DANIEL BURRITT'S RAPIDS**, an error. Also miscelled at times as **BARRITT'S RAPIDS**. Post office established as **BURRITT'S RAPIDS**, in John's Town District, Upper Canada on October 6th, 1839. First Postmaster Stephen Burritt. Burritt's Rapids post office still in operation in 1983. Now designated as a dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Population 358 in 1857 and 156 in 1976. Present approved name is **BURRITTS RAPIDS**. Map position: 44°59' 75°48'. References: UU, I, F, S, EE, 3B, 2Y, 2D, 3S, V, UL, 7Y, 6P, 9F, 7X and 7D.

**MARLBORO' TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Carleton County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1852. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C93. Amalgamated by Rideau Township January 1st, 1974. This Township was originally in Dalhousie District, Canada West. First settler Stephen Burritt. Population 2,253 in 1852. Map position: 45°04' 75°49'. References: C, M, 2W, V and UU.

**MARLIN CENTRE**, South Sandwich Township, Essex County. Population 83 in 1951. References: 5E.

**MARMION**, SEE: **SHARON #3**, Grey County.

**MARMORA**, SEE: **MARMORA IRON WORKS**, Hastings County.

**MARMORA AND LAKE TOWNSHIPS**, Hastings County. Incorporated as a Township on January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Population 1,507 in 1980. References: M and HH.

**MARMORA IRON WORKS**, a Village in Lake and Marmora Township, Hastings County. Formerly in Victoria District, Upper Canada. Located 32 miles northwest of Belleville, the County Seat and 2 miles north of Marmora Station on Central Ontario Railway, also on Crow River. Post office named **MARMORA IRON WORKS** opened in 1821. First Postmaster Charles Hayes. By 1823, the post office was named **MARMORA**. Office still in operation in 1983. This name is the latin name for plural marble and named for the marble quarries in the area. Marmora was Incorporated as a Village on January 1st, 1901. Population 400 in 1857 and 1,307 in 1980. Religious parish name for this place is **SACRE COEUR DE JESUS**. The station at this place is Marmora Station on C.N.R. modern location at the junction of Hwy. #7 and #14. Present approved name is **MARMORA**. Population 200 in 1851 and 1,326 in 1976. Map position: 44°29' and 77°41'. References: B, I, M, S, EE, HH, 2T, 2Y, SS, 5K, 5L, V and 7X.

MARMORA STATION, railway point, Marmora Township, Hastings County.No population shown in 1976. Present approved name is **MARMORA STATION**. Map position: 44°30' and 77°39'. Reference: V.

MARMORA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Hastings County. This early Township was in Victoria District, Canada West and was named in 1820. Population 635 in 1852. Map position: 44°32' and 77°40'. References: C, 2W, 5K and V.

**MARNE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°55' and 84°10. References: V.

MARNOCK, later spelled as **MARNOCH**. A dispersed rural community in East Wawanosh Township, Huron County. Located 22 miles northeast of Goderich and 4 miles west of Belgrave Station on the Clinton, Wingham and Kincardine section of Grand Trunk Railway also 5 miles from Wingham Junction. Post office established as **MARNOCK**, on September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster P. Porterfield. Post office closed January 1st, 1914. This office was named for P. Porterfield for his native parish of Marnoch, Banffshire, Scotland. Present approved name is **MARNOCH**. Population 40 in 1886 and 15 in 1976. Map position: 43°50' and 81°26'. References: I, T, S, FP, 3Z, 6T, V 5L and 7D.

**MARQUETTE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°11' and 81°49'. References: V.

**MARQUIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°59' and 80°04'.References: V.

**MARRIOTT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°30' and 79°35'. References: V.

MARR'S HILL, SEE: **MAR'S HILL**, Welland County.

MARSBORO SURVEY, Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, later within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 6 km northeast of Copetown, 9 km northwest of Hamilton and 12 km southwest of Waterdown. The place name is not approved. Population 70 in 1956 and 112 in 1976. Map position: 43°16' 80°00'.References: 3B, 5A, 5L and 5E.

MARSHALL BAY, hamlet, Fitzroy Township, Carleton County, later in Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located on the Ottawa river, 2 km east of Arnprior and 4 km west of Galetta. Present approved name is **MARSHALL BAY**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°26' 76°18'. References: 5L.

MARSHALL PARK, urban community, within the City of North Bay, Nipissing District. No population shown for 1976. Present approved name is **MARSHALL PARK**. Map position: 46°17' and 79°26'. References: V+.

MARSHALLS BAY, dispersed rural community, Carleton District later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 5 kilometres from Arnprior. Present approved name is **MARSHALLS BAY**. Map position: 45°26' and 76°18'. References: U and V.

MARSHALL'S CORNERS, locality, Ingram Township, Timiskaming District. Located 17 km east of Englehart, 18 km

northeast of Earlton and 26 km southeast of South Mindoka. Present approved name is **MARSHALL'S CORNERS.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°50' and 79°39'. References: 5L and V+.

**MARSHALLTOWN,** SEE: HOG'S BACK #2, Simcoe County.

**MARSHALL TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°58' and 83°26'. References: V.

**MARSHAY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°11' and 81°25'. References: V.

**MARSHFIELD,** dispersed rural community in Colchester Township, Essex County. Located 18 miles from Walkerville and 5 km north of Harrow. Post office named **MARSHFIELD** established October 1st, 1904. First Postmaster John Pollard. Office closed March 9th, 1912. **MARSHFIELD STATION** on Pere Marquette Railway. Present approved name is **MARSHFIELD.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°05' and 82°55'. References: S, PP, 6T, V, 5L and 7J.

**MARSH HILL #1,** Reach Township, Ontario County, now Scugog Township, Regional Municipality of Durham. A dispersed rural community in 1974. Located between Highways #7 and #12 to the east; #10 Sideroad to the west; north of Highway#47, and 5 1/2 miles northeast from Uxbridge on Midland Railway (1886). Post office established as **MARSH HILL** on September 1st, 1869. First Postmaster named James DeGeer. Post office closed September 1st, 1913. In 1974 Reach Township amalgamated with the Village of Port Perry the Township of Cartwright and the Township of Scugog to form the Township of Scugog in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **MARSH HILL.** Population 25 in 1885 and 100 in 1892. No population shown for 1976. Map position: 44°09' and 79°04'. References: B, 3G, 3R, V, 6T, I, AA, 5W and 7B.

**MARSH HILL #2,** dispersed rural community in Sidney Township, Hastings County. It is located 9 miles northwest of Belleville the County Seat and near Foxboro on GTR. Post offfice established in 1886 and named **CHATTERTOWN.** First Postmaster Egbert Mott. Postoffice closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **CHATTERTON.** Population 50 in 1895 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 44°15' and 77°29'. References: AA, B, I, S, Z, MM, V, 6T, 5T and 5L.

**MAR'S HILL,** dispersed rural community Wainfleet Township, Welland County, sometimes shown in Monck Electoral District. Located 15 miles southwest of Welland the County Seat and 2 1/2 miles south of Wellandport Station on Michigan Central Railway. Postoffice opened as **FORKS ROAD,** in 1880. First Postmaster Enoss Marr. Office closed February 27th, 1915. Present approved name is **FORKS ROAD.** Population 100 in 1895 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 42°57' and 79°28'. References: I, S, Z, MM, V, 5V, 6T and 5L.

**MARSH TOWNSHIP,** SEE: TOWNSHIP 44, Sudbury District.

**MARSHVILLE,** SEE: CHAMBLE CORNERS, Welland County.

**MARSHVILLE STATION,** railway point Wainfleet Township, Welland County later in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 3 miles north of Marshville and 8 miles west of Welland Junction. The nearest post office **MARSHVILLE** (1892). **MARSHVILLE STATION** post office established August 1st, 1911. First Postmaster Percy Haymes. Office closed October 16th, 1912. Marshville Station is on the loopline of Great Western Railway later GTR. Present approved name is **MARSHVILLE STATION.** No population shown for this place. Map position: 42°57' and 79°23'. References: S, AA, 6T and V.

**MARS MILLS,** settlement, Haldimand County. Located 2.5 miles from Montague Station on Michigan Central Railway. Population 100 in 1908. No recent reference to this settlement. References: PP.

**MARSTON,** SEE: VENISON CREEK SETTLEMENT, Norfolk County.

**MARSVILLE,** dispersed rural community East Garafraxa Township, Dufferin County. Located 10 miles southwest of Orangeville the County Seat, 13 miles from Fergus, 6 miles from Hillsburgh Station on Toronto, Orangeville and Elora section of CPR, and also 8 miles from Cataract Junction. Post office opened as **MARSVILLE** in 1873. First

Postmaster W.J. McCormack. Office closed February 15th, 1916. This place was named by John Carroll about 50 years prior to 1905. Present approved name is **MARSVILLE**. Population 80 in 1886 and 40 in 1976. Map position: 43°50' and 80°13'. References: I, T, S, 3B, PP, V, 5L, 6T, 7D, and 4L.

**MARTEL,** SEE: **MARTEL CORNERS**, Russell County.

**MARTEL CORNERS,** dispersed rural community in Cambridge Township, Russell County. Located 5 miles north of Casselman Station, 8 km southeast of Bourget and 10 km east of Ste. Rose de Prescott. Post office established on April 1st,1906 as **MARTEL CORNERS**. First Postmaster Ferdinand Martel. Office closed on November 19th, 1927. Present approved name is **MARTELS CORNERS**. No Population shown for this place. Map position: 45°22' and 75°07'. References: MM, 7T, 6T, V and 7D.

**MARTEL TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 5 D**, Algoma District.

**MARTEN FALLS INDIAN RESERVE #65,** located at the Albany & Ogoki Rivers, Kenora District. Located 170 kilometres northeast of Nakina. The Marten Falls Band own this Reserve under Grand Council Treaty #9. Area 1,920 acres. Ojibway is the language of the Reserve. Population 112 in 1976 and 91 in 1978. Map position: 51°40' 85°55'. References: 5L, R3 and V.

**MARTEN RIVER,** dispersed rural community, Sisk Township, Nipissing District(1974), formerly in Sisk & McLaren Township (1951). Located 66 kilometres from North Bay and 23 miles south of Timagami. Post office named **MARTEN RIVER** established November 1st, 1950. First Postmaster Nicholas G. Mennear. Office is still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MARTEN RIVER**. Population 65 in 1951 and 25 in 1976. Map position: 46°44' 79°49'. References: U, 3B, V, 6T,5L and 9F.

**MARTER,** dispersed rural community, Marter Township, Timiskaming District. Located 4 miles northwest of Englehart, 18 km southeast of Boston Creek and 20 km north of Earlton. Post office named **MARTER** after the Township, established June 1st, 1910. First Postmaster J. P. Garnett. Office closed February 1st, 1957.Present approved name is **MARTER**. Population 22 in 1976. Map position: 47°53' 79°48'. References: 6T, 5L and V.

**MARTER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°54' 79°49'. References: V.

**MARTHAVILLE,** dispersed rural community, Enniskillen Township, Lambton County. This settlement is northwest from Petrolia, 2 1/4 miles distant and developed at the site of an oil field in 1872. A local name for this place was **OIL CREEK** in the 1870's. Located 13 miles southeast of Sarnia, the County Seat. Post office established at Lot 9, Concession 13 of Enniskillen Township and opened April 1st, 1865, named **COPLESTON**. The name **MARTHAVILLE** was rejected by the post office since there was another post office of that name in Canada. First Postmaster Richard P. Smith. Office closed October 31st, 1942. Present approved place name is **MARTHAVILLE**. Population 100 in 1875 and 121 in 1971. Map position: 42°54' 82°10'. References: B, AA, 3B, V, 7V, A, I, S, 2Z, 5E, 5L, 4F, 6T and 6S.

**MARTIN,** railway point, McNevin Township, Kenora District. Located 125 miles northwest of Port Arthur, 5 miles west of English River and 30 miles east of Ignace. **MARTIN STATION** is located on CPR mainline at an altitude of 1,557 feet above sea level, at mile 1790 of the track and being between stations of Bonheur and English River. Present approved name is **MARTIN**. Population 5 in 1961 and 57 in 1966. Map position: 49°15' 91°08'. References: R2, S, PP, L1, 5A, V, 6Z and 8K.

**MARTIN & HENRI TRAUTRIM SUBDIVISION,** Alice & Fraser Township, Renfrew County. Located 2 km northwest of Pembroke and 10 km southeast of Petawawa. Present approved name is **MARTIN AND HENRY TRAUTRIM SUBDIVISION**. Population 58 in 1976. Map position: 45°50' 77°10'. References: 3B and 5L.

**MARTIN CORNERS,** dispersed rural community, Admaston Township, Renfrew County. Located 7 km east of Admaston, 10 km northeast of Shamrock and 17 km south of Cobden. In 1974 the name was changed to **MARTINS CORNER**. Present approved name is **MARTINS CORNERS**. Population not shown for 1976. Map position: 45°28' 76°54'. References: 5L

and V.

**MARTINDALE HEIGHTS**, urban community, Part of City of St. Catharines, formerly in Grantham Township, Lincoln County and 3 kilometres from St. Catharines. Located 3 miles south of Port Dalhousie. Post office named **MARTINDALE HEIGHTS** established August 8th, 1947, located at Plan 172, Concession 5 of Grantham Township. First Postmaster Vincent D. Chermiak. On August 1st, 1954, the status of the post office was changed to a sub-post office of St. Catharines (#10). Present approved name is **MARTINDALE HEIGHTS**. Map position: 43°10' 79°16'. References: U, V and 6T.

**MARTIN FARM**, dispersed rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 6 km northeast of Edgar, 10 km northwest of Hawkestone and 14 km southeast of Orillia. Post office established as **MARTIN FARM**, in 1909. First Postmaster Walter Martin. Office closed December 14th, 1912. Present approved name is **MARTIN FARM**. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 79°34'. References: 6T, 9F, 5L and 7D.

**MARTIN GROVE GARDENS**, urban community, Part of Borough of Etobicoke, in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Present approved name is **MARTIN GROVE GARDENS**. Map position: 43°42' 79°34'. References: V and HH.

**MARTINS**, dispersed rural community, Stisted Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Huntsville. **MARTINS STATION** at mileage 109.7, Refrew Subdivision of Canadian National Railway, later in the Town of Huntsville, in the District Municipality of Muskoka. This is a flag station with no agent and located 4 miles from Aspdin. Post office established as **MARTINS SIDING** . On May 11, 1926 CNR proposed that the name be changed to **MANTHA**. The change in the station names has not taken place to 1983. Present approved name is **MARTINS**. Population 55 in 1961 and 45 in 1966. Map position: 45°17' 79°19'. References: B, 5A, 6V, V and 7D.

**MARTINS CORNER**, SEE: **MARTIN CORNERS**, Renfrew County.

**MARTINS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 2 km northeast of Cardinal Creek Project, 5 km southwest of Cumberland and 8 km northwest of Navan. Present approved name is **MARTINS CORNERS**. Population not shown for 1976. Map position: 45°30' 75°27'. References: V and 5L.

**MARTINS GROVE**, Woolwich Township, Waterloo County. Population 73 in 1961 and 195 in 1971. References: 3B and 5A.

**MARTINS LANDING**, Limerick Township, Hastings County. Date of the entry February, 1978. References: B.

**MARTIN'S MILLS #1**, Trafalgar Township, Halton County, later in the Town of Milton, Halton Region. First settler Sarah and Jasper Martin in 1821. In 1822, Jasper Martin built a frame grist mill and farmers started bringing their wheat to **JASPER'S MILL** and began referring to the community as **MARTIN'S MILLS**. Located on 16 Mile Creek, 10 miles north Bronte Station on the Great Western Railway (1857), 38 miles from Toronto and 22 miles from Hamilton. Local name for this place **MILL TOWN**, also **MILLTOWN**. In 1837, the Village was Incorporated and named **MILTON**. In 1857, it was Incorporated as Town under the same name. In 1891, the place was being referred to as **MILTON WEST**. Post office established April 6th, 1836. First Postmaster George Brown. Milton post office is still in operation in 1973. Present approved name is **MILTON**. Population 250 in 1846, 1,500 in 1892 and 24,163 in 1980. On January 1st, 1974 the **TOWN OF CENTRAL HALTON**, formed by Town of Milton plus annexed Part of Township of Nassagaweya, Part of Town of Esquesing, Part of Town of Oakville and Part of Town of Burlington. The **TOWN OF CENTRAL HALTON** name was changed to **TOWN OF MILTON** , January 1st, 1974. This place has also known as **MILTON MILLS** and **MILL-TOWN**. In 1909, Peter L. Robertson established his socket head screw nail factory in Milton. The post office name **MILTON WEST** was officially changed to **MILTON** on March 23rd, 1962. Map position: 43°31' 79°53'. References: 1B, B, I, G, M, T, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3S, V, C and 9A.

**MARTINS MILLS #2**, dispersed rural community, Portland & Loughborough Townships, Frontenac County. Located 4 miles from Hartington Station on Kingston & Pembroke Railway and 26 miles north of Kingston, the County Seat. Post office established as **HOLLEFORD**, in 1894 (in Addington County). Office named for Holle ford, a ford in Ireland. The place was named Martins Mills for the first settler Charles M. Martin who owned a saw mill.

First Postmaster J. D. Redford. Office closed on February 1st, 1914. Present approved name is HOLLEFORD. Population 167 in 1971 and 186 in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 76°37'. References: 7D, B, I, Z, MM, PP, V and eT.

MARTINS SIDING. SEE: MARTINS, Muskoka District.

MARTIN SUBDIVISION. Pickering Township, Ontario County. Population 123 in 1961 and 214 in 1971. After 1976, the population included in Town of Pickering in Regional Municipality of Durham. References: 3B, 5A and HH.

MARTINTOWN. Police Village, Charlottenburg Township, Glengarry County. Located 17 miles from Cornwall, 5 miles from Apple Hill Station on CPR and 11 miles from Lancaster Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MARTINTOWN in 1824. First Postmaster Alexander McMartin. Office still in operation in 1983. Martintown established in 1820's and named for the McMartin family. Incorporated as Police Village on December 4th, 1916 by County Bylaw #1635. Incorporation was dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order R7271, December 7th, 1972 effective January 1st, 1973, and reverted to the Township of Charlottenburg. Religious parish name ST. ITA'S. Present approved name is MARTINTOWN. Population 452 in 1857 and 336 in 1976. Map position: 45°29' 74°41'. References: B, I, G, S, EE, 3B, 5B, V, 9L, 8S, 5L, 7D and 7L.

MARTIN TOWNSHIP. Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°44' 84°05'. References: V.

MARTINVILLE #1, station, Bayham Township, Elgin County. Located 18 miles from St. Thomas and 15 miles from Port Burwell. The only business listed Martin Moore, general store. This reference is dated 1851. No recent reference to this station. References: EE.

MARTINVILLE #2. hamlet. Medonte Township. Simcoe County. Located 5 km east of Hillsdale, 9 km north of Craighurst and 21 km southeast of Midland. Present approved name is MARTINVILLE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 79°52'. References: 5L.

MARTLANDS. dispersed rural community. Martland Township, Sudbury District. Located 3 1/2 miles from Noseville, 2 1/2 miles from Crosby, 4 km east of Noelville and 9 km northwest of Welsale, Bay. Post office established as MARTLANDS. on September 1st, 1910. First Postmaster A.G. Chartrand. November 1st, 1910 office name was changed to CHARTRAND CORNER for the Postmaster. Office closed May 10th, 1941. Present approved name is CHARTRAND CORNER. Population 22 in 1971 and 44 in 1976. Map position: 46°08' 80°23'. References: 6T, 8S, 3G, V and 5L.

MARTLAND TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Sudbury District. Incorporated as Township in 1901. First Census of Canada. Incorporation dissolved. O.4403, dated September 25th, 1951. This Township was Incorporated into the Township of Cosby, Mason and Martland on January 1st, 1952. Map position: 46°07' 80°02'. References: HH, M and V.

MARTYR'S HILL. name changed to BREBOEUF. This place is in Simcoe County. Breboeuf was last listed in November, 1915 railway guide. Near Midland. References: 8S.

MARTYRS SHRINE, dispersed rural community. Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 kilometres from Midland. Post office established as MARTYRS SHRINE, on June 1st, 1931. First Postmaster T. J. Belanger. Office still in operation in 1973. June of 1926. the CNR was asked to locate a new station at a point between Tay Junction and Tiffin Station on the Midland Subdivision of CNR. The religious authorities promoting this stop, asked the name be MARTYRS SHRINE. Present approved name is MARTYRS SHRINE. Population 6 in 1972 and 10 in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 79°50'. References: 6, V, eT, 5L and 7D.

MARVELVILLE, dispersed rural community, Russell Township, Russell County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 46 miles southwest of L'Orignal, the County Seat, 12 miles from Russell Station on the Ontario and New York Railway Line and 12 miles from South Indian Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MARVELVILLE, on January 1879 with Samuel Chesney as Postmaster. Office closed June 1969. Office located on Lots #5 and #6 of Russell Township and Lots #35 and #36 of Osgoode

Township on the boundary of those two Townships. Common local name for this place was **CORNER**. Present approved name is **MARVELVILLE**. Population 50 in 1892 and 60 in 1907. Population not shown for 1976. Map position: 45°13' 75°22'. References: B, I, S, AA, 5L, PP, V, 5V and 9C.

**MARVEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°23' 81°10'. ReferenceGs: V.

**MARVIN HEIGHTS**, urban community, 1958 subdivision northeast of Malton, now Part of City of Brampton. Map position: 43°43' 79°39'. References: 3C and V.

**MARYBORO #1**, SEE: PEEL or MARYBORO, Wellington County.

**MARYBORO #2**, SEE: MARYBOROUGH, Wellington County.

**MARYBOROUGH #1**, Village, Township of Maryborough, Wellington County. Located 30 miles northwest of Guelph, the County Seat, 4 miles east of Moorefield Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 6 miles northwest of Drayton. Post office opened as **ROTHSAY** on July 1st, 1856. First Postmaster William West. Office closed in 1972. Maryborough town site was laid out, and named, by Charles Allen. Present approved name is **ROTHSAY**. Population 240 in 1886 and 78 in 1976. Map position: 43°48'80°42'. References: 7B, B, I, T, S, 3B, 3M, 9F and 9J.

**MARYBOROUGH #2**, railway point, Maryborough Township, Wellington County. Present approved name is **MARYBOROUGH**. Map position: 43°44' 80°48'. References: V.

**MARYBOROUGH (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Geographic Township, Wellington County. Incorporated as Township on the first Monday of January, 1854. This Township was in Wellington District, Canada West (1848). Area 58,771 acres. Surveyed by Patrick Callaghan in 1849. First settler Mr. Rols in 1848. Population 994 in 1852 and 2,262 in 1980. Map position: 43°45' 80°45'. References: C, HH, 2W, M and V.

**MARYDALE**, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Population 181 in 1951. References: 3B.

**MARYGOLD POINT**, SEE: MERIGOLD'S POINT, Peel County.

**MARYGROVE**, hamlet, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located on Georgian Bay, one km north of Coutnac Beach and 12 km north of Penetanguishene. Present approved name is **MARYGROVE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 79°54'. References: 5L.

**MARYHILL**, SEE: NEW GERMANY, Waterloo County.

**MARY LAKE**, hamlet, Stephenson Township, Victoria County, later Muskoka District. Located 14 miles north of Bracebridge, 2 miles west of the Grand Trunk Railway at Utterson, 24 miles north of Gravenhurst and 135 miles north of Toronto. Post office opened as **MARY LAKE** on October 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Henry Gladell, later corrected to Henry G. Ladell. Office name changed to **PORT SYDNEY**, on January 1st, 1874. Office still in operation in 1984. Incorporated as the Village of Port Sydney in 1934 and detached from Stephenson Township. On January 1st, 1971, Port Sydney amalgamated with the Town of Huntsville. Population 25 in 1885 and 184 in 1972. Present approved name is **PORT SYDNEY**. Map position: 45°13' 79°17'. References: A, 7B, 5X, I, M, S, HH, 5V, 3R, 5T, PP, V and Murray J. Milburn, present postmaster, 1984.

**MARYSBURGH**, SEE: TOWN #5, Prince Edward County.

**MARYSBURG SOUTH TOWNSHIP**, Incorporated as Township in January 1879, Prince Edward County, having an acreage of 23,741 acres. First settlers were the Moncks, Hubbs and Clapps. Date of reference 1878. References: 1F.

**MARYSBURG TOWNSHIP**, Incorporated as Township on January 1st, 1850. Incorporation dissolved and the Township Separated into South Marysburgh Township and North Marysburgh Township on January 1st, 1871. Township originally surveyed in 1784 having an acreage of 41,200 acres. Population 3,512 in 1852. References: 2W, M and 6O.

MARYSFIELD, SEE: GRANTVILLE, Peel County.

MARYSTOWN, Village, Biddulph Township, Middlesex County. Located 17 miles north of London, the County Seat and being on CNR and Highway #4, also 56 miles northeast of Sarnia. Post office opened as LUCAN, on June 1st, 1857. First Postmaster C.R. Ashbury. Named LUCAN after Lucan in Ireland. Office still in operation in 1983. Incorporated as Village September 20th, 1871. LUCAN STATION is on Grand Trunk Railway. It was near here, in Biddulph Township that the homestead of the Donnelly family existed, who between 1847 and 1880 were involved in one of Canada's bloodiest feuds. From 1830 to 1835 this place was the site of the Black WILBERFORCE COLONY, a refuge for escaped slaves. Present approved name is LUCAN. Population 920 in 1891 and 1,589 in 1980. Map position: 43°11' 81°24'. References: 2S, B, I, M, S, EE, HH, 2T, J, 2Y, 3M, 5K, 6O, V and 1K.

MARYSVILLE #1. SEE: TYENDINAGA, Hastings County.

MARYSVILLE #2, settlement, Wolfe Island Twnship in St. Lawrence River, Frontenac County, 3 miles from Kingston, the County Seat and has a ferry boat service to Kingston in summer. This place was named for Mary Hitchcock. Post office established as MARYSVILLE, in 1845. Mary Hitchcock became the first Postmistress on April 6th, 1845. Office is still in operation in 1983. Population 500 in 1857 and 331 in 1976. Present approved name is MARYSVILLE Population 500 in 1886 and 357 in 1966. Map position: 44°11' 76°26'. References: 5A, 6E, SS, 6E, 5L and F

MARYVALE, urban community, Part of Borough of Scarborough, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto on Concession 1, lots 33 to 35. Map position: 43°46' 79°18'. References: B and 8H.

MARYVALE SURVEY, population 26 in 1971. In 1976 population included in Town of Dundas, Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. References: 3B and HH.

MASHACODE, station on the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway, Algoma District. Located 52 miles from Sault Ste. Marie (1908). Name changed to MASHKODE in 1974. It is a railway point in 25-X11 Township, late Grenoble Township, Algoma District. Map position: 47°02' 84°06'. References: PP, U and V.

MASHKODE, SEE: MASHACODE, Algoma District.

MASKINONGE PARK, concentrated rural community, North Gwillimbury Township, York County, later Georgina Township within the Regional Municipality of York. Located on Lake Simcoe, 3 km south of Keswick and 4 km north of Youngs Harbour. Present approved name is MASKINONGE. Population 42 in 1961 and 45 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 79°36'. References: 3E, 5A and V.

MASON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°03' 80°29'. References: V.

MASONVILLE, urban community, London Township, Middlesex County, later Part of City of London. Located 3 miles north of London, the County Seat. Post office established as MASONVILLE, on February 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Robert Mason. Office closed March 1st, 1914. Present approved name is MASONVILLE. Population 70 in 1886 and 57 in 1956. Map position: 43°02' 81°16'. References: B, I, T, S, MM, 5E, 6T, V and 5Y.

MASSANGA, dispersed rural community, Barrie Township, Frontenac County. Located 8 miles from Hungerford, 20 miles from Kaladar Station on the mainline of CPR and on Highway #41 about 20 miles north of junction of Highway #41 and #7. This place has Algonkin paintings. Post office opened as MASSANGA on July 1st, 1902. First Postmaster John B. Woodworth. On May 1st, 1905 the post office name changed to BON ECHO, a summer post office. Bon Echo summer post office not in operation since season of 1936 is permanently closed January, 1939. This place is on the west shore of Mazinaw Lake. Present approved name is BON ECHO. No population shown for this place. Map position: 44°54' 77°12'. References: B, FF, 2W, SS, V, 6T, 5L and 7R.

MASSANOGA, dispersed rural community, Effingham Township, Lennox & Addington County. Post office established as MASSANOGA, on April 17th, 1939. First Postmaster Wallace Johnston. Office closed August 1st, 1945. Located

15.3 miles south of Denbigh, 14 miles north of Cloyne and 72 km from Tweed. This place was a milltown from 1938 to 1960 when the mill closed. Present approved name is MASSANOGA. Population 43 in 1941 and 87 in 1951. Map position: 44°58' 77°17'. References: B, E, U, V, 3B and 6T.

MASSEY #1, dispersed rural community, McLellan Township, Sudbury District, later Part of Town of Nickel Centre. Located 11 miles from Capreol and 11 miles from Garson Mine on CNR. Post office established as MASSEY BAY on July 1st, 1921. First Postmaster Newton Cryderman. Post office name changed to SKEAD on September 6th, 1924. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is SKEAD. Population 397 in 1951 and 325 in 1971. After 1976 population included in Town of Nickel Centre. Map position: 46°40' 80°45'. References: SS, 6T, 3B and V.

MASSEY #2, Town, The Township of The Spanish River, formerly Salter Township, Sudbury District. Located 12 km east of Walford and 17 km southwest of Webbwood. Post office opened as MASSEY, on November 1st, 1889. First Postmaster D. G. McDonald. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is MASSEY. Population 481 in 1980 and 1,249 in 1982. Map position: 46°12' 82°05'. References: 5L, 9K and HH.

MASSEY BAY, SEE: MASSEY #1 , Sudbury District.

MASSEY STATION, SEE: SABLE LANDING, Sudbury District.

MASSEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°30' 81°47'. References: V.

MASSIE, SEE: MASSIE MILLS, Grey County.

MASSIE MILLS, concentrated rural community, Holland Township, Grey County. Located 15 miles southeast of Owen Sound, the County Seat and 6 miles east of Chatsworth Station on the Owen Sound branch of CPR. Post office opend April 1st, 1864 and named MASSIE. First Postmaster A. Massie. Office named for first postmaster. Office closed August 1st, 1914. Present approved name is MASSIE. Population 40 in 1886 and 33 in 1976. Map position: 44°28' 80°48'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, PP, 3D, 6T, V and 7D.

MASSIER BAY, settlement, Georgian Bay Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 16 km from Waubaushene. The name of this place changed to MACEY BAY in 1972. Present approved name is MACEYS BAY. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 79°46'. References: B, 5L, V and U.

MASTER, station on the Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 733 feet above sea level. This station is in Nipissing District, 222 miles from Montreal and located on the track between stations of Alice and Divide. No recent reference to this station. References: L3 and 8J.

MASTER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°48' 77°38'. References: V.

MASTIGOCHE, post office, Machar Township, Perry Sound District. Nearest Railroad Station is South River, which is located 9 miles south of Trout Creek. Post office established in 1895 and named MANDEVILLE. Postmaster Christopher Nixon (1900). Office closed September 14th, 1932. No further reference to this office. References: I, S, PP, SS and 6T.

MASTIN'S CORNERS, concentrated rural community, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County and Mulmur Township, Dufferin County. Located 30 miles southwest of Barrie, the County Seat and 7 miles southwest of Creemore on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LAVENDER in 1860. First Postmaster Israel B. Mastin for whom Mastin's Corners was named. Office closed October 1921 although the official record still shown in Postal Guide up to June 1924. Present approved name is LAVENDER. Population 120 in 1875 and 150 in 1895. Map position: 44°16' 80°09'. References: 7B, B, I, A, S, Z, 3Y, V and 6T.

MATABANICK, Indian name later an Incorporated Town, Bucke Township, Nipissing District. Located 107 miles north of North Bay, the Judical Seat, 100 miles north of Mattawa Station on CPR and Wabi Bay: later on Highway

116 and highway 11. The Hudson Bay Company opened a post at this site named **FORT TIMISKAMING** in 1875. One of the pioneers, J. J. Farr, purchased 20 acres from an Indian in 1887. He built his house in 1889 and named it for his college in England, **HAILEYBURY**. Post office established as **HAILEYBURY**, in 1889. Office still open in 1987. First Postmaster C.C. Farr. Most early settlers were English from the Ottawa Valley. In 1905 a silver boom caused a large increase in the population and was Incorporated as a Town in that year. In the 1922 'great fire' Haileybury was almost wiped out and never fully recovered. Incorporated as Town July 30th, 1905. Township of Bucke was Incorporated January 18th, 1902. On January 1st, 1971 these two places amalgamated, the Township of Bucke and Town of Haileybury to form the Town of Haileybury, effective date January 1st, 1971. This place apparently did not go through the stages of being Incorporated as a Village at any time. Present approved name is **HAILEYBURY**. Population 100 in 1895, 2,500 in 1907. Map position: 47°27' 79°38'. References: I, E, U, I, 27, 22-1, V and 5+.

MATACHEWAN, SEE: DOKIS TRADING POST, Timiskaming District.

MATACHEWAN IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT, Timiskaming District. Incorporated as Township January 15th, 1947, which Incorporation was dissolved by December 31st, 1962 and reverted back into an unorganized territory. In 1976 by Ontario Municipal Board Order #M75178, dated December 29th, 1975 the unorganized Townships of Kimberly, Yerrow, Cairo, Coon, Midlothian and Powell are erected into **IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF MATACHEWAN**, effective January 1st, 1976. Population 696 in 1977 and 521 in 1980. Map position: 47°57' 80°48'. References: M, HH, R1 and V+.

MATACHEWAN INDIAN RESERVE #72, Timiskaming District. Located 72 kilometres west of Kirkland Lake. The Reserve is now inhabited by the Band. Until recently they had lived in the Improvement District of Matachewan. In 1974 the Department of Indian & Northern Affairs built five homes on the Reserve and another five are to be constructed. Languages are English, French and Ojibway. Population 40 in 1978. Map position: 48°05' 80°38'. References: B, 5L and 9J.

MATAWATCHAN, dispersed rural community, Matawatchan Township, Renfrew County. On Madawaska River, 50 miles south of Pembroke, the County Seat and 30 miles west of Levant Station on Kingston & Pembroke Railway. Post office established as **MATAWATCHAN**, in 1868. First Postmaster John McGregor. Office closed in 1971. Present approved name is **MATAWATCHAN**. Population 100 in 1893 and 107 in 1976 (shown in Griffith & Matawatchan Township). Map position: 45°39' 77°07'. References: I, B, S, 7B, U10, 4E, V, 5L, 9J and 9F.

MATAWATCHAN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Map position: 45°11' 77°05'. References: V.

MATAWIN, station, Thunder Bay District, on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,202 feet above sea level. Located 44.9 miles from Port Arthur, between Rowan Station and Shabaqua Station in 1915. No recent reference to this station. References: L3, 8J and L.

MATCHEDASH, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. In 1799 the river Matchedash, discharged itself into a larger basin called Gloucester or Sturgeon Bay. On a peninsula in this basin some French ruins are still extant. In 1822 Captain Hamilton was the first settler in Matchedash. The Indian name for this place is spelled **MATTUHIDAH**. References: 7W and 2E.

MATCHEDASH TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Simcoe County (1974), formerly in Simcoe District, Canada West (1849). Matchedash Incorporated as a Township on January 1st, 1838 by County Bylaw #426, passed June 14th, 1837. Incidentally the first Matchedash is spelled **MATCHADASH**. The change in name spelling appears to be between 1846 and between 1852. Area 47,433 acres. Population 7 in 1852 and 505 in 1980. Map position: 44°46' 79°34'. References: C, HH, IW, M and V.

MATCHELL'S CORNERS, SEE: MACHELL'S CORNERS, York County.

MATHER, SEE: MATHER'S CORNERS, Peterboro County.

MATHER CORNERS, SEE: MATHER'S CORNERS, Peterboro County.

**MATHERFORD**, settlement, Kingsford Township, Rainy River District. Located 3 1/2 miles from Barnhart and 8 1/2 miles Emo. Post office established as **MATHERFORD**, on June 1st, 1909. First Postmaster E.W. Hoover. Office closed January 1st, Present approved name is **MATHERFORD**. 1911. Map position: 48°44' 93°51'. References: 6T and V.

**MATHERS**, SEE: MATHER'S CORNERS, Peterboro County.

**MATHERS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 9 miles from Peterborough (1872). Mather's Corners was settled by Andrew Mather, in 1836. Post office established as **MATHERS CORNERS**, in 1870. First Postmaster Thomas Mathers. Office closed March 1st, 1872. Place also known as **MATHER** and **MATHERS**. Present approved name is **MATHERS CORNERS**. Population 34 in 1971 and 29 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 78°12'. References: I, A, 5X,7B, 3B, 2M and V.

**MATHER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°47' 93°55'. References: V.

**MATHESON**, SEE: McDOUGALL'S CHUTE, Cochrane District.

**MATHESON STATION**, SEE: McDOUGALL'S CHUTE, Cochrane District.

**MATHESON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 81°00'. References: V.

**MATHIAS**, SEE: MATTHIASVILLE, Muskoka District.

**MATHIEU #1**, station, Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,214 feet above sea level. Located in Rainy River District, 176 miles from Port Arthur, between La Seine Station and Glenorchy Station, also shown east of Rainy Lake, Rainy River District. Present approved name is **MATHIEU**. Map position: 48°45' 92°19', References: L3, 8J, L and V.

**MATHIEU #2**, unincorporated community, Rainy River District. Located 53 kilometres west of Atikokan. No population shown in 1978. Map position: 49°03' 94°10'. References: R2 and V.

**MATHIEU TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 49°03' 94°10'. References: V.

**MATILDA**, hamlet, Matilda Township, Dundas County, later an Incorporated Village. Located 234 miles east of Toronto, 99 miles west of Montreal on the St. Lawrence River, 7 miles west of Morrisburg and 33 miles west of Cornwall, the County Seat. Post office established as **MATILDA** in 1789, in what was then known as New France. First Postmaster John Munro. In 1856 the post office name was changed to **IROQUOIS**. Office still in operation in 1983. Iroquois was Incorporated as a Village, May 27th, 1857 by Act 20, Vic.Cap 101. Iroquois is the site of the Indian Council Meetings with the Iroquois League of Six Nations and where they built their long houses. In 1812 the British erected a fort here. The United Empire Loyalists settled this place in 1776. The Village name Matilda was still in use up to 1872. In 1812 the first British fort was neither finished nor named. There was a second built on the riverbank in 1814, but the expected Yankees did not attack, hence it given the name **FORT NEEDLESS**. The name IROQUOIS for this place is derived from the early French traders or voyageurs, who in twisted humour, noted the idylic, pastoral setting where Indians held council, built canoes and relaxed, and named it after the most warlike tribe that hunted along the banks of the St. Lawrence River. They called it **POINT IROQUOIS**, which was in use shortened to IROQUOIS. Religious parish name **ST. PIE**. In 1958 the construction of the St. Lawrence Seaway moved the whole Town complete to the western end of Lake St. Lawrence. Present approved name is **IROQUOIS**. Population 111 in 1815, 125 in 1851, 1,100 in 1895 and 1,201 in 1980 (in Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry). Map position: 44°51' 75°19'. References: I, 5B, 2W, 7X, M, S, AA, HH, 2T, 2U, SS, V, 7D and Lyn Harlow.

**MATILDA TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Dundas County, formerly in Eastern District, Canada West. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Area 63,200 acres. Population 111 in 1815, 419 in 1852 and 3,178 in 1983. First settlers in this Township were United Empire Loyalists and Township was name-

For references see Works Cited.

for the daughter of King George III. Map position: 44°55' 75°22'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, 2A, V and L. Marlow.

MATLOCK, hamlet, Plympton Township, Lambton County, located 4 miles north of Wyoming Station on Grand Trunk Railway, and 6 miles from Petrolia. Post office established as **MATLOCK**, on March 1st, 1870. First Postmaster John F. Jarmain. Office closed in 1881. Population 50 in 1875. No recent reference to this place. References: I, A, 6H, 2Z, PP and 5W.

MATTABI, SEE: **MATTABI STATION**, Kenora District.

**MATTABI STATION**, railway point. Located southeast of Valora, Kenora District. In 1977, name changed to **MATTABI**. Present approved name is **MATTABI**. Map position: 49°44' 91°10'. References: U, V+ and V.

**MATTAGAMI**, this is an Indian word meaning "where the waters meet." Located in Mountjoy Township, Cochrane District. Post office established as **MATTAGAMI HEIGHTS**, on January 1st, 1912. First Postmaster M.B. McCallom (McCallum). Post office located 3 miles from Aura Lake and it is now Part of City of Timmins. On January 1st, 1963 the post office status changed from a post office to a sub post office of Timmins. Present approved name is **MATTAGAMI HEIGHTS**. Population 646 in 1941 and 1,670 in 1971. After 1976, population included in City of Timmins. Map position: 48°29' 81°22'. References: 3B, DD, 5K, 6T and V.

**MATTAGAMI HEIGHTS**, SEE: **MATTAGAMI**, Cochrane District.

**MATTAGAMI INDIAN RESERVE #71**, District of Sudbury, located on Lake Mattagami. The post office is called **MATTAGAMI RESERVE**. Population 109 in 1976 and 114 in 1978. Map position: 47°53' 81°30'. References: 5L, V and R3.

**MATTAGAMI TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°49' 81°31'. References: V.

**MATTAWA**, Town, Papineau Township, Nipissing District, also a post of the Hudson Bay Company since 1830. Located at the junction of the Mattawa and Ottawa Rivers, 200 miles northwest of Ottawa, 96 miles from Pembroke and 46 miles southeast of North Bay. Mattawa was Incorporated as a Town on April 14th, 1892. Post office established as **MATTAWA** on December 1st, 1856. First Postmaster G. Hunter. Office still in operation in 1963. This place name has been spelled as **MATAWA**, **MATTAWAN** and **MATTAWIN**. The railway name is **MATTAWA STATION** and it is served by CPR main line at an altitude of 563 feet above sea level. Mattawa Station located on the track east of Eau Claire and west of Klock Station. Religious parish name for this place **STE. ANNE**. Present approved name is **MATTAWA**. Population 502 in 1886 and 2,849 in 1976. Map position: 46°19' 78°42'. References: B, I, M, T, S, HH, 2T, 3M, 5K, V, 6Z, 9F and L1.

**MATTAWAN TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Nipissing District. Incorporated as a Township September 3rd, 1887. Quieting Order M1377, dated May 31st, 1956. Population 91 in 1977 and 106 in 1980. Map position: 46°22' 78°50'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**MATTAWIN**, station, Thunder Bay District on Canadian Northern Railway. Located 45 miles west of Port Arthur at the head of Lake Superior. Post office established named **MATTAWIN** in 1876. First Postmaster John Aitken. In 1916 the post office name changed to **GLEN WATER** and designated as a dispersed rural community in Home Township, Thunder Bay District. Post office located 14 miles from Mabella and 21.5 miles from Kakabeka Falls. Office closed March 2nd, 1962. This place served by Canadian Northern Railway and station name **MATTAWIN STATION** changed to **GLEN WATER STATION** in December 1918. Present approved name is **GLENWATER**. Map position: 48°33' 89°17'. References: I, PP, 8S, 4P, V and 6T.

**MATHEWS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°00' 85°06'. References: V.

**MATTHIAS**, SEE: **MATTHIASVILLE**, Muskoka District.

**MATTHIASVILLE**, founded by Mr. Matthias and his son (1879), Muskoka District. Located 19 kilometres from

Bracebridge. In 1974 designated a dispersed rural community and Part of Town of Bracebridge in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is **MATTHIASVILLE**. Map position: 44°59' 79°12'. References: 1L. B, V and U.

**MATTICE**, dispersed rural community, Eilber Township, Cochrane District. Located 40 miles west of Kapuskasing and 20 miles east of Hearst. **MATTICE STATION** is on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude 750 feet above sea level. Post office established August 13th, 1915 and named **MATTICE**. First Postmaster J. Christianson. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MATTICE**. Population 599 in 1956 and 816 in 1976. Map position: 49°37' 83°16'. References: 2U, 3B, 1Z, 5E, V, 4T and 9F.

**MAUDE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°55' 82°55'. References: V.

**MAUND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°55' 81°10'. References: V.

**MAV**, station, on CPR. Located between the stations of Hallam and LaCloche. Date of the reference 1888. No recent reference to this station. References: 6Z.

**MAXVILLE**, SEE: **MAC'S CORNERS**, Glengarry County.

**MAXWELL #1**, railway point, Glamorgan Township, Haliburton County. **MAXWELL STATION** on the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. Present approved name is **MAXWELL**. Map position: 44°53' 78°29'. References: B, S and V.

**MAXWELL #2**, concentrated rural community, Osprey Township, Grey County. Located 36 miles southeast of Owen Sound, the County Seat, 10 miles southwest of Ceylon Station on CPR and 10 miles from Flesherton. Post office established as **MAXWELL** on September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster Joseph Maxwell. Post office named for first Postmaster and pioneer settler, in 1854. Office is still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MAXWELL**. Population 100 in 1886 and 114 in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 80°24'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, PP, 3Z, V, 9F, 5L and 7D.

**MAXWELL #3**, dispersed rural community, Dungannon Township, Hastings County. Located 25 km southwest of Craigleith, 24 km east of Creemore and 21 km west of Markdale. Present approved name is **MAXWELL**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°06' 77°50'. References: B, 5L and V.

**MAXWELL #4**, SEE: **HENRY JONES SETTLEMENT**, Lambton County.

**MAXWELL #5**, settlement, Peterborough County. Located 11 1/2 miles from Kinmount Junction. **MAXWELL STATION** is on the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. Date of this reference 1908. No recent reference to this place. References: PP.

**MAXWELL HEIGHTS**, Part of City of Oshawa in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Population 165 in 1971. Population for 1976 included in City of Oshawa. References: 3B and HH.

**MAXWELL HEIGHTS SUBDIVISION**, East Whitby Township, Ontario County. Population 125 in 1961 and 160 in 1966. References: 5A.

**MAXWELL SETTLEMENT**, SEE: **HENRY JONES SETTLEMENT**, Lambton County.

**MAYBROOK**, dispersed rural community, Harley Township, Timiskaming District. Located 4 1/2 miles from Uno Park 6 miles from Hanbury, 3 1/2 miles from Milberta and 3 miles from Thornloe. Post office named **MAYBROOK** established April 15th, 1918. First Postmaster Joseph Labine. Office closed November 30th, 1940. Present approved name is **MAYBROOK**. Map position: 47°37' 79°55'. References: U, V and 6T.

**MAYBURN**, post office, Hinchinbrooke Township, Frontenac County. Located 5 km northwest of Piccadilly, 8 km northwest of Verona, 7 km east of Wilkinson, 7 miles from Bedford Station on Kingston and Pembroke Railway and 30 miles north of Kingston, the County Seat. Post office named **MAYBURN** established in 1891. First Postmaster

Thomas Buckley. In 1892 office name changed to **BUCKLEY**, for the Postmaster. On July 1st, 1899 post office name was changed to **REYNOLDSTON**. Office closed September 1st, 1914. Name also spelled as **REYNOLDSON**. No recorded date for change of name from Reynoldston. In 1974 name changed to **OAK FLATS**. Present approved name is **OAK FLATS**. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 44°33' 76°44'. References: I, 5L, AA, 7H, SS, V and 6T.

**MAYBURNE**, SEE: **DUNDALK #1**, Grey County.

**MAYERSVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Cambridge Township, Russell County. Located 30 miles southeast of Ottawa and 4 miles south of Casselman Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established named **MAYERVILLE**, for one of the first residents Dolphis Mayer, a merchant. First Postmaster Moses Mayer. Office closed December 15th, 1915. Present approved name is **MAYERVILLE**. Population 25 in 1893: 87 in 1951 and 21 in 1976. Map position: 45°16' 75°04'. References: B, I, S, 3B, U10, V, 6T and 5V.

**MAYFAIR #1**, post office, Grey County. Office opened as **MAYFAIR**, in 1869. First Postmaster Jason Bouchier. Office closed April 1st, 1870. No further reference to this office. References: I and 5W.

**MAYFAIR #2**, dispersed rural community, Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. Located 24 miles southwest of London, the County Seat and 2 1/2 miles from Appin Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office named **MAYFAIR** established on June 1st, 1872. First Postmaster Mr. John Dalton. Office closed February 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MAYFAIR**. Population 25 in 1885 and 70 in 1908. Map position: 42°47' 81°35'. References: B, I, S, PP, 3R, 5L, 6T, V and 5X.

**MAYFIELD**, dispersed rural community, Chinguacousy Township, Peel County, later Part of City of Brampton in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 8 miles north of Brampton, the County Seat and 3 1/2 miles northeast of Edmonton Station on the Credit Valley Line of CPR. Post office established as **MAYFIELD** in Canada West on July 1st, 1853 and first Postmaster William Speirs. Office closed July 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **MAYFIELD**. Population 100 in 1886 and 30 in 1971. In 1976, population included in Brampton and Caledon. Map position: 43°46' 79°48'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, 3B, 3K, 1V, V and 6T.

**MAYFLOWER**, station, east of Rainy Lake, Rainy River District. **MAYFLOWER STATION** on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,311 feet above sea level. This station name was changed to **FLANDERS** in August, 1916. Located 5 miles from Banning and 25 miles from Mine Centre Station. Post office named **FLANDERS** opened June 1st, 1915. Postmistress Mrs. Florence Porter. Office still in operation in 1983. A misspelling of the name is **MAFLOWER**. Present approved name is **FLANDERS**. Population 50 in 1927 and 8 in 1976. Map position: 48°44' 92°05'. References: SS.

**MAYHEW**. SEE: **RUSSELL'S**, Renfrew County.

**MAHEWS LANDING**, hamlet, Radcliffe Township, Renfrew County. Located on the York River at the juncture of the Madawaska River, 6 km southeast of Combermere, 10 km northwest of Palmer Rapids and 17 km southeast of Barry's Bay. Present approved name is **MAHEWS LANDING**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°20' 77°35'. References: 5L.

**MAYNARD**, urban community, Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 10 miles north of Brockville, the County Seat and 4 miles west of Prescott Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MAYNARD**, in 1866. First Postmaster Charles Birks. Office closed April 30th, 1914. Present approved name is **MAYNARD**. Population 105 in 1893 and 159 in 1976. Map position: 44°43' 75°35'. References: B, I, S, 3B, U10, 4F, 6T and V.

**MAYNARD LAKE**, located west of Lac Seul, Kenora District and Patricia Portion. Map position: 50°22' 93°54'. References: U and 9J.

**MAYNE**, dispersed rural community, Wallace Township, Perth County and Howick Township, Huron County. Located 5 miles from Gowanstown (1875). Post office established as **MAYNE**, on June 1st, 1856. First Postmaster James Bolton. Office closed May 1st, 1868 on the resignation of the

Postmaster. Population not shown in 1976. Present approved name is **MAYNE CORNERS** Map position: 43°49' 81°01'. References: B, I, 5L, A, 3M, 3Q and V.

**MAYNE CORNERS,** SEE: MAYNE, Perth County.

**MAYNOOTH,** SEE: DOYLE'S CORNERS, Hastings County.

**MAYNOOTH JUNCTION,** Monteagle Township, Hastings County. Date of reference February, 1976. References: B.

**MAYNOOTH STATION,** dispersed rural community, Wicklow & Monteagle Townships, Hastings County. Located 2 km northeast of Maynooth, 14 km southwest of New Carlow and 12 km southeast of Lake St. Peter. Present approved name is **MAYNOOTH STATION.** Population 22 in 1976. Map position: 45°14' 77°52'. References: V and 5L.

**MAYOR'S CORNERS,** SEE: MOYER'S CORNERS, Lincoln County.

**MAYO TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Hastings County. Incorporated as a Township on January 1st, 1891. Quieting Order P54565-68, dated May 31st, 1968. Population 378 in 1980. Map position: 45°05' 77°36'. References: HH, M and V.

**MAYTOWN,** SEE: HALLAM, Algoma District.

**MAY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°14' 82°00'. References: V.

**MAY TOWNSHIP,** SEE: SALTER, MAY AND HARROW TOWNSHIP, Algoma District.

**MAY SUBDIVISION,** Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Population 50 in 1961 and 51 in 1966. References: 5A.

**MAYWOOD #1,** urban community, within Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **MAYWOOD.** Map position: 43°14' 79°59'. References: V.

**MAYWOOD #2,** SEE: HALLAM, Algoma District.

**MAZOKAMA,** station, Thunder Bay District. Located 80 miles east of Port Arthur. This station is named **MAZOKAMA STATION** on CPR, located east of Nipigon (1888) and west of Gravel River. The place name is at times spelled **MAZOKAME.** Located 16 miles east of Nipigon (1909). In 1983 the station name was changed to **KAMA.** The station is on the main line of CPR at an altitude of 642 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **KAMA.** Population 54 in 1983. No population shown in 1978. Map position: 49°58' 88°01'. References: A4, FF, 6I, S3, R2, L1, V and 8K.

**McALLISTER,** hamlet, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located 7 miles from Collingwood. Date of the reference 1880. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: 2E.

**McALLISTER TOWNSHIP,** SEE:TOWNSHIP 89, Thunder Bay District.

**McALPIN,** SEE: CARRIERE'S CORNERS, Prescott County.

**McALPINE,** SEE: CARRIERE'S CORNERS , Prescott County.

**McALPINE CORNERS,** dispersed rural community, Monteagle Township, Hastings County. Located 5 km east of Maynooth, 8 km northwest of Hybla and 5 km southeast of Maple Leaf. Present approved name is **McALPINE CORNERS.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°14' 77°52'. References: V and 5L.

**McALPIN STATION,** SEE: CARRIERE'S CORNERS, Prescott County.

**McALPINE TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 81°10'. References: V.

**McAREE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°50' 92°21'. References: V.

**McARTHUR MILLS**, concentrated rural community, Mayo Township, Hastings County. Located 13 miles from L'Amable Station on Central Ontario Railway, 26 miles from Bancroft and 18 kilometres from Detlor. Post office established as **McARTHUR'S MILLS** on May 1st, 1896. First Postmaster Archibald McArthur Junior, who was not only the first Postmaster but also one the first settlers. **McARTHUR'S MILLS** post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **McARTHURS MILLS**. Population 95 in 1941 and 51 in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 77°35'. References: B, S, PP, 3B, V, 7E, 9F, 5L and 7D.

**McARTHUR SUBDIVISION**, unorganized Township of Algoma, Algoma District. Located 2 km west of Blind River, 38 km southwest of Elliot Lake and 3 km east of Mississauga. Present name not approved. Population 166 in 1971 and 129 in 1976. Map position: 46°11' 82°59'. References: 5L and 3B.

**McARTHUR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 81°19'. Reference: V.

**McAUGHEY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 25, Range 16**, Algoma District.

**McAUSLAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°46' 79°19'. Reference: V.

**McBEAN HARBOUR**, on Spanish River #5 Indian Reservation, Algoma District. Located 7 km southwest of Sagamok, 13 km southwest of Massey and being north of Croker Island in the north channel of Lake Huron. Present approved name is **McBEAN HARBOUR**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°08' 82°11'. References: 5L.

**McBETH**, SEE: **MacBETH**, Prescott County.

**McBRIDE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°04' 81°37'. Reference: V.

**McBRIEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°09' 82°58'. Reference: V.

**McCABE'S BAY**, SEE: **McCABE'S LANDING**, Muskoka District.

**McCABE'S LANDING**, Town, Muskoka Township, Muskoka District, later within the Town of Gravenhurst, District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 11 miles west of Bracebridge and 26 miles north of Orillia. Post office established as **GRAVENHURST** on August 1st, 1862 in the North Riding of Simcoe County. First Postmaster James McCabe who happened to be reading the book, Bracebridge Hall by W. Irving and chose the name for the post office from that book. Office is still in operation in 1983. At the same time this place was known as McCABE'S LANDING it was also known as **McCABE'S MILLS** and up to 1866 **McCABE'S BAY**. Gravenhurst was Incorporated as a Village on October 16th, 1877. It became a Town on April 23rd, 1887 and in that year a fire got out of control when the excited operator of the steam fire engine pulled the throttle lever off, disabling the equipment. On January 1st, 1971 the amalgamation of the Town of Gravenhurst, Township of Morrisson and Township of Ryde was Incorporated as the Town of Gravenhurst in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Population 2000 in 1886 and 8,298 in 1980. Religious parish name **ST. PAUL**. In 1879 Gravenhurst was served by the Northern Railway at the **GRAVENHURST STATION**, later CNR. Gravenhurst modern location is at Highways #11 and #69. Present approved name is **GRAVENHURST**. Map position: 44°55' 79°22'. References: B, I, M, T, S, HH, 2T, 7U, 2Y, SS, 3N, NN, 1L, 5K, V and SS.

**McCABE'S MILLS**, SEE: **McCABE'S LANDING**, Muskoka District.

**McCAGUE'S CROSSING**, Cavan Township, Peterborough County. Located 4 1/2 miles from Lindsay, 8.4 miles from Peterboro and 84 miles from Toronto. In 1932 this flag stop was at mileage 73.77 on the Campbellford Subdivision of CNR. That year the name was changed to **CARMAGNER**. Alternate former names were **McCAGUE** and **McCAGUES**. References: 7D, CN and S. Smith.

**McCALLUM**, Gosfield South Township, Essex County. Population 45 in 1951 and 64 in 1956. References: 5E.

**McCALLUM TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°46' 79°58'. References: V.

**McCANN'S SHORE**, hamlet, Beckwith Township, Lanark County. Located on Mississippi Lake, one km south of Rathwell's shore, 5 km southwest of Carleton Place and 23 km north of Perth. Present approved name is **McCANN'S SHORE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°06' 76°11'. References: 5L.

**McCANN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°25' 80°29'. References: V.

**McCARLEYS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Edwardsburgh Township, Grenville County. Located 4 km north of Ventnor, 14 km southeast of Kemptville and 9 km northeast of Spencerville. Present approved name is **McCARLEYS CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°55' 75°32'. References: 5L and V.

**McCART**, hamlet, McCart Township, Cochrane District. Located 8 kilometres from Nellie Lake and 5 miles northwest of Porquois Junction. Post office established October 19th, 1937. First Postmaster Thomas Vickers. Office closed March 1st, 1951. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: U and 6T.

**McCARTHY'S BALLAST PIT SIDING**, station, Dickens Township, Nipissing District. Located on Kingston and Pembroke Division of CPR. Station number 1076, between the stations of Old Ashdod and Opeongo, in 1911. References: 10B.

**McCARTHY'S CLEARING**, local name, Concession B, lot 32, Scarborough Township, York County. Date of reference 1976. References: 8H.

**McCARTHY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°51' 80°29'. References: V.

**McCART TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°45' 80°52'. References: V.

**McCASKILL'S MILLS**, urban community, Brock Township, Ontario County, formerly Home District, Canada West. Located on the Beaver River, 40 miles north of Whitby, the County Seat and 60 miles from Toronto. Post office established May 6th, 1849. First Postmaster Charles Gibbs and named **CANNINGTON** for a parish in England. Office still in operation in 1983. Cannington was Incorporated as a Village in 1877. The first settlers in 1820 were named McCaskill. Modern location for Cannington on Highway #12 and #48. **CANNINGTON STATION** served by Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. On January 1st, 1974 Cannington was amalgamated with the Village of Beaverton, Township of Brock and Township of Thorah become Township of Brock within the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **CANNINGTON**. Population 150 in 1857, 779 in 1931 and 1,419 in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 79°02'. References: 3G, I, C, S, NN, Z, EE, HH, FF, 2T, 2W, 3B, 2Y, 5K, V, 8Q and 5L.

**McCAUL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°49' 92°25'. References: V.

**McCAUSLAND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°17' 82°22'. References: V.

**McCLINTOCK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Haliburton County. History: the geographic townships of Lawrence and Nightingale were annexed to the County of Haliburton, effective January 1st, 1983. Joined to the United townships of Sherborne, McLintock and Livingstone, the new municipal township is known as the Corporation of the Township of Sherborne, McClintock,, Livingstone, Lawrence and Nightingale. Geographic map position: 45°21' 78° 50'. References: V.

**McCLINTOCK TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **SHERBOURNE, McCLINTOCK AND LIVINGSTON TOWNSHIP**, Haliburton County.

**McCLURE SUBDIVISION**, London Township, Middlesex County. Population 64 in 1956. References: 5E.

**McCLURE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Hastings County. Map position: 45°17' 78°03'. References: V.

**McCLUSKEYS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Paipoonge Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 14 km southeast of Murillo, 20 km northeast of South Gillies and 24 km southwest of Thunder Bay. Present approved

name is **McCLUSKEYS CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°18' 89°28'. References: V and 5L.

**McCOIG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 84°48'. References: V.

**McCOMBER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°37' 87°50'. References: V.

**McCONKEY**, station, West Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 10 kilometres from Embro. Present approved name is **McCONKEY**. Map position: 43°11' 80°50'. References: V and U.

**McCONKEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 46°00' 80°08'. References: V.

**McCONNELL MINE**, station on CPR. Located between Sudbury Station and White Fish Station (1888) and on the five mile Spur Line north from Shawlands Station. No recent reference to this station. References: 6Z and L.

**McCONNELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°56' 80°37'. References: V.

**McCOOL** , railway point, Henwood and Kerns Townships, Timiskaming District. Located 5 miles from Milberta and named for Mr. McCool who was a member of the parliament for the district (1905). Post office established as **McCOOL**, on March 15th, 1905. First Postmaster William Montgomery. Office closed August 1st, 1918. Present approved name is **McCOOL**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°38' 79°53'. References: S, V+, V, 6T, 7S, 5L and 7D.

**McCOOL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 80°05'. References: V.

**McCORMACKVILLE**, SEE: **VIVIAN**, York County.

**McCORMICK**, dispersed rural community, Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located 3 miles north of Alexandria. Post office established as **McCORMICK**, in 1883. First Postmaster H.R. MacDonald. Office closed July 15th, 1914. Named for the Postmasters' wife's maiden name. Present approved name is **McCORMICK**. Population 50 in 1907 and 75 in 1926. Map position: 45°21' 74° 36'. References: B, I, S, MM, 6T, V, 5T, 5L and 7D.

**McCOWAN'S**, railway point, Part of Town of Markham in the Regional Municipality of York. Present approved name is **McCOWAN**. Map position: 43°51' 79°17'. References: V and HH.

**McCOWAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°38' 82°58'. References: V.

**McCOYS LANDING**, Bathurst District, Lanark County. Located 2 miles from Pratt Corners and on Bennets Lake. A Mr. McCoy lived on that shore years ago and it was named for him (1906). No recent reference to this place. References: 7D.

**McCOY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 77**, Thunder Bay District.

**McCRACKEN LANDING**, dispersed rural community, Alnwick Township, Northumberland County. Located 7 km northeast of Roseneath, 11 km east of Dartford and 12 km southwest of Hastings. Present approved name is **McCRACKEN LANDING**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 78°04'. References: 5L and V.

**McCRACKENS BEACH**, SEE: **McCRACKINS BEACH**, Victoria County.

**McCRACKEN'S LANDING**, dispersed rural community, Dummer Township, Peterborough County. Located 1 1/2 miles from Juniper Island and 1 mile from Hall's Glen. This place is a port of call for all the steamers of the Trent Valley Navigation Company in Peterboro County (1908). Summer post office established as **McCRACKEN'S LANDING**, on July 10th, 1915. First Postmaster H.G.N. Choate. Office still open in 1983. Present approved name is **McCRACKEN'S LANDING**. Population 36 in 1971 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 79°08'. References: B, 3B, PP, V, 6T, 5L and 9F.

**McCRACKINS BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Cardin Township, Victoria County. Located on Dalrymple Lake, 4 km southeast of Sebright, 5 km north of Dalrymple, 10 km southwest of Uphill and 18 km southeast of Washago. Present approved name is **McCRACKINS BEACH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 79°06'. References: P and 5L.

**McCRAE**, dispersed rural community, Dashell Township, Hastings County. Post office established as McCRAE, in 1910. First Postmistress Elizabeth Gunther (1917). On June 1st, 1929 the post office name was changed to **WESLEMKOON**. Office closed 1936. Present approved name is McCRAE. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°58' 77°27'. References: 67, V, 5L and 7N.

**McCRAE'S CORNERS**, Peel Township, Wellington County. Located 22 miles northwest of Guelph, the County Seat, 5 from miles Elora and 2 miles southeast of Coldwater. Post office established as McCRAE'S CORNERS on July 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Thomas Graham. In 1855 the post office name was changed to **ALMA**. Office still in operation in 1963. In 1871, this place was shown bordering on the Townships of Peel, Nichol and Pilkington. The place name was misspelled as MacRAE'S CORNERS. **ALMA STATION**, served by the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, later on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **ALMA**. Population 350 in 1895 and 271 in 1976. Map position: 43°44' 80°58'. References: 1, 90, 3L, 8, 5, 7, 36, 3P, V, W and 5L.

**McCRANEY**, SEE: RAINY LAKE, Rainy River District.

**McCRANEY'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Trafalgar Township, Halton County. Located at Fourth Line and Lakeshore Road on Lot 20, concession 3. First settler William McCraney in 1804 who purchased a 200 acre lot and built a house. Property was owned by two further generations of McCraneys, until in 1912 the propert, was leased to Appleby College. On April 16th, 1984 The Corporation of the Town of Oakville enacted a section of the Ontario Heritage Act and designated the property to be of Historical and Architectural value and in future to be known as **OLD McCRANEY HOUSE**. References: The Oakville Beaver News, 1984.

**McCRANEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°36' 78°58'. References: V.

**McCREADY**, settlement, Euphemia Township, Lambton County. Post office established as McCREADY, in 1884. First Postmaster George Leach. Office closed July 11th, 1911. The post office was located lot 30, Concession 9 of Euphemia Township. Present approved name is McCREADY. Population 26 in 1882 and 30 in 1885. Map position: 42°44' 81°52'. References: 1, 3, 7, 5P, 1n, 3R, 67 and V.

**McCREA HEIGHTS**, concentrated rural community, Part of Town of Valley East, in Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved name is **McACREA HEIGHTS**. Map position: 46°35' 81°02'. References: V and 4H.

**McCREARY**, dispersed rural community, Ramsay Township, Lanark County. Post office established as McCREARY, on July 1st, 1901. First Postmaster D. Sinclair. Office closed January 15th, 1913. This place is 4 miles from Carleton Place which is the nearest Railroad Station (1987). Present approved name is McCREARYS. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°07' 76°13'. References: 6, 8, 67, V, 5L and 7N.

**McCREARYS BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located on Mississippi Lake, 10 km south of McCreary's, 11 km north of Perth and 12 km east of Lanark. Present approved name is McCREARY'S **SHORE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°01' 76°13'. References: V and 5L.

**McCREARY'S SHORE**, SEE: McCREARYS BEACH, Lanark County.

**McCREARY'S SPUR STATION**, station, Catrier Township, Sudbury District. Located on Chapleau Division of CPR. Station number 4541, between the stations of Catier and Geneva, in 1911. No recent reference to this station. References: 10R.

**McCREA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°30' 82°58'. References: V.

McCRIMMON, SEE: KINGSBURGH, Glengarry County.

McCRONES CORNERS, SEE: WILSTEAD, Leeds County.

McCRON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 70, Thunder Bay District.

**McCROSSON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°57' 94°26'. References: V.

**McCROSSON & TOVELL TOWNSHIP**, Incorporated as United Township on October 12th, 1928 by Judge's Declaration of Incorporation dated October 12th, 1928. Located 47 kilometres northeast of Rainy River. Founded and Incorporated in January 1929. Population 242 in 1978 and 224 in 1980. Map position: 48°57' 94°26'. References: R1, HH and M.

**McCUAIG TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°41' 82°00'. References: V.

**McCUBBIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°27' 90°37'. References: V.

McCUE, SEE: OLIVER'S FERRY, Lanark County.

**McCULLAGH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 57°30' 83°57'. References: V.

**McCULLOUGHS LANDING**, dispersed rural community, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located 12 km west of Lanark, 1 km east of Robertson's Shore and 14 km north of Perth. Present approved name is **McCULLOUGHS LANDING**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°01' 76°13'. References: 5L and V.

**McCURDY'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Trafalgar Township, Halton County. This place settled in 1819, first school May 1827, first church September 9th, 1832. First settlers John Mason on lot 11 the north corner, David Cordingly on the east corner, Isaac Aplin on the west corner ,Robert McCurdy the south corner. Name decided in 1838, when the second school needed a name, by putting four corner owner's names in hat. The draw decided the place name as **McCURDY'S CORNERS**. Located at 9th Line, Halton County. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: 8I, H.C. Mathews and Ivan McCurdy, fourth generation on the farm.

McCURDY'S VILLAGE, SEE: TUBTOWN, Peel County.

**McDIARMID'S SHORE**, hamlet, Beckwith Township, Lanark County. Located on Lake Mississippi, one km southwest of Carleton Place and 12 km southeast of Almonte. Present approved name is **McDIARMID'S SHORE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 76°10'. References: 5L.

**McDONALD BEACH**, located 10 kilometres from Orillia, Ontario County. Date of this reference 1980. References: U.

**McDONALD COURT**, urban community, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 2 km southwest of Waterdown, 12 km northwest of Hamilton and 5 km southeast of Flamboro Centre. Present approved name is **McDONALD COURT**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°19' 79°55'. References: 5L and V.

**McDONALD HILL**. Population 198 in 1961 and 162 in 1971. In 1976 population included in City of Timmins, Cochrane District. References: 3B and 5H.

**McDONALD, MEREDITH & ABERDEEN ADDITIONAL TOWNSHIP**, Algoma District. Incorporated as a Township, June 30th, 1892. Quieting Order M910, dated December 20th, 1956. The **TOWNSHIP OF McDONALD** originally Part of the **GARDEN RIVER INDIAN RESERVE** was transferred to the Crown by a treaty of 1854. Settled in 1862. Population 1,432 in 1977. Map position: 46°29' 84°02'. References: R1 and M.

McDONALDS, SEE: McDONALD SIDING, Hasting County.

# PLACE NAMES OF ONTARIO

**McDONALD SIDING**, station, Tudor Township, Hastings County. Located 5 miles from Gilmour and 5 miles from Hogan Station on CNR and 16 kilometres from Bannockburn. Post office established as **McDONALD SIDING**, on January 1st, 1919. First Postmaster John Marshall. Office closed November 13th, 1926. After 1974, known as **McDONALDS**. Present approved name is **McDONALDS**. Map position: 44°46' 77°15'. References: I, V and 6T.

**McDONALDS CORNERS**, concentrated rural community, Dalhousie Township, Lanark County. Located 28 miles northwest of Perth, the County Seat, 11 miles east of Snow Road Station on Kingston and Pembroke Railway and on the Mississippi River. Post office established as **McDONALDS CORNERS** on January 6th, 1853. First Postmaster R.C. Johnston. Office still open in 1981. In 1890, a stage travelled daily to Snow Road Station, which fare cost 4:44 cents. Religious denomination name **ST. COLUMBAN**. First settler Alexander McDonald in 1852. A local name for this place was **THE HILL**. For its location, no matter how you tried to get to it, you had to go up a hill to arrive. Present approved name is **McDONALDS CORNERS**. Population 150 in 1886 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 44°57' 76°32'. References: B, I, T, 5, 6A, 7B, 5L, 8S, V, 5W, 7K, 7A and 7B.

**McDONALD'S MILL**, small settlement, Dufferin (sometimes, Caldwell) County. Situated on Pine River and has one saw mill. No recent reference to this settlement. Population 30 in 1935. References: PP.

**McDONALD'S MILLS**, post office, Lochiel Township, Glengarry County. Located 26 miles from Lancaster and 3 miles from Lochiel. Post office established July 1st, 1869. Office named **SOUTH LA GRAISSE**. First Postmaster Hugh A. McDonald. Office located on Lot 1, Concession 3, Lochiel Township. Office closed 1888. Population 50 in 1875. No recent reference to this office. References: I, A, 7B, 5W and 2B.

**McDONOUGH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 51°10' 93°51'. References: V.

**McDOUGAL FALLS**, in an Unorganized Township, Cochrane District. Population 33 in 1976. References: 3B.

**McDOUGALL**, dispersed rural community, Admaston Township, Renfrew County. Located 42 miles southeast of Pembroke, the County Seat and 1 mile from Admaston on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **McDOUGALL**, in 1877. First Postmaster P. Ferguson. Office closed by 1978. Present approved name is **McDOUGALL**. Population not shown in 1976. Population 50 in 1907. Map position: 45°28' 76°52'. References: B, I, 8, 5L, PP, V and 9S.

**McDOUGALL MILLS**, dispersed rural community, east of Lac Seul, Kenora District. Located 76 kilometres east of Sioux Lookout and 12 miles from Superior Junction. Post office established as **McDOUGALL MILLS**, on June 1st, 1917. First Postmaster W.C. McDougall. Office closed August 1st, 1954. Present approved name is **McDOUGALL MILLS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 50°10' 91°32'. References: R2, 5L, V and 6T.

**McDOUGALL CHUTE**, later **McDOUGALL SHUTE**, a settlement on Black River in Nipissing District and a station on the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post office named **McDOUGALL CHUTE** established July 1st, 1907. First Postmaster Silas Gibson. Post office name changed to **MATHESON STATION**, September 1st, 1911. Office name changed to **MATHESON** on May 16th, 1949. Recently designated a concentrated rural community, Bowman Township, Cochrane District. Matheson post office still in operation in 1981. In 1916 a fire destroyed the Village with a tragic loss of life taking out Porquis Junction, Iroquois Falls, Kelso, Nushla and Rawnore. Matheson was Incorporated as a Town in 1912. On January 1st, 1969 Matheson was Incorporated into the Township of Black River-Matheson. The name McDougall's Chute was given for an early trapper and the name Matheson for Arthur J. Matheson M.P.P. On January 1st, 1973 Black River Township became part of City of Timmins in Cochrane District. Present approved name is **MATHESON**. Population 150 in 1913 and 3,321 in 1972. Map position: 48°32' and 80°23'. References: PP, 6T, 7K, 3D, 6H, 2T, 2B, 2X, 5K, V and 9F.

**McDOUGALL'S CORNERS**, dispersed rural community in Albion Township, Peel County at times, in Cardwell Electoral District and most recently shown in the Town of Caledon in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 17 miles north of Brampton the County Seat and 3 miles from Bolton. Post office established June 1st, 1855. First Postmaster Robert H. Booth. Post office was named **MacVILLE** sometimes misspelled as **MACKVILLE**. Settled in 1819 by United Empire Loyalists. Post office closed October 31st, 1921. A misspelling of this name was **MACEVILLE**.

For references see Works Cited.

Present approved name is **MacVILLE**. Population 25 in 1886 and 30 in 1893. Map position: 43°51' and 79°47'. References: 3C, U10, I, B, T, S, 3G, 3U 7B, V, 6T and 4A.

**McDOUGALL'S SHUTE**, SEE: **McDOUGALL'S CHUTE**, Cochrane District.

**McDOUGAL SUBDIVISION**, Elizabethtown Township, Leeds County. Population 89 in 1971. References: 3B.

**McDOUGALL (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Parry Sound District. Incorporated as a Township in May 1st, 1872. Quieting Order M3218, dated February 28th, 1957. Area 35,521 acres, on Georgian Bay, surveyed in 1866. Population 1,587 in 1980. Map position: 45°25' and 80°00'. References: H, 1M, M and V.

**McDOWELL TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 65**, Algoma District.

**McELROY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°04' and 79°49'. Reference: V.

**McEVAY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Township venue changed to Cochrane District by Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974. Map position: 48°20' and 80°35'. Reference: V.

**McEWING TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°30' and 84°35'. Reference: V.

**McFADDEN**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 46°04' and 79°34'. Reference: V.

**McFARLANE LAKE**, dispersed rural community in Broder Township, Nipissing District. Located 7 miles from Sudbury. Post office established as **McFARLANE LAKE**, in 1907. First Postmaster Octave Pilon. Office closed May 1st, 1956. After 1974, became Part of City of Sudbury in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved name is **McFARLANE**. Population 95 in 1951. Map position: 46°26' and 80°57'. References: S, DD, 3B, V, 6T, 9F and HH.

**McFARLAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°23' and 84°12'. Reference: V.

**McFERSON**, dispersed rural community, Long Township, Algoma District. Present approved name is **McFERSON**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°12' and 82°43'. References: V and 5L.

**McGARRY**, hamlet, in Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located on Wiscupa River, 10 miles from Perth station on CPR and 12 miles west of Smith Falls on the Rideau River. Post office named **McGARRY** established in 1881. First Postmaster Alexander McGarry. Office closed February 26th, 1913. This place was named for the first settler James McGarry in 1816. In 1974 designated as a locality. Population 50 in 1892 and 40 in 1906. No recent reference to this hamlet. Map position: 44°59' 76°16'. References: I, AA, PP, 6T, 7U and 7D.

**McGARRY TOWNSHIP**. This place began as a gold camp in Timiskaming District. Located 40 kilometres east of Kirkland Lake on Highway #66. It was Incorporated as a Improvement District on June 30th, 1946 and as Township on April 1st, 1962. The Improvement District of McGarry erected into a Township by Ontario Municipal Board Order #N670-60, dated January 29th, 1963. Present approved name is **McGARRY**. Population 1,585 in 1977 and 1,316 in 1980. Map position: 48°09' 79°38'. References: R1, M, HH and V.

**McGARY FLATS**, dispersed rural community, Herschell Township, Hastings County. Sometimes misspelled as **McGARRY FLATS**. Population 65 in 1956. Present approved name is **McGARY FLATS**. Map position: 45°10' 77°58'. References: B, V and 5E.

**MCGAW**, SEE: **COLBORNE #3**, Huron County.

**McGAW STATION**, station, Colborne Township, Huron County. Located on Guelph and Goderich Division of CPR. Station number 1727, between the stations of Auburn and Meneset, in 1911. References: 9Y and 10B.

**McGEE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°58' 83°11'. Reference: V.

**McGEORGE AND WILLINGDON IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT**, Incorporated as an Improvement District on August 31st, 1944. Name of Improvement District of McGeorge and Willingdon changed effective September 15th, 1944 to Sioux Narrows. Located in Kenora District. References: M and HH.

**McGEORGE SUBDIVISION**, Essa Township, Simcoe County. Population 289 in 1966. Reference: 5A.

**McGEORGE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°25' 94°10'. Reference: V.

**McGIFFON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°22' 80°28'. Reference: V.

**McGILLIVRAY**, SEE: **FLANIGAN'S**, Middlesex County.

**McGILLIVRAY (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Geographic Township, Middlesex County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. This Township originally was in the Huron District, Canada West and opened up for settlers in 1849. Population 1,718 in 1852 and 1,898 in 1980. Map position: 43°12' 81°35'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, V and 1K.

**McGILL SETTLEMENT**, Manvers Township, Durham County. Date of reference 1878. No further reference to this place. Reference: 1P.

**McGILL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°56' 85°31'. Reference: V.

**McGILLIS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°27' 90°21'. Reference: V.

**McGINNES**, settlement, Menapia Township, Cochrane District. Name changed to **McINNIS** in 1924. Population 98 in 1941 and 55 in 1956. No recent reference to this settlement. References: 3B, 5E and SS.

**McGINNIS CREEK**, hamlet, Spohn Township, Rainy River District. Located south of Sable Islands on Lake of the Woods, 17 km southwest of Harris Hill, 18 km northwest of Rainy River and 17 km west of Gameland. Present approved name is **McGINNIS CREEK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°51' 94°39'. References: 5L.

**McGIVERIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°19' 82°46'. Reference: V.

**McGOWAN TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 63**, Algoma District.

**McGRATH**, post office, Grattan Township, Renfrew County. Located 6 miles from Eganville and 6 miles from Perrault. Post office established as **McGRATH**, on July 1st, 1910. First Postmaster John McGrath. Office closed June 1st, 1914. No further reference to this office. Present approved name is **McGRATH**. Population not shown in 1976. References: B, 5L and 6T.

**McGREGOR**, SEE: **COLCHESTER STATION**, Essex County.

**McGREGOR BAY #1**, later spelled **MacGREGOR BAY**, settlement, Manitoulin District. Located 25 miles from Espanola and 12 miles from Little Current. Post office established as **McGREGOR BAY** on July 4th, 1916. First Postmaster Stuart Jenkins. January 5th, 1955 status of this office was changed to a summer post office. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **McGREGOR BAY**. Map position: 46°03' 81°47'. References: V, 2T and 9F.

**McGREGOR BAY #2**, dispersed rural community, La Cloche Penninsula, Manitoulin District. Located 8 km southeast of Whitefish Falls, 10 km northeast of Birch Island and 17 km northwest of Killarney. Nearest Express office at Little Current. Present approved name is **McGREGOR BAY**. Population 51 in 1941 and 6 in 1976. Map position: 46°05' 81°40'. References: B, 3B, 5L and V.

**McGREGOR CREEK**, SEE: **McGREGORS MILLS #2**, Kent County.

**McGREGOR HEIGHTS**, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County. Population110 in 1956. Reference: 5E.

**McGREGOR JUCTION**, railway point, North Colchester Township, Essex County. Present approved name is **McGREGOR JUNCTION**. Map position: 42°09' 82°57'. Reference: V.

**McGREGOR'S HARBOUR**, dispersed rural community, Albemarle Township, Bruce County. Located 65 miles north of Walkerton, the County Seat, on the western shore of Georgian Bay and 17 miles northeast of Wiarton. In 1915 this place was known as **INDIEN**. Post office opened in 1873 and was named **CAPE CROTHER** which was later corrected to **CAPE CROKER**. The office opened October 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Frederick Lamorandiere. Office closed October 14th, 1931. The first fur traders called this place **POINTE au PORTAGE** and the Indian name for the place **NEIYOSHEONEGAMING**. Religious parish name **ST. JOSEPH'S**. Present approved name is **CAPE CROKER**. Population 400 in 1885 and 400 in 1908. Map position: 44°56' 81°01'. References: SS, B, I, S, Z, PP, 2B, L, 5V, 2T and 5L.

**McGREGOR'S MILLS #1**, settlement, Loughborough Township, Frontenac County. Settled in 1807, in what was then the Midland District, Canada West. The first settler George W. Yarker. In 1836, he built a sawmill and shortly afterwards another one was constructed on Millhaven Creek. All of this information is dated between the years 1807 and 1846. No modern reference to this name. References: C, 3H and 7R.

**McGREGORS MILLS #2**, City, Raleigh, Harwich, Dover and Chatham Townships, Kent County. Located 46 miles from Windsor, 60 miles from London and on the Thames River, 18 miles east of where the river enters St. Claire Lake. Post office established as **McGREGOR'S CREEK** in 1816. First Postmaster William McCrae. In 1817 the post office name was changed to **RALEIGH**; in 1852, the post office name was changed to **CHATHAM WEST**, which has shortened the name to **CHATHAM**. Office still in operation in 1983. Named in 1795 by Governor Simcoe for a place in England. It was known as **CHATHAM MILLS**, **CHATHAM VILLAGE**, **CHATHAM WEST** and finally on September 27th, 1850 the place was Incorporated as **CHATHAM**, as a Town with Village Powers by Act 13 and 14, Vic. 64 and by proclamation, effective date January 1st, 1851. On September 28th, 1854 it became a Town by proclamation and on April 16th, 1895 was Incorporated as a City. Religious parish name **ST. PATRICE**. Present approved name is **CHATHAM**. Population 6,000 in 1857, 9,000 in 1886, 14,000 in 1907, 21,218 in 1951 and 43,926 in 1980. Map position: 42°24' 81°11'. References: I, SS, 7X, 3U, 4A, 3H, B, F, M, T, EE, HH, 2T, GG, S, 2Y, 3B, 5K, XX, V and 5L.

**McGREGOR SUBDIVISION**, Chatham Township, Kent County. Population 76 in 1966 and 85 in 1971. References: 3B and 5A.

**McGUIN'S MILLS**, suburban community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 6 miles west of Kingston, the County Seat, on the north side of the bay of Quinte and more recently on Highwasy #33 and CNR. This place was founded by Anthony McGuin. First post office opened October 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Bramwell Watkins. The name of the post office **COLLINSBY**. The name later became **COLLIN'S BAY** and recent spelling **COLLINS BAY**. The place was name after Surveyor General Collins in 1784 and 1785. In the 1860's Sir Henry Smith M.P. bought some land from Leurs Grass and had it laid out in a Village which he called **COLLINSBY**. An objection was raised to the name since it had not been sanctioned by the post office department nor the Grand Trunk Railway Company and there after the name became obsolete. Present approved name is **COLLINS BAY**. Population 100 in 1886 and 6,897 in 1976. Map position: 444°15' 76°36'. References: EE, 3L, B, I, T, S, 2Y, 9Q, 5L and 7D.

**McGUIRE**, concentrated rural community, Petawawa Township, Renfrew County. Located 7 km northeast of Pembroke, 8 km southeast of Petawawa and 1 km east of River low. Present approved name is **McGUIRE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°51' 77°12'. References: 5L and V.

**McGUIRE SETTLEMENT**, dispersed rural community, Sheffield Township, Lennox & Addington County. Located 8 km northwest of Tamworth, 20 km northeast of Tweed and 12 km north of Marlbank. Present approved name is **McGUIRE SETTLEMENT**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 77°04'. References: 5L and V.

**McILRAITH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 50°01' 92°29'. References: V.

McILVEEN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 5 G, Algoma District.

McINNES #1, dispersed rural community, McGillivray Township, Middlesex County. Located 4 1/2 miles from Park Hill station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office named McINNES, after the first Postmaster, established August 1st, 1896. First Postmaster Thomas McInnes. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is McINNES. No population shown for this place. Map position: 47°12' 81°42', References: B, V, PP, 6T and 7E.

McINNES #2, railway point, Menapia Township, Cochrane District. Present approved name is McINNES. Map position: 49°32' 81°26'. References: V.

McINNES #3, dispersed rural community, Spohn Township, Rainy River District. On official list misspelled as MELUN. Present approved name is McINNES. Map position: 48°51' 94°34'. References: V.

McINNES CORNERS. This place is shown in the 1935 reference as being near Holstein which is in Grey County. No other reference to this place. References: 5S.

McINNES CREEK, post office, Spohn Township, Rainy River District. This place also spelled as McINNIS CREEK. Located 15 miles from Rainy River and 22 miles from Rapid River. Post office established as McINNES CREEK, on December 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Sjur Aufinson. Office closed January 17th, 1931. This place is later, in 1951, shown in Atwood Township, Rainy River District. The first postmaster was still shown serving the office in 1927. No recent reference to this office. Population 52 in 1951. References: 2F, 3B and 6T.

McINNIS, SEE: McGINNES, Cochrane District.

McINNIS CREEK, SEE: McINNES CREEK, Rainy River District.

McINNIS SIDING, post office, Menapia Township, Cochrane District. Post office established as McINNIS SIDING, on September 24th, 1938. First Postmaster J.E. Moore. Located 1 mile south Island Falls Junction and 4 miles south of Island Falls. Post office closed February 28th, 1945. No recent reference to this place. References: 6T.

McINTOSH #1, dispersed rural community. Located northwest of Dryden, Kenora District, 82 kilometres west of Sioux Lookout station on CNR, 40 miles from Redditt and 10 miles from Quibell. Post office established as McINTOSH, on April 15th, 1914. First Postmaster George Yeoman. Office closed March 24th, 1970. McIntosh served by McINTOSH STATION on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,247 feet above sea level (1956) on CNR. Present approved name is McINTOSH. Population 44 in 1941 and 107 in 1976. Map position: 49°57' 93°36'. References: B2, 3E, 1J, V, 5L, 6T and 7E.

McINTOSH #2, hamlet, Howick Township, Huron County. Located 4 km northwest of Lakelet, 10 km west of Clifford, 15 km east of Teeswater and 17 km south of Mildmay. Present approved name is McINTOSH. Population not shown in 1976. Reference: 5L.

McINTOSH MILLS. SEE: MacINTOSH MILLS, Leeds County.

McINTOSH SPRINGS. dispersed rural community. Blackmayer Township, in the postal district of Mattawa, later in Dundonald Township. Cochrane District. Post office established as McINTOSH SPRINGS, on December 1st, 1910. First Postmaster Hermell Tremblay. This post office was located 6 miles from Porquis Junction and was probably wiped out in the "great forest fire" of 1922 and built again. Post office closed September 12th, 1967. Recently became Part of Town of Iroquois Falls. Present approved name is McINTOSH SPRINGS. Population 26 in 1951 and 5 in 1956. Map position: 48°39' 81°02'. References: U, 5E, V and 6T.

McINTYRE #1, dispersed rural community, Osprey Township, Grey County. Located 45 miles southeast of Owen Sound, the County Seat adn 8 miles southwest of Glen Huron station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster John McLean. Office closed December 31st, 1925. Present

approved name is **McINTYRE**. Population 60 in 1886 and 34 in 1976. Map position: 48°18' 80°18'. References: I, 5L, T, S, AA, 3B, 3I, 3N, V and 6T.

**McINTYRE #2**, Shuniah Township, Thunder Bay District. Population 302 in 1961 and 300 in 1966. No recent reference to this place. References: 5A.

**McINTYRE #3**, dispersed rural community, Ernestown Township, Lennox & Addington County. Located 5 km northwest of Bath, 12 km northeast of Sandhurst and 9 km southwest of Odessa. Present approved name is **McINTYRE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 76°48'. References: V and 5L.

**McINTYRE MINES**. Population 17 in 1971 and in 1976 population included City of Timmins, Cochrane District. References: 3B.

**McINTYRE'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Blanshard Township, Perth County. Located 2 1/2 miles west of St. Marys. Date of this reference 1879. No recent reference to this hamlet. References: 1W.

**McINTYRE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°27' 89°21'. References: V.

**McIRVINE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Incorporated as a Township, 1891 (first census of Canada), dissolved. Annexed by Town of Fort Frances, part on July 1st, 1914 and part on November 30th, 1948. Area 4,480 acres. Total assessment $139,813.00. Population 229 in 1927. Map position: 48°38' 93°24'. References: HH, 2P, M and V.

**McIVER**, dispersed rural community, Albemarle Township, Bruce County. Located 60 miles north of Walkerton, the County Seat and 11 miles north of Wiarton, the terminus of the Georgian Bay and Lake Erie division of Grand Trunk Railway (1892). Post office established as **McIVER** in 1879. First Postmaster John McIver. Office closed January 1st, 1916. McIVER was named for John McIver, Indian Agent at Cape Croker Indian Reserve, pioneer and first settler in 1869. Present approved name is **McIVER**. Population 100 in 1892 and 30 in 1907, no figures shown in 1976. Map position: 44°52' 81°06'. References: I, S, AA, V, 5L, 5V, 6T and 7D.

**McIVOR TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°12' 88°30'. References: V.

**McKAY'S BUSH**. This place was part of a Land Grant made in 1832 to Rideau Canal Contractor Thomas McKay. The home he built is now Rideau Hall, residence of Govenor General. When this place was Incorporated as a Village in 1925 the name was changed to **ROCKCLIFFE PARK**, and that name change was made by T.C. Keefer, a civil engineer. He named it for the local landscape. This Incorporated Village is surrounded by Ottawa city limits. In 1907 there were twenty families living in the Village. There are only fifteen miles of roads in Rockcliffe Park. No industry, no churches, no commerce, no apartments, all large homes occupied by ambassdors, M.P.'s, military chief judges, etc. Rockcliffe Park was Incorporated as a Village on December 31st, 1925 by County Bylaw, Gloucester Township, Carleton County, later Part of Federal District of City of Ottawa in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **ROCKCLIFFE PARK**. Population 951 in 1931 and 2,117 in 1976. Map position: 45°27' 75°41'. References: B, M, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3B, V, 5L and 5K.

**McKAYS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Harwich Township, Kent County. Located 12 miles northeast of Chatham, the County Seat, 4 miles southeast of Lewisville on Grand Trunk Railway and 8 miles to Ridgetown. Post office established as **HARWICH** on July 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Alexander McKay. Office closed September 1st, 1916. Present approved name is **HARWICH**. Population 100 in 1886 and 93 in 1976. Map position: 42°27' 82°00'. References: B, Z, 7B, V, I, T, S, MM, 3B, 6T and 8Q.

**McKAY'S HARBOR**, station, Algoma District. Located 50 miles east of Port Arthur. Had Telegraph and Express. The station on CPR, known as **McKAY'S HARBOR STATION**. This place existed between the years 1892 and 1895. No recent references for it. References: AA and Z.

**McKAY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Renfrew County. Map position: 45°52' 77°28'. References: V.

**McKAY TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **ROLPH, BUCHANAN, WYLIE AND McKAY TOWNSHIP**, Renfrew County.

**McKEES CAMP**, railway station, Freemette Township, Sudbury District. Present approved name is **McKEES CAMP**. Map position: 47°06' 81°16'. References: V.

**McKELLAR,** SEE: **ARMSTRONG'S FALLS**, Victoria County.

**McKELLAR HEIGHTS**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **McKELLAR HEIGHTS**. Map position: 45°22' 75°46'. References: V.

**McKELLAR ISLAND,** SEE: **THUNDER BAY**, Thunder Bay District.

**McKELLAR (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Incorporated as a Township April 15th, 1873. Quieting Order #M3195-55, dated April 5th, 1957. This Township was surveyed in 1869 by J.W. Fitzgerald Provincial Land Surveyor. Area 44,755 acres. First settler Peter Leach, a trapper in 1868. Population 595 in 1990. Map position: 45°30' 75°50'. References: HH, 1M, M and V.

**McKELLAR TOWNSITE**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **McKELLAR TOWNSITE**. Map position: 45°23' 75°46'. References: U and V.

**McKELVIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°37' 86°52'. References: V.

**McKENZIE ISLAND**, post office, Dome Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Located 6 kilometres from Red Lake, 169 kilometres from Red Lake Road and 229 kilometres from Dryden. **McKENZIE ISLAND** post office established December 10th, 1934. First Postmaster Wilred P. Mackle. This post office served by air mail from Kenora. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **McKENZIE ISLAND**. Population 295 in 1941 ; 144 in 1976 and 327 in 1980. Map position: 51°05' 93°48'. References: U, 3B, V and 6T.

**McKENZIE LAKE**, dispersed rural community, Sebina Township, Nipissing District. Located on McKenzie Creek, 100 miles northeast of Belleville. 42 miles from Rathbun station on Grand Trunk Railway and 12 miles northwest of Maynooth. Post office opened as **McKENZIE ISLAND**, in 1896 (Hastings County). First Postmaster Thomas Coghlan. Office closed May 31st, 1924. This place was named after McKenzie Lake which in turn was named after an old trapper. The nearest railway point is Canoe Lake. Present approved name is **McKENZIE LAKE**. Population 150 in 1986, no figures shown in 1976. Map position: 45°23' 78°21'. References: B, V, 4A, FF, I, 5T, 6T and 7I.

**McKENZIE'S POINT**, Rainy River District. Located in the hotel owned by David D. McKenzie. This listing shows 1913 and 1926 only. There is no supporting evidence for a post office at this place. References: MM and OO.

**McKENZIE RIVER**, post office, McGregor Township, in the postal district of Port Arthur. Located 2 miles south of McKenzie and 16 miles from Port Arthur. Post office established as **McKENZIE RIVER**, on June 15th, 1939. First Postmaster Nick Miocich. Office closed March 31st, 1947. No recent reference to this post office. References: 6T.

**McKENZIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Area 47,844 acres. Surveyed in 1872 to 1873 by A.B. Scott, Provincial Land Surveyor. Map position: 45°44' 80°00'. References: 1M and V.

**McKEOUGH TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **Z TOWNSHIP**, Algoma District.

**McKEOWN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 81°31'. Reference: V.

**McKERCHER'S CORNERS**, settlement, Reach Township, Ontario County, now Scugog Township, Regional Municipality of Durham. Located west of Manchester, 14 miles north of Whitby, the County Seat, 5 miles southwest of Port Perry station on Grand Trunk and 4 miles from Prince Albert. Post office established as **UTICA** in Canada West on November 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Duncan McKercher. Office named **UTICA** and closed on May 1st, 1914. Hamlet has assumed the name of the post office. On January 1st, 1974 Reach Township amalgamated with Port Perry,

Townships of Cartwright and Scugog to form the Township of Scugog in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Present approved name is **UTICA**. Population 200 in 1875 and 55 in 1976. Map position: 44°04' 79°01'. References: 2B, 4C, 5, 6, 7, 8, 33, 37 and 80.

**McKERROW,** SEE: **ESPANOLA STATION**, Algoma District.

**McKILLOP,** SEE: **HARPURHEY**, Huron County.

**McKILLOP (TOWNSHIP OF).** Geographic Township, Huron County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. This Township was in Huron District, Canada West. Population 600 in 1852 and 1,497 in 1960. Map position: 43°36' 81°20'. References: C, HH, M, 2W and V.

**McKIM TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. When it was Incorporated the name was spelled **McKEIN** on the original documents which has been corrected. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1890. Incorporation dissolved January 1st, 1960. Amalgamated by **CITY OF SUDBURY** by O.M.B. Order M-5143-56, dated December 18th, 1954, effective date January 1st, 1960. Map position: 46°30' 81°01'. References: HH, M and V.

**McKINLAY,** SEE: **CLANDEBOYE #1**, Lanark County.

**McKINLEY,** SEE: **CLANDEBOYE #1**, Lanark County.

**McKINNON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°09' 81°53'. Reference: V.

**McKIRDY,** railway point, northeast of Nipigon, Thunder Bay District. **McKIRDY STATION** on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 904 feet above sea level. Located 26.5 km north of Nipigon. Present approved name is **McKIRDY**. Population 4 in 1978. Map position: 49°16' 88°09'. References: RZ, L3 and V.

**McKNIGHT TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°54' 82°34'. Reference: V.

**McLARENS BAY,** dispersed rural community in Parkman Township Nipissing District. Located on the Ottawa River, 12 km northwest of Thorne and 50 km north of Balsam Creek. Present approved name is **McLAREN'S BAY**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°51' 79°14'. References: V and 5L.

**McLAREN'S BEACH,** hamlet, Cartwright Township, Durham County, later in Scugog Township, Regional Municipality of Durham. Located on Lake Scugog, 3 km west of Caesarea and 7 km northwest of Blackstock. Present approved name is **McLAREN'S BEACH**. Population 33 in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 78°51'.References: 5L and 38.

**McLAREN'S DEPOT,** settlement, Palmerston Township, Frontenac County. Located on the Mississipi River, 62 miles north of Kingston and 1/4 mile from Snow Road Station on Kingston and Pembroke Railway, also 18 miles from Sharbot Lake. Post office established as **McLAREN'S DEPOT** in 1884. First Postmaster William Peverley. Post office closed on January 15th 1914. Present approved name is **McLARENS DEPOT**. Population 300 in 1892 and 100 in 1926. Map position: 44°58' 76°41'. References: I, AA, DD, V, MM, 6T, and 5P.

**McLAREN'S SETTLEMENT,** dispersed rural community, Ross Township Renfrew County. Located 15 km southeast of Cobden, 6 km northeast of Haley and 4 km north of Chenaux. Present approved name is **McLAREN'S SETTLEMENT**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°37' 76°42'. References: V and 5L.

**McLAREN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°41' 79°49'. Reference: V.

**McLARNEN'S CORNERS,** SEE: **BOYNE**, Halton County.

**McLARNENVILLE,** SEE: **BOYNE**, Halton County.

**McLARTY,** dispersed rural community, Plummer Township, Algoma District. Located on the Thessalon River and a

station on Bruce Mines and Algoma Railway, named **McLARTY STATION**. Post office established October 26th, 1904 named **McLARTY**. First Postmaster Robert McLarty, and this office named for him. On April 1st, 1912, the Post office name was changed to **PLUMMER**. Office closed April 30th, 1969. In 1976, this place is shown in Plummer Additional Township. Present approved name is **PLUMMER**. Population of 78 in 1976. Map position: 46°24' 83°48'. References: S, PP, SS, 6T, 7J, V, 3B and 9F.

**McLARTY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 49°03' 93°48'. References: V.

**McLAUGHLIN MILLS**, dispersed rural community, Albion, Caledon and Mono Townships, Peel County, sometimes shown in Simcoe County and also in the Electoral County of Cardwell, most recently in Town of Caledon, Regional Municipality of Peel. Located on Humber River, 22 miles northwest of Brampton, the County Seat, and 7 miles east of Orangeville, also 6 miles northwest of Caledon East station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established in Home District, Upper Canada on October 6th, 1839. First Postmaster Alexander Lewis. At this time, the place name was called **MARKET HILL**. The Post office opened as **MONO MILLS**. Mono Mills Post office closed January 15th, 1976. Present approved name is **MONO MILLS**. Population 150 in 1857 and 156 in 1971. In 1976 the population was included in Town of Caledon. Map position: 43°57' 79°58'. References: 3G, B, I, S, AA, EE, 3B, 3S, V, 8F and 8F.

**McLAUGHLIN'S STATION**, station, McNab Township, Renfrew County. Located on Chalk River Division of CPR. Station number 3630, between the station of Waba and Arnprior, in 1911. References: 10B.

**McLAUGHLIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°42' 78°37'. References: V.

**McLAURIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 50°12' 90°13'. References: V.

**McLEAN**, dispersed rural community, Kennebec and Olden Townships, Frontenac County. Located 50 miles north of Kingston, the County Seat, 8 miles west of Mountain Grove station on Kingston and Pembroke Railway, later on CPR, and 9 miles west of Sharbot Lake. Post office named **McLEAN** opened in 1888, in (Hinchinbrook Township, Addington County). First Postmaster D. C. McLean. Office closed December 31st, 1939. This place was named for the family McLean, of whom one was the first Postmaster. Present approved name is **McLEAN**. Population 30 in 1892 and 132 in 1908. Map position: 44°39' 76°50'. References: B, AA, PP, V, 5L, 6T, I, 5T and 7D.

**McLEAN'S**, station, Thunder Bay District. Located 7 miles east of Port Arthur. It is not a Post office. Located east of Port Arthur station on CPR. This station existed between the years, 1883 and 1887. No recent references to the station. References: S and 8G.

**McLEAN'S TRAILER PARK**, West Garafraxa Township, Wellington County. Located 7 km northeast of Fergus, 16 km south of Grand Valley and 21 km southwest of Erin. Present name is not approved. Population 81 in 1976. Map position: 43°45' 80°19'. References: 5L and 3B.

**McLEAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Muskoka District. Incorporated as a Township December 31st, 1915. Dissolved by Statute 1970, C32. Annexed, part to **TOWN OF BRACEBRIDGE** part of **TOWNSHIP OF LAKE OF BAYS**, effective January 1st, 1971. Surveyed in 1862 by Mr. Burns, D L S. Area 37,544 acres. Map position: 45°10' 79°08'.References: HH, M, 1L and V.

**McLEANVILLE**, urban community, Part of Town of Perth in Lanark County. Present approved name is **McLEANVILLE**. Map position: 44°54' 76°16'. References: V.

**McLEISTER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°02' 82°58'. References: V.

**McLENNAN'S BEACH**, hamlet, Thorah Township, Ontario County, now Brock Township, Regional Municipality of Durham. Located one km north of Cedarhurst Beach, 3 km south of Beaverton and 9 km north of Port Bolster. Present approved name is **McLENNAN'S BEACH**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°24' 79°10'. References: 5L.

**McLEOD SUBDIVISION**, Caledon Township, Peel County. Population 44 in 1961 and 119 in 1971. In 1976, the

population was included in Town of Caledon, within the Regional Municipality of Peel. References: 3B and 5A.

**McLEODS**, station, on the Bruce Mines & Algoma Railway, in Algoma District. Date of this reference 1908. No recent references to this station. References: PP.

**McLEODS BAY**, station, on a deep inlet on the north shore of Lake Nipissing in Nipissing District, near Cache Bay. **McLEODS BAY STATION** on CPR, 3 miles west of Sturgeon Falls. This station is listed only in the year 1908. No recent reference to this station. References: PP.

**McLEOD TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°17' 80°52'. References: V.

McLEOD TOWNSITE, In Errington and Ashmore Townships, Thunder Bay District. Population 154 in 1951 and 116 in 1976. References: 3B, 5A and 5E.

McLEODVILLE, dispersed rural community. Peel County. Recently part of Town of Caledon in Regional Municipality of Peel. A subdivision in 1950. The name is in use since 1967 on official maps. Developer John McLeod. Present approved name is **McLEODVILLE**. Map position: 43°53' 80°03'. References: 3C and V.

McLYN MILLS, SEE: MENZIES SPUR

**McMAHON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°35' 83°47'. References: V.

McMANUS TOWNSITE, Kendall Township, Cochrane District. Population 343 in 1951. References: 3B.

McMANUSVILLE, Also known as McMANUS TOWNSITE, Kendall Township, Cochrane District. Located across the CNR Right of Way, to the north of Hearst. Population 343 in 1956 and 397 in 1966. References: 2Y and 5E.

McMARMAC, hamlet, in Balmertown Improvement District, Kenora District. Population 82 in 1961 and 43 in 1971. References: 3B and 5A.

McMARTIN'S POINT, post office, Nipissing District. Post office opened in 1874 and closed in 1879 when the Post office was moved across the river to Quebec. The Postmaster went with it. References: I.

McMARTINVILLE, A hamlet in Otonabee Township, Peterborough County. Located 6 miles from Peterborough. Post office opened as McMARTINVILLE, in 1909. First Postmaster James McMartin, for whom the Post office is named. Office closed April 1st, 1917. Recently designated as an urban community and Part of City of Peterborough. Present approved name is **McMARTINVILLE**. Map position: 44°17' 78°18'. References: DD, MM, 3B, V, 6T and 7D.

**McMASTER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°59' 88°38'. References: V.

**McMEEKIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°41' 94°02'. References: V.

McMILLAN #1, Railway Point.Tay Township, Simcoe County. Present approved name is **McMILLAN**. Map position: 44°44' 79°49'. References: V.

McMILLAN #2, station, Coyle Township, Kenora District. Name changed to **RIMSTAD STATION**. Present approved name is **RIMSTAD**. Map position: 49°48' 94°07'. References: V.

McMILLANS CORNERS, Dispersed rural community in Cornwall and Roxborough Townships in Stormont County. Located 12 miles north of Cornwall, the County Seat and 3 miles south of Monkland Station on CPR. Post office established in 1891. First Postmaster Alexander Kennedy. Office closed September 30th, 1913. Present approved name is McMILLANS CORNERS. Population 38 in 1895 and 50 in 1907. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 45-10' 74°51'. References: B, I, S, Z, 6T, 5L and V.

McMILLAN'S MILLS, Village, Erin Township, Wellington County. 19 miles northeast of Guelph, the County Seat, 13

miles south of Orangeville and 47 miles from Toronto. Post office established as **ERIN** in 1832. First Postmaster, William Cornock. Office still in operation in 1983. Post office named **ERIN**, for Ireland. Surveyed in 1819. Founded by Daniel McMillan in 1824. The first mill, Trout's, in 1826 and first store in 1826. Incorporated as a Village December 6th, 1875, named **ERIN**. The first place name McMillan's Mills, was misspelled in several instances as **McMULLEN'S MILLS**. Post office records are not very clear in the early years. The first time this place was listed, was October 6th, 1839 with the same Postmaster, William Cornock. This place also known by the name of **ERINVILLE**. Present approved name is **ERIN**. Population 50 in 1846, 700 in 1895 and 2,151 in 1980. Map position: 43°46' 80°04'. References: G, B, M, S, Z, EE, aH, 2T, 2Y, W, 3S, 5K, V, 2H, 7X and 8P.

**McMILLAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°46' 84°35'. References: V.

**McMULLAN'S MILLS**, SEE: **McMILLAN'S MILLS**, Wellington County.

**McMURCHY SETTLEMENT**, hamlet, Nottawasaga Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 km south of Mair Mills, 5 km southwest of Collingwood and 7 km northwest of Nottawa. Present approved name is **McMURCHY SETTLEMENT**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°29' 80°17'. Reference: 5L.

**McMURRAY TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 29, Range 23**, Algoma District.

**McMURRICH**, dispersed rural community, McMurrich Township, Parry Sound District. Located 23 km from Huntsville, 5 miles from Sprucedale Station on the Ottawa and Parry Sound division of Grand Trunk Railway. Post office which was named for the Township established as **McMURRICH**, on October 27th, 1904. First Postmaster Charles Gisler. Office closed June 21st, 1927. Present approved name is **McMURRICH**. No population shown for 1976. Map position: 45°26' 79°26'. References: B, 5L, PP, 7J, V and 6T.

**McMURRICH (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1891. Quieting Order M3215, dated April 18th, 1957. This Township was founded by A. Begg in 1874. A post office was opened and named **BEGGSBORO**, after the pioneer in 1876. Population 433 in 1980. Map position: 45°28' 79°27'. References: HH, 1M, M and V.

**McNAB #1**, post office, McNab Township, Bathurst District, later shown in Renfrew County. Located 10 miles south of Castleford, 176 miles from Kingston and 234 miles from Cobourg. Post office named **McNAB** for the Township, established on May 6th, 1839. First Postmaster James Morris, who remained as Postmaster to 1855, when the post office closed. No further reference to this post office. No population shown. References: I, 3S, 7X and 8P.

**McNAB #2**, SEE: **LOCHINVAR**, Glengarry County.

**McNAB #3**, dispersed rural community, Grantham Township, Lincoln County, later Part of Town of Niagara on the Lake, in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 6 miles from St. Catharines with a port on Lake Ontario. Post office established as **McNAB**, on May 10th, 1900. First Postmaster C. Bogardus. Office closed April 30th, 1915. Present approved name is **McNAB**. Population 50 in 1908 and 235 in 1956. Map position: 43°13' 79°11'. References: B, V, S, PP, 5E, 6T and 7M.

**McNAB #4**, hamlet. Located 24 miles from Lancaster in Lochiel Township, Middlesex County. Population 50 in 1875. This is the only reference to this place and there is no post office shown at this location. Problem with this listing is Township is in Glengarry County, hundreds of miles away. Reference: A.

**McNAB-GLENGARRY**, SEE: **LOCHINVAR**, Glengarry County.

**McNAB'S CORNERS**, SEE: **CORNERS #3**, Simcoe County.

**McNABSVILLE**, concentrated rural community, Esquesing Township, Halton County, later Part of Town of Halton Hills, in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Located on the Credit River, 12 miles north of Milton, the

County Seat, 3 miles east of Georgetown and 1 1/2 miles from Norval Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established October 6th, 1836. First Postmaster William Clay. Office named **NORVAL** and still operating in 1983. This place was founded by James McNab in 1820 and named **McNABVILLE.** The last surviving member of the family, Alexander, had the name changed to Norval when the post office opened. Present approved name is **NORVAL.** Population 200 in 1946 and 332 in 1971. After 1976 population included in Town of Halton Hills. Map position: 43°39' 79°51'. References: 1B, B, I, G, NN, AA, 3B, 3S and V.

**McNAB TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Renfrew County. Incorporated as a Township on January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. This Township was originally in Bathurst District, Canada West. The Township is named for Allan McNab who brought in the first Scottish settlers, in 1812 and acted as their clan chief. In the late 1830's, early 1840's the grant was taken from McNab, due to settler protests. Population 1,513 in 1852 and 4,249 in 1980. Map position: 45°25' 76°30'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, 6Q, 1J and V.

**McNAMARA,** railway point, Gauthier Township, Timiskaming District. Located near Northlands Park. Present approved name is **McNAMARA.** Map position: 48°09' 79°53'. References: U and V+.

**McNAMARA TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°07' 81°08'. References: V.

**McNAUGHT #1,** settlement, Perth County, **McNAUGHT STATION** on the Guelph and Goderich line of CPR. Located 49 miles northwest of Guelph. Date of the reference 1908. No recent reference to this place. References: PP.

**McNAUGHT #2,** railway point, Grey Township, Huron County. **McNAUGHT STATION** on Guelph and Goderich Division of CPR. Station number 1718, between the stations of West Monkton and Walton, in 1911. Map position: 43°38' 81°11'. References: V and 10B.

**McNAUGHT TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°48' 83°11'. References: V.

**McNAUGHTON SHORE,** hamlet, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located on Mississippi Lake, 10 km west of Franktown, 13km south of Carleton Place and 14 km east of Lanark. Present approved name is **McNAUGHTON SHORE.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°02' 76°11'. References: 5L.

**McNAUGHTON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 51°15' 92°27'. References: V.

**McNEIL TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 43°09' 80°52'. References: V.

**McNEVIN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°15' 91°10'. References: V.

**McNIE TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 5 F,** Algoma District.

**McNISH TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°46' 80°22'. References: V.

**McOWEN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 82°09'. References: V.

**McPARLAND TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 24, RANGE 16,** Algoma District.

**McPHAIL,** hamlet, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located 6 miles north of Perth, the County Seat. Post office established as **McPHAIL** in 1881. First Postmaster Donald McPhail. Office was named for Peter McPhail, the first settler in 1817. Office closed January 13th, 1914. Present approved name is **McPHAIL.** Population 50 in 1892. Map position: 44°58' 76°11'. References: I, T, S, AA, 6T, V, 7U and 7D.

**McPHAIL'S CORNERS,** concentrated rural community, Cornwall Township, Stormont County. Located 9 miles north of Cornwall, the County Seat and 5 miles south of Moncklands Station on CPR. Post office established as **McPHAIL'S CORNERS** in 1889. First Postmaster Peter Gibbons. Post office name changed to **BONVILLE** IN 1892. Office closed November 12th, 1913. Present approved name is **BONVILLE.** Population 50 in 1892 and 106 in 1976. Map position:

For references see Works Cited.

45°08' 74°49'. References: I, D, 5T, B, S, Z, AA, 3B, 5L, V and 6T.

**McPHAIL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°11' 82°09'. References: V.

**McQUESTON**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **McQUESTON**. Map position: 43°15' 79°47'. References: V.

**McQUESTON EAST**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **McQUESTON EAST**. Map position: 43°14' 79°47'. References: V.

**McQUESTON TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°47' 86°52'. References: V.

**McQUESTON WEST**, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is **McQUESTON WEST**. Map position: 43°14' 79°47'. References: V.

**McQUIBBAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Town, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°30' 80°35'. References: V.

**McRAE**, SEE: McCRAE, Hastings County.

**McRAE BEACH**, hamlet, Georgina Township, York County. Population 37 in 1976. References: 3B.

**McRAE'S**, station, shown in both Halton and Wentworth County. Located 10 miles west of Milton, the County Seat, 12 miles from Gueiph and 15 from Galt. **McRAE'S STATION** is on the Credit Valley line the Ontario division of CPR. It is not a post office. This station is shown between the years 1871 and 1906. No further reference to this station. References: S, AA and PP.

**McRAE SETTLEMENT**, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 22 miles northwest of Barrie, the County Seat, 14 miles from Midland and 6 miles west of Wyevale Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established May 1st, 1874. First Postmaster William Gibson. The post office was named **GIBSON** for the first Postmaster. Office closed March 1st, 1918. First settler Amos Dean in 1864. First named **McRAE SETTLEMENT** for the number of that family living in the area. Present approved name is **GIBSON**. Population 50 in 1895 and 66 in 1956. Map position: 44°37' 79°59'. References: B, I, AA, Z, JJ, 5E, V, 6T, 5Y and 7D.

**McREYNOLDS**, dispersed rural community, Oxford on Rideau Township, later Edwardsburgh Township, Grenville County. Located 9 km northwest of Spencerville, 10 km southeast of Oxford Mills and 5 km northeast of Bishops Mills. Present approved name is **McREYNOLDS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°53' 75°37'. References: B, 5L and V.

**McREYNOLDS CORNERS**, post office, Oxford Township, Grenville County. Located 4 miles from Oxford Station on Prescott and Ottawa branch of CPR. Post office established as **McREYNOLDS CORNERS** on July 1st, 1906. First Postmaster Patrick McReynolds. Office closed January 28th, 1914. This office was located in the farmhouse of the McReynolds family. No modern reference to this office. References: S, PP, 6T, 7T and 7D.

**McROBERTS CORNER**, dispersed rural community, Augusta Township, Grenville County. Located 8 km west of Spencerville, 5 km southeast of Bishops Mills and 11 km northeast of North Augusta. Present approved name is **McROBERTS CORNER**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°50' 75°39'. References: V and 5L.

**McTAVISH'S GROVE**. On the north bank of the Castor River, 1/4 mile west of Kenmore, Osgoode Township, Russell County. An early cemetery used to be here but no trace, not even one headstone, remains. References: 9C.

**McTAVISH TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°40' 88°41'. References: V.

**McVICAR**, dispersed rural community, St. Edmunds Township, Bruce County. Located 100 miles north of Walkerton, the County Seat, 6 miles from Johnston's Harbour, the nearest shipping by water, 5 miles from Brinkman's Corners and 12 miles form Tobermory. Lumbering is the only industry and there is a stage weekly with mail to

Tobermory (1895). Post office established as **McVICAR** in 1892. First Postmaster Peter McVicar. Post office named for the first Postmaster. Office closed August 1st, 1918. Present approved name is **McVICAR**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°09' 81°28'. References: I, Z, V, 5L and 6T.

McVICAR'S LANDFALL, SEE: DAWSON'S LANDING, Algoma District.

McVITTIE, community, Timiskaming District. In the year 1938, this community was Incorporated into the Municipal Township of Larder Lake. Reference: 2Y.

McVITTIES, railway point, Secord Township, Sudbury District. Present approved name is **McVITTIES**. Map position: 46°17' 80°51'. Reference: V.

**McVITTIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°09' 79°42'. References: V.

**McWILLIAMS #1**, railway point, Glenelg Township, Grey County. Located 8 km from Durham. **McWILLIAMS STATION** on Owen Sound Division of CPR. Station number 1537, between the stations of Priceville and Durham, in 1911. Present approved name is **McWILLIAMS**. Map position: 44°10' 80°44'. References: U, 10B and V.

**McWILLIAMS #2**, dispersed rural community, North Dorchester and West Nissouri Townships, Middlesex County. Located 3 miles from Crumlin Station on CPR. Post office named **McWILLIAMS** established June 1st, 1906. First Postmaster William Judge. Office closed December 13th, 1913. Present name is not approved. Population 92 in 1976. Map position: 43°02' 81°04'. References: B, 7T, PP, 3B, 5L, 6T and V.

**McWILLIAMS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°41' 80°06'. References: V.

**MEAD**, dispersed rural community, Lowther Township, Cochrane District. Located 5 miles south of Coppell, 9 1/2 miles north of Eale and near Hearst. Post office established July 9th, 1940 named **MEAD**. First Postmaster Bernard Midgely. Post office closed in 1971. Present approved name is **MEAD**. Population 59 in 1956 and 23 in 1976. Map position: 49°28' 83°52'. References: U, O, 5E, V, 5L, 6T and 9F.

**MEADER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°47' 87°58'. References: V.

**MEADOWLANDS**, suburban community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 5 km northwest of Elizabeth Park, 12 km northeast of Kanata and 12 km southwest of Rockcliffe Park. Present approved name is **MEADOWLANDS**. Population 43 in 1951 and 1,176 in 1956. Map position: 45°21' 75°45'. References: 5E, 5L and V.

**MEADOW LEA**, Gosfield South Township, Essex County. Population 58 in 1956. References: 5E.

**MEADOWOOD**, Peel County. In 1940 residential area located south of Lakeshore Road, becoming a subdivision east of Clarkson Road, City of Mississauga, in Regional Municipality of Peel. References: 3C.

**MEADOWSIDE**, railway point, Beaucage Township, Nipissing District. Located 17 miles west of North Bay and 36 miles west of Callendar. **MEADOWSIDE STATION** on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 689 feet above sea level, also a station on CPR main line at an altitude of 665 feet above sea level and at Mile 2528 on the track. It is not a post office. Present approved name is **MEADOWSIDE**. Population 41 in 1976. Map position: 46°23' 79°45'. References: AA, 3B, PP, L1, L3, V, 5L and 8K.

**MEADOWVALE #1 (HISTORIC)**, THIS PLACE IS NOT TO BE CONFUSED WITH THE NEW URBAN DEVELOPMENT OF THE SAME NAME IN MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO. THIS IS THE HISTORIC PLACE, MEADOWVALE. In Toronto Township, Peel County, later within the City of Mississauga, in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located on the Credit River, 23 miles from Toronto, 5 miles south of Brampton, the County Seat and 10 miles from Port Credit. Post office established as **MEADOWVALE** on August 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Luther Cheyne. Office still in operation in 1983. Modern location of this Village is on the Credit River on Derry Road West at the 2nd Line West. **MEADOWVALE STATION** is a half mile from the Village served by the Orangeville and Elora branches of CPR and formerly by Credit Valley Railway. The

local name for this place is EDEN. It has been called MEADOWVALE MILLS, MEADOWVALE-ON-THE-CREDIT and a misspelling of the name MEADOWVILLE (1860 and 1885). Meadowvale was settled and named by John Crawford in 1831. He built a saw mill and two other mills were built by other settlers, hence it was called MEADOWVALE MILLS. Post office became a sub post office of Mississauga (1976). MEADOWVALE STATION no longer exists in 1983. Recently, in an attempt to retain their identity, some inhabitants of Meadowvale are using name MEADOWVALE VILLAGE. Present approved name is MEADOWVALE. Population 300 in 1880's and 354 in 1976. Map position: 43°37'79°43'. References: B, I, T, U, AA, EE, 3C, 3M, 3V, 1V, V, PP, 7B, 3G, 3R and 3Y.

MEADOWVALE #2, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Population 24 in 1961 and 157 in 1966. References: 5A.

MEADOWVALE #3, urban development, Peel County, later in City of Mississauga, in the Regional Municipality of Peel. This development was named by a group of businessmen in 1968. THE HISTORIC VILLAGE OF THE SAME NAME WILL BE SHOWN AS "MEADOWVALE, HISTORIC" TO SEPARATE THE TWO. This Meadowvale has portions called Meadowvale North, Meadowvale South and Meadowvale West, which see. The name Meadowvale is not approved for use at this location. Reference: D.

MEADOWVALE MILLS, SEE: MEADOWVALE #1 (HISTORIC), Peel County.

MEADOWVALE NORTH, SEE: MEADOWVALE #3, Peel County.

MEADOWVALE-ON-THE-CREDIT, SEE: MEADOWVALE #1 (HISTORIC), Peel County.

MEADOWVALE SOUTH, SEE: MEADOWVALE #3, Peel County.

MEADOWVALE STATION, SEE: MEADOWVALE #1 (HISTORIC), Peel County.

MEADOWVALE VILLAGE, SEE: MEADOWVALE #1 (HISTORIC), Peel County.

MEADOWVALE WEST, SEE: MEADOWVALE #3, Peel County.

MEADOWVILLE, SEE: MEADOWVALE #1 (HISTORIC), Peel County.

MEADOW WOOD, urban community, Part of City of Mississauga in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is MEADOW WOOD. Map position: 43°31' 79°36'. References: V.

MEAFORD, SEE: PEGG'S LANDING, Grey County.

MEATH, SEE: GRAHAMS, Renfrew County.

MEATH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°23' 84°04'. References: V.

MECHANICSVILLE, hamlet, Nepean Township, Carleton County. In 1907 this place was amalgamated with Bayswater, Manchesterville and Hintonburg to form a suburb of Ottawa named HINTONBURG. Hintonburg shows on map of 1913, 1916 and 1917. Post office named MECHANICSVILLE opened in 1887. First Postmaster Hector Lapointe. Office closed April 5th, 1918. This office was shown 1/4 mile from Hintonburg. Hintonburg was amalgamated by OTTAWA in 1913 and it is now shown as an urban community, Part of City of Ottawa in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is MECHANICSVILLE. Map position: 45°24' 75°44'. References: AA, S, D, DD, 6T, V, 5T and 9F.

MECATINA, station, Township 24, Range 13, Algoma District. Located 62 miles from Sault Ste. Marie.(1908) Name changed to MEKATINA in 1974. MEKATINA STATION is on Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. Present approved name is MEKATINA. Map position: 47°05' 84°05'. References: PP, U and V.

MECKLENBURGH, district, Upper Canada. Name changed to MIDLAND DISTRICT. Date of the reference 1799. References: 7W.

**MECKLINBURGH DISTRICT,** SEE: ONTARIO (PROVINCE).

**MECHANO TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 47°59' 84°20'. References: V.

MECUNOMA, settlement, Lount Township, Parry Sound District. Located 15 miles from South River Station on Toronto and North Bay division of Grand Trunk Railway and 2 miles south of Rye. Mecunoma had a stage service three times weekly to Magnetawan and Nipissing, fares fifty cents and one dollar (1892). Post office named MECUNOMA established in 1878. First Postmaster E.D. Galbraith. Office closed May 1st, 1916. In 1882 there was a hotel located in Mecunoma which was named **BUMMER'S ROOST.** That hotel burned down in 1926 but the name has been retained locally. Mecunoma is an Indian name meaning "here's a road". Present approved name is **BUMMERS ROOST.** Population 75 in 1892 and 75 in 1908. Map position: 45°49' 79°37'. References: I, E, AA, V+, 6T, 5B, PP and 5L.

MEDINA #1, settlement, West Zorra Township, Oxford County. Located 25 miles northwest of Woodstock, the County Seat and 8 miles south of St. Mary's. Post office established as **MEDINA,** on November 1st, 1962. First Postmaster J.H. Beck. Office closed June 1st, 1913. Recently designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **MEDINA.** Population 65 in 1875 and 48 in 1976. Map position: 43°11' 81°03'. References: B, I, A, S, 3N, 3B, 5L, V and 6T.

MEDINA #2, settlement, North Gwillimbury Township, York County and most recently in Georgina Township, Regional Municipality of York. The original patentee of this land was Arad Smalley. The village was known as Medina, sometimes spelled as MADINA. Post office named **KESWICK,** opened in 1835, and originally located at Roache's Point. In 1870, the Postmaster moved the Post office to Medina, taking the name Keswick with it. Office still in operation in 1983. The village eventually assumed the name of Keswick. Located 40 miles north of Toronto the County Seat, 7 miles southwest of Sutton Station on Grand Trunk Railway, and 14 miles north of Newmarket. Present approved name is **KESWICK.** Population 100 in 1886 and 1,217 in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 79°28'. References: 2J, I, B, T, S, AA, 3B, V, 7B, A and 3G.

MEDINA CORNERS, hamlet, Tuscarora Township, Brant County. Located on the Six Nations Indian Reservation #40, 2 km southwest of Little Buffalo, 5 km southeast of New Credit. Present approved name is **MEDINA CORNERS.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°01' 80°09'. References: 5L.

**MEDINA TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Temiskaming District. Map position: 47°17'80°13'. References: V.

MEDONTE #1, hamlet, Medonte Townships, Simcoe County. Located 15 miles from Orillia, 3 miles from Coldwater and 20 miles north of Barrie, the County Seat. Post office established as **MEDONTE** in 1851. First Postmaster, Edmund Moon. In 1884 the Post office name was changed to **MOONSTONE.** Office still in operation in 1983. The first half of the name for the first Postmaster and the last half to describe the nature of the land. Edmund Moon was one of the first settlers, if not the first and was a Justice of the Peace. The name of the Station, COLDWATER JUNCTION, was changed to MEDONTE STATION in January of 1920. Present approved name is **MOONSTONE.** Population 20 in 1886 and 33 in 1976. Map position: 44°39' 79°40'. References: I, A, T, SS, 7B, V, 5P, 8V, B, AA, JJ, 3B and 7D.

MEDONTE #2, dispersed rural community, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 km east of Coldwater, 4km northwest of Foxmead and 15 km northwest of Orillia. Present approved name is **MEDONTE.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°42' 79°36'. References: V, U and 5L.

MEDONTE (TOWNSHIP OF), Geographic Township, Simcoe County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. This Township was originally in Simcoe District Canada West and was surveyed along the Penatanguishene Road before 1820 when the whole Township was done. First settler Thomas Craig in 1818. Area, 65,800 acres. Population 548 in 1842, 1,116 in 1852 and 4,077 in 1980. Map position: 44°38' 79°40' References: C, HH, 2W, 3H, M, 2E and V.

MEDORA, SEE: DUDLEY, Muskoka District.

**MEDORA LAKE,** SEE: **DUDLEY**, Muskoka District.

**MEDORA TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Muskoka District. Medora Township was Incorporated in 1871 (including Township of Wood). Area, 41,619 acres. Map position: 45°06' 79°39'. References: 1L and V.

**MEDORA AND WOOD UNITED TOWNSHIPS,** Incorporated as **UNITED TOWNSHIPS**, March 29, 1873. Dissolved by Ontario Statute, 1970, C32. Annexed, Part to **TOWN OF GRAVENHURST** and Part to **TOWNSHIP OF MUSKOKA LAKES**, effective date January 1st, 1971. References: M and HH.

**MEDWAY HEIGHTS,** dispersed rural community. Part of City of London in County of Middlesex. Present approved name is **MEDWAY HEIGHTS**. Map position: 43°01' 81°18'. References: V.

**MEEN TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 5 C**, Algoma District.

**MEGRUND PIT STATION,** station, Osaquan Township, Kenora District. Located on Ignace Division on CPR. Station number 5083, between the stations of Osaquan and Raleigh, in 1911. References: 10E and 10B.

**MEILLEUR BAY,** dispersed rural community, Rolph Township, Renfrew County. Located 16 km northwest of Deep River, 4 km east of Rolphton and 42 km northwest of Lake Traverse. Present approved name is **MEILLEURS BAY**. Population 71 in 1951, none shown in 1976. Map position: 46°10' 77°38'. References: V, 5L and 3B.

**MEINZINGER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 49°09' 90°36'. References: V.

**MEKATINA,** SEE: **MECATINA**, Algoma District.

**MELANCTHON,** dispersed rural community in Melancthon Township, Dufferin County. Located 30 miles northwest of Orangeville, the County Seat and 6 kilometres from Shelburne. Post office established as **MELANCTHON**, on July 6th, 1851. First Postmaster James Beachall. Post office closed by 1971. Present approved name is **MELANCTHON**. Population 60 in 1886 and 100 in 1908. Map position: 44°06' 80°16'. References: I, T, S, U, 3J, V, PP, 8Q and 9F.

**MELANCTHON (TOWNSHIP OF),** Municipal Township, Dufferin County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1853. This Township originally in Home District, Canada West. Area, 76,813 acres. The eastern part of Township was surveyed in 1830. First settler Louis Horning. Population 250 in 1852 and 2,119 in 1980. Map position: 44°10' 80°17'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, 2K and V.

**MELBA TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, formerly in Temiskaming District. Township venue, changed by Bill 14 on January 1st, 1974, to Cochrane District. This Township is also within the Municipal Township of Black River - Matheson. Map position: 48°20' 80°04'. References: V and 10E.

**MELBOURNE #1,** SEE: **EKFRID**, Middlesex County.

**MELBOURNE #2,** SEE: **BARKERTON**, Parry Sound District.

**MELCOMBE,** hamlet 21 miles west of Brockville, the County Seat, 7 miles from Lansdowne Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MELCOMBE**, in 1893. First Postmaster, Albert Landon. The Post office was first misspelled as **MELOME**. Office closed October 1st, 1912. Population 25 in 1913. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, I, DD, MM, 6T and PP.

**MELDRUM BAY,** concentrated rural community in Dawson Township, Manitoulin District. Located on Dawson Island, in Dawson Island Township, 50 miles from Gore Bay, 50 miles from Little Current and 22 miles from Blind River Station on CPR. **MELDRUM BAY** Post office established in 1880 and named for a market Town in Scotland. First Postmaster Richard Dundle. Post office still operating in 1983. This place once supported three commercial fishing tugs. Today tourism supports the place. Present approved name is **MELDRUM BAY**. Population 50 in 1892

and 45 in 1976. Map position: 45°56' 83°07'. References: I, R2, B, S, AA, MM, 3B, V, 5L, 5V and PP.

**MELDUF**, railway point in Tay Township, Simcoe County. Present approved name is **MELDUF**. Map position: 44°43' 79°46'. Reference: V.

**MELGUND #1**, dispersed rural community in Minto Township, Wellington County. Located 2 miles from Minto Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 6 miles from Palmerston, also 20 miles from Durham and 45 miles northwest of Guelph. Post office established as **MELGUND** in 1893. The Post office was named for Lord Melgund, later Earl of Minto. First Postmaster John McMillan. Office closed May 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MELGUND**. No population shown for this place. Map position: 43°55' 80°47'. References: B, I, S, 5U, 6T, V, PP and 7D.

**MELGUND #2**, railway point, Pic Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 16 kilometres east of Marathon. Melgund Station is on the main line of CPR at an altitude of 835 feet above sea level, also located at mile 2109, east of Heron Bay Station and west of Round Lake Station. Present approved name is **MELGUND**. Population 10 in 1893 and 61 in 1951. Map position: 48°41' 86°11'. References: AA, L1, 3B, U10, R2, V, 6Z and 8K.

**MELGUND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°36' 92°21'. References: V.

**MELICK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°51' 94°26'. References: V.

**MELISSA**, dispersed rural community in Chaffey Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Huntsville in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on Big East River, 5 1/2 miles from Huntsville, 30 miles northeast of Bracebridge and 3 miles from Novar Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MELISSA**, on September 1st, 1873. First Postmaster W. H. Buker. Post office closed by 1969. Present approved name is **MELISSA**. Population 50 in 1895 and 19 in 1966. Map position: 45°25' 79°14'. References: V, I, AA, Z, 5A, 6T, V, 7N, 5Y and 9F.

**MELLVILLE**, SEE: **WEST CALEDON**, Peel County.

**MELROSE #1**, dispersed rural community in Lobo Township, Middlesex County. Located on the London and Sarnia Gravel Road (1857), 8 miles from London and 4 miles from Komoka, also on Ox Bow Creek. Post office established as **FERGUSON**, in 1881. First Postmaster Andrew Ferguson. Office closed September 1st, 1913. Post office named for the first Postmaster. Present approved name is **MELROSE**, original name reverting to use after the post office closing. Population 150 in 1857 and 67 1951. Map position: 43°00' 81°24'. References: B, EE, MM, 3B, 7B, V, I, Z, 6T 5L and 5V.

**MELROSE #2**, dispersed rural community in Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Located 14 miles northeast of Belleville and 5 miles northeast of Shannonville Station on Grand Trunk Railway, also 21 kilometres from Roblindale. Post office established as **MELROSE**, on January 13th, 1848. First Postmaster George Duncan. Post office closed May 15th, 1918, Present approved name is **MELROSE**. Population 100 in 1875 and 36 in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 72°12'. References: B, I, A, S, U, 2W, 3B, V, 6T, 5L, 8Q and 8P.

**MELROSE STATION**, station, Lobo Township, Middlesex County. Located 8 miles from London. Nearest Post office at Ferguson. Population 40. Date of this reference 1913. No recent reference to this station. References: DD.

**MELROSE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°22' 82°04'. References: V.

**MELUN**, SEE: **McINNIS CREEK**, Spohn Township, Thunder Bay District.

**MELVILLE #1**, concentrated rural community, Hillier Township, Prince Edward County. Located 15 miles west of Picton, the County Seat and 5 miles east of Consecon Station on Central Ontario Railway. Post office established as **MELVILLE**, on January 22nd, 1848. First Postmaster John Wilson. Office closed May 15th, 1918. Present approved name is **MELVILLE**. Population 100 in 1857 and 36 in 1976. Map position: 44°01' 77°25'. References: B, I, S, EE, 2W, 5L, 3B, V, 6T and 8P.

MELVILLE #2, SEE: WEST CALEDON, Peel County.

MELVILLE CROSS, SEE: WEST CALEDON, Peel County.

MELVILLE JUNCTION, SEE: WEST CALEDON, Peel County.

MELVIN, dispersed rural community, Winchester Township, Dundas County. MELVIN post office established March 1st, 1907. First Postmaster David Melvin. Office closed February 14th, 1913. This post office located 5 miles from Winchester and named for the first Postmaster. Present approved name is MELVIN. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 75°20'. References: B, PP, 6T, 7K and V.

MEMASKWOSH TOWNSHIP, SEE:TOWNSHIP 33, Range 28, Algoma District.

MENAPIA TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°30' 81°23'. References: V.

MENARD TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 4 H, Algoma District.

MENARY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°57' 93°54'. References: V.

MENESET, railway point, Colborne Township, Huron County. Located near Goderich, MENESET STATION, on Guelph and Goderich Division of CPR. Station number 1729, between the stations of McGaw and Goderich, in 1911. Map position: 43°46' 81°43'. References: U, 10B and V.

MENESETUNG. In 1618 Champlain landed at the site of this place at the mouth of a river. The Indians called it Menesetung. Sometimes pronounced MANISETUNG. This river was later named Maitland and was inhabited by Huron Indians to 1826, when W.F. Gooding and F. Dechamp established a store. In 1828 Galt, a supervisor of the Canada Company decided to plant a settlement at the mouth of Maitland River and settlers started to arrive. This settlement was named GODERICH for Viscount Goderich, British Chancellor of the Exchequer, during the sale of "Huron Tract" to the Canada Company. Twelve years later, the Huron District came into existence in 1842. GODERICH post office established in 1833. First Postmaster Edwind Griffin. Office still in operation in 1983. Goderich was Incorporated as a Town under Act 12, Vic, Cap 81 on May 30th, 1849, effective date January 1st, 1850. It is recently designated as a Town, in Goderich and Colborne Townships, Huron County. Present approved name is GODERICH. Population 1,329 in 1852, 3,839 in 1881 and 7,408 in 1980. Map position: 43°45' 81°43'. References: B, I, M, HH, 2Y, 5C, 5K, V, 7A, 1G, 1W and 7X.

MENIE #1, SEE: SEYMOUR, Northumberland County.

MENIE #2, dispersed rural community, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 14 km east of Campbellford, 4 km north of Green Acres and 12 km northwest of Stirling. Present approved name is MENIE. Population 24 in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 77°42'. References: B, 5L, U and V.

MENNONITE CORNER, dispersed rural community, North Easthope Township, Perth County. Located 6 km southwest of Lisbon, 7 km north of Shakespeare and 6 km west of Berlett's Corners. Present approved name is MENNONITE CORNER. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°25' 80°49'. Reference: V.

MENOKE BEACH, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Present approved name is MENOKE BEACH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°41' 79°24'. References: B and V.

MENOMINEE, sometimes spelled as MENOMONEE and once spelled as MNOMINEE. A post office, Brunel Township, Muskoka District on Lake of Bays, about 21 miles northeast of Bracebridge and 10 miles south of Huntsville. Post office named MENOMINEE established in 1878. First Postmaster Isaac Williams. Office closed in 1892. Population 100 in 1892. No recent reference to this place. References: I, AA, 1L and 5V.

MENZIES SPUR, railway point on CNR, Algoma District. In August of 1946 the name was changed to ARMOUR AND

GRAHAM. In October, 1947 the name became MacLYN MILLS, also spelled as McLYN MILLS. In November of 1948 the name changed again, this time to NORTHLAND LUMBER COMPANY. Reference: SS.

MENZIES TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 30, Range 25, Algoma District.

MERCER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 49°38' 84°59'. References: V.

MERCHISON'S MILLS, SEE: MOHAWKWOODS, Hastings County.

MEREDITH TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°29' 83°55'. References: V.

MERIGOLD'S POINT, also known as MERRIGOLD POINT, MARIGOLD POINT and MARYGOLD POINT, situated in Toronto Township, Peel County. Located on Lake Ontario, south of Clarksons Corners between the years 1820 and 1830. No post office. First settler Lewis Bradley in 1811. This place was named for Elizabeth Merigold, his wife. References: 3C and M.L. Evans.

MERIVALE, concentrated rural community, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 8 miles south of Ottawa, the County Seat, 4 miles from Britannia and on the Rideau Canal. Post office established as MERIVALE, in 1864. First Postmaster E.B. Hopper. The post office at first spelled MERRIVALE. First laid out by Theo. De Pencier in August of 1791, then later a village plot was founded by Arthur Hopper. This place has two misspellings of its name, MERIEVALE and MERI VALE. Present approved name is MERIVALE. Population 25 in 1885 and 75 in 1951. Map position: 45-19' 75°43'. References: B, I, A, S, 3B, 3R, 4F, V, 5L, 6T and UU.

MERIVALE GARDENS, also known as MERIVALE GARDENS SUBDIVISION, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton and most recently (1974) designated as a suburban community. Located 5 km southwest of Elizabeth Park, 5 km northeast of Barr Haven and 13 km west of Kanata. Present approved name is MERIVALE GARDENS. Population 64 in 1956 and no figure shown for 1976. Map position: 45°19' 75°44'. References: V, 5L and 5E.

MERIVALE STATION, Nepean Township, Ottawa-Carleton Region. Date of reference February 1974. References: B.

MERLIN #1, Village, Simcoe District, Canada West. Nearest post office named BARRIE. Date of reference 1848. References: C.

MERLIN #2, SEE: SMITH'S CORNERS #3, Kent County.

MERLIN TOWNSHIP. In 1835, a directive was issued by the general post office of Canada to the effect that mail for Merlin Township, Simcoe County (because the area is not yet settled) is to be sent to the nearest office at Albion. No other documentation found on this name. References: 3H.

MERNER LAKE, post office, in Kenora-Rainy River Postal District. Office named MERNER LAKE established November 1st, 1965. First Postmaster and Office closing date not known. Not listed in Canadian Almanac. Reference: 6T.

MERNERSVILLE, Village, Carrick Township, Bruce County. Located on Otter Creek, 6 miles south of Walkerton, the County Seat, 2 1/2 miles northwest of Deemerton and 44 miles from Elora. Post office established as MILDMAY on July 1st, 1866. First Postmaster J.H. Dolmage. Office still in operation in 1983. Mildmay was Incorporated as a Village on March 26th, 1918. MERNERSVILLE STATION on the Wellington Grey and Bruce Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. Originally named Mernersville, after Senator Samuel Merner, who erected an early hotel. The name was changed by the grist mill owner for Mildmay Park in Scotland. Religious parish name SACRE COEUR de JESUS. Present approved name is MILDMAY. Population 1,000 in 1886 and 961 in 1979. Map position: 44°03' 81°07'. References: B, I, M, N, T, S, 2T, 2Y, 3Q, SS, 5K, TT, 7B, V, 7V and 7D.

MERRICK'S MILLS, SEE: MIRRICK'S MILLS, Lanark and Grenville Counties.

MERRICKSVILLE, SEE: MIRRICK'S MILLS, Lanark and Grenville Counties.

MERRICKVILLE, SEE: **MIRRICK'S MILLS**, Lanark and Grenville Counties.

**MERRICK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°30' 79°27'. References: V.

MERRIGOLD POINT, SEE: MERIGOLD'S POINT, Peel County.

MERRITON, SEE: CENTREVILLE #6, Lincoln County.

**MERRITT**, post office, Egremont Township, Grey County. This place is located 36 miles southeast of Owen Sound, the County Seat, 5 miles east of Varney Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 6 miles east of Durham. Post office established as **MERRITT**, in 1880. First Postmaster John Wilson. Office closed April 1st, 1997. 'The place came to have its name in honour of a relative of George Jackson (M.P.)', a quote from the Postmaster at Thistle, dated January 23rd, 1906. No recent reference to this place. References: AA, 3R, 7F and 5V.

MERRITTSBURG, SEE: AQUEDUCT, Welland County.

MERRITTSVILLE, SEE: AQUEDUCT, Welland County.

**MERRITT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°14' 81°45'. References: V.

**MERSEA**, post office, Mersea Township, Essex County. Located 17 miles from Tilbury, 32 miles from Chatham and 98 miles from London. Post office established as **MERSEA**, on October 6th, 1835. First Postmaster William Ambridge. Office closed in 1869. No recent references to this place. No population shown. References: I, A, 8, 2W, 3S, 7X and 8F.

**MERSEA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Essex County. Map position: 42°09' 82°34'. References: V.

**MERTON**, post office, Trafalgar Township, Halton County. Located 12 southeast of Milton, the County Seat, 1½ miles east of Bronte Station and on Twelve Mile Creek. Post office established as **MERTON**, on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster H. Harrison. Office closed by September 30th, 1859. Another office named **LOTHIAN** opened on the site of the former Merton office in 1865. Postmaster for that office Thomas Govan. Office closed in 1868 on his resignation. **MERTON** post office was reopened and located in St. Ann's in 1869. In 1884 Merton post office was once established but the post office name was changed to **SHERIDAN**. Sheridan post office closed April 1st, 1918. This place known as Merton at the junction of the 2nd Line and Middle Road was probably settled about 1812. During the 1800's Indians farmed on this land, but war-making tribes came in and drove them out. Merton was settled since it was approximately half way between the Dundas Highway and the Lakeshore. The name Merton came from a settler named Ed Wrench who had come from Merton, England. Present approved name is **MERTON**. Population 50 in 1892 and 25 in 1913. Map position: 43°22' 79°44'. References: I, S, AA, DD, 3J, 3Q, 2X, V, 6T, 8Q, 8I, 9A and Guelph University.

**MERTZ'S CORNER**, hamlet, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 5km southest of Wyebridge, 7 km west of Vasey and 11 km north of Elmvale. Present approved name is **MERTZ'S CORNER**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°40' 79°51'. References: 5L.

**METAGAMA**, dispersed rural community, Breadner Township, Sudbury District. Located 280 miles northwest of Pembroke and 42 miles west of Sudbury. **METAGAMA STATION** is on CPR main line at an altitude of 1,268 feet above sea level. **METAGAMA** post office established December 22nd, 1930. First Postmaster W.A. Beach. Office closed on April 1st, 1966. **METAGAMA STATION** is located on Mile 2391 of CPR, east of Biscotasing and west of Pogamasing Stations. This station is still in operation in 1973. Present approved name is **METAGAMA**. Population 8 in 1972 and 4 in 1976. Map position: 47°05' 81°57'. References: S, AA, L1, O, V, 5L, 6T, 6X, 8K and 9F.

METAGAMA STATION, SEE: METAGAMA, Sudbury District.

METCALFE #1, SEE: THE CORNERS #2, Russell County.

METCALFE #2, SEE: WILLIAMSTOWN #5, Victoria County.

METCALFE #3, hamlet, Osgoode Township, Carleton County. Located 5 km west of Kenmore, 16 km east of Manotick and 22 km southeast of Ottawa. Present approved name is METCALFE. Population 681 in 1976. Map position: 45°14' 75°28'. References: 5L.

METCALFE'S HOLLOW, SEE: HOLLOW, Peel County.

METCALFE STATION, station, Victoria County. The Port Hope, Lindsay and Beaverton Railway built in 1857 put the METCALFE STATION a long way from the Village, as the bonus paid had fallen short of their demands. No recent reference to this station. References: 8E.

METCALFE (TOWNSHIP OF), Municipal Township, Middlesex County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. This Township was originally in London District, Canada West and was named for Governor General Metcalfe. Township was made up, in 1840, from parts of Ekfrid and Adelaide Townships. First settlement occured in 1832. Population 1,098 in 1852 and 893 in 1980. Map position: 42°53' 81°44'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, V and 1K.

METHUEN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Peterborough County. Incorporated as BELMONT AND METHUEN TOWNSHIP, January 1st, 1855. Area 72,000 acres. Population 429 in 1852. This Township was originally in Colborne District, Canada West. Map position: 44°40' 77°58'. References: C, 2W, M and V.

METROPOLITAN, dispersed rural community, Blanshard Township, Perth County. Located 20 miles southwest of Stratford, the County Seat and 4 miles north of Granton Station. Post office named METROPOLITAN opened in 1875 and although the post office was listed on Official Post Office Lists, no Postmaster was shown up to 1890, when the Postmaster then was Pat Maloney. It is not certain that this was the first Postmaster. Office closed November 1st, 1913. Present approved name is METROPOLITAN. Population 140 in 1892, no figures shown in 1976. Map position: 43°16' 81°19'. References: I, S, AA, 6T, V, 5L and 5T.

METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY. These electric car lines extended from the Canadian Pacific crossing north of Bloor Street to York Mills in 1890 to Richmond Hill in 1896 (replacing the stage coaches). In 1904 the Toronto and York Railway Company took over the line running it north to Jackson's Point. It was then known as the Radial, the cars carried passengers, freight, mail, milk and newspapers. References: 3G.

METROPOLITAN TORONTO MUNICIPALITY OF). Legal discription; inhabitants of Metropolitan Corporation consituted a Body Coporate as MUNICIPALITY OF METRO TORONTO, by Ontario Statute 1953, C.73, S.2, effective April 15th, 1953. (Note- Area Municipalities separated from the County of York by Ontario Statute 1953, C.73, S.136, effective date January 1st, 1954). Map position: 43°42' 79°25'. Population 1,981,011 in 1972 and 2,131,159 in 1980. References: M, HH and V.

METZ, dispersed rural community, West Garafraxa Township, Wellington County. Located 24 miles northwest of Guelph, the County Seat, 6 miles southeast of Arthur Station on CPR and 8 miles from Fergus. Post office established April 1st, 1872 named METZ. First Postmaster John Mitchell. Office closed October 1st, 1914. Present approved name is METZ. Population 40 in 1886 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 43°49' 80°27'. References: I, 5L, T, S, DD, 3B, 6T, V and 5X.

MEWBURN, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is MEWBURN. Map position: 43°12' 79°53'. References: V.

MEWHINNEY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°55' 81°23'. References: V.

MEYERSBURG, dispersed rural community, Seymour Township, Northumberland County. Located 28 miles northeast of Cobourg, the County Seat and 5 south of Campbellford Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office, named MEYERSBURG, established May 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Charles Lavis. The name Meyersburg was given to honor

a man who carried on a large business in lumbering in the early 1850's. Meyersburg post office closed January 30th, 1970. Present approved name is **MEYERSBURG**. Population 80 in 1886 and 63 in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 77°49'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 3M, 5L, V, 9F, 8U and PP.

**MEYER'S CREEK,** SEE: **SINGLETON'S CREEK**, Hastings County.

**MEYER'S VILLAGE,** SEE: **SEYMOUR**, Northumberland County.

**MEYRICK VILLE,** SEE: **MIRRICK'S MILLS**, Lanark and Grenville Counties.

**MIAMI BEACH,** dispersed rural community, North Gwillimbury Township, York County, now Georgina Township within the Regional Municipality of York. Located on Lake Simcoe, 7 km north of Queensville, 16 km west of Cookstown and 15 km southwest of Sutton. Present approved name is **MIAMI BEACH**. Population 134 in 1951: 384 in 1966, 606 IN 1976. Map position: 44°13' 79°29'. References: 3B, 5A, 5L, 5E and V.

**MICA CREEK,** Georgiana Township, York County. Population 504 in 1971 and 606 in 1976. References: 3B.

**MICAVILLE,** SEE: **BURGESS**, Lanark County.

**MICHAEL BAY,** dispersed rural community, Tehkummah Township, Manitoulin District. Located 3 1/4 miles from Gore Bay, on the Manitou River near Manitouwaning. Post office established in 1872 named **MICHAEL'S BAY**. First Postmaster R.A. Lyon. Post office closed September 16th, 1916. Present approved name is **MICHAEL'S BAY**. Population 50 in 1892 and 35 in 1908. Map position: 45°36' 82°06'. References: V+, I, S, AA, 5L, 6T, PP and 4L.

**MICHAEL'S BAY,** SEE: **MICHAEL BAY**, Algoma District.

**MICHANO TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 26, Range 23**, Algoma District.

**MICHAUD TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°30', 80°05'. References: V.

**MICHELE HEIGHTS,** urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **MICHELE HEIGHTS**. Map position: 45°21' 75°48'. References: V.

**MICHENER TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°49' 89°49'. References: V.

**MICHIE TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Temiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 80°44'. References: V.

**MICHIGAN ROAD STATION,** station, Moulton Township, Haldimand County. Date of this reference, 1875. No more recent references to this Station. References: A.

**MICHILIMAKINAC,** Post office, Algoma District. First visited in 1634 by Jean Nocolet, mission established in 1671 by Father Marquette. 1780 saw British possession of main trading post of the Old Northwest. There is a notice that ISLE la GROSSE (so called by the Canadians), is the same as Michilimakinac. Date of this entry, 1799. This Post office was located in the fur Trading Post Makinac, operated by the North West Company. The Trading Post was established in 1784. Deputy Postmaster shown as Mr. Mitchell in 1791. There is no record of the date of the post office closing. As a result of the War of Separation, the Fort was ceded the Americans, in 1793, but the British remained in possession to the early 1800's. Post office still operating in 1807. One source states Michilimackinac : a strategic garrison in the 1812-1814 war which was in possession of the British. Located near modern day Sault Ste. Marie. In 1796, Jay's Treaty was instigated specifically for the purpose of settling the question of ownership. Eventually, the area was abandoned by the British and became American territory under the Treaty of Ghent. SEE: Fort Michilimacinak entry. References: 7W, 7X, E and David Kotin.

**MICHIPICOTEN,** this name was recorded by Ettienne Brule in 1622. The place is also noted on Champlain's map of

1632. A French fort was built here in 1750 and was operated as a trading post by both the North West Company and Hudson Bay Company. The name means, place of old promontories, and the derivation of that is the Algonquin Tribe, Mishibigwadunk. The name means "mushroom". In 1974, it is designated as a dispersed rural community, southwest of Wawa in Algoma District. Present approved name is **MICHIPICOTEN.** Population 102 in 1972 and 82 in 1976. Map position: 47°58' 84°54'. References: 2Y, O, 5K, 5L and V.

**MICHIPICOTEN FALLS,** Township #21, Range 22, Algoma District. Population 34 in 1941 and 81 in 1951. References: 3D.

**MICHIPICOTEN HARBOUR,** a Post office. Located 100 miles north of Sault Ste. Marie and southwest of Wawa in Algoma District. Post office established as **MICHIPICOTEN HARBOUR** on September 20th, 1899. First Postmaster George T. Pattee. Office closed October 1st, 1903. In 1908, located on Michipicoten Island near the northeast shore of Lake Superior, Thunder Bay District. Present approved name is **MICHIPICOTEN HARBOUR.** Population 88 in 1941 and 82 in 1976. Map position: 47°58' 84°54'. References: S, 3B, 7H, V, 7Oand PP.

**MICHIPICOTEN ISLAND,** post office, on Michipicoten Island in Lake Superior, Algoma District. About 120 miles northwest of Sault Ste. Marie. Post office established as **MICHIPICOTEN ISLAND** in 1882. First Postmaster W. W. Stuart. The name of the Post office is Michipicoten Island. Office closed in 1891. No recent reference to this place. No population shown for this place. References: I, S, U and 5P.

**MICHIPICOTEN MINES,** SEE: **MICHIPICOTEN RIVER,** Algoma District.

**MICHIPICOTEN RIVER,** concentrated rural community in Township 3022, Range 23, in Algoma District. Located 150 miles north of Sault Ste. Marie, 11 kilometres from Wawa and on the Michipicoten River 1 mile above the steam boat landing where the river flows into Lake Superior. Post office established as **MICHIPICOTEN RIVER** on August 1st, 1865. First Postmaster Colin Rankin. In 1882 the name was changed to **MICHIPICOTEN MINES,** under which name it operated until 1885, then the name **MICHIPICOTEN RIVER** was reinstated in 1886. This place was a Hudson Bay post in the early years. The name was misspelled as **MICHIPICOTON RIVER,** at one time. The Post office closed permanently on March 1st, 1943. Present approved name is **MICHIPICOTEN RIVER.** Population 150 in 1895 and 190 in 1976. Map position: 47°56' 84°49'. References: I, S, AA, Z, 3B, 6T, 3P, 5L and V.

**MICHIPICOTEN TOWNSHIP,** a Municipal Township, Algoma District. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1952 by Municipal Board Order C3817, dated November 7th, 1951 (Wawa). It is listed after the name of the Township which indicates that Wawa is Part of the Municipal Township. The word, Wawa, means "Wild Goose" to the Indian people. Population 4,788 in 1977 and 4,528 in 1980.
Map position: 48°00' 84°45'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**MICKLES #1 or MICKLE'S,** concentrated rural community in Greenock and Brant Townships in Bruce County. Located on the Teeswater River, on Grand Trunk Railway, 9 miles northwest of Walkerton, the County Seat, also 9 miles northeast of Riverside. Post office established in 1880 as **CARGILL.** First Postmaster Henry Cargill, for whom the office is named. Office still operating in 1983. First place name was Mickles for Charles Mickles, who built a saw mill in 1871. Other names have been: **YOKASIPPI,** which is a derivation of the Indian name "Yoka Cipy", meaning, **DROWNED LAND RIVER,** local name for many years, and the name was **GREENOCK SWAMP.** Present approved name is **CARGILL.** Population 200 in 1885 and 233 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 81°15'. References: B, I, 2Y, Z, 3B, 3R, V, 5V, 5L and 7D.

**MICKLES #2,** post office, Elderslie Township, Bruce County. Post office established as **MICKLES,** on May 1st, 1908. First Postmaster Caleb Stienhoff. Office closed Janury 15th, 1913. No further references to this office. References: 6T.

**MICKLE TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Temiskaming District. Map position: 47°43' 80°28'. References: V.

**MICKSBURG,** dispersed rural community, Stafford Township, Renfrew County. Located 13 miles southeast of Pembroke the County Seat and 9 miles from Cobden Station on CPR. Post office established as **MICKSBURG,** in 1876. First Postmaster George Mick installed by Septmeber 1st, 1876. This Post Office was closed December

31st, 1939. Present approved name is **MICKSBURG**. Population 40 in 1893 and 60 in 1976. Map position: 45°40' 77°02'. References: B, I, 5L, S, 3B, U10, V, 6T and 4O.

**MIDDLEBORO TOWNSHIP**, geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°54' 81°50'. References: V.

**MIDDLE FALLS**. settlement, Newcastle District, Canada West. The nearest Post office being at Seymour West in 1848. No further reference to this name. References: C.

**MIDDLEMARCH**, dispersed rural community, Southwold Township, Elgin County. Located 3 miles west of St. Thomas, the County Seat. Located 8 km southeast of St. Thomas, 11 km northwest of Port Stanley and 14 km west of Lawrence Station. Post office established as **MIDDLEMARCH**, in 1876. First Postmaster Thomas Hatherley, who was installed by September 1st, 1876. Post office closed March 31st, 1948. Present approved name is **MIDDLEMARCH**. Population 25 in 1893 and 32 in 1976. Map position: 42°45' 81°16'. References: B, I, S, 3B, U10, V, 5L, 6T and 4O.

**MIDDLEMISS**, dispersed rural community, Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. Located 24 miles southwest of London, the County Seat, 17 kilometres from Glencoe and being on the Thames River. Post office established as **MIDDLEMISS** in 1876. First Postmaster B. M. Lockwood who was installed by September 1st, 1876. Office closed September 1st, 1967. Post office was named for and by George Middlemiss, who built the first house in 1870. **MIDDLEMISS STATION** is on Grand Trunk Railway, later CNR. Present approved name is **MIDDLEMISS**. Population 300 in 1885 and 81 in 1976. Map position: 42°46' 81°30'. References: B, I, 5L, S, U, AA, MM, 3B, 3R, V, PP, 4O and 7D.

**MIDDLEPORT**, dispersed rural community, Onondaga Township, Brant County. Located 11 miles from the County Town of Brantford, 20 miles from Hamilton and situated at the mouth of Big Creek. Post office established in 1851 and named **TUSCARORA**. The First Postmaster George Youell was established in the office on July 6th, 1851. The Post office name Tuscarora was changed to **MIDDLEPORT** on August 1st 1913. Office closed in 1971. **MIDDLEPORT STATION** on Buffalo and Goderich branch of Grand Trunk Railway. First settled in 1838. Present approved name is **MIDDLEPORT**. Population 100 in 1857 and 67 in 1976. Map position: 43°06' 80°04'. References: B, EE, 3B, 1T, 7B, V, PP, 9F, I, 6T, 5L, 3J and 8Q.

**MIDDLESEX COUNTY**. Incorporated by Canada Statute 1849, C.78, Schedule B - by this Act judicial and other proceedings of the late District of London were transferred to the County of Middlesex effective January 1st, 1850. Canada Statute 1851, C.5 sch.B-Counties of Middlesex and Elgin were United for Municipal, Judicial and other purposes, effective January 1st, 1852. By proclamation dated September 30th, 1853, Elgin and Middlesex Counties were disunited effective September 30th, 1853. First permanent settlement in Middlesex County was in the Township of Delaware near the Thames River. First settlers, Springers and Tiffanys. The County of Middlesex consists of the City of London, the Towns of Parkhill and Strathroy, the Villages of Ailsa Craig, Glencoe, Lucan, Newbury and Wardsville, the townships of: Adelaide, Biddulph, Caradoc, Delaware, East Williams, Ekfrid, Lobo, London, McGillvray, Metcalfe, Mosa, North Dorchester, Westminster, West Nissouri and West Williams. Population 39,804 in 1852 and 319,195 in 1980. Map position: 43°00' 81°25'. References: M, HH, 2W, V, 10E and 1K.

**MIDDLETON #1**, SEE: **MIDDLETOWN**, Simcoe County.

**MIDDLETON #2**, SEE: **SOVEREEN'S CORNERS**, Norfolk County.

**MIDDLETON #3** railway point, Township 80, later Walsh Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 16 kilometres west of Marathon and 65 miles east of Port Arthur. **MIDDLETON STATION** is on CPR mainline at an altidude of 690 feet above sea level at mile 2076 east of Jack Fish Station and west of Peninsula Station. Present approved name is **MIDDLETON**. Population 25 in 1893. No population shown in 1978. Map position: 48°48' 86°34'. References: R2, AA, L1, U10, V, 6Z and 8K.

**MIDDLETON #4**, dispersed rural community, Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 21 miles southwest of London, the County Seat and 9 miles northeast of Glencoe. Post office established 1855 and named **LONGWOOD**

**STATION.** First Postmaster John Brown. In 1885 the word, 'Station' was dropped from the name leaving the name **LONGWOOD.** Office closed permanently on July 31st, 1964. Present approved name is **LONGWOOD.** Population 60 in 1886 and 60 in 1980. Map position: 42°51' 81°34'. References: AA, I, T, S, U, V, 8X and 9F.

**MIDDLETON #5,** concentrated rural community, Lanark Township, Lanark County. Located 19 miles northwest of Perth, the County Seat and 16 miles west of Carleton Place. Post office established November 1st, 1853. First Postmaster James Guthrie. Post office **MIDDLEVILLE,** named for the reason it is very near the middle of the Township. Office closed by 1971. First settler John Campbell in 1820, an independent immigrant from Paisley, Scotland. Present approved name is **MIDDLEVILLE.** Population 75 in 1857 and 88 in 1980. Map position: 45°06' 76°24'. References: EE, B, I, S, U, 3K, V, 7U, 5L, 9H and 7D.

**MIDDLETON CENTRE,** SEE: **RONSON'S CORNERS,** Norfolk County.

**MIDDLETOWN,** hamlet, West Gwillimbury Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 miles from Bradford Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 4 miles from Holland Landing and 41 miles north of Toronto. By 1875 the place name is spelled as **MIDDLETON.** Population 50 in 1846, 100 in 1875 and 25 in 1908. Nearest Post office was at Bradford. No modern references to this place. References: Z, 7B, G, PP, A, AA and C.

**MIDDLETOWN LINE,** locality, North Norwich Township, Oxford County. Located 10 miles northeast of Tillsonburg and 3 miles northeast of Springford. **MIDDLETOWN LINE STATION** on the Brantford and Tillsonburg line of Grand Trunk Railway (1908). Present approved name is **MIDDLETOWN LINE.** Map position: 42°57' 80°38'. References: AA, V and PP.

**MIDDLETON TOWNSHIP,** Municipal Township, Norfolk County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C96. Annexed, Part by **TOWNSHIP OF DELHI,** Part by **TOWNSHIP OF NORFOLK** and Part by **TOWN OF TILLSONBURG,** effective date April 1st, 1974. This Township was in Talbot District, Canada West originally. First settlers, 1812-1814 and were Fred and Henry Sovereen. The Talbot Road opened through this area in 1824. Population 1,721 in 1852. Map position: 42°49' 80°37'. References: C, M, 2W, 1D, V and 1N.

**MIDDLEVILLE,** SEE: **MIDDLETON #5,** Lanark County.

**MIDFORD,** hamlet, Machar Township, Parry Sound District. Located 50 miles northeast of Parry Sound the County Seat, 8 miles from South River Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 38 miles south of North Bay. Post office established as **MIDFORD** in 1884. First Postmaster William Smyth. Office closed May 31st, 1927. No recent reference to this hamlet. Population 50 in 1895. Map position: 45°09' 80°05'. References: I, S, AA, Z, 5P, PP, 6T and 9J.

**MIDHURST,** SEE: **OLIVER'S MILLS,** Simcoe County.

**MIDHURST STATION,** Vespra Township, Simcoe County. Located 8 km northeast of Barrie, 8 km east of Minesing and 17 km north of Angus. Present name is not approved. Population 104 in 1961 and 50 in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 79°45'. References: B, 5L, 3B and 5A.

**MIDLAND,** SEE: **MUNDAY'S BAY,** Simcoe County.

**MIDLAND BAY,** Simcoe County. Other names for this Bay: **CHRISTENDODM BAY, GLOUCESTER BAY** and **MUNDAY'S BAY.** References: 2Y.

**MIDLAND DISTRICT,** SEE: Ontario (PROVINCE).

**MIDLAND HARBOUR,** SEE: **MUNDAY'S BAY,** Simcoe County.

**MIDLAND JUNCTION #1,** concentrated rural community, Eldon Township, Victoria County. Located 11 miles

northwest of Lindsay, the County Seat, 7 miles from Beaverton and 2 miles north of Woodville. Post office established as **LORNEVILLE**, July 1st, 1874. First Postmaster Thomas Morrison. Post office closed April 1st, 1970. **LORNEVILLE JUNCTION** served by the Nipissing and Midland division of Grand Trunk Railway (1895). Name changed to **LORNEVILLE**, on November 1st, 1936. Present approved name is **LORNEVILLE**. Population 100 in 1886 and 51 in 1976. References: 2L, AA, B, I, T, S, 3B, V, 5V, 9F and SS.

**MIDLAND JUNCTION #2**, flag station on Central Ontario Railway, Hastings County. Located 15 miles north of Trenton. Not a Post office. This place documented between the years 1892 and 1907. No recent references to this junction. References: S and AA.

**MIDLAND POINT**, dispersed rural community, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Present approved name is **MIDLAND POINT**. Population 237 in 1971 and 170 in 1976. Map position: 44°47' 79°53'. References: B, 3B and V.

**MIDLOTHIAN**, dispersed rural community, Ryerson Township, Parry Sound District. Located 40 miles north of Parry Sound , 15 miles west of Burk's Falls Station, 10 km southeast of Magnetawan, 13 km southwest of Burks Falls and 7 km northeast of Starrat. **MID LOTHIAN** Post office opened in 1876. First Postmaster James Rousell. Post office closed January 31st, 1923. Present approved name is **MIDLOTHIAN**. Population 100 in 1892 and 27 in 1966. Map position: 45°37' 79°33'. References: B, I, S, AA, 5A, V, 5L, 6T and 4O.

**MIDLOTHIAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Temiskaming District. Map position: 47°54' 81°00'. References: V.

**MIDLOTHIAN WHARF**, summer Post office, Ryerson Township, Parry Sound District. Office opened as **MIDLOTHIAN WHARF** on June 21st, 1909. First Postmaster Daniel Geddes. Located 3 miles from Midlothian. Office closed August 31st, 1934 after which rural route mail delivered from Burk's Falls on Rural Route #1. References: 6T.

**MIDWAY**, SEE: **FAIRPLAY**, Essex County.

**MIKANO TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°41' 85°23'. References: V.

**MILAT**, railway point, Part of Town of Waldon in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved name is **MILAT**. Map position: 46°29' 81°08'. References: V and HH.

**MILBANK**, SEE: **MILLBANK**, Perth County.

**MILBERTA**, dispersed rural community, Kearns Township, Temiskaming District. Located 12 miles from New Liskeard and 3 miles from Uno Park. Post office named **MILBERTA**, established December 1st, 1901. First Postmaster S.A. Hogg. Office closed March 31st, 1942. Milberta, the name, is made up of two words, "mill", after the first Mill built and "Berta" the Christian name of the first bride. Present approved name is **MILBERTA**. Population 300 in 1908 and 150 in 1926. Map position: 47°36' 79°48'. References: DD, MM, V, 7N, 5L, PP and 6T.

**MILBROOK**, SEE: **THE VILLAGE INN**, Durham County.

**MILBURN**, also shown as **MILLBURN**, Colborne Township, Huron County. Located 3 miles north of Goderich, the County Seat. Post office established as **MILBURN** in 1878. First Postmaster Horace Horton. In 1882, the Post office name was changed to **DUNLOP**, after two old bachelor brothers by the name of Dunlop, one of whom owned most of the land around. Post office closed April 1st, 1915. This Village was named **MILBURNE** when surveyed in the year 1856. Present approved name is **DUNLOP**. Population 40 in 1893 and 35 in 1976. Map position: 43°47' 81°42'. References: I, 1G, 5V, 7D, B, S, U10, 6T and 5L.

**MILBURNE**, dispersed rural community, Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Located 15 miles northeast of Kingston, the County Seat and 2 miles south of Battersea, which was the nearest post office (1892). In 1974, the name is spelled **MILBURN**. Present approved name is **MILBURN**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 76°22'. References: AA, 5L, 7B and V.

**MILBURN MILLS,** SEE: **ALLANDALE**, Peel County.

**MILBURN STATION.** Located 15 miles from Kingston, Storrington Township, Frontenac County. Population 50 in 1875. No recent reference to this station. References: A.

**MILDMAY,** SEE: **MERNERSVILLE**, Bruce County.

**MILDRED TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°44' 83°55'. References: V.

**MILDVIEW,** SEE: **NEWMANVILLE**, Grenville County.

**MILE'S HILL.** Village in the Townships of Markham and Vaughan, York County. Located 16 miles from Toronto and 3 miles from Maple Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **RICHMOND HILL** on January 6th, 1836. First Postmaster James Sinclair. Office still in operation in 1983. The first name Miles Hill, for Abner Miles who owned 1,000 acres in the area. A later name **MOUNT PLEASANT**. First settler Valser Munshaw in 1791. Richmond Hill was named by the first public school teacher, Mr, Benjamin Barnard, who was born near Richmond Hill, Surrey, England and named it for his birth place. Incorporated as a Village June 19th, 1872. Richmond Hill is the site of the David Dunlap Observatory of the University of Toronto. Richmond Hill became a Town January 1st, 1957. It annexed Part of Markham and Part of Vaughan Townships in 1950 and 1960 and in 1971 it annexed Part of the Townships of King, Markham, Vaughan and Whitchurch to enlarge and became the Town of Richmond Hill in the Regional Municipality of York in July 1974. Present approved name is **RICHMOND HILL**. Population 1,000 in 1886, 800 in 1913 and 35,486 in 1980. Map position: 43°52' 79°27'. References: 2Y, B, I, M, T, EE, HH, 2T, 3S, 9J and PP.

**MILFORD,** dispersed rural community, South Marysburgh Township, Prince Edward County. Located 10 miles south of Picton, the County Seat and 47 miles from Kingston. Post office established as **MILFORD** in Upper Canada in 1832. First Postmaster Thomas Nash. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MILFORD**. Population 400 in 1886 and 181 in 1976. Map position: 43°56' 77°05'. References: B, I, G, T, AA, 3B, V, 5L, 7X and 9F.

**MILFORD BAY,** concentrated rural community, Monck Township, later Muskoka Lakes Township, Muskoka District, now within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on Muskoka Lake, 14 miles west of Bracebridge and 11 miles from Bala Station on CPR. Post office established as **MILFORD BAY** in 1889. First Postmaster Robert Stroud. Post office still open in 1983. Present approved name is **MILFORD BAY**. Population 25 in 1895 and 320 in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 79°29'. References: B, I, S, Z, 3B, V, 5T, 5L, PP and 9F.

**MILFORD HAVEN,** SEE: **KASKAWON**, Algoma District.

**MILFORD MANOR,** SEE: **CEDAR WILD**, Muskoka District.

**MILIQUEAN CREEK,** discharges into the southern most point of Lake Simcoe, is now called **HOLLAND'S RIVER**. Date of this reference 1799. References: 7W.

**MILITARY CAMP,** station, Renfrew County, on CPR. Located west of Petawawa and 11 miles northwest of Pembroke. Date of the entry 1908. **MILITARY CAMP STATION** on Chalk River Division of CPR. Station number 3717, between the stations of Petawawa and Thistle, in 1911. No recent references to this place. References: PP.

**MILLAR #1,** SEE: **MILLAR'S CORNERS #1**, Grenville County.

**MILLAR #2,** SEE: **KAKABEKA**, Thunder Bay District.

**MILLAR HILL,** dispersed rural community, Lake of Bays Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 4 miles from Hillside, 5 km north of Dwight, 19 km northeast of Huntsville and 8 km east of Grassmere. Post office named **MILLAR HILL** established May 1st, 1912. First Postmaster named Joseph Langmead. Office closed October 16th, 1928. Present approved name is **MILLAR HILL**. No population shown for this

place. Map position: 45°23' 79°01'. References: B, 5L, V and 6T.

**MILLAR LAKE,** small settlement, Bruce County. Located on northern peninsula, 37 miles northwest of Wiarton Station on Grand Trunk Railway, 50 miles north of Park Head Junction and 68 miles north of Palmerston. Population under 20 in 1908. References: PP.

**MILLAR'S CORNERS #1,** dispersed rural community, Oxford-on-Rideau Township, Grenville County. Located 7 miles from Kemptville, 28 miles northeast of Brockville, the County Seat and 2 miles north east of Oxford Station, on the St. Lawrence and Ontario line of CPR. Post office established as **MILLAR'S CORNERS** in 1881. First Postmaster David Millar. Office closed September 24th, 1913. The name **MILLAR** came into use about 1974. Name misspelled as **MILLER'S CORNERS** at times. Present approved name is **MILLARS CORNERS.** Population 60 in 1886, 15 in 1908 and 43 in 1976. Map position: 44°57' 75°35', in 1980, corrected to 44°55' 75°35'. References: I, LL, T, S, 5L, 6T, V, PP, 5V and 3B.

**MILLAR'S CORNERS #2,** dispersed rural community, Ross Township, Renfrew County. Located 11 km northeast of Cobden, 12 km southwest of Beachburg and 2 km southeast of Foresters Falls. Present approved name is **MILLARS CORNERS.** Population 20 in 1971 and 30 in 1976. Map position: 45°40' 76°46'. References: 3B, 5L and V.

**MILLARTON,** dispersed rural community, Kincardine Township, Bruce County. Located 23 miles north of Walkerton, the County Seat and 4 miles from Kincardine. Post office established as **MILLARTON** in 1882. First Postmaster Robert Millar. Office closed December 1st, 1915. Named for founder William Millar. Present approved name is **MILLARTON.** Population 250 in 1885 and 100 in 1892; there is no figure shown for 1976. Map position: 44°09' 81°34'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3R, V, 5L, 6T and 5T.

**MILLBANK,** concentrated rural community, Mornington Township, Perth County. Located 17 miles northeast of Stratford, the County Seat and 2 miles from Newton Station. Post office established as **MILLBANK** on March 6th, 1852. First Postmaster, W. Rutherford. Office still in operation in 1983. This place was named Millbank by Mr. Rutherford, the original settler. John Freeborn, a settler in 1847, laid out the Town plot and built the first sawmill in the Township. The Mill was built on the edge of a bank, therefore they called the place Millbank. Present approved name is **MILLBANK.** Population 383 in 1976. Map position: 43°34' 80°50'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 3J, V, 1W, 5L, 8Q and 9F.

**MILLBANK STATION,** dispersed rural community in Mornington Township, Perth County. Located 17 miles north of Stratford, the County Seat. Post office established as **NEWTON** in 1881, First Postmaster John Zoeger. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **NEWTON.** Population 100 in 1885 and 158 in 1976. Map position: 43°35' 80°53'. References: AA, B, I, S, 3B, 3R, 5V, V and 9F.

**MILLBRIDGE #1,** SEE: **JORDAN #2,** Hastings County.

**MILL BRIDGE #1,** SEE: **JORDAN #2,** Hastings County.

**MILL BRIDGE STATION,** railway point, Tudor Township, Hastings County. Located 1 mile from Mill Bridge in 1908. It is on the River Jordan and a flag station on Central Ontario Railway. Present approved name is **MILL BRIDGE STATION.** Map position: 44°43' 77°35'. References: V and PP.

**MILLBROOK,** SEE: **THE VILLAGE INN,** Durham County.

**MILLBROOK STATION.** post office, Cavan Township, Durham County. Located 1 mile from Mill Brook. Post Office established as **MILLBROOK STATION** on December 21st, 1903. First Postmaster W. H. Byam. Office closed June 1st, 1913. No recent references to this Office. References: S, 6T and 7J.

**MILLBURN,** SEE: **MILBURN,** Huron County.

**MILL CREEK,** urban community, Ernestown Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 12 miles from Kingston and 5 miles north of Ernestown Station on Grand Trunk Station. Post office established as **MILL CREEK** in Upper

Canada in 1838. First Postmaster Timothy Fraser. Post office name changed to **ODESSA** by May 1st, 1856. Office still in operation in 1983. Located on Milhaven Creek and settled in 1830. Benjamin Joshua Booth, 1784, a member of Jessops Loyal Rangers and a United Empire Loyalist. There is a second reference which states that John Link was a settler before Mr. Booth, but the entry is shown as 1830 which is long after the 1784 settlement date. Religious parish name for this place **NOTRE DAME du ROSARIE**. Present approved name is **ODESSA**. Population 150 in 1846, 700 in 1886 and 770 in 1980. Map position: 44°17' 76°43'. References: I, G, 5B, 3S, 8U, B, T, S, U, 2Y, SS, 6E, V and 7D.

**MILLDALE**, dispersed rural community, South Norwich Township, Oxford County. Located 5 km southeast of Norwich, 15 km northeast of Tillsonburg and 5 km northwest of Summerville. Present approved name is **MILLDALE**. Population 65 in 1961 and 56 in 1976. Map position: 42°57' 80°35'. References: B, 3B, 5L, 5A and V.

**MILLER**, urban community of City of Sarnia, Lambton County. Present approved name is **MILLER**. Map position: 43°00' 82°22'. References: V and V+.

**MILLERAND**, dispersed rural community, Caldwell Township, Nipissing District. Located 6 miles from Verner and 6 miles from Notre Dame du Lac. Post office established as **MILLERAND** on October 1st, 1910. First Postmaster Zotique Bertrand. On June 1st, 1913, Millerand office in Caldwell Township was closed and a new office opened under the same name in Kirkpatrick Township. Post office closed October, 1922. Present approved name is **MILLERAND**. Present approved name is **MILLERAND**. Population 95 in 1956 and 53 in 1976. Map position: 46°22' 80°09'. References: 3B, 5E, 5L, 6T and V.

**MILLER CREEK**, SEE: **ABERNATHY**, Bruce County.

**MILLER LAKE**, SEE: **ABERNATHY**, Bruce County.

**MILLER LAKE EAST**, hamlet, Eastnor Township, Bruce County. Located on East bank of Miller Lake, 3 km northeast of Miller Lake West, 5 km east of Miller Lake and 27 km south east of Tobermory. Present approved name is **MILLER LAKE EAST**. Map position: 46°06' 81°24'. References: 5L.

**MILLER LAKE WEST**, hamlet, Eastnor Township, Bruce County. Located on west bank of Miller Lake, 3 km southwest of Miller Lake East. Present approved name is **MILLER LAKE WEST**. Map position: 45°06' 81°23'. References: 5L.

**MILLE ROCHES**, SEE: **MOULINETTE**, Stormont County.

**MILLERS BAY**, SEE: **SHIPYARDS**, Welland County.

**MILLERSBURG**, Yarmouth Township, Elgin County. In 1872 this small hamlet was adjoining the Town of St. Thomas. No recent reference and is presumed to be Part of St. Thomas. Population 110 in 1875. References: A and 7B.

**MILLERS CORNER**, dispersed rural community, South Fredricksburg and Ernestown Townships, Lennox and Addington Counties. Located 2 km west of Hawley, 5 km east of Bath and 8 km northeast of Sandhurst. Present approved name is **MILLERS CORNER**. No population is shown for 1976. Map position: 44°11' 76°50'. References: V and 5L.

**MILLER'S CORNERS #1**, SEE: **MILLAR'S CORNERS #1**, Grenville County.

**MILLER'S CORNERS #2**, SEE: **STEPHENSVILLE**, Carleton County.

**MILLER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Frontenac County. Map position: 45°04' 77°00'. References: V.

**MILLFORD**, dispersed rural community, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located 13 miles north of Perth, the County Seat and 6 miles northeast of Lanark. Post office established as **FERGUSON'S FALLS** on July 1st, 1853 in Bathurst District, Canada West. First Postmaster William Doran. Office closed August 31st, 1918. Place name misspelled as **MILFORD** and as **FERGUSON FALLS**. Millford named "for all the mills in the area" and Ferguson's Falls, for Captain George Ferguson a settler in the 1820s. Religious parish name **SAINT PATRICE**. First

settler Thomas McCaffrey in 1815. Present approved name is **FERGUSONS FALLS.** Population 75 in 1885 and 48 in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 76°17'. References: 1I, 7U, E, I, S, I, 3B, 3K, V, 6T, 5L and 9G.

**MILL GROVE #1,** dispersed rural community, West Flamborough Township, Wentworth County, later within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 8 miles northwest of Hamilton, the County Seat and 5 miles north of Dundas, also on Waterdown Creek. Post office established as **MILL GROVE** on June 6th, 1852. First Postmaster A. B. Palmer. Office still in operation in 1983 but the name now is one word and spelling was officially changed on May 1st, 1963. Present approved name is **MILLGROVE** Population 150 in 1888 and 324 in 1976. Map position: 43°20' 79°57'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, 3B, 3K, V, 5V, 6T, and 9F.

**MILLGROVE #2,** railway point within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located in community of Millgrove. (SEE: Millgrove #1.) **MILLGROVE STATION** served by Grand Trunk Railway , later CNR. Present approved name is **MILLGROVE.** Population of community 324 in 1976. Map position: 43°22' 79°56'. References: V and 5L.

**MILL HAVEN,** SEE: LINKSVILLE, Addington County.

**MILLHAVEN,** SEE: LINKSVILLE, Addington County.

**MILL HILL,** dispersed rural community, Stanhope Township, Haliburton County. Located 20 miles northeast of Minden, the County Seat and 12 miles northwest of Haliburton Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MAPLE LAKE** in 1882. First Postmaster James Melville. July 1st, 1911 **MAPLE LAKE** office name changed to **MILL HILL.** On April 1st, 1912, **MILL HILL** Post office changed back to **MAPLE LAKE'.** Office closed April 30th, 1959. Present approved name is **MAPLE LAKE.** Population 100 in 1886 and 73 in 1951. Map position: 45°05' 78°40'. References: 6T, SS, 3B, 5L, V, I, T, S and 6T.

**MILLIDGE,** railway point in Daniel Township, Kenora District. Located 63 kilometres west of Sioux Lookout. **MILLIDGE STATION** on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, main line at an altitude of 1,316 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **MILLIDGE.** Population 5 in 1978. Map position: 50°00' 92°42'. References: R2, L2 and V.

**MILLIGAN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°40' 80°05'. References: V.

**MILLIKEN,** concentrated rural community, Markham Township, York County, later Part of Town of Markham in the Regional Municipality of York. Located 16 miles northeast of Toronto, the County Seat and 2 1/2 miles south of Unionville. Post office opened December 1st, 1858. First Postmaster M. Sanders. Post office name was spelled **MILLICKEN** on opening. Post office still open in 1983. This hamlet was named for its first settler and founder Norman Milliken. Present approved name is **MILLIKEN.** Population 25 in 1886 and 509 in 1966.. Map position: 43°49' 79°18'. References: B, I, T, S, 5A, 3X, V, 9F, 7D and Barbara Milliken.

**MILLIKEN MINE,** Elliot Lake Township, Algoma District. Population 700 in 1961. References: 5A.

**MILLINGTON #1,** hamlet, Mara Township, Ontario County. Located 2 miles from Schepeler on Grand Trunk Railway, 9 miles from Orillia and 2 1/2 miles from Lake Simcoe. Post office established as **MILLINGTON,** on April 1st, 1863. First Postmaster J. Harrington. Office closed April 11th, 1914. Population 100 in 1908. No recent reference to this place. References: I, 3N, 6T, 5T and PP.

**MILLINGTON #2,** Simcoe County. Located 3 kilometres from Udney. Date of the reference 1980. References: U.

**MILLIONAIRE'S CORNERS,** SEE: AUBURN, Halton County.

**MILL LAKE,** McDougall Township, Parry Sound District. Population 50 in 1971. References: 3B.

**MILL OF KINTAIL,** Mill, Lanark County. Built by William and John Baird in 1830 for grinding flour. Located on the Indian River. In 1968 this place houses the Tait Mckenzie Museum. References: 7U.

**MILLOY'S**, hamlet, West Gwillimbury Township, Simcoe County. Located 22 miles southeast of Barrie, the County Seat, 42 miles north of Toronto and 6 miles from Bondhead. Post office established as **BRADFORD** in Home District, Canada West in 1840. First Postmaster John Peacock on July 5th, 1840. Office still in operation in 1983. William Milloy had a tavern and the place was called **MILLOY'S TAVERN**, in 1829. The first settler Letitia McGee, who had a log cabin in 1815. In the 1830's this place was called **EDMANSON'S CORNERS**. An early settler from Yorkshire, England Joel Flescher Robinson named the place **BRADFORD**, for his home Town. The post office was named **BRADFORD** in 1840 but the place name was not recognized until 1853. Bradford was Incorporated as a Village on January, 1st, 1858, by Act 20. Vic.Cap 98 on January 1st, 1858. It became a Town, January 1st, 1963. In the 1840's this place had a local name called Old Bradford. The Town of Bradford celebrated its 125th anniversary in 1983. Present approved name is **BRADFORD**. Population 1,500 in 1886 and 6,789 in 1980. Map position: 44°07' 79°34'. References: B, I, M, T, S, Z, AA, HH, 2T, JJ, 2Y, 3C, 5K, 7X, 8P, 7R, 9M and 7D.

**MILL POINT**, SEE: **CULBERTSON'S WHARF**, Hastings and Lennox County.

**MILLS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **MILLS CORNERS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 75°48'. References: V and 5L.

**MILLS IN ALGOMA**, concentrated rural community, Long Township, Algoma District. In 1873 Crown Lands Records show "Mills in Algoma", to be the place name, but in 1882 when the post office was opened it was named **ALGOMA MILLS**. First Postmaster Edmund Lally. Office still in operation in 1983. Located on Highway 17, 6 miles east of Blind River and located facing the north channel of Lake Huron. The name Algoma was coined by Henry Schoolcraft. First Postmaster Edmund Lally. The station is **ALGOMA STATION**, served by CPR and is between the stations of Serpent River and Blind River on the track. Present approved place name is **ALGOMA**. Population 620 in 1893 and 80 in 1966. Map position: 46°10' 82°50'. References: V, 5K, 5L, 6O, 5P, 6Z, 7R, I, D, 2U, U10 and 5A.

**MILLS TOWNSHIP #1**, Geographic Township, Manitoulin District. Located 78 kilometres west of Highway #542. Settled in the 1877. Population 94 in 1977. Map position: 45°46' 82°29'. References: R1 and V.

**MILLS TOWNSHIP #2**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°54' 79°53'. References: V.

**MILL TOWN #1**, dispersed rural community, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Located 2 miles from Shannonville. Settled in 1830. Present approved name is **MILLTOWN**. Population 200 in 1875 and 39 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 77°12'. References: B, A, E, 3B, 5L and V.

**MILLTOWN #2**, hamt, Brock Township, Ontario County, also known as **MILTON** and in the early years, at times as **BEAVER RIVER**. Located 45 miles north of Whitby, the County Seat, 75 miles from Toronto and 30 miles from Bell Ewart Staion on Ontario, Simcoe and Huron Railway. Post officed established as **BEAVERTON** in Home District, Canada West on January 6th, 1836. First Postmaster James Ellis. Office still in operation in 1983. First settler in 1829, was a man named Calder, who put a mill at the site which later became Beaverton. The Indians originally referred to this place as **BEAVER**. There were a great number of the little animals in the Beaver River which flows through this place. Beaverton was Incorporated as a Village in 1885. On January 1st, 1974, this Separated Village, as part of the Township of Brock became part of the Regional Municipality of Durham. Now designated as an urban community. A famous resident of Beaverton was Alexander Muir, a school teacher who wrote "The Maple Leaf Forever" in 1871. Present approved name is **BEAVERTON**. Population 600 in 1857 and 1,737 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 79°09'. References: 2S, B, I, S, EE, HH, 2T, 2B, 3B, 2Y, 3S, V, 5A, 1R, 7X, 5L, 8E and 7D.

**MILLTOWN #3**, SEE: **MARTIN'S MILLS #1**, Halton County.

**MILL TOWN #4**, SEE: **MARTIN'S MILLS #1** , Halton County.

**MILLTOWN #5**, SEE: **BALLAVIELLEN**, Glengarry County

MILL TOWNE, SEE: MARTIN'S MILLS #1, Halton County.

MILL VALLEY, SEE: SKIBBAREEN, Northumberland County.

MILLVIEW MILLS, small Village, Nassagaweya Township, Halton County on 4th Concession, lot 13, where Mr. Henry Cargill had a large steam saw, shingle and lath mill. The complete list of professions shows Mr. Henry Cargill. No population for this place. Reference: I.

MILLVILLE, SEE: ELLIOTTS MILLS, Durham County.

MILLWOOD, SEE: DINSMORE, Algoma District.

MILNEFORD #1, SEE: WEXFORD, Scarborough Township.

MILNEFORD #2, mill, York Township, York County. Located 1 mile west of Scarborough Town Line, Lawrence Avenue at Don River. (Not Wexford.) References: 8H.

MILNE'S MILL, local name. Located on Concession 4, lot 8, Scarborough Township, York County. Reference: 8H.

MILNESVILLE, SEE: MARKHAM MILLS, York County.

MILNET, SEE: SELLWOOD JUNCTION, Nipissing District.

MILNE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°51' 75°41'. Reference: V.

MILNE TOWNSITE, Temagami Township, Nipissing District. Located almost adjoining Temagami on the northwest, 5 km south of Temagami North, 23 km west of Keewaydin and 26 km southeast of Silver Centre. Present approved name is MILNE TOWNSITE. Population 107 in 1971 and 109 in 1976. References: 3B and 5L.

MILNER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°38' 80°51'. Reference: V.

MILSAP, dispersed rural community, Camden Township, Lennox & Addington County. Located 9 miles east of Napanee, the County Seat and 2 1/2 miles from Camden East. Post office established as MILSAP in 1890. First Postmaster Stewart J. Milsap. Office named for the first postmaster. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Present approved name is MILSAP. Population not shown in 1976. Map position:44°22' 76°52'. References: B, I, S, 5L, V, 6T and 7D.

MILTON #1, SEE: SMITHFIELD, York County.

MILTON #2, SEE: MARTIN'S MILLS #1, Halton County.

MILTON #3, SEE: MILLTOWN #2, Ontario County.

MILTON BRICK SIDING, station, Trafalgar Township, Halton County. Located on London Division of CPR. Station number 1685, between the stations of Milton and Toronto Brick Siding, in 1911. Reference: 10B.

MILTON HEIGHTS, dispersed rural community, Esquesing Township, Halton County, later Part of Town of Milton in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Located 3 kilometres from Milton, 2 miles from Milton West and 2 miles from Kelso. Settled prior to 1846. Post office established as MILTON HEIGHTS on April 1st, 1911. First Postmaster John Appleyard. Office closed May 1st, 1967. Present approved name is MILTON HEIGHTS. Population 138 in 1941, 261 in 1971 and in 1976 population included in Town of Halton Hills. Map position: 43°31' 79°56. References: B, G, U, 3B, 5A, 6T, V and 9F.

MILTON MILLS #1, SEE: MARTIN'S MILLS #1, Halton County.

MILTON MILLS #2, SEE: SMITHFIELD #3, York County.

MILTON ON THE HUMBER, SEE: SMITHFIELD #3, York County.

MILTON SUBDIVISION, Pittsburg Township, Frontenac County. Located on the St. Lawrence River, 6 km northeast of Fort Henry Heights, 6 km southwest of Codes Corners and 20 km southwest of Gananoque. Name Milton Subdivision is not approved. Population 105 in 1971 and 133 in 1976. Map position: 44-15' 76°23'. References: 3B and 5L.

MILTON WEST, SEE: MARTIN'S MILLS #1, Halton County.

MILVERTON, SEE: WEST'S CORNERS, Perth County.

MILVILLE, hamlet, Darlington Township, Durham County. Located 6 miles from Bowmanville. Population 150 in 1846 and 200 in 1851. No recent references to this place. References: 6 and 5B.

MIMICO #1, urban community, Etobicoke Township, York County, later Part of Borough of Etobicoke, now City of Etobicoke, in the Municipality of Metropolitan, Toronto. Located 12 miles west of Toronto, the County Seat, 5 miles west of Toronto Junction and 3 miles from Mimico. Post office established in 1859, named ISLINGTON. First Postmaster Thomas Musson. June 1st, 1948, Islington post office was made a sub post office of Toronto. The place is named for Islington in England. Present approved name is ISLINGTON. Population 200 in 1886 and 1,000 in 1948. Map position: 43°38' 79°32'. References: I, A, T, S, AA, 3Y, V, 6T, 7V and 7D.

MIMICO #2, urban community, Etobicoke Township, York County, later Part of Borough of Etobicoke, now City of Etobicoke, in the Regional Municipality of York. Located 7 miles west of Toronto and on Grand Trunk Railway. The station name is MIMICO STATION. Post office established as MIMICO on May 1st, 1857. First Postmaster Herod Noble. October 1st, 1929 Mimico post office was changed to a sub post office of Toronto and September 1st, 1948 it was closed. The name Mimico is an Indian word meaning "place of the wild pigeon". The area was once favourite feeding ground for the now extinct passenger pigeon. Local name for this place was MIMICO ON THE LAKE. Mimico Incorporated as a Village in 1911, as a Town in 1917 and on January 1st, 1967, was amalgamated by Toronto. Present approved name is MIMICO. Population 300 in 1857 and 11,342 in 1951. Map position: 43°37' 79°30'. References: B, I, S, EE, HH, 2T, 3B, 3M, 5K, 7V, 6T, 7D and 8A.

MIMICO BEACH, urban community, Etobicoke Township, York County, later Part of Borough of Etobicoke, now City of Etobicoke, in the Municipality of Metropolitan, Toronto. Post office opened as MIMICO BEACH on August 14th, 1911. First Postmaster Jowett Coulton. Office located 1 mile from Mimico, 1 1/2 mile from New Toronto and 2 kilometres from Long Branch. Post office status changed to a sub post office of Toronto on October 1st, 1929. Present approved name is MIMICO BEACH. Map position: 43°37' 79°29'. References: U, 6T and V.

MIMOSA, SEE: DUBLIN #4, Wellington County.

MINA, post office, Hamilton Township, Northumberland County. Post office established as MINA, on August 1st, 1904. First Postmaster Thomas G. Bray. Office located 5 miles from Garden Hill Station on Midland Division of Grand Trunk Railway and 10 miles north of Port Hope. Office closed January 15th, 1915. This post office was named for Mina Henderson, daughter of an early settler, Richard Henderson. No recent references to this place. References: S, 7J, 6T, PP and 7D.

MINACHICO, SEE: MINAHICO, Rainy River District.

MINAHICO, sometimes misspelled as MINACHICO and also as MINAHIKO, dispersed rural community, Morson Township, Rainy River District. Located 39 kilometres from Sleemans, 6 miles from Bergland and 9 miles from Sannes. Post office established as MINAHICO on March 1st, 1913. First Postmaster E. S. Thompson. Office closed June 16th, 1947. Present approved name is MINAHICO. Population 77 in 1941 and 23 in 1976. Map position: 49°02' 94°22'. References: U, 3B, LL, 5E, 5L 6T and V.

**MINAKI,** SEE: **WINNIPEG RIVER CROSSING**, Kenora District.

**MINATAREE,** railway point, Thunder Bay District. Located 80 1/2 km east of Armstrong Station, east of Lake Nipigon and 19 miles east of Tashota. Post office established as **MINATAREE** on January 18th, 1939. First Postmaster J.A. Barnwell. April, 1947 the post office name was changed to **AUDEN**. Office still in operation in 1983. **MINATAREE STATION**, on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1,093 feet above sea level. The station name was also changed to **AUDEN**. Present approved name is **AUDEN**. Population 553 in 1951 and 90 in 1976. Map position: 50°14' 87°53'. References: R2, L2, SS, V, 6T, 3B and 5L.

**MINDEMOYA,** concentrated rural community, Carnarvon Township, Manitoulin District. Located 100 miles southeast of Sault Ste. Marie and 8 miles north of Providence Bay. First established in 1880. Prime employer a creamery was destroyed by fire in 1936. Since rebuilt and produces 200,000 pounds of butter yearly. Post office established as **MINDEMOYA** in 1880. First Postmaster Francis Wagg. Office still in operation in 1983. Indian name means "old woman". Present approved name is **MINDEMOYA**. Population 50 in 1892 and 407 in 1976. Map position: 45°44' 82°10'. References: B, I, R1, S, AA, 3B, 5L, V, 5V and 9F.

**MINDEN,** concentrated rural community, Anson & Minden Townships, Haliburton County. Located 7 miles northwest of Gelert Station on Grand Trunk Railway and on the Gull River. It is the County Seat. Post office established as **MINDEN** on December 30th, 1858. First Postmaster Daniel Buck. Office is still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MINDEN**. Population 1,500 in 1886 and 590 in 1976. Map position: 44°55' 78°43'. References: B, I, T, S, 5L, AA, 3B, 3X, V and 9F.

**MINDEN STATION,** SEE: **SNOWDONVILLE**, Haliburton County.

**MINDEN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Map position: 45°00' 78°40'. References: V.

**MINDOKA,** dispersed rural community, Pacaud Township, Timiskaming District. Located 3 1/2 miles south of Boston Creek and 3 miles north of Krugersdorf. Post office established, named **MINDOKA**, October 12th, 1926. First Postmaster F. Green. Office closed April 1st, 1948. **MINDOKA STATION** on Ontario Northland Railway, located 880 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **SOUTH MINDOKA**. Map position: 47°58' 79°55'. References: 6T, V, SS, 5L and 22-6.

**MINE CENTRE,** SEE: **WEIGAND**, Rainy River District.

**MINE CENTRE STATION,** SEE: **WEIGAND**, Rainy River District.

**MINERAL SPRINGS,** urban community, Ancaster Township, Wentworth County, later Part of Town of Dundas, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 8 miles west of Hamilton, the County Seat and 5 kilometres from Dundas. Post office established as **MINERAL SPRINGS** on July 1st, 1900. First Postmaster W. S. Law. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MINERAL SPRINGS**. Population 15 in 1913, 97 in 1971 and after 1976 population included Ancaster Township. Map position: 43°14' 80°01'. References: U, DD, 3B, 6T, V and 7M.

**MINERS BAY,** hamlet, Lutterworth Township, Haliburton County. Located on Gull Lake, 4 km northeast of Moore Falls, 5 km northwest of Buller and 12 km northwest of Kinmount. Population 47 in 1951 and 6 in 1976. Present approved name is **MINERS BAY**. Map position: 44°49' 78°46'. References: U, O, 5E, 5L, and V.

**MINERS LAKE.** Located 24 kilometres from North Magnetawan. Date of the reference 1980. References: U.

**MINES CENTRE STATION,** station, Rainy River District. Located 6 miles from Foley Mines. It is a station on CNR, has a telegraph and express in 1913. Forty six miles to Fort Frances for the nearest bank. References: DD, MM and 2P.

**MINESING,** SEE: **MINISING**, Simcoe County.

**MINESING STATION**, station on Grand Trunk Railway, Vespra Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 miles from Minesing which is the nearest post office, 14 miles north of Allandale and 25 miles south of Penetanguishene. Population 100 in 1908. No recent reference to this station. References: B, S and PP.

**MINET**, SEE: **CLEVELAND'S HOUSE**, Muskoka District.

**MINETO**, cave, located on the north side of Manitoulin Island. The name means "den of wild animal", "lightning hole", "den of the spirit snake" and "home of the evil spirit". In all dialects, the name has a signifigance of evil, a place to be avoided, by the Indians. References: 9H.

**MINET POINT**, urban community, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located 3 kilometres from Barrie, one and a half miles from Allandale and one and a half miles from Painswick. Post office established as **MINET POINT**, a summer office, on June 27th, 1952. First Postmaster Stuart W. Howell. In 1974 **TOLLANDAL PARK** was added to Minet Point. July 1st, 1966 Minet Point office made a regular post office year round. Present approved name is **MINET POINT**. Population 45in 1941 and 315 in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 79°39'. References: B, U, 3B and V.

**MINETT**, SEE: **CLEVELAND'S HOUSE**, Muskoka District.

**MINISING**, later spelled **MINESING**, concentrated rural community, Vespra Township, Simcoe County. Located 10 miles northwest of Barrie, the County Seat and 2 miles northwest of MINESING STATION on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MINESING** in 1867. First Postmaster Andrew Ronald. Office still open in 1983. The name of this place is Indian and means an "island", which Minesing apparently was, at one time. Present approved name is **MINESING**. Population 300 in 1886 and 256 in 1976. Map position: 44°26' 79°50'. References: B, I, T, S, JJ, 3B, 4F, 5L, V and 9F.

**MINK**, station, Nipissing District. Located on the Canadian Northern main line at an altitude of 1,051 feet above sea level, also between Cauchon Station and Amable-du-Fond Station. Mileages are 293.2 miles from Montreal and 43.8 miles from North Bay in 1915. No recent references. References: L3, 8J and L.

**MINK ISLANDS**. These islands were used in 1890 as fishing stations and were last used in 1950. Now uninhabited. References: E.

**MINK LAKE #1**, dispersed rural community, Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Located 6 kilometres from Eganville. Located 5 km northeast of Eganville, 15 km southwest of Cobden and 14 km southeast of Golden Lake. Present approved name is **MINK LAKE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°33' 77°03'. References: U, 5L and V.

**MINK LAKE #2**, railway point, Pentland Township, Nipissing District. Located 3 miles from Ascalon, 19 miles from Fossmill, 46 miles from North Bay and 16 miles from Brent. Post office established as **MINK LAKE** on November 13th, 1927. First Postmaster Guy French. Office closed March 12th, 1928. Present approved name is **MINK LAKE**. Map position: 46°03' 78°46'. References: U, V and 6T.

**MINK PORTAGE INDIAN RESERVATION #35J**, Kenora District. Located on three large islands in Miles Bay. Owned by the Big Grassy Band but not inhabited in 1978. Map position: 49°13' 94°22'. References: R3.

**MINNACOG**, SEE: **MINNIEKAIGNANSHENE**, Muskoka District.

**MINNAPOOKA**, station on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,137 feet above sea level, Cochrane District. Mileage 89.5 miles from Foley Station and 657.4 miles from Montreal. Located between Mongoose Station and Dishnish Station in 1915. No recent references. References: L, 8J and L3.

**MINNEHAHA**, a name of legend in early Canadian history. Only a lake in Kenora bears the name now, but Henry Longfellow, English poet, used the subject of this Indian legend for his 1855 poem, "The Song of Hiawatha". This Mohawk Chief, Hiawatha, was credited with the organization of the Five Nations. His wife was Minnehaha, which means "laughing waters". References: 9H and Funk & Wagnall Canada.

MINNETAKIE, SEE: MINNITAKI, Kenora District.

MINNETT, SEE: CLEVELAND'S HOUSE, Muskoka District.

MINNEWASKA, Parry Sound District, near Gravenhurst, Ontario. References: SS.

MINNICOGANASHENE, SEE: MINNIEKAIGNANSHENE, Muskoka District.

MINNIEHILL, dispersed rural community, St. Vincent Township, Grey County. Post office established as MINNIEHILL on January 1st, 1903. Postmistress Mrs. Mary J. Brown. Office closed September 30th, 1912. This post office was named for the first settler, Mr. John Minnie, who settled in the 1830's. Present approved name is MINNIEHILL. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°33' 80°36'. References: S, 5L, 6T, V, 7Q and 7D.

MINNIKAIGNANSHENE, later spelling MINNICOGANASHENE, summer post office, Georgian Bay Area, Simcoe County. Located 10 miles from Penetanguishene and 11 1/4 miles from Midland, both are Grand Trunk Railway Stations. Post office established as MINNICOGANASHENE on July 1st, 1902. First Postmaster Lieutenant Colonel J. C. Cautley. Office closed June 8th, 1938. Local name MINNACOG. Original Indian name means "place of many porcupines". No recent reference to this office. No population shown for this place. Map position: 44°48' 79°51'. References: U, JJ, 7P, PP, and S.

MINNIPUKA, dispersed rural community, Marjorie Township, Algoma District. Located on CNR, 23 km northwest of Fire River, 28 km southeast of Oba and 35 km northeast of Mosher. Present approved name is MINNIPUKA. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°54' 83°51'. References: V, 5L and U.

MINNITAKI, dispersed rural community, Sanford Township, Kenora District. Minnitaki Station is on CPR main line at an altitude of 1,143 feet above sea level. The Post office, MINNITAKI, established February 15th, 1904. First Postmistress Mrs. A. F. Ritz. Office still in operation in 1983. The Station is located at mile 1685 on CPR, east of Oxdrift Station and four miles east of Eagle River. The name is a Sioux Indian word and means "minne" water and "taki" unclean. Properly spelled the name is MINNETAKI. Present approved name is MINNITAKI. Population 53 in 1961 and 53 in 1980. Map position: 49°47' 93°05'.References: R1, U, L1, 5A, 5L, B, 7J , PP, 8K and 7D.

MINNOW LAKE, urban community, McKim Township, Sudbury District, later Part of City of Sudbury. Post office named MINNOW LAKE established May 20th, 1935. First Postmaster W.H. Barry. Post office is located 3 miles east of Sudbury and 5 miles west of Coniston. Status of the office changed to a sub-Post office of Sudbury on February 1st, 1951 and was closed June 1st, 1956. Present approved name is MINNOW LAKE. Population 1,535 in 1941 and 3,882 in 1951. Map position: 46°29' 80°56'. References: 3B, V, 6T and 2Y.

MINTO #1, railway point, Minto Township, Wellington County. Located 20 miles from Durham and 6 miles from Palmerston, also 5 miles south of Mount Forest. It is not a Post office. Present approved name is MINTO. position: 43°55' 80°49'. References: PP, AA and V.

MINTO #2, dispersed rural community, Rawdon Township, Hastings County. Located 5 miles from Stirling Station. Post office named MINTO established January 1st, 1901. First Postmaster Charles G. Reid. Office closed January 8th, 1913. Present approved name is MINTO. Population 26 in 1971 and 26 in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 77°32'. References: B, DD, 3B, 5L, 6T, V and 7N.

MINTO (TOWNSHIP OF), Geographic Township, Wellington County. Incorporated as a Township, the first Monday in January, 1857 by County by-law passed on June 30th, 1856. This Township was originally in Wellington District, Canada West. Area 74,000 acres. Population 400 in 1852, 4,861 in 1871 and 2,086 in 1980. Minto Township is named for the Earl of Minto. It was surveyed in 1853 by Charles Rankin of Owen Sound. First settled in 1853 and the first settler with a land patent, Angus C. Fyfe on January 9th, 1856. Map position: 43°55' 80°53'. References: C, HH, 2W, W, M, V and 2H.

**MIRAMICHI,** SEE: **CAMPBELLTOWN**, Renfrew County.

**MIRAMICHI TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°33' 81°25'. References: V.

MIRRICK'S MILLS, also known as MIRICKVILLE. Village, Wolford Township, Grenville County, later shown on the border of Montague and Wolford Township and Lanark and Grenville County. Located 28 miles north of Brockville, the County Seat, on the Rideau Canal and 26 miles from Perth. This place was settled in 1794. First settler William Merrick, an United Empire Loyalist. The Mill site which was responsible for settlement of this place, was selected by a man named Stevens. Mr. Stevens was killed in a hunting accident and William Merrick took over his claim and built the Mill. In 1857 when the stage fare from Brockville cost $5.00 one way, Mirrickville boasted 9 businesses operated under the name of Mirrick. Flour and saw mills, general stores, innkeeper, woolen mill, barrister, shingle factory, etc. and the Town name was spelled MIRICKVILLE, another spelling for the name MERRICKSVILLE. In 1832 the name was spelled MEYRICK VILLE, two words. Post office established as MERRICKVILLE in 1829. First Postmaster Terrence Smyth. Office still in operation in 1983. MERRICKVILLE was Incorporated as a Village on May 19th, 1960. Religious parish name for this place STE. ANNE. Present approved name is **MERRICKVILLE**. Population 800 in 1886 and 986 in 1980. Map position: 44°55' 75°50'. References: EE, J, 7U, B, I, M, T, S, HH, 2T, 2Y, 5D, 2O, SS, V, UU, 5L, 7X and 7D.

MIRRICKVILLE, SEE: MIRRICK'S MILLS, Lanark and Grenville Counties.

MISCAMBELL, also shown as MISCAMPBELL, Rainy River District. Located 22 km northeast of Emo, 12 km northwest of Fort Frances and 14 km southeast of Dance. Surveyed in 1904. The logging boom founded the place a few years before the survey. Present name is not approved. Population 57 in 1927 and 129 in 1976. Map position: 48°40' 93°33'. References: R2, 2P, 5L and 3B.

**MISCAMPBELL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°42' 93°32'. References: V.

MISHIONGO, station, on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude 1,182 feet above sea level, in Sudbury District. Located 587.3 miles from Montreal and on the track between Phillips station (2.7 miles) and Goose River station (13.3 miles) in 1915. No recent references. References: L3, 8J and L.

MISKOKOMON TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 25, Range 23, Algoma District.

MISSANABIE, SEE: MISSINAIBE, Algoma District.

MISSANABIE INDIAN RESERVE #62, located northeast of Wawa in Algoma District. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°19' 84°07'. References: V and 5L.

MISSINAIBE, station, Township #46, later West Township, Algoma District. Located 330 miles east of Port Arthur, and on Dog Lake. The station is on CPR main line at an altitude of 1,098 feet above sea level. Post office named MISSINABIE opened in 1893. First Postmaster H. W. Fournier. Post office still in operation in 1983 and Missinabie has recently been designated a dispersed rural community. This Indian word means "Pictures in the Water" and refers to the reflection of old Indian carvings on the face a cliff, which are reflected in the water below. MISSINABIE STATION is located at mile 2231 on the track east of Otter station and west of Dalton (1888). It has been misspelled as MISSINABI. Present approved name is MISSANABIE Population 200 in 1908 and 173 in 1980. Map position: 48°19' 84°05'. References: I, U, AA, Z, L1, 5U, 5K, V, PP, 5L, 6Z, 6V, 9F, 9H, 8K and 7D.

**MISSINAIBI TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°20'83°44'. References: V.

MISSION DES SAUVACS, trading post, Sudbury District. In 1824, it started as a Hudson's Bay Company trading post but the post in 1887 was moved to Naughton, and then closed in 1896. The place name, at this location, was changed to WHITE FISH LAKE in 1915. Religious parish name MISSION DES SAUVACS. No recent reference to this post. References: SS and 6O.

**MISSION OF THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION**, Thunder Bay District, on Kaministiquia River. This mission located between the years 1849 and 1908. No further references noted to this place. References: 6D.

**MISSISSAGA**, SEE: **MISSISSAQUA**, Algoma District.

**MISSISSAGI**, dispersed rural community, Thompson Township, Algoma District. Located 3 miles from Dean Lake, 50 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie and 20 miles north of Thessalon. Post office named **MISSISSAGI** established January 1st, 1912. First Postmaster Arthur Baker. Office closed January 1st, 1926. Present approved name is **MISSISSAGI**. No population shown for this place. Map position: 46°15' 83°09'. References: 6V, 6T and V.

**MISSISSAGI RIVER INDIAN RESERVATION #8**, Algoma District. Located north of Blind River. Population 198 in 1976. Map position: 46°13' 83°00'. References: 5L and V.

**MISSISSAQUA**, station, Cobden Township, Algoma District. Located on the Mississaqua River, 10 miles west of Algoma Mills,(1908), 4 miles from Blind River, (1892). **MISSISSAQUA STATION** on the "Soo" branch of CPR. Station name changed to **MISSISSAUGA**, in 1908. Name misspelled as **MISSISSAGA** in 1913. Has telegraph and express offices. Present approved name is **MISSISSAUGA**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 46°12' 83°02'. References: AA, DD, MM, V, PP and 5L.

**MISSISSAUGA #1 (TOWN OF)**, in Regional Municipality of Peel. Effective January 1st, 1968, the **TOWN OF MISSISSAUGA** has been established replacing the **THE TOWNSHIP MUNICIPALITY OF TORONTO**. The Town includes, Cooksville, Clarkson, Lake View, Erindale, Meadowvale, Churchville, Lorne Park, Dixie, Burnhamthorpe, Malton, Sheridan, Park Royal, Cloverleaf, Applewood and Derry West, excluding Port Credit and Streetsville. On January 1st, 1974, the Town of Mississauga amalgamated with the Town of Port Credit, Town of Streetsville and annexed Part of Oakville, losing a northern portion of land to Brampton, to form the **CITY OF MISSISSAUGA**. The name "Mississauga" is an Indian name. Early spellings **MESSASAGUE, MISSISSAGA** and **MASSASSAUGA**. Over 700 names were suggested for this new City, among which were Winston, in memory of Sir Winston Churchill and also variations of the name Churchill for his first name. The names Pearson, for the late Prime Minister, Lyndon, for the President of the United States, Ladybird, for his wife, Cartier and Brule, also Hiptown, Ookpik and Moses, Peyton Place and Credit were incorporated in many suggestions. The variety ranged from Utopia to Xebec from 1,500 citizens. The final choice was **MISSISSAUGA**. Population 107,540 in 1969 and 283,429 in 1980.Map position: 43°35' 79°39'. References: D, M, P, HH, 3G, 5K, 5L, V, 7D and The Globe and Mail.

**MISSISSAUGA #2**, SEE: **MISSISSAQUA**, Algoma District.

**MISSISSAUGA BEACH**, urban community, Niagara Township, Lincoln County, and now Part of Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Present approved name is **MISSISSAUGA BEACH**. Population 345 in 1961 and 463 in 1966. References: 5A and V.

**MISSISSAUGA GARDENS**, residential area, south of Queen Elizabeth Highway, Peel County. References: 3C.

**MISSISSAUGA LANDING**, Summer post office, Cavendish Township, Peterborough County. Located 3.8 miles north of Rockcroft and 4.1 miles south of Catchacoma, also 37 km from Lakefield. Post office established as **MISSISSAUGA LANDING**, on July 2nd, 1957 located at Concession #1 in Township of Cavendish. First Postmaster Alan Jay Gould. Office closed September 13th, 1968. Present approved name is **MISSISSAUGUA LANDING**. Population not shown in 1976. References: U, 5L and 6T.

**MISSISSAUGA INDIAN RESERVE #8**, Algoma District. Located 5 kilometres west of Blind River, on Highway 17. The Mississauga Band #8 owns this Reserve under the Robinson-Huron Treaty. Acreage is 5,180 acres. Population 333 in 1978. Map position: 46°13' 83°00'. References: R3.

**MISSISSAUGA MUNICIPALITY**, includes:

Clarkson
Cooksville

Mississauga Municipality (continued):
Dixie
Erin Mills
Lakeview
Malton
Port Credit
Streetsville in 1984. Reference: F.

**MISSISSAUGA VALLEY**, urban development, located north of Cooksville in Peel County. It is locally known as **THE VALLEY** or **VALLEYS** in 1980's. References: 3C.

**MISSISSIPPI**, SEE: **MISSISSIPPI STATION** Addington County.

**MISSISSIPPI RIVER.** This place was located in Bathurst District, Canada West in the year 1848. Nearest post office was Fitzroy Harbor. No recent references to this place. Reference:C.

**MISSISSIPPI STATION**, dispersed rural community, Palmerston Township, Addington County. Located on the Mississippi River, with a station called **MISSISSIPPI STATION** on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Located 61 miles north of Kingston, the County Seat and 30 miles west of Perth. Post office named **MISSISSIPPI STATION** established in 1879. First Postmaster Norman Clark. Office still in operation in 1983. Population 50 in 1886 and 64 in 1976. Present approved name is **MISSISSIPPI STATION.** Map position: 44°55' 76°41'. References: I, T, AA, 3B, V, 5L, 5V, B, DD, and 9F.

MISSONGA, railway point on CNR railway, Shenango Township, Sudbury District. Located 10 miles from Shawmere, 25 km northwest of Foleyet, 17 km southeast of Elsas and 53 km southwest of Flying Post. Present approved name is **MISSONGA.** Population 4 in 1941 and 69 in 1951. Map position: 48°23' 82°41'. References: 3B, V, 5L and 22-6.

MISSONGA STORAGE, station, Shenango Township, Sudbury District.Present approved name is **MISSONGA STORAGE.** Map position: 48°24' 82°42'. References: V.

MISSOURI, SEE: **OATES**, Frontenac County.

MITCHE, MICH, MISSIE, MISHE, MUSHE and MICHI(GAN), all mean "great", "large" or"big", in every instance, when used as a prefix to Indian words or names. Reference: 9H.

MITCHELL #1, Town, Fullarton & Logan Townships, Perth County. Located on the Thames river, 12 miles northwest of Stratford the County Seat, 33 miles from Goderich and 70 miles from Hamilton. Modern location, at the junction of highways #8 and #23, and 43 miles west of Kitchener. Post office established September 6th, 1847 and named MITCHELL. First Postmaster John Hicks. Office still in operation in 1983. Mitchell was Incorporated as a Village on June 10th, 1857 by Act 20, Vic.Cap 108, effective June 10th, 1857. Incorporated as Town January 5th, 1874. This place was founded in 1837 by William Hicks and his son, John and "was named after a coloured settler" named Mitchell, perhaps the only place name in Ontario named for a Negro. The Town plot was laid out by the Canada Company in 1836. First unofficial Postmaster was Mr. Matheson for several years until the government post office was established. There were fifteen telephones in service in Mitchell in 1885 and the number reduced to eleven in 1891. **MITCHELL STATION** is served by CNR. Present approved name is **MITCHELL.** Population 2,500 in 1886 and 2,706 in 1980. Map position: 43°28' 81°12'. References: B, I, M, T, S, EE, HH, 2T, Y, 2Y, 5K, 5L, 6O, V, 1W, 7V and 8P.

MITCHELL #2, station, Sudbury District. Located on the Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,165 feet above sea level, and 6.2 miles from Ewing station, 8.9 miles from Ostrom station and 30 miles from Ruel station in 1915. No recent references. References: L3, U and L.

MITCHELL #3, dispersed rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located 15 miles northeast of Barrie, the

County Seat and 5 miles west of Hawkstone on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MITCHELL** in 1875. First Postmaster William Mitchell. The post office was named **MITCHELL** but on discovery of another office of that name in Perth County, they added "SQUARE" to their name. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **MITCHELL SQUARE**. Population 50 in 1892 and 63 in 1966. Map position: 44°31' 79°32'. References: B, I, S, AA, 5A, 5L, 6T, V and 5V.

**MITCHELL BAY,** SEE: **MITCHELL'S BAY**, Kent County.

**MITCHELL CORNERS,** concentrated rural community, Darlington Township, Durham County, later Part of Town of Newcastle in the Regional Municipality of Durham. This settlement on Taunton Road, east of Taunton on the 15th Sideroad. In 1974, Darlington Township became Part of the Town of Newcastle. Present approved name is **MITCHELL CORNERS**. Population 161 in 1956, 327 in 1971 and after 1976, population included in Town of Newcastle. Map position: 43°57' 78°48'. References: B, 3G, 3B, 5E and V.

**MITCHELL'S,** SEE: **CUISSLERS**, Muskoka District.

**MITCHELL'S BAY,** concentrated rural community, Dover Township, Kent County. Located on Lake St. Clair, 15 miles west of Chatham, the County Seat and 10 miles from Wallaceburg station on CPR. Post office named **MITCHELL'S BAY**, established in 1872. First Postmaster Charles W. Raymond. Office closed April 10th, 1928. On July 13th, 1949 a summer post office was opened under the same name, **MITCHELL'S BAY** at lot 23, Concession 13 of Dover Township. It is located 6 miles from Electric, 6 miles from Dover Centre and 9 miles from Bear Line. Mitchell's Bay is named for the first settler. Present approved name is **MITCHELL BAY**. Population 200 in 1886 and 151 in 1976. Map position: 42°29' 82°24'. References: B, I, T, S, 5A, V, PP, 5V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**MITCHELL'S CORNERS #1,** SEE: **MACHELL'S CORNERS**, York County.

**MITCHELL'S CORNERS #2,** Oro Township, Simcoe County, shown in 1881. References: 2E.

**MITCHELL SQUARE,** SEE: **MITCHELL #3**, Simcoe County.

**MITCHELL TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Kenora District, Patricia Portion. Map position: 51°04' 92°45'. References: V.

**MITCHELLVILLE,** dispersed rural community, Front of Escott Township, Leeds County. Located 20 miles west of Brockville, the County Seat and 2 miles from Lansdowne. Post office established as **MITCHELLVILLE** in 1894. First Postmaster R.J. Mitchell, who emigrated from County of Wexford, Ireland. The post office is named for the Mitchell family. Office closed May 1st, 1913. First settler Valentine Mitchell, in 1815. Present approved name is **MITCHELLVILLE**. No population shown for this place. Map position: 44°25' 75°59'. References: B, I, S, 6T, V, 5L and 7D.

**MITCHELLS MILLS,** Bathurst Township, Lanark County. Located on Bolton Creek, 1 1/2 miles from Pratt Corners. It is the site of an old mill, and was named for a family that lived in the area, who carried on a lumbering business for a number of years. No population shown and no recent references to this place. Reference: 7D.

**MOBERLY,** SEE: **MABERLY**, Lanark County.

**MOBERLY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°45' 81°48'. References: V.

**MOBERT,** SEE: **TRUDEAU #2**, Thunder Bay District.

**MOBERT INDIAN RESERVATION #82,** Thunder Bay District. Located on White Lake, northwest of Wawa, 1 km southwest of Regan and 10 km east of Trudeau. Once misspelled as **MORBERT**. Map position: 48°40' 85°40'. References: V.

**MOBILE VILLAGE,** Sidney Township, Hastings County. Population 402 in 1976. References: 3B.

MOEN TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 23, Range 16, Sudbury District.

MOFFAT #1, SEE: GOMMORAH, Halton County.

MOFFAT #2, SEE: CAMBELLTOWN #2, Renfrew County.

MOFFATT, SEE: GOMMORAH, Halton County.

MOFFAT'S CORNERS, SEE: STRANGFORD, York County.

MOFFAT TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°22' 81°25'. References: V.

MOGGY TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 22, Range 16, Sudbury District.

MOHAWK #1, SEE: MOUNT PLEASANT #4, Brant County.

MOHAWK #2, Midland District, Canada West. Mail for this place was directed to the post office at Napanee in the year 1835. The hamlet seems to have existed between the years 1835 and 1848. This place was also known as MOHAWK INDIAN VILLAGE. "Mohawk" is the other name for the Iroquois tribe and means ",man-eaters" or "cannibals." References: C, 9H and 3H.

MOHAWK #3, dispersed rural community, Wentworth County. Located on the corner of Highway #55, at Mohawk Road, (now within the City limits of Hamilton) and 3 miles from the Hamilton railway station. Post office established as MOHAWK May 22nd, 1952. First Postmaster Raymond Hawkins. This post office is located 2.2 miles north of Mount Hamilton post office. On December 28th, 1954 the post office named was changed to MOHAWK-HAMILTON. On July 4th, 1959 the status of the office was changed to a sub post office of Hamilton, which effectively negated use of one of our oldest, proud, native names. Map position: 43°13' 79°51'. References: V, 6V, 6T and 7D.

MOHAWK #4, urban community, Part of City of Hamilton, in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is MOHAWK. Map position: 43°14' 79°53'. References: V.

MOHAWK AIRPORT, Hastings County. Located 5 kilometres from Deseronto and 14 kilometres from Napanee. Date of this reference 1980. References: U.

MOHAWK COLLEGE, Wentworth County. This is a sub post office of Hamilton and also has a bank branch. Date of reference 1980. References: U.

MOHAWK MEADOWS, urban community, within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is MOHAWK MEADOWS. Map position: 43°14' 79°57'. References: V.

MOHAWKWOODS, concentrated rural community, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Located on the Salmon River, 9 miles east of Belleville the County Seat, and 1 1/2 miles from the Bay of Quinte. Original name was Mohawkwoods. Second name was MERCHISON'S MILLS (1848). Post office established as SHANNONVILLE on July 6th, 1833. First Postmaster T. D. Appleby. This place had a local name NORTH SHANNONVILLE in 1862 and 1865. In 1878, one reference shows the name as simply SHANNON. Post office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is SHANNONVILLE. Population 50 in 1846 and 299 in 1976. Map position: 44°12' 77°13'. References: 3H, B, I, G, S, D, EE, 5A, 7X, 9F and V.

MOHER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°59' 81°25'. References: V.

MOHR CORNERS, SEE: HUBBEL'S FALLS, Carleton County.

MOHR'S CORNERS, SEE: HUBBEL'S FALLS, Carleton County.

**MOIRA**, dispersed rural community, Huntingdon Township, Hastings County. Located 16 miles north of Belleville, the County Seat and 5 miles east of West Huntingdon. Post office established as **MOIRA**, April 6th, 1841. First Postmaster Mr. W. Mullett. Office closed January 15th, 1968. Present approved name is **MOIRA**. Population 100 in 1886 and 20 in 1976. Map position: 44°21' 77°24'. References: B, I, T, S, O, V, 5L, 8P and 9F.

**MOIRA LAKE**, railway point, Huntingdon Township, Hastings County. Located 3 miles from Madoc. Present approved name is **MOIRA LAKE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°27' 77°27'. References: S, V+ and V.

**MOIR'S MILLS**, SEE: **KIRKVILLE**, Simcoe County.

**MOKOMON**, dispersed rural community, Conmee Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 9 miles west of Kakabeka Falls and 33 miles west of Port Arthur at the head of Lake Superior. Post office established as **MOKOMON** on November 1st, 1923. First Postmaster Lauri Kivipelto. Office closed August 31st, 1959. **MOKOMON STATION** on the Canadian Northern Railway main line, at an altitude of 1,004 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **MOKOMON**. Map position: 48°29 '89°38'. Population 86 in 1976. References: 3B, L3, V, PP, 5L and 6T.

**MOLESWORTH**, dispersed rural community, Grey Township, Huron County and Wallace Township, Perth County. Located 40 miles northwest of Stratford the County Seat and 7 miles from Listowel. Post office established as **MOLESWORTH** on January 1st, 1856. First Postmaster John Mitchell. Office closed October 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MOLESWORTH**. Population 70 in 1886 and 97 in 1976. Map position: 43°47' 81°04'. References: B, I, T, S, EE, 3B, 5L, 6T, V and 8U.

**MOLTKE**, dispersed rural community, Carrick Township, Bruce County. Located 14 miles southeast of Walkerton the County Seat and 2 1/2 miles from the Georgian Bay and Lake Erie division of Grand Trunk Railway at Neustadt Station. Post office established as **MOLTKE** in 1881. First Postmaster Frederick Weigel. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MOLTKE**. Population 100 in 1886 and 21 in 1976. Map position: 44°03' 81°00'. References: I, T, S, 6T, V, PP and 5V.

**MONAGHAN**, SEE: **MONAHAN**, Peterborough County.

**MONAGHAN TOWNSHIP**, Peterborough County. This Township was originally shown in Colborne District, Canada West. Area 15,300 acres. Population 905 in 1852. Settled in 1847. This Township was divided into North Monaghan Township and South Monaghan Township (Which SEE). References: 2M, 2W, 3H and M.

**MONAHAN**, post office, Peterborough County. Located 14 miles north of Port Hope. Post office named **MONAGHAN** established January 6th, 1830. First Postmaster Joseph Graham. Office closed in 1832. No further reference to this office. References: I, 7X, and 10D.

**MONCK**, dispersed rural community, West Luther Township, Wellington County. Located 7 miles from Kenilworth, 35 miles northwest of Guelph the County Seat and 10 miles from Arthur Station on CPR. Post office established as **MONCK** on April 1st, 1863. First Postmaster George Brain. Office closed October 31st, 1959. Present approved name is **MONCK**. Population 200 in 1892: 300 in 1908 and not listed in 1976. Map position: 43°58' 80°29'. References: B, I, A, S, AA, 4F, 5L, V, PP and 6T.

**MONCK COUNTY**. This electoral division was created in 1867 to allow necessary constituencies to provide seats for Ontario, to balance those held in Quebec, as provided by the British North America Act. It included Townships from Haldimand, Lincoln and Welland. In redistributions, Monck County, has disappeared. Population 17,602 in 1871 and 15,315 in 1891. References: J, 2I and 7V.

**MONCKLAND**, Police Village, Roxborough Township, Stormont County. Located 15 miles north of Cornwall the County Seat, 6 miles from Avonmore station and 73 miles west of Montreal. Post office established as **MONCKLAND** in 1861. First Postmaster Martin Malony. Office closed in 1891. Another post office opened in 1888 named **MONCKLAND STATION**. This post office name was changed to **MONKLAND** on August 1st, 1966. Office still in operation

in 1983. Incorporated on December 1st, 1932, as the Police Village of Monkland, by County Bylaw #2412. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. The CPR station is spelled **MONKLANDS**, previously spelled **MONCKLAND STATION**. Religious parish name **OUR LADY OF ANGELS**. Post office named for Lord Monck, Governor General of the Canadas, 1861. Present approved name is **MONKLAND**. Population 150 in 1886 and 165 in 1976. Map position: 45°12' 74°52'. References: I, T, 2Y, 5V, U, DD, O, SS, 5L, 9L, S, PP, 6T, 3B and 7L.

**MONCKAND STATION**, SEE: **MONCKLAND**, Stormont County.

**MONCK ROAD #1**, SEE: **MONK ROAD**, Hastings County.

**MONCK ROAD #2**, station, on Canadian Northern Ontario Railway, Ontario County. Located 17 miles from Beaverton and 81 miles from Toronto. No recent references to this station. Date of the reference 1908. References: PP.

**MONCK TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Muskoka District. Incorporated as a Township February 8th, 1969. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Statute 1970, C32. Annexed in part by Town of Bracebridge and in part by Township of Muskoka Lakes, effective date January 1st, 1971. Area 27,835 acres. Map position: 45°05' 79°25'. References: HH, M, 1L and V.

**MONCRIEFF**, dispersed rural community, Grey Township, Huron County, later Morris Township, Huron County. Located 26 miles east of Goderich the County Seat and 5 1/2 miles south of Ethel station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office named **MONCRIEFF** established in 1874. First Postmaster John McTaggart. Office closed January 1st, 1919. Present approved name is **MONCRIEFF**. Population 50 in 1892: 32 in 1908 and 6 in 1976.. Map position: 43°39' 81°09'. References: B, I, AA, V, PP, 5L, 6T and 5V.

**MONCRIEFF TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°46°' 81°38'. References: V.

**MONCTON**, SEE: **MONKTON**, Perth County.

**MOND**, dispersed rural community, Denison Township, Sudbury District. Located 2 1/2 miles from Victoria Mine station on CPR, 50 miles northeast of Spanish Mills and 23 miles southwest of Sudbury. Post office established as **MOND** on July 9th, 1906. First Postmaster W.J. Mumford. Office closed November 1st, 1924. Present approved name is **MOND**. Map position: 46°25' 81°23'. References: V, PP and 6T.

**MOND TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°49' 81°06'. References: V.

**MONESTINE TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **J TOWNSHIP** , Algoma District.

**MONETVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Martland Township, Sudbury District. Located on Lake Nipissing. Nearest station is Sturgeon Falls, 24 miles west of North Bay on CPR and 27 kilometres from Rutter. Post office established as **MONETVILLE** on June 1st, 1892 and named for first Postmaster Cyrille Monet. Office is still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MONETVILLE**. Population 100 in 1907: 300 in 1908 and 21 in 1976. Map position: 46°10' 80°22'. References: S, V, 7N, PP, 5L, 9F and 7D.

**MONEYMORE**, dispersed rural community, Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 20 miles northeast of Belleville, the County Seat and 12 miles south of Tweed station on CPR. Post office established as **MONEYMORE** on September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster John Harigan. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MONEYMORE**. Population 50 in 1892. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 44°23' 77°15'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3Z, 5L, 6T, V and 4A.

**MONGOLIA**, SEE: **CALIFORNIA CORNERS**, York County.

**MONGOOSE**, station, on Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,150 feet above sea level. Located in Algoma District and near Batchewana in 1915. References: U and L3.

MONGOWIN TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°09' 81°45'. References: V.

MONKLAND, SEE: MONCKLAND, Stormont County.

MONKLANDS, SEE: MONCKLAND, Stormont County.

MONKLAND STATION, SEE: MONCKLAND, Stormont County.

MONK ROAD, Faraday Township, Hastings County. Located 90 miles north of Belleville, the County Seat and 11 kilometres from Bancroft station on Central Ontario Railway. Post office established as MONK ROAD on June 1st, 1896. First Postmaster John Young. Office closed April 1st, 1929. Name spelling appears changed after 1907. Present approved name is MONCK ROAD. Population 125 in 1951 and 110 in 1956. Map position: 45°01' 78°00'. References: 7E, PP, 6T, B, S, U, 5E, 5L and V.

MONKTON, concentrated rural community, Logan & Elma Townships, Perth County. Located 22 miles northwest of Stratford, the County Seat and 6 miles south of Atwood station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MONKTON on December 1st, 1858. First Postmaster Edward Greensides. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1870, the Montreal Telegraph Company sent a message $0.25 for ten words to Hamilton or Toronto, $1.00 to St. John's, New Brunswick and $1.05 to Halifax, Nova Scotia. An early pioneer here was William Featherstone. The blacksmith's shop was erected in 1857 and belonged to a man named Daly. Present approved name is MONKTON. Population 200 in 1886 and 550 in 1976. Map position: 43°35' 81°05'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, 3B, 2Y, 3X, V, 9F, 5L, U9 and 1W.

MONMOUTH ROAD, station, Peterborough County on the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. Located 20 miles northeast of Kinmount Junction and 22 miles southwest of Haliburton. Population 629 in 1901. Date of this reference 1908. No recent references to this place. Reference: PP.

MONMOUTH (TOWNSHIP OF), Geographic Township, Haliburton County. Incorporated as a Township from and after December 31st, 1880 by County Bylaw #63, passed on June 29th, 1880. This Township has a population of 736 in 1980. Map position: 44°58' 78°17'. References: HH, M and V.

MONO, (for meaning) SEE: MAHNOO, Dufferin County.

MONO CENTRE, dispersed rural community, Mono Township, Dufferin County. Located 19 miles north of Orangeville, the County Seat and 49 miles northwest of Toronto. Post office established July 6th, 1851 named MONO CENTRE. First Postmaster William Large. Office closed by 1971. The Indian name MAHNOO, as applied in Dufferin County, means "let it be so". Present approved name is MONO CENTRE. Population 50 in 1875 and 67 in 1976. Map position: 44°02' 80°04'. References: I, A, S, 3J, 5L, V, PP, 8Q and 9F.

MONOGHAN TOWNSHIP, SEE: NORTH MONOGHAN TOWNSHIP, Newcastle District.

MONOGHAN TOWNSHIP, SEE: SOUTH MONOGHAN TOWNSHIP, Newcastle District.

MONO MILLS, SEE: McLAUGHLIN MILLS, Peel County.

MONO ROAD, SEE: MONO ROAD STATION , Peel County.

MONO ROAD JUNCTION, station, Peel County, on CPR and the North and North Western division of Grand Trunk Railway, 34 1/2 miles northwest of Toronto. Became CARDWELL JUNCTION. in 1864, served by the Toronto, Bruce and Grey Railway in 1870, then the Hamilton & Northern Railway in 1876. Station not now in use. Population 29 in 1893 and 20 in 1908. References: AA, S, PP, U10 and 3C.

MONO ROAD STATION, dispersed rural community, Albion Township, Peel County, later within the Town of Caledon, in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 16 miles north Brampton the County Seat, on First Line Road, south of the CNR tracks and 32 1/2 miles from Toronto. Post office established as MONO ROAD STATION on June

1st, 1872. First Postmaster John Judge. Office closed August 29th, 1970. In the 1880's this place was shown in the Electoral District of Cardwell. Present approved name is **MONO ROAD STATION.** Population 250 in 1892 and 125 in 1980. Map position: 43°51' 79°51'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3G, PP, 5X, 5V and 9F.

**MONO (TOWNSHIP OF),** Geographic Township, Dufferin County. Incorporated as a Township, January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Area 70,400 acres. Surveyed in 1823. First settler in 1824 Adam Raven. Population 2,689 in 1852 and 4,122 in 1980. Map position: 44°02' 80°04'. References: HH, 2W,M, 2E and V.

**MONROE SIDING,** SEE: **MUNRO SIDING,** Algoma District.

**MONRO MILLS,** Hungerford Township, Hastings County. Located 131 miles east of Toronto on the Moira River, 25 miles northeast of Belleville, on CPR and the Bay of Quinte Railway. Post office established in 1846, named **HUNGERFORD MILLS,** named by first Postmaster James Jamieson. On April 6th, 1852, the name Hungerford was changed to **TWEED** by first Postmaster. Office still in operation in 1983. The post office name was changed to Tweed at the suggestion of Mr. Jamieson who came from that locality (river Tweed, in Scotland). Religious parish name for this place **ST. CARTAGH.** Tweed was Incorporated as a Village January 1st, 1891. Present approved name is **TWEED.** Population 950 in 1886 and 1,593 in 1980. Map position: 44°29' 77°19'. References: I, 8Q, 1E, M, T, S, HH, 2T, 2Y, SS, 5L, 7B, V, K. Boal and Leonard Cassidy.

**MONSELL,** dispersed rural community, Macaulay Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Bracebrideg, in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 7 miles east of Bracebridge, the County Seat and 16 miles from Gravenhurst on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MONSELL** in 1876. First Postmaster George Gregg. Office closed July 1st, 1929. Present approved name is **MONSELL.** Population 50 in 1892. Map position: 45°04' 79°12'. References: B, I, S, AA, V, PP, 5V, 6T and 4O.

**MONS TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°47' 83°07'. References: V.

**MONTAGUE #1,** SEE: **ROSEVILLE #3,** Lanark County.

**MONTAGUE #2,** dispersed rural community, Wainfleet Township, Welland County, later within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 12 miles from Welland, the County Seat, and 18 km from Smithville. It is not a Post office. First settled in Upper Canada in 1805. Present approved name is **MONTAGUE.** No population shown in 1976. Map position: 42°58' 79°28'. References: B, G, S, U, V, 5L and PP.

**MONTAGUE #3,** SEE: **ALBUNE,** Grenville County.

**MONTAGUE (TOWNSHIP OF),** Municipal Township, Lanark County. Incorporated as a Township, January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P4768-67, dated May 17th, 1968. This Township was named after the Irish Earl of Montague. Surveyed 1874 to 1879 for the United Empire Loyalists. First settler William Merrick in 1798. This Township was formerly shown in Bathurst District, Canada West. Population 3,336 in 1852 and 3,710 in 1980. Map position: 44°58' 75°58'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, 1I and 9J.

**MONTCALM TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°39' 82°09'. References: V.

**MONTEAGLE (TOWNSHIP OF),** Municipal Township, Hastings County. Incorporated as a Township, January 1st, 1875. Quieting Order P5441-68, dated May 31st, 1968. Population 1,112 in 1980. Map position: 45°13' 77°50'. References: HH, M and V.

**MONTEAGLE VALLEY,** dispersed rural community, Monteagle Township, Hastings County. Located 7 miles north of Belleville the County Seat, 6 miles from Bird's Creek and 20 miles northeast of Rathbun station on the Central Ontario Railway. Post office established as **MONTEAGLE VALLEY** on August 1st, 1873. First Postmaster Robert T. Bartlett. Post office closed January 30th, 1970. Present approved name is **MONTEAGLE VALLEY.** Population 50 in 1892, 1,500 in 1908, and 73 in 1956. Map position: 45°11' 77°47'. References: B,I, S, AA, 5E, V, PP, 5L and 9F.

MONTEITH, SEE: DRIFTWOOD CITY, Cochrane District.

MONTEITH'S MILLS, SEE: WALKERBURN Huron County.

MONTEITH TOWNSHIP. Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Area 46,372 acres. Map position: 45°25' 79°37'. References: 1M and V.

MONTGOMERY PARK, hamlet, Ramsay Township, Lanark County. Located on Mississippi Lake, 5 km southwest of Carleton Place, 15 km south of Almonte and 28 km northwest of Smiths Falls. Present approved name is MONTGOMERY PARK. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 76°11'. References: 5L.

MONTGOMERY ROAD, railway point, York Township, York County. Located between Lambton and Islington stations on the Canadian National Electric Railway. No date shown for this entry but about 1908. Reference: SS.

MONTGOMERY TOWNSHIP. Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°25' 83°08'. References: V.

MONTGRANITE, Post office, Korah Township, Algoma District. Located 8 and a half miles from Sault Ste. Marie. Post office established as MONTGRANITE on April 1st, 1914. First Postmaster Gus Holmberg. Office closed on August 1st, 1914. No further reference to this post office. Reference: 6T.

MONTICELLO #1, dispersed rural community, East Luther Township, Dufferin County. Located 22 miles northwest of Orangeville and 10 miles north of Grand Valley station. Post office established as MONTICELLO July 1st, 1878. First Postmaster Frank L. Holmes. Office closed on November 30th, 1967. Present approved name is MONTICELLO. Population 30 in 1893 and 27 in 1976. Map position: 43°59' 80°24'. References: B, I, S, 3B, V, 5V, 5L and 9F.

MONTICELLO #2, SEE: HAM'S CORNERS #2, Victoria County.

MONTIZAMBERT, SEE: TRUDEAU #2, Thunder Bay District.

MONTREAL, railway point, 27-XV Township, later Home Township, Algoma District. Station on the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway. December of 1918 name changed to HUBERT. Present approved name is HUBERT. Map position: 47°18' 84°26'. References: SS, U and V.

MONTREAL FALLS, railway point, 27-XV Township, later Home Township, Algoma District. At hydro dam, on Montreal river at 578 feet above sea level. Present approved name is MONTREAL FALLS. Population 105 in 1951 and 100 in 1956. Map position: 47°16' 84°26'. References: 5E, V and Stan Parsons.

MONTREAL RIVER, dispersed rural community, South Lorrain Township, Timiskaming District. Located on Lake Timiskamingue at the mouth of the Montreal river, 100 miles north of Mattawa and 12 miles from Rib Lake. The nearest railway point in 1907 is Kipawa and in 1913 at Lumden's Mills. Post office named MONTREAL RIVER, established in 1885. First Postmaster Thomas Kenney. Office closed March 10th, 1960. Present approved name is MONTREAL RIVER. Population 25 in 1895. Map position: 47°08' 79°27'. References: I, S, Z, 9J, PP, 9F, V and 6T.

MONTREAL RIVER HARBOUR, in Township #27, Range 15, later Home Township, Algoma District. Located 80 miles from Sault Ste.Marie and 34 miles north of Batchawana. Post office opened as MONTREAL RIVER HARBOUR on June 25th, 1952. On July 5th, 1952 changed to year round office. First Postmistress Mrs. Olive Krezek. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is MONTREAL RIVER HARBOUR. Population 46 in 1976. Map position: 47°14' 84°39'. References: 3B, 6V, V, 5L and 6T.

MONTROCK, SEE: VICTORIA #8, Nipissing District.

MONTROSE, dispersed rural community, Stamford Township, Welland County, later Part of the City of Niagara Falls, in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 9 miles northeast of Welland, the County Seat and 5 miles southwest of Niagara Falls. Post office established as MONTROSE on December 6th, 1852. First Postmaster

Archibald Thompson. Office closed September 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **MONTROSE**. Population 150 in 1856 and 300 in 1908. Map position: 43°03' 79°08'. References: I, T, S, AA, 3K, B, V, 6T and PP.

**MONTROSE JUNCTION**, station, Stamford Township, Welland County, later Part of City of Niagara Falls in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. This Station is at the junction of Niagara Falls and the main line of Michigan Central Railway. Nearest post office Montrose in 1907. Montrose Junction also known as **MONTROSE STATION**. Present approved name is **MONTROSE JUNCTION**. Map position: 43°04' 79°05'. References: V and S.

**MONTROSE STATION**, SEE: **MONTROSE JUNCTION**, Welland County.

**MONTROSE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°59' 81°00'. References: V.

**MONUMENT BAY**, Kenora District, Patricia portion. Date of this reference, 1980. References: U.

**MONUMENT CORNER**, SEE: **ALEXANDER'S CORNER**, Manitoulin District.

**MONUMENT CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Lindsay Township, Bruce County. Located 48 km from Wiarton, 6 km northeast of Stokes Bay, 9 km northwest of Lion's Head and 11 km north of Spry. Present approved name is **MONUMENT CORNERS**. Population 2 in 1972 and 6 in 1976. Map position: 45°03' 81°20'. References: U, O, 5L & V.

**MONYCA**, locality, Monyca Island, Muskoka District. A stop on the route of Muskoka and Georgian Bay Navigation Co. (in 1893) Present approved locality name is **MONYCA**. Map position: 45°12' 79°35'. References: U10 and V.

**MOODY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°50' 80°20'. References: V.

**MOONBEAM**, resort area, Fauquier (name changed, June 15th, 1982, to) Moonbeam Township, Cochrane District. Located on Highway 11, 68 miles west of Cochrane, 6 miles from Fauquier and 20 miles from Kapuskasing. Post office named **MOONBEAM** established August 1st, 1915. First Postmaster Jacques Leonard. Office still in operation in 1983. **MOONBEAM STATION** on CNR. This is a potato growing area. First settlers in 1913. Moonbeam is a resort area for Kapuskasing and a dormitory community for workers who prefer semi-rural conditions. Recently designated as a concentrated rural community. Present approved name is **MOONBEAM**. Population 391 in 1951 and 925 in 1976. Map position: 49°20' 82°09'. References: R1, U, 3B, 2Y, 5L, V and 6T.

**MOONBEAM STATION**, station, on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 794 feet above sea level and in Fauquier Township, Cochrane District in 1915. References: L2 and 7R.

**MOONBEAM TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **FAUQUIER TOWNSHIP**, Cochrane District.

**MOONEYS BAY**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **MOONEYS BAY**. Map position: 45°21' 75°41'. References: V.

**MOONEY SETTLEMENT**, SEE: **ORTONVILLE**, Prescott County.

**MOON FALLS**, dispersed rural community, Conger Township, Parry Sound District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Post office established as **MOON FALLS** on October 19th 1904. First postmaster Dennis Sweet. Office name changed to **MOON RIVER** on June 22nd, 1929. Post office closed on August 4th, 1976. Present approved name is **MOON RIVER**. Map position: 45°06' 79°57'. References: S,DD, 7J, 6T, V and 5L.

**MOON RIVER #1**, SEE: **MOON FALLS**, Parry Sound District.

**MOON RIVER #2**, dispersed rural community, Conger Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Sans Souci Island, 16 miles south of Parry Sound and 40 miles northwest of Penetanguishene. Post office established as **MOON RIVER** in 1893. First Postmaster John Pearce. On August 1st, 1911 office name changed to **SANS SOUCI**. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **SANS SOUCI**. Population 8 in 1941 and 16 in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 80°08'. References: I, 7G, 6T, S, B, 3B, V, 5L and 9F.

**MOON RIVER #3**, summer post office, Conger Township, Parry Sound District. Located 9 miles southeast of Sans Souci, 11 miles southwest of Blackstone Lake, 12 miles west of Barnesdale and 16 miles south of Parry Sound. Summer post office established as **MOON RIVER** on June 27th, 1925. First Postmaster Charles A. Gropp. Office closed by 1926. No recent references to this office. References: 6T.

**MOONS BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Oro Township, Simcoe County. Located on Lake Simcoe, 2 km northwest of Cedarmont Beach, 7 km south of Orillia and 13 km west of Martin Farm. Present approved name is **MOONS BEACH**. Map position: 44°33' 79°25'. References: B and V.

**MOONS CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Loughborough Township, Frontenac County. Located 2 km east of Sydenham, 7 km north of Keplar and 9 km northeast of Perth Road. Present approved name is **MOONS CORNERS**. Map position: 44°24' 76°35'. References: V.

**MOONSTONE**, SEE: **MEDONTE**, Simcoe County.

**MOORE #1**, concentrated rural community, Moore Township, Lambtom County. Located on the St. Clair river, 10 miles south of Sarnia, the County Seat and 1 1/2 miles from Courtwright. Post office established as **MOORE** on February 6th, 1837. First Postmaster James Baby. On June 1st, 1906, office name changed to **MOORETOWN**. Office still in operation in 1983. Both named for the Township. Present approved name is **MOORETOWN**. Population 200 on 1857, 250 in 1855 and 178 in 1980. Map position: 42°51' 82°28'. References: I, AA, EE, 2Z, 3R, 7T, B, U, MM, V and 7D.

**MOORE #2**, post office, Maryborough Township, Wellington County. The post office name is **HUSTON**. Located a half mile from Moorefield. Date of this entry, 1875. This may be an error entry as there is no other reference to this place. References: A.

**MOORE CENTRE**, hamlet, Moore Township, Lambton County. Located 7 km northwest of Brigden, 10 km northeast of Courtright and 17 km southeast of Sarnia. Present approved name is **MOORE CENTRE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°50' 82°21'. References: 5L.

**MOORE FALLS**, dispersed rural community, Lutterworth Township, Haliburton County. Located south of Gull Lake, 10 km north of Norland, 15 km southwest of Minden and 13 km northwest of Kinmount. Present approved name is **MOORE FALLS**. Map position: 44°48' 78°48'. References: B, 5L and V.

**MOOREFIELD**, Police Village, Maryborough County, Wellington County. Located on the Conestoga River, 34 miles northwest of Guelph, the County Seat and 4 miles west of Drayton. Post office established as **MOOREFIELD** in 1872. First Postmaster John Morrison. Office still in operation in 1983. It is generally understood that this place was named Moorefield for Richard Moore, who was the first settler and laid out the Town plot, however, the Railway Station was intended, by the Directors of the Wellington, Gray and Bruce Railway, to be called **GLADSTONE**, but at the request of Rev. George Moore on whose farm the station stood, it was changed to Moorefield in 1871. Moorefield Incorporated as a Police Village on December 10th, 1898 by by-law #542. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. Name misspelled as **MOORESFIELD** at times. Present approved name is **MOOREFIELD**. Population 500 in 1886 and 304 in 1976. Map position: 43°46' 80°45'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, 3B, V,2H, 4K, 7D, 9L and 7L.

**MOOREHEAD**, Nichol Township, Wellington County. Population 50 in 1951. References: 3B.

**MOOREHOUSE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°36' 84°07'. References: V.

**MOORE LAKE**, Rolph Township, Renfrew County. Population 69 in 1941 and 103 in 1951. References: 3B.

**MOORELANDS**, settlement, located 3 kilometres from Beaverton, Brock Township, Durham County. Formerly Thorah Township, Ontario County. Present approved name is **MOORELANDS**. Map position: 44°24' 79°10'. References: B, V, U and 9J.

**MOORE PARK**, urban community, Part of City of Toronto, in the municipality of Metropolitan Toronto. Formerly on Grand Trunk Railway (1893). Present approved name is **MOORE PARK**. Map position: 43°42' 79°23'. References: C10 and V.

**MOORE RESERVE**, Indian Reservation, also known as **LOWER RESERVE**. Consisting of 2,575 acres on the St. Clair River and 4 miles in depth in Moore Township. It was constituted by the Treaty of July 10th, 1827 and surrendered to the Crown by treaty dated August 18th, 1843. References: 1H.

**MOORE'S BEACH**, Georgiana Township, York County. Population 51 in 1976. References: 3B.

**MOORESBURG**, SEE: **MOORES MILL**, Grey County.

**MOORES CORNERS**, dispersed rural community, Marlborough Township, Carleton County in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 4 km north of Malakoff, 5 km west of North Gower and 8 km southeast of Richmond. Present approved name is **MOORES CORNERS**. Map position: 45°08' 75°46'. References: B, V and 5L.

**MOORES COVE**, Bucke Township, Timiskaming District. Population 65 in 1951 and 75 in 1966. References: 3B and 5A.

**MOORE SETTLEMENT**, concentrated rural community, Canada West, later Edwardsburgh Township, Grenville County. Located 28 miles northeast of Brockville, the County Seat, 7 miles northwest of the Grand Trunk Railway at Cardinal and 12 miles northeast of Prescott. Post office opened in 1865 as **SHANLEY**. First Postmaster William Clark. Office closed May 27th, 1913. The name is derived from the name of the first settler, a Mr. Moore, who arrived about 1825. In 1832, he was bought out by a Mr. Wallace, and the name became **WALLACE SETTLEMENT**. At that time it was also known as **WALLACE CORNERS** and **WALLACE**. In 1860, a member of parliment, Walter Shanley M.P., obtained a post office for the place, and the office named for him. Present approved name is **SHANLEY**. Population 330 in 1885 and 33 in 1976. Map position: 44°53' 75°28'. References: I, S, AA, 4C, B, 3R, 7B, 6T, V, 5L and 7D.

**MOORE'S FALLS**, post office, Lutterworth Township, Victoria County. Located on Gull River, 12 miles southwest of Minden, the County Seat and 12 miles northwest of Coboconk Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MOORE'S FALLS** in 1877. First Postmaster Thomas Leary. Office closed July 1st, 1901. Population 100 in 1892 and 20 in 1895. No recent references to this office. References: I, T, AA, Z, 7N and 4Q.

**MOORESFIELD**, SEE: **MOOREFIELD**, Wellington County.

**MOORES LAKE**, dispersed rural community, Admaston Township, Renfrew County. Located 3 km southwest of Admaston, 8 km north of Shamrock and 12 km east of Renfrew. Present approved name is **MOORES LAKE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°27' 76°50'. References: V and 5L.

**MOORES MILL**, dispersed rural community, Sullivan Township, Grey County. Located 20 miles south of Owen Sound, the County Seat, and 7 miles from Chesley. Post office established in 1883 and named **MOORESBURG**. First Postmaster Thomas Moore. The post office was named for the Moore family who started the first saw mill. Office closed July 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **MOORESBURG**. Population 80 in 1892, 60 in 1926 and 22 in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 80°59'. References: B, I, S, AA, MM, 6T, V, 5L and 7D.

**MOORES POINT**, Awenge Township, Algoma District. Population 37 in 1941 and 190 in 1956. References: 3B and 5E.

**MOORESVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Biddulph Township, Middlesex County. Sometimes spelled as **MOORSVILLE** and as **MOOREVILLE**. Located 22 miles northwest of London, the County Seat and 2 1/2 miles from Clandeboye Station. Post office established as **MOORSVILLE** in 1880. First Postmaster William J. Clark. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **MOORESVILLE**. Population 80 in 1892 and 60 in 1926. Not shown in

1976. Map position: 43°14' 81°27'. References: B, I, S, AA, MM, 6T, V, 5V, A, 5L and LL.

MOORETOWN, SEE: MOORE #1, Lambton County.

MOORE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Lambton County. Map position: 42°50' 82°20'. References: V.

MOOREVILLE #1, Kendry Township, Cochrane District. Population 239 in 1951, 244 in 1971 and after 1976 the population was included in Town of Smooth Rock Falls. References: 3B, 2Y and 5A.

MOOREVILLE #2, SEE: MOORESVILLE, Middlesex County.

MOOR LAKE, SEE: MOOR LAKE STATION, Renfrew County.

MOOR LAKE STATION, settlement, Rolph Township, Renfrew County. Located 36 miles from Pembroke. It has a station named MOOR LAKE STATION on the CPR main line at an altitude of 666 feet above sea level. The station name is sometimes spelled as MOORS LAKE STATION. Post office established as MOOR LAKE on March 1st, 1910. First Postmaster Peter Blackburn. Office closed July 1st, 1963. MOOR LAKE STATION is located between the stations of Mackay and Bass Lake and at Mile 2645 of the track. Present approved name is MOOR LAKE. Population 25 in 1913 and 25 in 1926. Map position: 46°08' 77°41'. References: B, DD, MM, L1, 6T, V, 5L and 6Z.

MOOR'S LAKE, SEE: MOOR LAKE STATION, Renfrew County.

MOORSVILLE, SEE: MOORESVILLE, Middlesex County.

MOORVILLE, SEE: MOORESVILLE, Middlesex County.

MOOSE CREEK, SEE: ROXBOROUGH #1, Stormont County.

MOOSE FACTORY, SEE: HAYES ISLAND POST, Cochrane District.

MOOSE FACTORY INDIAN RESERVE #68, on Moose River, Cochrane District. Located 12 km south of Moose Factory, 18 km southeast of Moosonee, 28 km south of James Bay and 74 km northeast of Moose River Station. Population 755 in 1976. Map position: 51°07' 80°35'. References: 25-6 and 5L.

MOOSE FORT, SEE: HAYES ISLAND POST, Cochrane District.

MOOSE HILL, post office, Blake Township, Thunder Bay District. Located 6 miles from Slate River Valley and 14 miles from Cloud Bay. Post office established as MOOSE HILL on June 1st, 1913. First Postmaster Stanley Pronovost. Office closed on September 1st, 1966. Present approved name is MOOSE HILL. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 48°15' 89°29'. References: 6T, 5L and 9J.

MOOSE LAKE, dispersed rural community, Stewart Township, Nipissing District. A flag station on Timiskaming and Northern Ontraio Railway. Located 27 miles north of North Bay and 226 miles north of Toronto. Post office established as TOMIKO on February 1st, 1906. First Postmaster John Ferguson. Office closed on October 1st, 1966. Present approved name is TOMIKO. Population 100 in 1913 and 26 in 1971. After 1976 population included in Town of Onaping Falls. Map position: 46°34' 79°25'. References: DD, 3D, PP, 7T, 6t, 5L and V.

MOOSELANKA BEACH, Innisfil Township, Simcoe County. Located on Lake Simcoe, 1 km south of Sandycove Acres, 7 km northwest of Stroud and 14 km east of Barrie. Present approved name is MOOSELANKA BEACH. Population 85 in 1971. After 1976 population included in Sandy Cove. Map position: 44°22' 79°32'. References: 3B and 9J.

MOOSE MOUNTAIN MINE, in Nipissing District. Storekeeper Napolean Leduc. Place existed between 1913 and 1933. No recent references to the place. References: DD, MM and LL.

**MOOSE POINT INDIAN RESERVATION #79**, Freeman Township, Parry Sound District. Located on Georgian Bay, 8 km south of Woods Bay, 12 km northwest of Go Home, 20 km northwest of Potters Landing and 22 km southeast of MacTier. Population 65 in 1976. #45°03' 80°00'. References: 9K and 5L.

**MOOSE RIVER**, SEE: **MOOSE RIVER CROSSING**, Cochrane District.

**MOOSE RIVER CROSSING**, dispersed rural community, Canfield Township, Cochrane District. Located 227 kilometres north of Cochrane, 46 miles from Moosonee and 46 miles from Coral Rapids. There are no roads into this place. In 1941 the name was changed to **MOOSE RIVER**. It has a station on Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. Post office established as **MOOSE RIVER** on November 2nd, 1959. First Postmistress Mrs. E. B. Marquis. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MOOSE RIVER**. Population 50 in 1941 and 57 in 1976. Map position: 50°48' 81°17'. References: R2, 3B, SS, 6T and V.

**MOOSE TOWNSHIP** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 51°20' 80°29'. References: V.

**MOOSONEE**, concentrated rural community. This place is Ontario's only salt water port and is the site of the first Hudson Bay Post, in 1673. The fur trading era dates the areas history, but the railroad came in 1932. In 1968, the Crown appointed a development area board. 90% of the population are Cree. Located on the bank of Moose River, opposite Moose factory, 15 miles up river from James Bay and it is the northern terminus of the Ontario Northland Railway. Post office named **MOOSONEE** established April 23, 1932. First Postmaster Harry E. Eggart. Mail is delivered weekly from the railroad station,(1932). Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MOOSONEE**. Population 975 in 1966 and 1,301 in 1980. Map position: 51°10' 81°40'. References: R1, HH, 2R, 2Y, 6T, 5L and V.

**MORAITON**, located 13 miles from Stittsville in Huntley Township, Carleton County. Date of this reference 1875. No recent reference to this place. References: A.

**MORAVIA**, SEE: **BOTHWELL**, Kent County.

**MORAVIA**, SEE: **FAIRFIELD #4**, Kent County.

**MORAVIAN INDIAN RESERVE #47**, Kent County. Located northeast of Thamesville. Population 315 in 1976. Map position: 42°33' 81°52' References: V.

**MORAVIANTOWN**, SEE: **FAIRFIELD #4**, Kent County.

**MORAVIAN VILLAGE**, SEE: **FAIRFIELD #4**, Kent County.

**MORAY**, dispersed rural community, McGillivray Township, Middlesex County. Located 32 miles northwest of London, the County Seat and 5 miles north of Park Hill Station. Post office established as **MORAY** in 1864. First Postmaster H. Hagerman. Office closed December 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **MORAY**. Population 25 in 1886 and 10 in 1908. Map position: 43°12' 81°40'. References: B, I, T, S, 4F, 6T, PP, 5L and V.

**MORDEN FARM**, near Deseronto in Ontario. No date on this reference. References: SS.

**MOREDOLPHTON STATION**, station, Matchedash Township, Simcoe County. Located on Muskoka Division of CPR. Station number 1461, between the stations of Lovering and Buckskin, in 1911. No recent reference to this station. References: 10B and B.

**MOREL**, railway point, Papineau Township, Nipissing District. Present approved name is **MOREL**. Map position: 46°16' 78°47'. References: U and V.

**MOREL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°49' 80°43'. References: V.

**MORE SETTLEMENT**, SEE: **MOORE SETTLEMENT**. Grenville County.

**MOREWOOD**, settlement, Winchester Township, Dundas County. Located 35 miles northwest of Cornwall, the County Seat and 7 miles north of Chesterville Station on CPR. Post office established as **MOREWOOD** on March 1st, 1862. First Postmaster Alexander McKay. Office still in operation in 1983. Moorwood Incorporated as a Police Village on February 1st, 1934 by by-law #2467. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Municipal Board Order #M76242, effective date June 30th, 1977. Present approved name is **MOREWOOD**. Population 300 in 1893 and 254 in 1976. Map position: 45°11' 75°17'. References: B, I, S, 3B, U10, 3N, V, 9L, 5L and 7D.

**MORGAN**, railway point, Colenso and Buller Townships, Kenora District. Located 105 kilometres west of Sioux Lookout. Morgan Station is located on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway main line at an altitude of 1, 289 feet above sea level. In 1922, the Station name was changed to **LEEPAR**. By 1974 the name had been changed back to **MORGAN** and is the present approved name. No population shown in 1978. Map position: 47°58' 93°14'. References: R2, 2L, SS, V and V+.

**MORGAN POINT**, now called **POINT INDUSTRY**. No location shown. Date of this reference 1799. References: 7W.

**MORGANS PARK**, Pickering Township, Ontario County. Population 60 in 1956. References: 5E.

**MORGAN'S POINT**, SEE: **BURNABY**, Welland County.

**MORGANSTON**, SEE: **SNIDER'S CORNERS #2**, Northumberland County.

**MORGANTOWN**, dispersed rural community, Erin & Eramosa Townships, Wellington County. Located 12 miles north of Guelph, the County Seat and 4 miles from Acton. Post office established as **MORGANTOWN** on July 1st,1854, and located in the hamlet named **GREETVILLE**. First Postmaster William Crewson. In 1893 the post office name was changed to **CREWSON'S CORNERS**. Post office closed April 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **CREWSONS CORNERS**. Population 100 in 1857 and 77 in 1976. Map position: 43°37' 80°05'. References: I, EE, 3L, 8Q, B, S, 3B, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**MORGAN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°41' 81°16'. References: V.

**MORIN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 46°35' 83°39'. References: V.

**MORINUS**, dispersed rural community, Muskoka Lakes Township, Muskoka District, later within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 19 km from Bala and 47 km from Bracebridge. Post office established in 1900, named **MORINUS**. A summer post office only open during the months of July and August. First Postmaster W.D. McNaughton. On October 1st, 1907, Morinus was made a regular post office. Office closed December 31st, 1957. Religious parish named for this place **ST. JEAN BAPTISTE**. Present approved name is **MORINUS**. Population 56 in 1961 and 51 in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 79°38'. References: B, U, 3B, 5A, 5U, 7K, 6T, V and SS.

**MORLES MILLS**, Algoma District. Quay, on route of Sault Ste. Marie Canal Line, three times weekly between Owen Sound and Sault Ste. Marie. Date of this reference 1893. References: U10.

**MORLEY**, dispersed rural community, St. Vincent Township, Grey County. Located 16 miles southeast of Owen Sound and 12 miles from Meaford Station. Post office established as **MORLEY** on March 1st, 1868. First Postmaster James Lemon. Office closed April 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **MORLEY**. Population 50 in 1886 and 50 in 1908. Map position: 44°39' 80°45'. References: I, T, S, 3Q, 6T, PP and V.

**MORLEY ADDITIONAL TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Rainy River District. Map position: 48°39' 94°08'. References: V.

**MORLEY TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, includes the Township of Morley, Pattulo and Part of Long Sault Reserve, Rainy River District. Area 42,523 acres. Incorporated as a Township July 1st, 1903. Quieting Order M553, dated December 12th, 1955. Population 248 in 1927 and 545 in 1980. Map position: 48°42' 94°11'. References: R1, HH, 2F, M and V.

MORNINGDALE, SEE: MORNINGDALE MILLS, Perth County.

MORNINGDALE MILLS, settlement, Mornington Township, Perth County. Located on the Nith River, 13 miles northeast of Stratford the County Seat and 3 miles northeast of Millbank Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MORNINGDALE MILLS on May 1st, 1854. First Postmaster J. Nicklin. Office closed November 1st. 1876. At times this place is called MORNINGDALE, the word "mills" being left off frequently. Population 100 in 1857 and 50 in 1893. No recent references to this place. References: I, AA, EE, U10, 3L, 7E, 8Q and 7U.

MORNINGSIDE, modern name, on Concession 1, lots 10 to 13, Scarboro Township, now in City of Scarborough, Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto.References: 8H.

MORNINGSTAR TOWNSHIP, SEE: TOWNSHIP 5 B, Algoma District.

MORNINGTON, station, Mornington Township, Perth County. Located 37 miles from Guelph. MORNINGTON STATION is on Guelph and Goderich branch of CPR. Date of the reference 1908. No recent references to this station. References: PP.

MORNINGTON TOWNSHIP, Municipal Township, Perth County. Incorporated as a Township, on the first Monday of January, 1854. Surveyed in 1850. Area 50,724 acres. Local name QUEEN'S BUSH. First settlers in 1843, John Chalmers, sons and families. This Township was originally in Wellington District, Canada West. Population 933 in 1852 and 2,940 in 1980. The Township was organized in 1845 and named for the Earl of Mornington, brother of Duke of Wellington. Map position: 43°35' 80°53'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, 1W, 7V and V.

MORPETH, SEE: ANTRIM PORT, Kent County.

MORPHY'S FALLS, SEE: MORPHY'S MILLS, Lanark County.

MORPHY'S MILLS, hamlet, Ramsay & Beckwith Townships, Lanark County. Located on the Mississippi River, 22 miles east of Perth, the County Seat and 28 miles from Ottawa. Post office in Bathurst District, Canada West, established as CARLETON PLACE in 1830. First Postmaster Caleb S. Bellows. Office still in operation in 1983. Founded in 1818 by Edmund Morphy and his three sons. The place name was MORPHY'S FALLS. Incorporated as Village on the first Monday of November, 1870 and as a Town on the first Monday in January, 1890. CARLETON JUNCTION STATION on CPR mainline at an altitude of 448 feet above sea level and on the track at Mile 2758, east of Ashton Station (1903). A misspelling of this name was MURPHY'S FALLS. Carleton Place was named by the early settlers for a square in Scotland. The station name was sometimes called CARLETON PLACE JUNCTION. Present approved name is CARLETON PLACE. Population 600 in 1857, 2,000 in 1886, 4,100 in 1907 and 5,612 in 1980. Map position: 45°08' 76°09'. References: 6Q, B, I, M, G, T, S, EE, HH, 2T, 2Y, 3H, 5K, V, 1I, 7U, 7X, 5L, 6S, C, L1 and 8K.

MORRISBANK, settlement, Turnberry Township, Huron County. Located 27 miles northeast of Goderich, the County Seat and 4 miles southeast of Bluevale Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MORRISBANK on August 1st, 1856. First Postmaster A.B. Hamilton. Post office closed in 1883. Population 40 in 1875. No recent references to this place. References: I, A, T, AA, 3M and 7B.

MORRISBURG, SEE: WEST WILLIAMSBURG, Dundas County.

MORRISBURGH, SEE: WEST WILLIAMSBURG, Dundas County.

MORRISDALE, hamlet, Morris Township, Huron County. Located 25 miles from Goderich, the County Seat and 60 miles from London. Post office established as MORRISDALE on July 1st, 1854. First Postmaster Donald Scott. Office closed in 1865. Population 50 in 1857. No recent references to this place. References: I, A, EE, 3L and 8Q.

**MORRISETTE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°14' 79°57'. References: V.

**MORRISH**, dispersed rural community, Hope Township, Northumberland, later Durham County. Located 5 km northeast of Wesleyville, 8 km west of Port Hope and 12 km south of Campbellcroft. Present approved name is **MORRISH**. Population 109 in 1951 and 37 in 1976. Map position: 43°55' 78°24'. References: B, 7B and V.

**MORRISON COURT**, urban community, Part of City of Ottawa, in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Present approved name is **MORRISON COURT**. Map position: 45°21' 75°49'. References: V.

**MORRISON LAKE**, locality, Wood Township, Muskoka District. Post office established as **MORRISON LAKE**, on September 1st, 1895. First Postmaster Neil McLean. Office closed April 30th, 1939. Present approved name is **MORRISON LAKE**. No population shown for this place. Map position: 44°52' 79°27'. References: S, 6T, 5U and V.

**MORRISON LANDING**, dispersed rural community, now Part of **TOWN OF GRAVENHURST**, in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 26 kilometres from Gravenhurst, 8 miles from Killworthy and 2 miles from Hydo Glen. Post office established as **MORRISON LANDING** on August 17th, 1960, a summer post office. First Postmistress Mrs. Helen Elizabeth Flynn. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MORRISON LANDING**. Map position: 44°51' 79°28'. References: B, U, 6T and V.

**MORRISON'S CORNERS**, concentrated rural community, Medonte & Vespra Townships, Simcoe County. Located 18 miles from Barrie. Named for the tavern keeper. John Morrison. Local name was **PENETANGUISHENE ROAD**. Early mail in 1835, addressed to Penetanguishene Road was directed to Holland Landing for pick up by owners. Post office opened at Morrisons Corners as **FLOS**, named for the Township and established in 1837. First Postmaster Hugh Marlow. Mr. Marlow died in 1840 and on August 6th, 1840 Flos post office was moved three miles south to **CRAIGHURST**. It retained the named Flos post office until 1858, when the name was changed to Craighurst for Thomas Craig, the first settler who arrived on May 14th, 1821. Present approved name is **CRAIGHURST**. Population 150 in 1885 and 90 in 1976. Map position: 44°32' 79°43'. References: 2E, 3H, I, 7X, G, 8P, B, JJ, 3B, 3R, V, 5L and 7D.

**MORRISON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Muskoka District. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1865. Dissolved by Ontario Statute 1970, C32. Amalgamated by Town of Gravenhurst, January 1st, 1971. Surveyed in 1860 by J. O'Brien. Area 41,633 acres. This Township is most recently in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Map position: 44°51' 79°19'. References: HH, M, 1L and V.

**MORRISONVILLE**, post office, Roxborough Township, Stormont County. Located 18 miles north of Cornwall, the County Seat and 3 miles from Monkland Station on CPR. Post office established as **MORRISONVILLE** in 1886. First Postmaster Roderick Morrison. Office closed in 1892. No further reference to this post office. References: I, AA, Z and 5T.

**MORRISSON**, SEE: **MORRISTON**, Wellington County.

**MORRISTON**, settlement, Puslinch Township, Wellington County. Located 9 miles southeast of Guelph, the County Seat and 1 1/2 miles north of Shaw Station on CPR. In 1853, the **PUSLINCH** post office was moved to Morriston and in 1854, the Puslinch post office was removed back to Puslinch. Post office established as **MORRISTON** at this place on January 1st, 1854. First Postmaster R.B. Morrison. Office still in operation in 1983. Morriston was Incorporated as a Police Village on June 14th, 1915 by Bylaw #637. Police Village status still in effect as of January 20th, 1983. This place name was misspelled as **MORRISSON**. Present approved name is **MORRISTON**. Population 400 in 1886 and 251 in 1976. Map position: 43°27' 80°07'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, EE, 3P, 3K, 8Q, V, 9L, 2H, 7B and 7L.

**MORRIS (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Huron County. Incorporated as a Township on the first Monday of January, 1856. First settlers came in 1851. Population 355 in 1852 and 1,698 in 1980. Map position: 43°47' 81°17'. References: HH, M, 2W, 1G and V.

**MORRISVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Robinson Township, Manitoulin Island, Manitoulin District. Located on

Baysfield Sound, 40 miles from Gore Bay and 7 miles from Silverwater and 5 km south of Sheshegwaning. Post office named **MORRISVILLE**, established April 1st, 1900. First Postmaster James B. Graham. On December 1st, 1923, the post office name was changed to Sheshegwaning (SEE) and the post office moved 5 km north. Present approved place name is **MORRISVILLE**. Map position: 45°55' 82°51'. References: B, 7M, DD, 6T and V.

**MORROW #1**, post office, Cavan Township, Durham County. Located 4 miles from Ida and 3 miles Cavan. Post office established as **MORROW** on October 1st, 1909. First Postmaster John M. Sargent. Office closed May 1st, 1914. No further reference to this place. References: 6T.

**MORROW #2**, post office, North Monaghan Township, Peterborough County. Mail delivered daily by courier on Peterborough Railway, Train #5. Office opened as **MORROW** on December 1st, 1923. First Postmistress Mrs. Margaret Thorne. Office closed on August 8th, 1925. No further reference to this office. References: 6T.

**MORROW TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°33' 81°34'. References: V.

**MORSE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°56' 81°46'. References: V.

**MORSON**, post office, Morson Township, Rainy River District. Located 7 miles from Sannes and 20 miles from Bergland. Post office established as **MORSON** on March 1st, 1912. First Postmaster Maurice Dalseg. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MORSON**. Population 100 in 1927 and 109 in 1956. Map position: 49°06' 94°19'. References: 6T, 2P, 5E and V.

**MORSON TOWNSHIP**, Municipal Township, Rainy River District. Located 56 kilometres northeast of Rainy River District. Founded in January 1928. Incorporated as a Township December 17th, 1927 by Judges Declaration of Incorporation, dated December 17th, 1927. Population 147 in 1978 and 177 in 1980. Map position: 49°03' 94°18'. References: R1, HH, M and V.

**MORTIMER**, SEE: **SING'S MILLS**, Grey County.

**MORTIMERS POINT**, dispersed rural community, Medora Township, Simcoe County, later in Muskoka Lakes Township, within the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 16 miles northwest of Gravenhurst, situated on Lake Muskoka and 4 miles from Bala. Post office established as **MORTIMERS POINT** in 1889. First Postmaster William Mortimer. On November 1st, 1967 the office was made a summer office. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MORTIMERS POINT**. Population 25 in 1892 and 53 in 1966. Map position: 45°03' 79°34'. References: B, I, S, AA, 5A, PP, V and 9F.

**MORTIMER TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°56' 80°38'. References: V.

**MORTLAKE**, post office, Scarborough Township, York County. Located 3 miles from Scarborough, 8 1/2 miles from Toronto and on lot 26 and 27 in Concession C. This post office operated as **MORTLAKE** at the Halfway House on Kingston Road, in the year 1865. First Postmaster A. Thompson. The office closed in 1872. This was the ninth post office established in Scarborough. Population 120 in 1875. No recent references to this place. References: I, A, 4F, 7B and 8H.

**MORTON #1**, SEE: **WHITE FISH FALLS #2**, Leeds County.

**MORTON #2**, station, on the Canadian Northern Railway main line at an altitude of 1,207 feet above sea level. In Sudbury District, 514.8 miles from Montreal and 43.7 miles from Ruelal and 43.7 miles from Ruel. Located on the track between the stations of Ostrom and Mallet, in 1915. References: L3, 8J and L.

**MORTON PARK**, summer post office, North Gwillimbury Township, York County. Located 11 kilometres from Sutton, 1/2 mile from Island Grove and 1/2 mile from Brighton Beach. Post office established as **MORTON PARK**, on August 11th, 1896. First Postmaster Neil Morton. Office named for the first Postmaster. On February 1st, 1913 the post office name was changed to **BRIGHTON BEACH** and on July 3rd, 1919 Brighton Beach post office was changed to **EASTBOURNE**. It is recently designated as a dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of

York. Present approved name is **EASTBOURNE**. Map position: 44°18' 79°29'. References: 6T, 7E, B, SS, V and 5L.

**MORVEN,** SEE: **GORDONIER'S**, Lennox County.

**MOSA,** post office, Mosa Township, Middlesex County, formerly London District, Upper Canada. Located 28 miles from Chatham and 36 miles from London. Post office established as **MOSA** on April 6th, 1832. First Postmaster J. McFarlene. On January 1st, 1856, the post office name was changed to **WARDSVILLE**. Office still in operation in 1983. The place assumed the name of the post office and became **WARDSVILLE**. Incorporated as Village on June 13th, 1867. Earliest settlers were Wards and Neils. Present approved name is **WARDSVILLE**. Population 600 in 1886 and 443 in 1980. No recent references to this place. References: I, G, 3S, 7X, 8U, M, T, HH, 2T and 1K.

**MOSA STATION,** Village, Mosa & Ekfrid Township, Middlesex County. Located 150 miles west of Toronto, on Grand Trunk Railway at the junction of the Loopline with the Mainline and 30 miles southwest of London, the County Seat. Post office established as **GLENCOE** on October 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Donald McRae. Office still in operation in 1983. The place was named Glencoe for a place in Scotland and was Incorporated as a Village on December 6th, 1873. Present approved name is **GLENCOE**. Population 1,000 in 1886 and 838 in 1948. Map position: 42°45' 18°43'. References: 7D, B, I, M, T, AA, 3M, 5K, V and 7V.

**MOSA (TOWNSHIP OF),** Municipal Township, Middlesex County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. This Township was originally in London District, Canada West. The first settler "Big" John Ward, at Wardsville. Area 46,941 acres. Population 2,075 in 1852 and 1,370 in 1980. Map position: 42°43' 81°46'. References: C, HH, M, 2W, 1K and V.

**MOSAMBIK TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Algoma District. Map position: 48°44' 84°30'. References: V.

**MOSBOROUGH,** railway point, Guelph Township, Wellington County. Located 5 miles west of Guelph, the County Seat and being on the CNR. Post office established as **MOSBOROUGH** in 1875. First Postmaster John Hobson. Office closed October 31st, 1923. Present approved name is **MOSBOROUGH**. Population 30 in 1893 and 27 in 1971. Map position: 43°31' 80°20'. References: I, S, 5V, 3B, U10, 6T and V.

**MOSCOW #1,** SEE: **HOWELL'S MILLS**, Oxford County.

**MOSCOW #2,** SEE: **SPRINGFIELD #6**, Addington County.

**MOSERVILLE,** dispersed rural community, Ellice Township, Perth County. Located 7 km west of Topping, 8 km southwest of Milverton and 15 km north of Stratford. Present approved name is **MOSERVILLE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°30' 80°58'. References: V.

**MOSES TOWNSHIP,** SEE: **TOWNSHIP 120**, Sudbury District.

**MOSGROVE,** hamlet, Nepean Township, Carleton County. Located 5 1/2 miles west of Ottawa, the County Seat and 1/4 mile from Britannia Station. Post office established as **MOSGROVE** in 1889. Named for Judge Mosgrove who died in 1904. First Postmaster R.W. Winthrop. Office closed April 14th, 1906. Population 300 in 1892 and 75 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, S, AA, 7T, PP and 7D.

**MOSHER,** dispersed rural community, Martin Township, Algoma District. Located 3.1 miles northwest of Hannon and 27.3 miles south of Oba. Present approved name is **MOSHER**. Population 40 in 1951 and 5 in 1976. Map position: 48°42' 84°12'. References: 5A, 5E, 6T and V.

**MOSSIDE,** settlement, Euphemia Township, Lambton County. Located 25 miles southeast of Sarnia, the County Seat and 6 miles south of Inwood Station on Michigan Central Railway. Post office established as **MOSSIDE** on March 1st, 1880. First Postmaster James McCabe. Office closed May 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **MOSSIDE**. Population 50 in 1892 and 10 in 1958. Map position: 42°44' 81°56'. References: I, S, AA, 2Z, 6T and V.

**MOSSINGTON PARK,** hamlet, Georgina Township, Regional Municipality of York. Located 3 km north of Sutton, 5 km

west of Virginia. 7 km north of Balwin and 10 km northeast of Cedarbrae. Present approved name is **MOSSINGTON PARK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°19' 79°21'. References: 5L, 9K and 10E.

**MOSSLEY**, dispersed rural community, North Dorchester Township, Middlesex County. Located 16 miles southeast of London, the County Seat and one mile north of Harrietsville Station on CPR. Post office established as **MOSSLEY** in 1865. First Postmaster John Amoss and the place name is made up by dropping the "a" using the 'moss' and adding "ley" to the Postmasters name. It also recognizes an early pioneer family. Post office still open in 1983. Present approved name is **MOSSLEY**. Population 100 in 1895 and 73 in 1976. Map position: 42°57' 81°01'. References: B, I, S, 3B, 3R, V, 4C, 9F and 7D.

**MOSPORT**, also spelled as **MOSSPORT**. A race course, Clarke Township, Durham County, later in Town of Newcastle in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 8 kilometres from Pontypool and being on the Clarke-Darlington Town line and Ninth Concession Road. This race course is used for world class speed automobile racing and was named for the famous driver Stirling Moss. References: B, C and 3G.

**MOSS TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Thunder Bay District. Map position: 48°24' 90°47'. References: V.

**MOTHERWELL**, dispersed rural community, Fullarton Township, Perth County. Located on the Thames River, 14 miles southwest of Stratford, the County Seat and 7 miles north of St. Marys. Post office established as **MOTHERWELL** on July 20th, 1863. First Postmaster James Brown Senior. Office closed March 1st, 1966. James Brown Senior was also the first schoolteacher. Present approved name is **MOTHERWELL**. Population 50 in 1866, 75 in 1926 and 7 in 1976. Map position: 43°20' 81°11'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, MM, 3N, 1W, V and 9F.

**MOTT'S MILLS**, dispersed rural community, Kitley Township, Leeds County. Located on the bank of Hutton Creek, 6 km west of Blanchards Hill, 7 km northwest of Toledo and 13 km south of Smiths Falls. First established in the 1820's, the hamlet had three mills and several dwellings. Present approved name is **MOTTS MILLS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°47' 76°02'. References: E and V.

**MOTT STATION**, railway point. Part of City of Sudbury in the Regional Municipality of Sudbury. Present approved name is **MOTT**. Map position: 46°29' 80°49'. References: V and HH.

**MOULINETTE #1**, hamlet, Cornwall Township, an early name for Stormont County, formerly in Eastern District, Canada West. At times shown in Cornwall County, which later became Stormont County. Located 7 miles from Cornwall and 43 miles from Prescott. Post office established as **MOULINETTE** in 1835. First Postmaster Adam Dixson. The name moulinette means "little mill". In 1860 Post office name changed to **MILLE ROCHES** and this point the settlement moved 2 miles to be on the Grand Trunk Railway and for a while this place was named as **NEW MILLE ROCHES**. Post office closed January 15th, 1958. This Post office closing was as a result of the St. Lawrence Seaway flooding. The people, buildings, houses, businesses, were all moved to a new spot which was named **LONG SAULT**. Religious Religious parish name for this place **SACRED HEART**. Present approved name is **LONG SAULT** in the new location. Population 220 in 1857 and 900 in 1956. References: I, D, G, 7X, V, 1Z, EE, 2U, 2Y, 5E, 7B, V, 6T, 7D and SS.

**MOULINETTE #2**, on the Cornwall Canal and on the St. Lawrence River, in Cornwall Township, Stormont County. Located 5 miles west of Cornwall, the County Seat,and one mile south of Milles Roches Station on Grand Trunk Railway, and on lots 31 and 32 of Concession 4 in Cornwall Township. Post office established as **MOULINETTE** on May 1st, 1874, (which is located 3 miles from same named). First Postmaster George McDonald. Named means "small mill". Office closed September 9th, 1957. This hamlet also disappeared under the St. Lawrence Seaway water in 1958. A number of the buildings and all of the inhabitants were moved to the new community of **LONG SAULT**. Population 150 in 1975 and 340 in 1956. References: A, S, I, 5E, 5Y, 6T, 7B, 1Z and 7B.

**MOULINETTE ISLAND**, Cornwall Township (Stormont Township), Stormont County. Population 20 in 1971 and 30 in 1976. References: 3B.

**MOULTON #1**, station, Welland County. A station on Grand Trunk Railway with Canadian Express, Great North Western Express and a Telegraph office. Population 100 in 1893. No recent references to this station.

References: U10.

**MOULTON #2,** SEE: **MOULTON STATION**, Haldimand County.

**MOULTON STATION,** hamlet, Moulton Township, Haldimand County. Sometimes shown in the electoral District of Monck. Located 16 miles east of Cayuga, the County Seat, on the Chippawa River and 15 mies west of Welland Junction. Post office established as **MOULTON STATION** in 1887. First Postmaster Richard Angle. The word "station" was dropped from the name in 1893. Office closed November 1st, 1914. **MOULTON STATION** on Grand Trunk Railway. Present approved name is **MOULTON.** Population 50 in 1892 and 17 in 1971. In 1976 population was included in the Town of Dunnville in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Map position: 42°57' 79°33'. References: 3B, 5T, 5V, PP, B, I, S, AA, 6T and V.

**MOULTON TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Haldimand County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850 by Canada Statute 1849, C81. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Statute 1973, C96. Amalgated April 1st, 1974 by Town of Dunnville. In 1814/1815, this tract was bought by the Earl of Selkirk from the Six Nation Indians and named it **WIDDERBURN.** Before 1826, Selkirk had sold to H.J. Bolton who surveyed it and renamed it **MOULTON.** It was soon opened up for settlement. Population 1,984 in 1852. Map position: 42°55' 79°33'. References: HH, M, 2W, V and 1C.

**MOUNTAIN #1,** hamlet, Mountain Township, Dundas County. Located on Lot 2, Concession 9, 60 miles from Cornwall, 4 miles north of South Mountain and 11 miles west of West Winchester. Post office established as **MOUNTAIN** in 1853. First Postmaster James Cleland. In 1860 the Post office name was changed to **NORTH MOUNTAIN.** Office closed February 12th, 1913. Place not listed after 1966. Population 125 in 1886 and 81 in 1966. References: I, T, 5A, 6T, 2A and AA.

**MOUNTAIN #2,** SEE: **HICKEY**, Dundas County.

**MOUNTAIN CHUTES #1,** dispersed rural community, Barber Township, Timiskaming District. Located 42 miles from Latchford, 2 miles from Leeville and 5 miles from Cane. Post office established as **MOUNTAIN CHUTES** on July 1st, 1911. First Postmaster Edward Athill. Office closed in 1913 and was re-opened on November 1st, 1923. Office closed permanently on September 30th, 1942. No population shown for this place. Present approved name is **MOUNTAIN CHUTES.** Map position: 47°39' 80°10'. References: 6T, and V.

**MOUNTAIN CHUTES #2,**dispersed rural community, Barber Township, Timiskaming District. Located on the Northland Railway and on Highway 65, near Englehart and 2 miles from Mountain Chutes. Post office established as **MOUNTAIN CHUTES** on February 1st, 1915. First Postmaster W. J. Thompson. Office name changed to **LEEVILLE** on April 1st, 1915. Office closed on September 1st, 1950. The station is called **LEEVILLE** and is at an altitude of 941 feet above sea level. Present approved name is **LEEVILLE.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°40' 80°10'. References: U, 22-6, SS, V, 6T and 5L.

**MOUNTAIN GROVE,** concentrated rural community, Olden Township, Frontenac County. Located 50 miles northwest of Kingston, the County Seat, 21 kilometres from Tichborne and 34 miles west of Perth. Post office established as **MOUNTAIN GROVE** in 1860. First Postmaster E.L. Godfrey. Office still in operation in 1983. Mountain Grove, a hamlet of 40 homes, had railway passenger service in 1883 from **MOUNTAIN GROVE STATION** on CPR. Present approved name is **MOUNTAIN GROVE.** Population 100 in 1892 and 126 in 1976. Map position: 44°44' 76°51'. References: I, S, U, AA, 3B, 3Y, 6E, PP, V, 9F and 7D.

**MOUNTAIN LAKE,** dispersed rural community, Barber Township, Timiskaming District. Located 7 km west of Leeville, 11 km southeast of Elk Lake and 32 km southwest of Englehart. Present approved name is **MOUNTAIN LAKE.** Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°39' 80°13'. References: V.

**MOUNTAIN MILLS,** SEE: **VAN ALSTINE'S**, Prince Edward County.

**MOUNTAIN, (TOWNSHIP OF) .** Geographic Township, Dundas County. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1850. Quieting Order P3525-67,dated August 24th, 1967. This Township was formerly in Eastern District, Canada West

and was named for Reverend Dr. Mountain, first Protestant Bishop of Canada. First settled in 1819. Original settlers, Browns, Jacksons and Garnseys. Area 57,600 acres. Population 2,764 in 1852 and 2,909 in 1980. Map position: 45°03' 75°26'. References: C, HH, 2W, M, 2A and V.

**MOUNTAIN VIEW #1**, concentrated rural community, Ameliasburg Township, Prince Edward County. Located 15 miles northwest of Picton, the County Seat and 7 miles south of Belleville. Post office established as **MOUNTAIN VIEW** on March 1st, 1862. First Postmaster W. H. Way. Post office had several openings and closings, closed finally in 1973. Present approved name is **MOUNTAIN VIEW**. Population 200 in 1892 and 49 in 1976. Map position: 44°04'77°22'. References: I, B, S, A, 3B, 3N, V and 9F.

**MOUNTAINVIEW #2**, urban community, Part of City of Burlington in the Regional Municipality of Halton. Present approved name is **MOUNTAINVIEW**. Map position: 43°21' 79°49'. References: V and HH.

**MOUNTAIN VIEW #3**, dispersed rural community, Buchanan Township, Renfrew County. Located 4 km south of Deep River and 5 km North of Chalk River. Present approved name is **MOUNTAIN VIEW**. Population 186 in 1976. Map position: 46°04' 77°28'. References: V and 5L.

**MOUNTAIN VIEW BEACH**, dispersed rural community, Tiny Township, Simcoe County. Located 5 km southeast of Wyevale, 10 km west of Mertz's corner and 12 km southwest of Midland. Present approved name is **MOUNTAIN VIEW BEACH**. Population 41 in 1976. Map position: 44°39' 79°59'. References: B, 3B, 5L and V.

**MOUNTAIN VIEW HEIGHTS**, Erin Township, Wellington County. Located 2 km southeast of Erin, 8 km northwest of Ballinafad and 18 km south of Orangeville. Population 137 in 1961 and 120 in 1976. Name is not approved. References: 3B, 5L and 5A.

**MOUNTAIN VIEW SUBDIVISION**, Rolph, Buchanan, Wylie and McKay Township, Renfrew County. Population 84 in 1961 and 186 in 1976. References: 3B and 5A.

**MOUNT ALBERT**, SEE: **BIRCHARDTOWN**, York County.

**MOUNT ALBION**, SEE: **ALBION MILLS**, Wentworth County.

**MOUNT AWISH**, Albion Township, Peel County. Located 5 miles from Bolton, date of this reference, 1875. No recent reference to this place. References: A.

**MOUNTBATTEN, INDIAN RESERVE #76A** . Located southeast of Chapleau, Sudbury District. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 47°43' 83°03'. References: V.

**MOUNTBATTEN TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°43' 83°03'. References: V.

**MOUNT BRYDGES**, SEE: **CARRADOC**, Middlesex County.

**MOUNT BURNHAM**, SEE: **MOUNT VERNON**, Brant County.

**MOUNT CARMEL #1**, dispersed rural community, East Whitby Township, Ontario County, later within the City of Oshawa, in the Regional Municipality of Durham. In 1974 East Whitby Township amalgamated with the City of Oshawa. Present approved name is **MOUNT CARMEL**. Map position: 44°02' 78°54'. References: B, 3G and V.

**MOUNT CARMEL #2**, dispersed rural community, Haldimand County. Recently Part of Town of Dunnville in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand Norfolk. Present approved name is **MOUNT CARMEL**. Map position: 42°56' 79°31'. References: V.

**MOUNT CARMEL #3**, SEE: **LIMERICK**, Huron and Middlesex Counties.

**MOUNT CARMEL #4**, dispersed rural community, Mersey Township, Essex County. Located 3 km east of Wigle, 7 km

north of Leamington and 12 km west of Wheatley. Present approved name is **MOUNT CARMEL**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°06' 82°36'. References: V and 5L.

**MOUNT CARMEL #5**, dispersed rual community, Sophiasburgh Township, Prince Edward County. Located 2 km north of Roblin Mills, 8 km southeast of Deseronto and 12 km southwest of Demorestville. Present approved name is **MOUNT CARMEL**. Population 15 in 1976. Map position: 44°08' 77°05'. References: V and 5L.

**MOUNT CHARLES**, SEE: KING'S CORNERS, Peel County.

**MOUNT CHESNEY**, dispersed rural community, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 7 miles northeast of Kingston, the County Seat. Post office established as **MOUNT CHESNEY** in 1882. First Postmaster Anthony English. Office closed December 1st, 1960. Present approved name is **MOUNT CHESNEY**. Population 50 in 1893 and 51 in 1956. Map position: 44°20' 76°27'. References: B, I, S, U10, 5E, 5P, 6T, 5L and V.

**MOUNT DENNIS**, urban community, York Township, York County, later Part of the Borough of York in the Municipality of metropolitan Toronto. Located 1 1/2 miles from Toronto Junction, 6 miles northwest of Toronto, the County Seat and is also on the Electric Railway to Toronto County (1926). Post established as **MOUNT DENNIS**, in 1891. First Postmaster George Marshall. On March 1st, 1916, Mount Dennis Post office became a Toronto Sub-Post office. Present approved name is **MOUNT DENNIS**. Population 200 in 1895 and 8,559 in 1928. Map position: 43°41' 79°28'. References: I, S, Z, K3, 6T, PP and V.

**MOUNT DORCHESTER TOWNSHIP**, SEE: TOWNSHIP 2, Lincoln County.

**MOUNT ELGIN**, dispersed rural community, Dereham Township, Oxford County, later in Southwest Oxford Township (1975). Located 12 miles south of Woodstock, the County Seat and 8 miles southeast of Ingersoll Station. Post office established as **MOUNT ELGIN** on July 6th, 1851. First Postmaster D. C. Wood. Mount Elgin is still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MOUNT ELGIN**. Population 150 in 1886 and 289 in 1976. Map position: 42°57' 80°47'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, 3B, 3J, V, 8Q, 5L and 9F.

**MOUNT FOREST**, SEE: MAITLAND RIVER, Wellington County.

**MOUNT FOREST TANK STATION**, station, Arthur Township, Wellington County. Station number 1645, located on Teeswater Division of CPR between the stations of Kenilworth and Mount Forest, in 1911. References: 10B and 9K.

**MOUNT HAMILTON**, Post office, Barton Township, Wentworth County. Post office established as **MOUNT HAMILTON** on January 1st, 1907. First Postmaster D. Winn. On September 9th, 1951, this Post office became a sub-Post office of Hamilton. Population 1,000 in 1926. Located 1 mile from Hamilton (1926). No recent reference to this post office. References: MM, 7K and 6T.

**MOUNT HEALY**, dispersed rural community, Oneida Township, Haldimand County, later Part of Town of Haldimand in the Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk. Located 5 miles northwest of Cayuga, the County Seat and on the west bank of the Grand River, also 20 miles from Dunnville and 7 miles from Caledonia. Post office established as **MOUNT HEALY** on February 1st, 1857. First Postmaster John Donaldson, also the founder of Mount Healey. Office closed May 1st, 1915. Present approved name is **MOUNT HEALY**. Population 100 in 1875 and 120 in 1908. Map position: 43°00' 79°53'. References: B, I, A, S, EE, 3M, 6T, PP and V.

**MOUNT HOPE #1**, dispersed rural community, Arran Township, Bruce County. Located 30 miles north of Walkerton, the County Seat and 9 miles from Tara Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MOUNT HOPE** in 1885. First Postmaster John Cole. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MOUNT HOPE**. Population 50 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°25' 81°14'. References: I, S, AA, 5P, 5L, 6T and V.

**MOUNT HOPE #2**, dispersed rural community, Metcalf and Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 24 miles southwest of London, the County Seat and 5 miles from Strathroy Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MOUNT HOPE** on November 1st, 1869. First Postmaster Stephen Thomas. On March 1st, 1872, office

name changed to CAIRNGORM. Office closed July 1st, 1914. Present approved name is CAIRNGORM. Population 15 in 1893 and 6 in 1976. Map position: 42°54' 81°40'. References: B, I, 5W, S, Z, U10, O, V, 6T, 5X and 5L.

MOUNT HOPE #3, SEE: GLANFORD CENTRE, Wentworth County.

MOUNT HOPE #4, SEE: MOUNT HURST, Peel County.

MOUNT HOPE #5, concentrated rural community, Darlington Township, Durham County, later Part of Town of Newcastle in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Locatd 30 miles northwest of Cobourg, the County Seat and 7 miles west of Bowmanville. First name suggested for post office was Mount Hope but another office of that name was active so post office established as TYRONE on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster John Gray. Office closed November 1st, 1969. Darlington Township amalgamated with the Town of Bowmanville, Village of Newcastle and Township of Clarke to form the Town of Newcastle on January 1st, 1974 when the Regional Municipality of Durahaa was formed. Present approved name is TYRONE. Population 300 in 1886, 145 in 1971 and in 1976, population included in the Town of Newcastle. Map position: 44°01' 78°43'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 3J, 8Q, V and 9F.

MOUNT HOREB, dispersed rural community, Manvers Township, Victoria County. Located 8 miles southeast of Lindsay, the County Seat and 5 1/2 miles southwest of Omemee Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MOUNT HOREB on September 1st, 1863. First Postmaster W. D. Smith. Post office closed January 1st, 1915. First settlers were William and Robert Reynolds. The place was named for Mount Horeb, from the Bible by the first settlers. Present approved name is MOUNT HOREB. Population 120 in 1875 and 25 in 1976. Map position: 44°15' 78°39'. References: B, I, A, S, MM, 3N, 6T, 8E, V and 7D.

MOUNT HURST, also known as MOUNT HOPE. A settlement, Albion Township, Peel County, later Part of Town of Caledon in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 15 miles northeast of Brampton, the County Seat and 3 1/2 northwest of Bolton Station on CPR. Post office established as MOUNT HURST, September 1st, 1861. First Postmaster John Wallace. Because of a number of mix ups in the mail which was being delivered to Mount Forest, the Postmaster General changed the name of this place to CASTLEDERG in 1875. Castlederg has been misspelled as CASTLEDORG. It was named for the Postmaster's native Town in Ireland and has also been misspelled as CASTLEDER'S. Post office closed October 31st, 1918. On January 1st, 1974, the Township of Albion amalgamated with, Village of Bolton, Village of Caledon East and Township of Caledon to form the Town of Caledon in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Present approved name is CASTLEDERG. Population 130 in 1875, 100 in 1895 and 11 in 1971. Map position: 43°55' 79°46'. References: I, A, 3Z, 3N, 3G, S, Z, 3B, V, 6T and 7D.

MOUNT IRWIN, dispersed rural communty, Galway Township, Peterborough County. Located 35 miles north of Peterborough, the County Seat and 6 miles east of Kinmount Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MOUNT IRWIN in November 1st, 1871. First Postmaster Christopher Irwin, for whom the Post office is named. Office closed August 17th, 1940. Present approved name is MOUNT IRWIN. Population 50 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 78°32'. References: B, I, S, AA, 5X, 6T, 5L and V.

MOUNT JOY, urban community, Markham Township, York County, later Part of Town of Markham in the Regional Municipality of York. Located on the west side of Highway #48, 2 kilometres north of Markham. Post office established as MOUNT JOY on March 18th, 1907. First Postmaster George W. Rodd. Office changed to sub office of Markham on December 1st, 1965. Mount Joy Incorporated as a Police Village on November 30th, 1906. The Police Village of Mount Joy was amalgamated by (the then legal) Town of Markham on January 11th, 1915. Settled in 1809 by the Mennonite family of Ramer,(Raymer and Romer spellings used by different branches of the family), and named for their hometown near Elizabethtown, Pennsylvania. As of 1974 the place still is recognised as MOUNT JOY. Population 70 in 1956 and 41 in 1966. Map position: 43°53' 79°16'. References: B, 3G, 5A, 5E, 7K, V, 9G, 9F, John Lanau, Historian of Markham, Christine Palmer, Deputy Clerk, The Corporation of The Town of Markham and Susan Rowe, Curator of The Markham Museum.

MOUNTJOY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Incorporated as an Improvement District April 30th,

1945 and as a Township April 14th, 1951. On January 1st, 1973, the City of Timmins, Township of Mountjoy, Township of Tisdale, Township of Whitney were amalgated as the CITY OF TIMMINS. History: Erected into a Township, 1945/1951. Incorporated as Township, midnight April 14th, 1951. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Statute 1972, C117. Amalgamated by City of Timmins, January 1st, 1973. Map position: 48°30' 81°24'. References: M, HH, 2T and V.

MOUNT JULIAN, SEE: JULIENNE'S LANDING, Peterborough County.

MOUNT MACDONALD, Post office, later a dispersed rural community, Robillard Township, Timiskaming District. Located 7 1/2 miles from Charlton and 3 miles from Zeta. Post office established as MOUNT MACDONALD on February 1st, 1915. First Postmaster G. S. Macdonald. A notice in December of 1921 from the Post office indicates Mount Macdonald Post office had not been in operation since 1918 and was being considered as permanently closed. Present approved name is MOUNT MACDONALD. No population shown for this place. Map position: 47°47' 80°08'. References: 6T, 5L and V.

MOUNT NEMO, hamlet, Nelson Township, Halton County. Located 7 miles from Burlington, 9 kilometres from Waterdown and 8 kilometres from Tansley. Post office established as MOUNT NEMO on February 7th, 1906. First Postmaster Edward Thomas. Office closed November 1st, 1914. Present listed (1980) name is MOUNT NEMO References: S, U, 6T, 7T and PP.

MOUNT OLIVER, SEE: MOUNT OLIVET #2, Haldimand County.

MOUNT OLIVET #1, dispersed rural community, Chinguacousy Township, Peel County, later Part of City of Brampton in the Regional Municipality of Peel. This place was settled in the 1850's and the community was built around a small Church, of that name, which has since disappeared. Present approved name is MOUNT OLIVET. Map position: 43°44' 79°45'. References: 3G, 3C and V.

MOUNT OLIVET #2, settlement, South Cayuga Township, Haldimand County.Present approved name is MOUNT OLIVET. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 42°53' 79°49'. References: V and B.

MOUNT PISGAH, Whitchurch Township, York County. This hamlet was located between Bloomington Side Road and the Gormley Side Road. Part of Whitchurch Township was amalgamated on January 1st, 1971 and became Part of Town of Richmond Hill in the Regional Municipality of York. No recent references to this place. References: 3G and HH.

MOUNT PLEASANT #1, North Gwillimbury Township, York County. This settlement located 1 3/4 miles from Bradford, Simcoe County, (1875), later in Georgina Township in the Regional Municipality of York, also located north of Ravenshoe. The Township of North Gwillimbury amalgamated with Georgina Township to form Georgina Township, January 1st, 1971. Present approved name is MOUNT PLEASANT. Population 61 in 1951. References: B, A, 3G and 3B.

MOUNT PLEASANT #2, hamlet, Cavan Township, Durham County. Located 32 miles northwest of Cobourg, the County Seat and 8 miles south of Millbrook Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MOUNT PLEASANT on March 6, 1836, but first records show opening on November 6th, 1851. First Postmaster in 1851, S. G. Best. Office closed August 5th, 1920. Mount Pleasant was named by an early settler named McPherson," from the elevation on which it is located in the pleasant landscape about". Present approved name is MOUNT PLEASANT. Population 200 in 1886 and 169 in 1976. Map position: 44°16' 78°30'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3J, 9J, 6T, 8Q, 7D, 5L and National Postal Museum.

MOUNT PLEASANT #3, dispersed rural community, Richmond Township, Lennox and Addington County. Located 5 km north of Deseronto, 7 km west of Napanee and 12 km northwest of Ebenezer. Present approved name is MOUNT PLEASANT. Map position: 44°15' 77°02'. References: B, 5L and V.

MOUNT PLEASANT #4, dispersed rural community, Brantford Township, Brant County. Located 6 miles south of Brantford, the County Seat and 30 miles from Hamilton, also on Highway #24. Post office established as MOUNT PLEASANT in 1823. First Postmaster James Racey. Office closed in 1824. In 1836, the Post office named MOHAWK

was opened at this site. June 1922, Post office name changed to **MOUNT PLEASANT**. Office still in operation in 1983. First settled in 1799 by Henry Ellis who named the place Mount Pleasant, after his home in Wales. **MOUNT PLEASANT STATION** on the Toronto, Hamilton, and Buffalo Railway, later Grand Trunk Railway. This station is a half mile from the Village. In 1840 an octagonal house was built here and has become the local Legion Hall. Present approved name is **MOUNT PLEASANT**. Population 130 in 1845 and 545 in 1976. Map position: 43°05' 80°19'. References: B, I, G, 3B, 2Y, 5B, 5K, 7X, V, S, NM, 3S, 5L and 7D.

**MOUNT PLEASANT #5**, dispersed rural community, Fullarton Township, Perth County. Located 16 km east of Exeter, 17 km northwest of St. Marys and 23 km west of Stratford. Present approved name is **MOUNT PLEASANT**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°22' 81°16'. References: B, 5L and V.

**MOUNT PLEASANT #6**, settlement, Prince Edward District, Canada West, later in Township of Marysburgh, Prince Edward County. This place seems to have existed between the years 1835 and 1848. There are no recent references to this place. References: C and 3H.

**MOUNT PLEASANT #7**, hamlet, Chinguacousy Township, Peel County, later shown in City of Brampton in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 2 miles from Brampton and 3 miles from Norval. It has a station on Grand Trunk Railway named **PLEASANT RIDGE**. Post office established as **PLEASANT** March 18th, 1910. First Postmistress Mrs. Amelia King. Office closed June 30th, 1915. The area seems to have been settled in the 1859 time period and still exists in 1970's. In 1974 designated a dispersed rural community. Present approved name is **PLEASANT** Map position: 43°41' 79°49'. References: W3, 3C, SS, U10, V and 6T.

**MOUNT PLEASANT #8**, dispersed rural community, Rawdon Township, Hastings County. Located 6 km west of Stirling, 12 km north of Frankford and 14 km east of Campbellford. Present approved name is **MOUNT PLEASANT**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°18' 77°37'. References: V+ and 5L.

**MOUNT PLEASANT #9**, SEE: **SAND HILLS**, Waterloo County.

**MOUNT PLEASANT #10**, SEE: **SUMNER'S CORNERS**, Lanark and Carleton County.

**MOUNT PLEASANT #11**, SEE: **MILES' HILL**, York County.

**MOUNT PLEASANT #12**, concentrated rural community, Smith Township, Durham County. Located 8 km northwest of Cavan, 8 km southeast of Omemee and 13 km southwest of Peterborough. Present approved name is **MOUNT PLEASANT**. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 44°16' 78°30'. References: V and 5L.

**MOUNT PLEASANT #13**, dispersed rural community, within the Regional Municipality of York. Located 5 km west of Brown Hill, 6 km east of Indianola Beach and 11 km north of Mount Albert. Present approved name is **MOUNT PLEASANT**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 79°24'. References: V and 5L.

**MOUNT REGIS**, SEE: **BUFFALO BEARDMORE MINES**, Thunder Bay District.

**MOUNT ST. FRANCIS**, also known as **SACRED HEART COMMUNITY**, King Township, York County, later in Regional Municipality of York. Located on Jane Street, 2 1/2 miles north of the King Sideroad. There is no indication when the name changed or how long the settlement has been there. The Sacred Heart Community Church has a King City telephone number in 1984, so presumably has been integrated into that area. References: 3G.

**MOUNT ST. LOUIS**, dispersed rural community, Medonte Township, Simcoe County. Located 20 miles south of Barrie, 8 miles east of Elmvale Station and 3 1/2 miles northeast of Hillsdale Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MOUNT ST. LOUIS** on August 1st, 1857. First Postmaster J.B. Hussey. Office closed November 17th, 1923. This place is situated on the highest elevation in the Township of Medonte and it was named for French King, Louis XIII. Present approved name is **MOUNT ST. LOUIS** . Population 100 in 1886, 60 in 1926 and 9 in 1976. Map position: 44°36' 79°43'. References: B, I, T, S, AA, MM, JJ, 3M, 6T, 5L, V and 7D.

**MOUNT ST. PATRICK**, dispersed rural community, Brougham and Blithfield Townships, Renfrew County. Located on

Constance Creek, 38 miles southwest of Pembroke the County Seat, 15 miles west of Renfrew and 5 miles from Shamrock. Post office established as MOUNT ST. PATRICK on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Thomas Brady. Office name changed to SHEEDY from 1886 to 1887 and although that office was not closed until February 1st, 1901, the post office has continued under the name Mount St. Patrick since 1887 and was not closed until August 1st, 1967. Present approved name is MOUNT ST. PATRICK. Population 540 in 1885 and 23 in 1976. Map position: 45°20' 76°53'. References: B, I, S, AA, EE, 2W, 3J, 3R, 6T, 5L, 8Q, 7N and V.

MOUNT SALEM, SEE: HAMBURG #3, Elgin County.

MOUNTSBERG, also spelled as MOUNTSBURG, dispersed rural community, Flamborough East Township, Wentworth County, later within the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Located 17 miles northwest of Hamilton, the County Seat and 3 miles east of Schaw Station on the Credit Valley Railway, later CPR. Post office established as MOUNTSBERG on January 1st, 1863. First Postmaster M.M. Crooker. Office closed December 31st, 1927. Present approved name is MOUNTSBERG. Population 21 in 1885, 80 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°26' 80°02'. References: B, I, S, AA, 3R, 3N, 6T, 5L and V.

MOUNT SHERWOOD, post office, Nepean Township, Carleton County, later within the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Post office established as MOUNT SHERWOOD in 1875. First Postmaster Thomas York. Office named for the Sherwood family. This place became a suburb of BYTOWN, later OTTAWA and in 1980, it is a sub post office of Ottawa. Population 550 in 1885 and 700 in 1893. No recent references to this post office. References: I, T, U, AA, U10, 3R, 6T, 5V and UU.

MOUNT STEPHEN, dispersed rural community, Orillia Township, Simcoe County. Located 2 1/2 miles from Lovering and 5 miles from Coldwater. Post office established as MOUNT STEPHEN on February 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Finlay McCuaig. Office closed May 5th, 1924. Present approved name is MOUNT STEPHEN. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°45' 79°34'. References: B, 6T, 5L and V.

MOUNT VERNON #1, SEE: SPRINGFIELD #5, Brant County.

MOUNT VERNON #2, dispersed rural community, South Dorchester Township, Elgin County. Once listed as MOUNT BURNHAM, a settlement. Located 13 km east of Belmont, 17 km west of Tillsonburg and 18 km south of Ingersoll. Present approved name is MOUNT VERNON. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°53' 80°56'. References: B, V and 5L.

MOUNT VIEW #1, dispersed rural community, West Luther Township, Wellington County. Located 25 miles north of Guelph, the County Seat and 8 miles from Arthur Station on CPR. Post office established as MOUNT VIEW in 1893. First Postmaster William Jackson. Office closed June 1st, 1914. Present approved name is MOUNT VIEW. Population 50 in 1895 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 43°54' 80°26'. References: I, S, Z, 5U, 6T, 5L and V.

MOUNTVIEW #2, dispersed rural community, Part of City of Hamilton in the Regional Municipality of Hamilton-Wentworth. Present approved name is MOUNTVIEW. Map position: 43°14' 79°55'. References: V.

MOUNT WEBSTER, hamlet, Lansdowne Township, Leeds County. Located 7 miles from Lansdowne. Post office established as MOUNT WEBSTER in 1858. First Postmaster Robert Webster. This office closed February 1st, 1872, on the death of the Postmaster. No further references to this hamlet. References: I, A, 3W, 7B, 5X and 4A.

MOUNT WOLFE, sometimes spelled MOUNT WOLF, settlement, Albion Township, Peel County. Located 6 miles from Bolton, 30 miles northeast of Brampton and 5 miles south of Tottenham Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MOUNT WOLFE in 1869. First Postmaster John Wolfe Junior, for whom the post office was named. Office closed May 1st, 1913. This place occasionally shown in the Electoral District of Cardwell. Modern location is north of Twentieth Sideroad on Tenth Line near Vaughan boundary. Population 200 in 1892 and 60 in 1908. No recent references to this place, it seems to have disappeared after the post office closing. References: I, A, S, AA, 3G, 6T, PP and 4G.

**MOUNT ZION #1**, dispersed rural community, Pickering Township, Ontario County, formerly in Home District, now within Town of Pickering, in the Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 12 miles northwest of Whitby, the County Seat and 4 miles east of Claremont Station on CPR. Post office opened named **BALSAM** on July 1st, 1858. First Postmaster Robert Dodds. Office closed March 31st, 1970. Present approved name is **MOUNT ZION**. Population 100 in 1886 and 50 in 1926. Map position: 43°59' 79°04'. References: 3G, B, I, T, S, Z, MM, 3W, V, and 9F.

**MOUNT ZION #2**, Wallace Township, Perth County. This place had the first church in Wallace Township. Date of the reference 1879. No recent reference to this place. References: 1W.

**MOUNT ZION #3**, dispersed rural community, Murray Township, Northumberland County. Located 6 km northeast of Trenton, 4 km west of Glen Miller and 18 km east of Morganston. Present approved name is **MOUNT ZION**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°09' 77°37'. References: 5L and V.

**MOUTH OF THE CREDIT**, urban community, Toronto Township, Peel County, later Part of City of Mississauga in the Regional Municipality of Peel. Located 14 miles southeast of Brampton, the County Seat, at the mouth of the Credit River and 15 miles from Toronto. Post office established as **PORT CREDIT** on October 6th, 1842. First Postmaster William R. Raines. Office still in operation in 1984. This place was established in 1791 by John Graves Simcoe, suggesting the erection on an inn, which was built in 1798. In 1805 a treaty gave the Indians one mile right away for fishing on either side of the mouth of the river. By 1818, settlers had persuaded the Indians to move on. By 1835, the Town plot had been laid out. Port Credit was Incorporated as a Village on January 1st, 1914. The founder of this Village was Colonel Ingersoll, who had a trading store in the years 1804 to 1805. At that time, the traders at the mouth of the river gave credit for supplies to the Indians, so it was called "a port of credit". The Great Western Railway established a station in 1855. This place became a Police Village in 1850. On January 1st, 1974, Port Credit amalgamated with the Town of Streetsville and Town of Mississauga to form the City of Mississauga. Present approved name is **PORT CREDIT**. Population 150 in 1846, 600 in 1886, 1,200 in 1926 and 7,203 in 1966. Map position: 43°33' 79°35'. References: B, I, G, T, S, MM, HH, 2T, 2Y, 5B, 3G, 3C, 5K, 1V, 5V, V and 8P.

**MOWAT #1**, post office, Canisbay Township, Parry Sound District, at times shown in Nipissing South District. Located 1 1/2 miles from Canoe Lake Station on Grand Trunk Railway (1908). Post office established as **MOWAT** on July 1st, 1899. First Postmaster G. W. Bartlett. On May 1st, 1903 the name was changed to **ALGONQUIN PARK**. Post office status changed to Summer Post Office, on April 15th, 1962. Office still in operation in 1984. Present approved name is **ALGONQUIN PARK**. Map position: 45°51' 80°28'. References: E, DD, 7H, PP, 6T and D.

**MOWAT #2**, SEE: **MOWAT STATION**, Parry Sound District.

**MOWAT ISLAND**, summer post office, Carling Township, Parry Sound District. Post office opened as **MOWAT ISLAND** on June 16th, 1908. First Postmistress Mrs. E. A. Willis. Office closed August 31st, 1920. A notice from the post office department in 1922, stated "post office not opened since 1920 and is being considered as closed". No recent reference to this office. References: 6T and 9F.

**MOWAT LANDING**. Located near Highway #558, Barr Township, Timiskaming District, also near Montreal River. References: 22-6. Date of this reference 1977.

**MOWAT STATION**, railway point, Mowat Township, Parry Sound District. Located 9 miles from Salines and 16 miles from Key Juncion. Post office established as **MOWAT STATION** on January 1st, 1916. First Postmaster J.W. Dorkin. Office closed November 1st, 1918. Present approved name is **MOWAT STATION**. Map position: 49°46' 80°50'. References: B, 6T and V.

**MOWAT TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Parry Sound District. Map position: 45°55' 80°26'. References: V.

**MOWBRAY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°54' 82°10'. References: V.

**MOYERS CORNERS**, settlement, Clinton Township, Lincoln County, later in Town of Lincoln, formerly in Niagara

District, now in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 12 miles west of St. Catharines, the County Seat and 3 miles north of Beamsville Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **CAMPDEN** on August 1st, 1862. First Postmaster H. W. Moyer. Office still in operation in 1984. Both the office and place names have been misspelled as **COMPDEN** and as **MAYOR'S CORNERS** (1878). Incorporated as Police Village on June 22nd, 1905, by Bylaw #458, first meeting held on October 6th, 1905. Incorporation was dissolved by Ontario Statute 1968-69, C106, now Part of Town of Beamsville in the Regional Municipality of Niagara on January 1st, 1970, which on the same date was changed to Town of Lincoln. Present approved name is **CAMPDEN**. Population 200 in 1886 and 235 in 1966. Map position: 43°08' 79°26'. References: B, I, T, S, PP, 3N, 5A, V, 9L, 2C and 3D.

**MUD CREEK #1**, dispersed rural community, Drummond Township, Lanark County. Located 3 miles from Elmsley Station on CPR and 8 miles from Perth. Post office established as **MUD CREEK** in 1890. First Postmaster William Sheridan. August 15th, 1905 name changed to **GLEN VIEW**. Office closed February 21st, 1914. The name Mud Creek was given for the small creek nearby which was muddy. Glen View was named for a home of an Irish landlord, an acquaintence of W. Sheridan, the Postmaster. When office first opened it was in North Elmsley Township (1890). Present approved name is **GLENVIEW**. Population 15 in 1913 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°57' 76°06'. References: I, 7S, PP, DD, V, 6T, 5L and 7D.

**MUD CREEK #2**, station, Hastings County. Located 5 miles from Bancroft post office. The station is on the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. In 1894, the name was changed to **BANCROFT STATION**. No recent references to this place. References: S and SS.

**MUDDY YORK**, SEE: **TEIAIGON**, York County.

**MUDGE BAY**, concentrated rural community, Billings Township, Manitoulin District. Located 11 miles from Gore Bay and being situate on Manitoulin Island and also located on Mudge Bay. Post office established in 1876 and named **KAGAWONG**. First Postmaster James McInnes. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **KAGAWONG**. Population 100 in 1886 and 141 in 1976. Map position: 45°54' 82°15'. References: AA, B, I, T, S, PP, 3B, V, 4O, 5L and 9F.

**MUDGE HOLLOW #1**, dispersed rural community, Blenheim Township, Oxford County, formerly in Brock District. Located 15 miles east of Woodstock, the County Seat and 4 miles west of Paris. Post office established as **CANNING** on June 6th, 1851. First Postmaster Thomas Allchin. Office closed November 20th, 1930. Settled as Mudge Hollow in 1812 on Lot 2, 2nd concession of Blenheim Township. Place name changed to Canning about 1842. Present approved name is **CANNING**. Population 300 in 1886 and 53 in 1976. Map position: 43°12' 80-28'. References: AA, B, I, T, S, 3B, 3J, V, 6T, 5L, 8Q and 6S.

**MUDGE HOLLOW #2**, Village, North Dumphries Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 14 miles south of Berlin, the County Seat, (later Kitchener), 10 miles from Galt and being on Smith's Creek (later River Nith). Post office established as **AYR** in Wellington District, Canada West on May 6th, 1840. First Postmaster James Jackson, who named the office for his native place in Scotland. Office still in operation in 1983. Ayr was Incorporated in 1884 as a Village, which on January 1st, 1973 along with Part of Township of Beverly and Part of Township of North Dumfries were annexed to establish the Township Municipality of North Dumfries. First settled in 1824. First settler Abel Mudge. The small settlement was **MUDGE HOLLOW**, **MUDGE'S MILLS** and **NITHVALE**. Present approved name is **AYR**. Population 1,200 in 1886 and 1,331 in 1976. Map position: 43°17' 80-27'. References: I, T, S, HH, 2T, 3B, 5B, 2Y, 3S, V, 8P, 6S, 9F, 7A, 7X, 5L, 7B, A and 7D.

**MUDGE MILLS**, SEE: **MUDGE HOLLOW #2**, Waterloo County.

**MUDGE'S MILLS**, SEE: **MUDGE HOLLOW #2**, Waterloo County.

**MUD LAKE #1**, "a small place in Parry Sound District. It is not a post office." Date of this reference 1907. No further reference to this place. References: S.

**MUD LAKE #2**, station, South Sherbrooke Township, Lanark County. In December 1919, the name was changed to

**FELDSPAR STATION.** Present approved name is **FELDSPAR.** Map position: 44°47' 76°30'. References: SS, B and V.

**MUD LAKE #3,** post office, Bright Township, Algoma District, near Spanish River. Post office established as **MUD LAKE** on July 1st, 1910. First Postmaster S. Miskimin. Office closed December 1st, 1916. No further reference to this office. References: 6T and 7B.

**MUD LAKE #4,** dispersed rural community, Wilberforce Township, Renfrew County. Present approved name is **MUD LAKE.** Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 45°34' 77°11'. References: V.

**MUD LAKE BRIDGE,** station on the North Timiskaming and Quebec Railway and on the Bay of Quinte, Addington County, formerly shown in Hastings County. Located 20 miles north of Napanee. It was not a post office but had two express offices, Canada Express and Dominion Express. Population 30 in 1893. This station appears to have existed between the years 1892 and 1907. There is no recent reference to this station. References: S, AA and U10.

**MUD RIVER #1,** dispersed rural community, Thunder Bay District. Located north of Lake Nipigon and 28 miles east of Armstrong Station, also 35 miles west of Auden. Post office named **MUD RIVER** established July 1st, 1960. First Postmaster Douglas Townsend. Office closed December 4th, 1961. Present approved name is **MUD RIVER.** Population 34 in 1971 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 50-19' 88°31'. References: 3B, 6T and V.

**MUD RIVER #2,** hamlet, later Village, Elderslie Township, Bruce County,formerly Wellington District, Canada West . Located at the confluence of the Saugeen and the Teeswater rivers, 15 miles northeast of Walkerton, the County Seat, 15 miles from Southampton and 86 miles northwest of Guelph. Post office opened as **PAISLEY** on February 1st, 1856. First Postmaster Thomas Orchard. Office still in operation in 1983. The names suggested for the post office in 1865 were **FORFAR, ROWEVILLE and ORCHARDVILLE** but was finally named for Paisley the Town in Scotland from which most of early settlers had come. Paisley was Incorporated as a Village on June 7th, 1873. First settler were Simon Orchard and Samuel T. Rowe, in 1851. Present approved name is **PAISLEY.** Population 1,351 in 1886 and 1,024 in 1980. Map position: 44°18' 81°16'. References: I, M, C, T, S, EE, HH, 2T, 5K, TT, PP, 8U, V and 7D.

**MUDTOWN,** dispersed rural community, Essa Township, Simcoe County. Located 15 miles south of Barrie, the County Seat and 4 miles southwest of Thorton on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **EGBERT** in 1868. First Postmaster James Strachan. Office named for King Ebert and still open in 1983. Present approved name is **EGBERT.** Population 100 in 1886 and 19 in 1976. Map position: 44°14' 79°46'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, JJ, V, 4F, 5L and 9F.

**MUDVILLE,** concentrated rural community, Vaughan Township, York County, later Part of Town of Vaughan in the Regional Municipality of York. Located 16 miles northwest of Toronto, the County Seat, 2 miles west of Thornhill Station on Grand Trunk Railway and more recently on Jane Street and Highway #7. Post office established in 1872 and named **EDGELY.** First Postmaster John Barnes. Office closed September 1st, 1960. Present approved name is **EDGELY.** Population 25 in 1893 and 145 in 1951. Map position: 43°48' 79°31'. References: B, I, T, Z, 3G, 1925 CNR Magazine, U10, V, 6T and 4L.

**MUGGLETON,** SEE: **OLIVER'S MILLS,** Simcoe County.

**MUIR #1,** post office, London Township, Middlesex County. Located 1/2 mile from London (1875). Post office named **MUIR** established January 1st, 1874. First Postmaster William Brice. Office closed November 1st, 1877. This post office became Part of the Village of **LONDON EAST,** which was amalgamated by London, in 885. No recent references to this place. References: A and 5Y.

**MUIR #2,** SEE: **TRIMBLE'S CORNERS,** Brant & Oxford Counties.

**MUIRHEAD'S CORNERS,** dispersed rural community, Part of Borough of North York, later the City of North York, in the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto and is located between Agincourt and Willowdale. Present approved name is **MUIRHEADS CORNERS.** Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 43°46' 79°20'. References: V and V+.

**MUIRKIRK,** SEE: **DUART STATION**, Elgin County.

**MUIR KIRK,** SEE: **DUART STATION**, Elgin County.

**MULCAHY TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 50°59' 94°15'. References: V.

**MULDREW LAKE,** dispersed rural community, Morrison Township, Parry Sound District, later Part of Town of Gravenhurst, in the District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 5 1/2 miles from Kilworthy, 11 miles from Gravenhurst and 7 miles from Southwood. Summer post office named **MULDREW LAKE**, established August 17th, 1950, on Lot 30, Concession 12 of Morrison Township. First Postmistress Mrs. Ethel M. Peck. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is **MULDREW LAKE**. Map position: 44°53' 79-25'. References: B, U, 6T and V.

**MULDREW TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 47°02' 81°39'. References: V.

**MULGRAVE,** dispersed rural community, Bertie Township, Welland County, later Part of Town of Fort Erie, in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 14 miles southeast of Welland, the County Seat and 4 miles from Bertie Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MULGRAVE** on November 1st, 1862. First Postmaster J.J. Zavitz. Office closed April 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MULGRAVE**. Population 100 in 1875 and 100 in 1892. Map position: 42°54' 79°06'. References: I, A, S, AA, 3N, 6T, V and HH.

**MULHERN,** urban community, Stamford Township, Welland County, recently Part of City of Niagara in the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Located 4 miles from Niagara Falls Station, 3 miles from Stamford and 6 kilometres from Niagara Falls. Post office established as **MULHERN** on April 1st, 1953. First Postmaster John Nagy. June 1st, 1959, the status of **MULHERN** post office was changed to a sub post office of Niagara Falls. Present approved name is **MULHERN**. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 43°06' 79°09'. References: B, 6V, 6T and V.

**MULHOLLAND,** settlement, York Township, York County. Located 11 kilometres from Toronto, 0.9 miles south of Winston Park post office and 0.7 miles north of Park Road post office. Post office established as **MULHOLLAND** on May 29th, 1953. First Postmistress Mrs. Ruth Horne. On October 24th, 1956 the status of **MULHOLLAND** post office was changed to a sub post office (#208) of Toronto. The origin of the name Mulholland is a local one and the area has been known for sometime by that name and was formerly part of the Mulholland property. Present approved name is **MULHOLLAND**. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 43°43' 79°27'. References: U, 6T and V.

**MULHOLLAND TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 50°41' 81°48'. References: V.

**MULL,** SEE: **HARWICH STATION**, Kent County.

**MULLIFARRY,** dispersed rural community, Adelaide Township, Middlesex County. Located 25 miles west of London, the County Seat, 4 miles from Strathroy Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office **MULIFARY** (one "r"), established 1880. First Postmaster J. McNeice. Office closed June 1st, 1913. Name misspelled as **MULLIPARRY**. Present approved name is **MULLIFARRY**. Population 25 in 1892, 20 in 1893 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 42°59' 81°42'. References: B, I, S, AA, U10, 6T, 5V, 5L and V.

**MULLIFARY,** SEE: **MULLIFARRY**, Middlesex County.

**MULLIGAN TOWNSHIP,** Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 47°54' 79°34'. References: V.

**MULLINGAR,** SEE: **KIPPEN**, Huron County.

**MULLIPARRY,** SEE: **MULLIFARRY**, Middlesex County.

**MULLOYS**, dispersed rural community, Mountain Township, Dundas County. Located 5 km southwest of Winchester, 6 km north of Inkerman and 10 km west of Nation Valley. Present approved name is **MULLOYS**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 75°24'. References: V and 5L.

**MULLOY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°54' 84°48'. References: V.

**MULMUR**, dispersed rural community, Mulmur and Mono Townships, Dufferin County. Located 20 miles northeast of Orangeville, the County Seat, 7 miles west of Alliston Station on Grand Trunk Railway and 10 miles from Shelburne. Post office established as **MULMUR** on July 6th, 1841. First Postmaster John Little. Office closed August 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MULMUR**. Population 50 in 1885 and 30 in 1908. Map position: 44°07' 80°01'. References: I, B, S, AA, 3A, 6T, PP, 8P, 5L and V.

**MULMUR (TOWNSHIP OF)**, Municipal Township, Dufferin County. Incorporated as a Township, the first Monday of January, 1851. Area 70,400 acres. This Township was originally in Simcoe District, Canada West. Population 776 in 1852 and 1,817 in 1980. Map position: 44°12' 80°06'. References: C, HH, 2W, M and V.

**MULOCK #1**, dispersed rural community, Bentinck Township, Grey County. Located 30 miles south of Owen Sound, the County Seat and 8 miles from Durham Station on CPR. Post office established as **MULOCK** on January 1st, 1897. First Postmaster Patrick O'Neill. Office closed November 1st, 1913. Present approved name is **MULOCK**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°13' 80°55'. References: S, 6T, 7F, PP, 5L and V.

**MULOCK #2**, dispersed rural community, Mulock Township, Nipissing District. Located 18 miles north of North Bay, 226 miles north of Toronto, 5 miles northwest of Widdifield and 9 miles southeast of Tomiko. Post office established September 23rd, 1929 and named **MULOCK** for the Township. First Postmistress Mrs. Irene Souci. Office closed November 4th, 1930. Present approved name is **MULOCK**. Map position: 46°27' 79°22'. References: PP, 6T, 5L and V.

**MULOCK TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 46°30' 79°19'. References: V.

**MULVEY TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 49°54' 83°22'. References: V.

**MUMBY'S MILLS**, concentrated rural community, Madoc Township, Hastings County, formerly Victoria District, Canada West . Located 40 miles north of Belleville, the County Seat and 12 miles north of Madoc. Post office opened as **BANNOCKBURN** on September 1st, 1862. First Postmaster W.H. Carpenter. Office closed 1971. First settler William Mumby. Present approved name is **MUMBYS MILLS**. Population 100 in 1886 and 134 in 1976. Map position: 44°39' 77°33'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, 5N, V, 5L, 9F and P. Chapell.

**MUMFORD**, station, Harcourt Township, Haliburton County. Located 14 miles from Bancroft, 26 miles from Kinmount Junction. The Mumford Station is on the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway. It not a post office, the nearest one being at Harcourt. Present approved name is **MUMFORD**. Population 141 in 1956 and 147 in 1976. Map position: 45°05' 78°09'. References: B, S, 3B, 5E, PP and V.

**MUMFORDS**, SEE: **MUMFORD**, Haliburton County.

**MUNCEY**, SEE: **DELAWARE STATION**, Middlesex County.

**MUNCEY INDIAN RESERVE #1**, Middlesex County. Located southeast of Strathroy. Map position: 42°50' 81°30'. References: V.

**MUNCEYTOWN**, settlement, London District, Canada West, later in Caradoc Township, Middlesex County. Located 8 miles from Delaware. In 1842, this was an Indian Town. Last reference to the place in 1848. References: 6 and C.

**MUNDAY'S BAY**, also spelled **MUNDY'S BAY**, settlement, Tay Township, Simcoe County. Located 32 miles north of

Barrie, the County Seat, 3 miles southeast of Penetang and on Mundy's Bay, later Midland Bay. Modern location on Highway 12 and 27. The Townsite for this place was surveyed in 1872 and was named Munday's Bay for the original settlers, Israel and Asher Munday. A Jonn Smith, named the place **MIDLAND** for its location halfway between Penetanguishene and Victoria Harbour. In 1872, the Midland railroad arrived. A Mr. Heydale named the place **MIDLAND HARBOUR**. The post office was established as **MIDLAND** in 1872 but was not listed until October 1st, 1873. First Postmaster T.B. Gladstone. Office still in operation in 1983. Midland was Incorporated as a Village, October 24th, 1878 and became an Incorporated Town, the first Monday of January, 1890. **MIDLAND STATION** is served by both CNR and CPR. Present approved name is **MIDLAND**. Population 2,000 in 1886, 4,000 in 1907, 6,800 in 1948 and 11,007 in 1972. Map position: 44°45' 79°53'. References: B, I, M, T, S, 2T, JJ, 2Y, O, V, 2E, PP, 7V and 4L.

**MUNGERS**, Town, Colchester South Township, Essex County. Located 20 miles southeast of Sandwich, the County Seat and 9 miles west of Kingsville. Post office established as **HARROW** August 1st, 1857. First Postmaster J. Munger. Post office was named for the English place, Harrow-on-the-Hill, Middlesex, by John O'Connor,M.P.(later Postmaster General). Office still operating 1983. Harrow was Incorporated as a Town April 3rd, 1930 and does not appear to have gone through the stage of being a Village. The original settlers in this place were the Mungers. Present approved name is **HARROW**. Population 300 in 1886 and 2,274 in 1980. Map position: 42°02' 82°55'. References: 7B, B, I, M, T, S, Z, HH, 2T, 3M, 5K, V, 9F and 7D.

**MUNN'S CORNERS**, hamlet, Trafalgar Township, Halton County. Almost the only thing in Munn's Corners was the church, Munn's Church. First settler in 1804 was King Henry Munn. First school built on 1809 on the corner of Munn's farm. The first church was built on October 14th, 1844. This place existed to about 1877, then the property became a cemetary. The nearest post office was Postville and located south of Dundas Street. References: Joyce Strang, Christine Goggins and 1B.

**MUNRO #1**, SEE: **BETHEL #4**, Perth County.

**MUNRO #2**, SEE: **MUNRO SIDING**, Sudbury District.

**MUNROE**, railway point, Athlone Township, Sudbury District. **MUNROE STATION** on CPR. The name was changed to **FLUORITE STATION**. Present approved name is **FLUORITE**. Map position: 46°59' 81°49'. References: SS, CPR and V.

**MUNROE MILLS**, dispersed rural community, Charlottenburgh Township, Glengarry County. Located 11 miles from Alexandria and 5 miles from Apple Hill Station on CPR. Post office established as **MUNROE MILLS** on February 1st, 1874, First Postmaster Malcolm Munroe. Office closed February 1st, 1915. Religious parish name **ST. COLUMBKILLES**. Present approved name is **MUNROE MILLS**. Population 25 in 1886 and 40 in 1908. Map position: 45°12' 74°42'. References: B, I, T, S, V, 9F, 6T, PP, 5Y, SS and 7D.

**MUNROE'S MILLS**, SEE: **MUNROE MILLS**, Glengarry County.

**MUNRO SIDING**, railway point, Morse Township, Sudbury District. Post office established as **MUNRO SIDING** October 17th, 1904. First Postmaster E.C. Fitzgerald. Office closed January 20th, 1911. Station name changed to **WYE STATION**, which later was changed November, 1943 to **SHEAHAN STATION**. Present approved name is **SHEAHAN**. Map position: 46°56' 81°48'. References: S, V, 7J, 6T and SS.

**MUNRO'S POINT**, SEE: **POINTE au CARDINAL**, Grenville County.

**MUNRO TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 80°12'. References: V.

**MUNSALL**, SEE: **HARCOURT #1**, Peterborough County.

**MUNSEL**, post office, Wolford Township, Grenville County. Post office established as **MUNSEL** in 1855. First Postmaster James Bryant. Office closed 1956. No further references to this office. References: I, EE and 3U.

MUNSIES' CORNERS, SEE: TARBOX CORNERS, Peel County.

MUNSTER, dispersed rural community, Goulburn Township, Carleton County, also spelled Goulbourn Township. Most recently in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. Located 23 miles southwest of Ottawa, the County Seat, 7 miles east of Ashton Station on CPR. Post office established as MUNSTER in 1864. First Postmaster Thomas Tubman. Office still in operation in 1983. Present approved name is MUNSTER Population 30 in 1886 and 1,119 in 1976. Map position: 45°10' 75°56'. References: B, I, T, S, 3B, 4F, 6T and V.

MUNSTER HAMLET, Goulbourn Township, Ottawa-Carleton District. Population 185 in 1971 and in 1976, population included in Munster. References: 3B.

MUNSTER TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 46°51' 81°31'. References: V.

MURCHISON, dispersed rural community, Murchison Township, Nipissing District. Located 50 miles north of Rathbun Station on Central Ontario Railway and 2 miles from Madawaska Station on CPR. Post office established as MURCHISON in 1884. First Postmaster J. Taylor. Office closed May 1st, 1912. Mail delivered weekly in 1912. Present approved name is MURCHISON. Population 50 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°30' 78°02'. References: I, AA, 5P, 6T, PP and V.

MURCHISON TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Nipissing District. Map position: 45°34' 78°02'. References: V.

MURDOCH, settlement, Egremont Township, Grey County. Located 35 miles south of Owen Sound, the County Seat, 6 miles south of Durham and 3 miles north of Holstein Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as MURDOCH in 1879. First Postmaster Thomas Pollock. Office closed April 1st, 1901. Population 50 in 1892. No recent references to this settlement. References: I, AA, 7N, 5V and PP.

MURDOCK, station, Thunder Bay District. Located on the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway. Not a post office. No recent reference to this station. Reference date 1907. References: S.

MURDOCK TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°03' 82°56'. References: V.

MURILLA STATION, SEE: OLIVER #2, Algoma District.

MURILLO, SEE: OLIVER #2, Algoma District.

MURILLO STATION, SEE: OLIVER #2, Algoma District.

MURKINSONS MILLS, concentrated rural community, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Located 18 miles northeast of Belleville, the County Seat and 4 miles north of Marysville Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as LONSDALE on September 6th, 1851. First Postmaster John Lazier. Office closed May 15th, 1968. This place was settled in 1835 by Mr. Murkinson who built a grist and a saw mill. Ten years later, Mr. James Lazier bought out the mills and it was then called LAZIERS MILLS. Present approved name is LONSDALE. Population 150 in 1886 and 37 in 1972. Map position: 44°16' 77°08'. References: B, I, T, S, 3J, O, V, 8Q, 9F, 5L and 7D.

MURPHY, post office, Keppel Township, Grey County. Located 5 1/2 miles northwest of Owen Sound, the County Seat. Post office established as MURPHY in 1894. First Postmaster J.E. Murphy. Named for the first Postmaster. Office closed August 31st, 1927. Population 25 in 1908. No recent references to this office. References: I, S, 5U, PP and 6T.

MURPHY BEACH, dispersed rural community, Mara Township, Ontario County. Located on Lake Simcoe, 2 km north of Joyland Beach, 10 km east of Orillia and 12 km northwest of Brechin. Present approved name is MURPHY BEACH. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°35' 79°19'. References: B, 5L and V.

MURPHY CORNERS, dispersed rural community, Tudor, Limerick, Wollaston and Lake Townships, Hastings County.

Settled in 1860. The hamlet had a mill and several houses. Located 10 km from Gilmour, 7 km northwest of Glanmire and 10 km southwest of St. Ola. Present approved name is MURPHY CORNERS. No population shown in 1976. Map position: 44°49' 77°43'. References: B, E, U, 5L and V.

MURPHY'S FALLS, SEE: MORPHY'S MILLS, Lanark County.

MURPHY'S LEAP, This old name applied to a small hamlet in the immediate vicinity of Enniskerry, Osgoode Township, Carleton County. References: M. Daley.

MURPHY'S MILLS, hamlet, Wellington District, Canada West, later the Township of Eramosa, Wellington County. A small place that had a saw mill, a carding machine, fulling mill and a store. This place existed between 1846 to 1848. No recent references to this name. References: G and C.

MURPHY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Cochrane District. Map position: 48°35' 81°16'. References: V.

MURRAY #1, SEE: MURRAY MINE, Sudbury District.

MURRAY #2, SEE: WHITTIER'S WHARF, Prince Edward County.

MURRAY HILL, North Monaghan Township, Peterborough County. Located 7 km east of Mount Pleasant, 8 km southwest of Peterborough and 9 km northeast of Cavan. Present name is not approved. Population 141 in 1956 and 249 in 1976. References: 3B, 5A, 5L and 5E.

MURRAY MINE, dispersed rural community, Part of City of Sudbury, Sudbury District. Located 5 kilometres from Coppercliff. MURRAY MINE STATION on CPR main line at an altitude of 1,002 feet above sea level. The station not operated after October 4th, 1939. A former name was MURRAY. Present approved name is MURRAY MINE. Map position: 46°31' 81°04'. References: U, L1, SS and V.

MURRAYS CORNERS, SEE: GALES CORNERS, Grey County.

MURRAY TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Northumberland County. Area 48,893 acres. Population 3,638 in 1871. Map position: 44°09' 77°39'. References: 10 and V.

MURVALE, dispersed rural community, Portland Township, Frontenac County. Located 12 miles northwest of Kingston, the County Seat and 1 1/2 miles west of Murvale Station on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Post office established as MURVALE in Addington County in 1855. First Postmaster Michael Davy. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is MURVALE. Population 100 in 1886, 25 in 1926 and 20 in 1976. Map position: 44°22' 76°39'. References: B, I, T, S, MM, 3U, 6T, 5L and V.

MURVALE STATION, railway point, Kingston Township, Frontenac County. Located 1/2 mile west of Murvale. MURVALE STATION is served by the Kingston and Pembroke Railway. Present approved name is MURVALE. No population shown. Map position: 44°21' 76°37'. References: AA, S and V.

MUSCLOW, dispersed rural community, Monteagle Township, Hastings County. Located 5 miles from Hytia and 7 km from Birds Creek. Post office established as MUSCLOW on July 1st, 1910. First Postmaster E. Musclow. Office closed February 28th, 1955. Once misspelled as MUSKLOW. Present approved name is MUSCLOW. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 77°48'. References: B, U, 6T, 5L and V.

MUSGROVE TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Timiskaming District. Map position: 48°09' 81°25'. References: V.

MUSK, railway point, Township 36, later Bliss Township. Located 2 miles from Nicholson and near Chapleau. MUSK STATION on White River Division of CPR. Station number 4608, between the stations of Pardee and Brunel, in 1911. Map position: 47°57' 83°40'. References: U, 22-6, 10B and V.

MUSKEGO TOWNSHIP, Geographic Township, Sudbury District. Map position: 48°16' 82°19'. References: V.

MUSKLOW, SEE: MUSCLOW, Hastings County.

MUSKOKA #1, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Gravenhurst. MUSKOKA STATION on CPR. Located 35 miles south of Parry Sound. Present approved name is MUSKOKA. Population 150 in 1913 and 150 in 1926. Map position: 44°54' 79°22'. References: DD, MM and V.

MUSKOKA #2, SEE: MUSQUOSH FALLS, Muskoka District.

MUSKOKA ASSEMBLY, SEE: WASKADA, Muskoka District.

MUSKOKA BEACH, dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Gravenhurst in District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 2 miles from Sanitarium and 3 1/2 miles from Gravenhurst. Post office established as MUSKOKA BEACH on May 1st, 1929. First Postmaster W.H. Alderson. Office closed July 9th, 1938. Present approved name is MUSKOKA BEACH. Population not shown in 1974. Map position: 44°58' 79°22'. References: B, U, 6T and V.

MUSKOKA DISTRICT, a large area lying east of Georgian Bay. The name Muskoka is probably a corruption of the name of Misquikkey, an Indian Chief whose signature appeared on two treaties for the surrender of this land from the Chippewa Indians, to the province. The Chippewas received 4,000 pounds sterling and 250,000 acres of land between Lakes Simcoe and Huron. Opened in 1868 by Free Land Act (1868). Having now 20 Townships, the County Seat being Bracebridge. Area 1,585 square miles. Population 5,360 in 1871, 21,233 in 1911 and 26,705 in 1966. References: 2Y, 2R, 9H and 5C.

MUSKOKA (DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY OF), Inhabitants of District corporation constituted a body corporate as "District Municipality of Muskoka", by Ontario Statute 1970, C.32, s.6, effective date October 19th, 1970. Area municipalities constituted by Ontario Statute 1970, C.32, s.2, effective date January 1st, 1971. Geographic District. Map position: 45°05' 79°03'. References: M and V.

MUSKOKA FALLS #1, SEE: MUSKOKAVILLE, Muskoka District.

MUSKOKA FALLS #2, dispersed rural community, Draper Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Bracebridge in District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 2 miles south of Bracebridge, 3.2 miles east of Muskoka Falls (Black Bridge) and 2 miles from Bracebridge Station. Post office established as MUSKOKA FALLS, on April 1st, 1954. First Postmaster Charles Surman. Office closed May 26th, 1959. Present approved name is MUSKOKA FALLS. Population 58 in 1956 and 130 in 1966. Map position: 45°00' 79°18'. References: V, 6T, 6V, V, 5A and 5E.

MUSKOKA LAKES (TOWNSHIP OF), District Municipality of Muskoka. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1971 by Ontario Statute 1970, C.32. Population 4,712 in 1980. References: HH and M.

MUSKOKA LODGE, dispersed rural community, Stephenson Township, Muskoka District, later Part of Town of Huntsville in District Municipality of Muskoka. Located 3 miles from Port Sydney and 8 km from Utterson. Summer post office established as MUSKOKA LODGE on August 2nd, 1939, at lot 32, concession 5, Stephenson Township. First Postmaster S. N. Ginsburg. Office closed July 1st, 1967. Present approved name is MUSKOKA LODGE. Population not shown for this place. Map position: 45°14' 79°14'. References: B, U, 6T and V.

MUSKOKA MILLS, settlement, Muskoka Township, Simcoe County (1890), later Georgian Bay Township, Muskoka District and most recently in District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on the Muskoka River at the entrance to Georgian Bay, 45 miles west of Bracebridge the County Seat, near Franceville and 20 miles north of Penetanguishene Station. Post office established as MUSKOKA MILLS in 1880. First Postmaster A. H. Campbell. Office closed by 1898. In 1850, 2 mills had between 200 and 800 persons working at Muskoka Mills, but in 1890, Gravenhurst had 17 mills and took all the business. In 1974, the settlement name at this place was LONGUISSA, Gibson Township, Muskoka District. Present approved name is MUSKOKA MILLS. Population 300 in 1886 and 400 in 1893. Map position: 44°57' 79°52'. References: B, I, E, T, Z, U10, 5T, 5V, V and 9F.

**MUSKOKA STATION**, post office, Freeman Township, Muskoka District. Located 23 miles from Parry Sound, 3 miles from Stanley Brae, on Highway 69, and 31 miles north of Gravenhurst. Post office established as **MUSKOKA STATION** on March 1st, 1909. First Postmaster Hugh Anderson. On November 1st, 1915 the post office name was changed to **MacTIER**. Office still in operation in 1983. MacTier is now designated a dispersed rural community, Georgian Bay Township, District Municipality of Muskoka. **MacTIER STATION** served by CPR. Present approved name is **MACTIER**. Population 953 in 1956 and 690 in 1976. Map position: 45°08' 79°47'. References: SS, 6T, B, MM, 3B, 2Y, 5E, 5L and V.

**MUSKOKA TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Muskoka District. Incorporated as a Township January 1st, 1869. Incorporation dissolved by Ontario Statute 1970, C.62. Annexed Part by **TOWN OF BRACEBRIDGE** and Part by **TOWN OF GRAVENHURST**, effective January 1st, 1971. Area 33,777 acres (1879). Map position: 44°57' 79°22'. References: HH, M, 1L and V.

**MUSKOKAVILLE**, Draper Township, Muskoka District. In 1879, the name was changed to **SOUTH FALLS**. Located 17 miles from Washago, and 3 miles south of Bracebridge. Post office established January 1st, 1862 and named **MUSKOKA FALLS**. First Postmaster R. Hanna. On March 23rd, 1954, the post office name was changed to **BLACK BRIDGE** and on May 26th, 1959 the post office name, Black Bridge was closed. Because of changing boundary lines, this place has been variously shown in Victoria County (1875), Ontario County (1886) and Muskoka District (1907). Most recently designated a dispersed rural community, Part of Town of Bracebridge in District Municipality of Muskoka. Present approved name is **BLACK BRIDGE**. Population 100 in 1886 and 150 in 1908. Map position: 44°59' 79°16'. References: I, A, T, S, AA, 3N, PP, 6T, B and V.

**MUSKOKA WHARF**, settlement, Muskoka Township, Muskoka District. Located 1 mile from Gravenhurst. **MUSKOKA WHARF STATION** is served by the North Bay division of Grand Trunk Railway (1908). Present approved name is **MUSKOKA WHARF**. Population 40 in 1893. Map position: 44°55' 79°24'. References: U10, PP and V.

**MUSKRAT**, SEE: **MUSKRAT LAKE**, Renfrew County.

**MUSKRAT DAM**, dispersed rural community, on Muskrat Dam Lake, Kenora District. Post office established as **MUSKRAT DAM** on August 18th, 1980. First Postmistress Mrs. Edith Fiddler. Office still in operation in 1984. Present approved name is **MUSKRAT DAM**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 53°24' 91°45'. References: V, F and 5L.

**MUSKRAT DAM INDIAN RESERVE**, Kenora District. Located 371 kilometres north of Sioux Lookout. This reserve is under Grand Council Treaty #9. Band Chief is Arthur Beardy (1978). The languages are Cree and Ojibway. Population 123 in 1978. Map position: 53°30' 91°40'. References: R3.

**MUSKRAT DAM LAKE INDIAN RESERVATION**, Kenora District, on Muskrat Dam Lake. Located 2 km southwest of Muskrat Dam, 60 km northwest of Weagamow Lake and 62 km southeast of Sachigo Lake. Population 119 in 1976. Map position: 53°25' 91°40'. References: 3B and 5L.

**MUSKRAT LAKE**, dispersed rural community, Westmeath Township, Renfrew County. Originally in Bathurst District, Canada West. Post office named **MUSKRAT LAKE** established October 1st, 1903. First Postmaster Hugh Shields. On November 1st, 1903 name was changed to **SHIELDS**. Shields post office closed September 30th, 1911. In 1974, this place is known as **SHIELDS CROSSING**. Map position: 45°40' 76°56'. References: C, 7Q, 7D, B, S, 6T and V.

**MUSQUASH TOWNSHIP**, SEE: **TOWNSHIP 29, Range 25**, Algoma District.

**MUSQUOSH FALLS**, concentrated rural community, Medora Township, later Muskoka Lakes Township, Muskoka District, later District Municipality of Muskoka. Located on the Musquash River, 70 miles north of Barrie, 15 miles northwest of Gravenhurst: and in 1899 had a stage twice weekly to Glen Orchard, 8 miles distant, and weekly to Sahanatien, 9 miles distant. Post office established on June 1st, 1870. First Postmaster Thomas Burgess. Office named **MUSKOKA** but not officially listed as such. The first listing for an official post office was September 1st, 1871 when this post office name was **BALA** named for Bala Lake in Wales. Office still in operation in 1983. Bala was Incorporated as a Town, 1914 and did not go through the stage of being a Village.

On January 1st, 1971, Bala amalgamated with the Villages of Port Carling , Windermere and the Townships of Caldwell and Watt, to form the Township of Muskoka Lakes. Present approved name is **BALA**. Population 18 in 1893 and 536 in 1976. Map position: 45°01' 79°37'. References: B, I, HH, 2T, U10, Z, U12, V, 5W, 5L, 7R, 6S and 9F.

**MUSSELBURG**, settlement, Mornington Township, Perth County. Located 14 miles northeast of Stratford, the County Seat and 3 1/2 miles southeast of Milverton Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **MUSSELBURG** on June 1st, 1857. First Postmaster George Shearer. Office closed April 1st, 1897. Population 36 in 1875 and under 50 in 1908. No recent references to this place. References: I, A, AA, 3M, 7F and PP.

**MUSSELMAN LAKE**, dispersed rural community, York County, later Part of Town of Whitechurch-Stouffville in the Regional Municipality of York. Located 1 1/2 miles southeast of Ballantrae, 7 miles from Cedar Valley and 7 miles northwest of Stouffville. Summer post office established as **MUSSELMAN LAKE** on July 1st, 1933. First Postmistress Mrs. Eileen Rilley. In the 1960's, this place was shown as **PLAN 209**. Present approved name is **MUSSELMAN LAKE**. Population 358 in 1956 and 201 in 1966. Map position: 44°02' 79°16'. References: B, 5A, 5E, 6T and V.

**MUSSELMAN'S MILLS**, urban community, Woolwich Township, Waterloo County, later within the Regional Municipality of Waterloo. Located 8 miles north of Berlin, the County Seat (later Kitchener) and 2 miles northwest of St. Jacob's Station on Grand Trunk Railway. Post office established as **CANASTOGO** on February 6th, 1852. First Postmaster Charles Hendry. The spelling later changed to **CONESTOGO**. Office still in operation in 1983. In 1853, the spelling in use **CANESTOGA**. First settler David Musselman, 1832. The area was settled by Swiss-German Mennonites and called Musselman's Mills for the first settler. Conestogo was Incorporated as a Police Village October 26th, 1915 by County Bylaw #690. Incorporation dissolved and reverted to the Township of Woolwich effective January 1st, 1973, Bill #167, 1972. Conestoga, an Indian word, meaning, "the place of immersed poles". Present approved name is **CONESTOGO**. Population 400 in 1886 and 548 in 1976. Map position: 43°32' 80°30'. References: B, I, T, S, Z, 3B, 2Y, 2F, V, 5L, 3J, 8Q, 9H, 9L, 7D and 7L.

**MUTRIE TOWNSHIP**, Geographic Township, Kenora District. Map position: 49°50' 93°22'. References: V.

**MUTTON**, hamlet, Cramahe Township, Northumberland County. Date of reference October, 1975. References: B.

**MUTTONVILLE**, dispersed rural community, Matilda Township, Dundas County. Located 4 km northwest of Morrisburg, 8 km south of Williamsburg and 10 km northeast of Iroquois. Present approved name is **MUTTONVILLE**. Population not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°55' 75°14'. References: V and 5L.

**MYER'S CAVE**, SEE: **PERRY #1**, Frontenac County.

**MYER'S CREEK**, SEE: **SINGLETON'S CREEK**, Hastings County.

**MYER'S VILLAGE**, SEE: **SEYMOUR**, Northumberland County.

**MYLES HALL'S CORNERS**, In 1882, a church was established by the people of Kenmore area on lot 30, concession 10. The church later moved to Kenmore Village, Osgoode Township, Russel County. No recent reference to this corner. References: 9C.

**MYLE'S RAILWAY JUNCTION**, station at the Short Branch Junction of the Haliburton Branch, Midland division of Grand Trunk Railway, in Haliburton County, 20 miles south of Haliburton, 1892. No recent references to this junction. References: AA.

**MYERHALL**, SEE: **MYREHALL**, Hastings County.

**MYREHALL**, dispersed rural community, Tyendinaga Township, Hastings County. Located 16 miles northeast of Belleville, the County Seat and 10 miles from Shannonville. Post office established as **MYERHALL** on February 1st, 1870. First Postmaster James Harris. Office closed January 1st, 1914. Present approved name is **MYREHALL**. Population 200 in 1885, 100 in 1892 and not shown in 1976. Map position: 44°20' 77°14'. References: I, A, S,

AA, 3R, 6T, 5W, 5L and V.

**MYRTLE**, dispersed rural community, Whitby Township, Ontario County, later Part of Town of Whitby in Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 10 miles north of Whitby, the County Seat, on Suburban Road #5 and Thickson Road, south of the CPR tracks. Post office established as **MYRTLE** on November 1st, 1860. First Postmaster Selah Orvis. Office closed March 31st, 1970. **MYRTLE STATION** was served by the Whitby and Port Perry Railway, the Grand Trunk Railway and more recently CPR and CNR. Present approved name is **MYRTLE**. Population 150 in 1886 and 40 in 1966. Map position: 44°00' 78°58'. References: B, I, T, S, 2R, 3G, 3N, 3Z, 7B, PP, 7V, 9F and V.

**MYRTLE STATION**, station and post office, Whitby Township, Ontario County, later Part of Town of Whitby in Regional Municipality of Durham. Located 38 miles east of Toronto and 10 miles west Burketon Junction. Post office established as **MYRTLE STATION** on March 1st, 1896. First Postmaster William G. Armour. Office closed on March 31st, 1970. Recently designated a concentrated rural community. Present approved name is **MYRTLE STATION**. Population 64 in 1956 and 82 in 1966. Map position: 44°01' 78°59'. References: 5A, 5E, V, 7E, PP and 9F.

For references see Works Cited.

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